TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LIVES OF NINE HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS CRUSHED OUT BY A PONDEROUS LOCOMOTIVE

HAS WON FIRST BLOOD ON ORE REBATE BILL

Laybourn Gets It Through the Committee.

Will Be Hard Fight to Secure Its Passage.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Laybourn won first blood today on his bill to extend the period during which the state will rebate royalties on ore mined on state lands and manufactured within the state. He had it recommended to pass in committee of the whole, but it was after a little fight, and it was referred to the udiciary committee for examination. It is doubtful whether the judiciary committee will give it a favorable report, and there will be a fight to get it through the senate. When the bill was reached on general orders, Mr. Laybourn moved that when the committee arise it recommend the bill to pass. He explained its purpose, which, he said, was to tempt manufacturers to smelt their ore in the state, instead of sending it all East, down the lakes to be manufactured in distant states. He said that Duluth was naturally a favorable site for manufacturing iron and that such a measure as this would have a tendency to get its manufacture started there.

Senator Rickle, of Renville, who is the author of a bill to repeal the rebate law altogether, spoke against the motion. He said he was friendly to Duluth, and if he could give it a population of 1,000,000 he would do it gladly. But when this law is carried out, it takes money out of the permanent school fund of the state, which the constitution says shall never be diminished. Therefore the bill is unconstitutional, and the idea of granting bounties is wrong anyway.

Senator Morgan, who has also introduced a bill repealing the law, said he was opposed to the Laybourn bill, but he would not oppose it being advanced to the calendar, as it could be fought there.

Senator Dunn asked Mr. Laybourn how much had been paid under the law, and he said nothing so far.

When the vote was taken, it was close, but the chairman of the committee of the whole declared that Senator Laybourn's motion was carried. An attempt was made to reject the report of the committee when it was presented and have the bill referred to the judiciary committee without being advanced to the calendar. This was defeated, but the bill went to the judiciary committee while being advanced to the calendar.

The senate confirmed the appointments sent in by the governor on Monday, which included the name of J. L. Washburn, of Duluth, as a member of the state normal board.

Senator Barker introduced a resolution, which was adopted, providing that the board of control be called upon to go into detail more fully on the saving of over $100,000 it claims to have made. The board is asked to show how much was saved for each institution and what the items of saving are.

The Thompson bill, giving high schools $1600 instead of $1000 was passed by the senate. Senator Shutz introduced a bill that is evidently intended to head off the movement to take the educational institutions out of the hands of the board of control. It provides that the board shall be increased from three to five members, one of the new members to be a man who possesses recognized ability and experience in educational matters in this state. The governer is to appoint these two new members, with the consent of the senate, before the session is over, and one of them is to serve four and the other six years. The senior member of the board is to be chairman.

(Continued on page 10.)

PRESIDENT WILL

Call an Extraordinary Session of the Senate

Unless Both Panama and Cuban Treaties Are Ratified.

Washington, Feb. 19.—President Roosevelt will call an extraordinary session of the senate of the Fifty-eighth congress unless both the Panama canal and the Cuban reciprocity treaties are ratified at the present session. The president made this declaration of his intention to several senators today and he made it as emphatically and unequivocably as he was capable of making it.

It is deemed likely by the officials of the administration and by many senators that both treaties will be ratified before March 4, but the necessity for their early ratification is regarded by the president as so urgent that in the event of the failure of either one or both at the present session he will issue immediately his call for an extra session. It is said that there are grave reasons of state why both treaties should be ratified as soon as possible. These have induced the president to make the announcement to senators of his determination.

THE APPOINTMENT OF MORRIS ANNOUNCED

He Will Be the New District Judge of Minnesota.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The president today announced the appointment of Representative Page Morris, of Minnesota, to the new district judgeship in that state.

The president also announced the appointment of Judge William R. Day, of Ohio, to be justice of the supreme court of the United States, in place of Justice Shiras, resigned.

The announcement also was made of the appointment of Solicitor General John K. Richards to the vacancy on the circuit bench of the Sixth circuit, consequent on the appointment of Judge Day to the supreme court. The appointment was at the request of Attorney General Knox and upon the endorsement of the justices of the supreme court.

The announcement also was made of the appointment of Assistant Attorney General Henry M. Hoyt to the solicitor generalship in Mr. Richards' place. This step is in accordance with the idea of promotion in the civil service. Holmes Conrad, when assistant attorney general under President Cleveland's second administration, was promoted to be solicitor general.

The names of Judge Day, Mr. Richards, Mr. Hoyt and Mr. Morris were sent to the senate today.

THE EXTREME COLD WEATHER HAS COMMENCED TO LET UP

Rising Temperatures Lead to Belief That the Backbone of the Wave Has Been Broken---It Is Colder In New York Than Before.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—The cold which has prevailed in Chicago for several days, decreased today to such an extent as to warrant the belief that the backbone of the wave is broken. Temperatures ranging from 10 to 15 degrees above zero brought relief to thousands of sufferers from the extreme weather and life in the city resumed much of its usual tenor. Threatening weather with occasional light snow flurries is the official forecast. The prevailing wind was from the South. Warmer weather is general throughout this section.

Kansas City, Feb. 19.—The weather in the Southwest is moderating. In Kansas City this morning the weather bureau recorded 5 degrees above zero, which was 12 degrees warmer than yesterday.

Omaha, Feb. 19.—It was 10 degrees above zero here this morning, a rise of 24 degrees in as many hours.

Des Moines, Feb. 19.—Iowa weather is moderating rapidly, the minimum temperature today being 2 degrees above zero, a rise of 15 degrees in the past twenty-four hours. A light snow fell this morning.

New York, Feb. 19.—The cold wave which followed the snow storm of the first part of the week brought the coldest weather New York city has experienced in four years. At 8 o'clock the weather bureau reported that its thermometer registered a temperature of 2 degrees above zero, the lowest recorded since February, 1899.

Vincennes, Ind., Feb. 19.—High water, which turned to ice and the bitter cold has brought intense destitution and much suffering in scores of homes in the Embarras bottoms, south of here. Thousands of acres of land, which last week were under water, are now covered with ice and many homes are entirely surrounded by it.

The Wabash river continues to rise and add to the destruction in the desolate district. The farmers are fighting with hunger and cold. Those who have not moved out of the lowlands are prepared to do so on short notice. In some cases people are living in tents which they have pitched on the side of a hill or on top of the levee.

Until today the ice has not been thick enough to bear the weight of a person and for the past three days it has been impossible for many people to leave home. Scores of families are living in the second stories of their homes, the lower floors being filled with ice. It is impossible to send relief into a portion of the district, as the roads are blocked by water and ice.

Cincinnati, Feb. 19.—The Ohio river has been stationary here at forty-nine feet since 5 a. m., and it is predicted that the danger line will not be reached. The river is expected to begin falling if the present zero weather continues. At many places along the Ohio river the thermometer is below zero today. No trouble is anticipated in the Upper Ohio valley, but the situation is more serious from Evansville to Cairo.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—The body of John Bjarki was found this morning at the rear of a saloon at 9257 Commercial avenue and the police are of the opinion that Bjarki slipped on the icy walk and was unable to rise, freezing to death before assistance arrived.

A Shocking Accident Occurs at Newark, N. J.

Children on Way to School In a Trolley Car.

Struck By Train Running at a High Speed.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 19.—A trolley car loaded with pupils on their way to high school was run into today at the Clifton avenue crossing by a Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railway train. Nine of the pupils were killed, two died of their injuries, the motorman of the car was fatally hurt, and thirty or more occupants of the car were injured. Five of these were believed to be fatally hurt.

Twenty of the injured passengers were taken to a hospital and the others were able to go to their homes. The identification of the dead and injured was a difficult task and was accomplished very slowly.

The dead:

EMILY E. SCHOLL.
MISS BLAIR.
EDITH FAULKS.
MISS CONNOLLY.
MISS WEBB.
ALMA LOEHENBERG.
MAUD BAKER.
EMILY WEINBACH.
LEVIN EASTWOOD, died at city hospital.

Young girl, believed to be Miss E. Knight, died in the city hospital.

The injured: Helen McCord, 16 years old. Tillie Geraghy, 17. Mina Bull, 17. Margaret Cammerford, 19; in serious condition. Minnie Lyttle, 14 years old. Fannie Nevious, 16 years old. Viola Ill, 17. Frederick Lindsley, 17. Unknown girl, likely to die. Oscar Barclift, of Gladstone, N. J., engineer of train, cut with glass about the head, and bruised.

The railroad train, which was running at almost its full speed, was seen by the motorman, who put on the brakes and did all he could to stop his car, but the wheels slipped upon the rails, which were covered with ice and the car slid forward until its front platform projected over the railroad track. The pilot of the engine struck the platform, threw the car around and then toppled it over. The train went on and was not stopped until it had gone several blocks from the crossing. The body of one of the victims, a girl, was found on the pilot of the locomotive when it was brought to a standstill.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 19.—Running at almost full speed a train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, crashed into a trolley car loaded with pupils on their way to the high school this morning. Eight or nine children were killed. At least fifteen were injured, some so badly that it is feared they will die. The accident occurred at the Clifton avenue crossing, long noted as a dangerous spot.

The trolley car was one of the special vehicles which the North Jersey Staeet Railway company runs between 8 and 9 o'clock five mornings in the week for the special accommodation of high school pupils. It was crowded with men and women from all parts of the city, many of whom had transferred from other lines.

Immediately the accident had been reported all the police reserves of the Second precinct were sent to the scene to keep back the crowd which gathered almost immediately.

The train which caused the accident was the Delaware & Passaic express. There is some question as to whether both crossing gates were down when the car and train approached the crossing at the same time.

The motorman saw the train and put on the brakes with all his force. The car, however, slid upon the icy rails until the front platform projected over the tracks. A moment later the crash came. The pilot of the engine struck the front platform and turned it over. The pupils by the force of the collision were precipitated under the wheels of the engine. To some, death came immediately, others lingered a moment in fearful agnony and then expired.

A most heartrending scene was presented to the sight immediately after the train crashed into the car. Dead or injured children lay in all directions. Word of the calamity soon reached the authorities. In addition to the police reserves, every ambulance in the city was soon on the scene. The motorman's skull was fractured and it is thought he will die.

The trolley car could not be stopped although the motorman appeared to make frantic efforts to do so.

The conductor of the car, George Gould, said: "It is the custom for trolley car conductors to leave their cars as this crossing is approached, and as the car stops to run ahead and see if the track is clear.

"I should have done that this morning had I not seen the gates were lowered. Naturally I concluded that the car would stop and the first thing I knew of any danger was when we went crashing through the gates."

Policeman Stuckey who was a witness of the accident said the trolley car had projected about four feet over the track when it was struck. There were about twelve children on the front platform, grouped aroind the motorman. It is not known whether they hampered his movements.

From among the mangled bodies of the dead children lying about everywhere, the passengers picked up the injured little ones and carried them to nearby places of temporary refuge. The sight overcame the stontest hearts, it being sickening in the extreme.

Passengers on the train heard the screams of the children two blocks before the train struck the car. As an illustration of the force of the collision, the front part of the trolley car was picked up three blocks further down the road between the two tracks.

The engineer was dazed by the sight and it was almost necessary to pull him off the engine.

(Continued on Page 10.)

THE INHERITANCE TAX LAW EFFORT TO PASS VALID ONE

House Has Adopted Bill That Is Regarded as Constitutional---The Thorpe Rebate Bill Is Regarded as Most Important of Session.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—The legislature is making another effort to get up an inheritance tax law that will stick, and the house passed one yesterday afternoon that the legal lights of that body believe is all right.

The attempt to have an inheritance tax law started in 1895, and ever since then there has been a succession of new laws, which have no sooner bobbed up than they have been bowled out by the supreme court. The state is blessed with a constitution that is all right in some respects, but it is inadequate and antiquated in others. Its restrictions on such a tax as this are particularly binding, and that is why the former laws have failed. The authors of the bill passed by the house yesterday are confident that they have hewn closely, and that they have not exceeded the bounds fixed by the constitution. So if the senate does not put in some amendments that will interfere with the success of the act, this bill will probably stick.

Briefly, it provides for a tax on all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts of every kind and description, the value of which exceeds $1000 and upon such excess only, to be paid to the state. For bequests to lineal heirs, the tax is 1 per cent upon the excess over $1000 and for bequests to collateral heirs and others the tax is 5 per cent.

The house put in the entire afternoon on the bill, which came up on special orders, but it added very slight amendments. Nephews and nieces and sons-in-law were taken out of the favored class of heirs and grandparents were added to that class. All other amendments were voted down.

Mr. Johnson, of Hennepin county, offered an amendment to make the exemption $10,000 instead of $1000, but this was opposed by Mr. Armstrong and others, who showed that as the tax was on each bequest, and not on the whole estate, such an exemption would make the law practically valueless. It was shown that if $100,000 were bequeathed to ten different heirs, there would be no tax. Mr. Johnson then withdrew his amendment. Mr. Helliwell, of Minneapolis, the author

(Continued on Page 9.)

THE POWERS UNANIMOUS

Joint Note Sent to Sultan Concerning Macedonian Reforms.

Paris, Feb. 19.—The Russian foreign minister, Count Lamsdorff, has communicated to the French government the fact that Russia received yesterday the last of the adherences of the European powers to the joint note to Turkey on the subject of reforms, thus making the action of the powers unanimous. He accordingly directed M. Zinovief, the Russian ambassador at Constantinople, to proceed in company with Baron Von Calice, the Austrian ambassador, to the sultan, and present the Austrian note first, but this was reconsidered in order to give added force to the joint, personal presentation. It was also desired to secure the full adherence of Germany, which was somewhat conditional at first. The unanimous action decided upon yesterday includes that of Germany. The note, as finally framed, strikes out all reference to Macedonia, as it was considered that the designation of one part of the country by name would increase the anti-foreign agitation which the powers are seeking to check.

The note is generalized so as to cover all the localities where Christians reside, the only locality specified being three villages in Northern Turkey in which most of the Christians reside. The protection of the lives and the complete safeguarding of the interests of the Christians form the chief features of the note.

In view of the unanimity of the powers the officials here consider that the sultan is certain to accept the proposed reforms, but it is not intended to terminate the question with the presentation of the note. It will be followed speedily by further joint action including sending consuls of the various powers throughout the Christian regions to see that protection is actually given and that the reforms are really carried out. The authorities do not hesitate to say that the note is only the first in the plans of the powers for the betterment of the conditions of the peoples under Turkish rule.

An official here said that while the United States was not concerned in the action directly, yet the protection demanded for all Christians would be indirectly beneficial to the American Christians in Turkey.

FEAR DOG WAS MAD

New York, Feb. 19.—Nine persons have been bitten and hundreds terrorized by a dog supposed to be suffering from rabies, that ran about lower Broadway and through several adjacent streets. While it is not known positively whether the dog was mad all those who were bitten were sent to the Pastour institute for treatment. The dog was killed.

WASHING PLANT BURNED.

Sydney, C.B., Feb. 19.—The coal washing plant of the Dominion Iron & Steel company was destroyed by fire today. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

HURLEY MINER KILLED.

Hurley, Wis., Feb. 19.—Oscar Anderson was killed in No. 7 shaft of the Ashland mine by a cave-in today.

GIANT STRIDES.

Connoisseurs, the fashionable world, those whose palates easily detect superiority in excellence, set the stamp of approval, and by general adoption are advancing the popular brand of Moet & Chandon "White Seal" Champagne towards exclusive use at a very rapid pace. The increase in sales for the year 1902 over 1901 was 367,116 bottles, a record never before attained in the history of the champagne trade, marking a gain equal to 564 per cent greater than the combined increase of all the other brands of champagne. Moet & Chandon White Seal is acknowledged as "the acme of perfection."

WIRES ARE CUT IN MONTANA'S CAPITOL TO STOP A DEBATE

Helena, Mont., Feb. 19.—There was an exciting scene in the senate chamber last night and a riot was almost precipitated when some one cut the electric light wire leading into the capitol building for the purpose, it is charged, of stopping debate on a bill under discussion. After the break had been repaired Senator Kennedy charged that Janitor Curtis, who it is said, was caught in the act had been ordered to cut the wires by senators favoring the bill. The senate was in committee of the whole and had under discussion a bill providing for a change of venue in civil cases. This bill, which is said to have a good majority in the senate, has been bitterly fought by the Heinze people. To prevent a vote being taken, Senators Kennedy and Tewey, Heinze leaders, asserted they would talk all night, and from 4 o'clock in the afternoon until 2 o'clock this morning they alternated on the floor. At 2 o'clock the senate got tired and adjourned. There is but two weeks more of the session, and the Heinze leaders say the bill cannot be passed in that time.

HANDSOME Y. M. C. A. BUILDING AT SPRINGFIELD, O., BURNED

Springfield, Ohio, Feb. 19.—An early fire today destroyed the new building of the Y. M. C. A., the Fountain Square theater and several adjacent buildings causing a loss of $250,000 with insurance of two-thirds of that sum. The alarm cam about 3:30 from the Fountain Square theater, formerly known as Black's Opera house. When the firemen reached the place they found flames issuing from the rear of Mitchell's plumbing establishment. They soon reached the second story and then communicated with the theater. There was much delay in getting water and very soon the theater and the Young Men's Christian association building, a fine new structure, were hopelessly involved. The falling of one wall of the theater, crushed the little jewelry store of Mulholland adjoining and gave rise to the report that three men had been killed. Mr. Mulholland was known to have just entered his store before the wall fell and it was also known that two men from the great crowd of the by-standers had gone in to assist him remove goods. These men were soon rescued, having been sheltered by one wall that was not crushed, but it took a long time and hard work to reach Mr. Mulholland, who had been given up as dead. He was painfully injured, but will probably recover. The firemen suffered severely from cold weather.

The Y. M. C. A. building was dedicated a year ago and cost $90,000. It is insured for $45,000. H. N. Kaufman, clothing, loss $75,000; insurance, $40,000; J. H. Mulholland, jeweler, loss $20,000; insurance, $1,500; Mitchell Bros., plumbers, and Lafferty & Sons, queensware, were minor losers. The opera house is owned by Ross Smith. The loss on it is estimated at $60,000.

DARING HIGHWAYMEN RELIEVE PASSENGERS OF ALL VALUABLES

Two Young Men Hold Up an Electric Car at Los Angeles, Secure From $500 to $1000 In Jewelry and Money, and Get Away Safely.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 19.—The glaring deeds of highwaymen who seem to have invaded Los Angeles in force, reached a climax last night when two unmasked men held up and robbed a carload of passengers of the Los Angeles-Pasadena electric line.

Thirty-two passengers, one half of whom were women, were forced at points of revolvers to surrender cash and jewelry to the amount of between $500 and $700. The robbers performed their work quickly but effectively. The car was held for ten minutes. The men then left it and disappeared in the darkness.

The car left Fourth and Spring streets, Los Angeles, at 9 o'clock, for Pasadena. Nearing avenue Thirty-one and Pasadena avenue, the motorman was signalled by two men to stop. As he brought the car to a stop they clambered up the steps, one at each end of the car. They presented revolvers at the heads of Conductor Dayhoff and Motorman Corwin, and drove them inside the car. With revolvers in their hands they stood in the doors and ordered everybody to "dig up their coin and jewelry without any d—— monkey business."

The robber at the car door covered the startled passengers with his revolver, the other one passed down the aisle, taking pocket books, coin and watches. While taking the property of the passengers the bandit kept up a flow of abuse.

John W. Gay, agent of the Raymond-Whitcomb excursions, narrowly escaped being shot by the desperadoes. He resisted being searched, in a sort of way. Instantly the man shoved his revolver towards Gay's face. The latter struck the weapon upwards just as the trigger was pulled, and the bullet passed through the roof of the car.

Another passenger showed some inclination to resist. "Get your hands out of the way there," ordered the man at the rear door, "till I get that d—— d——." With that he turned the revolver upon the obstrepereous passenger, who quickly gave up his valuables. No distinction of sex was made and the women gave over their cash and watches without a show of reluctance.

The conductor and motorman were told to keep their hands above their heads. The robbers forgot to search Conductor Dayhoff, who had about fifty dollars in his pockets. The point at which the robbery occurred is an open spot and favorable for robbers. The bandits had but three or four blocks to walk to reach the Downey avenue car line, which would have brought them back into the city in ten minutes. Both highwaymen were young men.

AN AGED BARON FIGHTS A DUEL

Budapest, Feb. 19.—A duel with swords was fought today between Baron Fejeravary, minister of national defense, and Deputy Lengyal as a result of the dispute in the Hungarian chamber Tuesday, when the minister called the deputy a liar. Baron Fejervary was lightly wounded three times in the right hand. The baron, who is over 70 years old, declined to refuse to accept the challenge on the score of his age.

THE MOROS MAKE PERSHING A DATO

Manila, Feb. 18.—While Capt. Pershing was at Bayan, the Moro stronghold in the Lanao district of the island of Mindanao, the Moros consecrated him a dato, which is a priestly office. After the consecration the Moro leaders and Capt. Pershing subscribed to peace over a copy of the Koran. When the United States flag was raised over the Bayan forts, Capt. Pershing's batteries saluted it by firing shrapnel shells having no salute cartridges. The execution done by the shrapnel impressed the Moros wonderfully.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Bargain FRIDAY Leaders!

Blankets—Suitable for bath and lounging robes—pretty combinations of fancy colorings—always sells for $1.35 — special for Bargain Friday—each 85c

Linen Huck Towels—size 20x40 — good heavy quality — red and blue colored borders—the regular price is 20c—special price for Bargain Friday—each 14c

Linen Napkins—size 19x19—good wearing quality. The kind for restaurants and hotels. Sell regularly for $1.00 per dozen—Bargain Friday, per dozen 79c

Children's Shoes—sizes 5 to 8—heavy sole—spring heel, laced —strong and durable—the regular price is 75c per pair, but for Bargain Friday the price is reduced to 48c

Women's Dongola Kid Shoes—heavy sole—laced—a shoe for any occasion—regular price $2.50 per pair — special cut price for Bargain Friday, only $1.50

Foster's Kid Gloves — 7-hook — shades of brown, tan, and mode only. Regular price, $1.75 — Bargain Friday price, while they last—per pair $1.00

Hair Ribbons—A No. 9 all silk fancy striped ribbon— dainty coloring—always sells for 9c—special for Bargain Friday, per yd. 5c

*Handkerchiefs—An assorted lot—scolloped—embroidered—hem-*stitched and lace edge—values from 15c to 20c — slightly soiled, therefore the special Friday price of 8c

44-inch Cheviot Serges — Twenty-five pieces — all different shades—every thread pure wool—regular value 75c — special price for Bargain Friday, per yard 50c

*Cotton Moire—suitable for waists—a splendid line of color-*ings—36 inches wide—regular price 25c—special for Bargain Friday, only 15c

Colored Dress Sateen - Blue and white and black and white polka dots—and scores of other pretty patterns—a generous selection of colorings—regular price 35c—Bargain Friday price, per yard 12½c

Men's Underwear—Natural Gray Australian Wool— a warm garment, regular price 75c per garment—Bargain Friday 58c

Men's Heavy Cotton Hose in black—double heel and toe —regular price 15c—Friday, per pair 10c

Embossed Box Stationery—1 quire of paper and envelopes— neatly embossed with initial, or "Duluth, Minn."—sells regularly at 35c—special for Bargain Friday at, per box 21c

Calendars for 1903 choice of an assorted lot of pretty calendars—none worth less than 15c, many worth as high as 50c, choice 5c

BASEMENT BARGAINS:

4c Glass Sauce Dishes—each...2c
10c Glass Celery Holders at...10c
35c Glass Table Sets, Friday..19c
45c China Sugars and Creams..19c
35c China Covered Soaps, at..15c
Japanese China Butters, worth 60c doz—each only....3c
85c Galvanized Tubs, each....69c
79c Clothes Baskets, each.....59c
29c Galv. Pails (large), each..19c
29c Wash Boards—each.....20c
12 Bars Soap.....25c
5c hardwood Toothpicks, pkg..2½c
33c Dish Pans for.....23c
White Porcelain Cups and Saucers —worth $1 a doz, slightly imperfect, Friday, a pair.....5c

Hints To Advertisers

Use cuts in your advertisements. A suitable illustration tells half the tale in itself. Keep them up-to-date; get new ones at least every season.

Advertisers should remember that copy for all large ads. should be in not later than noon of the day preceding its appearance in order to insure its insertion in The Herald's first, or range edition.

To obtain best results in setting an ad. a little time is required. Copy that is in early necessarily obtains more thought and care in the preparation than that which is rushed in at the last minute.

The successful advertiser is persistent. Many a merchant loses the benefit of all his previous advertising by failure to continue his announcements just at the time when the tide has turned in his favor.

The circulation of The Herald throughout Northern Michigan now exceeds that of the Detroit dailies. This has been made possible by The Herald's special Michigan edition, and the excellent mail service between Duluth and points on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

An attractively displayed advertisement at once commands attention. The Herald advertisements have been commented upon by advertising experts and newspapers generally, as being among the very best in the United States.

John Wanamaker has lately renewed his contracts with Philadelphia newspapers for a page ad. every day for two years. Duluth has among its advertisement writers some of the best in the country. The Herald's subscription lists contain the names of merchants from Maine to California, who use its advertising columns to constant advantage.

Shrewd advertisers regard as a very strong point in favor of using The Herald's advertising columns the fact that its circulation is never artificially stimulated by bootning schemes of any nature. Its circulation is the largest of any paper published at the head of the lakes, and no one has ever been hired to read it.

The Herald's want columns are increasing in favor every day as people realize what big returns are yielded for a small outlay. The Herald's new home is now on First street, opposite Postoffice square and if the distance should be too far to call at the business office the advertisement will be taken prompt care of by calling up 324, either 'phone.

The use of short, snappy locals in connection with the larger display announcements are very beneficial. They serve to draw attention to the main points of interest in the display ad.

Advertisements read in the evening reach the people at the time when their minds are most receptive. The day's work is over, the children are put to bed, and the housewife begins to think of needed articles of merchandise. This is why the merchants of Duluth, as well as other cities use considerably more space in the evening papers.

White's Sayings: Two things comes to the merchant who sits down and waits for business—poverty and death.

Printers' Ink: Publicity is the shibboleth of success in trade. The newspaper is the recognized first means to this end. It is not extravagant to say that advertising is the alpha and the omega of successful commerce.

Progressive Advertiser: Quick sales are to the merchant what fast trains are to the traveling public. Well advertised articles are the ones which make quick profits.

Josh Billings: "If you want to be noticed you must get in front of folks and worry 'em some."

Jed Scarboro: "Truth takes the short cut; lies go round about." The advertiser who believes in his business generally goes directly to the point and leaves preamble to the man who is trying to make people believe in that which he has no faith in himself.

LAATEN'S CONCERT ORCHESTRA

At LYCEUM, Feb. 22, 3 p. m.

SOLOISTS:

Master Leslie Bassett, Boy Soprano,
Charles Hilmar, Cornet.

Tickets—25c, 35c, 50c

HIBERNIANS APPROVE.

Glad of Opportunity to Hear Joseph Devlin.

Duluth Hibernians endorse the action of the local branch of the United Irish league in deciding to bring Hon. Joseph Devlin, M. P., to Duluth.

At the regular meeting of Division No. 1, A. O. H., held last evening, a resolution was introduced, and adopted unanimously, pledging the hearty support of the members to give Joseph Devlin, M. P., a fitting reception in this city. They are pleased that arrangements are being made to give them an opportunity of hearing this young orator and will do all in their power to make his reception a grand success.

The local division of the Hibernians is preparing a celebration of the centennial anniversary of the birthday of Robert Emmet, March 4. It will be held in Catholic Association hall and an excellent program is being prepared for the occasion.

To Present "The Crucifix."

Tonight the Ferris Comedians will make its mid-week change of bill at the Metropolitan. The Russian drama "The Crucifix" will be elaborately scened and staged. The special scenery used in its presentation arrived here yesterday from Mr. Ferris' studio at Minneapolis, and the costumes arrived today from Omaha, where all the special wardrobe used in the Ferris' productions is made. This play was given at Minneapolis by the Ferris Stock company and made a tremendous hit.

Letter Carriers' Dance... At ARMORY Next Monday, February 23



ORCHESTRA OF TEN PIECES.

Tickets 50c Couple.

Street cars will leave City Hall at 2 a.m. for W. Duluth.

AGITATES THEM

Much Concern Over Possible Duluth Steamship Ticket Agency.

Rock Island Announces Withdrawal From Anti-Pass Agreement.

The rumor of the establishment of a steamship ticket agency for Duluth is causing a great deal of concern and gossip among the railroad and steamship ticket men.

Some claim that such an establishment would be ruinous to the interests of the merger lines, while others are certain that the appointment of a Duluth agent for the merger line business is made, and the name will be announced in a few days.

Martin Adson, of the South Shore road, through whose city office the greater part of the steamship ticket business is done for Duluth and contiguous territory, says that such an agency is an impossibility.

"We are doing a ticket business for the seven non-merger lines and the five merger lines which count in this territory, and are handling about 90 per cent of all the steamship business in Duluth at this time.

"If the merger lines should be taken from our office, they would be the ones to suffer, as it would cause us to book all our business over the non-merger lines.

"The idea of a joint agency ticket office would be preposterous and foolish, according to my views, as the merger lines could not afford to take their tickets from the several agencies, handling them together with tickets of other lines. Once a joint agency was established here, but it went out of business because of lack of sales through it.

"I don't think it would be a good business policy on the part of the steamship lines to relieve the agents in Duluth and place all the business in one agency's hands, and it doesn't seem a probability to me."

Notwithstanding the extremely well-founded discussion of the steamship situation in Duluth by Mr. Adson, two railroad men of Duluth are equally as certain that the separate agency will be started here, and that other changes are likely to take place regarding other steamship line agencies.

Definite announcements, however, will not be made at present, though it is said that the negotiations have reached a stage where it would be possible for them to appear without ill effects.

ISSUANCE OF PASSES.

Rock Island Withdraws From the Agreement.

The Rock Island road has given notice of its withdrawal from section 5 of the agreement regarding passes for shippers made by the Western Passenger association railroads. The section is in regard to the giving of passes to shippers for the purpose of influencing traffic.

The reason assigned by the Rock Island for its action is that its principal competitors had paid no attention to the section of the agreement, and had issued small passes to shippers and leading merchants of all the cities for the purpose of securing business.

The announcement caused the heads of the Western roads to gather at the Great Northern's offices in Chicago yesterday and hold a meeting that lasted from 10 o'clock a. m. till 5 o'clock p. m., but no concessions could be secured from the Rock Island.

The Rock Island was threatened with action under the Elkins bill, which prohibits the payment of rebates by railroads, on the ground that the passes were practically in the nature of a rebate to shippers. The Rock Island replied that the interstate commerce law strictly prohibited the giving of free transportation, and yet several of the roads were not paying any attention to it, though they were the loudest to cry now.

The issuing of passes by the roads running into Duluth is said to be a common occurrence, and shippers are receiving courtesies in large numbers. The issues are not made in a public manner, however, because of the interstate law.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Card of Thanks.

The relatives of the late C. W. Wilson desire to thank the friends of the deceased for the kind sympathy and aid shown by them during the recent bereavement.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

PRESIDENT TO VISIT DENVER.

Denver, Feb. 19.—President Roosevelt is coming to Denver as the guest of the chamber of commerce while on his western trip during the coming spring. A letter of acceptance to this effect was read to the directors of that body last night by President Mayer Friedman. It was in reply to an invitation sent recently.

HEADACHE

"My father had been a sufferer from sick headache for the last twenty-five years and never found any relief until he began taking your Cascarets. Since he has begun taking Cascarets he has never had the headache. They have entirely cured him. Cascarets do what you recommend them to do. I will give you the privilege of using his name." E.M. Dickson, 1129 Realner St., W. Indianapolis, Ind.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 598

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Our Building Is Being Torn Down and We are Forced to Move

We have no place to store our stock and must dispose of it in a few days. This is how we'll do it:

All the late and popular $1.50 Books now 95c
All the popular $1 Books now 65c
All the new 50c books now 25c
All our Paper Covered Books HALF PRICE.

BENNETT'S

NEWS STAND,

212 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

GIRL IN STRANGE SLEEP.

East Liverpool, Ohio, Feb. 19.—Edith Johnson, a pretty 16-year-old girl, for the third time lapsed into a strange sleep from which she cannot be awakened. She has been lying in a trance for five days.

Weeks ago when the girl awoke from a ten days' continuous sleep her mind was a blank. She remembered nothing of her former life, and her mother was to her as a stranger. Gradually she recovered and again appeared to be in a normal mental condition. Last Thursday she reclined on a couch for an after-dinner nap. She is still sleeping, and a corps of medical men, who made an attempt to restore the girl, found the various methods ineffectual.

AT WEST DULUTH

At the next meeting of the Commercial club, to be held tomorrow evening, the question of the street railway extension and of the West Duluth and New Duluth electric railway will probably be taken up. The question of the meeting point of these two roads is causing much discussion in West Duluth at present. Citizens say that unless the street railway is extended to Seventieth avenue west the suburban road will build in to meet the present terminus of the line. If this is done, all residents living in the extreme western portion of the city will be compelled to pay 10 cents to ride into the city as transfers from one road to the other will not be given.

Should the traction company extend its lines to Seventieth avenue, however, either on Grand avenue or on Raleigh street, there will be a 5-cent fare from Fairmount park to Lester Park. This would accommodate the residents in that large settlement west of Sixty-third avenue, which is the present terminus of the street railway lines, and as the new road will be built only to the terminus of the traction company's lines it would prevent a second company getting a foothold in the more settled part of the city and thus remove the necessity of a transfer from one line to the other and the payment of an additional fare for the large number of residents west of the present terminus of the street railway.

The action taken by the Commercial club will be watched with interest by residents in this portion of the city.

HAD CLOSE CALLS.

Two narrow escapes from death by exposure to cold were reported in West Duluth yesterday.

Charles Chanisky, a farmer living three miles west of the city, walked into West Duluth to procure some medicine for one of the members of his family who was seriously ill. On his return trip he was compelled to face the piercing wind, and although he stopped twice at houses along the road to warm himself, it was found when he reached his home that the exposed parts of his face, his feet and several fingers were severely frost bitten. He was exhausted from his long struggle against the bitter wind and it required vigorous restorative measures on the part of his wife before he recovered from the effects.

The other case was that of a lumberman who was drawing wood from land along the New Duluth road. He was compelled to seek warmth in the house of a settler along the road, who acted the part of the Good Samaritan and thawed out the frozen nose and feet of the lumberman with snow and applied kerosene to the injured members.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

John Moline, 51 years of age, died yesterday morning at his home at 115 North Sixty-third avenue, of pneumonia after a brief illness. A wife and two children survive him. No funeral arrangements have as yet been made.

The body of Mrs. Clarissa Palmer was shipped to Knapp, Wis., for burial, yesterday afternoon.

Joseph Hurley, of Pine City, was in the city yesterday on real estate business.

Miss May Siebert and Harry Siebert of Hurley arrived in west Duluth yesterday for a short visit with relatives here.

The funeral services for John Larson, who was killed at the St. Louis mill, will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The St. Louis mill resumed operations last evening after being closed down for the day on account of the extreme cold.

Two dances will be given in West Duluth tomorrow evening. The Degree of Honor will hold their annual ball in the Wieland & Wade hall and the Zamona club will give one of their monthly dances in the Great Eastern hall.

Harry Merritt returned yesterday to his ranch in Nebraska.

DEGREE OF HONOR ANNUAL BALL

Friday Evening, Feb. 20,

At Wieland & Wade Hall.

RICH GIRL FOR EARL

Lord Yarmouth Engaged to Miss Thaw of Pittsburg.

He Has Only a Title and She Has Millions.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Announcement has been made of the engagement of the earl of Yarmouth to Miss Mary Thaw, daughter of the late William Thaw, the millionaire, of Pittsburg, but who has passed the winter in Washington. Mrs. Mary Thaw, mother of the young woman, makes the announcement, but with the comment to her friends that "there is a long distance between the announcement of an engagement and marriage."

Mrs. Thaw, however, is stern in denouncing the alliance, and will cut Miss Thaw off from a few millions of dollars at her death. However, from almost no income at all to several million dollars, the amount of Miss Thaw's personal fortune, seems an alluring step to the earl, and when it is owned by a pretty and vivacious American girl it is doubly worth his long efforts to secure a wife in this country.

The earl of Yarmouth came to Washington from New York some weeks ago as a guest of Harry K. Thaw at his Lafayette square house, and almost immediately the attachment between the earl and Miss Thaw became current talk. The rumor of their engagement gained rapidly in society but was warmly denied by Mrs. Thaw. After an evident failure to bring the earl's visit to a close because his suit was highly favored by Mr. Thaw, Miss Thaw was gotten ready on short notice and sent to her sister, Mrs. George Carnegie, at Cumberland island, their winter home on the southern coast of Florida.

Mrs. Thaw shut up the home in Lafayette square right in the middle of the social season, an action which in itself was a great surprise to all who knew her. She urged as a reason important business affairs in Pittsburg requiring immediate attention.

Miss Thaw was provided with a private car on the Palm limited and furnished with what her mother considered proper company for the journey to the south.

The earl and Harry Thaw viewed the move with amazing complacency, and expressed their pleasure at knowing Miss Thaw was to visit her charming sister at the island. Mrs. Thaw accompanied her daughter to the train and did not note the abscence of the earl, who was naturally expected to be on hand at the parting. Miss Thaw was cheerful, and waved her mother goodby from the rear of the train.

After the train was well on the way out of Washington a well dressed young Englishman in the sleeper just ahead of the special car made some inquiries as to the identity of those in the special, and a few minutes later the card of the earl of Yarmouth was carried by a porter to Miss Thaw, who expressed the greatest surprise at the coincidence.

The earl accompanied the party to Fernandina, Fla., where they were met by Mrs. George Carnegie with the Carnegie yacht. The earl was presented and was evidently well received, as he was a guest of the Carnegies for the remainder of his stay in Florida waters, where tarpon fishing and other pastimes were provided in plenty.

Mrs. Thaw learned of the earl's visit to the South and the manner of his going and forgetting the important business affairs in Pittsburg posted to the South in her effort to head off the impending engagement. From the announcement just received it is evident she failed.

Miss Mary Thaw and the party will return next week to Washington, when it is expected the day set for the wedding will be announced.

The earl of Yarmouth is the eldest son of the marquis of Hertford, and is almost aas well known in the East as in London, having came to America three years ago in the hope of retrieving his fortunes, as his title, although one of the oldest in England is entirely without estates. He is well known in theatrical circles, having played a short engagement at one night theaters and written for the daily papers on theatrical topics. He had not been prominent in Washington society, but met Harry Thaw abroad and came to the capital as his guest after a visit to Pittsburg.

Miss Thaw's acquaintance with Yarmouth began barely three months ago.

BRILLIANT MUSICALE

Pupils of Ernest Lachmund and George Tyler at Lyceum.

Last evening the musicale by the pupils of George L. Tyler and Ernest Lachmund was given before a crowded house at the Lyceum, and was most enjoyable. The first part of the program was largely given up to piano numbers by the younger pupils of Mr. Lachmund, and all the numbers were played in a manner to win the hearts of the audience to the wee players.

The opening number was a piano duet played by Miss Emma Mueller, Miss Elizabeth McDowell, John W. Woodfill and Irene Walker at two pianos. Then followed two groups of short solos by younger players, Ward Brown, Helen Williams, Victor Anneke, Dorothy Chisholm, Margaret Craig, Grace Barker, Catherine Chisholm, Marie Agatin and Gladys Porter.

Solo piano numbers were played by Albert Porter and Miss Dorothy Nichols, and their work was brilliant. Miss Nichols played the Liszt "Hungarian Rhapsodie" No. 14, a most difficult composition, but she met its demands in a very brilliant and artistic manner, and won high favor with the audience. Albert Porter played a Godard valse, showing splendid technique and a charming interpretation. He was several times recalled. A piano duet was also given by Misses Theresa Shesgren, Maud Kimmerer, Esther Ryan and Ruth Scott.

The vocal numbers were by Misses Edna Boyle, Alice Cooley, Catherine Bruder, Mrs. May Spicer Pelletier, Mrs. James McAuliffe, Mrs. W. C. Winton, Miss Rena Smith, Miss Millie Baker, Miss Antoinette West and Cyril Tyler. Miss West was in particularly good voice and her number was charming. Mrs. McAuliffe sang the "Casta Diva" aria from "Norma" brilliantly, and Miss Rena Smith, in the difficult aria from "Traviata," which she sang with Mr. Tyler, achieved a triumph. The vocal numbers throughout were finely rendered.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

Five Reasons

Why you can do better here in buying a Piano than at any other store.

1st In buying pianos as we do for cash, we own the goods at from 10 per cent to 25 per cent less than "consignment" or "long-time" dealers can obtain them for.

We are the only piano dealers in Duluth buying all instruments out and out for cash, consequently we are in a position to make the lowest prices, comparing quality for quality.

2d The expense of conducting this piano department in connection with a large and old established business in other lines is about one half that attached to any exclusive piano or music store.

3d We sell on most liberal terms of payment, as low as $5.00 a month if customers desire, and take old organs or pianos in exchange at good prices. Your notes remain in our possession and you have no outside parties to deal with, which is an advantage no other dealer here can offer you.

4th Buying for cash and not being under obligation to any manufacturer, we exercise the closest inspection of pianos as they arrive, and manufacturers understanding this, send us only the choicest instruments, reserving the less desirable ones for "long time" and "consignment" dealers.

5th You will find here a stock of over one hundred instruments, including such distinguished makes as *WEBER, VOSE, STERLING, CROWN, STECK, DECKER, BLASIUS, REMENT, HAINES, MARTIN BROS., ESTY AND HUNTINGTON.*

SEVERAL GOOD BARGAINS IN USED PIANOS ON HAND FROM $12.50 UP.

Every piano and transaction is backed up by our entire capital and reputation, besides the manufacturer's full guarantee.

Perfect satisfaction assured under all circumstances. Come and see our stock.

EXPERT TUNING AND REPAIRING.

French & Bassett

DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First St. and Third Ave. W.



Not only good beer, but THE BEST—

FITGER'S

PALE BOHEMIAN BAVARIAN EXPORT **BEER**

The Beer with a Reputation.

A. FITGER & CO., BREWERS.

DULUTH, MINN., 'PHONE 138.

Dr. Emma Breinholm,

Doctor In Midwifery and Magnetic Healing.

Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years. 1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New 'Phone, 1471.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.

ZENOTA FLOUR

DULUTH, MINN.



How about your shirts? If you haven't seen the array of Cluett-Peabody's latest productions you'd better look—they're your kind.

Cluett Shirts $1.50 up
Monarch Shirts $1.00

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

The Greatest Skill—The most experience—14 years. We grind our own lenses.



C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN, 8 West Superior St.

Dr. ANNA C. BEEBE,

OSTEOPATH.

Chronic Diseases and Physical Deformities successfully treated by the most advanced Osteopathic methods. Special treatment for indigestion, constipation, kidney troubles and diseases peculiar to women.

No charge for consultation.

Offices — Room 15 Phoenix Block.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

FRIDAY BARGAINS

are becoming more popular at the Glass Block, and Fridays are among the most crowded days in the Big Store. Every Friday you will find values of unusual merit among the thousands of offerings on five busy business floors.

Bargain Counter No. 1—West.

5c and 7c

for embroideries worth up to 20c a yard.

3c and 5c

for laces worth up to 15c a yard.

Bargain Counter No. 2—Center.

5c, 10c and 15c

for all odds and ends of boys', girls' and babies' caps, toboggans, tams, etc. Values up to 50c in this lot.

Bargain Counter No. 3—East.

9c a yard

for mill ends of white goods and 40-inch lawns, worth up to 30c.

12½ a yard

for white madras, oxfords, zigzags and mercerized novelties, worth 25c a yard.

BASEMENT.

Sleds—Every sled at just half price.

Skates—Every pair at just half price.

Baking shells—per doz 35c.

Mica—Three sheets, size 2x3, 1c.

Trays—13-inch, nickeled, 10c.

5c TABLE.

Odds and ends of china, glass and crockery, worth up to 20c.

10c TABLE.

Odds and ends of china, glass and crockery, worth up to 50c.

MAIN FLOOR.

Writing papers—Kid finish, 20c boxes—special 12c.

Lavendar—10c boxes for 5c.

Handkerchiefs—All Irish linen—15c quality hemstitched, each 10c.

Pillow tops—Regular $1.19 velour pillow tops 69c.

Stockings—Fancy colored lisle thread 75c hosiery, reduced to 35c.

Petticoats—Knit underskirts in gray, with colored stripes, 75c values for 25c.

Valentines—Every valentine in the house now goes at half price.

Silverware—Rogers' 1847 knives and forks—the standard silver-plated cutlery—tomorrow per dozen $3.50.

Gloves and mittens—Wool and kid—plain and fancy wrists—lined and unlined—closing out all odds and ends at cut prices—5c to 50c.

SECOND FLOOR.

Shawls—Regular 49c shoulder shawls, fringed all around, now going at 23c.

Flannel shirts—Ladies' short underskirts of heavy flannel, plain and trimmed, special at 59c and 49c.

Astrakhan muffs—Regular $3.75 values, reduced to only $2.19.

Half price—Every Woman's coat or cape, every girls' coat or cape in the house reduced to half price.

Dress skirts—$8.00 values now $4.75.

Walking skirts—Fine quality melton skirts, brown, gray and black, stitched flare, $9 values, all sizes and lengths, now $4.98.

Shoes—Ladies' and misses' felt fleece-lined $1.50 and $2 shoes—per pair 89c.

Rubbers—Small sizes, pair 5c. Alaskas—$1.00 quality, small sizes only—2½ to 5—tomorrow 19c.

THIRD FLOOR.

Wall paper sale—Special sale of thousands of rolls of fine 15c and 20c papers at per roll—8c and 7c.

Ready-mixed paints—New stock of ready-mixed paints and varnishes now ready—prices way below paint stores'.

Brushes—Paint, kalsomine and varnish brushes all at Glass Block prices.

Dry kalsomine—All shades now ready—we are headquarters.

Trunks and bags—All kinds.

Brusseline art squares—Fine patterns—lower in price than anywhere else in Duluth.

Lace curtains—Nottinghams in white and ecru, $2.75 values at only $1.85.

Ingrain carpet—Good 45c quality, pretty patterns, at only—per yard 29c.

Silkoline—15c quality, per yard 9c.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

THURSDAY!

THE LAST DAY.

Tonight Sees the End of Our

20% Reduction Sale.

Many wise buyers, recognizing the worth of this sale, have benefited by it. HAVE YOU? If not, there's time—This evening you can MAKE A SELECTION.

One-fifth Off on All Orders.

Geo. H. Brenton,

High Class Tailoring. Phoenix Block.

It will pay you to investigate!

Don't be bothered with the work and worry and dirt, which always comes with the weekly wash day. It is cheaper and better to ask us to send for your bundle.

FAMILY WASH ONLY 3½c PER POUND.

YALE LAUNDRY,

Both 'Phones 479. 30--32 E. FIRST ST.

THE RELIEF FUND

Plans Making For Concert For the Famine Sufferers.

Theobaldi, Norwegian Violinist, to Play---Funds Coming In Well.

Without sufficient fuel, adequate clothing or enough food to keep them alive without outside relief, the famine sufferers of the Scandinavian peninsula are compelled to endure for weeks the same kind of weather that prevailed in Duluth yesterday morning.

This practical illustration of the frigid elements has caused quite a spurt in financial donations to the famine relief fund and given new energy to those that are collecting funds for the unfortunate people of the northern portions of Sweden, Norway and Finland.

Dr. Eklund, chairman of the St. Louis county relief fund, says that the people of Duluth and the various range towns are contributing liberally to the cause.

Plans are under way to have Ole Theobaldi, the celebrated Norwegian violinist, appear in a public benefit concert for the local relief fund some time early in March.

He was a pupil of Ole Bull and recently played before a large audience in the Swedish Mission church in the West End. The idea of those in charge of the relief fund collecting is to have him appear in one of the larger halls uptown and all the proceeds outside meager expenses go to the fund now being raised throughout the city and county.

Contributions to this fund are being received in the city hall by Axel Zimmerman, the assistant city clerk, and in the American Exchange and First National banks, also by Dr. J. J. Eklund and C. W. Erieson, in their respective places of business. By the end of the week there will be several additional places designated for this purpose.

The range towns are falling in line right generously, and it is the aim of the county and city committee to have St. Louis lead the list of county contributions for Minnesota.

COMPANION COURT,

Pride of Duluth, No. 208 I. O. F., will give a dancing and card party at Odd Fellows Hall, Friday evening, Feb. 20. Companions and their friends cordially invited. Good music.

BENEFIT CONCERT

To Be Given By Gray-Tallant Company Postponed.

Owing to inability to make complete arrangements for the date formerly set, Feb. 20, the benefit concert to be given by the Gray-Tallant company for starving Scandia, has been postponed until March 2.

The concert will consist of orchestral selections and numbers by prominent local soloists and the Norwegian Singing society, and outside of the worthy object in view will be of such excellence as to merit a full attendance.

Rate War Averted.

The threatened rate war between the Chicago-St. Paul lines has been averted, at least temporarily. A meeting of the agents representing the roads was held at the Ryan hotel yesterday with the result that it was announced that an amicable agreement had been made. The terms of the agreement were not given out and the conference was not concluded, an adjournment having been taken.

Don't neglect a Cough. Take Piso's Cure for Consumption in time. By druggists, 25c.

Don't Fail to See Him!

In Our East Window.



50c
$1.00
$2.00
$3.00
$4.00
$5.00

JOSEPH DONNELLY, the Perfect Athlete and Physical Culture Expert, will demonstrate the Whitely Exerciser, the most popular of all Exercisers, at our store from 2 to 6 p. m. daily. FREE ADVICE ON ALL ATHLETIC TRAINING.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.

BATTLE IN JAIL

Lizzie Buckley and Clara McAllister Start Rough House.

They Are Now Thinking It Over In Separate Cells.

There was a race war of small though furious proportions, while it lasted, in the women's department of the county jail yesterday afternoon.

The contestants are well known in the police court annals of the city of Duluth. One was Lizzie Buckley, who is serving a 90-day sentence for habitual drunkenness and who has been spending the greater part of the past two years in the county bastile in lieu of a jag cure. The other was Clara McAllister, a colored damsel who was sent up recently to serve a 30-day sentence for living with one Harry McAllister, of the same color, without going through the formality of a marriage ceremony.

The real merits of the contest are not definitely known, but it is rumored that there was a heated discussion as to whether the county prisoners should be served pie six times a week and ice cream on Sundays and legal holidays. There was a preliminary skirmish of words, during which the dictionary on the jailor's desk in the office below hid its blushing face.

The McAllister woman opened actual hostilities by landing a hard jolt with her right on Lizzie's chin. Lizzie went down, but was not counted out, and executed a rapid flank movement as soon as she could get to her feet. She seized a broom that happened to be handy and opened with the heavy artillery on the McAllister woman, driving her to cover with several disabilities.

The noise of battle attracted the attention of the turnkey in the office below the women's department and, realizing that there was something more doing than a visit from the county board, he hastened to the field of action and was confronted by Lizzie who, with broom uplifted and the light of battle in her eyes, defied the legal authority of St. Louis county and threatened to annihilate it with her deadly weapon if there was any interference with her plans.

Strategy was resorted to by the common enemy and Lizzie soon capitulated.

The two women were locked up in separate cells, where they will have to remain until they bury the hatchet and promise to be good.

SETTLERS COMING.

Fairmount Colony May Locate In This Vicinity.

J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court, received a letter this morning which indicated there would be quite an emigration movement in St. Louis county from Fairmount, Minn., next month. The letter was written by W. D. Schultz of that place, who said that there are several families, including carpenters, masons, farmers, hunters and teachers, that expected to move into St. Louis county in March, and asking for information. Mr. Schultz wished to know where good homestead lands were to be found, those having meadow land and timber, particularly relative to stone and timber claims and whether the county paid a bounty on certain wild animals. He also wished the figures showing the altitude of St. Louis county farm lands. Mr. Johnson will turn the letter over to some of the local land companies.

MONUMENTAL WORKS.

Mankato Men to Remove Plant to Duluth.

Duluth continues to draw industries of other cities to the head of the lakes. The monumental works of H. D. Diamond and Otto Koke will be moved from Mankato to this city. Mr. Diamond was in the city today arranging for the transfer and has leased offices at 329 East Superior street. He says it is the intention of the concern to take advantage of Duluth's natural distributing location and build up quite an industry.

Would Not Work.

Bitter disappointment awaited a West Superior young couple who came over to Duluth yesterday with the intention of securing a marriage license and then slipping back to the other side of the bay to get married. Ole Bjorklund, was the prospective groom and Miss Augusta Nelson the intended bride. In a moment of confidence Mr. Bjorklund told the deputy of the district court that as soon as he got his license he would go back to West Superior to get married. Minnesota marriage licenses are not legal in Wisconsin, however, and the young couple from West Superior went home sadder and wiser.

SELF DEFENSE

Urged In Application of Tillman For Bail.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 19.—The hearing on the application for bail in the case of the state against Former Lieutenant Governor Tillman charged with the murder of Editor Gonzales was begun here this morning, before Chief Justice Pope. The affidavits by the defense tended to show that Tillman acted in self-defense. In his sworn declaration Mr. Tillman stated that he had been repeatedly urged and warned to watch for his safety.

THE HUMBERT HEARING.

Paris, Feb. 19.—The hearing of Banker Cattauis' libel suit against the Humberts, was resumed today and upon adjournment the court announced that judgment would be rendered on Saturday. The plea of the assistant prosecutor, M. Lescouve, counselled leniency, which was considered favorable to the acquittal of the prisoners.

CRUISER REPORTED CAPTURED.

Panama, Feb. 19.—It is reported here that the Nicaraguan cruiser Momotombe, having on board an expedition sent by President Zelaya to help President Sierra of Honduras, was recently captured by President-elect Bonilla, to whom General Sierra declined to relinquish the presidency.

Matchless Friday Bargains

25c Waist Ginghams at 17½c.

This is an unusual offering and we continue it Friday—Beautiful waist stripes, 25c kind 17½c.

69c Tam O'Shanters at 39c.

Fancy Tam O'Shanters for school girls. Our regular selling price is 69c. Friday 39c.

25c Warm Toques 19c.

Toques or stocking caps—a splendid lot to select from. 29c the price. Friday at 19c.

Men's 25c Ties at 17c.

Four-in-hands, strings, shield bows, bows, tecks, etc. A splendid assortment—25c kinds at 17c.

10c Children's Hosiery at 8c.

Children's ribbed fleece lined hosiery—splendid qualities, selling regularly at 10c—Friday 8c.

Big Stationery Bargains.

A big lot just received and we introduce it with a special sale—Box stationery containing 24 sheets of paper and 24 envelopes—white and blue, pink and light lavender tints—several sizes—five qualities Saturday at 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c and 25c. This will be one of the best of our Friday bargains.

20c Ribbons at 10c.

A line of beautiful colored ribbons in remnant lengths. Sold regularly at 20c yd. Friday 10c.

Waist Patterns at Half Price.

Embroidered French Flannel Waist Patterns—make handsome waists—Friday at half price.

$1.25 Bed Spreads at 89c.

Extra large size heavy chrocheted Bed Spread—Marseilles pattern, hemmed ready for use 89c.

Colgate's Tooth Powder 12½c.

Colgate's Antiseptic Tooth Powder—the regular 25c size as sold by druggists. Friday at 12½c.

89c Kid Mittens at 59c.

Good warm fleece lined, plain or fur tops—sell at 75c and 89c. Friday your opportunity is 59c

Linen Stamping Outfit.

Handsome initial letters for stamping linen, stationery, etc. Outfit contains one rubber stamp, bottle of black indelible ink, bottle of bronze for stationery use, and pad. Anyone can use it. Our regular price for the outfit is 25c. Friday bargain price for the outfit will be 15c. We have all letters.

GRAY-TALLANT CO.

Our Benefit Concert has been postponed until Monday, March 2nd. Be sure to attend.

SCHEMING AGAIN

Friends of Statehood Want Bill Tacked on Treaty.

Senator Quay Seems Inclined to Assist Senator Morgan.

Washington, Feb. 19.—There is a movement on among some of the friends of the statehood bill in the senate to couple the fortunes of that measure with those of the Panama canal treaty and make the ratification of the one depend upon the passage of the other. The details of the plan have not come to light fully, but it is understood that the scheme is to menace the treaty by delay until an agreement to vote on the statehood bill can be secured. None of the statehood supporters will admit that this is the purpose, but one of the most prominent of them on the Republican side of the chamber admitted that such is the tendency. Many of the statehood advocates on both sides of the chamber say they will not allow Senator Morgan to be forced by a test of physical endurance to complete his speech in opposition to the treaty before he is willing to conclude of his own accord. The rumor of such a purpose was current about the senate before the executive session began at 12:30 today and those who had heard it merely as a rumor were convinced that it was without foundation in fact when, instead of Senator Morgan resuming his speech soon after the executive session began, Senator Quay addressed the chair and sent up some documents to be read, among which was the constitution of Columbia. He made no explanation beyond saying that the documents would throw light on the subject, and that he though that especially at this time the senate should be informed as to the provisions of the constitution of the country with which the United States is doing business.

This step on his part was taken as a notice that he meant to assist in the opposition to the treaty and it was then recalled that during yesterday's executive session and while Senator Morgan was still speaking, Mr. Quay had suggested the absence of a quorum, thus helping to make it easy for the Alabama senator.

CANNOT INTERFERE.

President Can Do Nothing For Mrs. Bird.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Mrs. Homer Bird, accompanied by her daughter, called at the White House today in an endeavor to see the president and induce him, if possible, to change his decision with respect to not interfering with the execution of her husband, who was convicted of murder in Alaska and sentenced to be hanged next month. She failed to see either the president or Secretary Loeb. While the president sympathizes with her, he cannot see his way under the recommendation of the attorney general to take any further steps in the matter.

"MAKES PROPER DIET" PLEASING FORCE

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota land, J. J. Ceder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater—8:30 this evening.

Joseph Dempsey, of Virginia, who has been the subject of fits of despondency, was yesterday adjudged insane, in probate Judge Middlecoff's court, and an order was made committing him to the state asylum at Fergus Falls.

The G. C. Steele company always have on hand a complete line of Globe-Wernicke book cases and office filing devices, for immediate delivery.

Parlor theater—Vaudeville tonight.

Martin Swenson, through his attorney, G. L. Spangler, began an action for a divorce, in district court yesterday. The plaintiff resides in Hibbing and he charges that Douglas P. Swenson, his wife, is a common prostitute and has been for the past three months an inmate of a house of ill fame at Cloquet, Minn. The plaintiff is 32 years old and the defendant 25 years old. They were married at Iron Mountain, Mich., in April, 1900. The plaintiff claims that his wife's unfaithfulness dates back to November of last year.

C. E. Bassett, of French & Bassett, has returned from an extensive buying trip throughout the eastern furniture market. Mr. Bassett says his purchases have been much larger than usual owing to the enlargement of the store on March 1.

There will be a rush this evening, it's the last of the discount sale—Geo. H. Brenton, Phoenix Block; high class fabrics; high class tailoring.

The annual ball of the Duluth letter carriers will be held in the Armory on February 23 and promises to be one of the most important pre-lenten public social affairs. The various committees having it in charge report good progress in preparation and friends of the mail distributers are looking forward to the occasion with keen anticipation.

Hortense, the nine-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry M. Carr, who underwent an operation at St. Mary's hospital at West Superior two weeks ago, was removed to her home at 4029 Oneota street yesterday.

The Great Northern special train from Sault Ste. Marie carrying 300 soldiers, arrived in Superior at 10 o'clock this morning and pulled out for the West about half an hour later. The soldiers will go to Seattle and over the Southern and Northern Pacific from there to San Francisco, where the men will be transferred to a transport and shipped to the Philippines for military service.

A few additional entries have been filed today at the local land office for land in the newly opened township in Lake county. The land office officials have been receiving congratulations on the rapidity with which the rush of business was disposed of yesterday morning.

The confiscated sealskin sack still lies in the vault at the local custom house awaiting the decision of the authorities at Washington as to whether it shall be destroyed or sold at auction.

The appeal papers in the case of Levi D. York vs. J. L. Washburn were forwarded to the United States circuit court of appeals at St. Louis today by Deputy Clerk of the United States District Court T. H. Presnell.

PURELY PERSONAL

G. A. Tomlinson will leave this evening over the Great Northern for Minneapolis.

L. W. DeVault, of St. Paul, a former resident of Duluth, is in the city today.

L. D. Kitchell, northern passenger agent of the Great Northern, left this morning for Grand Forks with the special train load of United States soldiers who are on their way to the Philippines via San Francisco.

James Robertson, general agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road at Houghton, is in the city today.

A. M. Miller, Jr., will leave this afternoon over the Great Northern for St. Paul.

G. A. Gray, of the Gray-Tallant company will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for the East.

G. Welton, of Sault Ste Marie, is in the city today.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: Lon B. Adams, Minneapolis; F. B. Myers, Biwabik, W. E. A. LeQuesne, Cleveland; R. A. Shearer, Minneapolis; R. S. Danforth, Minneapolis; H. P. Johnson, St. Paul, J. N. Slede, St. Paul; C. C. McCarthy, Grand Rapids, Minn.

W. S. Bireh, a former member of the Duluth Board of trade, was a visitor on the floor today. Mr. Bireh left Duluth to go to Fessenden, N. D., and resided there several years but is now at Minneapolis.

James Crawford, of the firm of Durkan & Crawford, who has been ill for the past week is much improved.

Arthur Orr and C. J. Orr, of Evanston, Ill., are in the city called here by the death of Fred W. Patridge, their brother-in-law. They are registered at the Spalding hotel. Arthur Orr built the flats on Sixteenth avenue east, where Mr. and Mrs. Patridge lived for some years.

John Washington, of Hanna, N. D., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Luxon, of 417 West Fifth street.

Chester A. Congdon left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Minneapolis.

C. R. Lonergan, traveling freight agent of the Northern Pacific, has returned from a trip to the copper country.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Emerson left yesterday for New York.

Mrs. Clinton Markell and daughter Ella M. Markell, went to Chicago yesterday.

A. N. Ole, of the Panton & White company, fell on Twenty-sixth avenue West yesterday and broke his collar bone. He was considerably bruised otherwise and thinks that only a thick cap saved him from a fractured skull.

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP

Favored In Resolutions of United Mine Workers.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 19.—A resolution favoring government ownership of the mines and railroads of the United States was offered today at the convention of the United Mine workers of Illinois. The question was discussed on the floor of the convention and was finally referred to the resolutions committee, with instructions to return a majority and minority report. In the committee there was some trouble in deciding the question. The miners seem to oppose the adoption of such a resolution and probably will lay it on the table.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

On third floor—
Tomorrow, all day,
Armour & Co.
will serve
Cream of Celery Soup.

Tomorrow afternoon,
a chafing dish lunch
—Welsh Rarebit—

Sales Continued—
Navajo Indian Rugs.
Oriental Rugs
At One-third Off.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

YOU'LL FEEL MORE COMFORTABLE

If your valuables are secure in our vaults. Costs but $3.00 a year and accessible every day during banking hours.

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK

216 West Superior Street.

Commercial and Savings Accounts.

AGREE ON A SCALE

Longshoremen to Receive 55 Cents an Hour Next Summer.

Wage Settled Upon at the Conference at West Superior.

The longshoremen at the head of the lakes and at other Lake Superior lumber-loading ports will receive 55 cents per hour during the shipping season of 1903. This is an increase of 2½ cents per hour over the wage scale for 1902.

Early last season the longshoremen went on a strike and demanded 60 cents per hour. A compromise was made with the Lumber Carriers' association at 52½ cents per hour, which was to be increased to 55 cents if the lumber freight rate reached $3 per 1000 feet. The raise in freight rates did not occur, the rate remaining all the season at $2.50.

The scale of 55 cents per hour was agreed on at the conference which has been under way for the past two days between the loading committee of the Lumber Carriers' association and the delegates of the Longshoremen's association of Lake Superior, at the West Superior hotel. The conference came to an end last evening.

From the fact that the sessions occupied so long a time it is evident that the increased scale was not agreed to without considerable opposition by the lumber carriers, and the latter claim that in agreeing to the scale they have also been granted some concessions, enough to balance the account.

The longshoremen held out for the increase in wages on the ground that the cost of living has materially increased, and that as there are only a few months when the longshoremen can work, they should be remunerated in accordance with these conditions.

The loading committee will hold a conference at Manistee Feb. 23 with the longshoremen of Lake Michigan, to fix the wage scale at the loading ports on that body of water.

The conference between the lumber carriers and the longshoremen at Detroit was held Feb. 4, and an advance in the wage scale was made for the handling of cedar posts, lath, shingles and No. 5 boards.

IN PRIZE WINNING CLASS.

J. P. Morrow's Irish Terrier In New York Show.

From the newspaper reports of prizes awarded at the New York dog show last week, but one Duluth canine of the half dozen or so entered was given a prize.

The lucky owner of the fortunate animal is J. P. Morrow, and the dog which was given an award on its shape and parts was Dr. Casey, the Irish terrier.

Dr. Casey was entered in the Irish terrier class for the Willette cup, given for the best American bred dog in the novice class.

None of the entries of J. T. Michaud of Duluth were given awards though at the Chicago show the critics praised General Lawton and prophesied that he would be given something handsome in the bull terrier's class at the New York bench show.

Mr. Michaud is now at Waashington, D.C., and will be at home this afternoon or evening.

EARNS OVER $3,000,000.

Twin City Rapid Transit Makes Good Showing.

St. Paul, Feb. 19.—Nearly $1,000,000 passengers were carried by the Twin City Rapid Transit company during 1902, and the gross earnings were $3,612,211, against a trifle over $3,000,000 the year before.

Seven per cent was earned and paid on the preferred stock, and on the common stock 5 per cent was paid.

The system was extended so as to include 252.55 miles of track. The surplus earnings on hand at the present time are $291,081.

During the year more than $1,000,000 was expended for power, plans, construction, etc.

NEW GOLD FIELDS

In the Yukon That Equals the Klondike.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 19.—Federal officials on the Yukon river confirm the story that a gold strike equaling that of the Klondike has been made in Tanana valley. Two thousand miners are stampeded thither from Nome, Dawson, Eagle and Rampart. Some of them will probably perish, as the weather throughout the Yukon valley has been most severe. The stampeders are taking only enough supplies to last them on the journey. This may endanger the lives of all, since provisions are very short in the new camp.

United States Commissioner Claypool writes from Circle that 600 claims have been recorded in the new district, which is officially known as Fairbanks, being named after Senator Fairbanks.

THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer

SUCCESS IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY. UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING. UNEQUALED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS. ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD Blatz

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE A TONIC FOR OLD AND YOUNG. ALL DRUGGISTS

VAL. BLATZ BRW'G. CO. MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. S. and Railroad Street. Telephone 62.

Notice No goods sent on approval during this sale. No goods will be exchanged during this sale when delivered as represented. Shop worn goods will be sold as they are at time of purchase.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Terms During the sale customers can take advantage of the discounts by paying one-third cash and the balance in one, two and three months, thus giving the advantages of the sale to those who do not care to pay all cash.

A SENSATION!

Although the opening of this great discount sale on Monday was attended by the most unfavorable weather, the sales were very heavy, and even yesterday, the severest day of the winter, the sales footed up to a goodly sum.

In fact during the past three days more goods have been sold than we can deliver this week, and we kindly ask the indulgence of customers and assure them that all goods will reach them in due course.

During this sale we can't undertake prompt deliveries, except in certain urgent cases which should be specially arranged for.

The low prices that are being made on goods here during this sale have created a sensation among buyers.

AT HALF PRICE!

Hundreds of pieces of reliable furniture at exactly half their regular prices—You may find just what you want among them.

REMEMBER THIS: The prices in this store to begin with are from 10 per cent to 20 per cent lower than other Duluth stores.

All goods marked in plain figures, and a special colored ticket on each piece indicates the following discounts:

Red Tag	Green Tag	Blue Tag	Yellow Tag	White Tag
10 PER CENT DISCOUNT	20 PER CENT DISCOUNT	30 PER CENT DISCOUNT	40 PER CENT DISCOUNT	50 PER CENT DISCOUNT

WANTED.

Four-Horse Teams for hauling logs at French River.

RED CLIFF LUMBER CO.,
301 Torrey Building.

SOCIETY WOMEN WORK

Harder Than Laborers, Says Mrs. Russell Sage.

New York, Feb. 19.—According to Mrs. Russell Sage, the only way for the women of Washington, New York and the other great social centers to avoid a serious break-down such as made it necessary for Mrs. Roosevelt to withdraw from her active social campaign is for them to cultivate the home life, to preserve the old-fashioned Sabbath and to do one thing at a time.

"None of these things refer especially to Mrs. Roosevelt," said Mrs. Sage, "for her position, of course, carries with it important duties which she must perform. But the New York society woman is differently placed, and might find rest if she would. She knows nothing of the home life. If she would keep herself free to attend to her home duties to some extent and keep her home as a place of refuge from the excessive society gayety, she would not find herself so often breaking down.

"Even if social doings were to pause on one day of the week, on Sunday, the society woman might rest. But nowadays, dinners, musicales, and calls make Sunday as busy as other days. The laborer works six days and rests on the seventh, but the society woman is not so fortunate."

FOUR-MASTER SUNK.

Was Run Down By Steamer Goldsboro.

Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 19.—The steamer Goldsboro, Philadelphia for New York, collided with a four-masted schooner off the Little Egg harbor life saving station today. The schooner sank in a few minutes. It is thought the Goldsboro rescued the crew of the schooner.

Long Branch, N. J., Feb. 19.—The report received here from Little Egg harbor says that boats were lowered from the Goldsboro after the collision and the crew of the wrecked schooner taken aboard the steamer.

Pleasant to Take.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. W. L. Roderick, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect." For sale by Boyce's drug store.

HUBER SUPERINTENDENT.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 19.—Oscar Huber was yesterday elected engineer and superintendent of the Lewis and Clark exposition grounds. No action was taken as to the election of a director general. A topographical survey is now being made, and a model of the grounds prepared. As soon as these are completed the ground will at once be broken and work of the Lewis and Clark centennial actually be begun.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Baraga Man Bound Over on Charge of Arson.

Baraga—Patrick Murphy, who is held on suspicion of having caused the fire which destroyed H. Nesbitt's hardware store and other buildings in Baraga, has been bound over to the April term of circuit court. The prisoner refused to go on the stand in his own behalf. In default of bail he will remain in the county jail until court convenes on April 6.

Menominee—Levi P. Hale, a well known Menominee land-looker and cruiser, was running a line through the woods, when a branch flew back and struck him in the right eye making a gash in the pupil. He was taken to a Menominee hospital and every effort is being made to save the eyesight, but the chances are that he will lose the sight of that eye entirely.

Ivar Swanburg, a 13-year-old boy working in the Menasha Wooden Ware company's mill at Carney, Menominee county, was the victim of a serious accident while at work. He was removing splints back of a stave saw when his right hand came in contact with the saw, cutting off all the fingers and the thumb.

Norway—The foundation work of the Wisconsin & Michigan bridge, over the Sturgeon river, near Norway, including the driving of the wing piles, has been completed, seventy-five piles being used. The superstructure will consist of modern design, and the timber used will be Washington fir. The bridge is designed to carry a 150-ton locomotive followed by a train, weighing 5000 pounds per lineal foot.

Marquette—Present indications are that the Upper Peninsula will within a few years become an important producer of sugar. A big plant will be erected at Menominee this year. Another is assured at Gladstone, and others are being agitated at Sault Ste. Marie, Hancock and Manistique.

Sault Ste. Marie—For the next few months, at least, Fort Brady is to be garrisoned by only one company of regulars. Four companies started for the Philippines today. They will be succeeded by one company of the Twentieth, now at Fort Sheridan, Chicago.

Iron Mountain—Electricity is to be made do the work now performed by many men in the big Chapin mine of the steel trust here. It has been decided to install an electric haulage system in the twelfth level, which is being opened up on an extensive scale.

FUNDS TO BUY SEED.

Stockholm, Feb. 19.—The Central Relief committee has forwarded to the governor of the province of Westerbotten, to be used for the distribution of seed the sum of $10,000 of which amount $5,000 was contributed by Americans.

Cold, Headache, Catarrh, relieved in ten minutes. —Rev. W. H. Main, pastor of the Baptist Emanuel church, Buffalo, gives strong testimony for and is a firm believer in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. He has tried many kinds of remedies without avail. "After using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I was benefited at once," are his words. It is a wonderful remedy. One application relieves headache and cold. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

STARVING GIRL

Who Had Belonged to the "Silver Slipper" Company.

Hope Temple Given Aid and Sent to Her Home.

New York, Feb. 19.—Miss Hope Temple, the young actress who was found starving by a member of her company, and who in private life is Miss Miriam Hambitzer, of Milwaukee, Wis., left for her home yesterday afternoon, with her expenses paid by the actors and actresses who sang and danced with her in the "Silver Slipper" company.

She has written to her parents, now that she is out of her difficulties, although pride forbade her to admit her plight to them when she was without food, because they opposed her going on the stage. They promise a welcome home and will nurse her back to health and strength.

She came to New York last August to complete her education in vocal and instrumental music. Coming from a family of artists, she had gained a local reputation as a pianist and singer after graduating from the Milwaukee conservatory of music. She had studied music at Chicago, and there joined the Castle Square Opera company, and with it she came to New York to complete her education. Her assets consisted of a determination to succeed when she reached this city.

Like many others, she found the field crowded, and was forced to join the chorus of the "Silver Slipper" company to earn money to live on. She pieced this out by playing for rehearsals and teaching when she found a pupil. She took no part in the gay life that some of her acquaintances on the stage led, and had no men admirers.

Three weeks ago she was taken ill and a week later an operation was performed. In two weeks her savings were exhausted and she owed the landlady $15 and the doctor and nurse $5 each. Rather than become further involved in debt she discharged the nurse and physician.

Last Wednesday, finding that she had only a few cents left, she struggled out and went back to work. Weakened by hunger, she could not stand the strain, and the next morning she was unable to rise. She feared she would die and wrote to John C. Fisher, proprietor of the company, Mr. Fisher is in Europe, but his assistant, Alexander A. McDonald, at once went to her aid. In her room he found a crust of bread, all that was left of a loaf which had kept her alive for forty-eight hours. By the side of the crust were 15 cents to be "used in an emergency," she said, but at first she would not admit her hunger.

Mr. McDonald's first work was to buy enough food for five men. His second was to hurry back to the theater and start a subscription. Every member of the company gave something, and in less than half an hour $125.75 had been raised.

The doctor was called and reinstated and the nurse and landlady were paid. Edna Wallace Hopper sent her cook to prepare delicacies for the sick girl, who burst into tears at the sudden change in her luck.

"O, I am so glad I am going home," said Miss Hambitzer. "It is so hard to rise here when you want to do what is right."

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 19.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Hambitzer, parents of "Hope Temple," as she was known to her New York associates, expressed much surprise when informed of the serious condition of their daughter, as Miss Hambitzer has tried to keep the facts from her home. She sent them the following telegram:

"I am well. Report is exaggerated. Leave Wednesday. Miriam."

Mr. Hambitzer further said he had been in receipt of a letter from her saying that she was afflicted with throat trouble, but that otherwise her health was good.

"There was no need for my daughter to starve," said Mr. Hambitzer with much emotion. "If she had only told me that she was in need of help I would have sent her money at once. She ought to have come to me instead of allowing her theatrical friends to circulate a subscription paper to get funds to get her home."

FLAGRANT ABUSES

By Congressmen of Privilege of Mail Sacks.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The postoffice department has discovered some flagrant abuses by the members of congress of the privilege of using the mail sacks of the government. These sacks, carrying goverment publications of all kinds, are intended to be returned empty immediately to the postoffice, but numerous instances have developed where they have been detained for long periods. In one case the authorities found that approximately 600 of these sacks were stored away in the barn of a former representative.

To correct these irregularities Postmaster-General Payne has issued an order modifying the section of the postal regulaations which bear on this privilege, so that sacks must be returned to the postoffice within three days. It is hoped that the enforcement of this regulation will do away with the present difficulty in keeping track of government mail sacks.

About Washington's Birthday.

Washington's birthday was made a legal holiday by vote of the Massachusetts legislature, the first one observed being February 22, 1857. Prior to that time his birthday was only observed by personal friends. The birthday of the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters was fifty years ago, and the fact that it has remained before the public continuously since that time is positive proof that it is founded on true merit. There is also positive proof of its value in the record of cures of heartburn, indigestion, flatulency, dizziness, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and malaria, fever and ague that is back of it, also in the hundreds of voluntary testimonials received annually. Give it a trial. It will cure you even after other remedies have failed. Be sure to get the genuine.

STEEL CORPORATION

Makes New Iron Compact to Hasten Shipments.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 19.—A new sort of a compact has been formed in the iron and steel business which is responsible for the disposition of 1,000,000 tons of Bessemer pig iron. The United States Steel corporation, to induce speedy shipments of pig iron and to provide against certain of its needs, has agreed to furnish eight of the largest Bessemer producing furnaces with all the coke they need, provided the output of those furnaces is turned over to the Steel Corporation. This makes a saving for the Steel corporation of about $5,000,000.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Family at Mayville Has Narrow Escape From Suffocation.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mayville—The house of Mrs. Arneson, a widow, was destroyed by fire. Nothing was saved, and the occupants, Mrs. Arneson, her daughter and a nephew, had a narrow escape from suffocation by smoke. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss amounted to about $1500 with an insurance of only $500. As Mrs. Arneson had to support herself by sewing a relief fund was started and is growing rapidly.

Miss Mamie Sorenson, Miss Jessie Dawson and Miss Anna McLean gave a valentine party to friends. The rooms were prettily decorated with long festoons of hearts cut from colored paper.

Dickinson—Judge Winchester held a special term of district court in Dickinson to give five jail prisoners a chance to plead and receive penitentiary sentences as follows: Three pleaded guilty of horse stealing and received the following sentences: William George Stewart, two years and three months; Paul Danielson, two years and six months; James Clayton, two years and nine months. The other two pleaded guilty of grand larceny. Herbert Camp getting two years and six months and Charles T. Atkinson two years and nine months.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Salem—Mrs. Mary A. Moore died in her eighty-fifth year at the home of her only living child, F. D. Moore.

The quarantine has been lifted from the last cases of smallpox and the doctors are now busy with an epidemic of lagrippe.

Wolsey—The Wolsey Journal, published by Henry Hoffman for seven years, has passed into the hands of W. A. Johns, an attorney. Mr. Hoffman will give his attention to the mercantile business.

Huron—The general store, stock and fixtures at Lakeside, eighteen miles north, were totally destroyed by fire. The property belonged to Harry B. Peck, and was valued at $1200; insured for $600.

Madison — Preliminary arrangements have been made by farmers for the construction of a rural telephone system. One of the proposed lines will run as far south as Wentworth.

Sturgis—Headquarters band and first squadron of the Thirteenth cavalry, Fort Meade, left the Sturgis depot Monday afternoon on their way to the Philippines.

Pierre—Both houses Wednesday afternoon wrestled with the insurance and social purity bills, the house having before it the anti-compact insurance and compulsory Sunday observance measures, while the senate tackled the valued policy and local option bills. The senate incorporation committee will report a new bill on incorporation fees scaling down the rate as first fixed, and their bill will probably go through. The senate bill to appropriate $50,000 for the state guard passed the senate with no opposition, but it is not considered to have any show in the house, where an special appropriations will go down as fast as they are presented.

Calumet Baking Powder

The Standard of Perfect Baking.

HILDA CLARK A BRIDE.

The Former Star of the "Bostonians" Married.

New York, Feb. 19.—Miss Hilda Clark, former star of "The Bostonians" and one of the most popular prima donnas of recent years, became the bride yesterday of Frederick P. Flower, a prominent Wall street broker and a nephew of ex-Gov. Roswell P. Flower. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Edward Cark, in Riverside Drive, and was attended by a larger number of relatives and friends of the contracting parties.

Curling Score.

One game was played in the Manley-McLennan contest at the Duluth curling rink last evening and the score was as follows:

H. S. Newell,	A. C. Willcuts,
J. T. Hickman,	C. P. Grady,
F. A. Currier,	Dr. A. Milne,
D. Morrison,	Dr. Cleland,
Skip—6.	Skip—19.

The Cleland rink had a handicap of 6 points over the Morrison rink.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

"MAKES PROPER DIET" PLEASING FORCE



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 15-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale at Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Copies of

Famous Paintings Absolutely Free

to purchasers of

Pillsbury's Vitos,

the ideal Wheat Food for breakfast, dinner and supper. Ask your grocer.

Pillsbury's Vitos is made by the millers of Pillsbury's Best Flour.

THEY FIND WEALTH

Three Young Swedes Make Good Strike In Klondike.

Going to Old Country to Have an Easy Time.

Three very light-hearted sons of Sweden passed through Duluth yesterday. They arrived during the early part of the week from Seattle and the Klondike gold fields and left for the East to take passage for the land of their birth. All of them had made their pile in the far North and they are now on their way home to settle down to a life of ease and comfort among their old friends and relatives. One of the men claimed that he had made $25,000 in the Klondike gold fields and the others also told of the weighty bags they had brought from that frozen region. The names of the men were Gustave Nelson, John Anderson and Peter Anderson, the two latter being brothers.

Peter Anderson acted as spokesman for the party when asked concerning their life in the Klondike and of their plans for the future.

"We have been in that country three years," he said. "We went there in the spring of 1900 from Chicago. For the first two winters we had a hard time of it, but we stuck together and helped each other out and early last summer we made our strike in one of the smaller streams running into the Klondike. It did not pan out as well as we expected, but we have enough to keep us for the rest of our lives in the old country.

"We are all going back as quickly as we can get there and at present we intend to remain, but while we have been in the gold fields my mother has died, and many of our old friends have doubtless died or moved away and we may decide to return to this country. We are all citizens of the United States and had lived here several years before going to the Klondike."

The men were all very modestly dressed and looked like hard working farmers rather than retired miners. They all declared themselves to be unmarried, although from the self-conscious air of John Anderson, the youngest member of the party, when asked concerning this point and from the laughs of the others, it was evident that some fair-haired daughter of Thor and Odin is awaiting the young Northlander either in his old home in Chicago or in the land of their birth to which they have turned their steps.

Men who want their youth, to feel the same as when budding into manhood, use Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back that vim, vigor, mental and physical power of bygone days. Free if it fails. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

A CHAPTER BANQUET HELD

High School Members Are Entertained at St. Louis Hotel.

A banquet was given by the new chapter of the Delta Theta secondary school fraternity, which has been installed at the local high school to R. Halliday Nexsen, of Brooklyn, who came to Duluth to represent the fraternity at the installment, at the St. Louis hotel last evening.

The affair was held in the private dining room of the hotel, which was beautifully decorated in the colors of the Delta Theta fraternity and the red and blue of the Phi Sigma Chi, of which this chapter formerly had a charter.

Toasts were responded to as follows, with Harvey C. Dash as toastmaster: "A Good Friend of Ours," Frank G. Kane; "Athletics in Duluth Central High School," Alwin Cummings; "A Student in Duluth High," Leonard Melby; "Phi Sigma Chi to Delta Theta," Walter L. Dash; "Delta Theta Girls," Willis Derby; "Delta Theta to Phi Sigma Chi," R. Halliday Nexsen.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

A reception will be given to Mr. Nexsen tonight and tomorrow he will leave for his home in Brooklyn.

THE STAGE.

At the Lyceum tonight and tomorrow night, "Across the Desert" will be presented. While the title might convey the impression that the scenes of the play are laid in foreign lands, it is strictly an American play, written by an American author and produced by an American company. The play takes its name from the fact that its principal scenes are located around our great American desert—the plains of Arizona, a location that has given the scenic artist full scope in the way of picturesque color drawing. One scene in particular, "Midnight on the Desert," with full moon effect, and the stars twinkling above, the gradual approach of a storm which finally bursts forth with all its fury, and which is the dreaded foe of the southwestern plainsman, and the desert sand storm, are said to be some of the most unique stage effects yet given.

• • •

"Down by the Sea" is billed for an engagement of two performances at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening. This play was originally produced at the Prince of Wales' theater, London, eight seasons ago, and received its initial American production at Boston, Mass., last season, where it met with instant approval. It has been slightly changed to conform to the ideas of the American play-goer and its story now transpires on the coast of Long Island, N. Y. The play is the same style of drama as "Hearts of Oak" and "Shore Acres," although the plot and story is vastly different. It preserves the essence of life down by the sea without running to traditional exaggerations. It has the quality of excitement in its dramatic situations without yielding to melodramatic elaborations. It introduces the most ludicrous of comedy without the necessity of forced introduction. Besides, it has a quaint romance, a picturesque atmosphere and wholesome sentiment.

LIVELY GAME EXPECTED.

Great Easterns and Big Duluth's to Meet.

Two of the big teams in the interstate baseball league will meet at the Armory this evening for a good hard game when the Great Eastern team lines up against the cohorts of the Big Duluth.

The teams are generally believed to be of about equal strength and both made a good run for the championship of the league during the first series which ended last month.

A fierce contest is to be expected as both teams are out to get the championship. A victory for either would give the successful team a great advantage.

The line-up of the teams will be:

Big Duluths—	Great Easterns—
Girard	catcher ..... Dash
Dennis	pitcher ..... Schepper
Webber	first base .... Lundgren
Bruen	second base .... Whiteside
Rondeau	third base ..... Williams
Campbell	right short ..... King
L. Irvine	left short .... Evcrington
C. Irvine	right short ..... Jones
Brock	left field ..... Brotherton

Live for those who love you,
For those whose hearts are fond and true;
The only way to do this right,
Take Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
S. F. Boyce.

BILLIARD GAMES.

Hatley Loses to Both Spears and Billiter.

Frank Billiter, the Twin City amateur who came here to play at the opening of Hatley's new billiard parlors yesterday made a fine showing by defeating both Hatley and Spears. The games were of the informal order and not champion ship contests, however, so that the Duluth man's claim to the championship or the Northwest is not affected by the result.

Spears also succeeded in winning from Hatley by a margin of three points in a slowly played game. The score of the games were: Spears vs. Hatley, 250 to 246, in favor of Spears; Billiter vs. Hatley, 250 to 241, in favor of Billiter; Billiter vs. Spears, 250 to 175, in favor of Billiter.

A large crowd was present at all the games and the formal opening of the well equipped new billiard hall was a great success.

A STATE HUMANE AGENT.

President Noyes Says Officer Is Needed.

St. Paul, Feb. 19.—D. R. Noyes, president of the Minnesota Society for the Prevention of Cruelty, informed the society at its annual meeting that its work had so increased that it demanded the services of a general agent in the field, under state control, who could relieve hundreds of cases of cruelty which now escape attention. The legislature, he said, was being asked for only $2000 for such assistance.

Secretary F. J. Fulgate attributed the great increase in prosecutions for cruelty during the year to the co-operation of the public. In the two cities 300 cases were attended to. Several cases of neglect have been made out against the railroad companies in the transportation of cattle.

The new officers are:

President, D. R. Noyes, St. Paul; vice-president, T. A. Abbott, St. Paul; vice-presidents at large, J. C. McIntyre of Minneapolis, Rev. A. W. Ryan of Duluth, B. S. Cook of Owatonna, H. L. Buck of Winona, William W. Mitchell of St. Cloud George E. Gates of Red Wing, Rev. J. P. Taintor of Rochester, Dr. E. G. Clark of Stillwater, C. H. Brown, of Little Falls, E. A. Teachout of Stewartville, Father Treaner of Waseca, E. B. Sperry of St. Paul Park, and C. B. Butler; treasurer, J. J. Jellett; secretary, J. S. Fulgate; corresponding secretary, Mrs. C. A. Severance; general agent, R. A. Hoyt; attorney W. E. Bramhall; veterinary surgeon, B. A. Pomeroy; executive committee, Dr. C. E. Dutton of Minneapolis, J. D. Holtzermann of Minneapolis, Mrs. E. B. Smith and T. A. Abbott of St. Paul.

HITS THEM HARD

Superior Board of Trade Advocates Are Keenly Disappointed.

Action of North Dakota Legislative Committee Surprises Them.

Intense indignation prevails in Superior as a result of the stand taken against Wisconsin grain inspection by the North Dakota legislative committee sent to Madison to investigate the proposed scheme.

A St. Paul special to The Herald last evening containing an interview from Senator Jud LaMoure, chairman of the North Dakota committee, saying that his committee would report against the Wisconsin scheme and thereby put an end to it, is said to have kept telegraph wires between West Superior and Bismarck extremely busy.

One of the indignant West Superiorites even ventured on this side of the bay to bring pressure to bear on the North Dakota committee by having wires urging the Wisconsin inspection reach Bismarck this morning thereby given the impression that the local people were not opposed to the plan.

In speaking the matter he said he could not understand The Herald's interview as Superior grain men yesterday received advices from Madison to the effect that in an interview with Gov. LaFollette, every member of the North Dakota committee had expressed himself in favor of giving the Wisconsin grain inspection bill moral support.

"We are in this fight to a finish," said the Superiorite, "and there is a possibility that the Minnesota inspectors may be prosecuted for attempting to do business on our side of the bay, though the grain men do not urge such a move.

"Duluth is invading Superior in other lines of business and the people of this city certainly cannot blame us for making a fight for every foot of commercial ground that we have been slowly losing."

BIG TIMBER DEAL CLOSED

W. H. Gilbert and Others Buy In Bahama Islands.

A syndicate of Lake Superior lumbermen, including W. H. Gilbert, of Ashland, C. R. Ash and others, of this city, has recently closed up a big deal for the purchase of some 4,000,000,000 feet of yellow pine on the islands of Grand Abaco, Great Bahama and Andros of the Bahama group. The timber is said to have been bought at a low price, and the purchasers intend to export it to Liverpool, England. The deal has been negotiating for several months difficulty being encountered in securing certain rights from the British government.

The timber is said to be adapted chiefly for ties, car sills and other special bills of long lumber requiring strength.

Mr. Gilbert, accompanied by his chief logging contractor and other manufacturing experts is now on the way to the islands. He is said to have discovered the timber when looking around for neglected opportunities in the timber world.

IS TAKEN TO STILLWATER

John Grahek, Slayer of Elias Seatovitch, Goes to Prison.

John Grahek, the slayer of Elias Seatovitch, was taken by Deputy Sheriff Magie, yesterday afternoon, to Stillwater, to enter on his fourteen-year term of imprisonment. Grahek was tried during the November term of district court and found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree. About a week ago, his attorney moved for a new trial, but the motion was denied. The crime with which Grahek is convicted occurred at one of the boarding houses at Ely during a general scrap after Grahek and two companions had, without invitation, attended a social function that was being held. The owner of the hoarding house scenting trouble ordered everybody out and during the mix-up on the outside Grahek drew his revolver and shot Seatovitch. He claimed the shot was fired in self-defense.

Grahek is but 21 years of age and has been a model prisoner while confined in the county jail.

A CORKER.

But Not Much of a Pastor.

There was an old clergyman in Central New York state some years ago who was a very powerful speaker, but whose private life was by no means exemplary. Some of the more outspoken of his parishioners were in the habit of remonstrating with him regularly about this and his reply was: "Don't do as I do. Do as I tell you to do."

It is so with a great many physicians. There are hundreds of medical men who fully understand the folly of drinking coffee and tea, who tell their patients not to drink either, yet who use one or the other themselves. But sometimes it knocks even the doctor out and he has to quit old King Coffee. A physician of Wasioja, Minn., says: "I was a liberal user of coffee from my youth and my health broke down while at college in 1880, at 25 years of age, although I was nervous and suffered constantly from a condition known as diabetes insipidus, a conditlon that is well known to be due to nervousness. My weight was below par and no diet or tonic medicines were sufficient to restore my vitality and strength.

"In 1898 I became suspicious of coffee and I broke off the habit by taking up Postum. Since that time my nerves have become strong and well and my weight has increased about thirty pounds. Well boiled it is a delicious, healthful drink, heavy with strength and muscle-making qualities." Name furnished by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

Even if your physician does drink coffee, you had better do as he tells you to do. Give Postum a trial. That's the easy way to shake off coffee and get well and keep well.

BOTTLE BABIES

Bottle babies are so likely to get thin. What can be done? More milk, condensed milk, watered milk, household mixtures—try them all. Then try a little Scott's Emulsion in the bottle.

It does for babies what it does for old folks—gives new, firm flesh and strong life. You'll be pleased with the result. It takes only a little in milk to make baby fat.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

LINSEED MAN IN TROUBLE

John Bannon of Superior Sued By a Lumber Firm.

John Bannon, who about a year ago started a linseed oil mill in West Superior, is in trouble. The Rogers-Ruger company, of that city, has started an action in municipal court to attach whatever property Bannon may have remaining within the jurisdiction of the court to pay the balance of an account said to be due for lumber.

The lumber company charges that Bannon is a non-resident of West Superior, and has already removed a large part of the machinery of the mill out of Wisconsin with the intention of defrauding his creditors, and that he intended to remove the rest of the property and his family as soon as possible.

The plaintiff claim that previous to his departure from the city the defendant said his absence was for the purpose of purchasing new machinery, and that on his return the mill would be operated by a larger force and under better facilities.

SUFFERED SEVERELY.

Superior Firemen Frostbitten In Going to Fire.

The loss on the Prescott block on Tower avenue, West Superior, which burned yesterday morning, is figured at $5000. There was no insurance on the building, but insurance was carried on the contents by the lessees.

Two of the West Superior firemen were sufferers from the intense cold and exposure of yesterday. William Barton, a truckman, is seriously sick in the Lesle hospital with congestion of the brain. It is supposed to have resulted from the strain to which he was exposed during the fire. A. G. Wahlbee, driver on the engine at Old Superior, had to be assisted from his seat when the engine reached the hall after the fire. He was severely frostbitten. The West Superior department was called out to three fires yesterday and was returning from one of them when the alarm was turned in for the Prescott building.

WANTED.

Four-Horse Teams for hauling logs at French River.

RED CLIFF LUMBER CO., 301 Torrey Building.

BLOCKADE BY CASTRO

Would Not Be Recognized By Great Britain.

New York, Feb. 19.—British naval authorities think there is more trouble ahead in Venezuela, says the Herald's Port of Spain, Trinidad, representative. They say that England is determined not to recognize any Castro blockade, and her war vessel will not hesitate to fire on ships or shore upon any manifestations of interference with British trade with Venezuela.

No instructions have yet been received regarding the delivery of warships to Castro. It is believed here that nothing will be done until the terms of the agreement are received from Washington.

The German cruiser Falke and the British warship Tribune, Alert, Pantome and Columbine have arrived.

Astonishment is expressed in government circle here, says the Herald's Caracas correspondent, that nothing has yet been heard of the return of the Venezuelan fleet as stipulated in the protocols. Officials can only explain it as the result of the desire of the allies to assist the revolutionists.

MINNESOTA GETS NONE.

Is Short On Good Federal Appointments.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The Minnesota people in Washington are beginning to wonder where the North Star State is to come in on federal appointments.

It was confidently expected that Senator Nelson would land at least two good positions under the department of commerce just established by congress. Nelson drafted the original bill and pressed it through last session of congress and at this session he secured the anti-trust amendment to the bill over stiff opposition from the trusts headed by the Standard Oil company. The chief of the bureau of corporations goes to Ohio, the son of President Garfield being transferred from the civil service commission to the new department. This leaves another good appointment for President Roosevelt to fill.

There was some talk to the effect that Dar F. Reese is here looking after some prospective position, but Mr. Reese declared positively that he is simply here on a vacation.

It is said today that Congressman Dave Mercer will be appointed fourth assistant postmaster general to succeed J. L. Bristow.

DIED AT ST. CLOUD.

St. Cloud, Feb. 19.—Mrs. A. Tsphunperlin, wife of a furniture dealer, died at noon yesterday of heart failure. She was about 50 years of age. The family is a large one, one of the children being in business here and another in school at Duluth.

CANNOT BE DONE

Corporations Claim City Cannot Compel Statements of Business.

Only Franchise Holders Accepting Under Present Charter Amendable.

Penalties aggregating $17,000 are said to be due the city from corporations holding local franchises and failing to report details of their business in accordance with section 463 of the city charter.

These penalties are increasing at the rate of $1,000 a day but it is extremely doubtful if any of it could be collected without a big legal fight.

Several of the corporations have had attorneys looking up the law since the passing of the Krumsieg resolution by the council, and it is reported that these attorneys claim section 463 is simply an incumbrance to the charter, that it is unconstitutional, inquisitorial, and impossible to enforce.

They say that, if it could be enforced, it would give to charter commissions legislative power not held even by congress. It can only apply, according to the corporation attorneys interested, to such concerns as accepted franchise with an annual publicity provision in it before or after the adoption of the charter.

"Take the Duluth-Superior Traction company for instance," says one of the opposition lawyers, "that corporation was doing business many years before the present charter was dreamed of. Now, the charter comes with a section that says that the company shall annually on the first Monday in February, file with the city comptroller, for public inspection a subscribed and sworn statement of the actual cost of its plant and equipment, the incumbrances, obligations, amount of stock issued, names and addresses of all stockholders, gross earnings, expenses, net income after deducting all proper costs and expenses and in fact every little detail about a big business.

"If a test of this section is made it undoubtedly will be held unconstitutional, for I do not believe that a municipallity has authority to compel even public service corporations to disgorge all the private details of their business."

SANGER ON THE MILITIA

Assistant Secretary of War Tells What He Thinks.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Three years ago William Cary Sanger, then inspector general of the New York National Guard, and now assistant secretary of war, made a thorough inspection of the reserve and auxiliary forces of England and of the militia of Switzerland. The work was voluntary, for though President McKinley greatly desired it, there was no appropriation available and Col. Sanger defrayed his own expenses. The result of this investigation is embodied in a report just issued from the government printing office, which it is thought will become a text book for the military student.

Says the author: "The story of the Spanish-American war has much which Americans must read with pain," and then he tells how seriously the government was embarrassed in its efforts to make use of its cumbersome and refractory state militia.

"If the state forces are maintained with a view to national defense in time of need," continues Col. Sanger, "there can be no excuse for not devising in time of peace the best plan for utilizing their services, and if it is admitted, as it must be, that the army and state forces combined will not be numerically strong enough to carry on any great war, it is our plain duty to decide in advance what is the wish and best plan for expending our fighting force when such action is necessary."

Having sounded this warning, Col. Sanger proceeds to state in detail the result of his investigations in England and Switzerland, the former country being chosen for inquiry because it resembeld the United States in having no system of military service.

JUDGE GARY'S GIFT.

Makes Generous Donation to Northwestern University.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—Elbert H. Gary has made a valuable gift to the Northwestern university law school. It consists of the complete series of reports of decisions of the supreme courts of the chief European countries, including Germany, France, Belgium, Holland, Spain, Italy, Austria and Switzerland. In includes also the various codes of these countries and the chief law journals. To these will be added the similar series of Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Russia, Hungary and the Balkan states.

The Gary collection, which numbers nearly 3,000 volumes, has only one equal in this country, that of the Harvard law school.

"GIBSON GIRL" TO WED.

Will Marry Son of Multi-Millionaire.

New York, Feb. 19.—It is reported that Robert Walton Goelet, 23, the son of the late multi-millionaire, Robert Goelet, is to marry Mrs. Nannie Langhorne Shaw, also 23, and recently divorced from Robert Gould Shaw, a Boston clubman. Mrs. Shaw is the sister of the wife of C. D. Gibson, the artist, and one of a trio of sisters from Virginia known as the "Gibson girls."

"MAKES PROPER DIET" PLEASING FORCE

Your last opportunity in Men's

OVERCOATS AND SUITS

Our Overcoat and Suit Sale this year has been a grand success. But it must end soon. The dollars we cut from the prices have brought the natural and expected results—the Overcoats and Suits have been selling rapidly. The varieties remaining, while not extensive, contain some of the greatest values we offered—and for the man who wants to be well equipped for the remaining cold weather and all that next winter will bring, these coats offer an excellent and economical solution.

Your choice of any Overcoat in the house for

$13.50

$20, $25, $28, $30 Overcoats for $13.50

This mighty sale includes all of our finest grades of Imported Oxford and Fancy Cheviots; Olive, Green and Oxford Vicunas; Coverts and Whipcords; Patent Beavers and Kerseys in the latest styles—Overcoats that are worth and have been selling at $20.00, $25.00, $28.00 and $30.00.

$9.85

$15, $16, $18 Suits and Overcoats $9.85

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The Big Duluth 125-127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

GROCERS IN SESSION

They Are Holding Annual State Convention at Mankato.

Sentiment In Favor of Simon Clark For President.

Mankato, Minn., Feb. 19.—There may be a lively contest on for president of the Retail Grocers and General Merchants' association, now holding its seventh annual convention here. H. J. Dahn, president of the Minneapolis association, has announced himself for president, and President Hanson will probably desire to succeed himself. A sentiment is growing in favor of Simon Clark, of Duluth, who has been vice president for six years. While Crookston wants the next convention, there is some talk of St. Paul or Minneapolis as being more centrally located. Fergus Falls has also been understood to desire the next meeting.

President P. G. Hanson, of Minneapolis, then presented his annual report. He spoke of the fact that the state board of control is buying a very large percentage of grocery supplies for the state institutions from jobbers and merchants of Minnesota, although the association had failed to get its bill to this effect through the legislature two years ago. In no state in the Union are the merchants so well organized as in this. The Retail Merchants' Mutual Fire Insurance company, one of the association's projects, has been a great success, paying 20 per cent to its members the past two years, and will do the same this year. The increase of insurance last year was nearly $1,000,000 over the previous year. The two bills on garnishment and one on gift schemes and trading stamps are pretty sure to be passed by the legislature, as the labor unions favor them. Regarding the state dairy and food department, President Hanson said that the merchants do not know or appreciate the good that it has been to the state, and the grocers and the country merchants do not realize what it has been to have box-car merchants driven from the state. He hoped that resolutions would be adopted along the line of legislation, trading stamps, parcel post laws, bankruptcy laws, pure food, both state and national, and many other laws that will be both practical and helpful.

Secretary Fred Mason, of St. Paul, gave a report on his work as an organizer. He spoke of the friendly relations between the wholesale grocers of Minnesota and the association, and urged the merchants to patronize home jobbers whenever possible. Treasurer Charles F. Rappe, of St. Paul, reported the total receipts for the year $4707.05, expenditures $4877.21.

The report of the committee on finance, read by Charles Fred Lorenz, of Minneapolis, shows the total receipts for the year, $4707.05. The secretary and organizer were given compensation of $2000, and all other bills having been paid, there remains in the treasury $329.84.

In the report of the committee on trade abuses, read by Chairman John J Thomssen, of Minneapolis, they favor legitimate advertising and consider fake advertising a misdemeanor. Short-weight packages were mentioned as a trade abuse, and a contemptible one. The deception may be a small one, but it is a species of robbery that is intolerable. Retail men are imposed upon by greedy, unscrupulous manufacturers and in turn their customers are victimized, and general demoralization ensues. Another very injurious trade abuse is that of cutting prices. A result of the organization has been to relieve this situation to a large extent, and if nothing else has been accomplished through this auxiliary of coinmercial operations, that alone is compensation and sufficient proof of the importance and necessity of harmony among tradesmen.

DESTROYS SLEEP.

Many Duluth People Testify to This.

You can't sleep at night
With aches and pains of a bad back
When you have to get up from urinary troubles
All on account of the kidneys
Doan's Kidney Pills bring peaceful slumber.
They cure all kidney ills.

Mr. Charles Hendee of 1811 Superior street west, night foreman at the Northern Pacific roundhouse, says: "I was troubled on and off for years with pains trough my loins and kidneys. If I caught cold or strained myself the pains became very severe. I attribute the trouble to the heavy jarring I received while a locomotive engineer in years past. If I sat or remained in one position my back became so lame and sore that I could hardly straighten up, and in the morning on rising, I felt tired and unrested. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and determined to try them. Procuring a box from W. A. Abbett's drug store, I used it and was promptly relieved of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, N.Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's and take no substitute.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

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An Independent Newspaper.

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DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room: 324 / Editorial Rooms: 1126

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Six months	.50
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

EVIDENCE OF SUCCESS.

Oshkosh Northwestern: The Duluth Herald gives evidence of its success and prosperity by issuing a handsome souvenir edition of forty pages in honor of its removal to its new building recently completed in that city at a cost of $50,000, including the lot on which it is built. * * * Naturally The Herald is very proud of its new home and equipment, and is entirely justified in feeling that way. The Northwestern extends its congratulations to its esteemed contemporary and hopes for its permanent success and prosperity.

MILLIONS IN LIBRARIES.

Up to date Andrew Carnegie has given $19,630,050 for the erection of 258 libraries and all under his usual conditions—that the accepting municipalities provide a site and undertake to spend 10 per cent of the amount of the gift annually in maintaining the library. Mr. Carnegie, however, is not the only philanthropist who has donated for the public good. The records show that 23 persons in the United States contributed by will or gift $57,396,000 to educational, religious or charitable institutions. John D. Rockefeller gave $1,000,000 to Harvard university, the same amount to the Southern educational movement and $1,226,000 to Chicago university. But his gifts are not remarkable. John M. Burke, of New York, gave $4,000,000 to charity, and W. S. Stratton, of Colorado Springs gave $15,000,000 for the same purpose. Andrew Carnegie's gifts to libraries and colleges totaled $20,470,000. The gifts of other persons than the 23 amounted to over $20,000,000, so that the total for the year reached over $77,000,000, which does not include the $20,000,000 Methodist jubilee fund.

While to many of these gifts some conditions have been attached, there are none equal to the Carnegie proposition. The usual amount required for a site for a $50,000 library in a city that could support one of that size is 10 per cent. In some cities the cost is much greater, but adopting 10 per cent as the basis, it is obvious that Mr. Carnegie has forced the payment of $1,000,000 for sites, probably a few hundred thousand more, but approximately $2,000,000. He has insisted on the annual expenditure of nearly $2,000,000 as a part of the contracts. That is to say, in the short space of one decade the people, who are repnted to be groaning under the burden of excessive and ingenious taxation, will have paid approximately $22,000,000 for sites and for the support of the libraries which stand as a monument to the generosity of Andrew Carnegie.

ASSET CURRENCY.

Republican leaders of congress have about made up their minds that they are not in favor of any currency legislation at this session. While it is possible, even probable, that the Fowler bill providing for a more elastic currency may be called up in the house, there is little likelihood of its passing. While Mr. Fowler still insists that there is a prospect for the passage of the bill at this session, no one else familiar with the conditions existing in both branches of congress and with the feeling toward the bill among the members of the house, has any idea that the bill will pass both houses, even if it should be fortunate enough to get through the house. Some of the leading financiers of the country, who are urging the passage of the Fowler bill, or some measure similar in its purposes, have abandoned the hope of securing the passage of the bill at this session, but they are anxious to have it debated in the house for the purpose of calling the attention of congress and of the country to the need of currency reform.

The disposition among the Republican members who have not made a special study of the Fowler plan is to go slow in currency legislation. Leaders like Mr. Cannon of Illinois are not satisfied that the time is ripe for the adoption of an asset currency system, and will hesitate to support the Fowler bill if there is any prospect of it being adopted. Some of the minority members have taken an active interest in the bill. They profess to see the possibility, in its adoption, of preventing the formation of bond syndicates and the manipulation of government securities by Wall street. On the theory that this may furnish opportunity to strike a blow at the "money power," some of the Democrats are in favor of supporting the bill. But the most that can be expected by Mr. Fowler and his supporters is that the debate in the house will give them an opportunity to fully explain the provisions of the bill and clear up doubts that now exist on both sides of the house concerning certain features of the measure. While there is no doubt that such a measure might prove of benefit, the will of the majority is so set against legislation of this kind that there is no hope for the bill.

THE ALASKAN COMMISSION.

The arbitration of the Alaskan boundary treaty is not an arbitration in the ordinary sense of the word, but merely an offer to get Great Britain to establish her boundary claims as the result of demonstration and conviction under peaceful auspices. Of the United States commission, Secretary Root and Senators Lodge and Turner are slated to be members. Each senator has been so long known in the senate as a vigorous partisan that no suspicion could attach to his motives, and Mr. Lodge as a sentinel always guards everything English, and Mr. Turner, as a leader of the anti-British element in the state of Washington which has threshed out the Alaskan question again and again, could be trusted not to let any amount of argument from the English sway them in the least. Moreover, the courtesy of the senate would come into play at once when it was known that two prominent members of that body were marked for a fresh distinction if the treaty should go through.

The choice of Secretary Root was based on the double ground that he is a careful man and the president's closest personal friend and adviser in the cabinet, and that he is a strong partisan on the Alaska boundary question. He needed furthermore, as something in the nature of a rest, at least a change of occupation, this readversion of his current of thought. The sessions of the commission will undoubtedly be held for a part of the time in any event in England. This would be in the nature of a recreative trip for the secretary, and would give him a chance to spend a good deal of the summer abroad with his family.

Although these nominations have not yet been sent to the senate it is the understanding that those named are to be appointed. These men are well postd on the situation and with them to settle affairs there seems no reason why the United States should not obtain what is its just due.

THE SQUARE RIGGED SHIP.

The day of the square-rigged ship seems to have passed. But few are being built and those now afloat are rapidly being transformed into barges for the purpose of towing from one port to another. According to American Syren and Shipping, last year there were only 360 "square-riggers" flying the United States flag. This included ships, whaling vessels and other barks and barkentines and brigantines. A number of these—the whalers—dated back into the '40s and '50s, and one was put on the stocks in 1835. Separated into their different classes, there were 97 ships with a gross tonnage of 186,766; 151 barks with a gross tonnage of 141,174; 85 barkentines with a gross tonnage of 57,110, and 27 brigantines with a gross tonnage of 10,724. Of the 328 American built vessels, 245 were more than twenty years old. Only 151 of the entire number hailed from Atlantic ports, the remainder hailing from Pacific ports. On the Atlantic coast were 37 ships, 67 barks, 31 barkentines and 16 brigantines. In 1870 there were 731 ships, 889 barks and barkentines and 675 brigantines, making a total of 2295 vessels. The total decrease in square-rigged vessels within the last thirty-three years then has been 1935. Another evidence of the passing of the "square-rigger" is to be found in the decrease in the number coming to New York. In 1900 there slipped in through the narrows 123 ships. The next year there were 106, and in 1902 only 75. The number of schooners which came into the harbor last year was 5992. Practically all the sailing tonnage being constructed in this country is in the shape of this class of vessels.

The passing of the "square rigger" is to be regretted from an esthetic standpoint, for there is nothing more beautiful on the water than the majestic sailing of the big ship with its massive spread of canvas pulling it steadily to its destination.

The budget of the Transvaal colony recently published at Pretoria for the financial year ending June 30, 1903, estimates the revenue at $20,000,000, the expenditure at $18,513,825. The principal receipts are from customs, $7,500,000; from mining, $3,250,000; from stamps and transfer dues, $2,500,000; from railways, $2,000,000. The chief items of expenditure are interest on the public debt, $625,000, and the armed constabulary who police the country, $6,250,000. Two-thirds of this last item will be recovered from the imperial and Orange River colony governments. Hitherto the fear of large impending taxes to cover the cost of the war has discouraged new investments in mining and other enterprises, but the announcement that $150,000,000 is the whole sum to be exacted and that this will be provided by firms interested in the Transvaal clears the atmosphere.

If a fashionable shoe clerk in Philadelphia is to be believed, the swellest of his women customers are now invariably asking for boys' shoes. The masculine styles of women's shoes no longer satisfy them. They must have a shoe made exactly like a man's, and they insist on having the strap at the back left on. This is a fashion that did not come from Paris.

The national museum at Washington has an $1800 place for a "man catcher," but no old maids need apply. He is wanted in the division of physical anthropology and must have experience in collecting and preserving human osteological materials, and in making casts from a living human object.

Of the women inspectors appointed to board ocean steamers in New York harbor two wear divided skirts gathered at the knee, while the third wears under her long skirt, black silk pantalets gathered at the ankle. When they think of their good salaries, even climbing a 30-foot ladder up the side of a moving liner has no terrors for them.

Chicago's aldermen at their latest meeting spurned an increase of pay from $1500 to $3000 and $5000, by a vote of 19 to 46. This, says the Boston Globe, confirms the popular impression that the city fathers of Chicago are altogether altrustic and give their services to the city freely, inspired simply by a feeling of devoted patriotism.

A New York apartment house janitor has been arrested charged with blowing tobacco smoke up through the speaking tubes of tenants who had offended him. He must be a courageous tenant who made the complaint that caused the janitor's arrest.

Miss Goggin is said to be at the head of the movement in Illinois to tax bachelors. Perhaps some bachelor may propose to Miss Goggin and save the rest of the bachelors from taxation.

The president's remarks on the birth rate have caused considerable excitement. One Missouri editor calls for a law punishing landlords who exclude babies and other children from flats.

In the city of New York last year 23,000 families were forcibly evicted because they could not pay their rent. And yet President Roosevelt favors large increases in the families.

The continuance of the statehood wrangle increases the surprise that the Republican congress should be so long fighting one of the planks in the party's national platform.

The agricultural building at the St. Louis fair will cover twenty acres. This is a large amount of space, but the farmers are numerous and will need it.

Although Senator Hanna gave a dinner in honor of Gen. William Booth, he is not going to introduce a bill to pension the members of the Salvation Army.

Senator Morgan's heart may be in the right place, but his course regarding the Panama canal treaty is a mistake.

Macedonia is hoping that it may some day have a Thanksgiving without any Turkey.

Certainly Mr. Bowen has earned every cent that Venezuela agreed to pay him.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

The cold weather has been a great thing for the ingenious and inventive, yes, sometimes festive traveling man.

While the ordinary mortal finds little solace in 20-below weather, this peculiar specimen revels in some ramification of it which leads to a practical joke.

In Duluth the only joke was on the "house," for the men refused to work yesterday, and had they tried, it is doubtful if they would have done any business with the grumpy, half-frozen merchant.

But out in Fargo!

Oh, my!

They had lots of snow out there.

They had lots of fun too.

General Agent M. J. Bryan of the Wisconsin Central road was there. He knows. He went into the main hotel there after he got through business Tuesday afternoon.

He had ambled about three blocks and the mercury was paying demonstrative and amorous attentions to the sweet 16 below.

As he got inside the hotel several old friends stepped up to greet him. They fell back with horror reflected in their faces.

"My G—, Bryan, your nose is frozen," they erled in concert, with commiseration written on each countenance.

There was a big snow bank out in front of the hotel.

Toward this dashed the frightened agent. He had frozen an ear in his youth, and imagined the same feelings returning.

He rubbed his nose hard with the cold snow, and staid out in the cold two minutes.

When he returned there was a loud "ha-ha" from the group of traveling men and they proceeded to lap up some White Seal.

"Oh, I got even," said Mr. Bryan, yesterday. "I waited till some of the boys I knew came in and chased them out. The joke didn't fail once, and those loafing traveling men who refused to get out doors increased the bar receipts at the hotel about $100 that day.

"Of course, you have to be one of them to appreciate the joke, but I have affidavits to show that it was one. For my part, revenge was the only motive for action that I took."

* * *

A new hotel is to be started at Virginia in a few days and Gust Johnson and his sister, Miss Tillie Johnson, are in Duluth now. They are registered at the Hotel McKay and will spend a couple of days purchasing the furniture and supplies for the new house. The hotel will be a welcome factor in Virginia, as it will help to relieve the cramped conditions there. Traveling men returning from the range towns complain loudly of insufficient hotel accommodations at any of the range towns of importance. The transient business is so great in those towns that it is impossible to accommodate it in the present quarters.

* * *

Mrs. H. Ellis, of Toronto, who has been at Two Harbors for a couple of weeks visiting her brother, E. F. Cook, registered at the Hotel McKay today and will start on her way home this evening.

* * *

Miss M. L. Harrison, of Esmond, N. D., is registered at the Hotel McKay. Miss Harrison came to enter a claim in the land office on the property opened yesterday, but she was not here in time to make the stand in the cold. She left for home last evening after filing her claim.

* * *

A. R. Merritt, of Elko, Nev., was in the city for a few hours last evening. He registered at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

Special Internal Revenue Agent J. A. Lawrence arrived here from St. Paul yesterday and will spend a week or two here on business. He is at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

F. B. Myers, of Biwabik, is at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

Charles J. Johnson, of Grand Marais, the head, front and whole thing in Cook county, stopped at the St. Louis hotel this morning on his way home from a trip to St. Paul. Mr. Johnson, who is a hail fellow well met generally, was not this morning, for he retired upon his arrival in the city.

* * *

Edward Fallas, of Grand Rapids, was in a great dilemma this morning at the St. Louis hotel.

He had lost his glasses.

Mr. Fallas is not as bright of eye as he was thirty years ago, and when his glasses are gone he is nervous.

Still he isn't careful about remembering where he puts them, and hasn't reached the stage where he fastens them to his waistcoat by a small rope.

Mr. Fallas rushed up to the desk of the St. Louis this morning.

"Have you seen a stray pair of glasses around here?" he asked Clerk Lewis, who was behind the desk, looked all around back in the compartments and drawers and failed to find them.

"I left them somewhere, and I don't know where. Perhaps you had better see if the housekeeper hasn't found any," suggested Mr. Fallas.

"If she had they would be here," replied the clerk.

Then Mr. Fallas turned to go with an exclamation sounding like "demnation," and jambed his hands down deep into his overcoat pockets.

As he reached the bottom, he uttered an ultant cry.

"Well, bless me," he said, "here they are."

Mr. Lewis was uninterested.

"Well, I never put them there before," said Mr. Fallas as he went into the reading room.

* * *

Edward Hines of Chicago, head of the Hines lumber company who has been in Superior and Duluth looking over his lumber interests since yesterday morning, left for his home this morning, after settling several small deals. He was at the Spalding.

* * *

Thomas V. Bardon of Ashland arrived in the city yesterday and is registered at the Spalding. Mr. Bardon is looking after business interests.

* * *

M. J. Scanlon of Minneapolis arrived in the city this morning and is at the Spalding. He left for a short trip for business purposes this morning, and will return in a day or two.

* * *

The St. Louis hotel billiard room is undergoing elaborate changes and the workmen are now engaged in decorating and refitting up the room. The department will open in a short time under new management.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: S. H. Smallwood, Floodwood; J. J. Small, Bena; H. C. Dwight, Chicago; E. S. Howe, Bessemer, Mich.; Mrs. H. Ellis, Toronto; Fred Johnson, Miss Tillie Johnson, Virginia; S. H. Owens, Eveleth; H. H. Austin, Minneapolis; H. F. Stockley, Silnaw; George S. Sardam, Clinton, Ia.; L. J. Dopking, Grand Rapids; Charles Watson, Tow Harbors; M. L. Harrison, Esmond, N. D.

* * *

Miss Alma C. Hartman and Miss E. M. Baker, two of the young women who filed entries in the land office yesterday morning, left the McKay hotel, where they had been stopping, last evening for their homes in St. Paul.

* * *

At the St. Louis Hotel: Mrs. E. R. Fitch, Gast Samuelson, Magn Eckholm, Two Harbors; Samuel S. Anis, St. Paul; C. S. McKeown, W. E. Dunn, Scanlon, J. J. Howe, Jr., Brainerd, Charles J. Johnson, Grand Marais; G. R. Warmwood, P. J. McLain, St. Paul, L. A. Fletcher, Chippewa Falls; S. F. Wilstrens, Stillwater; R. Tredinnick, Marshfield; A. D. Finnegan, Brillion; C. B. McCall, Charles Brown, Mrs. A. S. Roker, Minneapolis; C. F. Butterfield, Sheldon, Ia.; W. B. Shaver, Virginia; C. J. Whittaker, Buffalo; D. B. McAlpine, W. R. Irwin, Two Harbors; John Yenker, A. A. Westphal, Minneapolis; P. M. McAlpine, I. W. Woodfill, Two Harbors.

* * *

J. J. Home, Jr., a lumberman of Brainerd was in the city today and is registered at the St. Louis.

* * *

At the Spalding Hotel: Mr. and Mrs. S. More, Bismarck; E. C. Dongan, Stevens Point; A. C. King, J. B. Ellwood, Chicago; E. W. Waldo, Boston; Waldo Sweet, Fond du Lac; C. Longerke, New York, P. M. Nuly, A. E. Kribs, St. Paul; M. Von Laesecke, Boston; J. W. Morrison, Minneapolis; H. H. Moisder, Washburn; John Cameron, Chicago; M. McDermott, Ashland; J. W. Seidle, H. W. Johnson, St. Paul; George N. Tibbits, New Orleans; T. C. Prouty, Albion; F. A. rady, Red Lake; Jacob Stern, Virginia; J. E. Lobdell, W. Morton, W. C. McConey, St. Paul; Edmund S. Wood, John O. Wiett, Minneapolis; W. H. Simpson, W. H. Woonier, New York.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 19.—The cold wave has moderated in the western lake region, upper Mississippi Valley and Northwest, but it continues very cold north of the Dakotas. It is somewhat colder in the Ohio and lower Mississippi valleys, and warmer in eastern gulf and south Atlantic states. The line of freezing temperature extends as far south as the 32nd parallel. Pressures are high over Manitoba, western and eastern states, and low near Edmonton. Light falls of snow occurred in the Ohio Valley and eastern lake region and rain near Galveston.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Battleford	-20	Memphis	10
Bismarck	-6	Miles City	8
Boston	4	Milwaukee	9
Buffalo	-2	Minnedosa	-32
Calgary	8	Modena	2
Charleston	34	Montgomery	34
Chicago	-8	Moorhead	-8
Cincinnati	0	New Orleans	44
Davenport	0	New York	2
Denver	16	North Platte	8
Detroit	-4	Oklahoma	8
Dodge City	2	Omaha	6
Duluth	-20	Port Arthur	-14
Edmonton	14	Portland	34
Escanaba	-6	Prince Albert	-32
Galveston	52	Qu Appelle	-20
Green Bay	0	Rapid City	12
Havre	12	San Francisco	44
Helena	26	Santa Fe	16
Houghton	-12	Shreveport	32
Huron	-2	Spokane	18
Jacksonville	42	St. Louis	4
Kamloops	18	St. Paul	-6
LaCrosso	-8	Sault Ste Marie	-10
Lander	10	Swift Current	2
Las Vegas	40	Williston	-4
Marquette	-4	Winnemucca	-2
Medicine Hat	12	Winnipeg	-32

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending 7 p. m. (local time), Friday. Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries and warmer tonight and Friday. Fresh westerly and northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—Wisconsin: Partly cloudy and probably threatening tonight and Friday. Rising temperature.

Minnesota: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with probably snow flurries near Lake Superior. Warmer tonight and in east portion Friday.

The Dakotas: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday. Warmer tonight.

POINTED REMARKS.

Chicago Tribune: Assistant—Here's a book on pyrography. Want anything written about it?

Idiotic Editor—Yes; you might give it one or two short pyrographs.

New York Times: Temperance Lecturer—Oh, my friends, there are some spectacles which one never forgets.

Old Lady's Voice (in rear)—I'd like to know, sir, where they sell them, if you don't mind.

Chicago Post: "A good name is to be chosen rather than great riches."

"Oh, no doubt. But I'll go after the riches first, and strive for the good name afterward."

Washington Star: "Isn't that merely idle gossip?"

"Gossip, my dear," answered Miss Cayenne, "is never idle. It is the most industrious thing on earth."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Dusty makes me tired with his old proverbs. Yesterday he turns to me and says: 'Don't cross a stream till you come to it.'"

"Well?"

"Well, when he came to the stream he fell in."

Philadelphia Press: Rev. Goodman—Really, it's just as easy to tell the truth as a lie.

Gayman—But it isn't so restful. If I had told my wife the truth last night when she asked me what kept me out so late I wouldn't have got a wink of sleep.

Chicago Tribune. Mrs. Ferguson had concocted a cough syrup for her husband. It consisted of a certain Jamaica beverage, with various sweetening and aromatic ingredients, and he was testing it with much fervor.

"Your medicines, Laura," he said, holding out his glass for another dose, "are so much better than the medicines mother used to make!"

WHO GOT THE SNUFF?

New York Sun: The annual report of the secretary of the senate contains the itemized statement of expenditures from the contingent fund, and, as usual, this document is a repository of curious and useful information. Its jumbled pages likewise enshrine some mysteries.

The most pathetic entry is this in the statement of unexpended appropriations: Expenses of senate committee, funeral William McKinley $00.01

One cent left!

The vast extent of the legislative operations of our government is reflected in these specified disbursements, which have an extraordinary range. While it appears that only twelve packs of playing cards and three packages of the game of dominoes were ordered during the fiscal year on account of the senators, they consumed not less than a dozen quarts of hair tonic, costing $29.70 at wholesale; and the generally prevailing conditions of prosperity are indicated by their requisitions for not less than 162 pocketbooks and purses, varying in price from 45 cents up to $38, besides eleven of the so-called mesh bags of gun metal or sterling silver which are hung at the waist, four "beaded bags" and three "wrist bags." Three senators indulged in manicure sets, and one in a copy of Bowley's "Elements of Statistics."

Charged also to the contingent fund is the remarkable total of 9,100 grains of quinine, purchased at different times on the sanitary account of the senate.

But the staggering entry is this:

April 8—Five pounds Copenhagen snuff $3.75

For which senatorial nose?

Peace in Ireland's Affairs.

Philadelphia Record: By way of introduction to the parliamentary debate on the new Irish land purchase bill, which is to be the principal government measure to be discussed at the ensuing session, both sides to the controversy have begun an exchange of amenities. Imprisoned Irish members of parliament are being released from jail as fast as the warrants can be drawn, the proclamation of the crimes act has been annulled and Nationalists and Unionists seem to be vying with one another in the creation of mutual good feeling. When such opposites as Lord Dunraven and William O'Brien have resolved to come together one is justified in the hope that the coming session will bear fruit and that the 500 years' war between Celt and Saxon is nearing its end.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

THE SAVING OF WILL

By Charles Wilkes.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Old Gen. Lawrence was the proudest man in all the commonwealth. Coming from a long line of distinguished ancestors, every generation of whom had stamped the impress of their personality upon the public life of their day, with direct progenitors who had figured as leaders in the Indian wars of the colonists, signers of the articles of confederation, and the declaration of independence, soldiers in the war of the revolution, 1812, and with Mexico, and distinguished statesmen in the halls of legislation and the counsels of the nation; added to this a splendid record as an officer in the great war of rebellion—all these things combined to give the old soldier a pride of family and self and a bearing which, while it may have been at times a trifle trying to the more democratic of his neighbors, was admitted by all to be to a great degree both natural and legitimate.

Hardly less proud and exclusive than the old general was his aristocratic wife, for the Lawrences had ever been mindful of their position in contracting matrimonial alliances and the bluest blood in the state had been passed to their children. The position of the Lawrences was freely acknowledged by their neighbors and the community took a kind of reflected pride in them.

Realizing all this the reader will imagine the shock it was to the old general and his good wife when his second son, Will, wrote him from Cuba that he was about to take unto himself as wife a dark-eyed daughter of that island. It had been with the greatest satisfaction that the old general had seen Will start away in the uniform of a second lieutenant of volunteers at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. Charles, the eldest son, was in Europe on a combined mission of business and health, both of which would have been seriously imperiled by his immediate return, and for some weeks the general had fumed himself nearly sick at the prospect of an American war in which one of his immediate family was not represented. He had been proud indeed when Will, only a lad of 20, had come to him and announced his determination to go to the front, together with the information that he had been elected a second lieutenant in a regiment organizing for the purpose. To be sure Will was but a boy, but he was a Lawrence and the old patriot had sent him forth with tears of mingled pride and tenderness in his eyes. And Will had rendered a good account of himself; had been advanced to a first lieutenancy for gallantry on the field and accorded a captaincy in the reorganized army.

This made the blow so much the stronger.

"Shades of Henry Clay," ejaculated the general, pounding the unoffending floor with his gold-headed cane. "A Lawrence to marry a mongrel Latin nigger. Never, never, if I have to go and drag him home by the scuff of the neck. He is crazy. The long service in that accursed fever-plagued nest of infamy has undermined his constitution and sapped the virility of his mind. He is crazy—that's what he is. I'll have him declared insane and put in a mad house—that's what I'll do. Better a thousand times to endure the thought of a son in a lunatic asylum than as the husband of a mongrel black and the father of a lot of wolly headed brats—a Lawrence, too. It is impossible, that's what it is. I shall proceed at once in the matter."

Mrs. Lawrence, while as greatly shocked and alarmed as the general, was not quite so drastic. The vision of her son in a mad house did not appeal to her as a way out of the dilemma, and Eleanor, the daughter of the household, declined utterly to regard the matter as in so hopeless a vein as either parent.

"Maybe she is a Spanish beauty, with all sorts of aristocratic and even noble blood in her veins," she persisted, "and not a negro at all."

Whereat the general narrowly escaped a fit of apoplexy. He had made up his mind and when a Lawrence had made up his mind that was the end of the matter.

Finally the mother suggested a plan of action. Charles had returned from abroad. He and Will had always been the closest of comrades and friends and loved each other as few brothers do. He was older by five years, and Will would listen to his riper wisdom and larger experience. He should go forth to Cuba on some pretext or other and find means to break up the proposed marriage. It was a delicate mission. Even the general admitted its difficulty. He knew full well the iron determination of the Lawrences, and it had always been his boast that a "Lawrence has never been driven, sir—not a single step; you can kill them, but you can't drive them. No, siree."

So it happened one soft, langourous day that Charles Lawrence disembarked at Havana, presumably upon a mission to secure some transportation franchises for an American syndicate, and hunted up his brother, the captain.

He was received with open arms, and the brothers reveled for several days in their reunion. The elder never hinted at his mission, and when he "talked shop" at all, dwelt enthusiastically upon his franchise quest. If the younger suspected the ulterior design of his visitor he did not betray it.

It was several days after Charles appeared on the scene before he found any sort of opening for the furtherance of his real mission. Singularly enough Will did not mention his love affair or give him any sort of opening, and he hesitated to broach the subject himself. One soft evening, however, after dinner the captain remarked:

"Charley, I want you to make a call with me this evening. I will show you the two most beautiful women in Cuba—in the world."

Acquiescing readily, the two strolled through the better part of the town and brought up at a rather pretentiously built Cuban home of the older type—somewhat run down, but bearing marks of respectability, even aristocracy.

"This is the home of Don Carlos Antonio Silvera," remarked Will. "He is of a very old and very proud Spanish family—of the purest blood, mind you, and for heaven's sake don't forget that point, as he is extremely proud of it. He was formerly away up in G financially, but the revolution and other misfortunes have largely stripped him of his estates. But he keeps up appearances as best he can and is the finest kind of a type of an old aristocrat. And his two daughters are the very flower of the Antilles—especially Julia."

With this preface Charles was ushered into the house and presently was formally presented to the Senorita Julia. He was compelled to admit to himself that his brother certainly had an eye for beauty, for seldom in all his travels had he laid eyes on so striking a girl, so perfect a type of the Latin beauty. Still more was he surprised and taken aback at the high breeding and culture of the fair hostess and her chaperone, the old aunt who guarded her with lynx-eyed fidelity. He was presented also to the master of the house, and was fairly overawed by the dignity and grace of his manner. As he was regarding the senorita with profound admiration and reflecting upon the mammoth proportions his task had suddenly assumed, a curtain was swept aside and a vision appeared before him which drove all other thoughts from his mind and all other objects from his sight. It was another woman very like the Senorita Julia, but very different—more ripened and matured in charm and manner—one of those lustrous-eyed, olive-skinned, voluptuously formed creatures only to be found among the women descended from the pure Castillian blood, and also with a face so alive with intelligence and a head so perfectly formed that he almost forgot the perfection of physical beauty in contemplation of the suggestion of intellectuality.

"Ah, this is the Senorita Rosa," exclaimed the captain. "Senorita, my brother, Charles."

The evening sped for both brothers, the younger being engrossed with his fiancee and the elder finding keen interest in the strange, ardent nature of his sister—absolutely a new type to him.

On the way to the captain's lodgings Charles became conscious of a feeling of distant annoyance in the thought that he was not pursuing his mission with the single-heartedness that he should, and that he had enjoyed the evening altogether too much and did not regard the Silvera family with that aversion which was expected of him. Also he fancied that he detected a note of suppressed glee in the captain's demeanor.

There followed many visits to the Silvera home, and Charles put in many sleepless nights in trying to figure out a plan to break up the affair, but with a growing certainty that he was making a poor job of it and that he cared much more to bask in the sunlight of the Senorita Rosa's lustrous eyes than for expostulating with Will.

Of course the result was foreordained, and that was why old Gen. Lawrence one eventful day received a letter which all but caused the breaking of a blood-vessel and required all the skill of the family doctor to keep him from fading from earth in an apoplectic stroke. It was none other than the announcement that his two sons had been married, respectively, to the Senorita Rosa and the Senorita Julia and begging that he defer judgment until they arrived in America with their wives, when they were sure he would approve of their choice.

And the funniest feature of the entire affair is that he did.

American Charity Going Abroad.

Baltimore American: American charity has again gone abroad and a considerable sum of money has been sent for the relief of the famine-stricken people of northern Sweden. It is hard to understand how such conditions can exist in such a country as Sweden, or how that government, with the aid of others near at hand, can fail to supply all the aid necessary. Americans will not, however, on that account hesitate to help the poor and will continue to help as long as is necessary.

Unfinished Business.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: That fight with insurgents in the neighborhood of Manila, in which an American officer has been killed is an indication that pacification in the Philippines is not yet quite complete. If a fight of this sort can take place within seven miles of the capital of the Philippines, as this did, there must necessarily be considerable disaffection left in the archipelago. That movement of troops to the United States, by which the garrison of the Islands has been reduced to about 20,000, has evidently gone too far.

AMUSEMENTS.

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H. WALTER VAN DYKE'S GREAT AMERICAN PLAY

"Across the Desert"

Magnificent Scenic Production. PRICES: 25c, 50c, and 75c.

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Magnificent Scenic Effects; Startling Electrical Effects; New and up-to-date Specialties. A Heart Story of intense interest.

PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

MATINEE: 25 and 50 cents.

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Thursday, Friday and Saturday

Dick Ferris presents Ferris Comedians in

"The CRUCIFIX"

All new specialties. Extra tonight—the Millar Bros.' famous Diorama. SATURDAY MATINEE, 2:30 P. M. Night prices, 10c, 25c and 50. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c. Carriages 10:30. New specialties.

BECOMING A MOTHER

Is an ordeal which all women approach with indescribable fear, for nothing compares with the pain and horror of child-birth. The thought of the suffering and danger in store for her, robs the expectant mother of all pleasant anticipations of the coming event, and casts over her a shadow of gloom which cannot be shaken off. Thousands of women have found that the use of **Mother's Friend** during pregnancy robs confinement of all pain and danger, and insures safety to life of mother and child. This scientific liniment is a god-send to all women at the time of their most critical trial. Not only does **Mother's Friend** carry women safely through the perils of child-birth, but its use gently prepares the system for the coming event, prevents "morning sickness," and other discomforts of this period. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Book containing valuable information free.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

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VALENTINES *The Uncommon Kinds....*
EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

IN SELLERS' FAVOR

Have Been Past Week's Developments In Pig Iron.

Higher Prices Not Looked For In Near Future.

New York, Feb. 19.—The Iron Age says: The weather is watched with unusual anxiety by iron makers since it may at any time cause serious troubles in the delivery of supplies of raw materials. Developments during the past week have been rather in sellers' favor in pig iron, although the volume of business has been moderate. One lot of 10,000 tons of gray forge was taken in Birmingham, but was followed by the withdrawal of the buyer. Those southern furnace interests which showed a disposition to court business by slight concessions have now stiffened up again. Consumers generally seem to feel confident that the second half will not bring higher prices, but may witness some reaction and there are indications that they are abstaining from covering the pig iron required for contracts for castings closed.

Meetings of outside Lake Superior ore interests have taken place during the last week, but no final action has been taken in the matter of prices.

The steel trade is quiet. There are a number of inquiries for foreign billets and slabs in the market, but buyers and sellers are about $1 per ton apart. Importers state that for the second quarter the foreign steel works show little desire for additional business, so that $28 is as low as they can well sell. Some business was put through in the Chicago district on the basis of $30.75, delivered, for foreign billets. A report is current that a European maker has sold 10,000 tons of four-inch billets for delivery at the Atlantic seaboard.

In bars the volume of business continues at a satisfactory rate. Chicago notes the sale of 2000 tons of foreign 3½x7-inch bars at $1.90 flat deliver . There is also a more confident tone in sheets.

The plate trade shows continued activity. Apparently the central western mills are now the chief sellers, since both in the East and in the Chicago district, local mills are securing comparatively little of the business offered. The quantities purchased are fair, and some pretty good further orders are in the market. Some good contracts have been placed for structural material. The observation is being made that the feeling is developing in the building trades that it is futile to delay work in the hope of a decline in the price of structural material, which continues moderate.

A contractor has secured the work for the water service of Philadelphia, and it is understood that the contract for furnishing the 25,000 tons of 60-inch cast iron pipe and the 12,500 tons of 48-inch pipe has been placed.

WHY BE FAT

When There Is a New Home Treatment That Quickly Reduces Weight to Normal Without Diet or Medicine and Is Absolutely Safe?

A TRIAL PACKAGE FREE BY MAIL.

Don't be too fat; don't puff and blow; don't endanger your life with a lot of excess fat; and furthermore, don't ruin your



GETTING FLESHER EVERY DAY.

stomach with a lot of useless drugs and patent medicines. Send your name and address to Prof. F. J. Kellogg, 97 Kellogg Building, Battle Creek, Mich., and he will send you free a trial package of his remarkable treatment that will reduce your weight to normal. Do not be afraid of evil consequences, the treatment is perfectly safe, is natural and scientific and gives such a degree of comfort as to astonish those who have panted and perspired under the weight of excess fat. It takes off the big stomach, gives the heart freedom, enables the lungs to expand naturally and you will feel a hundred times better the first day you try this wonderful home treatment.

Send your name and address for a free trial package, sent securely sealed in a plain wrapper, with full directions how to use it, books and testimonials from hundreds who have been cured.

Send for the free trial package today. It will brighten the rest of your life.

GOODWIN A DEFAULTER

Damaging Evidence Found Against Man Who Committed Suicide.

Philadelphia, Feb. 19.—Members of the firm of Cassatt & Co., bankers and brokers, charge that Howard T. Goodwin, confidential man of the house, who recently committee suicide in his office, was a defaulter. John Lloyd, the firm's manager, is authority for the statement that proceedings are to be instituted against broker firms with which Goodwin had dealings.

The amount of Goodwin's stock dealings and investments has been estimated as high as a million dollars. Goodwin has power of attorney to sign for the firm, and was in a position to involve it largely in his operations.

The investigation of Goodwin's dealings elicited the fact that he had made heavy purchases of Consolidated Lake Superior company shares. He had also invested in Philadelphia and Arizona mining company. It is reported that he had dealt extensively in securities of the Safety Explosive company of America and that he was a stockholder in the Marles Carved Moulding company.

Expert investigators have gone into his dealings with each of the concerns with which he had business transactions and it is upon this investigation that the suits about to be started are based.

IN WRONG COUNTY.

Some of Apostle Islands In Iron County.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 19.—It has been discovered that all of Outer Island, all of Michigan island and the east four sections of Presque Isle belong to Iron county and not to Ashland county. All tax matters affecting Outer and Michigan Islands and the east third of Presque Isle since August, 1898, are null and void. All mortgages and deeds of every kind, which have been issued and filed since that date in Ashland county, must be filed in Iron county.

The mistake was made by the revisers of the statutes of 1898. Up to August, 1898 all of the Apostle island, except Sand Island, were a part of Ashland county. The revisers in describing the boundaries of Ashland county, took the liberty of using their own language instead of using that of the old statutes. They extended the boundary line from Fish creek, northeast through Chequamegon bay, between Madeline and Bayfield, thence north to the open lake, to an imaginary line on the state line out in the open lake, thence due east to a point directly north of Montreal river, and then south. All east of this line was included in Iron county.

County Attorney Dillon is preparing a bill to send to Madison placing the islands back in Ashland county.

STUDENTS CAUGHT SHOTS.

Invested Money In "Get-Rich-Quick" Schemes

Iowa City, Feb. 19.—Financiering in Chicago "get rich quick" concerns will cause many University of Iowa students to wear sweaters and cut out parties for the rest of the college year. Some of the investors have sunk their all to an extent that may compel their leaving college for the balance of the year.

The opportunity of receiving 4 per cent a month upon their investment was unfolded to the investors soon after the return to the university after the Christmas vacation with the money for the winter term in their pockets. One who invested $200 saw that he could receive $10 per month and still withdraw his capital whenever he chose, which seemed a proportion which would enable him to spend more money than he had before dreamed of.

LULU'S LIFE THREATENED.

York, Pa., Feb. 19.—Miss Lulu Colt, of this city, received on Valentine day, a phial of poison by mail and since has had eight letters threatening her life. The valentine and letters have been turned over to the postal authorities who are making an investigation. Miss Cole thinks the letters were sent by a young woman out of jealousy.

CAREFULLY TRAINED

Is Hermis, the Champion Three-Year-Old Thoroughbred.

May Win Both the Brooklyn and Suburban Handicaps.

New York, Feb. 19.—"If Hermis trains as well this spring as he has wintered, I have not the slightest doubt that he will prove that he is a great horse in the big handicaps. I do not believe at the present day that there is one capable of taking his measure. His most dangerous rivals, in my estimation, are Goldsmith and Heno."

Thus spoke James McCormick, part owner and trainer of the mighty Hermis, champion 3-year-old of last season, top weight carrier in the Brooklyn and Suburban handicaps, and favorite in the winter betting on both of these classics.

"Hermis has wintered exceptionally well," said McCormick to a reporter. "And unless all signs fail he will be a much better horse than he was last season. He has not grown upward, but he has filled out and let down, as horsemen say, considerably. His lack of height is his one great drawback, if one can call it such. He is a big little horse, great in power, substance, speed and endurance, but lacking in height. He is a short coupled horse, with ribs well braced and fitting well into spinal column. He gets ability to handle weight through his medium, closely braced ribs."

"Is Hermis a horse of good temper on and off the track?" Mr. McCormick was asked.

"There is not a better thoroughbred in training. In or out of the stall he is the same, the sweetest horse that I have ever handled. He will do just what you ask him to do. In his stall he is as playful as a kitten and at the barrier as quick on his feet as a cat. He will go up to the webbing and stand there while other horses are fretting and worrying. When the barrier lifts upward, presto, he is away, while others have scarcely moved."

"How will you train Hermis?"

"Well, much depends upon the weather. If we have an open spring, I will not hurry him, but should the weather become bad, of course, I will have to give him a little drilling. I do not care to give a horse like Hermis a hasty preparation, but much prefer to go slowly with him. Horses like Hermis, who feed well, can easily be knocked out, especially by hurried training. More good horses are ruined by rush orders from owners than by hard campaign after they are in perfect physical condition."

"Hermis began his training for the season on Jan. 3. He has received from three to five miles daily under the shed and on the track and roads. This will continue for five weeks. If the track permits, he will get from four to ten miles daily at a canter for six weeks. After that he will receive several miles daily on the track at a 2-minute clip. Next he will speed along several miles daily with a graduating scale, leading up to the racing stage. The last two weeks he will receive, every other day, trials at nearly top speed at various distances from a mile and a quarter to a mile and a half. When his condition warrants it, and I expect he will be ready for mid-summer racing, he will get his real trial for one of the great events at top speed for the mile and a quarter route. By this time he will be in prefect physical condition and during the last three days, previous to his race he will receive a brief respite from fast work in order that he may freshen up."

"How do you treat your horses in the matter of feeding, watering and other stable attentions?"

"The treatment accorded them is much the same, except in the amount of food given to each. Horses possess as much individuality as men and as many caprices as women. When a horse is found that will eat twelve of fifteen quarts of oats in a day in the winter and nine of ten quarts in the summer, without the necessity of pampering his appetite, a trainer thinks himself blessed. But it is more often the case that you will find a horse that will eat you out of house and home in winter and just dibble at his food in the summer. Many horses go off their feed during the training period. This is particularly true during the early stages. The excitement causes them to worry and become fretful and nervous. Some horses train out of this, but more often they become wrecks. It is the good horse that trains out. He it is that winds up the season in glorious fashion and is usually hailed as the champion of the season.

"Such a horse was Hermis last year. Hermis, fortunately, is what horsemen call a good 'doer.' He eats his feed winter and summer without any coaxing and is usually waiting for the next course to come around. In the winter he eats about twelve quarts of oats a day, and in the summer from nine to ten. Besides this he is fed hay, bran, straight timothy, mixed hay and California oats and wheat hay. But of course he does not eat all of this kind of feed at one time. The California hay is very nutritious. It is what bread is to human beings and is worth $5 a bale. Hay, for that matter, is a filler to horses, and they usually get a large quantity of it."

"How do you prepare Hermis on the morning of the day he is to race?"

"If Hermis is to race in the afternoon, he is drawn the night before. To draw a horse means that you take away a portion of his feed. He is not fed so heavily the night before and he is allowed about the quantity of hay. His allowance of water is also limited. In the morning he is given a few quarts of oats, a handful or two of hay and a few swallows of water. He is then taken out on the track and exercised slowly a couple of times around the track. It was the custom years ago to allow a horse that was to race in the afternoon a fast run through the stretch to see if he had his speed, but it is rarely done now, and the speed trials are a thing of the past. When his jogging and cantering are ended he is brought back to the stable, rubbed down with a cloth until perfectly dry and walked around until his blood has cooled, allowed to roll once or twice in the sand, and then put into the stall with a muzzle on him. This last is done to prevent him from eating his bedding. About 11 o'clock Hermis receives two quarts of oats and a few mouthfuls of water. This is done to keep up his strength. He is then ready to race."

"Is Hermis trained much during the hotter summer months?"

"Once he is in condition it does not take much to keep him on edge. If there is an interval of a week or two between his engagements he is jogged along several times each day and then called upon for a good trial the day before his race. Hermis is not a hard horse to train. Last year he thrived on it, and was best at the end of the season."

"How did you happen to buy him?"

"I saw him work a mile and a furlong at Saratoga in 1:51 1-5 with his head swinging in the air. Mr. Bell was anxious to win the Travers stakes, and I told him about Hermis. I found out that R. R. Wilson, Jr., had an option on the horse for three days. At the expiration of that time, Tom Healy, Mr. Wilson's trainer came to me and said they had decided not to take Hermis. So Mr. Bell purchased him for $15,000. He has never lost a race in Mr. Bells colors."

"Which horses do you consider the greatest rivals to Hermis in the Brooklyn and Suburban handicaps?"

"Goldsmith and Heno. Both are in at nice weights, 116 and 112 pounds, respectively. Goldsmith did not show his true form last year; neither did Heno. Both were ailing the greater part of the time."

"You saw McChesney, what do you think of him?"

"He is a good horse, a fine horse, but I don't want him. He would be useless to me. He is not engaged in any stakes here, and his value is lost. Besides, I have four good 4-year-olds. I do not believe it is good policy to keep him in training continuously. The excuse offered is that he is a grass horse and hard to get in physical condition for a race. But I wish to state that there are plenty of grass horses around here and none of them is chasing around for purchasers in the winter. The whole amount of it is that whenever the flour gets low in Durnell and Herz's barrel, "Big Mack" is called upon to replenish it."

"Whenever I compare my horses with the others owned and controlled by my stables I have only this to say, that with a proper amount of racing luck this year I will hold my own with the best."

BACHELORS AND MAIDS

May Be a Blessing, Says Bishop Huntington.

Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 19.—Bishop F. D. Huntington, of the Central New York diocese of the Episcopal church, does not agree with President Roosevelt upon the question of the size of families. Said he yesterday:

"I do not believe the matter of having children is one which can be determined by legislation or ethical rule. It must be left to the conscience and judgment of right-minded people, when such are married, who can say how many children they should have. Matrimony, in my opinion, is not a matter of universal opinion. It may be a duty, it may be expedient, and it may be necessary in a particular case; the will of God has not been revealed to us. In view of some marriages I have known, I am disposed to think that old maids and old bachelors may be a blessing. Some people plunge into matrimony without judgment."

NO ARGUMENT NEEDED.

Every Sufferer From Catarrh Knows That Salves, Lotions, Washes, Sprays and Douches Do Not Cure.

Powders, lotions, salves, sprays and inhalers cannot really cure catarrh, because this disease is a blood disease, and local applications, if they accomplish anything at all, simply give transient relief.

The catarrhal poison is in the blood and the mucus membrane of the nose, throat and trachea tries to relieve the system by secreting large quantities of mucus, the discharge sometimes closing up the nostrils, dropping into the throat, causing deafness by closing the eustachian tubes, and after a time causing catarrh of the stomach or serious throat and lung troubles.

A remedy to really cure catarrh must be an internal remedy which will cleanse the blood from catarrhal poison and remove the fever and congestion from the mucous membrane.

The best and most modern remedies for this purpose are antiseptics scientifically known as red gum, blood root and hydrastin, and while each of these have been successfully used separately, yet it has been difficult to get them all combined in one palatable, convenient and efficient form.

The manufacturers of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, have succeeded admirably in accomplishing this result. They are large, pleasant-tasting lozenges, to be dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching every part of the mucous membrane of the throat and finally the stomach.

Unlike many catarrh remedies, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets contain no cocaine, opiate or any injurious drug whatever, and are equally beneficial for little children and adults.

Mr. C. R. Rembrandt, of Rochester, N. Y., says: "I know of few people who have suffered as much as I from catarrh of the head, throat and stomach. I used sprays, inhalers and powders for months at a time with only slight relief and had no hope of cure. I had not the means to make a change of climate, which seemed my only chance of cure.

"Last spring I read an account of some remarkable cures made by Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and promptly bought a fifty-cent box from my druggist and obtained such positive benefit from that one package that I continued to use them daily until I now consider myself entirely free from the disgusting annoyance of catarrh; my head is clear, my digestion all I could ask and my hearing, which had begun to fall as a result of the catarrh, has greatly improved until I feel I can hear as well as ever. They are a household necessity in my family."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents for complete treatment, and for convenience, safety and prompt results they are undoubtedly the long-looked-for catarrh cure.

MRS. KNOX COLLAPSES.

Is Victim of the Strenous Social Life.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The capital's arduous social life has claimed another victim. Mrs. Philander C. Knox, wife of the attorney general, is suffering from a nervous collapse. Mrs. Knox had been ailing for several weeks. Her physician had ordered the cancellation of every social engagement, including her reception yesterday and a dinner party Friday. He also ordered that Mrs. Knox leave Washington by the end of the week.

The patient will probably go to Atlantic City until she is strong enough for a trip South. Mrs. Knox has been one of the most indefatigable hostesses in the official set.

HETTY GREEN

May Foreclose Mortgage On a Chicago Church.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—Unless the Fifth Presbyterian church, Thirtieth street and Indiana avenue, pays to Hetty Green $15,290.45 within the next eight days, she will advertise the church for sale under a mortgage foreclosure. The decree was entered in Judge Vail's court yesterday. In June, 1891, the church trustees borrowed $12,000 from E. H. Green. The property was then owned by the First Baptist church. Later the Trinity Methodist church obtained title to the property and agreed to pay off the indebtedness. Failing to do so, the Fifth Presbyterian church, a later purchaser, sought to have the lien removed, as it is a cloud on the title. On hearing, Master in Chancery Rogers, found for Mrs. Green's estate.

NAT GOODWIN

Caught By a Gambling Device at Seattle.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 19.—It is positively stated by officials in Seattle that Nat Goodwin and his wife, Maxine Elliott, lost $2000, Marie Irwin Wright $3500 and Blanche Bates $1200 in a "sure-thing" gambling den at the Hotel Ranier Grand, the proprietor of the game, who is under indictment, does not deny they lost, but declares he did not know swindling games were being operated.

Col. Horace B. Dunbar, William Fazon and Mark Hoff have been indicted for conducting swindling games in one of the apartments of the hotel, of which Col. Dunbar is owner. Fazon and Hoff fled across the line to British Columbia, leaving Dunbar to face the charges alone. He has engaged counsel and his attorney will plead that Dunbar was ignorant of the fact that the roulette wheel was controlled by an electric current and that the faro box was a "brace" contrivance designed to rob the unwary who staked their money on the cards drawn. The gambling lobby is so strong in Seattle that it actually had the penalty for carrying on gaming places made a mere misdemeanor. The mayor of Seattle also favors running the place "wide open." It is estimated that the gambling dens of Seattle clear $100,000 a month.

PREPARED FOR WAR.

Russia Has Enormous Stores of War Material.

Sebastapol, Feb. 19.—In view of possible eventualities enormous stores of war material have been accumulated here and are being made ready for instant shipment. It is taken for granted here in the event of a war between Russia and Turkey becoming unavoidable the Russian Black sea squadron will make a demonstration at the mouth of the Bosphorus while the Russian army is being landed at Bulgarian ports of Bourgas and Varna. The changed relations between Russia and Roumania preclude the possibility of a Russian army being allowed to march through Roumania.

Although nothing is admitted officially it is not doubted that Russia was never better prepared for warlike operations on a great scale. The recent reports that four infantry and one cavalry divisions in south and southwest Russia are already on a war footing are confirmed, and unwonted activity at the military centers continues.

The Sunshine of True Health and Life After Years of Agony.

Paine's Celery Compound

Rescues a Sufferer Who Had Given Up All Hope.

The liver, the largest and one of the most important organs of the body, is, to thousands of young and old, a source of suffering. It has been truly said that a diseased liver means physical and mental tortures and dangers. The common symptoms of liver complaint are loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, furred tongue, constipation, impure blood, headache, depression of spirits and a host of other evils.

Are you a victim of liver complaint? Do you experience any of the symptoms noted above? If so, do not fail to make immediate use of Paine's Celery Compound, the only medicine that directly strikes the root of the trouble, and that infuses new life into every inactive organ. Mr. C. U. Beaumont, Memphis, Tenn., gives the following testimony:

"For many years I was a sufferer from liver trouble, and at times endured terrible agonies. My blood was in bad condition, and headache and constipation added to my miseries. The doctors were unable to cure me, and I lost all hope, and at times wished for death. Upon the advice of a friend I commenced to use your wonderful Paine's Celery Compound. After taking the medicine for two weeks I felt very much improved. I have taken in all seven bottles, and thank God, I am today healthy and strong. Paine's Celery Compound truly saved me from the grave. I shall always recommend it."

DO YOUR OWN DYEING AT HOME.

DIAMOND DYES make home dyeing easy; they require only care and the simple following of directions. They give to the inexperienced as good colors as to the expert dyer. Direction book and 45 dyed samples free. DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

WHAT ROOSEVELT SAID

Caused Women to Have a Falling Out.

New York, Feb. 19.—"Did you see what Roosevelt said?" was the question of Mrs. Martin Egan to Mrs. James Collier.

"About what?"

"About the sin and shame it was that so many families didn't have any children."

Under other circumstances the remark might have been harmless. But Mrs. Collier chose to attach personal significance to it, for she is childless, while Mrs. Egan glories in the possession of fifteen young ones. So Mrs. Collier retorted angrily, and Mrs. Egan grew more pungent in her sarcasm, and the neighbors gathered to listen to talk that made coal needless.

The result of the imbroglio of which the president of the nation was the innocent cause, was that Mrs. Egan got a summons for Mrs. Collier, and both women appeared before Magistrate Seller in the Harlem court.

"She was jealous because she didn't have any children," said Mrs. Egan, "and had the audacity to tell me I was not married."

"It's all a mistake," said Mrs. Collier. "Mrs. Egan is a perfect lady, and I always thought so and told my friends so—why, it was only the other day I was talking to ——"

"Discharged," said the magistrate.

PREJUDICE CHARGED.

Canadian Paper Objects to Alaskan Commissioners.

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 19.—The Mail and Empire, the leading organ of the conservative party in Canada, publishes an editorial protesting against the appointment of Secretary Root and Senators Lodge and Turner on the Alaskan boundary tribunal. It says:

"As a member of the United States government it would be too much to expect Mr. Root as a jurist to exclude from his mind all prepossession and sympathies it would be his duty to entertain as a member of the cabinet. Senator Lodge has shown his unfitness for serving on this international jury by his public utterances on the question it has to decide. Senator Turner has publicly stated there is no case for reference. That is, he has made up his mind beforehand. He therefore has removed himself incapable of sitting on that tribunal. To these appointees the Canadian government will, we cannot doubt, make prompt objection and insist that their places be taken by eminent men who are not known to have already prejudiced the case.

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STORIES OF AMERICAN LIFE
By OWEN WISTER

SKOOKUM SMITH AND FRISCO BALDY is the title of the next story in the series that Mr. Wister is now writing for this magazine. Skookum and Frisco are friends of The Virginian, and are the heroes of some surprising adventures.

By WILL PAYNE

TALES OF BLUE RIDGE: Six independent stories, which follow the rising fortunes of a printer's devil, and show how success and fame were won in the early days of the West.

By EMERSON HOUGH

THE LAW AT HEART'S DESIRE: Tells how Justice first got a foothold in a little mining town and how her champion, Dan Anderson, secured the acquittal of his friend Curly, at whose door was laid the sudden death of a pig.

By GEORGE ADE

TALES OF A COUNTRY TOWN: Only a humorist like George Ade could find a village boasting six characters with histories as plausible, and yet as absurdly funny, as those told in this series.

By F. Hopkinson Smith

Another popular contributor to the magazine is Mr. F. Hopkinson Smith. His next tale, entitled A POINT OF HONOR, is a clever, humorous story, which centres around a French duel over an absurd misunderstanding.

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST
Is a Superbly Illustrated Weekly Magazine.
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The Curtis Publishing Company
Philadelphia, Pa.

YOUNGER IS TO RUN SHOW

Considered a Violation of Spirit of His Promise.

Lee's Summit, Mo., Feb. 19.—Cole Younger, the pardoned bandit yesterday confirmed the report that he intends to run a "Wild West" show, saying he had already signed a contract with a Chicago man, owner of a show now whitering in that city. He said that he would be the real owner of the show and that the purchase money had been advanced to him. Younger said he would be manager and ereasmer, but said that he would not show himself in the arena. He said that he was negotiating with Frank James to become arena manager.

St. Paul, Feb. 19.—Attorney General W. B. Douglas, who is a member of the state pardon board, when shown the dispatch from Lee's Summit stated that he regarded it as a violation of the spirit of the promise that Cole Younger made to the board upon its granting him a full pardon.

Contrary to the general understanding, however, Mr. Douglas said that Younger was not by the terms of the pardon forbidden to exhibit himself, or to go into the show business. He was only required to promise not to do so. The pardon itself was practically unconditional, but Younger was required to promise and did promise not to do certain things, namely, not to place himself upon exhibition and never again to return to Minnesota. This promise the attorney general believes has been broken in part, but the state has no recourse and no effort will be made to regain custody of the exbandit.

New Orleans and Return $36.55.

February 17 to 22nd the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, Duluth to New Orleans and return, account Mardi Gras Carnival, for $36.55, tickets good returning Feb. 28th, or by deposit and payment 50 cents return limit will be extended until March 14th. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

FIRST AID TO THE INJURED **Paracamph**
Relieves Instantly, Cures Quickly
BURNS, CUTS, BRUISES,
SORE MUSCLES, SWELLINGS and INFLAMMATIONS.
Good for that Sore Feeling.
IT COOLS, IT SOOTHES, IT CURES.
25c 50c & $1.00 Bottles. At all good Druggists.
FOR SALE BY LYCEUM PHARMACY,
Corner Fifth Avenue West and Superior St.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions,

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains to kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, phsical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES and Newspaper Records will show.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,
No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

A FORECAST MADE

Of the Report of the Coal Strike Commission.

Modified Demands of the Miners Will Be Upheld.

Philadelphia, Feb. 19.—Now that the anthracite strike commission has before it all of the facts and figures bearing upon the great strike, it is possible for one who has followed the testimony closely to forecast some of the more important findings of this most democratic tribunal.

In the original demand submitted to the operators by the United Mine Workers, three propositions were advanced, and these three propositions cover the essential features of the award promised by the commission as it is believed to stand today.

The miners will be awarded a general increase of wages amounting to 10 per cent throughout the region. Concessions and adjustments to be made at each colliery to meet the stipulation.

A workday of nine hours will be made obligatory, the mine workers being especially directed to develop sufficient intensity of labor to keep the output of coal up to the present standard.

Coal must be weighed wherever practicable and all new collieries shall be opened with the understanding that the miners shall be paid by weight.

These findings and awards will be incorporated in the first of the two reports to be submitted to the president. There will be some other general and some local conditions imposed, but none of these will materially change the present general situation.

A second and more voluminous report will give a complete presentment of the whole proposition viewed from every possible standpoint and many recommendations, not necessarily binding upon either party to the controversy, will be incorporated therein. The first report will probably be filed within a month.

It will be observed that the mine workers gain about all they asked in their modified demand.

There will be some difficulty and possibly petty strikes when it goes to the adjustment of this new rate of pay, which, it will be kept in mind, date; from Nov. 1, 1902. This will tax the very best efforts of the officers of the mine workers to preserve discipline during the transition from the old order of things to the new. Discipline is the very essence of the fight made by the operators. In substance, they have inged throughout the years following strike of 1900: "These men cannot control their followers and they won't let us control them."

There is something ominous about the disinclination of the operator to enter into a three-year contract, that is as to wages. President F. Baer says: "I am not a prophet. I do not know what the business conditions of the next three years will be. I am not willing to pledge myself to the payment of wages for three years based upon the existing condition of things. I want some system adopted that will work like the governor on an engine and regulate the speed at which we go. There are sounds from afar that are quite threatening."

The commission will endeavor to prevent petty strikes, by establishing local boards of arbitration.

The decision of two-thirds of such a committee to be final and binding on both parties.

Such a suggestion will be embodied in the report.

Mr. Baer entered no protest against such an arrangement. He did object to dealing with Mr. Mitchell, a soft coal man from the West.

The report of the commission will pave the way to a settlement of the whole proposition.

It will be recommended that the anthracite mine workers perfect an organization apart from the bituminous mine workers, and maintain an autonomy entirely independent of the soft coal men.

This suggests two presidents. It goes further. It suggests Mr. Lewis for president of the miners' organization in the soft coal fields, and D. Nichols for president of the miners' union in the anthracite field, with John Mitchell as mentor for them both.

Incorporation will be discussed in the report of the commission as a general proposition, but it will not be made mandatory upon the union. No man prominently identified with labor unions, as now conducted, can see any good in the proposition to incorporate. They fear the resulting responsibilities and make no secret of it.

In the same way the commission will discuss the proposal to have a joint convention and an annual agreement as to wages. It will not be recommended.

There will be quite a vigorous declaration on violence. It is understood that Gen. Wilson will be up and doing when this chapter of the report comes to be written. He has some other drastic views as to the limit to which violence can be tolerated, and the limit seems to contract every time he thinks about the crimes committed in the anthracite region.

The exact status of the non-union mine workers will be defined by the commission. His rights under the law will be explained by Judge Gray, and Commissioner Wright will have something to say as to his rights as a man.

FIREMAN KILLED.

Fatal Accident on Northwestern Near Kewaskum.

Kewaskum, Wis., Feb. 19.—Contraction of rails, due to the intense cold, is believed to have caused the destruction of a special freight train going south on the Northwestern road yesterday afternoon. The fireman of the train was killed and the engineer and brakeman were probably fatally injured. The dead:

FIREMAN HENRY VANDERBROOK, Green Bay.

Fatally injured: Engineer George Sensida, Green Bay; Brakeman J. W. Ducey, Milwaukee.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.



It feeds the hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor is a hair food. It feeds, nourishes, invigorates the hair. That's why it makes the hair grow, stops falling hair, and keeps the scalp free from dandruff. It always restores color to gray hair, all the deep, rich color of early life. And it is an elegant dressing. $1.00 a bottle. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped my hair from falling when it was so bad you could see my scalp, and it made new hair come in, thick and heavy."—MRS. W. G. HAUGH, Canton, Ohio.

JEFFRIES HATES

Jim Corbett and Therefore He Will Not Box Him.

Says He Prefers to Meet Only Men He Likes.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 19.—"They call him 'Gentleman Jim,'" said Jeffries to a correspondent, in discussing James J. Corbett. "Why, that fellow has done more mean things than anybody in the business. He is less of a gentleman than any fighter I ever saw. He has Sharkey beat a block in education, but when it comes to square dealing, Sharkey towers all over him."

"The dirtiest fight I ever had was with Corbett at Carson City," chimed in Fitzsimmons. "He tried to foul me and used all sorts of nasty tactics that stamp a fighter as a cur."

"I do not think I shall ever meet him," resumed Jeffries, "but if I do I shall knock his block off. When I first came to New York he spread the story that he used to knock me down every morning before breakfast at Carson. A bigger liar never lived. I do not like to fight men I hate. I don't mind scrapping with men I like. I would not mind a finish with Bob, slitting over there across the table, for with a decent fellow I can fight good and hard and be friends when it is all over. But when I get in the ring with a fellow I despise, like Corbett, why I feel as if I would like to kill him.

"In the first place, why is Corbett entitled to a fight with me any more than anybody else is? Secondly, he has not won a fight since he whipped Charley Mitchell. He was twice defeated by Sharkey and once by myself, and Fitzsimmons licked him. It is absurd for Corbett to think of claiming the championship if I do not see fit to accept any challenge issued by him to fight a restricted battle. Nobody can win the championship except by a knockout. That is the way I won it, and that is the way I keep it. Corbett did not win his championship in twenty rounds, and if he had not put Sullivan out in 100 rounds he could have fought on free from interference. He won and lost the title in a finish fight, and he can get it again any time that he can whip me for it in the same kind of a fight. Now, understand me. I believe that twenty rounds is long enough for me to put Corbett out in. But I do not care for any $30,000 purse when I fight him. I will take all when I lick him, and I will lick him good. If I cannot do it in twenty rounds, then I can do it in thirty. If not in thirty, then in forty; but of one thing the public may be sure, and it is sure that Corbett could never knock me out in 1000 rounds.

"I really hope that I may be able to get a bout with Corbett to a finish. Whatever money there might be in the house would be easy money for me. I would just take my time and knock him out, gather in the gate money and side bets and take up my regular way of living the next day as if nothing had happened. For, aside from a cut lip or a bruised eye, Corbett cannot hurt me in a ring. When I found Corbett at Coney Island we agreed on a winner's and loser's end. At the last moment Corbett refused to enter the ring until we agreed to split the purse, which Brady consented to without my knowledge. He has denounced me in the press as being afraid to fight him. Everybody knows that there is not a fighter in the business today, from Terry McGovern up, that would not willingly sign with Corbett, winner to take all.

"I may lose the championship some time, but I'll lose in a battle, and I will never make a present of it to any man whom I fear, like he did to Peter Maher at Coney Island."

"What do you think of the chances of drawing a crowd at Carson"?

"When I fight Jim Corbett I will not be anxious about the crowd. I will fight that windbag, winner to take all, and I do not care anything about the crowd. I do not know whether a big crowd could be gathered at Carson or not."

"Will you meet anyone outside of Corbett in a limited-round bout?"

"Yes, certainly. If an opportunity presents itself and I like the arrangements, I would not hesitate to give Corbett the go-by, for I shall not give Corbett the preference over good, honest fighters. The chances are, though, that I will not fight again until we get back from our European tour. Fitz and I will sail for Europe in June."

Jeffries and Fitzsimmons are angry at stories that were printed in St. Louis and other places that they were carousing. Both insist that they were not dissipating.

Jeffries thinks California is the home of future fighters.

"Good fighters spring up on the coast in a week," he said, "that develop in a month in other places. Eddie Hanlon, the boy whom Young Corbett is scheduled to fight the latter part of he month, is a wonder. He has all of Terry McGovern's ways and a cooler head. Hanlon is a new discovery and a good one. That boy is not more than 18 years of age, yet in his battles he keeps as level as an old-timer.

"With all of McGovern's good points on top of this, there should be nothing but a glorious career in the ring in front of him. He can do 122 pounds, and if he were to meet Corbett at 124 he would whip him, and whip him sure."

EX-CONVICT APPOINTED

Member of Jackson Prison Board By Governor Bliss.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 19.—Thomas J. Navin, of Detroit, Mich., who served a term in the state prison at Jackson, from March, 1885, to December, 1890, for forgery, was yesterday appointed by Governor Bliss, a member of the Jackson prison board, and the appointment was confirmed in the state senate by a vote of 16 to 12. When he was pardoned by Governor Luce at the expiration of the term of ten years, for which he was sentenced, Mr. Navin came to Detroit and entered the practice of law. He was mayor of Adrian, Mich., when he got into trouble, and on coming to Detroit he again went into politics, serving recently for a time as chairman of the Republican city committee. The first suggestion of his appointment to the prison board aroused considerable opposition. Mr. Navin has stated that his life in prison has left him with ideas of reform which he is anxious to work out as a member of the board.

DEATH LURKS IN THE LINES

Strange Taking Off of an Actor and Two Friends.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 19.—Two funerals occurred here last Saturday of well known young men who, two weeks ago at the funeral of Actor Billy Mason, in this city, in an argument which happened to be brought up, took the stand that it did not matter whether a man joked about death or not, that when it came time for him to die he would have to go, anyway; that there was an appointed time for everybody to die, and they would shuffle off the mortal coil no sooner or no later.

Those men were John Jordan, for several years stage manager at the Star, this city's leading theater, and William H. Guinea, a politician. The argument in question was precipitated by Judge Murphy of the police court. Mason had been playing in the part of the undertaker with Rose Melville in "Sis Hopkins." In this part his lines made light of death. In fact, when John R. Sterling of this city, Rose Melville's manager, was asked for the lines that they might be reproduced, he said that they were not in the play as originally written; that they consisted almost wholly of odd epitaphs from tombstones.

Stewart Murray, a Buffalo actor, had created the role of the undertaker and the song "More Work for the Undertaker" was written for him. He died a few months ago and "Billy" Mason, also of this city, was engaged for the part. Mason died a few weeks ago and Jordan and Guinea were pallbearers at his funeral. On the way out to the cemtery they laughed at other of the pallbearers who were arguing that because Murray and Mason had burlesqued death they were stricken down the sooner.

"That was a funny line Billy used to say," said Guinea.

"What line?" asked Jordan.

"The one in which the villager asked him what he was so glum about."

"'I was a-goin' to have a funeral today,' Billy would say, 'but the durned galoot didn't die,' and everybody would laugh."

"Yes, and they'll laugh when you die," said Jordan.

"You're next on the list," said Guinea.

They made as light of death almost as did either of the departed actors in their lines as the "Sis Hopkins" undertaker.

Jordan soon after was afflicted with gastritis and died last Friday afternoon. His brother, going to Guinea's home to notify him, discovered crepe on the door. Guinea had also died from a cold that he had contracted at the funeral.

VANDERBILT PROVES ALIBI

Was Not In Automobile Driven at High Speed.

Paris, Feb. 19.—The hearing on the appeal of W. K. Vanderbilt, who was sentenced in default last year to two days' imprisonment on the charge of driving an automobile at excessive speed in the Champs Elysee, was resumed yesterday. A chauffeur named Coubac who ran the machine at the time, testified that Vanderbilt was not in the automobile, that its only occupant was the duke of Marlborough and himself. An affidavit of the duke of Marlborough to the same effect, taken before the French consul in London also was introduced.

An amusing scene occurred when Coubac finished his testimony. The justice said that in view of the evidence it seemed proper that the chauffeur should be brought before the court as the accused, instead of as a witness, and he asked Coubac if he wished to change places with Mr. Vanderbilt, so that the two days' sentence standing against Mr Vanderbilt could be transferred to him. Coubac protested energetically, declaring he had come before the court as a witness and not as an accused person. But the judge insisted upon the transfer, whereupon counsel for Vanderbilt also interposed a strong protest.

"I insist," he said, "that there be a definite decision whether my client is guilty or not guilty. I am opposed to any transferance of the sentence."

The judge then announced the adjournment of the case until March 18, saying that Coubac would be cited then not as a witness, but as the accused.

UNPRECEDENTED.

Prosperity Shown By Bank Statements In California.

San Francisco, eb. 19.—The final statistical statements for the bank commission for Jan. 1, 1903, shows a state of financial prosperity in California that is believed to be unprecedented in the history of the nation. There are nine savings banks in San Francisco with deposits of $144,284,236.79 and 173,576 depositors, having an average deposit of $831.24. In the fifty-two interior savings banks $53,[illegible]277 is deposited. These 61 savings banks of the state of California aggregate the grand total of $198,012,512, distributed among 284,952 depositors, with the unparalled average of $694.89 per depositor.

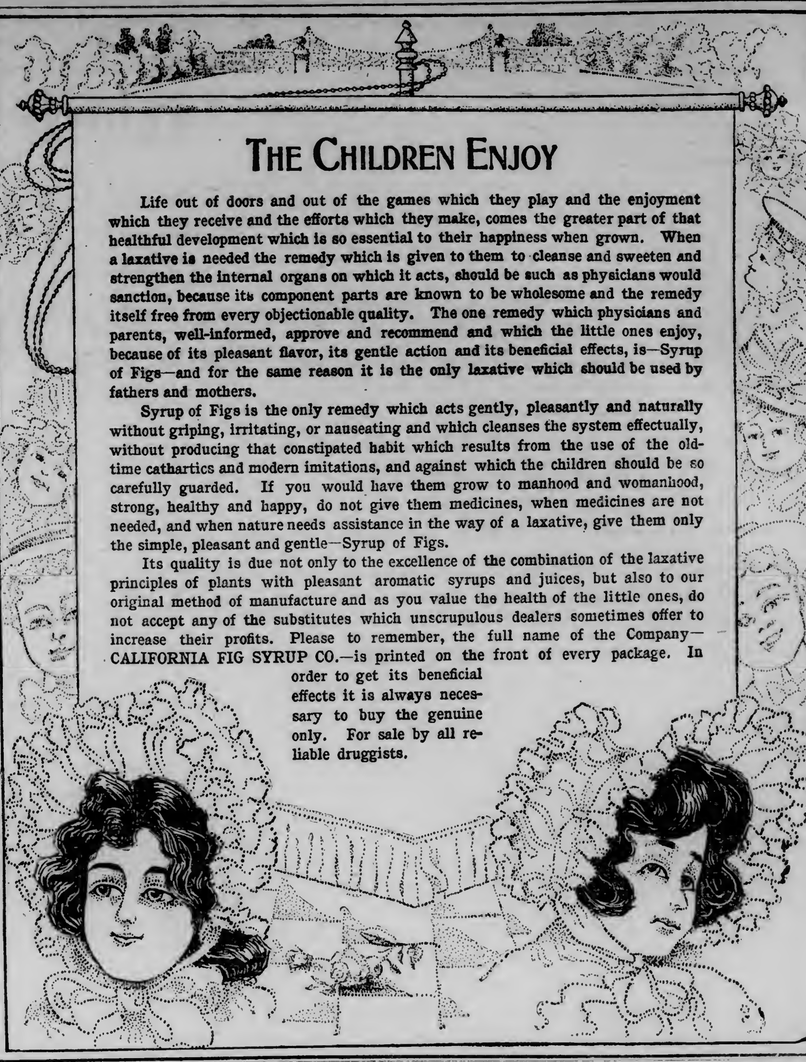


THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only. For sale by all reliable druggists.



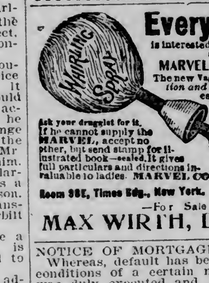
Steel Ceilings
ARE THE CHEAPEST IN THE LONG RUN.

We make them and carry a large stock. Call and see the handsome patterns or write for our ceiling catalogue.

Steel, brick, stone, weatherboard siding, corrugated iron, steel roofing, etc. Painted and galvanized.

Cornices, skylights and sheet metal work of all kinds. Pitch and gravel roofing. Call or write for prices.

Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.,
126-28 E. Superior St., Duluth.



Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection over Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 98E, Times Bdg., New York.

—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Charles J. Fredrickson (or Fredrikson) and Clara M. Fredrickson (or Fredrikson), his wife, J. F. (or John F.) Fredin and Anna Fredin, his wife, and C. W. Wilson and Augusta Wilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank L. Murray, mortgagee, bearing date April fifth (5th), 1894, and which was duly recorded in the register of deed's office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April tenth (10th), 1894, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty (80) of Mortgages, on page four hundred eighty-four (484); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from April 5th, 1894, and also in the non-payment of taxes upon the premises described in said mortgage for the year 1894 and subsequent years, which said mortgagors had covenanted to pay in said mortgage, but which became delinquent, and which said mortgagee was compelled to pay, and did pay, as follows. On April 28th, 1899, the sum of $21.96; on May 31st, 1899, the sum of $8.79; on May 31st, 1900, the sum of $7.78; and on May 31st, 1901, the sum of $8.25; no part of which principal, taxes, or interest thereon has ever been paid.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of two thousand one hundred sixty-eight and 51-100 ($2168.51) dollars, principal, taxes paid, and interest;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered forty-nine (49), in block fifty-seven (57), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; also lots numbered seven (7) and eight (8), in block six (6), in Martin's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and said taxes and interest thereon, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 4th, 1903.

FRANK L. MURRAY,
Mortgagee.

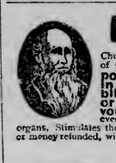
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-5-12-19-26-March-5-12-1903.

Hear Ye! Hear Ye!



All good citizens will hereafter purchase their lumber and mill work of the

SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN
Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Energy, Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50 CENTS. 6 for $2.50 by mail. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

BIG Buck CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

FREE TO WOMEN
WILCOX TANSY PILLS
For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 days. At druggists, or by mail. Price $2. Free trial of "Tansy" and "Woman's Safe Guard" for 10c. "Address"
WILCOX MEDICAL COMPANY,
329 NO. 15TH ST. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Rufus C. Jefferson, Plaintiff,
vs.
John A. Coke and Emma Coke, his wife; Westmoreland D. Davis and Marguerite Davis, his wife; Walter S. Lefevre, Catherine L. Lefevre, St. Paul Land Company, a corporation; Lelia Winston, Rosalie W. Rutledge and Arthur M. Rutledge, her husband; Joseph P. Winston, and Susan Winston, his wife; Harry B. Winston, Charles P. Winston, Cary Winston, Richard Winston, Mary Winston, Joseph I. Winston as trustee of Charles P. Winston; Lucy Gray Harrison, Louise H. Harrison, a minor; Edward P. Alexander and Agnes Alexander, his wife; Jean Coulter and the unknown heirs of Jean Coulter; and all persons unknown, having or claiming any interest in the lands described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

Notice of application for appointment of Guardian ad litem.

To Louise H. Harrison and Ada Lefevre, minors:

Take notice that an application will be made to the said district court of St. Louis county, Eleventh judicial district, at a special term thereof to be held at the court house in the city of Duluth, Minn., on the 14th day of March, 1903, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock, for an order appointing some suitable and competent person guardian ad litem for you and each of you, as defendant herein and as having an interest in the lands described in the complaint herein, and authorizing and directing him to appear and defend the above entitled action in your behalf, and for such other and further relief as may be just.

Dated February 2nd, 1903.

RUFUS C. JEFFERSON,
Plaintiff,
By J. B. RICHARDS, His Attorney.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 12-19-26, 1903

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, with a power of sale therein contained, duly executed and delivered by Charles Schiller and Louise Schiller, his wife, and Edward Howard, unmarried, mortgagors, to Security Insurance Company of New Haven, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 22nd day of March, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of March, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 125 of Mortgages, at page 45; and,

Whereas, said mortgage and the note thereby secured were, by an instrument in writing, bearing date the 8th day of January, 1903, duly assigned by said Security Insurance Company of New Haven, Connecticut, to Theodore T. Hudson, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, 1903, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 199 of Mortgages, at page 26; and,

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the note which said mortgage was given to secure; and, whereas there is claimed to be due, and there is actually due on said note and mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of $3475.00, principal and interest, and $75.00 attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof; and, whereas, no action at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of said default, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot five (5), in block fifty-six (56), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds of said Saint Louis County, which said premises, with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest, and $75.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 26th day of March, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of said sale as allowed by law.

Dated, Duluth, Minn., February 4th, 1903.

THEODORE T. HUDSON,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES A HANKS,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb.-5-12-19-26-March-5-12-1903.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS urgent monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at B. F. Boyce, druggist, 332 West Superior st., Duluth.

WEAK WOMEN.

CONSTIPATION STARTED YOUR SUFFERING, CURE IT AND YOUR AFFLICTION WILL VANISH.

Mull's Grape Tonic Cures Constipation.



When the bowels move irregularly the entire bodily system must suffer. Constipation more frequently occurs among women and it manifests itself in provoking profuse leucorrhea and other serious female diseases. Regular bowels will result in a complete cure when you use Mull's Grape Tonic. Unlike pills and ordinary cathartics, this remedy is a mild, gentle laxative in addition to being a greater flesh-builder, blood-maker and strength-giver than cod liver oil or any other preparation recommended for that purpose. Mull's Grape Tonic will permanently cure the most obstinate case of constipation, and the numerous afflictions that invariably follow in its wake. No matter if it is piles, liver complaint, kidney disorder, vertigo, palpitation of the heart, diarrhea or the self-poisoning which follows when the undigested food remains in the bowels where it putrefies and empties highly diseased germs into the blood, such as typhoid and malaria, Mull's Grape Tonic will positively cure. Large sample bottle will be sent free to any address on receipt of 10 cents to cover postage, by the Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ill. Send name of your druggist. All druggists sell Mull's Grape Tonic at 50 cents a bottle.

Druggists Suppiied by Leithhead Drug Co.

THE INHERITANCE TAX.

(Continued from Page 1.)

of the bill, Mr. Tighe, of St. Paul, Mr. Haugland, of Chippewa county, and Mr. Shearer, of Hennepin county, talked for the bill. Mr. Fryberger, of Hennepin county, thought the tax ought to go to the county in which the property is located. He said that it was notorious that the gross earnings tax law is grossly unjust to the municipalities, and to pay the inheritance tax to the state would be along the same line. He offered amendments to carry out his idea, but though they were manifestly fair, the country would not stand for them, and they were voted down. Mr. Anderegg, Mr. Perley and Mr. Cole spoke against the bill, claiming that it was double taxation.

Mr. Hugo offered an amendment cutting the rate on bequests to lineal heirs from 1 per cent to one-quarter of 1 per cent, but it was voted down. Mr. Ouon Wald, of Goodhue county, offered another amendment making it one-half of 1 per cent, but this shared the same fate.

When it came to a vote the bill was passed by a vote of 77 to 28.

* * *

The Thorpe rebate bill, introduced in the senate yesterday, is probably the most important bill of the season so far. It seeks to down trusts and the throttling method of destroying competition, and its provisions are most drastic. Every deal in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a line of $5-00 or imprisonment for one year, or both.

Anybody that monopolizes or tries to monopolize any part of the trade of the state is guilty of a misdemeanor, with the same punishment as above.

Any property owned by any combination or pursuant to any conspiracy to monopolize shall be forfeited to the state.

After June 30, 1904, no concern whose stockholders are not personally liable for their debts can do business unless it files a sworn statement by Sept. 15, 1904, with the secretary of state, and annually thereafter, setting forth information under the following heads: Amount of capital stock; market value thereof; amount paid in cash and if not all paid in cash what has been received in lieu thereof; names of officers and agents, amount of dividends, rate of percentage and time of paying same; all stock of any other concern owned by it. It must also file before June 30, 1904, an undertaking to comply with this and other laws and an acceptance of this act.

The attorney general is empowered to demand any statement he may see fit at any time, and he is especially permitted to call for a list of all transactions had within a year previous in which the concern has sold any article or carried any article at a rate less than the ordinary market price. If such article had been sold or carried by any other person than the party to such transaction. The attorney general may further inquire the reasons for such distinction and the circumstances attending the same.

Any concern that tries to drive another out of business, or shall for that purpose sell any article upon a condition that it shall not be sold again by the purchaser, or restrain such sale by the purchaser, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by the same fine and imprisonment as above.

No concern shall do business in the state a majority of whose stock is owned by or controlled or held in trust for any concern which violates this act or does anything that would be prohibited by this act if the business were so conducted within this state.

All the books and papers of every such concern is subject to inspection by the attorney general, and he may compel the person to make any further returns he sees fit.

Any officer of such concern who does anything in its behalf forbidden by this act or who takes part in it in any way, shall be liable to the same penalties.

No concern violating these provisions can do business in the state after June 30, 1904.

Any concern or officer thereof who shall remain in business in violation of this act after June 30, 1904, shall for each offense, in addition to such penalty for contempt as the court in case of disobedience to its lawful order shall direct, be liable to the same punishment as above.

Every officer of such concern who violates or helps to violate this law, shall be personally liable for all the obligations of such concern incurred during his term of office.

It is unlawful for anybody to offer or solicit, give or accept any rebate, concession or service in respect to the transportation within this state by any common carrier, whereby such property shall by any device whatever be transported at a less rate than that named in the published tariffs, and violation of this provision is punished by a fine of not less than $5000, with no minimum.

Any concern soliciting, accepting or receiving any such rebate cannot have its goods transported in the state, and the same is true of any concern that offers, grants or gives any special prices or inducements in order to destroy competition. Any transportation company or officer that carries such prohibited goods is to be punished by a fine of not less than $5000.

The courts of record are given authority to restrain all violations of this act and especially the giving or taking of rebates, and special prices to kill competition.

Anybody that is injured by anything forbidden in this act, can sue and recover three-fold damages and costs.

Cases brought under the law are given precedence over all others, and no person summoned to give testimony shall be excused on the ground that the testimony would incriminate him. Anybody refusing to make returns of books or papers is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $500 to $5,000. Swearing to a false return is perjury, punishable accordingly.

* * *

L. M. Willcutts and W. E. Richardson were Duluth visitors at the capitol yesterday. J. L. Washburn, the new member of the state normal board, was also down, in attendance upon his first meeting of the board.

* * *

Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson is an uncommonly handsome and prepossessing individual, and his pictures do not do him justice. Many have acquired prejudices against him from one reason or another, but when he strode up the central aisle of the house yesterday, straight, erect, clean-cut and every inch a man and soldier, he made a great hit, and the applause that greeted him was spontaneous, hearty and sincere. He has a particularly fine face and head, and it is not at all surprising that he should have been called upon by susceptible females to do his duty as an osculator.

After his speech he held a reception, and the whole legislature filed by and shook him by the hand. When Dr. J. D. Budd, of Two Harbors, reached him, the hero of Santiago immediately remarked that he had seen him before, at the Charleston exposition about a year ago. It was true, but it was rather a remarkable feat of memory in a man who meets so many.

* * *

Senator Hawkins returned from Florida yesterday, coming from the balm and bloom of the Southland to the bitter breezes of St. Paul. He reported O. D. Kinney as enjoying excellent health and having an excellent time.

* * *

Speaker Babcock reminded many of the members that the time for real hard work is at hand yesterday afternoon, when he said that hereafter he must insist upon all members that intended to be absent must get excused. He said business would be lively henceforth, that there would be many calls of the house, and that it was necessary that the officers of the house should know where the members were in such events.

* * *

A bill introduced in the house yesterday by W. A. Nolan permits owners of land along rivers navigable only for logs to build dams to improve navigation, to develop water power, to supply water to municipalities or for any other lawful purpose, providing that sluices must be built to permit the free passing of logs. The right of eminent domain is given so that the builder can acquire what land is needed to make his dam a success.

A bill was introduced in the house yesterday by a country member to make the legal rates for publication of notices 50 cents for the first insertion and 20 cents for each subsequent insertion.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

What His Wife Says.

"My wife says: 'Nothing will do but Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.'" says H. W. Dockham, publisher of the Gazette, Lindsay, Cal. There is many another good wife of the same opinion. The quick relief which this remedy affords in cases of coughs, colds and croup, and the fact that it is pleasant and safe to take makes it a favorite everywhere. For sale by Boyce's drug store.

WHAT IS ECZEMA?

IT IS THE ITCH-KING OF THE BLOOD!

We Cure the Disease in the Young and Old, or Make No Charge.

DO YOU WANT TO BE CURED?

The prevalence of Eczema among the young and old is due to the introduction of poisonous matter in the blood. Those pimples, sores, and eruptions upon the face, neck and body are all due to the same cause. It is a waste of time and money to attempt to cure such a condition by doctoring the skin. The seat of trouble is in the blood. A specific course of MEDERINE will open the natural channels of the system and promote a drainage of the impurities of the blood, which will filter, cleanse and purify it so that no form of eruption upon the skin can appear. MEDERINE is the only Guaranteed Cure for Eczema and all blood impurities. It stands alone today upon its own merits and challenges the world for a specific blood purifier like it. Every bottle of MEDERINE is sold on the positive and absolute guarantee that if taken as directed in the regular course of treatment it will cure you or every dollar expended for it will be promptly refunded. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing cures mailed free.

ECZEMA IS A LIVING FIRE.

to the skin, and the blood fires the skin with the fuel of its impurities, removes the impurities and the trouble passes away. MEDERINE is a specific blood prescription that cleanses, filters, and purifies the blood of every possible taint, and quickly and permanently cures Eczema. Thousands of Chicago's well known citizens have been cured by the MEDERINE treatment after all other remedies had failed.

Price $1 Per Bottle--Six Bottles for $5.00.

Sent express prepaid if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

For Sale and Guaranteed by

Max Wirth, 18 W. Superior St. | Wm. A. Abbott, 201 W. Superior St
Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Sup'r St. | S. J. Nygren, 2232 N. 55th Ave. W.
Lyceum Pharmacy, 12 W. Sup. St. | Emile Peterson, 19. & 21. Aves. W.

Two Harbors Drug Co; W. E. Elfstrand, Two Harbors; A. S. James, Ely Soderegren's Drug Store, Virginia; Eveleth Pharmacy; Eagle Drug Store and The Globe Drug Co., Hibbing; M. A. Hayes, Druggist, Chisholm; City Drug Store, Hibbing, Minn.

SEEKING A PARDON

For William Kent, Serving Thirty-Five Year Sentence.

He Killed a Brother Who Had Nearly Killed Him.

Carlinville, Ill., Feb. 19.—An effort is being made by W. F. Bonham, attorney for William Kent, now serving a 35-year sentence in the Chester penitentiary for killing his brother, to have him pardoned. He is also investigating the settlement of the estate of Kent's father to see what is still due the young man.

Perrin Kent, an old and sturdy farmer of Macoupin county, died Feb. 22, 1900, at his home between Girard and Virden. He was wealthy in a moderate way, and in his will he decreed that his estate should pass to the mutual possession of his wife and his son, Will, with the additional proviso that in the event of the death of his son before the mother the estate should be sold and the money utilized in establishing a Kent library at the Virden High school.

There was another son, Noble, then 32 years old, but the old man did not mention him in the will save to provide that $500 should go to "Noble's child Leslie." The father had done with Noble years before. The boy was the black sheep of his little flock. He was worthless, wicked and incorrigible from childhood. The record of his youth was a story of wickedness and petty crime, and the story of his young manhood was worse.

When not more than a boy Noble went away. People heard nothing of of him for years, and then it became known that Farmer Kent was in great trouble and spending much of hard-earned wealth buying liberty for Noble. His boy, who was far away in the West, had killed a man.

After the news that the boy was free again, nothing was heard of him for another interval of years. Then he returned to the home. He was a man then, a wicked, criminal fellow, and his brother Will, eight years his junior and a gentle, manly fellow, shrunk from him and feared him so that shortly after Noble came Will left the home and went away.

From home Noble went to Virden and ostensibly ran a hotel with gambling rooms and otherwise of questionable character, in a property given him by his father. The grand jury indicted him for this, and he went to Peoria.

But when the father died Noble reappeared at the home. He wanted to see the will, and he terrified the household.

The day of the funeral he became so ugly that Will Kent came to Carlinville with the will and remained away from his father's funeral because of his fear that Noble would kill him. Meanwhile Noble learned that his father had bequeathed him as his share of the estate only the unpaid notes which represented his borrowings through many years. He demanded of Will that he divide with him and Will refused. Three weeks after the funeral Will and his mother sat at the supper table at the home. Noble Kent who had continued loafing around the place, making threats and demands, slipped up at the window.

Murder was in his wicked heart. If he could not have his father's wealth his brother could not have it.

While Will sat in his chair he fired a shot through the window and fled. The bullet struck Will in the head. For weeks the young man lingered between life and death, but finally recovered, although the bullet is still in his brain and physicians say it has made him partially insane.

Nearly a year later, December 3, while Noble, in charge of the sheriff, was being taken from Springfield to Carlinville, William boarded a train and shot Noble, killing him instantly.

After Noble shot Will a reward of $250 was offered for his capture. He was caught in September, but the Springfield police would not turn him over to the Macoupin county authorities until the reward was paid, holding him on petty charges. Noble had been indicted for assault to murder by the Macoupin county grand jury, the same which investigated the Virden plot.

Sheriff Davenport went to Springfield in compliance with a letter from Will, who stated that he had sent the $250 to the Springfield authorities, and the prisoner would be turned over. He reached Springfield at noon, the prisoner was turned over to him, went willingly, and was driven to the Chicago & Alton depot.

The train left Springfield at 4 o'clock. The sheriff placed his handcuffed prisoner in the front of the smoker behind a stove, and sat in the next seat in close guard. All went well until Girard was reached. The train only stops there for the crossing and to coal.

The interval was barely a minute, but in that brief period, Will Kent ran from behind some small buildings, boarded the front end of the car in which the sheriff and prisoner were seated, and without warning shot Noble, crouched in the seat, handcuffed and helpless, six times.

The murderer's aim was deadly in accuracy, for three bullets pierced Noble's brain. He never spoke.

When the first shot was fired the sheriff leaped out of his seat, crying "don't don't, Will, for God's sake, don't shoot," but the deed was done quickly, and the murderer swung himself from the car, ran and escaped in the darkness.

He was captured some weeks later and when his trial came up, pleaded guilty. Under the circumstances, he was let off with a penitentiary sentence.

Judge Bonham says there is less than $1175 due Will from the estate, the balance having been expended in court costs attorney's fees, etc., $1500 having been drawn by Will while he was executor of his father's estate, which he offered and paid for the arrest of Noble when he was at large. The case is one of the most notorious in Macoupin county, and the people generally will watch the pardon proceedings with great interest.

CAST AWAY THEIR SCHOONER.

St. Johns, N. F., Feb. 19.—Alder Nicholls, former master of the British schooner Bessie Dodd, and George Jerrett, the shipper of her cargo of fish, pleaded guilty yesterday to casting away the schooner on the Labrador coast last October to defraud Lloyds of $40,000 insurance. Both were sentenced to four years' penal servitude. Nicholls hails from England and was extradited from that country in January. Jerrett belongs in Newfoundland.

"In the elder days of Art
Builders wrought with greatest care
Each minute and unseen part"
—Longfellow

The tradition of these mediæval craftsmen has been kept alive by the

GORHAM CO.
Silversmiths

every part of whose productions is finished with the most loving care. This union of old-world earnestness with modern methods gives to Gorham silverware its peculiar significance. The smallest piece is as carefully wrought as the most elaborate, and all are of the same high standard quality of silver.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep Gorham Silverware

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Ontario Lumbermen's association has adopted a resolution condemning the proposed export duty on pulp wood by the Dominion. No export duty, the resolution declares, should be placed on any product of the forest.

Orlo G. Pepper, a freshman dental student in the University of Michigan, shot himself through the brain Wednesday, dying instantly. A letter was found bidding goodbye to his widowed mother, and signed, "I am insane." Pepper had been reading up on suicide until he became a maniac on the subject. His home was in Ann Arbor.

J. D. McDonald, an old wood hauler of Missoula, Mont., claims that he is the owner of the celebrated Wind Cave in South Dakota. He states that many years ago he filed a homestead entry to the land, but was refused a patent after he had expended many thousands of dollars on the ground. He declares he was offered $200,000 for the cave.

The residence of C. A. Robinson at Caps, Texas, was burned late Tuesday night, his sixteen-year-old daughter and two young sons perishing. Miss Robinson had an opportunity to escape, but tried to save her brothers.

Four battleships of the North Atlantic squadron, the Kearsarge, Iowa, Illinois and Massachusetts, and the paysship, Prairie, arrived off Galveston Wednesday evening. They will come into the harbor and anchor in Bolivar roads. The Maine will join the fleet there.

A wrecked houseboat floating in the Tennessee river near Livingstone Point, three miles above Paducah, was caught Wednesday afternoon and found to contain the bodies of three people, a man, woman and a child.

David James, aged 76 years, who last August shot and killed his son John, was found guilty of murder in the second degree by a jury in the circuit court, at Muskegon, Mich. Jealousy was responsible for the crime. The son and Lucy Lewis, who had been the elder James' housekeeper for several years, were in love with each other, and the father became insanely jealous as a result, and shot John.

COCAINE PARTIES.

Dangerous Fad In Vogue With Mississippi Negroes.

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 19.—Cocaine parties are now all the rage among the negro folks in Jackson.

The first party was held several weeks ago and since that time it has been steadily growing in favor as a form of entertainment.

It generally takes about $5 worth of the drug to entertain a party of ordinary size. The guests are required to chip in and defray the expenses, the assessment usually ranging from ten to fifty cents, according to the number present.

The cocaine gatherings, or "sniffing parties," as they are becoming to be known among the darkies, outdo in debauchery a Bacchanal revelry of the worst sort, and the alarming increase of the habit among the negroes of Jackson is causing much comment.

The darky whose hide is filled with cocaine is far more dangerous than if loaded with mean whisky.



Miss Alice Bailey, of Atlanta, Ga., tells how she was permanently cured of inflammation of the ovaries, escaped surgeon's knife, by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I had suffered for three years with terrible pains at the time of menstruation, and did not know what the trouble was until the doctor pronounced it **inflammation of the ovaries**, and proposed an operation.

"I felt so weak and sick that I felt sure that I could not survive the ordeal. The following week I read an advertisement in the paper of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** in such an emergency, and so I decided to try it. Great was my joy to find that I actually improved after taking two bottles, and in the end I was cured by it. I had gained eighteen pounds and was in excellent health." — Miss ALICE BAILEY, 50 North Boulevard Atlanta, Ga. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

The symptoms of inflammation and disease of the ovaries are a dull throbbing pain, accompanied by a sense of tenderness and heat low down in the side, with occasional shooting pains. The region of pain sometimes shows some swelling.

THE ARMY BOARD

Preparing to Manufacture Arms For the State Militia.

The Provisions of the New Militia Bill Explained.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The army board, which has been considering the question, has decided to make a change in the standard of arms in the United States. It is understood that extensive preparations are being made to manufacture these arms in the arsenal at Rock Island, although the exact intentions are guarded.

It is the present intention to supply state militiamen with he present standard arms and equipment. The law says that the state troops are to have the same as the regular army soldiers. After all state troops have been supplied with Krag-Jorgensens the change will be made. The army will then be equipped with a new Krag-Jorgensen, which probably will be made at Rock Island. The difference is not very great, and the officers say the present Krag will answer all purposes. As soon as the change is announced the government will begin the exchange of the militia Krags for the new ones.

The new militia bill will add 123,000 soldiers to the fighting strength of the American army. The total number of militiamen in the National Guard organizations of all the states is 118,259. The encouragement to young men to join the militia, which will come from federal assistance, is expected to increase the strength of the various organizations immediately. This expectation is based upon recent reports from adjutant generals. The state militia organizations do not become part of the national military establishment by the enactment of the law, but must application and be received. The reports from the adjutant generals also indicate this. But all this will require time; at least a year or more.

The proposition to the states is a very simple one. The offer is made that the government will equip the national guardsmen with the standard service rifle and all that goes with it, together with ammunition, if the state will place their militia organization on a standard basis. When application is made, the laws and regulations governing the militia must be submitted. The government will then inform the adjutant generals as to the changes which must be made in order to conform with the federal army regulations. In every state in the Union changes will have to be made to conform to the national regulations: in many cases it will be necessary to amend the state laws.

For more than 100 years efforts were made to secure passage of laws placing the state militia under national control. It was not until Representative Dick, chairman of the National Guard association, took up the matter that the change was accomplished. The laws in the various states governing the militia are also very old, and in many cases have not taken into consideration modern military developments. The state officers, and when necessary legislators, will have to make a study of the present army regulations, together with their own existing laws and regulations, and then see that the necessary changes are made in order that the state National Guards will conform exactly to the United States army requirements. There is no very definite understanding at the war department as to how long it will take to make these changes. It is hoped, second, that in states where the legislatures are in session the officers of the National Guards will take the matter up at once, so that if any legislation is necessary it may be enacted.

In nearly every instance the first change required is to strengthen the regulation concerning recruiting. The government will insist that the recruiting be under national regulations governing health, morals, age, etc. In all states changes will be required concerning the forming of the organization of companies, squadrons, batteries, signal and medical corps, regiments, brigades and divisions. The United States army regulations must govern all these, as well as the material of equipment.

The adjutant generals will be required to make semi-annual reports to the government. When the state authorities lapse in their maintenance of their National Guards up to the national standards, their relation with the government will cease until the recreant militia is brought up to the standard. In addition to the reports of the state officers on these points, there will be frequent inspections by regular army officers, who will report only to the government as to the condition of men, their equipment and the organization.

Section 14 of the new law contains that which is of the most interest to state troops. It is as follows:

"That, whenever it shall appear by the report of the inspections, which it shall be the duty of the secretary of war to have made at least once a year, that the organized militia is sufficiently armed, uniformed and equipped for active duty in the field, the secretary of war is authorized, on the requisition of the governor of the state, to pay to the quartermaster general of the state or to such officer as may be designated by the governor, so much of its allotment out of the said annual appropriation as shall be necessary for the payment, transportation, subsistence of such portion of said organized militia as shall engage in actual field or camp service for instruction, and the officers and enlisted men of such militia while so engaged shall be entitled to the same pay, subsistence and transportation or travel allowance as officers and enlisted men of corresponding grades of the regular army are or may hereafter be entitled by law, and the officer so designated and appointed shall be regarded as the disbursing officer of the United States and shall render his accounts through the war department to the proper accounting officers of the treasury for settlement and he shall be required to give good and sufficient bonds to the treasurer of the United States, in such sums as the secretary of war shall direct, faithfully to account for the safe keeping of moneys entrusted to him for disbursement."

Upon this paragraph will be based the entire business relation which will exist between the militia and the government.

A Graduate Nurse's Strong Endorsement.

She Marvels at Speedy Cures by Kickapoo Indian Sagwa and Oil.

Mrs. L. M. Hoyt, of Duluth, a Graduate Nurse from Batavia Hospital, tells how Kickapoo Sagwa cured her Husband of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Heart Trouble, when he seemed Beyond Relief. She used Kickapoo Oil with Wonderful Success in her Profession.



Mrs. L. M. Hoyt, Room 7, Over Big Duluth, Duluth, Minn.

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO.

Sirs:—My husband suffered eight years ago with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and considerable Heart Trouble, and nothing ever helped him until he took Kickapoo Sagwa. Fifteen bottles completely cured him, although his ailments had been of several years standing, and we never believed he would be entirely well again. For his sore joints and muscles he applied Kickapoo Oil, and it gave him great relief. In three months he was a well man, and we bless your remedies daily. In my profession as a graduate nurse I have often applied Kickapoo Oil where patients used it by physicians' orders for Neuralgia, Stiff Joints, Lame Back, Toothache, and other aches and pains of different kinds. It has been a marvel to me often to find the blessed relief and speedy cure it brought many a sufferer. Your remedies have my heartiest endorsement. Mrs. L. M. HOYT.

Besides being a wonderfully successful nurse, Mrs. Hoyt is a prominent member of the United Order of Foresters of Duluth, and also of the Order of Eastern Star, No. 86.

A skilled nurse like Mrs. Hoyt, who has great opportunity to judge the value of different medicine, would not have used the Kickapoo Remedies in her own home unless she knew them to be reliable. That her faith in Sagwa and Kickapoo Oil was well founded is shown by her letter. If you are all run down, have Dyspepsia, Kidney or Liver complaint, are sleepless, have Heart Trouble or any disorder arising from poor blood, Kickapoo Sagwa will restore you to health and happiness in a wonderfully short space of time. You can lose nothing by giving it a trial, for all Kickapoo Remedies are sold under a positive guarantee that your money will be refunded if you are not satisfied.

Kickapoo Oil, the favorite family liniment, is a quick cure for all pain. It's not greasy or strong smelling, but pleasant as cologne to use. It reaches the cause of pain every time and stops it. A bottle in the house saves much sickness and suffering. It's sold at the peoples' price of 25 cents a bottle.

Big Reduction in Electric Light Rates

Commencing January 1, 1903, the rates for electric current used after that date will be reduced from a basis rate of twenty cents per kilo watt to fifteen cents per kilo watt, with increased reductions for current use.

The New Rates Are As Follows:

1 to 20 thousand watts.....15 cents per thousand watts
20 to 60 thousand watts.....14 cents per thousand watts
60 to 100 thousand watts.....12½ cents per thousand watts
100 to 200 thousand watts.....10 cents per thousand watts
All over 200 thousand watts..... 8 cents per thousand watts

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on all bills paid before the 12th of the month.

Note—1000 watts equal one kilo watt.

EXAMPLE OF REDUCTION:

20,000 watts at 20c per kilo watt amounts to $4 00, less 15 per cent discount, net.....$3.40
New rates—20,000 watts at 14 cents per kilo watts amounts to $2.80, less 10 per cent, net.....$2.52

Duluth General Electric Co.,
Office: 216 West Superior Street.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

FOOLS THE BEARS

News Favorable to Lower Prices, But Market Advances.

Flax Is Weaker, But Finds Good Support at $1.16.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 19.—Everything seemed favorable to the bears in wheat this morning and yet the market closed at slightly better prices than yesterday. The foreign markets were weak, the cash and export demand were poor, except that at Minneapolis the mills were heavy buyers, and the news from France which has heretofore been generally bullish was of a decidedly different tone. The rally seemed to be induced by a feeling of uneasiness over the political situation in Eastern Europe. The Liverpool market closed ¾d lower. Paris 1c lower. Antwerp unchanged and Berlin ⅛c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 380,000 bus, last year 442,000 bus. Shipments, 120,000 bus, last year 154,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 337,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 106 cars, and at Chicago 11 cars, a total of 117 cars, against 304 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d lower. May corn in the Chicago market closed ⅛-¼c higher and May oats ⅛c higher.

Primary receipts of corn were 363,000 bus, last year 251,000 bus. Shipments 439,000 bus, last year 163,000 bus. Clearances 267,000 bus.

Wheat on the Duluth floor was fairly active. The opening of May was weak being off 5⅝c at 76¾c, but it rallied from that point to 77⅛c at 10:20. After that it reacted to 76⅝-77c at 11:08, sold at 76⅞c about noon and then advanced to 77¼c and closed there. This was an advance of ⅛c. Chicago advanced ¼-⅝c and Minneapolis ¼c.

Cash prices were unchanged at ½c under May for No. 1 northern to arrive, ½c under for in store, 2c under for No. 1 for No. 2, and 8c under for No. 3. Sales were 15,000 bus.

Flax was quiet and lower. May opened steady at $1.16½ and then sold off to $1.16. At that point there was support and it rallied to $1.16¾, but again fell off to $1.16. Again there was support at that price and it closed at $1.16¾.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 76¼c; No. 2 northern, 74¼c; No. 3 spring, 71¼c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 76¾c; May, 77¼c; July, 77¼c. Oats, in store, 33½c; on track, 33½c; May, 35c. Rye, May, 50½c; on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c. Barley, 35@55c. Flax, cash, $1.13⅝; on track, $1.14⅝; to arrive, $1.14⅝; May, $1.16¾; July, $1.16¾.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 31; last year, 62; oats, 11; rye, 1; barley, 2; flax, 7.

Receipts—Wheat, 92,086; oats, 36,807; barley, 18,545; flax, 14,422.

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American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.77½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	76¾
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	76¾
No. 1 northern, 2000 bus	76½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	74¾
Flax, 1 car, on track	1.14¾
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.12¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Weak Opening In Wheat Pit; Prices Lower

Chicago, Feb. 19.—Wheat opened weak on lower cables and favorable weather. May being ½c lower at 76⅞@77c. Foreign advices were bearish, the official crop of France being reported as favorable while there was considerable pressure at Liverpool from Argentine cargoes. Local longs sold early in the day, but the offerings were well taken and after selling at 76⅝c May advanced to 77¼c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 16 cars, which with local receipts of 11 cars, one of contract grade, made the total receipts for the three points of 177 cars, against 304 cars a year ago.

Weakness prevailed the greater part of the day but late in the session a little better demand developed and the close was steady. May being unchanged at 77⅜@¼c, the top price of the day.

In spite of lower cables and the weakness in wheat the opening prices for corn were about steady. May being unchanged to ⅛c lower at 45⅛@45¼c. A good cash demand from commission houses and provision people. Trade was light and there were little changes in price during the first hour. Local receipts were 146 cars, none of contract grade.

The close was firm with May 1⅝@1¾c higher at 45⅜@45¾c.

Oats opened dull and featureless with prices a trifle easier in sympathy with the weakness in wheat. May was a shade to ⅛c lower at 35½ to 35¼@35⅜c, but later sold up to 35⅞c, where the market steadied. Local receipts here 72 cars.

Provisions opened steady on a fair demand for pork and ribs in spite of the lower prices for hogs. Trading was only moderate and without special features. May pork opened unchanged at $17.40. May lard was 2½c lower at $9.55, while ribs were a shade lower to 2½@5c higher at $9.50@9.55.

Close: Wheat—May, 77⅜@¼c; July, 73⅞@74c. Corn—February, 43c; May, 45⅝@45½c; July, 44c; September, 43⅝@43¾c. Oats—February, 34c; May, 35¾c; July, 32¾c; September, 29¾c. Pork—May, $17.55; July, $17.05; September, $16.85. Lard—February, $9.62½; May, $9.62½@9.65; July, 9.45; September, $9.35. Ribs—May, $9.65; July, 9.50; September, $9.42½. Rye—May, 50½@53¾c. Flax—Cash N. W., $1.19; S. W., $1.16; May, $1.20@1.21. Timothy—February, $4. Clover—February, $11.75. Barley—Cash, 44@55c.

Cash wheat—2 red, 75@76c; 3 red, 70@74½c; 2 hard winter, 74@75c; 3 hard winter, 69@70c; 1 northern spring, 79c; 2 northern spring, 78@78c; 3 spring, 74@78c. Corn—2, 43½@44c; 3, 42@42½c. Cash—Oats, 2 34@34½c; 3, 33½@34c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market ruled weak in early part of the day on the unencouraging news. Cables were heavy and the cash demand reported slow. The official report on the French wheat crop showing at least fair average conditions was better than the general impression had been and French cables reported the weather favorable and crop improving. Toward the close the trade became concerned over a report of decline in consuls, and as the political situation in Eastern Europe is supposed to be somewhat strained, a sharp buying of wheat followed. The closing was strong on this influence. Estimated cars, 10.

Corn—Market here was, on the whole, steady and firm. There is no change in the car quantities and the cash position is therefore still in doubt. Armour was supposed to be a fair buyer of July corn and provision houses were good buyers of the May. Outside interest is slow. Estimated cars, 195.

Oats—Market was dull and featureless. Trade of every character was light. The somewhat stronger tone came mainly from the strength in wheat and corn. The cash situation is unsatisfactory as very little stuff can be moved. Estimated cars, 65.

Chicago Record-Herald: "We are not long or short a bushel of wheat, and have not been for some time," said J. Ogden Armour yesterday. "It has become the fashion to ascribe every movement of wheat up or down to us. There is no excuse for it, and it has become distasteful. We are not seeking that kind of publicity, and are not deserving of it."

"Not a hog is being packed," he continued, referring to the provision position, "that is not showing a loss. They are all worth more alive than when turned into the market. One thing is clear, provisions are either too low priced or the hog too high. I look for no important increase in hog supplies until well along in the summer. They are not coming because there were not the usual number of pigs to start with."

* * *

Cincinnati Price Current: Wheat went under the snow in good condition. There is some apprehension from sleet preceding the snow and over bare spots from drifts, but not to any important extent. Interior movement of all grain light, because of bad roads.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: With the large Argentine shipments and complete falling off in export business and Armour out of the game, the bears have gained several points in their favor and should have their own way until something new turns up. At least it looks reasonably safe to sell on the hard spots for a while.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 19.—Close: Wheat—May, 80⅜c; July, 78½c. Corn—May, 51⅝c; July, 50c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 19.—Close: Wheat—May, 76⅝c; July, 76¼@76⅝c. On track, 1 hard, 78½c; 1 northern, 76⅝c; 2 northern, 75⅝@76¼c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76½B	75¾	76⅞-77	80⅝
High	77¼	76⅞	77⅝-½	80⅞-⅝
Low	76½B	75¾	76¾	80⅜-½
Close	77⅛B	76⅞	77⅜-¼A	80⅝B
July—				
Open	76½-¼	73½-⅝	78B	
High	76½-⅝	73⅞	78⅜	
Low	76-½	73½	77⅝-⅞	
Close	76½-⅝	73⅝-¾	78¼A	

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	35½@35½-⅝	45⅛@45⅛	$17.40@17.45
High	35¾-⅞	45½-⅝	$17.62
Low	35½	45⅛	$17.40
Close	35¾	45⅜-½	$17.65

FRENCH CROP REPORTS.

Paris, Feb. 19.—The official crop report shows for winter wheat a total sowing of 16,360,567 acres. The average condition for the whole of France is 70.5, compared with 69.9 last year. Oats show a total of 2,004,707 acres. The average condition is 65.1, compared with 64.1 last year. Rye shows a total of 3,398,465 acres. The condition is 74.4, compared with 77.5 in 1902. The average of 80 indicates "good;" 60 indicates "fairly good."

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 19.—Wheat, spot, steady; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 1½d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 9d; No. 1 California, 6s 11d; futures, dull; March, 6s 2¾d; May, 6s 1⅜d; July, 6s 3¾d. Corn, spot, American mixed, new, steady, 4s 7d; American mixed, old, no stock; futures, steady; March, 4s 5¼d; May, 4s 2⅝d.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—Wheat—The cables were indifferent this morning, at the opening. Liverpool futures closed ¾d lower than yesterday; London ½d to ⅞d off, and Paris, ¼c to ⅜c lower. Some early selling on this showing depressed the May, but on the decline there was good buying by shorts, which caused a rally up to 77¼@⅜c. A report from the French Millers' Association indicating an area slightly over a year ago and condition of the growing crop generally favorable, caused free selling of long wheat and prices broke back to 76⅜c. However, towards the end of the session the market became strong on buying by early sellers, and the whole loss was recovered and close of the market was firm, slightly higher than yesterday. Argentine cargoes were reported pressing on the Liverpool market. The cash situation in the Northwest was moderately firm, No. 1 northern being one cent over May at Minneapolis. Sales of 60,000 barrels of flour were reported, but not confirmed. The export demand at the seaboard was very light, and the foreigners are inclined to be bearish, so that in absence of crop scares we are inclined to think prices will work to a lower basis. The price current says wheat crop is in good condition, and well covered by snow, although some apprehension from sleet, but not to any important extent. Interior movement of all grains is light, because of bad roads. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 10 cars.

There was a generally steady and firm market in corn today, the May up from 45½c to 45½c to ⅝c sustaining the better part of the advance. Receipts were light, and offerings equally light. Some excellent buying of the July option was done by leading elevator interests. The provision trade was also more active in the corn market on the buying side. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 195 cars.

Oats were steady and firm, entirely recovering from the effect of yesterday's heavy liquidation. Almost the entire local trade leans to the bull side of oats. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 65 cars.

The provisions list opened at about yesterday's opening prices, and gained strength as the session advanced. May pork sold up seventy cents, lard ten cents. The larger trade was in the latter product. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 26,000 hogs.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis wheat—
Puts, May wheat, 76¼c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 76½@⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 76⅝c bid.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—Cattle, 16,000. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5.50@5.75; poor to medium, $3.25@4.40; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.40@4.60; canners, $1.40@2.50; bulls, $2@4.25; calves, $3.50@8; Texas fed steers, $3.50@4.25. Hogs receipts today, 26,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 11,611. Mar— slow, 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.15; good to choice heavy, $7.20@7.40; rough heavy, $6.80@7.15; light, $6.40@6.85. Bulk of sales, $6.90@7.15. Sheep receipts, 12,000. Market strong. Good to choice wethers, $5@5.75; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@5; western sheep, $4.75@5.75; native lambs, $4.75@7.10; western lambs, $4.75@7. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 15,543; hogs, 32,178; sheep, 14,371. Shipments—Cattle, 3091; hogs, 4066.

REACHED BIG PROPORTIONS

Forty Additional Canadian Townships Wanted For British Emigrants.

New York, Feb. 19.—The Rev. Mr. Barr's emigration project has reached such proportions, cables the London representative of the Tribune that he has asked the Dominion government to reserve forty additional townships for the British colony and offers to pay the entry fees for the colonists at once and locate them within six months. He has secured strong financial support, having on deposit $2,500,000 at his immediate disposal. This request will involve a concession from the Dominion government for the occupation of more than 2,000,000 acres. The force of the example of the American farmers who have crossed the frontier into the Northwest territory, has been decisive. It has directed to Canada from Great Britain a most remarkable emigration movement at a time when South African mine owners are powerless to attract workmen, and Rhodesia remains a land of undeveloped resources.

LOOKING ABOVE.

Murderer Stone Says He Expects Justice There.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—"I am relying for justice on the above," said George Stone today who is on trial for murder in Justice Horton's court, and then with streaming down his cheeks he dropped on his knees bowed his head and prayed for five minutes. When he had ended his aappeal he resumed his seat with his head in his hands and cried.

Stone is on trial for the murder of Robert Nelson, who was a colored chef at the Turner hotel and was shot and killed by Stone about ten years ago. Stone escaped and was but recently arrested in London. He is a British subject.

QUIET AT HONDURAS.

Steamer Espana Brings Word From Puerto Cortez.

Mobile, Ala., Feb. 19.—The steamer Espana, Danielson master, from Puerto Cortez, Honduras, reports everything quiet at that port. The officers of the steamer say there is no talk of a revolution. So far as the mobilization of soldiers is concerned they say that while in port they only saw ten.

On Friday morning last a Hondurean gunboat arrived in port but there was no demonstration. The boat is an old German tug boat, and her armament consists of two small calibre rapid fire guns.

THE POPE'S JUBILEE.

Rome, Feb. 19.—The pope's jubilee, or the twenty-fifth anniversary of his election tomorrow, will be ushered in by a high mass at the Basilica, celebrated by Cardinal Rampolla. Later the pontiff will receive the cardinals and other dignitaries, who will present him with a gold tiara, the jubilee present of the Catholic World, which cost $25,000. The te deum will be sung in the evening and there will be a procession of all the Catholic associations.

TRIAL OF DR. DUNCAN.

Pittsburg, Feb. 19.—The criminal court was crowded today when the trial of Dr. Ellis Dungan, of Louisville, Ky., who is charged with the felonious shooting of Bruce Head, formerly of Louisville, was called. Among the witnesses present are a number of prominent Kentuckians.

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DECLINE IN STOCKS

The Downward Tendency Was Shown From the Opening.

Slight Recoveries But Close Was Dull and Heavy.

New York, Feb. 19.—Prices were shaded all through the list at the opening and trading was more active than for some time. Large blocks of Rock Island, Pennsylvania, Baltimore & Ohio and Southern Railway were sold at concessions of a small fraction.

An advance in the posted rates for sterling exchange and heavy selling of various specialties increased the depression in the general market. Liquidation was heavy in the local tractions, Metropolitan declining 2⅜ and Metropolitan Securities 4 points. Other important losses include 3¼ in Anaconda, 3 in Pullman, 2¼ in New York, Chicago & St. Louis and a point or more in Amalgamated Copper, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo, Texas & Pacific and St. Louis & San Francisco. Railroad stocks met some support on the decline and the market was steadier at 11 o'clock.

The downward tendency of prices was arrested but was renewed again in new quarters. Declines of a point occurred in St. Paul, Illinois Central, Denver & Rio Grande, Colorado & Southern, Smelting preferred, Leather preferred and Pacific Mail. There were gains of a point in Brooklyn Union Gas and North American. Prices were better again before noon. Bonds were irregular at noon.

New York Central rallied 1⅝ from the lowest point when the selling pressure relaxed, but the general list did not sympathize to any extent and was on the down grade again at 1 o'clock. Some of the most prominent railroad stocks touched the lowest and were offered rather freely.

Prices continued to slip downward with the effect of inducing throwing over holdings and aggravating the weakness. Metropolitan lost 3½, Amalgamated 2¾, Texas & Pacific, 2⅝, Missouri Pacific, 2⅜, St. Paul 1⅞ and the active list generally 1@1½. American Express dropped 5 on the sale of 100 shares. Trading on the break was the most active of the day.

In covering their short contract the bears forced some sharp rallies. Metropolitan recovered 1⅝, Amalgamated 1½ and Missouri Pacific and Louisville & Nashville about a point. There were additional weak spots in Lake Erie & Western, which lost 1¾, Hocking Valley 2 and Evansville & Terre Haute preferred 3. The recoveries generally were slight and the market became very dull and yielded slowly again. The close was dull and heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 423 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	73⅝	71	71¾
American Sugar	131	129⅝	130¼
Anaconda	120½	118	118
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	87⅝	86¼	86¼
do pfd	100¾	100⅝	100⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	99¼	98⅛	98¼
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	69⅝	68¼	68¾
Canadian Pacific	137⅝	136	136⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	51⅜	50⅝	50⅝
Chicago & Alton	36½	35⅞	35
Chicago Great Western	27⅜	26¾	26⅝
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	177⅛	176	176⅞
Chic., Rock Island & P.	49¾	47⅝	48¼
R. I. pfd	80½	80	80
Colorado Fuel & Iron	75	74	74½
Duluth, S. S. & A., pfd.	27¾	27¼	27½
Erie, common	39⅛	38½	38⅝
General Electric	201	199½	200
Illinois Central	145	144	144¼
Louisville & Nashville	125⅝	124½	125¼
Manhattan Elevated	143¾	141	142
Metropolitan Street Ry.	139⅛	136	137¼
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	76½	75½	75½
do pfd	127⅞	127½	127½
Missouri Pacific	113⅝	111½	112½
New York Central	147⅞	146	147
Norfolk & Western	74½	73¾	74
Pennsylvania	149¼	148¼	149
People's Gas of Chic.	104⅝	103¾	104
Reading	63	62¼	62½
Republic Steel & Iron	21⅞	21⅜	21½
Southern Pacific	64	63	63½
Southern Railway	65⅞	64⅝	65¼
Tenn. Coal & Iron	65⅞	64⅝	65¼
Union Pacific	101⅜	100⅝	100⅞
United States Leather	14	13½	13⅜
United States Steel	38⅞	38¼	38¾
do pfd	88⅛	87¾	88
Wabash	21	20⅝	20¾
Wisconsin Central	27¾	27¼	27¾
do pfd	53	52¾	52⅝
Northern Securities, 111⅜ bid; 112⅜ asked.			

Thetotal sales were 554,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market continues to have a dragging tendency. The feeling seems on the whole a nervous one. There is no definite change in the situation but there are disquieting rumors of speculative conditions and the market was affected somewhat by declining consols in London, which might be attributed to the political situation in eastern Europe. All of those things may prove unimportant but the general tone at the moment is not satisfactory. The selling pressure is scattered and so far not very great. But on the other hand there is nothing like an active investment buying. It is a market which does not need any bad news.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission company: Speculative discussion tonight relates to such incidents as the strength of exchange, the loss of cash to the treasury and the South and the phenomenal dullness. Outside of professional circles, however, these things are viewed with unconcern. The large operators and more important financial interests seem to be satisfied with the prevailing quietude and continue very bullish for the pull.

"It is a typical February market," said a member of this element which is a reminder that operations and fluctuations this month bear a pretty close resemblance to those which took place in the corresponding period a year ago. It is pointed out, however, that present conditions are much better than those which existed at this time in 1902. While the volume of securities has increased there is nearly $100,000,000 more money in circulation in the country, the gold output of South-African mines has greatly increased and as to the world's outlook for the new wheat crop America seems with its usual good luck to have been favored at the expense of the foreign country, particularly Russia, the greatest producer of them all. People who take a broad view and who have great plans in contemplation for the shipping both of the railroad world and in the stock market lay vastly more stress on the above than on the stay to day factors which influence the trading contingent in Wall street. This is especially true of the Goulds and their followers. The firmness of Gould stocks like Missouri Pacific, and Wabash is much commented on and it is again predicted that these shares will be conspicuous features in the expected spring rise.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Chicago: Record-Herald says: The best opinion of the street is that New York Central will issue some stock with rights for what money it immediately requires and will do the rest of its borrowing with a 2½ per cent bond when the money market is favorable.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 19.—Close: Money on call, steady at 2½@3 per cent; closed, 2½ @3 per cent; time money, firm; sixty days and ninety days, 4¼; six months, 4½@4⅝ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5¼@5½ per cent; sterling exchange, firm, at $4.87.75 for demand, and at $4.84.60@4.84.65 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¾; bar silver, 48⅜c; Mexican dollars, 37¾c; government bonds, steady; state bonds, easier; railroad bonds, weak.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14¾	15
Arcadian	5½	6
Allouez	6¼	6½
Atlantic	12½	13
Anaconda	29½	30½
Amalgamated	72	72¼
Calumet and Hecla	530	535
Centennial	30	31
Copper Range	71½	72¼
Franklin	12½	13
Isle Royale	15½	16
Bingham	37½	38½
Mass	16½	16
May Flower	2½	3
National	1	1¼
Mohawk	55	56
Michigan	10	11
Old Colony	2	2¼
Osceola	74	75
Parrot	32	33
Phoenix	6½	7
Quincy	122	123
Rhode Island	3	3½
Tennessee Copper	28	29
Santa Fe	2½	3
Tamarack	175	180
Tecumseh	1	1¼
Tri-Mountain	104	105
Utah	31½	32½
Victoria	8	8½
Winona	8	8½
Wolverine	68	69
Wyandot	1½	2
Elm River	3	3½
Trinity	12½	13
Dominion Coal	128	130
Greene Con	23½	24
United Copper	28	29
Daily West	28	30
U. S. Oil	25½	26
U. S. Oil pfd	15½	16
L. S. and Pittsburg	..	75
Calumet and Pittsburg	90	95
Calumet and Arizona	125	135

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The announcement that papers would be filed in Trenton, N. J., today, incorporating the Lake Copper company, which would be a combination of several companies, proved to be premature, but copper interests here are convinced such a company is to be incorporated at once. There is considerable uncertainty as to what companies are going into the combine. It was announced that Calumet & Hecla, Tamarack, Osceola and Centenial are not interested in the matter. Other companies that will not go in are Quincy, Wolverine and Atlantic. This leaves Tri-Mountain, control of which was acquired a year ago, and Copper Range, as principal members of the Lake company, with such other companies as they can induce to join them. Tri-Mountain stock will be exchanged according to reports, on the basis of one share for one and a half new shares. Range will exchange on the basis of one for one and a fourth. It is the belief here that the new holding company will eventually pass into the Amalgamated.

Treasurer Flagg, of the Calumet & Hecla, tonight said: "We have no knowledge whatever of the proposed combine. No proposition or offer of any kind has been made to us and if any were made it would not, in all probability, be accepted. The Calumet & Hecla people have recently received bids of 13½ cents for copper, but I am told that they are holding for 13¼ cents."

Treasurer Ladd, of the Tamarack and Osceola companies, denied knowledge of any pending deal affecting his companies, and I. F. Fay, president of the Centenial company, claimed not to know anything about a scheme for the absorption of his company. So far as the absorption of the Heinz interest is concerned, Boston copper officials are unable to speak, but most of them believe the Amalgamated company has not yet succeeded either in defeating Heinz or in making peace with him.

That the Amalgamated claims that it controls the copper mining situation is greatly exaggerated was further proved today when one of the smaller Boston companies sold 200,000 pounds of copper at 13 cents.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 19.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 1 to 2 points and further improved 1 to 3 points on clique support after which there was an easier ruling of prices under profit-taking. Later there was a rally on renewed support from the bull clique alleged to consist of three groups of speculators, one controlling the New Orleans market, one New York and one the Liverpool market. The general market is quiet with selling for short account arrested is due to bad weather. The feature of cables attracting most attention here is the decline of 2 points in spot prices with private cables stating that the advance in futures at Liverpool was worked from New York.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 25 points higher; mid upe 10.05; mid gulf 10.30. Sales 500 bales. Cotton futures closed firm. February 9.91; March 9.84; April, May 9.84; July 9.68; June, 9.63; August 9.39; September 8.74; October 8.48; November 8.36; December, 8.38.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $221,915,269; gold, $100,015,393; silver, $10,286,898; U. S. notes, $5,671,295; treasury notes of 1890, $48,651; national bank notes, $18,892,386; total receipts this day, $1,554,005; total receipts this month, $20,151,403; total receipts this year, $364,781,279; total expenditures this day, $1,704,000; total expenditures this month, $29,144,054; total expenditures this year, $325,629,840; deposits in national banks, $150,872,126.

FIRE AT SHELL LAKE.

St. Paul, Feb. 19.—A Shell Lake, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The residence and contents of Dr. O. F. Baker were destroyed by fire this morning. Had the doctor not been called away, he would probably have perished in the fire. Loss partly covered by insurance.

Commercial Travelers
Know the true merit of Rea Bros.' Cascarin. The change of diet from hotel to hotel necessitates a regular reckoning of their stomachs, hence Rea Bros.' Cascarin has become a Knight of the Grip. At druggists, price 50 cents per bottle or sample sent free. Rea Bros.' & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Money In Bank!
How independent you can be if you have **money in the bank**—
SAVING
the small amounts with the aid our **"Home Savings Bank"** will produce the above
RESULTS.
Duluth Savings Bank,
216 West Superior Street.

LIVES OF NINE HIGH SCHOOL CHILDREN ARE CRUSHED OUT.

(Continued from Page One.)

Mabel Karschner, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who was injured in the trolley accident, died in St. Michael's hospital.

New York, Feb. 19.—Walter W. Ross, general counsel for the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company, made a statement in which he said that it had been learned that five of the wounded probably would die.

"Where the crossing is," said Mr Ross, "there is a steep grade, which we have been informed slopes about eight feet in seventy-five. It is the rule and custom for trolley cars to come to a full stop at all crossings. At that point we have a gate and watchman.

"He received a signal by bell from Roseville about a minute or a minute and a half before the train came, and so lowered his gate. The trolley car came down the steep grade, the motorman having lost control, and smashed into the gate. The gate is broken clear off, showing that it was done. The car crashed into the front and side of the engine of our train, breaking off the beam and part of the steam apparatus of the engine. The side of the cab was also smashed, injuring the engineer.

"The Lackawanna has been making extensive improvements in the way of track elevation near this point—unfortunately the work had not reached this crossing yet—and on account of this work our engines are subject to flag at every crossing. None of our trains run fast in this neighborhood. This train had stopped at a station a little way off and this was an additional reason for going slow.

"From all the information we get there was absolutely no blame to be attached to the engineer and the accident was the result of no fault of the Lackawanna.

"As far as we can learn, the accident was the direct result of overcrowding of that trolley car," said Mr. Ross "I am told that there were at least 120 persons upon it."

HAS WON FIRST BLOOD.

(Continued from page 1).

Senator Morgan introduced a bill making the Minnesota Society for the Prevention of Cruelty, a state board of child and animal protection, of which the governor, superintendents of schools and attorney general shall be ex-officio members, with power to enforce the humane laws. He also introduced a bill appropriating $5000 for the uses of the board thus created.

Senator Sundberg introduced some important amendments to the forestry laws, the same bill being introduced in the house by Dr. Budd of Two Harbors. It provides that persons cutting timber of any sort must burn the tops and refuse before April 1, and that any logger intending to do work must file a statement of what he intends to cut with the chief fire warden. The chief fire warden is given authority to ferret out violations of the fire protection laws that are neglected by local authorities, and he is given $1,000 a year for expenses. The bill is designed to strengthen the state's facilities for preventing forest fires.

Senator Peterson introduced a bill amending the election law on contests so as to permit a contest of the decision of a canvassing board that two persons have received the same number of votes for the same office.

Senator Peachey proposes in a bill introduced by him to repeal the law prohibiting divorced parties from re-marrying within a certain limit of time.

The house this morning concurred in the resolution passed by the senate yesterday memorializing congress to provide for a constitutional convention to amend the constitution by permitting the election of United States senators by popular vote.

Mr. Dowling's bill making the salary of the St. Louis county superintendent of schools, $1,800 a year, giving him $600 a year traveling expenses, and prohibiting the voters of the independent school district of Duluth from voting for him, was referred to the St. Louis county delegation. His general bill giving county superintendents $400 traveling expenses was recommended by the committee for indefinite postponement.

The education committee reported back the bill raising the state school superintendent's salary from $2,500 to $3,500 with an amendment making it $5,000.

Fifteen bills were introduced, none of which were of particular importance. One, by Mr. Cole, of Cass county, provides that logs shall be taxed in the county in which they are cut except where they are cut in one county and transported to an adjoining county for purposes of manufacture.

O. Peterson introduced a bill providing that the county boards shall pay liquor licenses money into the road funds of the township in which the saloon is located.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

STATE WILL GET TAXES

On Rebates By Railroads to Extent of $60,000.

St. Paul, Feb. 19.—The state treasury will be enriched within a few days by the payment of $60,000 on back taxes on rebates and commissions paid by railroad companies during the last six years on which they have not paid taxes.

The untaxed rebates extend back further into history, but there seems no way to collect the taxes beyond the six-year limit, under the statute of limitations.

The question of taxes on rebates has been undecided until now. The railroads have claimed that rebates were not earnings. That is, if a reduced rate was made to a shipper, by the rebate system, the road never earned the money which the shipper paid to it and which it subsequently refunded.

The state, through the railroad and warehouse commission, has held that if the regular rate for freight or passenger transportation between two points is a fixed amount, and the road pays a rebate from that amount to secure the business, that is an expense item, and the state is entitled to the tax on the full charge for the carriage of the freight.

Public Examiner Johnson, under the law passed by the right to examine the books of railroad companies, has searched out the rebates on which taxes have not been paid, and has directed State Auditor Iverson to draw on the companies for the several amounts which he has discovered, amounting in all to about $60,000.

The railroad companies have decided to pay the taxes, rather than challenge an inquiry at this time into the question of rebates, either by the legislation on rebates affecting commerce in this state, or by the interstate commerce commission, where the shipments affect interstate shipments.

Hereafter the railroads will not make any report of the rebates or commissions, but will report their gross earnings in a lump, sum, and leave the inquiry into the rebate question to be ferreted out by the interstate commerce commission.

Florida To-Morrow
Ponce De Leon's Land of Easter, whose summer now reigns, is only thirty hours away by the
Chicago & Florida Limited
Solid Pullman train via Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad, Nashville and Atlanta. Runs on fast schedule all the way through. Latest Pullman equipment, including drawing-room sleepers for St. Augustine, Tampa and Thomasville, Ga. Library observation car and dining car service clear through.
Leave Dearborn Station 1:00 p.m. daily, reach Jacksonville and St. Augustine early next evening.
CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS R. R.
Call on home ticket agent or address
W. H. RICHARDSON
Gen. Pass. Agent, C. & E. I. R. R., Chicago

GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION

Will Open a Big Convention at Chicago Friday.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—The National Good Roads convention, having for its object the promotion of the cause of improved highways throughout the country,

The Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits (which exceed **one million dollars**) of **The First National Bank of Duluth** is the security back of your deposit in the **Savings Department.** SAVINGS ACCOUNTS are the most satisfactory means of accumulating small or large amounts of money for any desired object. Interest is added to the principal every six months. Deposits of ONE DOLLAR or more are received, and books given showing the exact state of your account at all times. The Department is opened every business day during the regular banking hours, and on Saturday evening from six to eight o'clock.

PORT WING WORK

Bids Run Higher Than the Sum Available For Them.

Harbor There to Be Improved By Government This Year.

As soon as the season of navigation opens on Lake Superior, the government will begin the work of improving the harbor at Port Wing, Wis., a growing lumber port on the south shore, about 30 miles below Duluth.

This will be the first time that the government has done any improvement work on the harbor there, although the citizens of that place have already spent between $15,000 and $20,000 in making the harbor available for their shipping business, which consists principally of lumber.

There is about $21,500 available for the improvement work at the Port Wing harbor, and this noon the bids for the work were opened in the office of Capt. D. D. Gaillard, government engineer for the Lake Superior district. All of the bids were over the amount available. Capt. Gaillard will make his recommendations to the war department immediately.

The plans for the improvement call for the tearing down of the old pier built by the citizens at Port Wing, and which is now in bad condition, the building of a new pier and considerabue dredging work. Besides the excavations for the pier and revetment the entrance channel will be dredged so as to leave an average d- of .. feet from the deep water of the lake to within about 100 feet inside the inner end of the pier and for a width of 75 feet between the distances of 25 and 100 feet from the pier.

There were three bidders for the work, Hugo & Tims and King & Steele, of Duluth, and Whitney Bros., of West Superior. The total of the bids if trap rock is used in the rip-rap work, were as follows: King & Steele, $25,595.60; Whitney Bros., $54,928. The totals if sandstone is used for riprap, were as follows: King & Steele, $27,526.60; Whitney Bros., $54,428; Hugo & Tims, $25,667.

The bids on the entrance pier, 800 feet long, including piles, timber, iron and filling of slabs and rock, but not including excavation were as follows, per lineal foot: King & Steele, $18.25; Whitney Bros., $45; Hugo & Tims, $17.

For dredging channels and trenches for the pier the bids per cubic yard were: King & Steele, 20 cents; Whitney Bros., 20 cents and Hugo & Tims, 21 cents.

For the back filling of 6000 cubic yards of trenches the bids were, per cubic yard: King & Steele, 50 cents; Whitney Bros., 20 cents; Hugo & Tims, 21 cents.

For 2500 tons of rip-rap of granite or trap at the rear side tnd end of the pier, the bids per ton were, King & Steele, $1.59; Whitney Bros., $1.

For rip-rap work of sandstone the bids per ton were King & Steele, $1.10; Whitney Bros., 80 cents; Hugo & Tims, $1.45.

For 125 feet of revetment, piles, timber and fastenings the bids per lineal foot were King & Steele, $14.10; Whitney Bros., $78; Hugo & Tims, $12.

ELKS!

Members of Duluth Lodge, No. 133 and sojourning brothers will please meet at Elks Hall at 1:30 p. m. Friday, to attend the funeral of our late Brother, B. B. Inman. Services to be held at the Presbyterian church at 2 p. m. By order of JOHN COX, E. R.

TIES FOR SPUR TRACK.

North Dakota Coal Mining Man Buying Here.

C. F. Dunn, who represents the Washburn Lignite Coal company, of North Dakota, has been in this vicinity for several days past buying ties for the railroad extension north of Washburn, that his company will build this coming summer. Mr. Dunn says that about 12 miles of road is to be constructed and he has had no trouble in picking up several hundred thousand ties. He will begin shipping them to North Dakota tomorrow. Mr. Dunn reports great activity at the lignite coal mines and a demand for all the coal the various companies now in the business can mine.

TWELVE PERSONS BURNED.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 19.—As the result of a fire at Pultovtsa, in the government of Podolia, twelve persons have lost their lives and 200 houses have been destroyed.

FOUR MEN KILLED.

New York, Feb. 19.—The navy magazine at Fort Lafayette exploded this afternoon, killing four workmen. Fort Lafayette is one of the old fortifications and is situated at the entrance to the Narrows, on Long Island. Eleven men were injured by the explosion.

"The Pit," "Mississippi Bubble," "Man from Glengarry," "Glengarry School Days," and other $1.50 books, choice now for 95 cents at Bennet's News stand, 212 West Superior street.

Marquette & Arizona Mining Company.

A Great Proposition put before the public. Its like has not been offered since the flotation of the famous Calumet & Arizona property, on the trend of the ore body of the Warren Mining District, Arizona

READ EXPERT TESTIMONY:

Bisbee, Arizona, Jan. 13, 1903.
Emil Marks, Esq., Bisbee, Arizona.

Dear Sir:—Regarding the thirty-seven claims lately acquired by the Marquette and Arizona Mining company, will say that I am familiar with the property, having been over the ground a great many times, and I consider the property a valuable one, and it certainly merits the expenditures necessary to put it on a paying basis. The fact is conceded that you are directly in the trend of the ore bodies in the Bisbee District, and have myself been over the ground from Bisbee, through the Marquette property and for 30 miles south, not only the best of indications but good copper ore, with very little intermission the entire distance.

To reiterate, I think you have a good thing, and I certainly wish you the success which I am sure will follow the development work. Very truly yours. GEO. C. CLARK, E. M.

Bisbee, Arizona, Dec. 20, 1902.
Mr. Emil Marks, Bisbee, Arizona.

Dear Sir:—I am pleased to note by the papers, that you have been instrumental in organizing the Marquette and Arizona Mining Company, which I understand will develop a group of claims just south of those owned by the Copper Glance company.

I consider these claims very choice property, as the formations, together with the surface showing you have, are almost identical with those of our Copper Glance Company.

I believe with sufficient development your property will develop into a paying mine. Wishing you the best of success I am, Yours truly,
S. W. CLAWSON.

Mr. Clawson is underground superintendent of the Copper Queen Mining Company of Bisbee, Arizona.

EMIL MARKS, President, Bisbee, Arizona.
JOS. J. WIRTZ, Secretary, Marquette, Mich.
LOUIS GRAEBOWER, Treasurer, Marquette, Mich.
LUTHER L. LINDALER, Kaukana, Wis.
ALBERT HORNSTEIN, Marquette, Mich.
SHELLEY B. JONES, Marquette, Mich.
LAWRENCE CHRISTIANSON, Bisbee, Arizona.

References:—First National Bank, Marquette; Marquette County Savings Bank; Bank of Bisbee, Bisbee, Arizona; Miners & Merchants Bank, Bisbee, Ariz.

A Limited Amount of Treasury Stock Will Be Sold at $1.50 Per Share

—BY—

The William Kaiser Co.,

106 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

Call, Write, Phone or Wire.

ROBBED OF JEWELS

Valuables Stolen From Residence of Klein.

Diamonds Valued at $700 and $240 In Money Taken.

A diamond robbery occurred yesterday afternoon, completely eclipsing the mystery surrounding the loss of the Merrill jewels.

Several hundred dollars worth of diamonds and $240 in money were stolen from the apartments of Mrs. Delia S. Kline in the Brunswick hotel.

It is one of the most puzzling jewel robberies that has ever occurred in Duluth. The person that did the stealing must have known exactly where Mrs. Kline secreted her valuables and in addition to that, been in possession of a key unlocking the door to her suite of rooms.

That is where most of the perplexing part of the puzzling mystery exists for no person had access to the apartments or knew where her jewelry and money were kept, so far as Mrs. Kline knew.

Among the missing valuables are:
A diamond ring valued aat $250.
A diamond ring valued at $150.
A diamond ring valued at $75.
A diamond ring valued at $200.
Other jewelry valued at over $25.

The robbery occurred during a short interval that Mrs. Kline was out of her apartments superintending some work in another part of the hotel, of which she is proprietress.

She locked her apartments as was her custom. The jewelry was in a little silver box in the dressing table and the money was hidden under the mattress of her bed.

The room did not show the slightest signs of being disturbed by a hasty search and the theory is that the thief simply secured information as to where the valuables were secreted and stole them without the slightest trouble in finding.

There is no clue as to who the thief is and all concerned in the recovery of the diamonds are completely mystified as to where to begin to search or what policy to pursue.

REQUISITION IS GRANTED

Dr. Ames Must Return as Soon as Health Permits.

Concord, N. H., Feb. 19.—Requisition papers in the case of former Mayor Ames of Minneapolis were honored by Governor Batchelder after a hearing today. It is considered doubtful if the physical condition of Dr. Ames will admit of an attempt to take him to Minneapolis. He is at the home of his sister at Hancock.

By agreement of counsel in the case the papers will not be serviceable until March 5. One of Mr. Ames' lawyers stated that his client would return to Minneapolis without extradition if his health would permit.

Mr. Dreger, the Minnesota sheriff, said that he was satisfied that Ames was a very sick man, and that he had determined to return to Minneapolis and face the charges against him as soon as his health would permot.

The hearing was held behind closed doors and only the members of the governor's counsel and those connected with the case were allowed in the chamber. Those present were Attorney General Eastman, of Exeter, for the state; United States District Attorney Charles J. Hamblett and John R. Spring, both of Nashua, representing ex-Mayor Ames; Sheriff Doane of Hillsborough county and Sheriff Dreger of Minnesota, and County Solicitor James A. Tuttle of Manchester, representing the sheriffs. At a conference between Attorney General Eastman and counsel for the defendant, previous to the hearing, the agreement that the papers should not be served until March 5, had been reached, so that only a few minutes were consumed in formalities.

Mr. Hamblett stated to Governor Batchelder that owing to the physical condition of the mayor he wished to take advantage of a provision of the statutes which allowed the governor the power to grant extradition but delay service of the documents to an appointed time. Mr. Hamblett went into the details covering the illness of Mr. Ames, and stated that it was practically impossible for his client to be removed at this time with safety.

Attorney General Eastman expressed satisfaction with the plan to allow the papers to issue and become serviceable at a future time.

Governor Batchelder accordingly affixed the signature to papers authorizing the extradition, and March 5, was the date set for service.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Atchison, Kas., Feb. 19.—Mrs. Anna Osborne Parke, widow of the late R. A. Parke, banker, died today at her home here. Mrs. Parke, who was one of the wealthiest women in Kansas, was one of the organizers of the Kansas Social Science club many years ago.

Omaha, Feb. 19.—George Bowman, a well-known attorney and politician, once district judge of Platte county, and twice a member of the state legislature, dropped dead on the street of heart disease.

Cincinnati, Feb. 19.—The funeral of Dr. Moses Mielziner, who died suddenly last night, will be conducted by Dr. Grossman from the Plum street temple at 2 p. m. next Sunday. Dr. Mielziner has been acting president of the Hebrew Union college since the death of Rabbi Wise.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 19.—Miss Anita Rosecrans, daughter of the late General Rosecrans, died in Helena today after a brief illness at the home of her sister, the wife of Governor Toole.

PRESIDENT OF SALVADOR.

Panama, Feb. 19.—Pero Jose Escalon has been declared elected president of Salvador, succeeding Gen. Regalado and Calix Velado has been declared vice president.

February Colored Tag Sale...

The annual event that every true bargain-seeker looks forward to. Stirring price reductions *on everything in the store.* Every article bears a tag denoting the deep cut in price. Discounts of from *12 to 60 per cent* greet you at every turn. Articles somewhat shop worn go at 60 per cent discount—goods that have over-stayed their welcome and must go, are offered at 45 and 33 per cent off—the new spring goods, of course, take the smaller reductions of 22 and 12 per cent. Every article—cheap at the regular price—*is an immense bargain at the discount price.*

12 Per Cent Discount on all pieces marked with a **RED TAG.**

22 Per Cent Discount on all pieces marked with a **WHITE TAG.**

33 Per Cent Discount on all pieces marked with a **BLUE TAG.**

45 Per Cent Discount on all pieces marked with a **GREEN TAG.**

60 Per Cent Discount on all pieces marked with a **YELLOW TAG**

Everything without reservation goes at a cut price. Here are a few of the many hundreds of bargains to be found on our floors:

12% OFF

On all CARPETS AND RUGS. On Spring DRAPERIES and LACE CURTAINS. On STEWART STEEL RANGES.

22% OFF

$21.00	Iron Beds	$16.38
$25.00	Toilet Table	$19.50
$17.00	Chiffonier	$13.26
$70.00	Chamber Suite	$54.60
$27.50	Parlor Suite	$21.45
$35.00	Book Case	$27.30

33% OFF

$34.00	Iron Bed	$22.78
$26.50	Couch	$17.75
$14.50	Chair	$ 9.71
$60.00	Side Board	$40.20
$25.00	Sewing Table	$16.75
$13.50	Shaving Case	$ 9.05

45% OFF

$ 9.00	Reception Chair	$ 4.95
$45.00	Davenport	$24.75
$55.00	Parlor Suite	$30.25
$30.00	Sofa	$16.50
$16.50	Library Table	$ 9.08
$32.50	Buffet	$17.87

60% OFF

$12.50	Arm Chair	$ 5.00
$16.50	Parlor Chair	$ 6.60
$150.00	Side Board	$60.00
$ 7.50	Mission Chair	$ 3.00
$20.00	Reception Chair	$ 8.00
$ 8.00	Mission Chair	$ 3.20

Anyone anticipating a furniture want, can't do better than take advantage of this sale. It's our object to make a busy season out of what would otherwise be a dull one. All goods are marked in plain figures—you don't have to take our word for a thing—figure the discount for yourself. **Such furniture bargains Duluth never saw before.**

THE G. C. STEELE CO.

226-228 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINN.

CREDIT—¼ cash and the balance in monthly payments enables you to take immediate possession of any of our bargains.

No goods exchanged or sent on approval during this sale.

CHARMED WITH CALIFORNIA

Julius H. Barnes Returns From a Sojourn on Pacific Slope.

Julius H. Barnes, of the Ames-Brooks company, returned today from a visit of six weeks or more in California, and he returns charmed with the Southern Pacific slope. He says that his energies will be bent toward making his final home in that balmy region.

Mr. Barnes spent much of his time in Los Angeles, and says that city is growing at a rate that is marvelous. In three years its population has jumped from about 90,000 to above 125,000, and its growth in wealth and improvements is so startling as to seem incredible. Last year the building permits issued in Los Angelos aggregated $9,000,000, and this year has started off at the rate of $2,000,000 a month. It is expected to reach a total of $20,000,000 before the last day of December, a total that will hardly be surpassed anywhere in the nation.

Mr. Barnes and family were at Ocean Grove, about fifteen miles out of Los Angelos. The journey between the two places is a ride of forty minutes by electric railway—about ten minutes longer than it takes to go from the Spalding to Lester Park. Mr. Barnes says that the excellent service to suburbs is responsible for much of the fine growth they are having.

Southern California, while a beautiful place to live, does not offer the business opportunities that are found in a place like Duluth or in the Middle West region generally, Mr. Barnes admits, but he thinks that when a man has accumulated a reasonable amount of wealth, there is no finer place to live and enjoy it.

Resolutions of Sympathy.

Duluth, Feb. 13, 1903.

The following resolutions were adopted by Zenith lodge No. 274, International Association of Machinists:

Whereas Almighty God in his wisdom has seen fit to remove from this world the beloved wife of our esteemed brother, William Twaddle, be it

Resolved, that we extend to our bereaved brother our most sincere and heartfelt sympathy in this his hour of sorrow; and be it further

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes as a tribute of respect, a copy sent to our bereaved brother and a copy sent to the International Association of Machinists' Journal for publication.

ANDREW BARR,
JOHN ABERNATHY,
CHARLES IRVINE,
Committee.

Duluth, Feb. 10, 1903.

The following resolutions were adopted by Zenith lodge No. 274, International Association of Machinists:

Whereas Almighty God in his wisdom has seen fit to remove from this world the beloved father of our esteemed brothers, Rudolph and August Selger, be it

Resolved, that we extend to our bereaved brothers our most sincere and heartfelt sympathy in this their hour of sorrow; and be it further

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes as a tribute of respect, a copy sent to our bereaved brother and a copy sent to the International Association of Machinists' Journal for publication.

CHARLES IRVINE,
JOHN ABERNATHY,
ANDREW BARR,
Committee.

THE FLAATEN CONCERT.

Fine Program Prepared For Sunday Afternoon.

A very attractive program has been prepared for the Flaaten concert at the Lyceum Sunday afternoon. Master Leslie Bassett, a fine young singer, will give the vocal number and in addition Charles Hilmar will be heard in a cornet solo. The program is as follows:

Polonaise—"Presidential" .... ..Sousa
Overture—"Morning, Noon and Night"..... .....Suppe
Cornet solo—"Der Liebestraum" ....Hoch
Charles Hilmar.
Selection from Stabat Mater"..Rossini
Solo—Selected..... .....
Master Leslie Bassett.
Waltz—"Blue Danube" (by request) ....Strauss
"Dreams of the Alps".....Labitzky
"An American Battle Scene"..Tobani

A grand realistic tone-picture portraying most graphically some of the exciting scenes and incidents of actual war, thus giving a perfect music panorama, which will stir up patriotism in every true American's breast.

Synopsis: Opening. Peace reigns over our country. Industries. Busy factories. Husbandry. In the cotton fields. Rumors of war soon spread dark clouds all over the country. War declared. The president calls for volunteers. To arms. The first gun is fired. The martial strains of the drum and fife are heard in every village. Troops off to the front. Soldier's farewell. Embarkation. All aboard on train. The massing of armies, patriotic airs to cheer the men to victory. The bivouac. Sundown. Trumpet call. "The retreat." Men retire to quarters, talking about the loved ones at home. The "tattoo." Extinguish lights. Taps. Above the tread of the sentinels is heard an occasional challenge. Rifle shots exchanged by the outposts. Day breaks. "Reveille." General alarm to arms. Troops hurrying into positions. An occasional gun is heard. Commence firing. The battle. Grand cavalry charge. Patriotic airs are heard spurring the armies on. Bugle call for bayonet charge. Shouts arise above the din of musketry and roar of cannon. Grand climax. Pursuit. Cease firing. Victory. Prayer. Peace proclaimed. General rejoicing. "The Star Spangled Banner."

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

STRIKE COMMISSION

Meets at Washington to Prepare Its Report.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The anthracite coal strike commission met here this afternoon, to begin the work of formulating their conclusions and framing their report. All the members of the commission were present. The commissioners state that it is impossible to say even approximately how long it will take to frame the award. The members of the commission say the award has not been discussed and that no outline of the probable verdict can be accurately made at this time.

IS A NOTED CRIMINAL.

St. Louis, Feb. 19.—The man serving a six months term at the city workhouse, who lived here for some time as "Lieut. Col. F. Seymour Barrington, a member of the British nobility," and married a lady of Kansas City, who believed his stories of wealth and title, was today positively identified as George Barton, a noted English criminal.

ACCIDENT ON GRAND TRUNK.

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 19.—In an accident on the Grand Trunk road near Whitby Junction today, two passengers were injured, among them being H. L. Lindsay, of Forest Lake, Wis.

COLLEGE BURNED.

New York, Feb. 19.—Wesley college at Port Richmond, Staten Island, was totally destroyed by fire today. The loss is $80,000. Mr. Griffiths, one of the teachers, jumped from an upper story window and broke both legs.

ACTION OF QUAY

Concerning the Colombian Treaty Causes Surprise Among Republicans.

Declare Move Will Not Pass the Statehood Bill.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The senate met at 11 o'clock today. A bill was passed authorizing the secretary of the interior to issue a patent to the city of Buffalo, Wyo., for certain tracts of land.

The Quay resolution declaring it to be the sense of the senate that a vote on the statehood bill be taken prior to March 2 went over until tomorrow.

A house bill was passed providing for the payment of claims of citizens of Virginia for damages to their property incident to the encampment at Manassas and the march from Camp Alger to Thoroughfare Gap, Va., during the war with Spain.

The house bills also were passed amending the pension laws applying to remarried widows; authorizing the construction of a bridge across across the Tennessee river between Lewis Bluff and Guntersville, Ala.

The bill making Sabine Pass a port of entry in Texas, which has caused considerable discussion in the senate heretofore, was considered for a time, but went over without action, when, on motion of Mr. Cullom the senate, at 12:20 went into executive session to consider the Colombian canal treaty.

Mr. Quay took the copy of the Colombian constitution which he asked to have read, from quite a large pile of documents which lay on his desk and when he asked to have it read the Republican senators sitting near him immediately reached the conclusion that he had united with Senator Morgan and that the step was intended to force the acceptance of the statehood bill.

Without giving voice to such a supposition Senator Aldrich objected to the reading of the document by the clerks, saying that evidently the proceeding was merely intended for the purpose o. delay.

Senator Quay replied that such was not his intention and that he would ask to have nothing read which would not throw light upon the subject under consideration. Senator Morgan also said that so far as he was concerned there was no collusion. It was then agreed that "for the present and until it should become evident that the reading was for delay" it should continue.

The anti-statehood Republicans made no concealment of their surprise at Mr. Quay's proceedings and all of them who would express an opinion at all said that the move would not result in the passage of the statehood bill whatever might be its effect upon the treaty. They did not believe that it would prevent ratification of the treaty.

Beore Mr. Quay took the floor Senator Hoar made a brief speech in support of the treaty, saying that since the Spooner act had become a law the United States is in honor bound to consummate the transaction provided for by that act.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Without preliminary business the house today proceeded with the consideration of the naval appropriation bill.

When the house adjourned yesterday the paragraph relating to the increase of the personnel of the navy had been reached. To this an amendment was offered, which was defeated, to provide that the graduates of state nautical schools standing highest in their classes should be appointed midshipmen.

An amendment was offered by Mr. Perkins (N. Y.), to make volunteer officers who served in the marine corps during the war with Spain eligible to appointment as captains on the marine corps staff. He said there were but two officers who would be eligible under this amendment. It was lost.

An amendment was adopted giving members of congress whose districts are not now represented at the naval academy the privilege of immediately filling such vacancies.

All $1.50 books now 95 cents. Bennett's News stand.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

MINNESOTA DELEGATION

To Confer on Committee Assignments In Next Congress.

Washington, Feb. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Minnesota delegation of the house will meet this afternoon to confer as to committee assignments desired for its members during the Fifty-eighth congress. The delegation, including, of course, the new members, will meet in the committee room of Representative Tawney. Of the new members, J. Adam Bede is seeking an assignment upon the committee on rivers and harbors. Representative-elect Steenerson wants a place either upon judiciary or Indian affairs; he is holding out for assignments upon both. Davis thinks he would like to serve as a member of postoffices and postroads Volstad hopes to land upon either the committee on agriculture or public lands. Representative Stevens desires to relinquish his place on merchant, marine and fisheries and take Fletcher's place on interstate and foreign commerce and retain his present place on military affairs. McCleary will give up his place on the committee on labor, retaining his chairmanship of the committee on library and his assignment on the committee on appropriations. Tawney, who was the original Cannon boomer, may be assigned to a place on the committee on rules, giving up his place on insular affairs and of course, retaining his place on ways and means. Governor Lind's committee assignments depend entirely upon what the Democratic steering committee may ask. Representatives-elect Lind's personal preference is for a place on judiciary, and, that failing, would like an assignment upon interstate and foreign commerce.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones.—The Advisor.

BUILDING PERMITS.

O. K. Wieman, frame addition to store building, south side Superior street between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues East, $700.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Joseph Denis and Rosane Basin.

BIRTHS.

HALLILA—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Matt Hallila, of 250 St. Croix avenue.

McGUFFIN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. McGuffin, of Fourteenth street, on Park Point.

If You Have ANYTHING TO SELL —THE— Want Columns of The Herald WILL SELL IT FOR YOU.

IF YOU WISH A SERVANT —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET ONE FOR YOU.

THE HERALD'S WANTS WILL SATISFY THE PEOPLE'S WANTS

IF YOU DESIRE A POSITION —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET IT FOR YOU.

If You Wish TO RENT Your Property —THE— Want Columns of The Herald, WILL RENT IT FOR YOU.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

SWELL RESIDENCE SITE.

we have for sale one of the finest 150-foot corners in the East End at a great bargain.

A. C. VOLK & CO.. 202-203 Palladio.

For Investors

$9000 Gilt-edge first mortgage on central business property for sale by

A. W. Taussig & Co.
205 Providence Building.

$550 on easy terms will take lot 40x125, upper side Helm street, between 28th and 29th avenues W. Street has all improvements. Cheap lots everywhere. Let us write your fire insurance.

Geo. H. Crosby,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg.

AN OPPORTUNITY

of a life time. How often do you hear people say, "I could have bought this or that at such and such a price," naming a few dollars, for properties now immensely valuable. Some man did do it, and today is counting his wealth by tens and perhaps hundreds of thousands.

$30 cash and $5 a month, without interest, for fifty-four months, will buy five acres of land near Woodland. There is no better land for market garden purposes in St. Louis county, is comparatively level and free from rock and has a nice spring brook running through it. Can be cleared and made ready for cultivation at a very small expense.

We give you immediate possession of the land with permission to go on and improve and use it. You can raise enough on one acre, in one season, to pay for the whole five acres.

We can sell you a ten acre tract for $60 cash, and $10 a month on the same terms.

Here is a rare opportunity for a small and safe investment. An opportunity to save and invest a few dollars every month which in a short time, will provide you with a home, where you can live in ease and comfort. Let us show you this land.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St.

4½ and 5 PER CENT Money to Loan "On or Before"
R. M. Newport,
302 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE OR LEASE!

Three-story basement brick building, known as 14, 16 and 18 East Michigan street; 75 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Steam heat, two elevators, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Each floor has carrying capacity of 480 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession.

J. D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

22 lots in block 173 and 154, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues West for..... **$9000**

7-room house, No. 322 Third avenue West **$2600**

25 feet on First street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues West; lays perfect, and very cheap.

7-room house, stone foundation, within five blocks of the postoffice; easy terms; price..... **$1200**

7-room house in West Duluth; would cost $1200 to build now; good location; can be bought for cash..... **$700**

100-foot corner, on Fifth street and Third avenue East.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

EAST END RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Nine rooms, hard wood floors in most of the rooms, hard wood finish, grates, heating plant unsurpassed, all modern conveniences. Beautiful shade trees, barn and either fifty or one hundred feet frontage in a desirable location. A delightful home. Price given on application. Terms reasonable.

OTHER ATTRACTIVE HOUSES FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

STOCKS! STOCKS!
See what we save you!

	Others ask.	Our Price.
Kootenai Copper	25c	3c
Moorcroft Oil	25c	6c
Consolidated Copper—issued	45c	20c
Alaskan Central Ry.	$10.00	$7.00

Crooked River, Copper Glance, etc, etc.

THE WILLIAM KAISER COMPANY
106 Palladio Building.

$3000 for West Michigan street lot near Eleventh avenue. 50x140 feet, ¼ improved and earns $23 a month. This is cheap, lying between the two business centers. No Rock.

$300 to $600 for some good Endion Division lots, below Superior street.

$5000 for a brick building in Virginia, Minn., rented for three years to a solid party at $900 a year. A fine investment in a growing young city.

$40000 for a desirable Superior street property, earning net 7 per cent.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

More Real Estate Bargains:

$1700 Eight large rooms, fine condition, for one family or two; stone foundation, good cellar; lot 75x200 feet. Only three blocks from court house.

$1000 New five-room house, city water, good barn; lot 40x125 feet. Near street car barn, West End.

$1500 Good six-room house, city water; all street improvements made; good barn. West End.

$1250 Nine rooms; city water; large lot. West End.

$500 Ten acres choice land; all improved; near city.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg. 'Phone 789.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$5000
TO LOAN AT
5½ %

$6500 50-foot lot and building, with four flats of five rooms each; modern conveniences; in Portland division. Ten per cent net.

$850 corner 100 by 140 feet in Endion.

$1600 50 feet on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue East.

$2200 200 feet on Fourth street, near incline.

$8 per acre for 80 acres near the Jean Du Luth stock farm. Good buildings; partly cleared.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

STORE FOR RENT
Good brick building,
No. 515 E. Fourth st.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

$1100 Buys full lot with small building, Jefferson street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues East.

Ten-room house on Pittsburgh avenue, near Second avenue West, on easy terms. Cheap acre property.

J. W. SHELLENBERGER,
507 Palladio Building.

HOUSES AND LOTS.

We have several good homes at Lakeside and Lester Park that are to be sold CHEAP, and on easy terms. Also some BIG BARGAINS in building lots on graded streets. With water, and sewer. See us for lots on Park Point.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co
303 Lonsdale Building.

Bakers, Attention!

We will equip a store for a modern bakery in a new flat building about to be erected in a centrally located residence district.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.
ECHO MINING CO.
DERRIG & GUNNISS
409-410 Torrey Bldg.
BOTH 'PHONES.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN.
Lowest rates. No delay in closing loans.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance, 216 West Superior Street.

DRESS MAKING.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING AND ladies' tailoring. Miss M. Hoff, 126 Mesaba avenue.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

IMPORT OF 1902. FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

COMPLETE WOODS OUTFIT, CHEAP; tent, snow shoes, camp utensils, new rifle. 109 Second avenue east.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ONE TWO-HORSE second-hand delivery wagon; good condition. 26 East First street.

FOR SALE—STEAM LAUNDRY. COST $3500; sell at $2500 if taken at once. Doing good business; small expenses; good location. Reason for selling, ill health. Inquire owner, lock box 502, Aitkin, Minn.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE PAIR OF BOB sleighs and harness, and top buggy. 2408½ West First street.

FOR SALE—20 ACRE FARM ALL cleared, with large frame house. Rock foundation. Mike Michalak, Hermantown.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—CARLOAD FRESH milch cows just arrived at A. Anderson, 718 Fifth avenue East.

SUITS OR OVERCOATS MADE TO ORder for $18.00. Jno. Rindahl, 1911 West Superior street.

TWENTY-FOOT SAIL BOAT, BUILT last winter. Cheap. P. Schroeder, 505 Board of Trade.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

TYPEWRITERS, $35 UP. INVESTIGATE Edmont, 13 Phoenix block. Zenith, 676.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

Horses for Sale

Just arrived with a carload draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

LOST AND FOUND.

TAKEN FROM THE LYCEUM PHARmacy, presumably by mistake, one alligator grip, containing papers and articles of value only to the owner. Please return.

LOST—PAIR LADIES' BOW GLASSES, On Second avenue West, between Fifth street and Lake avenue. Finder return to 485 Mesaba avenue, Mrs. W. Hines.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old, 705-5.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE —also on furniture, pianos and personal property of all kinds without removal or publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1, 5:30 to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN; ANY AMOUNT. J. P. Rossman, 712 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.
235 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 882.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

GAS ENGINES FOR SALE.

WITH **SPEED REGULATOR**—Slowed down enough for trolling. "Beats them all." Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake Avenue South.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDium and clairvoyant, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT. 227 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4230.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED.

FURNACES CLEANED, CHIMNEYS swept. Good work guaranteed. A Bradley, W 25, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A GIRL THAT WANTS TO work at meal hours for her board and room. Call at, 210 West Second street.

WANTED — A GIRL TO BAKE PIES. Apply to Charles H. Hall, Branch Bethel.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY BOOKKEEPer. State salary and experience. Address O 40, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 319 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF children. 1412 East Fourth street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2001 East First street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL AND SECond girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Apply mornings 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 13 Fifty-eighth avenue East, Lester Park.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMployment office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

A SOBER, HONEST, EXPERIENCED cook for the new hotel at Eveleth, Minn. Call on or address, E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—BOY 16 or 17 YEARS OLD, for porter work. 317 West Superior street, up stairs.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLEbodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—MANAGER FOR DULUTH for sick and accident insurance company; first-class opening for a good man; call or address Metropolitan Accident Company of Minnesota, Bradley building, St. Paul.

WANTED — APRIL FIRST, EXPERIenced bookkeeper in wholesale house. References required. Address R 41, Herald.

WANTED — MAN OR WOMAN TO cook. $10 per week. Call afternoons or evenings. 211 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COATMAKers. George H. Brenton, Phoenix block.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED COLlector; none other need apply. Give reference and salary wanted. Address W 74, Herald.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKer. 330 East Fourth street. Hvaal & Gittelson.

HARDWOOD WORKERS AND EXPERienced cabinet makers wanted. Steady employment. Pearson Boat Construction Co., across the canal.

WANTED—TEN GOOD LOCAL CANvassers, insurance men preferred; big commissions; something entirely new; splendid chance for genral agent who can control dozen men. American Annuity Co., 609 New York Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

SPLENDID CHANCE FOR MEN TO learn barber trade now. Tools, diplomas and positions given graduates. Years saved by our method of practical experience, expert instructions, lectures, etc. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

PERSONAL.

NOTICE—MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE a spiritual test meeting Sunday evening, Feb. 22, at Agen Hall, corner Tower, West Superior.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

TEAMS WANTED.

WANTED—FOUR-HORSE TEAMS FOR hauling logs at French river. Red Cliff Lumber Co., 301 Torrey building.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MAN, AS bookkeeper or some other office work. Competent to fill a position of trust. Age 33. W. 79, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY AN EXPERienced handsawyer; twenty years' experience. W 77, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN in bakery, to learn trade; have had some experience. W 76, Herald.

BARBER, WITH ONE YEAR'S EXPERience in barber business, wants place to work and finish up the trade. Address Matt Lakner, Duluth.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPer. Address 224 Mesaba avenue North.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER IS OPEN for engagement. Address W 75, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION OF ANY KIND by young man, willing to work. Can write good hand. Clerical position preferred. Address H. S. 19, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY A BOY WHO would like to do dish washing in restaurant or hotel. W 68, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNGG MAN, WORK of any kind. Inside work preferred. Address W 72, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS PLACE IN PRIvate family to work part of day, or would work all day. Address W 71, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG MAN for indoor work of any kind. Address O 77, Herald.

WANTED, BY YOUNG LADY—POSItion as clerk or cashier in restaurant or confectionery; no objection to leaving city. N 82, Herald.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONal Bank bldg. Phones, Zen., 831; Dul., 844.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

LOOK—FOR RENT, A BUILDING OF twenty rooms, for hotel or boarding house; well located. Address P. O. 722, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE. 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — NEAT COTTAGE. 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE. 328 Third avenue West. Enquire 302 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—713½ EAST FOURTH street. Charles A. Stark, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, $2.00 up. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 204 West First street, office upstairs.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED ROOMS central, will allow light house keeping. No children. W. 62, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms. Call at 2128 W. Third st.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT AT 326 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, No. 20 West Seventh street, $7. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba Block.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, modern. 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board. 222 Third avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM STEAMheated flat. Lane McGregor & Co., Exchange building.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, CITY water and toilet, $10 per month. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 218 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD. 211 WEST SECOND street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD. 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED — TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—BY MAY 1, A DEsirable house in East End. G. A. French, French & Bassett.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:20	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
....	10:50	Ar. Sparta Lv.	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
1:28	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	2:00 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.		*6:30 a.m.
*7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast, Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana, Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	*6:45 p.m.
*8:30 p.m.		*7:30 a.m.
2:20 p.m.		*12:40 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 42.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail	Ar. *10:00 a.m.
†8:15 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL	Ar. †7:55 p.m.

All Points East. Marquette and Copper Country.
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 5:50 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:50 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	• Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

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FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

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FINE LINE OF SWITCHES, MANICURing, face massage. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

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REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1825 West Superior St. Phones old 1002-2; new 1302.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

AUDITING.

AUDITING DONE BY EXPERT ACcountant. Moderate rates. X 18, Herald.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next Meeting Feb. 23rd, 1903. Work Second Degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 25 1903. Work P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Penbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com., Old Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Flder Arlington hotel, serlbe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 95, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Social session and Ladies' night Feb. 17; J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES, DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

Accident and Liability DEPARTMENT
Aetna Life Ins. Co., Hartford, Connecticut.
Wendell P. Mosher COMPANY, General Agents Minnesota, Northern Wisconsin and Northern Michigan.
Local Agent Franklin Fire Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
104 Torrey Building, - Duluth, Minnesota.

ESTABLISHED 1869.
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You want the best—We furnish it.
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Lots and Acres
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Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.

200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.

Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

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REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
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SIXTEEN PAGES.

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The senate committee on education reported favorably on the bill taking the educational institutions of the state, including the Owatonna and Faribault schools, out of the hands of the board of control, and the report was adopted.

Senator Ferris, of Crow Wing, introduced a bill in interests of railroad engineers and firemen, which provides that they shall not be compelled to work more than fourteen hours at a stretch, and that they shall have nine hours rest between shifts. This does not permit them to desert their engine in case of storm or accidents or other unavoidable delay. Officers making them work longer than these hours are guilty of misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $25 to $100 or imprisonment for 30 or 90 days. Railroads are liable for injuries received from working overtime.

Senator Fitzpatrick introduced a bill giving cities of 10,000 to 50,000 boards of municipal works.

Senator Morgan introduced a bill in-

(Continued on page 6.)

Fire Started In Basement and Had Great Headway When Discovered.

Escape Was Cut Off and Guests Were Caught Like Rats In a Trap.

Many Jumped From Windows and Were Crushed on the Pavements Below.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Feb. 20.—Ten lives, according to the best information obtainable under difficulties, were lost in a fire which this morning destroyed the Clifton hotel, in this city. The fire started at 2:30 o'clock and at 10 o'clock the smouldering debris furnished so fierce a heat that search for bodies was impossible. The list of dead may prove larger than the number given, but it is hoped that the information, which accounts for all but this number, is correct.

Two persons were fatally injured and two score or more injured more or less severely, mostly by jumping from windows. The work of learning the names of the dead is rendered difficult by the loss of the hotel register, which was burned.

The hotel, a three-story brick veneer structure, is said to have been a veritable fire trap. The flames started in a pile of rubbish in the basement, presumably ignited by defective electric light wires. The night clerk was on the third floor when the cry of fire, raised by a bell boy, startled him. He took up the cry, and in an instant the hallways were choked by frightened cries of anguish and desperation, for the fire, feeding ravenously on the timber-like material of the lower floor, had completely cut off escape. There followed a stampede for the windows, the only means of exit left. The street below was now filled with a crowd scarcely less frantic than the despairing ones in the fast burning building.

"It was like a Dore picture of Inferno sprung to life," said one spectator in describing the scene. "The flames, looking blood red from reflection against the snow, lit up the pale, drawn faces of the people in the windows with a glow that was unearthly."

The victims were literally driven by the flames to jump. Nearly every one of them lingered to the last moment, urged by the people below to wait as long as possible in the hope of assistance. Then a cry would tell them that the fire had reached them, or the smoke had made it impossible to breathe, and one after another jumped, some to the street, and some, more fortunate, to the roofs of buildings adjoining. In a short space of time the street was filled with men and women bruised, battered, broken limbed and half crazed. All were in their night garments. In an hour St. Luke's hospital contained fifteen injured, while many more, chiefly those who had escaped with comparatively slight hurts, were being cared for in buildings near the scene of the tragedy. Some who jumped owe their lives to the fact that their falls were broken by telegraph wires which interposed in their downward flight.

A number of the guests who were able to converse calmly following their escape declared that they stumbled over prostrate bodies as they rushed to the windows. The flames were literally chasing them, and the smoke made it almost impossible to breathe.

The proprietor of the hotel placed his estimate of the number of people in the building at between seventy and eighty. Many of them were delegates to the state convention of the Young Men's Christian association, which began here yesterday.

Those who were first to escape, when they were not too severely injured, stood for sometime barefooted in the snow, chained to the spot and rendered unconscious of the cold by the horror of the scene. Many of them had to be led away.

At 11 o'clock the only one of the missing whose name was known was W. A. Mowry, of What Cheer, Iowa.

The fatally injured:

VINA BURNS, head waitress, jumped from third story window.

L. C. BURNETT, Nebraska City, Neb., badly burned.

The injured: Linda Williams, waitress, face badly burned, leg injured. Lizzie Kelley, waitress, burned. Emma Smith, waitress. F. C. Outing, Center Point, left arm sprained, hands burned. H. W. Bremer, Lyons Iowa. F. R. Moore, Chicago. Beatrice Netolicky, Shurryville, Iowa. J. Winniger, Waterloo, face burned and wrist sprained. J. E. Anderson, Chicago, back strained. A. S. Farrow, Boone. F. C. Gardiner, Woodburn, Iowa. D. F. Taylor, Davenport, head injured and elbow fractured: hip injured and burned about body. Louis Thompson, Cedar Rapids, badly burned. A. M. Larsen, Oelwein, feet injured and lungs hurt. C. W. Roberts, Cedar Rapids. L. O. Vernon, Delta, Iowa, cut and right side injured. May Reel, waitress, badly burned. N. P. Hoover, Tama, Iowa. T. J. Seally, Canton, Ill. J. A. Flar, Davenport. C. L. Benedict, body burned. G. P. Hawes, Decorah, Iowa. F. O. Redmond, mail clkre, Tama, Iowa. N. O. Templeton, Monticello, Iowa. George Taggart, St. Paul. James Lewis, colored porter. J. M. Dunbar, Monticello. John W. Lewis, Ottumwa, bruised. S. C. Grovex, Cedar Rapids, terribly burned while hanging to fire escape; probably fatal. P. E. Strickland, jumped from third story window; leg broken and injured internally; probably fatally. Cella Williams, waitress, badly burned. C. F. Hamburg, Leroy, Minn., limbs badly burned. R. C. McConahy, Aurora, Ill., hands and face burned. O. J. Lamb, Center Point, Iowa, seriously burned. G. F. Koesser, Walker, Iowa, face and hands burned. C. A. Rossman, legs and arms sprained by jumping from top floor; strcuk wires and landed in a snow bank. F. A. Chase, hands injured.

A BAD NEGRO SMOKED OUT

Held Fifty Policemen at Bay Several Hours.

Finally Driven Out and Killed By Officers.

New Orleans, Feb. 20.—After holding half a hundred bluecoats at bay for several hours, during which scores of shots were exchanged, Lafayette Sims, a desperate negro, was killed by the police early this morning in a negro boarding house situated on South Rampart street. The room in which he was besieged had to be set on fire and the department called out before Sims could be driven from his post. As he attempted to escape, still carrying his gun, he was shot down. The body was taken to the morgue without any demonstration from a mob of several thousand negroes, who crowded the vicinity of the tragedy. Intense excitement prevailed while the siege lasted.

The origin of the trouble was trivial. Sims occupied a room in the boarding house in which there were seven beds. On retiring last night he locked the door and when the landlord early this morning asked him to open it so that another lodger might be admitted, Sims refused. Then the landlord sent for the police. Efforts to persuade Sims to open the door failed and a hole was smashed in. Through the aperture Sims shot a pistol out of one hand and a lantern out of the other of Officer Windstein, who tried to enter. Thereupon additional police were sent for and the house surrounded.

After the additional police had arrived the negro landlord and an officer went to the room and pleaded with Sims to come out and surrender.

"No, I won't," he answered, with an oath. "I'll shoot if you don't go away. I am not going to leave here. They'll burn me in oil. They'll fry me."

Sims had piled some of the furniture in the room against the door and was prepared to fight for his life. As the landlord and the officer retreated the desperado fired at them without doing any damage. Superintendent Journee decided that there was nothing to be done but to smoke the negro out. An alarm was turned in and a portion of the fire department brought to the scene. A quantity of cotton, oil and sulphur were sent for, a match applied and the blazing substance hurled into the room, every avenue of escape being guarded by policemen. The furniture in the room caught quickly, filling the place with smoke and flames. Sims hung on to his hiding place until he was nearly suffocated, and then made a break to escape. As he appeared at the door Patrolman Fred Smith fired at him. The negro staggered, mortally wounded. Instantly other policemen fired on him. He had scarcely fallen to the floor when he was dead.

The firemen extinguished the flames and the body was dragged out and driven through a lane of excited negroes to the police station.

Examination of the room showed that Sims had gotten possession of Officer Windstein's revolver after shooting it from his hand.

PRIMARY ELECTION BILLS ARE GIVEN CONSIDERATION

Joint Committee of House and Senate Has Hard Task Ahead of It---The Amendments That Are Radical Stand But Little Show.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The committees on election from both houses of the legislature held a joint session yesterday afternoon and took up the subject of amendments to the primary election law. It found that it had a difficult task ahead of it to digest all of the amendments that have been offered and to draft a bill embodying such of them as seem suitable.

The chairman of the two committees, Senator Dunn, from the senate and Mr. Cole from the house, brought with them the bills that had been referred to the committees, and each of them had a formidable bundle of measures along the line of whipping the primary election law into better shape.

There are all sorts of measures but not many of them suggest any radical changes. The Wells bill, which would place the state officers as well as local officers under the operation of the primary election law, is one of the most radical, but it stands very little show. The bills taking the congressional and judiciary nominations out of the primary election system are also rather radical, and they also stand but a poor show.

Mr. Wells explained his bill before the joint committee yesterday afternoon, saying that if the primary election law is good for one class of officers it is good for all, and if it is the proper thing to use in selecting candidates for local officers it certainly is proper for state officers.

Senator Reike said that the primary election law had already eaten into party organization in the local fights, and it was hard to tell what it might do if it got into the state field.

Senator Peterson explained his bill, which puts the primary election nineteen weeks before the general election, instead of seven, and which also prevents those who vote at the primaries from signing independent petitions afterward. He showed that his primary election date, which would be about July 1, would suit the farmers better, as the middle of September, the present date, catches them in the midst of harvesting, when they cannot conveniently get away to vote.

Mr. Dowling, of Eveleth, explained his bills, which present four changes. One puts the primary election on the last Tuesday of June, which he figures

Continued on Page 13.)

POPE LEO CELEBRATES THE JUBILEE OF HIS PONTIFICATE

Hundreds of Roman Citizens and Strangers Do Honor to His Holiness.

Rome, Feb. 20.—"It seems impossible that it is twenty-five years since I have been there," was Pope Leo's exclamation, as he looked from a window of his apartments this morning into the sunlight piazza of St. Peters. This was the pontiff's only reference to his long term of self-imposed imprisonment in the vatican, during which he has never gone beyond the palace grounds and St. Peters, which is considered to be part of the vatican. "What a glorious morning for the jubilee of my pontificate," the pope added, as he proceeded with evident pleasure to peruse the almost innumerable telegrams, letters and addresses of congratulations which have reached the vatican from all parts of the world.

The hall of beatification above the portico of St. Peters, where the pontiff held his jubilee reception, presented a brilliant scene. It was beautifully hung with antique brocades and illuminated by thousands of electric lights and wax candles. The boxes lining the long narrow hall were filled to their capacity with members of the Roman aristocracy, diplomats, women with black veils, men in evening dress and monks and sisters in varying garb. Here and there groups of papal guards in bright uniforms lent color to the whole. Notable among the diplomats was Count Almodovar, head of the special mission sent to represent the king of Spain at the jubilee.

The struggle to get into the hall was terrific. People were swept off their feet and women were overcome, but no one was really injured. The babel of tongues raised in protest testified to the world-wide character of the gathering.

Among the Americans present were Bishops Maurice Burke of St. Joseph, Mo., and Edward Dunne, of Dallas, Tex.; Fathers S. P. McDonnell and Hugh O'Gara McShane, of Chicago, and Thomas O'Gara, of Wilmington, Ill.; Mrs. and Miss Choate and R. U. Johnson.

There was a long and tedious wait before the ceremony commenced, and the audience was growing restless when suddenly a great roar of "Long live Leo" and "Long live the pope-king," announced the arrival of the pontiff. His holiness was borne in the sedia gestatoria on the shoulders of eight men habited in red brocade. The pope himself wore gorgeous robes and had the triple crown on his head. He bestowed his benediction right and left as he passed through the cheering concourse, whose enthusiasm was so intense that the presence of the guards seemed really necessary for his protection.

In a procession surrounded by such a brilliant escort of prelates, aristocracy and guards, Pope Leo always appears at his best. His feebleness and bent form are hidden and the public sees only the venerable patriarch with cameo-like features and kindly smile.

THE SUPREME COURT REVERSES ITSELF ON TAX SALE DECISION

Full Bench of Minnesota, In Opinion Written By Justice Collins, Affirms St. Louis County Court In Case of Midland Company vs. Erby.

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court handed down but one decision today, affirming the St. Louis county court in the case of Midland company, appellant vs. William Eby. The opinion is written by Justice Collins.

In this opinion the court overrules a former opinion of the Minnesota supreme court.

The history of the case as given in the opinion of the court, is as follows: This action was brought to determine adverse claims made to two separate parcels of land, town lots. The plaintiff, in order to recover, was obliged to rely upon the sufficiency of certain notices to redeem in tax proceedings, issued under the provisions of the general statutes of 1894, section 1654, in which it is provided, among other things, that "the amount required to redeem," from the tax sale in question must be specified, and which section must be construed in connection with section 1602.

One of the parcels was bid in by the state at the tax sale and the state's right afterward assigned to the plaintiff. The other lot was sold to a purchaser at the sale who afterwards assigned his certificate of purchase to the plaintiff, in whose behalf the notice was given. In the notices, unpaid delinquent taxes were not included in the amounts expressly specified as the amount required to redeem the lands from such sale.

The main question is, is it necessary when unpaid delinquent taxes have accrued subsequent to an assignment by the state, or a sale direct to purchaser, that the amount thus accrued should be included when stating the amount required to redeem, or will the general statement as to delinquent taxes found in the notice suffice?

In the case of Knight vs. Knoblauch 77 Minnesota, the supreme court held. "The amount required to redeem from such tax sale isthe amount the land sold for, including interest, plurality and costs and interest on whole amount up to the expiration of the sixty days allowed by law for redemption after service of the notice to so redeem."

The court says this rule is notably erroneous "because the amount required by the statute to redeem is the amount due on the day redemption is made, not at a later day."

The syllabus by Justice Collins is as follows:

1. When specifying the amount required to redeem in the notice provided for in the general statutes of 1894, section 1654, the county auditor must include the total sum due on account of the delinquent taxes, interest, penalties and costs mentioned in the second and third sub divisions of section 1602.

2. This amount should be the sum actually due on day the notice is dated—overruling Knight vs. Knoblauch 77, Minn. 2 on this point.

3. When redemption is made interest should be added by the auditor up to that day, and also the amount of an delinquent taxes, interest and penalties, if there be any, which have accrued subsequent to the date of the notice."

BAD FIRE AT HOUGHTON

Conflagration Which Started In Miller's Department Store Causes a Loss of $150,000---The Whole City Was at One Time Seriously Threatened.

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire breaking out in Miller's department store this morning did damage of nearly $150,000. The losses are: L. Miller, general merchandise; $55,000; N. F. Leopold, building, $18,000; Sam O'Connell's saloon, $4000; Deedrick & Co., wholesale cigars, $8000; Dan Murphy, building, $8000; household goods, $2000; Frank Hiller, groceries, $5000; Mrs. M. Foley, building, $2500; household goods, $2000; James Goggin, meat market, $1500; Elias George, confectionary, $1000; Miss P. Harrington, building, $2000; Mrs. William Miller, building, $1000. The adjoining property was damaged several thousands. The local fire department was ably aided by departments from Hancock, Quincy and Hurontown, and held the fire in much closer limits than at first seemed possible.

BASSANNELLA KILLED ANDERSON

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Jacob Bassannella was hanged at 4:05 at Washburn this morning for the murder of Anton Hylinger. The drop was sprung at 4:05 and Bassannella was pronounced dead in seven and a half minutes. He went to the scaffold without fear. Fathers Clements and Louis, of Bismarck, accompanied him. Bassannella left a statement admitting the crime of murdering Axel Anderson at Grand Forks several years ago, and claiming that his brother Joe, now now serving a life sentence in the Bismarck penitentiary, was not connected in that murder, which Jake said he had planned and perpetrated himself.

WOMAN'S BODY

Petrified After Four Years In Grave.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 20.—The body of Mrs. Lewis Warren, who was buried in the graveyard at Chickener, Fayette county, about four years ago, was disinterred and was found to be in a nearly almost perfect state of petrification. The features were natural in appearance, and there was only the slightest trace of decomposition.

The body was entirely covered by a moss resembling plush in texture and having every color and tint imaginable.

Specimens of petrification are frequently found in limestone countries, but the Crickener burying ground is sandstone region. It is thought here is a subterranean drain of mineral water through it which is responsible for the petrification.

EL MENEBHI KILLED.

Madrid, Feb. 20.—A dispatch received from Tangier, Morocco, says it is persistently reported there that E. Menebhi, the minister of war, was killed in battle Feb. 12.

THREE MORE OF THE VICTIMS OF TROLLEY ACCIDENT MAY DIE

The Motorman, Engineer of Train and One Young Lady Are In a Precarious Condition and May Pass Away at Any Time.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 20.—The victims of yesterday's collision between a trolley car and a Lackawanna train at the Clifton avenue crossing who are in the hospitals were all reported to be doing well today, with three exceptions. Those whose condition is not favorable are Peter Brady, the motorman of the wrecked car; Oscar Brecklifs, engineer of the Lackawanna train, and Miss Jennie McLelland. The house surgeon said today that Brady's death might occur at any time, although there was still a possibility of his recovery. The motorman is suffering from a fractured skull and other injuries.

The condition of Miss McLelland, who is 16 years old, is extremely critical. She, too, is suffering from a fractured skull and is otherwise injured. Breckliffs' head is crushed and his face badly lacerated. It was said at the hospital that his condition was grave.

BURIED RECORDS LOST THE CASE

San Francisco, Feb. 20.—Behind a decision handed down by the United States court of appeals in the case of R. D. McDoughall against the Northwestern Commercial company there is a pathetic story of suffering.

The case was brought by McDoughall, who recovered judgment in the second district of Alaska. The appeal was taken up to the appellate court.

All the papers were sealed in a box and given in charge of Charles Low, who started from Nome overland for Seattle. In the party were Low, Dr. Miller and a man named Griswold. When Illiama bay was reached Dr. Miller perished from the cold. The others decided that their only hope to reach Seattle was to leave their incumbrances behind, so they pushed on, after burying the box containing the records of the case. An effort was made to perfect the records from memory, but it was ineffectual and the court was forced to dismiss the appeal because of the incompleteness of the records.

THE VICTIM WAS HIS OWN MOTHER

Passaic, N. J., Feb. 20.—Dr. Alice H. Burdick, 60 years of age, who practiced medicine in New York city but lived here, was struck by a train and instantly killed at the Prospect street crossing of the Eric railroad last night. Opposite the station at the time was Dr. Edwin De Baun. He was called and hurried over, only to find that the victim was his own mother, he being her son by her first marriage. The son was so shocked he had to be led away.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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The Gjersten anti-bucket-shop bill was recommended for passage by the senate judiciary committee this afternoon.

The senate committee on education reported favorably on the bill taking the educational institutions of the state, including the Owatonna and Faribault schools, out of the hands of the board of control, and the report was adopted.

Senator Ferris, of Crow Wing, introduced a bill in interests of railroad engineers and firemen, which provides that they shall not be compelled to work more than fourteen hours at a stretch, and that they shall have nine hours rest between shifts. This does not permit them to desert their engine in case of storm or accidents or other unavoidable delay. Officers making them work longer than these hours are guilty of misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $25 to $100 or imprisonment for 30 or 90 days. Railroads are liable for injuries received from working overtime.

Senator Fitzpatrick introduced a bill giving cities of 10,000 to 50,000 boards of municipal works.

Senator Morgan introduced a bill in-

(Continued on page 6.)

PRIMARY ELECTION BILLS ARE GIVEN CONSIDERATION

Joint Committee of House and Senate Has Hard Task Ahead of It---The Amendments That Are Radical Stand But Little Show.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The committees on election from both houses of the legislature held a joint session yesterday afternoon and took up the subject of amendments to the primary election law. It found that it had a difficult task ahead of it to digest all of the amendments that have been offered and to draft a bill embodying such of them as seem suitable.

The chairman of the two committees, Senator Dunn, from the senate and Mr. Cole from the house, brought with them the bills that had been referred to the committees, and each of them had a formidable bundle of measures along the line of whipping the primary election law into better shape.

There are all sorts of measures but not many of them suggest any radical changes. The Wells bill, which would place the state officers as well as local officers under the operation of the primary election law, is one of the most radical, but it stands very little show. The bills taking the congressional and judiciary nominations out of the primary election system are also rather radical, and they also stand but a poor show.

Mr. Wells explained his bill before the joint committee yesterday afternoon, saying that if the primary election law is good for one class of officers it is good for all, and if it is the proper thing to use in selecting candidates for local officers it certainly is proper for state officers.

Senator Reike said that the primary election law had already eaten into party organization in the local fights, and it was hard to tell what it might do if it got into the state field.

Senator Peterson explained his bill, which puts the primary election nineteen weeks before the general election, instead of seven, and which also prevents those who vote at the primaries from signing independent petitions afterward. He showed that his primary election date, which would be about July 1, would suit the farmers better, as the middle of September, the present date, catches them in the midst of harvesting, when they cannot conveniently get away to vote.

Mr. Dowling, of Eveleth, explained his bills, which present four changes. One puts the primary election on the last Tuesday of June, which he figures

Continued on Page 13.)

BAD FIRE AT HOUGHTON

Conflagration Which Started In Miller's Department Store Causes a Loss of $150,000---The Whole City Was at One Time Seriously Threatened.

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire breaking out in Miller's department store this morning did damage of nearly $150,000. The losses are: L. Miller, general merchandise; $85,000; N. F. Leopold, building, $18,000; Sam O'Connell's saloon, $4000; Deedrick & Co., wholesale cigars, $8000; Dan Murphy, building, $8000; household goods, $2000; Frank Hiller, groceries, $5000; Mrs. M. Foley, building, $2500; household goods, $2000; James Goggin, meat market, $1500; Elias George, confectionary, $1000; Miss P. Harrington, building, $2000; Mrs. William Miller, building, $1000. The adjoining property was damaged several thousands. The local fire department was ably aided by departments from Hancock, Quincy and Hurontown, and held the fire in much closer limits than at first seemed possible.

BASSANNELLA KILLED ANDERSON

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Jacob Bassannella was hanged at 4:05 at Washburn this morning for the murder of Anton Hylinger. The drop was sprung at 4:05 and Bassannella was pronounced dead in seven and a half minutes. He went to the scaffold without fear. Fathers Clements and Louis, of Bismarck, accompanied him. Bassannella left a statement admitting the crime of murdering Axel Anderson at Grand Forks several years ago, and claiming that his brother Joe, now now serving a life sentence in the Bismarck penitentiary, was not connected in that murder, which Jake said he had planned and perpetrated himself.

Fire Started In Basement and Had Great Headway When Discovered.

Escape Was Cut Off and Guests Were Caught Like Rats In a Trap.

Many Jumped From Windows and Were Crushed on the Pavements Below.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Feb. 20.—Ten lives, according to the best information obtainable under difficulties, were lost in a fire which this morning destroyed the Clifton hotel, in this city. The fire started at 2:30 o'clock and at 10 o'clock the smouldering debris furnished so fierce a heat that search for bodies was impossible. The list of dead may prove larger than the number given, but it is hoped that the information, which accounts for all but this number, is correct.

Two persons were fatally injured and two score or more injured more or less severely, mostly by jumping from windows. The work of learning the names of the dead is rendered difficult by the loss of the hotel register, which was burned.

The hotel, a three-story brick veneer structure, is said to have been a veritable fire trap. The flames started in a pile of rubbish in the basement, presumably ignited by defective electric light wires. The night clerk was on the third floor when the cry of fire, raised by a bell boy, startled him. He took up the cry, and in an instant the hallways were choked by frightened cries of anguish and desperation, for the fire, feeding ravenously on the timber-like material of the lower floor, had completely cut off escape. There followed a stampede for the windows, the only means of exit left. The street below was now filled with a crowd scarcely less frantic than the despairing ones in the fast burning building.

"It was like a Dore picture of Inferno sprung to life," said one spectator in describing the scene. "The flames, looking blood red from reflection against the snow, lit up the pale, drawn faces of the people in the windows with a glow that was unearthly."

The victims were literally driven by the flames to jump. Nearly every one of them lingered to the last moment, urged by the people below to wait as long as possible in the hope of assistance. Then a cry would tell them that the fire had reached them, or the smoke had made it impossible to breathe, and one after another jumped, some to the street, and some, more fortunate, to the roofs of buildings adjoining. In a short space of time the street was filled with men and women bruised, battered, broken limbed and half crazed. All were in their night garments. In an hour St. Luke's hospital contained fifteen injured, while many more, chiefly those who had escaped with comparatively slight hurts, were being cared for in buildings near the scene of the tragedy. Some who jumped owe their lives to the fact that their falls were broken by telegraph wires which interposed in their downward flight.

A number of the guests who were able to converse calmly following their escape declared that they stumbled over prostrate bodies as they rushed to the windows. The flames were literally chasing them, and the smoke made it almost impossible to breathe.

The proprietor of the hotel placed his estimate of the number of people in the building at between seventy and eighty. Many of them were delegates to the state convention of the Young Men's Christian association, which began here yesterday.

Those who were first to escape, when they were not too severely injured, stood for something barefooted in the snow, chained to the spot and rendered unconscious of the cold by the horror of the scene. Many of them had to be led away.

At 11 o'clock the only one of the missing whose name was known was W. A. Mowry, of What Cheer, Iowa.

The fatally injured:

VINA BURNS, head waitress, jumped from third story window.

L. C. BURNETT, Nebraska City, Neb., badly burned.

The injured: Linda Williams, waitress, face badly burned, leg injured. Lizzie Kelley, waitress, burned. Emma Smith, waitress. F. C. Outing, Center Point, left arm sprained, hands burned. H. W. Bremer, Lyons, Iowa. F. R. Moore, Chicago. Beatrice Netolicky, Shurryville, Iowa. J. Winniger, Waterloo, face burned and wrist sprained. J. E. Anderson, Chicago, back strained. A. S. Farrow, Boone. F. C. Gardiner, Woodburn, Iowa. D. F. Taylor, Davenport, head injured and elbow fractured: hip injured and burned about body. Louis Thompson, Cedar Rapids, badly burned. A. M. Larsen, Oelwein, feet injured and lungs hurt. C. W. Roberts, Cedar Rapids. L. O. Vernon, Delta, Iowa, cut and right side injured. May Reel, waitress, badly burned. N. P. Hoover, Tama, Iowa. T. J. Seally, Canton, Ill. J. A. Flar, Davenport. C. L. Benedict, body burned. G. P. Hawes, Decorah, Iowa. F. O. Redmond, mail clkre, Tama, Iowa. N. O. Templeton, Monticello, Iowa. George Taggart, St. Paul. James Lewis, colored porter. J. M. Dunbar, Monticello. John W. Lewis, Ottumwa, bruised. S. C. Grovex, Cedar Rapids, terribly burned while hanging to fire escape; probably fatal. P. E. Strickland, jumped from third story window; leg broken and injured internally; probably fatally. Cella Williams, waitress, badly burned. C. F. Hamburg, Leroy, Minn., limbs badly burned. R. C. McConahy, Aurora, Ill., hands and face burned. O. J. Lamb, Center Point, Iowa, seriously burned. G. F. Koesser, Walker, Iowa, face and hands burned. C. A. Rossman, legs and arms sprained by jumping from top floor; struck wires and landed in a snow bank. F. A. Chase, hands injured.

POPE LEO CELEBRATES THE JUBILEE OF HIS PONTIFICATE

Hundreds of Roman Citizens and Strangers Do Honor to His Holiness.

Rome, Feb. 20.—"It seems impossible that it is twenty-five years since I have been there," was Pope Leo's exclamation, as he looked from a window of his apartments this morning into the sunlight piazza of St. Peters. This was the pontiff's only reference to his long term of self-imposed imprisonment in the vatican, during which he has never gone beyond the palace grounds and St. Peters, which is considered to be part of the vatican. "What a glorious morning for the jubilee of my pontificate," the pope added, as he proceeded with evident pleasure to peruse the almost innumerable telegrams, letters and addresses of congratulations which have reached the vatican from all parts of the world.

The hall of beatification above the portico of St. Peters, where the pontiff held his jubilee reception, presented a brilliant scene. It was beautifully hung with antique brocades and illuminated by thousands of electric lights and wax candles. The boxes lining the long narrow hall were filled to their capacity with members of the Roman aristocracy, diplomats, women with black veils, men in evening dress and monks and sisters in verying garb. Here and there groups of papal guards in bright uniforms lent color to the whole. Notable among the diplomats was Count Almodovar, head of the special mission sent to represent the king of Spain at the jubilee.

The struggle to get into the hall was terrific. People were swept off their feet and women were overcome, but no one was really injured. The babel of tongues raised in protest testified to the world-wide character of the gathering.

Among the Americans present were Bishops Maurice Burke of St. Joseph, Mo., and Edward Dunne, of Dallas, Tex.; Fathers S. F. McDonnell and Hugh O'Gara, McShane, of Chicago, and Thomas O'Gara, of Wilmington, Ill.; Mrs. and Miss Choate and R. U. Johnson.

There was a long and tedious wait before the ceremony commenced, and the audience was growing restless when suddenly a great roar of "Long live Leo" and "Long live the pope-king," announced the arrival of the pontiff. His holiness was borne in the sedia gestatoria on the shoulders of eight men habited in red brocade. The pope himself wore gorgeous robes and had the triple crown on his head. He bestowed his benediction right and left as he passed through the cheering concourse, whose enthusiasm was so intense that the presence of the guards seemed really necessary for his protection.

In a procession surrounded by such a brilliant escort of prelates, aristocracy and guards, Pope Leo always appears at his best. His feebleness and bent form are hidden and the public sees only the venerable patriarch with cameo-like features and kindly smile.

WOMAN'S BODY

Petrified After Four Years In Grave.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 20.—The body of Mrs. Lewis Warren, who was buried in the graveyard at Chickener, Fayette county, about four years ago, was disinterred and was found to be in a nearly almost perfect state of petrification. The features were natural in appearance, and there was only the slightest trace of decompostion.

The body was entirely covered by a moss resembling plush in texture and having every color and tint imaginable.

Specimens of petrification are frequently found in limestone countries, but the Chickener burying ground is sandstone region. It is thought here is a subterranean drain of mineral water through it which is responsible for the petrification.

EL MENEBHI KILLED.

Madrid, Feb. 20.—A dispatch received from Tangier, Morocco, says it is persistently reported there that E. Menebhi, the minister of war, was killed in battle Feb. 12.

THREE MORE OF THE VICTIMS OF TROLLEY ACCIDENT MAY DIE

The Motorman, Engineer of Train and One Young Lady Are In a Precarious Condition and May Pass Away at Any Time.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 20.—The victims of yesterday's collision between a trolley car and a Lackawanna train at the Clifton avenue crossing who are in the hospitals were all reported to be doing well today, with three exceptions. Those whose condition is not favorable are Peter Brady, the motorman of the wrecked car; Oscar Brecklifts, engineer of the Lackawanna train, and Miss Jennie McLelland. The house surgeon said today that Brady's death might occur at any time, although there was still a possibility of his recovery. The motorman is suffering from a fractured skull and other injuries.

The condition of Miss McLelland, who is 16 years old, is extremely critical. She, too, is suffering from a fractured skull and is otherwise injured. Brecklifts' head is crushed and his face badly lacerated. It was said at the hospital that his condition was grave.

A BAD NEGRO SMOKED OUT

Held Fifty Policemen at Bay Several Hours.

Finally Driven Out and Killed By Officers.

New Orleans, Feb. 20.—After holding half a hundred bluecoats at bay for several hours, during which scores of shots were exchanged, Lafayette Sims, a desperate negro, was killed by the police early this morning in a negro boarding house situated on South Rampart street. The room in which he was besieged had to be set on fire and the department called out before Sims could be driven from his post. As he attempted to escape, still carrying his gun, he was shot down. The body was taken to the morgue without any demonstration from a mob of several thousand negroes, who crowded the vicinity of the tragedy. Intense excitement prevailed while the siege lasted. The origin of the trouble was trivial. Sims occupied a room in the boarding house in which there were seven beds. On retiring last night he locked the door and when the landlord early this morning asked him to open it so that another lodger might be admitted, Sims refused. Then the landlord sent for the police. Efforts to persuade Sims to open the door failed and a hole was smashed in. Through the aperture Sims shot a pistol out of one hand and a lantern out of the other of Officer Windstein, who tried to enter. Thereupon additional police were sent for and the house surrounded.

After the additional police had arrived the negro landlord and an officer went to the room and pleaded with Sims to come out and surrender.

"No, I won't," he answered, with an oath. "I'll shoot if you don't go away. I am not going to leave here. They'll burn me in oil. They'll fry me."

Sims had piled some of the furniture in the room against the door and was prepared to fight for his life. As the landlord and the officer retreated the desperado fired at them without doing any damage. Superintendent Journee decided that there was nothing to be done but to smoke the negro out. An alarm was turned in and a portion of the fire department brought to the scene. A quantity of cotton, oil and sulphur were sent for, a match applied and the blazing substance hurled into the room, every avenue of escape being guarded by policemen. The furniture in the room caught quickly, filling the place with smoke and flames. Sims hung on to his hiding place until he was nearly suffocated, and then made a break to escape. As he appeared at the door Patrolman Fred Smith fired at him. The negro staggered, mortally wounded. Instantly other policemen fired on him. He had scarcely fallen to the floor when he was dead.

The firemen extinguished the flames and the body was dragged out and driven through a lane of excited negroes to the police station.

Examination of the room showed that Sims had gotten possession of Officer Windstein's revolver after shooting it from his hand.

THE SUPREME COURT REVERSES ITSELF ON TAX SALE DECISION

Full Bench of Minnesota, In Opinion Written By Justice Collins, Affirms St. Louis County Court In Case of Midland Company vs. Erby.

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court handed down but one decision today, affirming the St. Louis county court in the case of Midland company, appellant vs. William Ehy. The opinion is written by Justice Collins.

In this opinion the court overrules a former opinion of the Minnesota supreme court.

The history of the case as given in the opinion of the court, is as follows: This action was brought to determine adverse claims made to two separate parcels of land, town lots. The plaintiff, in order to recover, was obliged to rely upon the sufficiency of certain notices to redeem in tax proceedings, issued under the provisions of the general statutes of 1894, section 1654, in which it is provided, among other things, that "the amount required to redeem," from the tax sale in question must be specified, and which section must be construed in connection with section 1662.

One of the parcels was bid in by the state at the tax sale and the state's right afterward assigned to the plaintiff. The other lot was sold to a purchaser at the sale who afterwards assigned his certificate of purchase to the plaintiff, in whose behalf the notice was given. In the notices, unpaid delinquent taxes were not included in the amounts expressly specified as the amount required to redeem the lands from such sale.

The main question is, is it necessary when unpaid delinquent taxes have accrued subsequent to an assignment by the state, or a sale direct to purchaser, that the amount thus accrued should be included when stating the amount required to redeem, or will the general statement as to delinquent taxes found in the notice suffice?

In the case of Knight vs. Knoblauch 77 Minnesota, the supreme court held. "The amount required to redeem from such tax sale isthe amount the land sold for, including interest, plurality and costs and interest on whole amount up to the expiration of the sixty days allowed by law for redemption after service of the notice to so redeem."

The court says this rule is notably erroneous "because the amount required by the statute to redeem is the amount due on the day redemption is made, not at a later day."

The syllabus by Justice Collins is as follows:

1. When specifying the amount required to redeem in the notice provided for in the general statutes of 1894, section 1654, the county auditor must include the total sum due on account of the delinquent taxes, interest, penalties and costs mentioned in the second and third subdivisions of section 1662.

2. This amount should be the sum actually due on day the notice is dated—overruling Knight vs. Knoblauch 77, Minn. 2 on this point.

3. When redemption is made interest should be added by the auditor up to that day, and also the amount of all delinquent taxes, interest and penalties, if there be any, which have accrued subsequent to the date of the notice."

BURIED RECORDS LOST THE CASE

San Francisco, Feb. 20.—Behind a decision handed down by the United States court of appeals in the case of R. D. McDoughall against the Northwestern Commercial company there is a pathetic story of suffering.

The case was brought by McDoughall, who recovered judgment in the second district of Alaska. The appeal was taken up to the appellate court.

All the papers were sealed in a box and given in charge of Charles Low, who started from Nome overland for Seattle. In the party were Low, Dr. Miller and a man named Griswold. When Illiama bay was reached Dr. Miller perished from the cold. The others decided that their only hope to reach Seattle was to leave their incumbrances behind, so they pushed on, after burying the box containing the records of the case. An effort was made to perfect the records from memory, but it was ineffectual and the court was forced to dismiss the appeal because of the incompleteness of the records.

THE VICTIM WAS HIS OWN MOTHER

Passaic, N. J., Feb. 20.—Dr. Alice H. Burdick, 69 years of age, who practiced medicine in New York city but lived here, was struck by a train and instantly killed at the Prospect street crossing of the Erie railroad last night. Opposite the station at the time was Dr. Edwin De Baun. He was called and hurried over, only to find that the victim was his own mother, he being her son by her first marriage. The son was so shocked he had to be led away.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Hanan's Spring Style Shoes for Men and Women Are Now on Sale—18 Cases Arrived This Morning—The Finest and Best Shoes in the World.

Fur and Fur Lined Coats at Your Own Price.



M. S. BURROWS

Knox Spring Hats
Are Ready — The Favorite Hats With Swell Dressers.

Men's Trousers
...AT...
Clearance Prices.

Hundreds of pairs of Men's $4.00, $3.75, $3.50, $3.25 and $3.00 odd pants, all sizes, assorted patterns — clearance price $1.85.
$1.85

Hundreds of pairs of men's $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 odd pants in a grand variety of pat'rns all sizes, thoro'ly well made, $1.28.
$1.28

Commerce is regulated by supply and demand—At the beginning of a season, when no one can tell whether the supply will equal the demand, profits are in order—for on profits alone a business thrives. But there comes a time when the leavings must be turned to account, a time when our anxiety for room is written on every price ticket—a time when cost and profits are ignored—a time when wise folks with means but unlimited, lay in supplies for some time ahead.

Burrows' Semi-Annual Clearance Sales!

Men's Trousers
...AT...
Clearance Prices.

Hundreds of pairs of Men's $4, $4.50, and $5.00 odd pants — splendidly made—stylish & wear resisting weaves; all sizes
$2.85

Hundreds of pairs of Men's Paragon Pants and other best lines that usually sell for $7.50, $8.00 and $10.00; now for
$4.85

Suits, Overcoats, Ulsters HALF PRICE!

Clearance Sale Men's Fine Underwear

Half Price All Silk Underwear, Silk and Balbriggan, best imported Balbrigan, fancy striped, mercerized, at half price.

⅓ Off All Silk and Wool Underwear, English Cashmeres, Holroyd's Pure Wool and Fine Derby Ribbed, Etc.

¼ Off Our entire line of Staple Wool Underwear, Silk and Wool Merinos, Cashmeres, Worsteds, Etc.

Hats Passing out at lightning speed at such low prices $3.00 $2.50 and $2.00 stiff hats for
$1.45

Who wouldn't find it profitable
to lay in a supply of boys' clothes at these prices? The full force of salespeople wouldn't be as busy now as in the height of a busy season but for bargains. It isn't a matter of choice with us to lose money, but a case of necessity, for this store never carries goods from one season to another, as you probably know. Prices cut in two on boys' clothing.

Boys' Ulsters (9 to 18 years)	3-piece Suits (Knee Pants—5 to 16 years.)	Boys' and Children's Overcoats
Half Price! This includes choice of some of the finest Ulsters ever offered in Duluth.	**Half Price!** Truly elegant suits in patterns that are sure to please. This is a golden opportunity for mothers.	**Half Price!** Three months' cold weather yet to come and these same garments will do next winter
$7.50 For Boys' $15 and $18 Long Pant Suits, ages 15 to 20 years.	**$5.00** For Boys' $7.50 and $8.50 2-piece Suits, 8 to 16 years.	**$3.00** For Boys' $6.00 Vest Suits —3 to 12 years—a big bargain at the price.

Bargains In Boys' Furnishings.

1 dozen Boys' Turn Collars—always 10c and 15c—choice tomorrow ... 1c
Children's 50c and 75c double-band and camel hair Tam O'Shanters ... 10c
50 dozen Childs' Winter Caps—always 50c and 25c ... 5c
$1.00 Laundered Shirts—separate cuffs—all sizes ... 69c
Laundered Shirts, sizes 13½ to 14—50c and 75c kinds—tomorrow ... 25c
Boys' Flounced $1.00 Shirts ... 50c
Boys' $1.00 White Shirt Waists ... 50c
Children's Leggings ... Half Price

Don't Delay Your Orders For Wash Suits.

Clearance In the Shoe Department.
Men's Tan Shoes Half Price.
Boys' and Youths' Tan Shoes Half Price.
Felt Shoes and Slippers Half Price.

OVERSHOES AND ALASKAS.

Misses' and Children's 3-buckle Arctics — in sizes from 8½ to 2—$1.50 and $1.75 quality —reduced price, per pair ... **$1.10**
Men's Alaskas—in sizes 6 to 8½, reduced from $1.00 to ... **48c**
Men's 1-buckle Arctics—heavy first quality, reduced from $1.50 to ... **98c**
Mens Lumbermen's Overs, a limited number of pairs $1.75 quality — while they last, at the low price of ... **48c**
Men's Lumbermen's Arctics for stocks—first quality — reduced from $2.00 and $2.25 to ... **$1.25**
Lumbermen's Hurons, for socks, reduced from $1.75 to ... **$1.19**
Men's rolled edge, first quality 1-buckle Arctics, reduced from $2 ... **$1.49**
All men's 1-buckle heavy Arctics, reduced from $1.75 to ... **$1.23**
Men's 3-buckle Arctics, worth $2.50 and $2.75, reduced to ... **$2.19**

TO PUNISH JOKER

Amusing Affair Growing Out of Wednesday's Land Rush.

C. W. Somerby Victim of C. J. Minor's Joshing Proclivities.

C. W. Somerby, of Minneapolis, assistant attorney general, who was one of those who entered upon land at the Duluth United States land office Wednesday morning and stood outside the door of teh federal building wrapped in a blanket for several hours, is on the war path. C. J. Minor, city assessor of Minneapolis, is the man he is looking for, and all because of some fun that Mr. Minor had at the expense of Mr. Somerby.

Mr. Minor originated the story that Somerby had been passed o a place in the line with the four young women, under the impression that he was a woman, due to his being wrapped in a blanket. Out of this a story was weaved that he had worn skirts, a poke bonnet, etc. Mr. Somerby's displeasure has been manifested so strenuously that Mr. Minor has come out with a letter explaining the whole thing.

The Minneapolis Tribune thus sets forth the affair:

Charles W. Somerby, assistant attorney general, returned this morning from Duluth, where he stood in line with those waiting to file on government land, and succeeded in filing on a timber and stone claim.

Mr. Somerby called at the Tribune office and denied very strenuously that he had been masquerading in feminine attire. He was said in a dispatch from Duluth to a morning paper to have stood in line with several women landseekers, himself wearing skirts and a storm bonnet. The male persons in the line are said to have considered Mr. Somerby a nice old lady, and to have shown him the utmost deference.

"As a matter of fact," said Somerby, "I wore my own clothes and never thought of wearing woman's attire. I got my land by standing in the line and waiting my turn like other people who had the patience and determination There was no masquerading about it.

"The story about my wearing skirts was circulated by C. J. Minor, and one of the Duluth papers came out with a ridiculous story in which I was pictured as a fussy old lady in a poke bonnet and mittens, holding my place in the line because the men thought I was a woman and were willing to give way to me.

"I am now looking for C. J. Minor. It is a long lane that has no turning, and I think Minor has pretty nearly arrived at the turn. I intend to help him around the corner. He has held me up to ridicule and obloquy all over the state, in fact, all over the Northwest. I intend to take care of the joker."

MR. MINOR ADMITS JOKE.

The story that Mr. Somerby masqueraded in female attire was a joke which originated with me. Mr. Somerby had a blanket around his shoulders when we were all in line, and I was joshing him about it then, and I subsequently got up a story about it in the hotel corridor. Mr. Somerby was No. 6 in the line and was the second man at the door in the morning. There were only four ladies in the line, and they were given numbers one to four by courtesy. The first man at the door was goven No. 5 and Mr. Somerby No. 6. There was no rivalry for places among the thirteen people at the door when the building opened.

C. J. MINOR.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, wounds of every sort.

Dunlap Hats.
Opening day, Saturday.
A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

PASS TO THE HIGH PLACE

Big Duluth Indoor Baseball Team Defeats Great Easterns.

First place in the Interstate league was the prize which the Big Duluth baseball team won by defeating the Great Easterns last evening at the Armory by a score of 16 to 12.

The Big Duluth men played a consistent game throughout and their fielding was the point which won them the contest. Schipper, the Great Eastern pitcher, was in good form, and he did some very excellent work in the box. His support was not as good as that of Dennis for the Big Duluth, however, and the game was lost, but only after a very pretty struggle.

As usual the game contained some unusual plays by fielders, but last night the Big Duluth secured most of the telling plays, which set the crowd wild.

The score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Big Duluth	3	0	0	0	6	2	0	5	0	—16
Burrows	6	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	1	—12

Next week, Friday and Saturday, are the days which have been set for the games with the Houghton light infantry team, which defeated the local men two games on a recent trip into the copper country.

The standing of the teams in the league now is:

	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
Big Duluths	2	2	0	1000
Great Easterns	3	2	1	665
Company I	2	1	1	500
Freimuths	1	0	1	000
Hubs	2	0	2	000

The Snakes

have not been out taking sun baths in this vicinity for the past few days, and we can assure you you'll never be troubled with them if you wear our high grade low-priced footwear.

Saturday Specials...

20 per cent discount on all our high grade shoes for men, women, boys and youths. This means on a $5 pair of shoes you save $1. Rubber goods at wholesale prices. No such bargains ever offered in Duluth. We must make room for new spring goods now coming.

EHLE SHOE COMPANY,
Torrey Building, Ground Floor.
Quick Repairing.

THE STAGE.

"Across the Desert" is an oasis in the great Sahara of modern melodrama. A good house enjoyed this play at the Lyceum last evening, and the indications are for a larger house this evening when the performance will be repeated.

The scenes of the drama shift thrillingly from an Arizona desert to the semi-tropics of Southern California. The heroine, Miss Bertie Van Dyke, was very clever and supported by a good company. In the play there are plenty of good situations handled nicely by Miss Van Dyke, Miss Johnson, H. W. Van Dyke, Walter Arlm, A. E. Fellows, E. C. Sprague, Miss Jackson and James McCoy.

* * *

The Ferris comedians made their usual mid-week change of bill at the Metropolitan last night by presenting the four-act Russian drama, "The Crucifix," a very interesting play. This is one of the best plays given by the company. Each member of the cast did well. "The Crucifix" has a finely constructed and intensely interesting plot. The scenery, costumes and calcium effects were excellent. "The Crucifix" will be the bill again tonight, with a matinee tomorrow and tomorrow night. The specialties were again changed and pleased the audience.

* * *

Tomorrow afternoon and evening the Lyceum will present "Down by the Sea." It is a comedy drama, and, although it has been running in England for the past eight years, it only received its initial American production late last season at Boston, Mass. The play is a dramatization of a well-known English novel, but the characters and situations have been slightly changed to suit the tastes and ideas of the American theater-goer. The story is said to be beautiful and the incidents so naturally conceived that at no time does the action drag or the interest wane.

Energy all gone? Headache? stomach out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.

BRAINERD TOO MUCH.

Mrs. Myra A. Braucht Packed Trunk and Left.

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—Contentment without regard to environment is so rare a thing that it excites consideration. There are some men and a few women who can be contented regardless of environment, and these men and women belong to two classes which are strongly antagonistic.

The one class is richly furnished with endowments of heart and mind to such an extent that they find good companionship in themselves and respect themselves as congenial companions.

The other class is made up of rank and repulsive egotists and self-complacent fellows, whose favorite relaxation is a contemplation of their own alleged superiority.

Mrs. Myra A. Braucht, the wife of Jess A. Braucht, did not, it is presumed, belong to either class, because she could not be happy in Brainerd.

Minneapolis, she told her husband, was small enough for her, but, when it came to Brainerd, she "stigmatized it" in a very unpleasant way and would have none of it. So she packed her trunk, took her dress suit case in her hand and swung off to some place unknown.

They married in Minneapolis in June, 1900, and lived for a short time at the home of Mrs. Braucht's mother, in that city. Mr. Braucht's mother assisted him in establishing a business in Brainerd, and he went there with his wife to make a home. She lived there for a short time and then went to Minneapolis. Then, recovering, she went again to Brainerd for a few days, but could not be happy there, returned to Minneapolis, packed her trunk and went away Aug. 23.

Mr. Braucht brought his suit for a divorce on the ground of desertion and Judge Lewis directed findings for the plaintiff.

The Saturday Club.

The Saturday club will meet tomorrow afternoon and Charles Dickens will be the subject of the papers read before the club. The program will be as follows:

"Educational Value of Dickens." ..... Mrs. Joerns.
"His Place in Literature." .....
Selections .....
Mrs. H. F. Barnard and Mrs. Downs.

SUPPLY IS SHORT

Stocks of Meat In Local Houses Are Running Low.

Cold Weather Stops Shipments---Prices of Butter Weaken.

The stocks of meat in the warehouses of the various wholesale meat dealers, this week, is very low, some of the houses being almost entirely cleaned out. The dealers say that the long continued cold snap is the cause of the shortage. During such weather farmers throughout the country dare not ship their live stock to market for fear of death from exposure. In the South and Southwest, warm weather followed by the extreme cold has made many of the roads almost impassable to the farmers. The railroads of the country were also much affected by the cold weather, the freight service of many of them being badly disorganized.

Thus the shipments of meat received in the city during the past week have been few and small, and as the demand has been unchecked the result has been a great inroad on the surplus stocks and a consequent sharp rise in prices. Hogs have risen to 9 cents and pork loins to 11 cents. Dressed beef is selling at from 6 to 8 cents and lamb at from 9 to 10½ cents.

The dealers say the increased prices are likely to prevail until after the roads become settled in the spring.

The poultry dealers report a good week's trade. The demand for poultry has been good owing to the increased price of meats and a number of consignments of the dressed stock have been received. The prices remain unchanged from last week.

Another reduction in the price of butter is reported this week. Fancy dairies are now selling at 18 cents and packing stock at 14 cents. Creamery prints remain stationary at 27 cents.

There has been no change in egg prices from last week. Fresh eggs are selling for 20 cents and storage for 17 cents.

The long predicted rise in the price of potatoes took place last week. They are now selling at 50 cents per bushel.

Bananas are higher at from $2 to $2.50 per bunch and lemons lower, selling at from $3.50 to $3.75 per box.

Men who want their youth, to feel the same as when budding into manhood, use Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back that vim, vigor, mental and physical power of bygone days. Free if it fails. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

Letter Carriers' Dance... At ARMORY Next Monday, February 23



ORCHESTRA OF TEN PIECES.
Tickets 50c Couple.
☞Street cars will leave City Hall at 2 a.m. for W. Duluth.

IN INTEREST OF MISSIONS

Swedish Baptist Churches to Hold Three Days' Meeting.

The quarterly meeting of the Swedish Baptist churches in Duluth and Superior will be held this week at the Bethel Baptist church on Third street and Ninth avenue east, in this city. It began this afternoon at 3 o'clock with a song and praise service, led by Rev. F. Linden, followed with an address by Rev. H. Bergman, of Cloquet, on "The Home Mission." There was free discussion on the subject.

This evening at 7:30, Rev. O. Ellison, of Superior, will lead a song service and Rev. E. Bjorkquist, Isanti county, will preach with reference to the home mission work.

Saturday, the session, both in the afternoon and evening, will be devoted to Sunday school work, and will be led by Rev. M. Berglund, Sunday school missionary for the American Baptist Publication society in the state of Minnesota.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, there will be a union meeting opened with song service, led by Rev. G. Nygren. Subject, "The Foreign Mission." There will be an address by Rev. Axel Lindgren, of Ironwood, followed by free discussion.

CHINESE MERCHANTS

Want Their Sons to Attend Public Schools.

San Francisco, Feb. 20.—A movement is on foot among the Chinese merchants to force admittance for their sons to the public schools. The Examiner says that it has been decided to petition the legislature to amend the law which restricts the Chinese youth to the Chinese public schools. The Chinese fathers of native sons declare the exclusion of their boys from the public schools is not only unjust but at variance with the constitution of the United States.

PROPHETS ARE BAD

Predictions of Early Break Up No Longer Terrify Loggers.

Prospects Are Excellent For Enormous Output of Logs.

The persons who have been predicting for the benefit of the loggers that the weather from the middle of February on until spring would not be favorable to the diggers, will have to take to the tall timber and keep under cover. One of the men who is interested in some of the largest logging operations in Northern Minnesota said yesterday that the pessimistic talk of some of the men who have scarcely been outside the city this winter, and who pretend to know all about the logging situation was not worth the time spent in listening to it. He claimed that conditions were never better than at present for logging operations, and that the prospects for an immense output of logs this season, were never more encouraging. The intensely cold weather has stiffened up the soft places and put the ice roads in splendid condition. The snow has settled away some in the woods and there are few places that the logger cannot now reach with his teams and men. The only handicap has been the difficulty in getting men within the last few days. The woodsmen are reluctant to work out in such an intensely frigid atmosphere and they have been showing a strong inclination to hang about the cities until the weather moderates.

Nobody can tell with any degree of certainty what the output of white pine and other logs will be in the northern district this year. That is a question that will not be settled for several weeks to come.

Every manufacturer of white pine lumber who owns stumpage, is bending every effort to get in all the logs that he possibly can before the spring break-up. Conditions are favoring them and the prospect is for a large cut. Not a few concerns will be able to get out logs left over from last season. Nearly all the head of the lake mills will have early supplies and the mills that have been closed down for the winter will start up just as soon as the weather will permit. The large winter cut of the mills in the northern district will, it is claimed, help out in the early spring trade.

Judging from present appearances the output of white pine logs will be as large if not larger this year than of any other recent year. The outlook for building the coming year is such that large supplies are certain to be demanded and no fears are being expressed of a surplus cut.

WAR IS ON

Between Parents and Health Officers Over Vaccination.

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 20.—The local anti-vaccinationists, led by Frank Blue, secretary of the national organization, yesterday sent their unvaccinated children to school, with orders to remain unless physically ejected. The board of health advised the school authorities to have the truant officer eject them, and the school authorities said the officer had no juridiction as his duty is to bring children into the schools and not to exclude them. Now it is intended to have other officers at the schools to exclude the unvaccinated.

The anti-vaccationists say they will have the officers arrested on a charge of assault and battery, and also get a mandatory injunction from the court for the admission of the children, on the ground that the act of 1901 says that no child in good physical and mental condition shall be excluded by any law or rule.

SHORT AND SWEET.

A Quick Food Cure Quickly Told.

Some have the knack of telling a long story in a few words. Such is the case with a Plymouth, Ill., lady who writes: "Here are a few lines about myself and how I was cured by Grape-Nuts food.

"For over a year I was almost prostrated with what two of our best doctors called catarrh of the bowels. Everything I ate seemed to hurt me so my husband, having heard of the pre-digested food Grape-Nuts, purchased a package and had me try it.

"I can truthfully say that one package did me more good than anything else I had tried. So I have continued the use of it ever since.

"I quit medicine and used Grape-Nuts and it has made me sound and well and I would gladly recommend it to others.

"You may use my name." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

You Save 25 to 50 per cent.

WIELAND'S

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Ladies' Fleece-Lined Rubbers, 75c grade— 59c

SHOE SALE

A Sale that sells—Some fine Shoes to be turned into cash and the Shoes into active duty on 1000 and more pairs of feet of Men, Women and Children. **New Lots** to be added for Saturday's big trade. Call and see the values; you will be surprised.

Men's Shoes.

Men's Shoes — Nettleton's $5.00 and $6.00 box calf, kid, patent leather and enamels, your choice per pair..... **$3.98**

Men's $3 to $4 Shoes—at..... **$2.48**

Men's Shoes—Odd lots of Men's $2 to $5 Shoes—per pair. **$1.48**

Men's Congress Shoes—sizes 5½ to 7, former price $4 to $5... **98c**

Boys' Shoes.



Boys' Shoes—$1.75 and and $2.00 box calf at..... **$1.48**

Youth's and Little Gents' Shoes—$1.50 to $1.75 goods, at.. **$1.19**

Youths' and Little Gents' Shoes—$1.25 grade —per pair..... **98c**



MEN'S $4 and some $5 stylish Shoes — heavy or light soles — in various leathers—dress or heavy wear, only **$2.98**

MEN'S $2.50 to $5.00 Shoes, light or heavy soles, various leathers and styles..... **$1.98**

All Felt Shoes
AT COST AND BELOW.

Men's, Ladies' and Children's.

Ladies' Felt Shoes—$1.50 and $1.75 goods, leather soles—your choice..... **98c**

Rubbers and Overshoes.

Ladies' 50c Storm Rubbers—latest style—per pair..... **39c**

Children's Arctics—per pair..... **39c**

Exceptional Bargains

Misses' Shoes—$1.75 to $2.50 grades of Cox's and other makes—your choice —per pair..... **$1.48**

Misses' Shoes—$1.25 to $1.50 grades—good styles—per pair..... **98c**

Children's Shoes—$1.00 and $1.25 Shoes—at, per pair..... **79c**

Infants' 75c Shoes—per pair..... **49c**

Men's Rubbers.

Men's Storm Over-Shoes—$1.00 grades.... **75c**

Men's Rubbers—per pair..... **49c**

Ladies' Shoes.

Ladies' Shoes—$4.00 and $5 grade—Gray's and Laird, Schober & Co., turn sole and welt extension soles, choice..... **$2.98**

Ladies' Shoes—$2.50 and $3 grades—kid and calf, extension or plain soles, choice.... **$1.98**

Ladies' Shoes—$1.50 to $2.50 —heel or spring heels, odd lots, while they last —per pair..... **98c**

Ladies' Slippers.

Felt, fur trimmed and plain leather sandals and slippers, worth $1.25 and $1.50—your choice... **98c**

Call early—Remember our number and sale sign is above the door.

No. 123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

MYSTERY IS DEEPER

No Clew to Robber Who Took Mrs. Klein's Valuables.

Case Presents Points That Are Baffling to Detectives.

The Brunswick diamond robbery continues to be the mystery of the day.

Detectives working overtime are unable to find the slightest clue.

Mrs. Delia S. Kline, who lost the $700 worth of gems and $240 in money, can give no evidence that would lead to the identity of the thief.

It is now believed that the person committed the robbery deliberately took a key unlocking Mrs. Kline's apartments from a keyboard in the hotel office, and while Mrs. Kline and a sister were in another part of the hotel for a short time, went to the apartments quickly, got the $240 from under the mattress of the bed and the jewels from a little silver box in another part of the room.

To do this, the authorities figure that it must have taken a person with considerable knowledge of the premises, the hiding place of the valuables and some nerve.

No person in the Brunswick hotel seems able to connect these essential requirements to the burglary with any person about the premises, and the missing jewels, which are prized more highly for private reasons than their intrinsic worth, have not turned up in any of the regular channels of trade such as ordinary criminals resort to when stealing for revenue only.

The case is one that completely baffles those endeavoring to investigate it. When the Merrill jewels were stolen from the First National bank lobby last fall there were more than a hundred people to whom detectives might go for information, but in this robbery there is no person that even saw anything before or during the robbery that could arouse the slightest suspicions.

The $250 diamond ring and $200 diamond brooch which are among the missing jewels are said to be especially fine and very highly prized by their rightful owner.

THE NEXT SMOKER.

Commercial Club Arranging For a Happy Event.

Arrangements are now complete for the Commercial club smoker, which will be held tomorrow evening. The entertainment committee has been working industriously to secure attractions for that evening, and Chairman J. T. Armstead of the committee says that a fine program will be rendered. Notice of the smoker is being circulated among the membership as far as possible, and it is expected that quite a number of the out-of-town members, especially those from the range, will participate.

Next Thursday afternoon the Commercial club will hold a reception from 3 to 5 o'clock for Gabrilowitch, the famous Russian pianist. The reception will be open to members of the club and their ladies and is expected to be a very pleasing affair. The arrangements for the reception are in the hands of a committee, of which Albert A. Farrington is chairman. An elaborate program is being arranged for the event.

Secretary A. L. Preston of the club is quite ill at St. Mary's hospital.

RESTAURANT ENLARGED.

J. J. Haley to Reopen After Elaborate Improvements.

J. J. Haley will reopen his restaurant at 214 West Superior street tomorrow and will serve an elaborate luncheon at noon, the menu for which appears elsewhere in this issue. The restaurant has been closed for a period of about three weeks, during which extensive improvements have been inaugurated. It now occupies the entire building at 214 West Superior street and has been equipped and furnished in a thoroughly modern manner to cater to the best class of trade of the city.

Under the management of Mr. Haley, who has been identified with the restaurant trade in the city for many years, past, the newly improved and enlarged establishment will be in a position to handle a large business, having all the facilities of an up-to-date metropolitan eating house. A specialty will be made of business men's lunches, the aim being to set the best table for a moderate price that can be found in the city.

Going Out of Business.

The firm of S. E. Gettleson & Co., 400 West Superior street, are going out of business, owing to their lease expiring May 1. They are offering their complete stock of clothing, furnishings, boots and shoes at prices that will dispose of it very quickly. To open the sale tomorrow morning the firm will give away to the first customer entering their store after 9 o'clock a $20 fur coat.

MATTER OF BOILERS

Calls Forth Protest From Sir William Allan.

London, Feb. 20.—The debate on the address in reply to the king's speech was resumed today in the house of commons. Sir William Allan, Advanced Radical, who is largely interested in shipping, moved an amendment to the address, expressing regret at the fact that the speech made no reference to the inefficiency of the British navy. Sir William vehemently attacked the admiralty's policy in regard to marine engine boilers, and declared that all the ships fitted with Belleville boilers were unreliable.

SCHLEY RESOLUTION TABLED.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The resolution which passed the senate providing that Rear Admiral Schley be given the pay and allowances of a rear admiral on the active list was called up in the house committee on naval affairs today. The resolution was tabled.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY

Special Values in

Women's and Children's

UNDERWEAR.

TOMORROW.

The most decided price cut of the season. Stock complete in sizes.



Women's Egyptian ribbed, fleeced vests, full silk taped, in all regular sizes, reduced to 23c garment.

Women's extra heavy, fleece lined vests and pants, full silk trimmed, in white, cream and ecru —reduced to 48c garment.

Ladies' fine Australian wool, jersey ribbed vests and pants; superior finish, steam shrunk —reduced to 80c.

Women's fine wool vests and pants, elegantly finished, silk taped, pearl buttons and French bands—reduced to 85c garment.

Harvard Mills fine Australian vests and pants; silk taped and trimmed, pearl buttons, form-fitting garments — reduced to $1.00 garment.

Fine lambs' wool vests and pants, form-fitting and shaped styles — reduced to $1.25 garment.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

A CHIEF CLERK IS PROMOTED

G. J. Eisele, of Iron Mountain, Becomes Assistant Superintendent.

George J. Eisele, chief clerk for the United States Steel corporation mining offices at Iron Mountain, Mich., has been promoted to the position of assistant superintendent of the mines.

Mr. Eisele will practically be the district superintendent at Iron Mountain, District Superintendent O. C. Davidson being South this winter, and away a great deal of the time.

J. A. Ryan, of Iron Mountain, who was an assistant in the office under Mr. Eisele, has been promoted to the position of chief clerk there.

The appointments were made Jan. 1, but owing to the pressure of business the change did not take place until yesterday, when the two new appointees, who had been here with the other chief clerks of the corporation for the past two days, were given their commissions.

The chief clerks of the Steel corporation, who have been in session here for two days this week, have all returned to their duties after a session with Auditor W. M. Jeffrey in this city.

George J. Eisele has been in the offices of the Steel corporation as head clerk since its formation, and was for years at the mines at that place and is equipped to superintend the workings in that district.

For a long time he has been in practical charge, and his new title and emoluments accompanying it will be a reward for his services in the past.

SHIPMENTS OF PULPWOOD

Are Less Than Half of What They Should Have Been.

About two-fifths of the pulp wood that woodsmen in this section of the state have contracted to ship to Wisconsin paper mills, has been transported to date. That is of the amount that should have been delivered by this time, two-fifths has gone.

The season will be a long one for the pulpwood shippers this year, one of the spruce log men said this morning, and while it is usually cleaned up and all shipping by rail closed by May 1, it will be June 1 this year. After that it will be impossible to send more, and if a good supply is not delivered the paper mills will be embarrassed in the fall.

The Omaha road has begun to furnish a few more cars and the wood is getting out faster, but the famine has caused the woodsmen to be laid off for short periods up in the woods. The landings have been full for weeks, and it is impossible to get the logs to the place from where they are to be shipped.

"It looks as if the situation would be relieved somewhat now," said E. L. Bradley, of the Duluth Log company, this morning. "The roads are promising cars, and while none have showed up yet, it is probable that they will in a short time."

Railroad Personals.

W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent for the Milwaukee road and general booster for the "Pioneer Limited," was in town today talking business. He will return to St. Paul this evening.

Frank H. Beach, of the Rock Island, who is also booming a special train, the "Golden State Limited," is also in the city and is trying to divert traffic to the coast by the way of Kansas City.

W. J. Brooks, of the Illinois Central road, with headquarters at Chicago, was in the city today and distributed a lot of small books in the various ticket offices, telling of what the Mardi Gras could do for a traveler.

CONRAD JORDAN ILL.

New York, Feb. 20.—Conrad N. Jordan, assistant treasurer of the United States in this city, is seriously ill. Little hope is entertained for his recovery.

CEDRIC SIGHTED.

New York, Feb. 20.—The new steamship Cedric, of the White Star line, was reported off the Nantucket lightship at 4:30 a. m. today.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Armour & Co. will serve Cream of Bean Soup, all day tomorrow, on our third floor.

Sales Continued—

Navajo Indian Rugs.

Oriental Rugs At One-third Off.

Second Floor—

Display of new Tailored Suits for spring — also new Fancy Waists for spring and summer

Main Floor.

Display of new Lace Collars, Stocks, and fine Tailor-made Neckwear for spring.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

OPENING DAY TOMORROW

Haley's Restaurant,

HALEY & CO., Props.

214 West Superior Street.

DINNER

We serve Tea, Coffee, Milk, Soup, Pie or Pudding with all Meat and Fish Orders.

OYSTER COCKTAIL, 15c.

Oysters in any style.

SOUP Single Bowl, 10c

Tomato, Julienne Consomme Canino

FISH

Red Snapper, en Court Bouillon, Potatoes Conde, 30c

DRESSED LETTUCE, 15c

Sliced Tomatoes, 15c Cucumbers, 10c

Chow Chow, 10c Gherkins, 10c Olives, 10c

Chili Sauce, 10c Celery, 10c

Radishes, 10c Green Onions, 10c

BOILED.

Beef Tongue, Sauce Polonaise, 30c.

ROASTS.

Prime Beef, Pan Gravy, 30c. Extra Cut, 45c.

Loin of Veal with Dressing, 30c.

Young Turkey, Oyster Dressing, Cranberry Sauce, 50c

ENTREES.

Pork Tenderloin Saute, Stanley, 40c.

Escallop of Chicken, Terapin, 35c.

Patties of Oysters, Bechamel, 30c.

COLD DISHES AND SALADS TO ORDER.

Chicken Salad, 35c. Cold Boiled Lobster, 35c.

Lobster Salad, 35c. Salmon Salad, 25c.

Potato Salad, 15c. Lettuce Salad, 15c.

Beef, 30c. Mutton, 30c. Pork, 30c. Turkey, 45c.

Chicken, 35c. Ham, 30c. Ox Tongue, 30c. Corned Beef, 25c

Broiled Live Lobster, one-half 40c—whole, 75c

VEGETABLES

String Beans Green Peas

Steamed Potatoes Mashed Potatoes

Baked Sweet Potatoes, 5c Cauliflower Hollandaise, 10c

PASTRY

Mince, Apple, Pumpkin and Lemon Pie

English Plum Pudding, Brandy Sauce, 10c

Sliced Peaches and Cream, 15c

Preserved Pears, 10c

Sliced Bananas, 10c Sliced Oranges, 10c

Roquefort Cheese and Beni's Water Crackers, 15c

American Cream Cheese, 10c Brick Cheese, 10c

Swiss Cheese, 15c

Saturday, February 21, 1903

Commutation Tickets $5.00 for $4.50

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota lands, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D. Parlor theater—8:30 this evening.

The Knights of Columbus are arranging a concert to be given at the Armory next Tuesday evening for the benefit of the orphans of St. James' Orphans home. Bishop McGolrick will speak. Flaten's orchestra will play and a number of singers will take part.

In observance of Washington's birthday the banks of the city will be closed next Monday, February 23.

There will be a big display of Misses' and Ladies' spring suits and skirts tomorrow at Gately's. It will pay you to see them, only $1.00 per week.

Have you seen the newest up-to-date suits and skirts at Gately's. They are only $1.00 a week.

Entries in the great board of public works sweepstake race will close at noon tomorrow. At the stroke of twelve Mayor Hugo will announce this classic event closed and under no condition will the names of candidates received after that hour be considered. Several delegations called at the city hall this morning urging the claims of their respective candidates.

Music hath charms to hold up a liquor license. The proprietor of the Scandia hotel insisted on having an electrically operated piano in his cafe and Mayor Hugo this morning declined to sign the Scandia liquor license renewal until the musical instrument was removed. The license was signed shortly before noon.

Some person recently found a pocketbook containing $90 and checks aggregating $156. The purse and contents were the property of the Zenith Scrap Iron company. The finder removed the $90 and threw the purse away again and it was found by a second man on First avenue east. He was honest and returned the checks and in addition to thanks received considerable suspicion until the matter was carefully looked up by the police.

D. M. Gunn, proprietor of the Pokegama hotel, at Grand Rapids, Minn., has started an action in district court of this county to recover $146.88 from R. M. Stitt and others of this city. The amount is claimed to be due the plaintiff for board.

A timber deed was led yesterday transferring to John McAlpine from G. H. Gamble, a quantity of timber in section 33-52-15. The consideration was $600.

Arthur P. Silliman, of this city, has bought thirteen lots in Hibbing, of the Southern Townsite company, the total consideration being $1260.

Parlor theater—Vaudeville tonight.

The G. C. Steele company always have on hand a complete line of Globe-Werlicke book cases and office filing devices, for immediate delivery.

PURELY PERSONAL

James Robinson, division freight agent for the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, was in the city yesterday with his wife and child.

A. A. Williams of the Duluth Gas Engine works has returned from a business trip to Chicago. He visited the automobile show.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: John G. Ralston, Chicago; E. A. Rose, Crookston, Minn.; W. A. Stressereuter, Milwaukee; N. Paine, Dr. W. Coventry, Oshkosh, Wis.; Joseph L. Barnard, Minneapolis; W. K. Coffin and H. L. Levy, Eau Claire, Wis.

W. P. Mars will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

W. J. Bowes, traveling passenger agent of the Illinois Central, is in the city today.

S. G. Knox will leave tonight over the Omaha for Hot Springs.

C. A. Conlan leaves this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for the East.

W. B. Dixon, northwestern passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road, is in the city.

Frank Beach, traveling passenger agent of the Rock Island road, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. John McAlpine left yesterday for a trip to Florida.

W. C. Brown left for Marquette over the South Shore last evening.

SECRETARY CORTELYOU

Attends His First Cabinet Meeting as a Member.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Secretary Cortelyou attended his first cabinet meeting today as head of the new department of commerce and labor.

At the meeting today there was no discussion of the details of the new department. The new secretary reported that it was in "a flourishing condition, but a little cramped for quarters."

In a day or two Secretary Cortelyou will communicate with congress, his recommendations as to the new department, the estimates for appropriations in accordance with the usual custom being transmitted through the secretary of the treasury.

Secretary Moody brought to the attention of the cabinet the subject of the construction of war vessels now building. He submitted a report on the matter from Admiral Bowles and he was authorized to make public the report together with a letter which he himself had sent to the president on the subject. The report and letter will be published simultaneously in a few days.

STEAMER BURNED.

Clifton, Tenn., Feb. 20.—The steamer City of Clinton burned to the water's edge early this morning. Loss, $34,000, partly covered by insurance. No lives lost.

The Great Book Sale Is Still Going On.

But you'll have to hurry if you want to buy all the

Late $1.50 Books for 95c

Glengary School Days, Mississippi Bubble, Leopards Spots, and The Pit.

Bennett's News Stand,

212 West Superior St.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Jacob Oeder and Regina Wieland.
Joseph Harrie and Anna Patberg.

BIRTHS.

McCAHILL—A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. James McCahill, 1531 East Third street.

JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Johnson, of 10 Lake Shore block.

ANDERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Anderson, of 2008 West Fifth street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

BOARD AND ROOM. 211 WES SECond street.

FINE PLANT BURNS

Northwestern Steam Boiler Works on Garfield Avenue Destroyed.

The Loss Is Heavy and No Insurance Was Carried.

The Northwestern Steam Boiler Works on Garfield avenue owned by M. A. Ryan is a mass of smouldering ruins.

Fire that seemed to burst from everywhere and yet nowhere in particular destroyed the plant shortly after 1 o'clock this morning.

The loss is estimated at $100,000 without one cent of insurance—practically everything is a total loss.

Inadequate water supply for fire fighting purposes handicapped the firemen some but the big plant was a goner long before the engines could reach it.

It was about 1:45 this morning when a man passing the plant noticed the flame. The night watchman was in an adjoining building having left the main plant but a short time before.

The entire interior of the big T-shaped building was more like a roaring fiery furnace then the dimly lighted machine shop, the next time he saw it.

The entire fire department with the exception of West Duluth and Lake side companies turned out, but only one engine company and a few extra men could be used to advantage even had there been one chance in a thousand of saving the plant.

Three engines were ready to throw water but the main is only a 6-inch affair and the moment the engine nearest the hydrant started pumping it sucked all the water away from the other engines. Even under this unfavorable condition of affairs five streams were used on the burning building and in protecting adjoining property that was threatened.

The Northwestern works was one of the most progressive, prosperous and promising industrial concerns in the city. It was owned by M. A. Ryan, who established it in 1892 and has improved and added to it up to the present time.

The building was frame and only one story in height but it was very conveniently arranged as a machine shop. The building was valued at $12,000, the equipment at $18,000, and the machinery left for repairs and new work was estimated to be worth $30,000 additional.

Mr. Ryan says that high insurance rates in the Garfield avenue district caused him to take a risk that costs him everything. He took every possible precaution against fire and had a night watchman constantly on duty, but this fire was not discovered until it was blazing up fiercely all through the interior of the plant and the supposition is that it started very quickly from an unknown source.

The insurance rate on the plant was $3.50 per $100.

By the destruction of this plant more than one hundred skilled workmen are out of employment indefinitely and a great deal of very important work throughout the city and county will be delayed on account of the damage to machinery in the shop for repairs.

This morning it was impossible to state whether the destroyed manufacturing plant would be rebuilt or not though it is understood that sufficient financial aid was offered providing a site could be secured where better insurance rates and fire fighting facilities could be assured.

FREIGHT MOVING BETTER.

Urgency For Flour In New York Abating.

New York, Feb. 20.—There has been marked improvement within a week in the arrivals of freight on new through shipments from the West than on inside tracked freight that has been lying between Chicago and New York for weeks. This has caused easier corn and oats markets while the urgency for spot flour has abated and mill agents are now generally able to make delivery. There is some complaint of accumulations where it was not sold to arrive, as such sales were made at lower prices and are wanted by buyers who have been buying spot stuff at higher prices from hand to mouth awaiting the delayed arrivals. This has eased up the flour situation, though the mills will not reduce prices more than 10 cents on spring patents made last week and buyers will not anticipate their wants at all, believing that prices will be lower on the opening of navigation.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Horsemen at Soo Greatly Incensed Over Horse Poisoning.

Sault Ste. Marie—Horsemen are greatly incensed at the dastardly act of a man known as Jake Little in poisoning Strathbury, Jr., a trotter owned by J. J. McMahon. The horse died this morning with every symptom of poisoning, and three veterinarians agree that a fatal drug was administered. The horse was entered in the matinee of the Soo Driving club on the ice track Tuesday afternoon. The race was not finished, he taking two heats and Billy Sheridan, owned by Walter Dingman, two. The judges ordered the horses to the track to finish yesterday afternoon, but Strathbury was too sick to go. Dingman's horse was sent over the track and won the money. No suspicion attaches to Dingman. Little came here from Cleveland a year ago to care for Strathbury. Last night while drunk he admitted he poisoned the horse, and did not implicate anybody. The drug was croton oil, purchased by him at a drug store. Strathbury, Jr., was a registered horse, a roan, 2:24¼, and one of the best animals in the Soo. The owner claims to know who instigated the deed and arrests will undoubtedly follow. Horsemen are raising a purse to reimburse McMahon for his loss.

The battalion of the Fourteenth infantry left Fort Brady Wednesday afternoon to take train at the union station for the first stage of its journey to the Philippines. The battalion includes the officers and about 275 men. The officers are accompanied by their wives. The battalion has been stationed at Fort Brady since June 18, coming here from Fort Wayne. It came back from the Philippines in May, 1900, and is returning in accordance with the rule that a regiment must not have more than three years' continuous service at home before returning to some of the new island possessions.

Company I, of the Twentieth, arrived last evening to relieve the battalion. The company has a full complement of officers and numbers sixty-seven men.

Menominee—Most all of the lumber companies of Menominee and Marinette are now beginning to realize a neat profit on mines which have been discovered on their cut-over lands. The steel company is buying up much of this land. The Hamilton Merryman company, the I. Stephenson company, the N. Ludington company, the H. Witbeck company, and others own land which has been cut over and in which mineral has been found in good quantities.

L. Letomsky, a farmer living near Crivitz, had a narrow escape from being burned to death in his barn while trying to rescue his horses from the burning building.

The record for big loads of logs has again been broken, a load of pine logs containing 20,000 feet having been hauled by a single team at one of the Pesshtigo Lumber company's camps.

Chief of Police English captured a man named Clossy who is wanted in Milwaukee for deserting a wife and several small children.

A weak stomach causes a weak body and invites disease. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures and strengthens the stomach, and wards off and overcomes disease. Max Wirth.

WANTED.

Four-Horse Teams for hauling logs at French River.

RED CLIFF LUMBER CO.,
301 Torrey Building.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Trial of Ross Postponed On Account of Smallpox.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot—The trial of Ross, which was to have been held this week, has been postponed indefinitely on account of smallpox among some of the witnesses. Hanson, who was convicted and sentenced to be hanged last December for the murder of an old man near Tagus and who is in jail at Bottineau, has received a reprieve until March 6, in order that he may testify against Ross, whom he implicates as the chief perpetrator in the crime, but which is denied by Ross. Ross acknowledges being an accomplice only under compulsion. Ross is in jail at Minot, awaiting trial. Several other murders are laid at the door of these men, one including the burning of three children in a farm house. The trial promises sensational features.

Fargo—Judge Pollock has granted a new trial in the case of Dr. Hallenberg vs. J. H. Bowers. Bowers had the contract for a residence in the south side last summer and left the street obstructed with mortar boxes and piles of brick and sand. Dr. Hallenberg was driving one evening in the dark and when his rig struck the obstruction he was thrown and badly injured. On the first trial the jury found for him for just $1.

Ex-Railroad Commissioner N. P. Rasmussen, of Barnes county, who was a former member of the legislature, is in the South for the winter. He owns several farms in Barnes and Griggs counties, and has had difficulty in securing the proper kind of tenants. He has been investigating the southern negroes, and writes he believes he has solved this part of the labor problem and is thinking seriously of importing negro families to this state and establishing them on his different farms.

Renville—Golden Sheaf office was destroyed by fire. The paper was established by F. A. McDonald, of Fargo. Mr. McDonald was postmaster and has been arrested by a postoffice inspector on a charge of antedating postal orders. It is not thought the charge will amount to anything serious.

Lisbon—Mrs. Louis Linstrom died very suddenly at her home, south of Lisbon. She had been afflicted for some time with heart trouble.

A play was presented in the opera house by home talent to a large and appreciative audience under the auspices of the Catholic church.

Bismarck—Judge Winchester fined Arthur McGahey $300 and sentenced him to thirty days' imprisonment for contempt of court for resisting Sheriff Welch and attempting to spill beer seized by that official during the raid of the Northwest hotel. McGahey will appeal.

Wahpeton—The Eastern Star will in a few weeks have a local talent minstrel show.

Little Marguerite Patterson has completely recovered from spinal menengitis, induced some weeks ago from a slight fall. Professionally her cure is regarded as marvelous.

Rolla—Fire at St. John destroyed the drug store of L. L. Elkan with its entire contents. The loss is $2500, with insurance of $800. The fire originated from a stovepipe. The building was new and owned by F. S. Smith and worth $10,000.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—Much to the surprise of those who have interested themselves in the fortunes of John Henry Ryan, an eccentric and wealthy resident of this city, and his wife, a former Davenport, Iowa, widow, she has returned to Sioux Falls and taken up her residence with her husband. The couple were married as the result of a newspaper advertisement, and the new Mrs. Ryan departed for her former Iowa home within a few hours after the marriage ceremony was performed. It was said she took with her about $500 which had been given to her by her husband to clear off the indebtedness from some of her Iowa property. This was about the holidays. A week or ten days ago a Davenport newspaper printed a purported interview with Mrs. Ryan, in which she was quoted as saying she never intended returning to her Sioux Falls husband. Mrs. Ryan denies ever having made such a statement.

Deadwood—James Hartzell, "Doc" Middleton, and E. B. Jones, of Deadwood, and J. W. Boyd and Charles Boyd, of Sioux City, are forming a company for the purpose of putting a Wild West show on the road.

The board of insanity has pronounced Mrs. Alice Christman, of Nemo, insane. She was arrested several days ago for setting fire to the coal sheds of the Homestake Mining company at Nemo.

Summit—John Prendergast, Sr., of the firm of Prendergast & Co., was prostrated with a congestion. His condition is still serious, but he is improving.

ICEBOATING IS FINE

Finest of Season Experienced on the Lake Yesterday.

Prospect For Races Between Duluth and Superior Yachts.

The best iceboating thus far this season is claimed to have been enjoyed on the lake yesterday before the wind caused the ice field to show large gaps dangerous to the speedy iceboats. Several of the smaller craft were taken out yesterday and for several hours were sent spinning up and down parallel with Minnesota Point.

There has been much disappointment because conditions have not been favorable this year to iceboating on the bay. Considerable snow fell about the time the bay was freezing, and there are several inches of snow on the ice, which has packed down to a sort of crust, but into which the runners of the iceboat cut and retard speed. Only with a stiff wind can any sport be found in iceboating on the bay ice.

Several of the West Superior iceboat owners were making arrangements yesterday to have their iceboats put over on the lake ice for sailing next Sunday. Most of the West Superior flyers are large boats and the owners are afraid to take them through the canal. It is thought that the boats could be hauled by a horse over the bay ice to the upper end of Minnesota Point and then carried over to the lake on a dray.

One of the speediest boats that will be put on the lake this year will be that of Charles A. Chase, of West Superior. This boat is built along exactly the same lines as the speedy craft on the Hudson river. Harry Pellitier, of this city, an old-time ice yachtsman, is said to have been elected commodore of the Superior fleet of iceboats this year.

If the lake ice is safe for iceboating next Sunday there are likely to be a number of lively brushes between the Duluth and Superior craft. There is some talk of arranging for a series of races in which some of the speediest craft will be handicapped.

One Minute Cough Cure gives relief in one minute, because it kills the microbe which tickles the mucous membrane, causing the cough, and at the same time clears the phlegm, draws out the inflammation and heals and soothes the affected parts. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take, harmless and good alike for young and old. Max Wirth.

RUINED BY DRINK.

Once Brilliant Iowa Attorney Has Passed Away.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 20.—Waiting for friends or relatives to claim them, the remains of Col. Schuyler S. Sessions lie in an undertaking establishment in this city.

Sessions was at one time one of Iowa's most brilliant lawyers, a member of the legislature from Kossuth county and a member of the governor's staff. He died, holding the position of night clerk in a fourth rate hotel in this city. His position was secured after he had pleaded for occupation to keep him from starving. Drink ruined him.

He was married to a society woman in Des Moines. She left him after several disgraceful carousals. She is said to be now living in Minneapolis.

It was in 1896 that Sessions, who was then an honored citizen of Algona, was elected to the legislature. His service there was successful. He has lived in Sioux City since 1899. He had a step-mother in Algona.

Dunlap Hats.

Opening day, Saturday.
A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

WILY AGENT

Gulled Blacks By Promise of White Wives.

Spartanburg, S. C., Feb. 20.—William White, a negro, claiming to be from Washington, has been placed in jail here for collecting money from unsuspicious negroes, telling them that he was an emigrant agent and would take them to Washington, where they could marry rich white women and walk with them on the streets with their arms locked."

White, is is said, operated out in the country and gathered in a neat sum. Then he came to Spartanburg.

He promised the negroes that they would be carried to Washington next Monday by him; but the wily agent first required the small sum of $1 as a guarantee that the negroes would meet him at the depot Monday. His case grows worse as new facts come to light.

A negro brings in the story that White says that the negroes who go to Washington can marry white women, also that White claims to have carried abroad some 10,000 negroes to Washington and that he is backed by ample capital.

White will be tried at sessions court the latter part of the present month.

ESCAPED AN AWFUL FATE.

Mr. H. Haggins, of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases, by William A. Abbett, druggist. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Live for those who love you,
For those whose hearts are fond and true;
The only way to do this right,
Take Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
S. F. Boyce.

DRINK ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 330 West Superior st., Duluth.

See the New Wash Goods, White Goods, Embroideries and Laces, Trimming, Novelty Dress Patterns, etc., on display here now.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Candy Special.
French mixed Cream Candy, regular 15c to 25c quality—special for Saturday—a pound 5c

Sale of Dress Skirts Saturday
At about ¼ to ½ less than regular.

A rack devoted to them—about 75 in the lot—no two alike. The materials are varied, consisting of cheviots, broadcloths, etamines, lace net and taffeta silk. As for style—most of them are up to date—tucked, flared or fancy braid trimmed, and lined with silk. Former values ranged from $8.00 to $50.00, reduced for Saturday about one-third to one-half. Thus an—

$8.00 Skirt for..... $4.00
$15.00 Skirt for..... $10.00
$39.50 Skirt for..... $29.50

This is an offer you can't afford to miss, so come early Saturday.

Silk Waists at $5.00.

We have a few of those Silk Waists remaining, in Black and colored up-to-date styles—but only one or two of a kind—former values were $7.50 to $12.50, special for Saturday—each..... $5 00

Children's Coats at Half.

It's economy to buy a Child's Coat for next winter—when you get such bargain offers as this:

$10.00 Coats for..... $5.00
$12.00 Coats for..... $6.00
$15.00 Coats for..... $7.50
$20.00 Coats for..... $10.00

Advance Showing of New Shirt Waists

—in white—all the new materials—mercerized cotton, linen and lawns—a dainty showing attractively priced.

News From the Shoe Store.
Advance Sale of New Spring Styles.

The new spring Footwear is daily arriving, and conspicuous among the newer lasts are those of THE VOLGA. It is pretty safe to pin one's faith to THE VOLGA—they lead in style, in quality, and price is within the reach of all.

We call attention to one style in particular—it's a vici kid laced—sole cut with close extension edges, patent tip and new Waldorf heel—it's a practical shoe fit for any occasion—few $5 shoes can compare with it, and the price to all is, per pair $3.50

Another new last is made of vici kid with a heavy extension sole, laced, Cuban heel, a stylish dressy shoe, bought to sell at $3.50—special for Saturday, to introduce them, per pair $2.50

Women's Jongola kid shoes—heavy extension sole—military heel, patent tip, a splendid walking shoe, should be $2.50—special for Saturday only—per pair..... $1.39

Women's $3.50 and $5.00 shoes—Saturday at $1.50— —We have a few pairs remaining of the splendid $1.50 offer—the former values were $3.50 to $5.00—choice per pair $1.50

Boy's heavy box calf shoes extension sole—low heel—the proper shoe for stormy weather—regular price $2.00—special for Saturday—per pair..... $1.50

Women's storm rubbers—extra special for Saturday —at per pair..... 35c

Muslin Underwear and Corsets—Saturday Bargains.

Cambric Corset Covers—Plain, tight fitting, easily worth 19c—special for Saturday, each..... 10c

Corset Covers of Cambric—embroidery trimmed and hemstitched ruffle, the 25c kind, Saturday—each..... 15c

Muslin Gowns—high neck—trimmed with lace and embroidery, a splendid value at 69c—Saturday's price—each..... 50c

Muslin Gowns—with "V" or high neck —embroidery tucked or lace trimmed—the regular $1.00 kind—for Saturday—each..... 75c

Muslin Drawers—umbrella shaped—hemstitched—tucked and embroidery trimmed, regular 39c kind—Saturday at, each..... 25c

$2.00 Dowager Corsets at $1.00—choice of any in this lot consisting of broken lines, but all sizes—were always $2—Saturday each..... $1.00

Men's Wear Bargains
Four Specials for Saturday.

Why pay exclusive store prices when a modern up-to-date Men's store offers a selection equal to the best and at much lower prices than you ever expected to pay. These four bargains will help to convince:

*Wright's Celebrated All-wool Un*derwear, natural color, wool fleeced—in broken sizes, regular price $1.00—Saturday's sale price, per garment.. 79c

Men's Australian Wool Underwear in natural color—sold regularly at 75c, special for Saturday, each..... 58c

Men's All-wool Sweaters—in plain colors Blue, Black and Maroon, regular $2.25 and $2.50 values—Saturday at—each..... $2.00

Boys' All-wool Sweaters—in plain colors—sizes 30, 32 and 34 only—regular $1.50 and $1.75 values—Saturday at..... $1.19

In the Underpriced Drug Store—Saturday Specials.

$1.00 size Celery Compound—a perfect blood purifier—special for Saturday—per bottle..... 65c

$1.25 seamless Rubber Gloves—the kind used by physicians—perfect for the bath—specially reduced for Saturday—per pair..... 89c

$1.00 size—2-quart—slate Hot Water Bottle, never less than $1.00—special for Saturday, each..... 79c

25c size Colgate's Tooth Powder. special for Saturday..... 13c

25c size Rubifoam Tooth Wash. special for Saturday..... 16c

Schaffer's Medicated Green Soap—looks like and has the properties of Cuticura—in boxes of three cakes, worth 25c—a special Saturday—per box..... 15c

Rogers & Gallet's Floral Extracts—all the popular odors—special for Saturday—per ounce..... 69c

Pozzoni's Face Powder—special for Saturday—per box..... 21c

Women's Underwear and Hosiery—Saturday Specials.

With the mercury and jack frost flirting with each other its well to be provided for below zero weather. Note these wonderful savings and provide for present and future needs.

Women's natural wool vests and pants—perfect fitting—well made—regular price $1.00—special for Saturday—per garment..... 63c

Women's "Luzerne" all wool pants—an assorted lot of odds and ends—good assortment of sizes—regular price $1.50—sale price Saturday, per garment..... 98c

Children's Grey Ribbed Vests and Pants—fleeced back—reduced for Saturday—
Size 18 and 20, worth 20c—Saturday..... 10c
Size 22 and 24, worth 25c—Saturday..... 15c
Size 26 and 28, worth 30c—Saturday..... 20c
Size 30 and 32, worth 35c—Saturday..... 25c

Boys' Fleeced Shirts and Drawers—in natural grey. regular price 35c—special..... 25c

Children's Union Suits in ecru—all sizes—very special—for Saturday, at per suit..... 45c

*Misses' and Children's Hosiery—the balance of the travel*ers samples on sale Saturday—not a pair worth less than 25c—many worth 35c and 40c, in two lots tomorrow....15c and 25c

Children's Fleeced Hose in black—very elastic—all sizes—regular price 18c, special for Saturday—per pair..... 12½c

IN THE BASEMENT---BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY

Another shipment of the fine Elite Enameled ware. Every piece guaranteed for five years. There is none better. A few specials for tomorrow only:

59c Kettles—tomorrow's special only..... 49c
50c Stew Pans—tomorrow's special only..... 39c
98c Dish Pans—tomorrow's special only..... 79c
75c Tea Pots—tomorrow's special only..... 59c
39c Soap Dishes—tomorrow's special only..... 29c
85c Coffee Pots—tomorrow's special only..... 69c
45c Dippers—tomorrow's special only..... 35c

Willow Nursery Chairs, worth $1.00, at—each..... 75c
Wood Nursery Chairs, worth 75c, at—each..... 59c
Hardwood High Chairs, worth $1.00, at—each..... 75c
Keystone Clothes Lines, the best line made, worth 25c, at—each..... 15c
Fancy Clothes Hampers, worth up to $3.50, your choice tomorrow—each..... 98c

HOW TO GET MONEY

For the Normal Schools Is Shown By President Morey.

Lack of United Action Was Trouble In the Past.

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—The state normal board decided to ask the legislature for $250,000 in addition to the standing appropriations.

C. A. Morey, the newly-appointed president of the body, subsequently made some significant remarks about the trouble the board had experienced in the past two years.

"The trouble with this board in the past," said Mr. Morey, "has been a lack of united action. It has dissipated its efforts too much, and the result has been that its usefulness has been materially impaired. The state university and the high schools of the state are well looked after, because they have friends in the legislature who stand united, and in future it must be our policy to enlist legislative influences on behalf of the normal schools of the state. We have just spent some hours in carefully pruning down the estimates of the requirements for these schools, but we must not rest content with that, or the legislature will largely cut down what we think is the lowest sum we can get along with. We must now convince the committee on appropriations that we have to the best of our ability cut the appropriation to the bone, and if we can do this, we shall get what we ask. One of the first things we must do is to approach the representatives of the districts in which normal schools are situated and have them organize to obtain for these schools the sums that are necessary for their proper maintenance."

The remarks of the president were concurred in by the other members, and, on the suggestion of Director George H. Clark, of Mankato, it was decided to communicate to the legislative committee on appropriations a statement of the appropriations asked, as it was originally drawn up by former President Ankeny, and a list of the reductions made by the board.

Those present at the meeting were: C. A. Morey, president, Winona; W. S. Hammond, St. James; George H. Clark, Mankato; Judge Ell Torrance, Minneapolis; Alvah Eastman, St. Cloud; S. G. Comstock, Moorhead; J. L. Washburn, Duluth, and J. W. Olsen, secretary.

FOREIGN COMMERCE

Of United States Is Resuming Its Normal Proportions.

Washington, Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The export figures furnished by the treasury bureau of statistics continue to indicate that the foreign commerce of the United States is resuming its normal conditions. The January exports were larger than those of any preceding January in the history of our commerce except those of the year 1901, in which the January figures were about $2,000,000 above those of last month. The total value of exports in January, 1903, was $134,040,952, against $135,325,601 in January, 1901, $108,426,674 in January, 1898, and $67,673,669 in January, 1893. Thus the exports in January, 1903 were double those of January, 1893.

Turning to the import side, last month's figures show the largest January imports in the history of our commerce. The total imports in the month of January, 1903, were $85,109,891, against $79,139,192 in January of last year, and $75,168,247 in January, 1893. For the twelve months ending with January, 1903, the total imports approximate the billion dollar line, being $975,283,637, against $742,668,925 for the twelve months ending with January, 1898. This increase in importations is chiefly due to the continuing demand of the manufacturing interests for raw material from abroad for use in their industries. For the calendar year 1902, the manufacturers' materials imported amounted to 453,000,000, against 391,000,000 in the preceding year and $248,000,000 in the calendar year 1896. Manufactures ready for consumption also show a material increase, being in the calendar year 1902, $164,783,228, against $138,757,825 in 1901, and $120,428,965 in 1896.

The following table shows the total imports and exports of the United States in each of the twelve months ending with January, 1903, and indicates the unusual fluctuation in the exports during the last year due to the crop shortage, and the steady increase during the year in importations:

1902.	Imports.	Exports.
February	$68,350,459	$101,569,695
March	84,527,682	103,745,491
April	78,822,268	106,109,573
May	79,659,067	102,821,631
June	73,115,054	89,240,483
July	79,147,874	88,790,627
August	78,923,281	94,142,310
September	87,739,346	121,232,344
October	87,419,128	144,227,428
November	85,386,170	125,209,620
December	94,396,987	148,012,403
January (1903)	85,109,891	134,040,952

It means Ostracism.—Foul breath and disgusting discharges due to Catarrh make thousands of people objects of aversion. Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking and dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. Sold by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

TAKES LONG TRIP

A Small Boy Going to Deer River From Ohio.

Is Leaving His Mother to Live With an Uncle.

Old age must dim the memory of John Gordon McCoy, now aged 11 years and over, ere he forgets the first "long pants" he wore.

Three days ago little John left his mother at Greenup, Ky., just across the Ohio river from Hanging Rock, because he couldn't get along with his stepfather.

At midnight or thereabouts last night he left a Great Northern train at Deer River, Minn., to go to a new home, where he thinks it will be more congenial.

Ever since John Gordon's mamma came back from California, where his father, Wadsworth McCoy died, he has been lonely.

A few weeks ago she was married to Ed Ballins, of Greenup, and the boy rebelled. He had been running rather wild, he said, and so he wrote to his Uncle Moore at Deer River, Minn., and a ticket was sent him.

He was given his first long trousers when he started for the wintry North, on the coldest day of the year.

Ticket Agent W. C. Chadwick, of the Union station, discovered him first. He was looking out of the window in the women's waiting room, studying with wide open, sorrowful eyes the movement on Fifth avenue West.

He said he wanted to go to Deer River and he had to stay in the station till the night train. The lad was very lonely, but he held back his tears when a short time after he was discovered by a reporter for The Herald and told his story again.

"I didn't like to live with my mother when she got married again," said the lad. "Maybe, sometime, when I get big and make some money I will go back and see her and Mister Ballins. I couldn't stay there now.

"We went to California with my father and he died there. Then we went back to Greenup, where my mother used to live. Then she got married and I came away."

From what the boy said he told his mother the second marriage would make him unhappy, but she chose to remarry, nevertheless.

This was the boy's second trip, and he came ticketed through, though when he arrived here he found himself rather short of provisions. Some change was collected for him to last him the rest of his journey and at 8:30 last night he went on his way.

Johnnie is a small boy with blonde hair and big blue eyes and an attractive face. He would not admit he was sorry he started on the trip, though his lower lip trembled some when he told of it, and added that he had never seen his auntie.

The advent of "long pants" for Johnnie was an eventful period in his life.

WERE OUT IN A BLIZZARD

Traveler and Family Were Turned Away From Every Door.

Portsmouth, Ohio, Feb. 20.—Refused lodging at house after house, for no other apparent reason than that the people did not care to be bothered with caring for them, Mr. and Mrs. Sheridan Lindsay and their three small children, ranging in age from 4 to 10 years were obliged to spend Monday night in an open wagon on the road between this city and Union Mills. The wife and children are seriously ill from the exposure and Mr. Lindsay is laid up with both hands and feet badly frozen.

The Lindsays were driving home from a visit at Mt. Unger, Adams county, thirty-six miles from here. Unknown to them, the Scioto river had risen and covered the road entirely, cutting them off from this city. In the dark they drove into the water and narrowly escaped drowning. Lindsay had to plunge into the water to extricate the vehicle. Soaked to the skin, he drove back some distance and tried to get a lodging for the remainder of the night. At every house in the vicinity of Union Mills he applied in vain.

One man to whom he offered $2 for shelter gave as an excuse that they had sickness in the house. "I told him," said Lindsay, "that I hoped every one in the house would die. It was wrong, but I could not help it. I never expected to see so much heartlessness in the world."

He wrapped his wife and children in a blanket and his wet great coat and watched over them the rest of the night, through the worst blizard of the winter. Next morning they succeeeded in reaching this city.

CATARRH

Often begins with a cold in the head, but it never stops there. The tendency is always from bad to worse. The simple cold becomes a protracted, stubborn one, while the discharge from the nose grows more profuse and offensive. The inflammation extends to the throat and bronchial tubes, causing hoarseness, a tickling sensation and an aggravating cough. The foul matter that is continually dropping back into the throat finds its way into the stomach, resulting in a distressing form of dyspepsia, nausea, and loss of appetite and strength. The catarrhal poisons are absorbed into the blood, and all the membranes of the body become infected, and what was supposed to be purely a local disease has become constitutional, deep seated and chronic.

THE GATEWAY TO CONSUMPTION.

Sprays, washes, powders, salves and other external remedies give only temporary relief, and the disappointed and disgusted patient finally gives up in despair and declares catarrh incurable.

The only way to get rid of catarrh permanently is to treat it through the blood. The system must be toned up and all impurities removed from the blood, and this S. S. S. does promptly and thoroughly. It expels from the circulation everything of an irritating, poisonous character, allowing the inflamed membranes to heal when the mucous discharges cease, and the damage done to the health is soon repaired. S. S. S. keeps the blood in such a healthy, vigorous condition that cold, damp weather or sudden changes in the temperature are not so apt to bring on catarrhal troubles. S. S. S. is a vegetable medicine unequaled as a blood purifier, and the best of all tonics—just the remedy needed to thoroughly and effectually cure catarrh.

SSS

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

CLARK IS PRESIDENT

Duluth Man Honored By the Retail Grocers' Association.

Mankato, Minn., Feb. 20.—The Retail Grocers' and General Merchants' association of Minnesota closed its convention yesterday afternoon. Simon Clark, of Duluth, being elected president by acclamation. H. J. Dahn, of Minneapolis, reconsidered his own candidacy and made the nominating speech. The retiring president F. G. Hanson, of Minneapolis, has served seven years, and Mr. Clark has been first vice president during that time, or ever since the association was organized. Mr. Dahn was elected first vice president. John W. Lux, of St. Paul, second vice president; Charlets F. Rappe, of St. Paul, treasurer; William T. Coe, of Minneapolis, attorney, and Fred Mason, of St. Paul, secretary. The last three were re-elections.

The following board of directors was elected by congressional districts:

First—H. W. Kingsbury, of Winona; Second—F. H. Belinke, of New Ulm; Third—E. F. Kelley, of Faribault; Fourth—N. D. Lammers, of Stillwater; Fifth—John A. Johnson, of Minneapolis; Sixth—Henry Puff, of St. Cloud; Seventh—G. B. Wellan, of Glenwood; Eighth—Richard Dinham, of Duluth; Ninth—John F. Nagle, of Fergus Falls.

Crookston was unanimously selected as the place for holding the next meeting. There was talk of changing the time for holding the annual meeting to before the national convention, but it did not meet with general favor. The association feels very friendly toward the labor organizations for favoring the garnishment bills now before the legislature and to show its appreciation, passed resolutions endorsing the Sunday closing bill and pledging efforts to secure its passage, putting itself on record as favoring the sale of goods which bear the union label, and saying that the good feeling between the association and the Federation of Labor should be stimulated and encouraged by furthering, wherever possible, the interests of organized labor. It was also resolved that as retailers, it was detrimental to their present and future commercial and business interests to encourage in any way the sale of butterine or oleomargarine as a substitute for butter in any form. Inasmuch as it had come to the notice of the convention that local agents of different railroads have been acting as agents for catalogue houses the secretary was instructed to take the matter up at once with the general freight agents and the superintendents of the different express companies with the view of having this practice discontinued, and the co-operation of the wholesalers will be asked in this matter.

A resolution was adopted asking the legislature to appropriate at least $35,000 annually to fully carry out the provisions of the feed laws of the state, the present appropriation being inadequate.

PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION

Elects Officers and Enjoy Banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria.

New York, Feb. 20.—The annual meeting of the American Newspaper Publishers' association was continued yesterday. N. W. McKinney, of Philadelphia, read a paper on the relations of newspapers to the trusts.

An motion of A. A. McCormick, of the Chicago Record-Herald, the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, that the American Newspaper Publishers' association, in convention assembled, recognizing the national and international importance of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, to be held in St. Louis in 1904, unanimously recommends the earnest and liberal support of its members to secure the success of the great enterprise intended to commemorate one of the greatest and most important events in the history of the United States."

Officers were elected as follows: President, Charles U. Taylor, Jr., of the Boston Globe; vice president, A. A. McCormick, Chicago Record-Herald; secretary, W. C. Bryant, Brooklyn Times; treasurer, Edward P. Call, New York Mail and Express; commissioner, Frederick Driscoll, Chicago.

The executive committee was made up as follows: Charles W. Knapp, St. Louis Republic; W. L. McLean, Philadelphia Bulletin; S. H. Weston, Seattle Post Intelligencer; F. E. Whiting, Boston Herald; Joseph T. Nevin, Pittsburg Leader; C. W. Hornick, St. Paul Dispatch; H. H. Cabaniss, Atlanta Journal.

At last night's banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria, Henry D. Eastbrook, counsel of the Western Union Telegraph company, spoke on "New York and the West."

He said that New York was the solar plexus of the country, and that when New York got its jolts the whole country got a pain. He told of Chicago and its wonderful advancement, and added:

"Chicago is about to build a park along the lake front, but the railways are there. Chicago does not propose to move the railways. It never attempts the impossible. It is simply going to move the lake."

Mr. Eastbrook said he was brought up in Omaha. When he first thought of leaving Omaha he wrote to a friend in Chicago to know if there was room there for a "kind, honorable, upright Christian lawyer?" The reply he received read: "Come right along. You'll find no opposition here."

AT CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, Minn., Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Mina Clark, who has an elegant home, is minus a diamond ring valued at $250, a gold watch and $150 in cash as the result of the visit of an unknown person to her house Wednesday evening, when Mrs. Clark and family were at supper down town. The thief entered the side door forcibly and at about 6 in the evening. Suspicion points to a well-dressed man who called at her house and asked to rent a furnished room.

The J. Neils Lumber company is making great improvements in its mill and is putting in a big band saw, which will greatly add to the output of the mill and need a much larger crew.

Our buyers are all East.

New York, Boston and Philadelphia now hold a dozen Glass Block buyers who are specialists in their departments. They will gather the world's best for YOU.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Saturday until 10 p. m.

This store will keep up a continuous effort to outdo, and outsell all February records. Prices are reduced on all seasonable goods, to induce you to BUY.

Candy sale.

Special for Saturday—50c lbs. of mixed candy—a dozen sorts mixed together, including fresh chocolates and other cream candies. Candies worth 20c a pound.

One pound, Saturday, **6c**

Five pounds, Saturday, **25c**

Gloves, mittens.

Will sell Saturday, ladies' all-wool golf gloves, in white, black and colors at **25c**.

Ladies' single mittens, actual 10c values, black only, Saturday's special price, per pair, **5c**.

Seekins' flowers.

Grown in Duluth, in the Seekins nurseries. Great variety of spring blooms. Everything in roses, American beauties, carnations, violets, valley lilies, narcissus, etc. Special for Saturday—

Daffodils, per dozen, **60c**.

Tulips, freshly cut, dozen, **50c**.

Potted blooming hyacinths, for Saturday—each **15c**.

Toilet goods.

10c for assortment of odds and ends of toilet articles, worth up to 50c, for Saturday only 10c.

50c for assorted lot of toilet articles, odds and ends, worth up to $1.98—choice, Saturday, 50c.

25c Ideal tooth powder, **15c**.

5c Bailey's vaseline, **2 for 5c**

10c Kirk's toilet soaps, **5c**.

25c silver salt, Saturday, **19c**.

Housefurnishings.

Basement bargains Saturday.

Tea Pots—Copper bottom—reg. 39c values—Saturday, **25c**.

Snap soap—A good laundry soap, reduced Saturday, 12 for **25c**.

Fibre brushes—Good 15c quality fiber brushes, Saturday, only **10c**.

Clothes pins—8 doz for **5c**.

Saturday cloak dept. specials

In the first place, remember that all cloaks and capes, ladies' and misses', are selling at exactly half price, and this is the time to buy at an immense saving. Besides the half price cloaks, Saturday offers these extra bargains:

$19.50 blouse and shirt waist suits reduced for Saturday to $7.50.

$7.50 Plain colors and stylish mixtures, made in the best tailor fashion—some lined, some with drop skirt. **$7.50**

Here is a chance to get a suit for spring wear at less than half what you'll have to pay for the new ones coming.

$2.98 colored wash waists reduced to 98c for a closing bargain price.

98c The styles are good, the colors fast, the materials first class. You'll pay three times this price for the same quality in the new arrivals—and the styles will differ very little. **98c**

$1.69 colored wash waists reduced to 49c.. All we have left of colored

49c chambray and madras waists formerly selling up to $1.69, are now on a bargain table and marked down to 49c each. The wise will pick them up. These waists at this price are rare bargains. **49c**

Men! Look!

Undershirts—All-wool, heavy, natural and tan, some double-breasted, all $1.50 values, special Saturday at **69c**.

Men's 50c quality wool fleeced shirts and drawers, Saturday **39c**.

$1.25 heavy buck and horsehide lined mitts, for **75c**.

25c bows and ties, Saturday, **10c**.

Crockery.

Basement bargains Saturday.

Sherbets—Thin blown glass, regular price $1.50 a dozen, Saturday, **$1.20**.

Cups and saucers—Popular ovide shape, thin, white, Saturday, dozen, **75c**.

Cuspidors—Blue and green, underglaze colors, 25c regular, Saturday, **10c**.

Glass lamps—Large burner, patent clinch collar, regular 48c, Saturday, **29c**.

Dress goods.

Special Saturday bargains.

All wool 54-inch hopsacking, worth $1.00 a yard, Saturday, **75c**.

All wool 40-inch cheviots in new spring shades, yard, **43c**.

Black all wool etamines, 40 inches wide, special Saturday, 50c.

Wall papers.

Glass block is headquarters—sure! Our wall paper sales are increasing every day.

See the fine 15c papers you can buy at the Glass Block for **9c**.

Burlaps—Complete assortment

House paints—All colors.

Varnishes and enamels.

Horse blankets

In the harness department, Saturday, we offer our regular $3.10 horse blankets or carriage robes for **$2.69**.



One hour 9 to 10

$1.48

for Boys' $3.50 suits.

For probably the last time this season we offer a one hour sale of boys' all wool double breasted and Norfolk suits, 6 to 15 years—in dark mixtures, well made, fully worth up to $3.50, the regular price. For one hour Saturday, 9 to 10 a. m., only—your boy can have his choice at $1.48 per suit.



One hour 9 to 10

5c

for 10c ginghams.

Another good lot of the 10c ginghams which created such a furor a short time ago, has just been secured. Plain colors and nurses' stripes, in sure enough 10c quality dress ginghams, will be placed on sale Saturday for 1 hour only, 9 to 10 o'clock a.m., for 5c a yard. Limit, two dress patterns.



One hour 10 to 11

$1.99

for girls' $4.75 cloaks

Last Saturday we sold a big lot of these cloaks. Tomorrow we offer a new assortment red, blue and grey jackets, half fitting, cuff sleeves, satine linings, high storm collar, yoke effect. Regular prices were $4.75 and $4.98. Saturday, for 1 hour, 10 to 11, we will give your girls their choice of these at $1.99.



One hour 10 to 11

5c

for 10c outings.

We have twice offered these outings at this price and each time the crowds at the sale were large. It shows the people want outing bargains, so we offer again for 1 hour Saturday, 10 to 11, outing flannels in dark colors, stripes and plaids, fully worth 10c a yard, at the attractive bargain figure of 5c a yard.

Arriving new goods, speed the departing old.

New dress goods weaves

Are now arriving daily. The Glass Block's early showing is calculated to lead all exhibitions of dress materials in the Northwest. Dozens of exclusive ideas will be shown here, not to be found or duplicated in Duluth. And you pay nothing extra for this exclusiveness.

Silk Voiles, Mohairs, Mohairs du Chines, Etamines, Mistrals, Sicilians, Basket Weaves, Crashes, Melrose, Camelots, Rhodesas, Tibetans, Twines, Scotch Suitings, Hopsacking and Broadcloths, under a dozen different names to indicate a novel effect—

50c, 75c, $1.25 and up to $3.00.

Exquisite new wash fabrics.

All that's new and pretty in these dainty, sheer, filmy fabrics which so heighten the beauty and brilliance of the summer girl, is to be more extensively featured at the Glass Block this season than ever before. The advance guard is already on display.

Melrose Suitings, French and Scotch Ginghams, Mousselines de Soie, Palmetto Cords, Tula Stripes, Peau Faconnes, Crystallines, Madras, Jacquard Swisses, Splash Crashes, Cheviot Suitings and dozens of new ideas in dainty stripes, cords and figures—

19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 69c.



Latest in silk waists.

Freshly arrived from New York, we take pleasure in opening for sale a number of elegant new silk waists of taffeta and peau de soie, in white, cream, tints and colors. The creations of artists, finished by expert needleworkers,

The very latest styles for 1903, in sleeves, collars, neck and shoulder ornamentation, hemstitching, plaiting, puffing. Others will follow us with similar styles, but none can or will duplicate the Glass Block low prices—

$4.75, $5.98, $6.50, $8.75.

New laces and veils.

New German torchon laces for trimming the new wash dresses and wash waists, are now on exhibition, 1 to 3½ inches wide, at **3c, 4c, 5c, 6c, 7c, 8c and 10c.**

New pattern veils, with the new contrasting bordes and embroidery, at **69c, 89c, 95c and $1.25.**

Fownes kids and latest evening gloves

have just arrived. Fownes "La Tosca," with the new Paris knot backs and pearl clasps to match the color of the gloves. Also the new white stitchings. $2 the pair. The latest importations of evening gloves and mitts in silk nets and plain silks with embroidered backs, are here at

$2.75, $3.00 and $3.50.

POWER ON GRAND SCALE

Great Colorado Dam to Furnish Electricity to State.

Denver, Col., Feb. 20.—Details of one of the greatest reservoir and power schemes the world has ever known were discovered in the state engineer's office in a modest looking set of papers that were filed on Jan. 21. The scheme would probably have remained a secret much longer but for the belief that the Denver City Tramway company is surreptitiously behind the venture with the purpose in view of abolishing all of its Denver power plants and generating electricity for almost the entire state of Colorado at a point on the Grand river, ninety-six miles across the mountains from Denver.

Maps and drawings in the engineer's office show that a reservoir on the Grand river, to be ten miles long and six miles across at the widest point, is to be utilized for storing the flood waters of the Grand, the Blue and the Muddy rivers and of Troublesome creek—enough to fill the reservoir in any spring season and store more water than the city of Denver would use in ten years if applied to that purpose. At a point near the town of Kremling a power plant will be erected for generating electricity that is to be brought to Denver.

Having but ninety-six miles to carry this current, the loss will be slight as compared to most other projects that have been proposed in Colorado.

The reservoir will cover an area of 9270 acres, and is capable of storing 299,400 acre feet, or 98,000,000,000 gallons of water.

The flow of the four streams that will be utilized will fill the reservoir in five months or within a few weeks during the flood season. It is proposed to construct a masonry dam at the mouth of the famous and picturesque granite canon through which flows the Grand river, the dam to be 200 feet high and 300 feet wide. From this to a point four miles below in Grand county, will be a pipe line capable of carrying 800 cubic feet of water a second, with a grade of ten feet fall to the mile, the water to be used for power purposes at the electric plant and then returned to the bed of the river.

Power is to be conveyed to Denver, Leadville, Georgetown, Idaho Springs, Black Hawk, Central City and other points in the counties of Pitkin, Lake, Park Summit, Grand, Gilpin, Clear Creek, Jefferson, Boulder, Douglas and Arapahoe.

This power, which will be in the aggregate more than 200,000 horse-power, can be furnished at the trolley lines of Denver at a reduction of 60 per cent in the cost of propelling tramway cars under the present system. The street cars, mines, mills and manufactories of more than a dozen busy counties can be supplied with this power without the enormous drain of fuel bills.

It will also be a great benefit to the farmers and those using Grand river water below Kremling in that it will insure a steady flow the year round. Irrigation can then proceed on the most practical basis yet evolved.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CABLE FLASHES.

The sum of $7,000 was paid at auction at London for a small jug of Fulham ware, strapped with silver bands. The jug which is 9½ inches high, 5 inches in diameter and of the date of 1581, was discovered in a cupboard of a church at West Malling, Kent, a few years ago. It was sold to aid in the renovation of the church.

The Venezuelan gunboat Restaurador, which was captured by the German cruiser Vineta on Dec. 12, anchored at Porto Cabecllo, Thursday, still flying the German flag. The authorities have not been notified that she will be returned to Venezuela.

The negotiations between Germany and Russia for a new commercial treaty have been opened by the usual exchange of preliminary notes.

Gerald Balfour, president of the board of trade, in the house of commons said the agreements between the British government and the International Mercantile Marine company and the government and the Cunard steamship line were approaching completion. They had been delayed by complex diversity of interests and points of law.

The scandal involving the officers of the Guards regiments was brought up in the house of commons Thursday. The war secretary, Mr. Broderick, replying to a question on the subject, said that neither Lieut-Col. Kinlock nor any other officer of the Grenadiers had applied for trial by courtmartial.

Easy to Take

Easy to Operate

Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—

Hood's Pills

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Last Saturday evening the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gust Arnold was the scene of a very pretty social event as forty invited guests announced themselves with whistles and horns in commemoration of their tenth anniversary. Mrs. Arnold, attired in a pearl white silk and looking every bit the bride of ten years ago, with Mr. Arnold in the conventional black, received the guests. During the evening the guests were pleasantly entertained at cards. Head prizes were won by Mrs. F. McKee and Joe Bisson; booby by Miss Agnes Nelson and John Monahan, after which an elaborate supper was served. Dr. M. K. Whittemore, as toastmaster, made a pleasing address and in behalf of the many friends, presented them with a beautiful silver tea set. After responses by Mr. and Mrs. Arnold congratulations were in order and many and sincere were the good wishes to attend them thro' a long and happy life. Those present were: Mesdames, McKee, Bisson, Yawrence, Mundy, Sells, Lovely, Sandon, Murphy, Stapleton, Maher, Nelson, Guyette, Horan, Phelion, F. Phelion, Price; Misses, Kate McGilvery, Pearl Bisson, Rose Sarette, Ella Whildden, Agnes Nelson, Lizzie Nelson, May Cross, Kate Shannahan; Dr. M. K. Whittemore, Messrs. McKee, Bisson, W. Sarette, Mundy, Sells, Lovely, Sandon, Murphy, Ed. Bisson, Archie Campbell, Guyette, John Monahan, Phelion and Price.

Free lectures will be given in the Presbyterian church on Thursday and Friday evenings, by John Orchard, field secretary of the Minnesota State School association. A large audience is expected.

P. Ballin, of Duluth, transacted business in the city on Thursday.

C. L. Dixon was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

The health of Mrs. Carl H. Frees is such as to occasion her friends much anxiety.

William McGregor, cruiser, left Thursday evening for a trip on the range towns.

Johnnie McGuglin came down from Grand Lake this week and spent a few days with his parents.

Mrs. Hannecamp is moving her household furniture to St. Paul where the family will make their future home.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Marschall on Thursday.

The Ladies Aid society met with Mrs. J. D. Peters on Thursday.

The musical given by the pupils of Mrs. Dudley and Miss Sterns in the opera house Wednesday evening proved a most enjoyable affair and was thoroughly appreciated by the large audience which greeted this initial effort of our budding musicians. The program included vocal and instrumental music and recitations. Miss Ethel McCenbrey and Miss Margaret Wolfe executed in a manner which elicited strong expressions of approval from the audience while Miss Jennie Melville's charming rendering of "Every Little Dog Must Have His Day" was equally well appreciated. Miss Sterns and Miss Seeley also contributed two instrumental ducts. The financial results were very satisfactory.

John McDonald, who has been confined to St. Mary's hospital in Duluth for some time, is reported today as getting along nicely.

CUTLERY!

Razors, Shears, Pocket Knives, Butcher Knives, Carvers' Strops, Brushes, Etc., at RIGHT PRICES.

F. L. Stoddard,

107 Lake Ave. South.

The only exclusive cutlery store at the head of the lakes.

IMPORTANT INVENTION

In Wireless Telegraphy Made By Young Hewitt.

New York, Feb. 20.—In the current issue of the Electrical Review is described an important invention in wireless telegraphy by Peter Cooper Hewitt, of New York city, son of the late Abram S. Hewitt. This device, which is a development of the Cooper Hewitt mercury vapor lamp, takes the place of the usual spark gap for discharging in the antenna, or sending mast. It consists of a glass globe eight to ten inches in diameter, with two mercury electrodes contained in tubes sealed in the lower part of the globe.

The device is very effective and it is stated by this authority, will enable a much more powerful electrical wave to be sent up than is possible with the methods at present in use, and will also make secrecy in transmission easily possible.

Dr. M. I. Pupin, professor of electro mechanics at Columbia university, and widely known from his invention in long distance telephonic transmission, is quoted by the Electrical Review as saying: "The Cooper Hewitt mercury vapor interruptor at once establishes wireless telegraphy on a commercial basis. The problem of secretive signalling is solved and trans-Atlantic transmission will be easy."

SPINDLE TOP YIELDING.

The Oil Returns to the Abandoned Wells.

Beaumont, Tex., Feb. 20.—The receding of the salt water on Spindle Top has apparently become general. Not a day passes but some gentleman in the business reports that his well or his neighbor's well has begun producing oil again.

Frank Caldwell states that his two wells, which he thought were being lost entirely through the salt water, are now producing only oil. He does not believe that he alone has been favored, but that it is a general condition on Spindle Top, and that it will continue if the contractors on the new wells keep from drilling in with water and pumping such tremendous volumes of it into oil sands.

IN AUSTRIAN CURRENCY

Polish Leader Wants U. S. Money Orders Issued.

Vienna, Feb. 20.—The Polish leader, Dacsynski, has complained in the reichsrath of the action of the United States postoffice authorities in not issuing money orders in Austrian currency. He said that this was a serious mistake. Many thousand Polish laborers in the United States who were unable to understand the postoffice regulations, were compelled to apply to bankers for drafts at great expense. Herr Dacsynski asked the minister of finance to endeavor to persuade the American authorities to change the present system.

CAR MEN WILL NOT STRIKE.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—There will be no strike of the Chicago City Railway company. At a meeting of the men held last night it was decided to accept the offer of the company to submit the difference between the company and the union to arbitration. The cable splicers who have been out during the last ten days will return to work and the men whose reinstatement they ask, will be paid for the time he has been compelled to remain idle.

presto

(better than flour)

is a sure resource

ANDERSON MEDAL

Duluth-Superior Rinks to Play For It Monday.

Four Rinks From Each Club---Games In Afternoon.

Next Monday afternoon Duluth and Superior rinks will compete for the possession of the Anderson medal, a trophy that is annually competed for by the curlers of the two cities. It is usually played for on the afternoon of Washington's birthday, but as that holiday falls this year on Sunday it will be played for on the day following, which is to be observed by many as the holiday.

Four rinks will be entered from each city. The Superior curlers will enter rinks composed almost entirely of their new players, men who entered the club this year, the rinks from the two cities will be as follows.

SUPERIOR.

C. R. Fridley,	George Yale,
J. E. McGrath,	Chas. Coleman,
P. E. Bradshaw,	C. M. Gillett,
P. H. Smith, skip.	Clough Gates, skip.
H. L. deForest,	C. P. White,
P. G. Stratton,	J. H. Harper,
C. A. Chase,	H. J. Connor,
L. Hanitch, skip.	H. H. Grace, skip.

DULUTH.

C. Brewer,	E. C. Maxfield,
S. A. McPhail,	M. A. McLennan,
A. W. Frick,	F. A. Day,
D. W. Stocking, skip	Alex Macrae, skip.
C. A. Payne,	W. E. Richardson,
E. A. Forsyth,	Wm. Schupp,
C. F. West,	E. N. Bradley,
W. E. Magner, skip.	C. A. Duncan, skip.

It is possible that the Duncan rink may not be able to play and in that event another will take its place.

Last evening D. W. Stocking put R. J. MacLeod out of the Manley-McLennan contest, the score being as follows.

C. Brewer,	J. E. Catlin,
S. A. McPhail,	Thos. Gibson,
A. W. Frick,	H. Hurdon,
D. W. Stocking, Skip—14.	R. J. MacLeod, Skip—12.

Dunlap Hats.
Opening day, Saturday.
A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

AT WEST DULUTH

At the Jenswold street subway work was resumed yesterday after the short cessation on account of the severe cold weather. The street railway company has a number of men laying the rails. The tracks have already been laid beyond the cut under the Northern Pacific tracks. The poles have been placed in position and are ready for the wires. The heavy timbers for the bridge over the short spur of the Northern Pacific are being placed in position and the bridge is about completed. About thirty men are at work widening the cut under the Northern Pacific tracks, and with favorable weather the city's part of the work can be completed within a very short time.

COMMERCIAL CLUB MEETING.

The West Duluth Commercial club will hold its regular weekly meeting this evening in the club rooms. Many matters of importance are scheduled for discussion. It is expected that the club will begin an organized campaign to secure the double truck cars for the West Duluth line. The matter of street railway extension will also be discussed. The membership committee and the committee on paving will make reports and the fire insurance rates, which, in the opinion of many members of the club, are exorbitant for West Duluth property, will probably come before the meeting.

TWO DANCES.

Two dances will be given this evening in West Duluth. At the Wieland & Wade hall the Degree of Honor will give its annual ball. The committee in charge has been making extensive preparations and a brilliant event is promised. In the Great Eastern hall the Zamoni club will give one of its regular monthly dances.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. Ryan will entertain a number of her friends at a card party this afternoon.

Mrs. C. C. Morris, of New Duluth, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Emmard will leave for St. Paul tomorrow to attend the annual millinery opening.

Mrs. J. Allyn Scott will give a card party to a few friends tomorrow afternoon.

Edward Armstrong is in West Duluth today from Scanlon.

S. C. Murphy, E. W. Merritt, Charles Silger and Humphrey Jones have returned from Minneapolis, where they attended the grand lodge of the A. O. U. W.

Mrs. A. Laidly, of New Duluth, was in the city yesterday.

The funeral of John Mollne will be held from the Swedish Mission church Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

T. F. Wieland has recovered from a severe attack of typhoid fever from which he has been suffering during the past month.

The Ladies of the Maccabees have postponed the entertainment which was to have been given at the rink tonight until next Wednesday evening.

The Calendar circle of the Presbyterian church will give a basket social in the church Tuesday evening.

Alexander LaVaque, of New Duluth, was in the city yesterday.

Arthur Jacques has returned from Bemidji.

Edward Goneau, Fred Arnes and William Wilkes will leave for New Orleans for a short business trip.

Miss Emma Jacobl has recovered from her recent attack of the grip.

A social will be given at the Congregational church this evening.

The Degree of Honor hall this evening will be a grand affair. The best of music, the finest hall and a good time for all at Wieland & Wade's hall.

SKATERS!

Excellent ice and music at West Duluth Covered Rink tonight.

A FIGHT IN PROSPECT

Daughters of American Revolution to Meet on Sunday.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Daughters of the American Revolution have their lances in rest and their spirits braced for the shock of an encounter expected to leave many a dint in hitherto shining armor—to say nothing of laying by a few patriots for repairs.

Monarchial methods are said to have crept into the councils of the fighting daughters and when the national congress of these lineals and collaterals opens here on Feb. 22, all the strength of the Fairbanks party now in power will be put forth to procure an amendment to the constitution providing for a life tenure of office for the president general.

Should this go through, Mrs. Charles Fairbanks will be virtual queen of the organization, but, in all probability, the time-honored rivals, Mrs. Daniel Manning and Mrs. Donald McLean will once more contend for the honor.

The amendment arranged by the government board reads:

"That no woman shall hold any office for more than two terms, except the president general."

This makes her term practically limitless and the conservative hope to railroad it through on the ground that Continental hall, which the daughters are about to erect, will require constant work in congress, as difficulties are sure to arise from time to time, and the influence of Senator Fairbanks will be necessary.

The opposition will naturally fight this to a finish. They are willing to grant Mrs. Fairbanks another term as president general, but decline to have a "life officer."

There is also much feeling about the opening day. The constitution insists that the convention be called to order on Feb. 22, which this year falls on Sunday. While some are in favor of a semi-patriotic, semi-religious meeting, others of puritanical tendency are opposed to any meeting on Sunday.

Mrs. McLean said she had given permission to no one to admit or deny her candidacy.

LOVES TWIN SISTERS.

Henry Bowing Unable to Choose Between Them.

Tullahoma, Tenn., Feb. 20.—Last November Alice and Alma Martin, twin sisters, whose home is in one of the mountain coves of the upper county, read an advertisement in a matrimonial newspaper of a gentleman who wished to correspond with a young lady not over 20 years old, with a view to matrimony. The advertizer stated that he was rich, had a nice home, and that his address was Uniata, Indian territory. The twins, after consultation, opened up communication with the man, whose name is Henry C. Bowing, a farmer of the territory. Both girls have been in regular correspondence with Bowing for about three months. Nothing was kept from him, he being informed that the ladies were twin sisters and photos were duly exchanged, but the man from the territory was unable to decide which one of his fair correspondents he liked best, but he was equal to the emergency.

The girls were requested to make a visit to the West, to have their "big mountain brother accompany them, to see that the intentions of Bowing were honorable, and things were as represented." For all the expenses of the undertaking Bowing forwarded sufficient money to defray the costs of the journey for the party of three. So yesterday afternoon the trio passed through Tullahoma on their way to meet the love-sick swain.

The girls are rather pretty, modest and very ladylike. Mr. Bowing can hardly fail to be pleased, as one of the twins is a very pronounced brunette, while the other has pure golden hair, and is a perfect blonde. Their family is highly respected.

WILL ASK FOR A LARGER SUM

(Continued from Page One.)

creasing the salaries of the justice of the supreme court to $7500 for the chief justice and 7000 for the rest. They now get $5000.

Senator Ferris introduced a bill providing that where county boards levy more taxes than the law allows tax payers may have them enjoined from collecting them.

Senator Somerville gets back at parties who erect buildings, fences, ditches, weirs, etc., on their own property to spite a neighbor by declaring such thing a nuisance and giving the aggrieved party the right of an injunction.

* * *

There were two fights in the house this morning. The first one came on the Morley bill, taking the educational institutions of the state out of the hands of the board of control, which the house committee on education reported for indefinite postponement. Mr. Morley moved as a substitute that the bill be given its second reading and be made a special order for next Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. He said it was time to sit down on this wholesale slaughter of important bills by committees, as such bills ought to be fought out on the floor of the house. He said also that the board of control should understand that it is not employed by the state to smother legislation. The board has been after the committee, lobbying against the bill, he said, but it has no right to do so. The bill should go on special orders and let the house decide upon it. The motion carried.

The next fight was on the motion by Mr. Fryberger, of Hennepin, to reconsider the vote by which the inheritance tax law was passed. There was a good deal of speech-making on the bill. Mr. Dowling, of Eveleth, making quite an extended speech for reconsideration for which he was applauded. The grounds urged by Mr. Fryberger, that it was an injustice to the cities to have the tax go to the state instead of to the county, did not weigh very heavily with the committee members, and they voted the motion down by a vote of 39 for and 70 against reconsideration.

The committee appointed to investigate the coal and wood prices asked the house for money to conduct its investigation, and the request was refused. Thereupon the committee moved that it be discharged.

A country member moved that the word "fired" be substituted, which will be discovered, upon close examination, to be a joke. The committee's motion was carried, so the coal and wood investigation comes to naught.

The committee that visited the Louisiana purchase exposition reported on its trip in most enthusiastic terms stating that the show would be one of the most stupendous affairs of the age and recommended that $50,000 be appropriated for the Minnesota exhibit there.

Twenty-five bills were introduced in the house, mostly of a curative and local nature. One bill, by Mr. Chisnock, St. Paul, increases the statutory limitation on damages for death resulting by accident from $5000 to $10,000. Mr. Rockne introduced a bill empowering school districts to issue bonds on the vote of the people.

Mr. Palmer introduced a bill extending the terms of the county superintendents at the end of the present terms, to four years.

Mr. Fossen provides that vacancies in county boards shall be filled by the chairman of the township boards in the district to be filled.

The railroad committee introduced the anti-trust bill prepared by the National Live Stock association which is similar to the Thorpe bill in the senate.

SPILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

STACK & CO. | STACK & CO. | STACK & CO.

Hose Supporters.
In assorted colors, red, pink, blue, orange, etc., frill edge elastic ends, in belt and side shapes, worth 25c a pair—at..... 10c

Ladies' Hose.
60 dozen Ladies' fleece lined Hose, full seamless, fast black, extra value at..... 10c

Union Suits.
Misses' Egyptian Cotton fleece lined Union Suits, equal to two single garments at 25c each—to close at..... 15c

Men's Underwear.
Men's double-breasted wool undershirts, drawers to match—$1.50 value at..... 98c

Boys' Hose.
Fleece lined and plain ribbed heavy Cotton Hose. We give the best value on earth in this line—positively 25c values at..... 15c

Boys' Pants.
We buy and sell more Boys' Pants, as far as we know, than any two stores in Duluth, a saving of from 15 to 25c on every pair See the values at..... 25c, 50c

Toilet Soaps.
Castile Soaps, Tar Soaps, Buttermilk Soaps, a lot of about 60 doz. Soaps—special at... 2½c

Iron Wax.
Handy Ironing Wax, cleans sad irons and keeps them from rust—3c sticks for..... 1c

Hair Pins.
Celluloid Hair Pins—3c kind—at..... 1c

Tooth Brushes.
60 dozen assorted handles, white imported French bristle, set in polished bone head—you'll admit they are worth 25c each—take them, each at..... 10c

Glue.
Le Page's Glue, with brush and cap—it's merits are well known; 10c bottles..... 5c

Papeterie.
About 500 boxes to clean up (making room for new goods) boxes slightly soiled, but we recommend the paper to be thoroughly reliable—10c and 15c boxes at..... 5c
19c and 25c boxes—at..... 10c

Brush Binding.
2000 yards black Brush Binding—10c quality..... 5c

Scissors and Shears.
Best nickel plated, with brass nut, from 4 to 9-inch size—regular price 15c to 25c—choice at..... 10c

Hair Curlers.
4, 5, 6 and 7-inch Kid Hair Curlers—per dozen..... 5c

Ladies' Belts.
The best and most popular makes that the market affords, an assorted lot of about 12 dozen, worth from 25c to 50c—to close out at..... 10c
See the new Bolero, Circular, Floradora and Tab Belts—at—
$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c

Linen Crash.
"Dundee" absorbent linen crash—2500 yards in 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20-inch—worth in value from 10c to 15c a yard—choice, per yd..... 8c

Tape Measures.
Mechanics' Tape Measures, 50 feet long, ⅝-inch tape, winds with side crank, 25c value at.. 15c

Beaded Bags.
Chatelaine Bags, fifteen different styles and prices to select from, all new goods and priced 25 per cent below regular. See the collection—from $7.50 to..... 48c

Hair Combs.
Ladies' Hard Rubber Hair Combs—8 inches long, assorted backs, fine and coarse teeth, finely finished, rounded points—15c and 19c value—choice..... 10c

Belding Bros. Silks.
Also a lot of about 300 dozen Hemmways, in black and colored—50-yard spools, regular price 5c—at..... 2½c

Pocket Combs.
6-inch aluminum Pocket Combs, fine and coarse teeth in leather case—at..... 3c

Envelopes.
5000 packages, 6-inch size, full government, good quality, 25 in a package—5c value..... 2c

Manicure Sets.
Imitation Stag Manicure Sets, file, button hook and cuticle knife—50c value at..... 25c

Thimbles.
144 dozen Aluminum Thimbles, the lightest, strongest and most durable, all sizes; 5c value at... 1c

Hooks and Eyes.
"Hump" Hooks and Eyes in black and silvered, worth 5c a card, at..... 1c

Cube Pins.
Black and assorted colors, in an oblong cube, 8c, 10c and 12½c sizes—choice at..... 5c

Curling Irons.
Made in the best possible manner, good springs, polished oak handles—at 7c, 5c and..... 3c

Wire Hair Brushes.
Wire Hair Brushes, enamelled wood block, 11 rows wide, 21 rows long, 25c values at..... 15c

Back Combs.
Tortoise shell pattern combs, 10c value at..... 10c

Pins.
100 papers good brass pins—400 in a paper—5c value at... 2½c

PICTURES FREE WITH 50c and $1.00 PURCHASES.

STACK & CO.

PICTURES FREE WITH 50c and $1.00 PURCHASES.

Tomorrow Begins the Second Week of Our February Clearance Sale of Winter Goods

A sale which has brought us more new customers and created more favorable comment than any ever held in Duluth. Last week was the banner midwinter week—such astonishing values were a revelation to our patrons. The phenomenal success is remarkable—it is to be attributed mainly to the fact that we are giving even more than we claim. We have determined that this week shall even do better than last. There are many opportunities for the early shopper, as stocks are overhauled and remarked each day—and quite naturally the first customer has first choice—therefore it is advisable to come early.

Silk Petticoats.
Mercerized Satine Petticoats and Moreen Petticoats at Great Reductions.
$10.00 Silk Petticoats....$6.98
$8.50 Silk Petticoats....$5.98
$6.50 Silk Petticoats....$4.98
$4.50 Moreen Petticoats..$3.98
$6.00 Moreen Petticoats..$3.98
$3.50 Moreen Petticoats..$1.98
$1.25 Satine Petticoats....75c
$1.98 Satine Petticoats...$1.25

98c buys your choice of a lot of twenty-five dozen wrappers
in seersuckers, ginghams, percales, etc.—wrappers as good as others sell at $1.25 and $1.50.....98c

39c A lot of about five dozen eiderdown dressing sacques—
They are worth from 50c to 75c each, but the sale price is only.....39c

$2.98 Buys a fine dress skirt here tomorrow—
Odds and ends to be closed out—some skirts in the lot can't be matched at $5—our price $2.98

$2.98 for your choice of wool walking skirts—
These skirts are worth $3.50, $3.98 and $4.50—your choice for.....$2.98

$5.00 buys your choice of dress skirts worth up to $10.00
Made from fine broadcloth, homespuns, cheviots, basket cloths, serges, mohairs, etc.—only $5.00

$10.00 buys choice of any silk dress skirt in our dept.
Taffeta and peau de soie silk skirts—worth $17.50 each—sale price, only.....$10.00

Children's and Misses' Coats
At About Half Price.
$1.75 Children's Coats at..... $1.00
$2.50 Children's Coats at..... $1.48
$3.50 Children's Coats at..... $1.98
$5.00 Children's Coats at..... $2.98
$6.50 Children's Coats at..... $3.98

Dress Ginghams.
We offer again on Saturday one case of 10c Dress Ginghams, in fancy checks, stripes and plain, all new spring styles, at per yd..... 5c

Indigo Blue Prints.
Indigo Blue Prints are on the advance, Saturday we place on sale one case of best Merrimack blue calico, all styles, worth regularly 10 yd, at..... 5c

Fancy Domets.
A recent clean up of 10,000 yds fancy Domet, from one of the big manufacturers of garments enables us to offer the best 10c outings at, per yd..... 5c

Huck Towels.
Saturday's special in Linen Dept. We place on sale 50 doz extra heavy huck towels, full size, fancy borders regular 12½c value, each..... 9c

Corded White Lawns.
In our Wash Goods Dept., we offer 25c fine white sheer corded lawns, in fine Dimity stripes and heavy corded lawns, sold at 25c, only..... 15c

Bleached Sheeting
2000 yds bleached sheeting, 2¼ yds wide, in lengths of 1½, 2 and 2¼ yds long, these goods sell on the piece at 25c yd, Saturday, per yd.. 13½c

Final Clearing Cotton and Wool Blankets.
We place on sale Saturday exceptional values in this line.
11-4 white Blankets, heavy fleece, the $1.25 quality for.....75c
Grey wool mixed Campers' Blankets, $1.75 value, for.....$1.25
11-4 white, grey and red wool Blankets, silk lapped, extra fine quality, sold during the season at $5 per pair—choice.....$3.75

Two Great Specials in Lace Curtains.
We place on sale Saturday 200 pairs fine Nottingham Lace Curtains, full three yards long in splendid assortment of styles, worth regularly $1.50—special for tomorrow..... 95c
In fine quality cable net and Nottingham Curtains we offer 50 pairs $5 Curtains, guaranteed to give good service, in all the new patterns..... $3.50

Lining Cambric.
2000 yds Mill Ends, lining Cambric, Edward's best quality in lengths from one to three yds, black and all colors, worth regularly 5c yd, special..... 2½c

Waist Linings.
We offer for Saturday, fine quality percaline linings, in black and colors, these goods are worth 15c tomorrow the price tomorrow, per yd... 6½c

Dresser Scarfs.
White fringed Dresser Scarfs 54-inches long, and fancy colored table covers, 4/4 size, regular 25c value guaranteed fast colors, tomorrow the price is only..... 15c

Table Damask.
We are showing an elegant quality Mercerized Satin damask in a choice line of patterns, full width. The regular 75c quality, at per yard..... 59c

Pillow Casing.
50-inch Pillow Casing, heavy soft finish, Mill Ends, worth on the piece 12c per yard. Saturday's special bargain for this line will be only..... 10c

Pillow Cases & Sheets.
36x42-inch soft finish pillow cases worth 12½c, each..... 9c
72x99-inch Bleached Sheets, best quality soft muslin, worth 55c each, only..... 43c

STRIKING CONTRAST

Furnished By Fat Mr. Heyburn and Slim Mr. Ankeny.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Two of the most striking features in the senate will be W. B. Heyburn, of Idaho, and Levi Ankeny, of the state of Washington.

Mr. Heyburn is enormously fat. Mr. Ankeny is tall and very slender.

Mr. Heyburn is 5 feet 10 inches tall and weighs 329 pounds. Mr. Ankeny is 6 feet 2 and weighs 185.

Mr. Heyburn has lived more in the state of Washington than Idaho, has made the bulk of his fortune in the practice of law in that state, and keeps his personal law office in Spokane.

Mr. Anken has lived as much in Idaho as in Washington and accumulated his vast fortune mainly through the mercantile trade he has built up in Idaho after forty years of effort.

Mr. Heyburn is noted as one of the gourmands of the Pacific coast region.

Mr. Ankeny is noted as one of the sparest eaters in the same country.

It is related by eye-witnesses that Mr. Heyburn has been known to eat five plates of soup, four dozen oysters, three porterhouse steaks, a half gallon of ice cream and two pies at a single sitting, and that, too, after midnight, to say nothing of the vegetables and other fillings that go with such a meal. His girth is more than sixty inches, his chest measurement is about the same.

There is no chair in the senate chamber that Mr. Heyburn can sit in, and Sergeant-at-Arms Ransdell will soon be called upon to have the special chair now occupied by Senator Mason of Illinois enlarged to conform to the more amplified avordupois of the gentleman from Idaho.

Mr. Ankeney is known as the Russell Sage of the Pacific coast. He commands more ready cash than any capitalist in that region. He is chief stockholder in more than twenty banks scattered through Washington, Idaho and Oregon, and in forty-eigth hours could mass $3,000,000 in any one of these banks to his own credit.

Not the least interesting feature of the new senator from Washington is that his name is not Ankeny, except by adoption. He was christened Johann Schmidt. That was his father's name.

When his parents were on their way back to Missouri from Oregon, while the then future senator was a baby, the father died of pneumonia. The widow buried the husband in the Nebraska prairie, and continued on to Missouri. There she married a prosperous merchant, who adopted the boy and bestowed upon him the odd name he now bears.

ULTRAVIOLET RAYS IN DULUTH
THE HERBAQUEEN CO. 319 FIRST AVE. EAST, DULUTH.

MAY RECALL CURZON.

New York, Feb. 20.—It is said in political circles here, says a Herald dispatch from London, that there is a probability of Lord Curzon being recalled from India shortly and Mr. Brodrick, minister for war, being raised to the peerage and sent out as viceroy in his place. The latter's conduct of the war office and the apparent failure of his scheme of army reorganization are severely criticised.

TRACING BRICKS.

"If the stories of certain bricks could be revealed, some very curious stories would be presented," said an observant man to the New Orleans Times Democrat. "I speak of the bricks that were made in the southern states during the ante-bellum days—those bricks that were used to make the southern mansions during the olden days; those that were used to make plantation residences, sugar houses and other plantation buildings. Many bricks that were made in the South long ago are still in existence, notwithstanding the fact that time and other things have worked to destroy them, and many of these bricks are put to further use. Thus it happens that one brick becomes a part of several buildings, and thus it happens that the individual stories of the bricks that were made during a remote time must be interesting. I said that I alluded to the bricks that were made in the 'land of sunshine and flowers' during a remote period, and I mentioned this land because probably in no part of the world have bricks had stranger stories than those built and used in the Southland. Here were built stately buildings of brick and mortar, but a good number of these buildings had comparatively short lives; in truth in no other portion of the earth have such substantial structures as the old-time Southern homes passed away so shortly after they were built than did these buildings. Many plantation residences that were constructed about 90 or 100 years ago have long since been demolished, and crumbling parts of walls and parts of columns lying confusedly on the ground now mark their sites. Neglect due to the poverty occasioned in the South by the civil war took a part in the destruction of these buildings, although the roofs were made of hand-made and finished cypress shingles, these coverings decayed, and with this decay, ran that of the houses. Their plastering fell, they sagged, and were finally deserted. To understand how this neglect existed one must consider how after the war the plantations changed owners, and how often these owners were in debt and had to mortgage their properties. Besides the crevasses and the changes that took place in the Mississippi's course had much to do with the lack of plantation repairs. I know of one residence that caved into the river. But take the residences of the northern states, England, Scotland, France, or any other portion of the world and notice how they differ from the peculiar style of that of our southern homes of long ago. Some years ago we tore down the old sugar house on our place—in St. Charles parish—and we sold the old bricks to persons who lived miles away. Some of them went up the river, and others down. They were floated away by flatboats and by the thousands, and I often wonder what became of them. If there is anything that is mysterious it is a brick. It remains motionless for years, then suddenly disappears for another long stay in some unknown place ,to form a part of either a house, a pillar, a gate column, a smokestack, a sidewalk or a channel house.

GREENEST EVER

Is "Bill" Smith, Brother of Mrs. Charles L. Fair.

Received Only $10,000 and Was Glad to Get It.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 20.—The very latest word from California relative to the squabbling over the millions of Charles L. Fair brings "Bill" Smith, of Newmarket, N. J., forward in a new light. Heretofore the amount Smith has been said to have accepted in settlement of his claim against the estate has been placed all the way from $150,000 to $350,000. He might have obtained $200,000 in the settlement if he had been shrewd.

The real history of "Bill's" visit to San Francisco is that he was glad to take $10,000, the legacy left him in Mrs. Fair's will.

To the Californians who did business with him "Bill" Smith was a new type. They had not known until they met him that anything so green was grown in the East. It is not difficult to imagine that while he was in San Francisco he did exactly as he was advised. When $100 was advanced to him, strangers became trusted friends at once.

When it was suggested that he relinquish all his right in the estate of Mrs. Charles L. Fair for the $10,000, he accepted the suggestion with eagerness. He was at the lawyer's office, and on the minute made the necessary transfer, and was then presented with a certified check for $10,000.

Smith looked at the check, front and back; his air was dubious. Suddenly he passed the check back, and while his eyes gleamed with cunning, he exclaimed:

"No, siree. You can't palm off no Confedrit money on Bill Smith."

For a moment the lawyers were astonished. Then they saw that Smith was in earnest, and they shook with laughter. Smith was inexorable. Finally one of them went to the bank, got the money and handed it to Smith.

He tried to count it; he was too excited. The money was counted for him in such a way as to convince him that the money was correct. He put it in an inside pocket and buttoned his coat. He was advised to take the next train for New Jersey, and his California advisers sighed with relief as they saw the train pull out with "Bill" Smith aboard.

Smith was changed completely by the knowledge that he had in his possession $10,000. The fact that he arrived in New York with any part of it speaks well for the care taken of passengers by trainmen. Smith told every official that he had that money, more than all of their passengers combined. To all passengers who would listen to him he told the same story. No one paid any attention to him. One morning Smith walked into the cubbyhole of the train barber. He took the chair and ordered the barber to "do everything," and when the barber had complied with the order, Smith turned to him and said: "Perhaps you think I'm next to broke."

The barber said nothing, and Smith pulled a roll of bills from his waistcoat pocket, and, slapping it, exclaimed: "There's $2000 there, pard."

He wanted to count it, but the barber said it was not necessary.

"Say, pard," said Smith, "this ain't all I've got. I tell you I've got more money than you ever saw, but, you bet, I don't carry it loose. You're all right, and I'll show you Bill Smith is a man of his word!"

He dived into his hip pocket. A look of alarm spread over his face. Hurriedly he examined all his pockets.

Suddenly he exclaimed: "I've been robbed!"

He glared at the barber until the little man became alarmed. Smith then dashed for another part of the car. There he found his pocketbook. The barber was at his heels, for he was afraid of being accused of robbery. He made Smith count it. The amount in the book was $5060. When Smith had mastered his fright he promised the barber "the night of his life" when the train arrived in Chicago.

In Chicago the barber avoided him. He told the trainmen he was confident that the "jay" would be robbed.

But Smith was not robbed, and arrived with the bulk of his $10,000 at Newmarket, N. J.

GAMBLING PRIVILEGE

Which Nets Frank L. Proctor Several Millions a Year.

Camanea, Mexico, Feb. 20.—Far more extensive than the domain of the Prince of Monaco is the territory over which Frank L. Proctor holds sway. It comprises the whole state of Sonora. By the government of Mexico he has been given a long lease of the gambling privilege in the state.

The extent of gambling at the tables of Frank Proctor equals, if it does not exceed, that at Monte Carlo.

Camanea, the largest and richest mining camp in Mexico, is the center of Proctor's principality. In this wealthy community, where nobody earns less than $150 per month, the sway of Proctor over gambling is absolute. He is in every sense of the word the Prince of Camanea.

It is not many years ago that Frank Proctor was a common, rollicking Arizona cowboy. His stamping ground was the wild borderland of Sonora and Arizona. In this mystic region he participated in exploits which caused the hair to raise and the heart to stand still. Between Apaches and bad white men he carried his life in his hands for many years.

Not long ago, W. C. Greene married the daughter of Frank Proctor. Greene was not at that time rich in the world's goods, but he was rich with the energy and enterprise which have since made him a multi-millionaire.

Three years ago W. C. Greene managed to attract the attention of New York capitalists to his Camanea mines. At that time he was poor worth much. He had been a cowpuncher, prospector and miner and his luck was like that of others. Today W. C. Greene owns a $30,000,000 copper mine and is rightly known as the copper king of Sonora.

Greene did not forget his friends when fortune came upon him. He provided for all of them.

Through Greene, Proctor secured an exclusive gambling concession over the entire state of Sonora from the Mexican government. This concession gives to him the income of a multi-millionaire.

In the mining camp of Camanea alone, more than $20,000 pass over the tables of Proctor every day of the year. Some days as much as $200,000 pass over these tables. It requires a force of 500 men to operate the gambling houses. A profit of nearly $2,000,000 a year is derived from the gambling in Camanea alone.

Not only does Proctor control the gambling of Camanea, but he also controls that of Hermosillo, Guaymas and Alamos. Every gambler operating a table in the great state of Sonora, pays royalty to the Prince of Camanea. When it is understood that the population of Sonora is as much bent upon gambling as a poet is upon rhymes, the extent of Proctor's power may be guessed.

STATE TO SELL LIQUOR.

West Virginia May Adopt South Carolina System.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Feb. 20.—The people of West Virginia are aroused over the bill introduced into the state senate prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors within the state except by the state, and putting into effect a system practically the same as the South Carolina dispensary law. A mass meeting was held last night in one of the churches here to indorse the proposition as a step toward temperance legislation, and similar meetings will be held in other parts of the state. On the other hand the saloon men's organizations have sent lobbyists to Charleston to work against the measure.

Whether the dispensary law is enacted or not at this session of the legislature, the temperance issue will soon have to be met in politics.

FIRE AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Ind., Feb. 20.—Fire destroyed Carnahan & Co.'s big warehouse, Ackerman's hotel and other business houses on the west side of the public square at 1:00 o'clock this morning. Loss $100,000.

All the healing balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

Notice No goods sent on approval during this sale. No goods will be exchanged during this sale when delivered as represented. Shop worn goods will be sold as they are at time of purchase.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Terms During the sale customers can take advantage of the discounts by paying one-third cash and the balance in one, two and three months, thus giving the advantages of the sale to those who do not care to pay all cash.

What the Discount Sale is Doing in the Crockery and Lamp Departments

The Crockery Department has taken advantage of this sale to dispose of all odds and ends of every sort and to relieve the stock whenever it is overstocked. To accomplish this purpose these articles have been arranged on nine large tables—five tables at **50 per cent discount,** and four tables at **40 per cent discount.**

More than **1,000 articles** are placed upon these tables, making this the greatest occasion of the sort that has ever occurred in Duluth. The following lists are only an indication of what is here:

50% DISCOUNT!

Articles arranged on 5 large tables.

Chop Plates, Jardinieres, Fern Dishes, Vases (in Dicken's Ware, Royal Bonn, Japanese Bronze and Beautiful Glass), Plates, Candelabra, Hair Receivers, Salad Bowls, Busts, Onyx Tables, Etc.

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Lamps, Ink Stands, Plates, Jardinieres, Candelabra, Candle Sticks, Gold Glass, Vases, Venetian Glass, Game Set, Large Japanese Salad Bowls, Plates, Chop Dishes, Etc.

LAMPS AT HALF!

On one large table we have placed about 20 beautiful lamps—each lamp an attraction in itself—they have an attraction irresistible—Every one goes at **just half price.**

TWO MORE DIE

As Result of Wednesday Wreck on Northwestern.

Milwaukee, Feb. 20.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Kewaskum, Wis., says: Brakeman J. W. Ducey of Milwaukee and Engineer George Sensiba of Green Bay, victims of the freight wreck on the Northwestern road Wednesday, died today. This makes three fatalities as a result of the wreck.

FIRE AT KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Feb. 20.—Fire last night destroyed the building at 405 Walnut street occupied by McKinley Bros. & Co., produce commission merchants. Loss $65,000. Insurance, $45,000.

VIEW SEA BOTTOM.

Signor Pino, the Genoese engineer, whose hydroscope, which it is said enables persons to see the bed of the sea, was recently experimented with in the Mediterranean, said in an interview that his invention would allow a clear view over an area of several thousand square yards at a depth of from 400 to 500 yards, writes the Milan (Italy) correspondent of the Chicago Inter-Ocean. Signor Pino was reticent in regard to the construction of his instrument, but stated that he was able to see fish, plants, crustacea, and other objects even of the smallest size.

He says his apparatus can be easily adapted to use on shipboard, and will enable a captain to see submerged reefs and banks from the main deck of his ship. The instrument was tested in the presence of delegates from the ministry of marine.

The Genoese Submarine society has purchased for £800 another invention of Signor Pino. It is a large, egg-shaped submarine boat, provided with two screws, and also with wheels which will enable it to crawl at the bottom of the sea.

It is furnished with large grappling appliances with which loose objects at the bottom can be secured. The motive power is electricity, which maintains communication between the vessel and the surface by means of a telephone. Signor Pino says he will make efforts in the coming spring to find the Black Prince, which was sunk during the Crimean war, with much gold aboard, and also the art treasures lost in the Greek archipelago by Pompey in the civil war with Caesar.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

DUNLAP HATS

— Spring Styles. —

Opening Day,

Tomorrow, Saturday.

Silk, Opera, Derby, Soft and Crush Hats.

A. B. Siewert & Co.,

Hatters and Furnishers. 304 W. Sup. St.

CROOKS AT MONTE CARLO.

Swindlers the Only Players to Break Banks.

Once again the Monte Carlo season is in full swing, and we hear daily tales of huge sums won and lost on the green cloth, says the London Mail.

Like the giant gooseberry and our (now almost defunct) friend the sea serpent, the "breaking of the bank" story turns up periodically, as fresh as though it had not done duty ever since. M. Blanc—that genius of log rolling—first utilized it for drawing attention to his pleasure palace by the tideless sea. But, old and stale though the story is, some people must believe it, or it surely would have died a natural death. And that these credulous folk not infrequently pack up their traps and hook to the Riviera in the hopes of emulating the imaginery gambler's success is a fact which merely reflects credit on the Casino company's astute paragraphing.

The bank it may be said at once, never has been broke (since M. Blanc's reign) and never will be. It occasionally happens that a lucky gamster, working with maximum stakes, temporarily "cleans out" a table. For lack of ready cash the game is suspended. The suspension rarely lasts 10 minutes—indeed, generally not more than five. A supply of notes, gold and silver is instantly forthcoming from the Casino company's safes. Almost before the room has had time to realize that a historical incident is taking place the game is restarted amid the usual volces of croupiers singsonging their formula of "Faites vos jeux * * * Le jeu est fait. * * * Rien ne va plus."

There are one or two famous authenticated examples of fortunes made in the Salles des Jeux. None of these relate to what may be termed "straightforward" gambling. They are each and all records of swindles of extreme daring and ingenuity.

One of these, which was begun and ended well within half an hour, resulted in a loss by the bank of £20,000. The great Ardisson—whose name is revered among a certain class of people to this day—journeyed to Monte Carlo with the deliberate intention of devising a colossal coup. To this end he visited the rooms daily for some time, studying the methods of play. The game of roulette—with its mechanical wheel and almost mechanical ball—he at once pronounced useless for his purpose. Trente-et-quarante—which is worked with cards—seemed to offer an opening, however. In due course Ardisson's trained faculties discovered that opening, and, having laid his plans, he quitted the principality to raise capital and train his assistants.

A few weeks later he reappeared, accompanied by two ladies, both attired in the height of fashion. On a certain afternoon the trio entered the rooms and approached one of the trente-et-quarante tables. Ardisson and one of the two ladies took up a position on one side of the table and the second lady stood on the other.

A series of games had concluded and the packs of cards were being gathered out of the well in the center of the table and shuffled. At this juncture one of the ladies asked the presiding croupier to explain the game to her. He was doing so, when the other lady requested the second chef to oblige her with change for some 1000-franc notes. On receiving the coins she clumsily let them slip, and they rolled hither and thither over the floor.

There was a momentary confusion. The coins were soon retrieved by the attendants, and the new series of games began.

Ardisson and his fair accomplices staked heavily. They did not all three place their money on a single combination. That would have been inartistic. But whatever they did, the result was the same. Again and again the bank had to pay out gigantic sums, for the party of three scorned to play with less than the maximums.

In a few minutes Ardisson and his friends picked up, as has been said, a mass of francs equivalent to £20,000. Coolly they strolled to the door. A carriage was in waiting. It conveyed them across the frontier, and they vanished from the Casino company's ken.

How was the thing done?

By a trick as old as conjuring. In the excitement over the dropped coins, the head croupier's attention was diverted for the fraction of a second. The croupier who was cutting the cards had been heavily bribed by Ardisson. At the moment when the confusion was at its height he placed an extra pack on top of the other. Ardisson had procured a pack exactly similar to those used by the bank, and had arranged them in a certain order, which he and his accomplices memorized. He consequently knew beforehand the results of a run of games. The rest was easy. It may be added that the chef, noticing the extraordinary sequence of losses, investigated the matter and discovered that there were 84 more cards in the well than had been placed on the table. The bribed croupier was caught and put in prison. Since then the pattern of the Casino playing cards is changed every twenty-four hours.

Large hauls were made by swindlers in the early days of Monte Carlo gaming. M. Blanc at first did not allow cash upon the cloth. The counters could be redeemel at the gulchet every night after the close of play. Often they were not redeemed, and thus in time they filtered into circulation in the neighborhood and were accepted everywhere at their face value. M. Blanc's counters were as good as government notes.

But in 1870 suspicions seemed to have crossed the philanthropic Blanc's mind, for he announced that all his counters were to be recalled. Two hundred thousand of them, according to the company's books, had been issued. M. Blanc's feelings may be imagined when he found that 460,000 claimed to be redeemed. The Society des Bains de Mer has stuck to hard cash ever since.

A similar example of shady astuteness is recorded of the period when the roulleaux d'or were used. As their name implies, these were rolls of gold coins (5-Louis pieces, locally nick-named plaques), done up in paper. Each paper packet, which was sealed and stamped, contained 10 coins, its value being therefore 1000 francs. Players very frequently betted by placing these packets unopened on the cloth.

One bland Frenchman who gambled thus lost his packet twice, but each time bought it back, explaining apologetically that he had an impression that this special rouleaux was lucky. Each time he bought it back he retired to try his luck at a fresh table. He won at the third table and the croupier duly paid him his winnings of 1000 francs.

"But," he protested, "I put 12,000 francs—the maximum—on the cloth, and you are only giving me 1000," and with an aggrieved air he tore the paper off his "lucky" roulcau, revealing (instead of a row of gold coins) a brass tube stuffed tight with bank notes. He had skillfully unsealed the roll, substituted a tube exactly the circumference of the coins, and then re-sealed it.

The croupier, of course, contested the point. Nevertheless, the bank's umpire ruled in the player's favor, stating that the stake had been accepted and therefore must be paid. Rouleaux were opened after that, though.

The history of the Yorkshire man who netted, it is said, £80,000 after some months' work at Monte Carlo, is one which—like those cited above—can never now repeat itself. This enterprising Mr. Jaggers engaged a staff of clerks, who noted, hour in and hour out, day in and day out, week in and week out, the result of every game at every roulette table. The figures were tabulated, and Jaggers found, as he had hoped, that each roulette wheel possessed a bias.

Certain numbers came up and certain combinations occurred more frequently on some wheels than would be the case if the mechanism ran true. Jaggers and his staff staked accordingly, and with the aid of a large capital soon cleared £120,000 profit. Their plan was then discovered and the wheels altered so as to be interchangeable from table to table. Jaggers, not knowing that the wheels were now shifted nightly, continued playing on his system and dropped £40,000. Like a wise man, he stopped and set himself to the task of discovering what was wrong. He soon did so; discovered, too, that each wheel had some distinguishing mark, so that he could recognize it wherever it was in use. Tracing his biased wheels daily from table to table, Jaggers was rewarded by recouping his lost £40,000. Finally the Casino mechanics devised a plan by which not the wheels, but the compartments of the wheels could be interchanged. Movable partitions were too much for Jaggers. He paid off his clerks and returned to Yorkshire to enjoy the fruits of his observative faculties.

So is there any way of breaking the bank? No doubt there is—if you are an Ardisson and Jaggers. Otherwise there is not. And the man who is as brainy as Ardisson and Jaggers might as well set himself to ordinary business in London town. His fortune will be far more likely to come to him than at Monte Carlo.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

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Exquisite waist of white lawn embroidered and trimmed with lace insertions. Deep folds laid over soldiers, and fine tucks gathering full sleeves into upper sleeves. Wrist bands of the embroidery.

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TRIUMPH OF JOURNALISM.

Eau Claire Leader: One of the finest, if not the very finest, memorial newspapers that has ever reached our table is that of the Duluth Evening Herald, dated Feb. 12, 1903, issued in commemoration of its removal into its new and magnificent home on West First street, and on which, together with machinery, a sum exceeding $110,000 has been expended. The special edition is a most creditable one. It contains 40 pages of seven column width, or the same width as the Eau Claire Leader. It is beautifully printed and is profusely illustrated. Both letter press and illustrations are devoted not only to a description of this new home, but also to a most comprehensive write-up of the city of Duluth itself and its many varied business interests and industries. It is indeed a triumph of journalism and is a credit not only to The Herald staff, but also to the city wherein it is published.

PEARY AND THE POLE.

As was announced in the telegraphic news columns of The Herald a few days ago, Lieut. Robert E. Peary has expressed a willingness to make another trip to the Arctic regions in search of the North Pole, provided that $150,000 is raised for expenses. The Peary Arctic club is naturally very much interested in the explorer, whose name it bears, and it is already working to secure the required amount. Considerable encouragement has been received and it seems quite likely that the amount may be forthcoming.

It is less than a year ago that Lieut. Peary returned from an expedition to the Arctic regions. He was absent for three years, and, though he did not reach the pole, returned with much valuable information regarding hitherto unmapped northern lands. Mr. Peary had previously made extended explorations in Greenland, and is undoubtedly the best-informed man in the world in regard to that region. He favors what is known as the American route to the pole. Other explorers cling to the belief that the more accessible route is by way of Franz Josef Land. If, as now seems possible, the Peary club will be able to raise the amount necessary, this spring will witness the departure of two American polar expeditions, preparations for the departure of the second Ziegler expedition, this time under the direction of Anthony Fiala, having gone on without interruption. Fiala is putting in all his time at the office of Mr. Ziegler getting ready the party which will go with him. Capt. Coffin, of Vineyard Haven, the whaling captain, who will go as sailing master, is selecting his own crew, and is having no difficulty in getting the men he wants.

According to a dispatch from Rome, a New York traveler named Pirri (Commander Peary?) has requested the Italian government to purchase for him from the Duke d'Abruzzi the latter's Arctic exploration vessel, Stellar Polare. This is the ship which Abruzzi used in the expedition that approached nearer to the Pole by several miles than the one headed by Nansen. It is one of the few suitable vessels immediately available for a new expedition. Peary does not deny that he has been investigating available vesels for the Arctic trip, but says he has done it for his personal information. The lieutenant is certainly modest, but the fact remains that today he is probably the most likely man in the world to discover the North Pole. It is to be hoped that he may be enabled to make another trip and that victory will crown his undertaking.

A NATION OF SMOKERS.

According to the statistics made public by the government, the American people are prodigious smokers. Last year their cigar bill was $346,000,000. This is a tremendous amount of money to be smoked up.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, according to the report recently issued by the commissioner of internal revenue, 6,005,749,968 cigars were consumed in the United States. That was very nearly 19,000,000 cigars for every day of the 365 in the year. This does not include the 2,658,176,130 cigarettes we blow in nor the upward of 315,000,000 pounds of snuff and tobacco we consume. The revenue collected on all this by the government is over $70,000,000 and is on the increase. In fact the income increases faster than population itself, which would indicate that smoking is becoming more general.

The man who does not smoke contributes nothing to the annual bill of $346,000,000 for cigars, but he loses a world of comfort.

THE CRUM APPOINTMENT.

The determination, even stubbornness, of the president to do what he believes to be the right thing, is plainly evidenced in his stand taken in the Crum matter. In spite of the adverse report of the senate committee on nominations he refuses to withdraw the appointment. A deputation of senators advised the withdrawal of the nomination on the ground that it would hurt the prestige of the administration to have the senate formally vote for rejection. The president responded that though he appreciated the courtesy of the advice, no friend of his need feel in the least worried about his share in the business. He had made the nomination because he believed it right, and as no one had yet shown him any reason to change that opinion, he should stand by it.

The senators warned him that if he declined to withdraw the nomination, the senate might refuse to vote on it and leave it "hung up" at the close of the session. The president's answer was that he had a right to expect the senate to vote on the nomination—in other words, that it would shoulder its share of responsibility, as he had shouldered his; and that, if it let the session die without voting either confirmation or rejection, his present purpose was to make Dr. Crum a recess appointee. He was not in the habit, he added, of making positive and irrevocable forecast of his conduct under any particular conditions, and he should not do so now; neither was the recess appointment to be interpreted as a threat, but he wished the senate to understand fully what he expected to do, so that in whatever course it chose to take it could not attribute any mistake it might make to the lack of entire candor on his part.

It would seem that the senate would now have to do something. To accept the report of the committee and refuse confirmation of the president's appointee would be to antagonize the administration, which they are loath to do. They do not like to put themselves on record, yet if they take no action the president will make a recess appointment. It is a rather interesting proposition.

WAGES ON LAKE VESSELS.

The great trouble in adjusting wages between owners of vessels plying on the great lakes and their employes seems to be the idea of the men that all firms should pay the same price. As the American Syren and Shipping says, there seems to be an immediate need for a steadying influence of authority to act on the same lines as a board of arbitration between the vessel owner and the several grades of employes in the lake service. Hitherto the Lake Carriers' association made or named the wages to be paid on all vessels enrolled in the organization. This year, as well as last, the Pittsburg Steamship company, owning a fleet of 112 craft, will pay their own scale, without any regard to what other lines may do. This is a clear enough proposition, but it reacts, in causing the various employes to hold that what one firm pays the others can afford also.

All vessels paid like wages previously under the association rulings, and discriminatory rates will not be pleasantly tolerated. Such seems to be the ideas now held by masters, engineers, pilots, firemen and others, and, as the Pittsburg Steamship company has about filled its principal positions, those not engaged are looking to obtain similar terms from the other vessel owners, both as individuals and as unionists, and it is difficult for them to understand that the same class of labor cannot command or demand what their fellow-laborers are receiving. If no arbitration board is given authority to grade or equalize wages from the foregoing standpoint, labor troubles are liable to ensue, and may continue until it is learned that each owner can make his own terms, or the unions assume a dictatorship by insisting that the highest rates paid must be the minimum wage scale for the season.

The Springfield, Mass., Republican says that the manner in which the Maine prohibition law has been enforced in some places is worthy of a comic opera or an historical novel. Although nothing stronger than ice cream soda or warm milk is supposed to be meted out to the thirsty, other things with more enlivening qualities have been easily obtainable. It has been the custom of the officials in some of the towns and cities to remove their smoked glasses once or twice a year and then be dreadfully shocked when they perceived the manner in which their much-loved law was being observed. Righteously indignant, they straightway rounded up a small cluster of liquor dealers, and each one gladly paid a fine of $100 and went smiling back to the bar to live in peace once more. Recently in Bangor the fine was raised to $800, and this has caused great excitement in Maine.

A Washington inventor of repute claims to have perfected a device by which pure water can be burned and made to yield as intense heat as is wanted in stoves and furnaces. Practical application of the same principle is apparently found in the burning of ashes mixed with water which has been resorted to by householders in some parts of the country during the fuel famine. Such a mixture, pasted over a strong bed of live coals, has been found to burn a long time and give out great heat. If it can be demonstrated that water is good fuel, Duluth will not fear a coal famine, with all Lake Superior to draw upon.

The Washington statisticians call attention to a calculation which places the internal commerce of the country at $20,000,000,000 yearly—a trade equal in volume to that done by all the nations of the world between themselves. It is to be noted that entire freedom of trade prevails within the United States, and that the said statisticians look upon the striking consequences as most strongly indicative of prosperity and general welfare. Would not less tariff restrictions also increase our foreign trade?

The moving sidewalk, which was first tried at the Chicago World's fair, and which was shown in a perfected type at the Buffalo exposition, is to be utilized on a large scale in New York. The sidewalks will be in strips, the speed of which increases outward from 2½ to 5, to 7½ to 10 miles an hour. No dexterity will be required to step from one to the other, and when the passenger has reached the swiftest strip he may sit down and ride at the 10-mile-an-hour rate, or walk in the same direction, and so increase his speed, if he is in a hurry.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox is a believer in paternal government. The government, she says, ought to establish industries out in the territories to create positions to enable women to go out and be self-supporting and come in contact with the men who have already settled there and living lonely bachelor lives.

The terrible accident at Newark, N. J., yesterday, whereby eight school children were killed and many injured was the feature of yesterday's news, and aroused many expressions of horror and sympathy. Today a shocking hotel fire, in which ten people lost their lives, is reported from Cedar Rapids, Ia.

The health commissioner of Bayonne, N. J., who wants an ordinance adopted compelling the women of his village to wear short skirts, and providing a penalty of fine or imprisonment for those who refuse, manifestly has a great deal to learn.

Another effort is being made in congress to revive the ship subsidy bill and much log-rolling is being indulged in to secure a report from the house committee. But the scheme will probably not succeed.

In Chicago the courts have decided that $125 a year, as fixed by ordinance, must be the maximum rate for a business telephone. How business men would protest if they had to pay as much as that in Duluth.

Cock fighting in the Philippines, like liquor-selling in Vermont, is now a matter of local option. But the new law passed by the Philippine commission prohibits gambling on the fights.

A man in Russia is said to be 200 years old. He has been a widower 123 years, and some people claim that is the secret of his long life.

With such a demand from the Koreans for idols manufactured in the United States, an idol trust is a possibility.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

"Yes, sir," said J. T. Ingersoll, a traveling man for a St. Paul dental supply house, at the St. Louis hotel this morning. "Yes, sir. It is going to be a great thing for St. Paul and it is going to be a great thing for about 4000 or 5000 people in particular, who live in St. Paul, and it will put the town up to date in one more particular.

"What is it that's going to do all this? Why, my boy, owl cars; owl cars, my boy. In thirty days the city of St. Paul will have owl cars running on all the main street car lines, and let me tell you that few towns of its size in the West can boast of so complete a transit service, then.

"You see out here in the West it is hard to promote an idea of that kind. The W. C. T. U's and the I. O. G. T.'s and other societies and the ministers in the pulpits who have never been around at night time in a large city, refuse to know conditions. As a matter of fact the percentage of work done at night in a large city is far greater than is generally supposed, even by those engaged in it.

"The reformers oppose the owl cars on the ground that 'drunks' and young men will stay down town longer. They say that the owl car is a straight path to hell, and is a temptation for people to stay out who now go home on the last car because they are too close to pay cab hire. Show me the man who, if he is half shot, and wants to stay down town until after the cars run, would start home on account of the cars.

"But here is the point they all overlook. In St. Paul there are between 4000 and 5000 night workers. Their labors cease at from 2 to 4 o'clock in the morning. They have to loaf around the all-night saloons waiting for the cars to start running. Here is where the evil lies. The workmen, if inclined to stay in saloons because cars are not running, may stay till 10 or 11 o'clock in the morning, carousing and drinking.

"The owl car will give St. Paul the most complete rapid transit system in the West when it is established. Twenty-four hours a day, and the criticism will come from cities where the street railway companies have the cities in their grasp so tightly that they will refuse to give a service like that which is reasonable, and only fair to the thousands who pay taxes and have to labor nights to raise the funds to do it with."

* * *

"There was to have been a coal company formed at Grand Rapids yesterday," said J. J. Johnsrud at the St. Louis this morning, a homesteader and author who lives up in 61-21. "But, I haven't heard whether it was or not. There has been a lot of coal found up there, float, they call it, and it is along the river banks. It shows that there is coal in deposits there and I don't doubt but that in a very few years there will be coal mines developed in that country.

"In Itasca county there have been some coal deposits actually discovered, and it may be that the same will be found in 61-21. There is no ore up there.

"I have completed an historical work on the settlement of St. Louis county, which is designed for the use of prospective settlers, which will go to the press in a short time, and in which the virtues of the lands in this county and in that section are exploited. It is mostly about the Little Fork river valley, where land seekers will find the most valuable claims in this part of the state.

"The timber up there has been opened up long ago, but the farm land, which I think is the finest and richest in the state, or most of it, has never been surveyed. The first settlements were made up in that country, north of Hibbing, about twenty years ago.

"By the time the government opens the land it will be all squatted; in fact, there are large tracts now which are being worked by these folks who came on without an invitation.

"I say there is no ore up there, but there may be coal, and the people up in that country are looking after indications strongly. It is probable that large bodies of coal lie up the Little Fork river, and large tracts of property in that region are being taken up by prospecting companies, like the one which was to have formed at Grand Rapids yesterday."

Mr. Johnsrud was formerly a school teacher at Pertitie, Minn., but is now a homesteader and spends his spare time in literary work.

* * *

J. E. Johnson, of Cass Lake, stopped over for awhile this morning in Duluth on his way to Cleveland, O., and was in the St. Louis hotel long enough for a little.

"I am going to Cleveland to let a contract for the manufacture of our patent car-lock, which we put on the market last November. We expect to put on 10,000 sets of the locks this year, for from the time the patent was perfected up to the present time, we have put out 5,000."

The patent is a simple device, which consists of a car-lock, the base of which is fastened to the gunwale. When not in use the locking apparatus can be broken and turned under, leaving but the ornamental base in sight at the side of the boat.

"The device is designed for use on yachts and other boats where ornament is desirable, though it is serviceable and stands the wear on any boat.

"We perfected the model for an old man who started to make the device and who had insufficient funds to carry it through. It has gone far beyond our brightest hopes as a winner, and in the East is being used universally."

* * *

D. M. Agnew, of Hibbing, is registered at the Spalding hotel.

* * *

John Abel, who comes from Buffalo, Minn., is registered at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: J. E. Doughty, Hibbing; F. J. Lesher, Lansing; J. A. Harley, Madison; F. C. Shinn, E. T. Smythe, New York; D. A. McLean, Chappell, Mich.; J. W. Silke, St. Paul; H. B. Brutley, Dan McLean, Hancock; Thomas Hardon, R. Sleight, Ashland; Mr. and Mrs. James Robinson, Miss Gowdy; Minneapolis; D. M. Agnew, Hibbing; G. H. Campbell, Soo, Mich.; C. R. Davis; A. Merriman, W. A. Meredith, Chicago; W. H. Yawkey, Detroit.

* * *

W. H. Yawkey, who is here from Detroit looking after interests on the ranges, returned from a trip up the country last night and registered at the Spalding hotel. He was not talking for publication.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: S. H. Gehfers, Watertown, S. D.; John Knuckey, H. Peterson, D. Clark, Minneapolis; John Abel, Buffalo, Minn.; S. L. Lewis, L. Knudson, St. Paul; Allen Smith, Buhl; Charles Wirth, Appleton; Mr. and Mrs. McNaughton, Scanlon; E. F. Cook, Two Harbors; M. Carter, Minneapolis; Charles Draper, Port Huron; H. H. Austin, Minneapolis; G. A. McQueen, St. Cloud; J. L. Bisbuy, Fargo.

* * *

At the Hotel St. Louis: H. B. Cravor, Floodwood; Carl S. King, Grand Rapids; A. R. McCormick, Idaho; E. P. Putman, H. D. Famers, Thomas Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hurley, St. Paul; H. F. Stockley, Sidnaw, Mich.; J. E. Johnston, Cass Lake; L. W. Barron, Grand Rapids; J. C. Campbell, Cloquet; A. B. Coates, Virginia, Mrs. F. E. Thomas, Mrs. M. L. Padden, Two Harbors; Edgar Dallzell, Cloquet; F. H. Crombie, Atlantic, Ia.; C. E. Moore, Virginia; C. M. McKay, Chippewa Falls; C. H. Hart, Shell Lake; R. S. Howe, Bessemer; J. J. Clifford, Hibbing; Mr. and Mrs. Myers, Chisholm; A. D. Finnegan, Britton.

Senators By Popular Vote.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: One branch of Oregon's legislature has passed a joint resolution asking congress to pass an amendment to the constitution for the election of senators by a direct vote of the people. Many legislatures have taken similar action in the last few years. Apparently, the movement for the change is growing. Such a contest as that in Colorado recently and the one in Delaware for the last few years help to incite the sentiment which voices itself in these demands for a new method in the election of senators. For the time being the proposition to make this change in the mode of election will be said to be opposed by the senate itself, but unless the scandals attending the elections by the legislature end soon the movement for the constitutional amendment will become irresistible.

The Long and the Short of It.

New York World: "So long as Uncle Sam supplies the world with food he can afford to be a little short on warships. Nations are not apt to quarrel with their bread and butter.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 20.—The Edmonton low pressure area of yesterday has moved to a point near Winnipeg, developing moderate strength. Pressures remain high in the far west and eastern states. There has been a general decrease in pressure and rise in temperature in most districts east of the Rocky mountains. In the far Northwest the barometer is rising again. Light falls of snow occurred over the lake region, and rain in Western Gulf states, heavy at Galveston. Brisk to high northwesterly winds prevail this morning in Western North Dakota and portions of Northwest Canada.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	32	Medicine Hat	10
Battleford	12	Memphis	28
Bismarck	4	Miles City	10
Boston	0	Milwaukee	8
Buffalo	6	Minnedosa	—6
Calgary	—4	Modena	2
Charleston	32	Montgomery	34
Chicago	10	Moorhead	—6
Cincinnati	14	New Orleans	44
Davenport	8	New York	8
Denver	28	North Platte	16
Detroit	8	Oklahoma	32
Dodge City	22	Omaha	8
Duluth	—6	Pittsburg	4
Edmonton	10	Port Arthur	—18
El Paso	20	Portland	38
Escanaba	—2	Prince Albert	4
Galveston	50	Qu'Appelle	12
Green Bay	6	Rapid City	20
Havre	10	San Francisco	42
Helena	28	Santa Fe	20
Houghton	8	Shreveport	56
Huron	4	Spokane	18
Jacksonville	42	St. Louis	18
Kamloops	24	St. Paul	—4
Kansas City	16	Sault Ste. Marie	0
Knoxville	26	Swift Current	6
La Crosse	—4	Washington	8
Lander	16	Willliston	10
Los Angeles	42	Winnemucca	—4
Marquette	2	Winnipeg	—32

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Saturday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries and slightly warmer tonight. Generally fair and probably colder Saturday. Brisk and high northwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and warmer tonight with probably snow flurries in north portion. Saturday fair.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday. Slightly warmer in east and colder in west portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Saturday. Slightly colder tonight.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Somerville Journal: A newspaper reporter will never be wholly successful unless he gets a widespread reputation for being confoundedly inquisitive.

Detroit Free Press: Mis Ethelred—They say that a paper will keep you warm.

Mr. Byrne Coyne—That's true, too. A sixty-day note of mine once kept me in a sweat for two months.

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "Would you call this an 'open winter?'"

"I don't know, but it seems to be open wide enough to have given me this cold."

Chicago News: Young Lady—Were you pleased with the new school, little boy?

Little Boy—Naw! Dey made me wash me face an' hands when I went home de dorg bit me 'cause he didn't know me.

Baltimore Herald: "Truth lies at the bottom of a well," said the man who quotes. "Not at the bottom of an oil well, I'll bet," snarled the man who had invested.

Somerville Journal: "But, papa," protested the soulfuleyed young maiden, "you are unjust to Algernon. He has no bad habits."

"No bad habits, oh! I've noticed that he has a mighty bad habit of coming around here to waste his time about four evenings in the week."

Chicago Tribune: At the request of the confirmed dyspeptic the operator was taking an X-ray photograph of the seat of his trouble.

"This, I suppose," snarled the sufferer, with a ghastly attempt to be facetious, "is what might be called taking light exercise on an empty stomach."

Washington Star: "I am afraid your ideas are a little bit worldy and cynical," said the friend.

"Not a bit of it," answered Senator Sorghum. "All I want is money to give to my friends. But they've got to give me complete and practical demonstration that they come up to my definition of friendship."

Chicago Post: "Is a historical novel one that is founded on historical facts?"

"No, my boy. A historical novel is one that presents the facts as the author thinks they ought to be rather than as they are. If you stick to historical novels, my son, you will know less of history every day you live."

One Horse on Marcus.

Springfield Republican: Thus far Senator Hanna's bill to pension ex-slaves has received one notable indorsement. Resolutions unanimously adopted by the Birmingham, Ala., camp of United Confederate Veterans declare that the bill should pass because, among other reasons, the slaves loyally cultivated the plantations of their masters while the masters were serving under Lee, Jackson and Bragg. At this distance the Birmingham indorsement looks like a joke on Mr. Hanna.

Holds the Record.

Chicago Journal: How President Roosevelt must envy George Washington the sobriquet of Father of his country!

Merely Getting Sick of It.

Chicago Record-Herald: It is again announced that Mr. Schwab has resigned, but the American people absolutely refuse to be excited over it.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A boy can fool his mother as easily as she can fool father.

It's true that a man could build a house with the money he spends for drinks, but it is also true that he can buy a good many drinks every day with the money it would take to build a house.

There are two occasions when the happiest married man must get down and do some hard thinking about his bachelor days—when his wife cleans house and when he first spends a holiday at home because he can't afford to go to the races.

Self-Prese vation Among Senators.

Portland Oregonian: The United States senate stands as a solid wall against the onset of popular opinion against the constitutional provision whereby it is created and renewed. This is not to say that opposition to an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of senators by popular vote is universal among United States senators, but opponents of the measure are numerous enough to defeat it by tactics well known to political schemers, whose first thought is to serve their own interests. Eventually, no doubt, the voice of the people will be heard upon this proposition. Otherwise another of the cherished idols of "popular government" will be shattered.

Alaska's Growing Trade.

Philadelphia Press: If William H. Seward were now alive he would have no little pleasure in recalling some of the things said against him because of the purchase of Alaska, in view of the returns of the trade of that territory. In the last six months of the calendar year, 1902, Alaska imported from the United States $2,418,942 in merchandise and in gold and silver, and it exported to the United States $24,389,188 in value. The total trade of the territory, foreign and domestic, for the six months was $30,792,652, which is over four times as much as Seward paid for the territory. It was a splendid "bargain" for the United States.

Cruel to the Profession.

Chicago Tribune: The supreme court of North Carolina has decided that applicants for license to practice law must be "able to write legibly and spell reasonably well." They are pretty strict down there in the old North state.

A PREDICAMENT

By Rev. Henry M. Wharton.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

I was sitting in our private car at the Terminal station, St. Louis, Mo. It must have been half past eleven at night. All day a howling rainstorm had been beating down upon the city, and the night closed in with gloom and mud, with pouring rain and driving wind.

My partner had not come in, nor had the porter; both were late and I was beginning to be anxious about them. Scores of trains and shifting engines pass in and out of the great station—and often persons have been killed in getting across the network of tracks.

As I sat reading, I felt a slight quiver of the car. My office door, which opens on the hall running from end to end of the car and near which I was sitting, had been left opened. I listened eagerly. It could not be either of our party for they came always with a well-known heavy step.

As I listened I heard distinctly a gentle knock at the front door. Instantly I went to the door and there before me plainly visible through the glass, stood a young lady. She looked at me with a pleading, anxious expression, and at the same time motioned with her hand as if there was someone behind her. I opened the door and she stepped inside. Her waterproof was dripping with rain, though she carried an umbrella. "Please lock the door," she said.

I obeyed, and stood waiting for an explanation with increasing uneasiness and anxiety.

"You do not know me." She spoke hurriedly and excitedly. "You do not know me, but I know you. I live in Alton; have been here spending the day. I was starting home and waiting for the train. A man has been following me all the evening; I went out to supper with a friend, he followed me there, he followed me to the train, when I went in the car he went in and took a seat near me. I came out, he followed me, he is here now lurking between these cars. Oh, sir, can you protect me?"

I assured her that I would do the best in my power to protect her and would she please take a seat. My partner won't be in in a few minutes and we would make her comfortable for the night.

"Oh, no, no, not!" she cried, "I cannot stay here. The train to Alton is gone. I have an uncle living near Forest Park. I must go there. Is it asking too much?"

"That I go with you?" I interrupted "Certainly not; take a seat, I will get my mackintosh and umbrella and be with you at once."

When we stepped off the platform a man like a dark shadow disappeared around the end of a Pullman car. I had no weapon, not even a pocketknife. But the young woman was so pleasant and her manners were so easy and ladylike I had no thought but to protect her and take her in safety to her uncle's home.

We jarded an Eighteenth street car, changed to a suburban and traveled for nearly an hour.

We talked together upon general subjects, noticed the people come and go and nothing unusual occurred until she looked back in the car, then suddenly in a hoarse whisper said: "He is there, he is in this car on that back seat. Oh, I am afraid he will wait for you and kill you. What shall we do?"

I confess I was considerably disturbed. Who should he still pursue her when he knew I was with her?

We were running through a dark narrow street known as the "Bight o' 42" when she touched the electric button and stopped the car.

"We get off here," she said as she rose.

The man was gone, but I caught a glimpse of his retreating form going across an open lot along a path which we followed also.

"There he goes!" she said, and shivered as she took my arm.

The situation was growing more and more mysterious. We were in utter darkness. The rain was rattling upon my umbrella and the wind blowing a gale. We passed into an alley, dark, narrow and repulsive. But for her appearance and conduct I should have gravely suspected foul play.

We came out of the alley, however, in a few minutes into a well-lighted street.

"Ah," she said with a good long breath, "we are nearly there. That is the house, and I am so glad. Now you must come right in and sit a few minutes, I will introduce you to my uncle and tell him how good you have been. He is very nice. Come in."

Feeling in no mood to go back into the fearful night and probably an encounter w a madman, I accepted her invitation. She led me into a brilliantly illuminated parlor, where a grand piano stood open, and handsome furniture and bric-a-brac with well-appointed portraits and other painting made up a very inviting place.

"Take a seat and excuse me," she said. "I must go off these wet clothes, and introduce my uncle."

She returned in much less time than I expected, and with her came a fine-looking gentleman, all smiles and politeness. But my blood fairly froze when I saw a striking resemblance to the man who was in the car.

"Let me thank you, sir," he began, "for the rescue of my niece from the unhappy thralldom in which she was so unfortunately placed. And now, my dear sir, it is past midnight and you must not think of returning to your home." "Car, uncle," she interposed. "Yes, your car, thank you, your car tonight."

I insisted that I must, and thanked him for his thoughtfulness and generous kindness; but my friend would expect me and would doubtless arouse the police if I did not return.

"Oh, don't go," she begged, "I am afraid that cruel man will kill you; you must not. We can call you at any hour. If you will stay we will make you very comfortable, I assure you." "And beside," added the uncle, "I must say you will run great risk. The man who followed my niece and you is evidently insane. He has conceived the idea, no doubt, that he is in love with her and now looks upon you as his rival; I fear for your life if you leave this house tonight."

This last remark had great weight with me. I was not armed, and even if I was, I could not hear the thought that the blood of a fellow being should stain my hands. Nor did I fancy the idea that he might slay me the moment I stepped into the darkness of that wretched night. I therefore, with undisguised reluctance, yielded to their persistent entreaty.

She ran away up the stairs. Her soft voice was heard in a minute or two calling us to come, and we walked side by side half the way up and stopped.

"Where are you, dear?" he asked. "Come on; I am in the room but there is no light. Have you a match?"

I had a little silver match box which I placed in his hand. He lighted the gas in the hall and we passed on quietly to the door of a small room, which was feebly lighted by a very small jet in the corner near a miserable apology for a mantelpiece.

"The room is rather small," he said in a low voice, "but the house is full of company and every one but this is occupied. The gas gives a poor light, somehow, the plumbers never come when you want them. But you will rest. Good night, good night," they said and shut the door with a bang.

The light was so dim I could hardly see anything in the room. There was not a chair nor table; not a piece of furniture except the bed.

My feeling was anything but pleasant. The conviction deepened that I was in a trap, and in the hands of murderers and thieves. This opinion was confirmed when I examined the door and found it was fastened by a spring lock on the outside. There was no knob nor key-hole. The plain strong door, perfectly fast, was there before me. I was a prisoner.

I lifted the covering of the bed, which hung down to the floor, and to my inexpressible horror saw the feet of a man. Cold chills ran up and down my back; the sweat broke out over me and my hair seemed to be rising upon my head. There was nothing whatever with which to defend myself and no possible way of escape.

Summoning all the courage within me, I said in a hoarse unnatural voice, which seemed to me as if it was someone else speaking, the very sound of which frightened me more and more. "Come out of there!" There was not a sound or a motion. This emboldened me a little. "Come out, I say; I see you! Come out! or I will pull you out!"

Still not a sound. I caught him by the ankles and dragged him from under the bed. He was lying face downward. I threw him over upon his back, and saw by the dim light the most ghastly and horrible spectacle my eyes ever beheld. The eyes and mouth were wide open, and the throat cut from ear to ear, the whole face and bosom a fearful mass of blood.

"Good God! What should I do?"

I saw in that bloody, hideous corpse my own sure doom. I realized that my time was short, but determined to sell my life as dearly as I could. Rolling the wretched-looking thing back under the bed I commenced to try the little posts and found they could be taken apart. One of these I secured and took it to the light to examine. It was about three feet long, two and a half inches in diameter and of oak wood, which made it an effective club.

I turned off the light entirely and found that by the street lamps I could barely outline any object which might be in the room.

I knew full well that when the madman had given me time to fall asleep he would return to do his deadly work.

Taking my stand beside the door, in a position which gave me command of the situation, I held my club conveniently, and waited for the first click or movement of the lock.

Two hours must have passed when I heard, or felt rather, a soft step in the hall near the door.

Then the slow insertion of a key into a spring lock, and the latch went back. Softly the door opened. Slowly I lifted my club above my head. Suddenly a head was thrust in; the back towards me; a glittering blade was in his hand. He looked first at the bed, where he expected to find me. It was his last look. Quick as a flash and terrible as a thunderbolt my club descended. The man fell limp and lifeless at my feet, his head crushed into jelly. One sigh, a shudder, and he was gone. Then an awful chilly, deathlike stillness filled the air. A horror I cannot express swept through my soul. Just then I heard my friend's key in the lock at the front door of our car, and awoke from my dream.

THE RED-HEADED GIRL.

The poets fire rhymes at the tint of her tresses,
The paragraph fiend gives her many a shot,
The magazine wit in snarp language expresses
His views of her hair in grammatical rot,
But, though he be outlawed by all of his fellows,
Be sneered at and guyed till his hair is in curl,
This writer will dare all the wind from their bellows
And take off his hat to the red-headed girl.

Her radiant top is the golden reflection
Of soul that is rife with rantankerous love—
A furious flame that will know no subjection,
Though outward the maid seems as meek as the dove.
The fellow who wins her secures a lieutenant
Who'll prove as true as steel in this life's warring whirl—
He'll battle with von 'neath the glorious pennant
Worn upon the dome of his red-headed girl.

We read in the Book of the bright crowns of glory,
The golden top-pieces the angel ones wear,
We hang with delight o'er the wonderful story
Of beauty and grace of the pinioned ones there,
And here on this globe we've their beautiful sisters,
Each one in the earth's crown a fiery-capped pearl,
In spite of the slurs of the addle-brained jesters
Who aim paper darts at the red-headed girl.

Then here's to the maid of the golden-thread summit,
The strongmis maid of the bonfiery locks;
Our song is to her and we fearlessly hum it,
Nor fear the assaults of the casters of rocks.
Yes, here's to her Psyche, her bangs and her frizzes,
A song for each lock and each cute little curl—
May they scatter their warmth till the air fairly sizzes
Around the bright top of the red-headed girl.

Suggestion For a New Society.

Philadelphia Record: Since a great many society women find that they cannot belong to the order of Daughters of the Revolution, let them get up a new organization of "Mothers of the Next War."

Blind to the Beam.

Detroit Free Press: If Mr. Baer is so anxious about the enforcement of law, he could begin with the provision of Pennsylvania's constitution which prohibits railroad companies from engaging in the business of mining and selling coal.

Slow But Sure.

Chicago News: Those of us who have made money by hard knocks and by keeping out a few cents each week from our salaries now have more to show for it than those who were raking in wealth at the rate of 10 per cent a month in their minds with the get-rich-quick companies.

Easier Work o the Lobby.

Indianapolis News: The lobby has its uses and the odium ought not to attach to the very name, as it does. But it does, and because the uses of a lobby have long ago been driven out in practice by the abuses. In the present legislature the lobby is becoming disgustingly open and brutal. If legislators only realized how much they themselves lose in the respect and honor of their constituents by the familiarity they permit from lobbyists who crowd the legislative precincts and swarm on the floor, while they push their schemes, they would surely make an ending of appearances that wear an evil look and raise a doubt as to who are the real legislators.

Took no Bad Start.

Omaha World-Herald: Secretary Root is vigorously denying that he is going to resign from the cabinet. But that is just the way several cabinet officers began, who resigned just the same.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM (C.A.M. Heath, Manager)
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Thursday and Friday
H. WALTER VAN DYKE'S
GREAT AMERICAN PLAY
"Across the Desert"
Magnificent Scenic Production.
PRICES: 25c, 50c, and 75c.

Saturday Matinee and Night
"Down By the Sea"
Magnificent Scenic Effects; Startling Electrical Effects; New and up-to-date Specialties. A Heart Story of intense interest.
PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.
MATINEE: 25 and 50 cents.

METROPOLITAN
Both Phones 969 W. H. Reaney, Mgr.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday
Dick Ferris presents Ferris Comedians in
"The CRUCIFIX"
All new specialties. Extra tonight—the Millar Bros.' famous Diorama.
SATURDAY MATINEE, 2:30 P. M.
Night prices, 10c, 25c and 50. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c.
Carriages 10:30. New specialties.

A Nickel
Will Tickle
The Appetite
That's Fickle—

Uneeda Biscuit

In the In-er-seal Package 5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

CAUSED NO SURPRISE

The Quarterly Dividend Paid on Standard Oil Stock.

John D. Rockefeller's Company Is Said to Be Undercapitalized.

Philadelphia, Feb. 20.—"Holland," the New York correspondent of the Press, says: In view of the opposition publicly confessed of those who control the Standard Oil company to some features of the laws recently adopted for the purpose of regulating and controlling reasonably the corporations, the dividend declared by the directors of that corporation Monday is sure to attract unusual attention. It has always, however, been spoken of as a phenomenon because of its size. But excepting in the aggregate amount it is matched by the dividends declared by a number of corporations of this city. The other day a mutual insurance corporation, whose business is chiefly marine insurance, declared a dividend which is approximately of as handsome percentage as that declared by the Standard Oil company Monday. Moreover, this corporation issues certificates for this dividend usually bearing 6 per cent interest, and these certificates may not be called in until five or six years of life for them have passed. One of the great life insurance corporations is limited to a 7 per cent dividend, but its indirect dividends upon its gigantic earnings surpass the earnings of the Standard Oil company, and something like $15,000,000 was not long ago offered for fifty-one shares of the stock of this corporation, at least that is the belief among financiers of this city. The capital of this insurance company is only $100,00b, but its resources are almost $300,000,000, and its stock cannot be bought, no matter if the entire Standard Oil property were offered for that stock.

There is no surprise here that the Standard Oil corporation should pay a quarterly dividend of $20 on each share of the capital stock for the capitalic stock of the Standard Oil company is only $100,000,000. There are experts in New York who insist that it would be impossible to duplicate some of the refining plants alone of this corporation, to say nothing of the gigantic delivery and transportation system or of its control of crude oil, unless at an expenditure considerably in excess of $100,000,000. Therefore, by reason of the low capitalization in comparison with the plants and of the business done, it is inevitable that what seems to be large dividends should be declared.

Were the Standard Oil corporation capitalized as it was deemed worth while to capitalize the Steel corporation, and for the same reasons that justified the organizers of the United States Steel corporation in capitalizing in excess of $1,000,000,000, then it is the opinion of those who should be the judges that that, too, would be a billion-dollar corporation. And if it were so capitalized, then the percentage of dividends should be approximately equivalent to that which the Steel corporation has been paying.

The other day when Mr. Perkins was asked why it was that the Steel corporation was not only willing that the law compelling publicity should be passed by congress when one of the first corporations to be affected by that law would be the Steel corporation, he is reported to have said that there was nothing in the history of the organization, or in the record of its management which would lead the directors to wish for secrecy.

They had already in their public reports gone into details which seemed to those who direct other corporations to be too loquacious, too minute and wholly unbusinesslike; but that corporation recognized that the public had both a moral as well as a financial and political right to know something of the details of a corporation upon whose business so much of the prosperity of the United States depends, and especially one which, by reason of its resources, its large number of employes and influence exerted by many of those who are in subordinate authority in the constituent companies, would be able to exercise a power that might be harmful to the people as a whole. Therefore Mr. Perkins intimated that, at the first opportunity, in case the publicity measure became a law, the Steel corporation proposed to place upon file a detailed report of its condition, its capitalization, its debts and resources, and to do this without any reservation whatever. Furthermore it proposes to do this whether this report be demanded or not.

BETTER THAN GOLD.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by William A. Abbett, druggist.

LAATEN'S CONCERT ORCHESTRA

At LYCEUM, Feb. 22, 3 p. m.

SOLOISTS:

Master Leslie Bassett, Boy Soprano,
Charles Hilmar, Cornet.

Tickets—25c, 35c, 50c

SKELETON FOUND.

Recalls An Old Man's Mysterious Disappearance.

Angola, Ind., Feb. 20.—Two years ago last August Jasper Matthews, an aged bachelor, who lived alone near the village of Hamilton, on Fish Lake, sold out all his belongings, converted the proceeds into cash, and announced his intention of going to the state of Washington to make his home with a sister. He left the old farm, where he had lived all his life, and was last seen at the "log cabin," a well-known resort on an island in Fish Lake.

Nobody on earth, so far as can be learned, has since set eyes on the old man, although his sister has spent considerable money in an effort to locate him.

Interest in the old man's disappearance was renewed this week, when two boys, digging in the ashes of the long-deserted "log cabin," which burned last week, found the half-charred skeleton of a man. It was recalled that Matthews, on the night of his disappearance, had with him the proceeds of his sale, and that he was intoxicated. His friends say the finding of the skeleton indicates foul play, and they will make further efforts to clear up the mystery.



Why don't you go to California?

It is not an expensive trip. It is quickly made, and it is worth making.

The best way to go is, of course, via the

Golden State Limited

the newest and finest train across the continent.

The second best way is in a Rock Island tourist sleeper. You make fast time; are comfortable all the way; meet pleasant people; have a porter to do your bidding, and an experienced excursion manager to relieve you of all bother about tickets and baggage.

Rock Island System

Rock Island tourist cars leave St. Paul and Minneapolis four times a week for Los Angeles and San Francisco. Choice of routes—"Southern" or "Scenic." Write or call for folder giving full information.

R. G. Brown, G. N. W. A.,
822 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis.

STUDIES IN ACTS CHRISTIAN LOVE

International Sunday School Lesson For February 22, 1903.

I Corinthians 13. "If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, but have not love, I am become sounding brass, or a clanging cymbal. And if I have the gift of prophecy, and know all mysteries and all knowledge; and if I have all faith, so as to remove mountains, but have not love, I am nothing. And if I bestow all my goods to feed the poor, and if I give my body to be burned, but have not love, it profiteth me nothing. Love suffereth long, and is kind; love envieth not; love vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up, doth not behave itself unseemly, seeketh not its own, is not provoked, taketh not account of evil; rejoiceth not in unrighteousness, but rejoiceth with the truth; beareth all things, believeth all things, hopeth all things, endureth all things. Love never faileth: but whether there be prophecies, they shall be done away; whether there be tongues, they shall cease; whether there be knowledge, it shall be done away. For we know in part, and we prophecy in part: but when that which is perfect is come, that which is in part shall be done away. When I was a child, I spake as a child, I felt as a child, I thought as a child: now that I am become a man, I have put away childish things. For now we see in a mirror, darkly; but then face to face. Now I know in part; but then shall I know even as also I have been known. But now abideth faith, hope, love, these three; and the greatest of these is love."

Golden text: "Now abideth faith, hope, love, these three: and the greatest of these is love." I Corinthians 13:13.

DIVERSITY OF GIFTS.

The pathway of the Corinthian church was beset with many perils. After the discussion over the use of meats sacrificed to idols, Paul found an equally perplexing question in the jealousies that had arisen over the various "gifts" or special talents with which the various members had been spiritually endowed. The church had been disgraced by the selfish struggle of the members to show off their various gifts. There were men who could prophesy, speak with tongues, heal the sick, teach, work miracles, interpret, and give wise counsel, each working by the power of the spirit. Each group of men exalted the importance of its own gift to the disparagement of the gifts possessed by others, and thus sowed the fruitful seeds of discord. The trouble was that they forgot that all their gifts sprang from a common blessing, so that there was a democracy in their diversity. A variety of duties had to be performed in the church, just as different functions must be performed in the body by the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, the arms, and all the various other organs. The Spirit gave the needed ability to do these several things and lent unity to the value of them all. It was not desirable that all should be prophets or apostles or any other one thing: that would have produced monotony instead of unity.

Some of these functions were of less prominence than others, but, if properly used, all were important to the health and welfare of the church. As a matter of fact, some of the gifts were greatly abused. This was particularly true of the gift of tongues. This gift was not the ability to speak unfamiliar languages, but was an ecstatic utterance of unintelligible sounds supposed at that time to be the mark of direct spiritual inspiration. Paul reproved those who indulged in such utterances indiscriminately, because others could not understand what was said unless it was interpreted. He pleaded for religious exercises that would be edifying to the entire congregation, so that even a stranger visiting the service might always hear something of spiritual value. The man who spoke in a tongue might derive personal profit therefrom, but would certainly do no good to others: his gift was somewhat in the nature of a selfish exercise which the great law of Christian love forbade except under proper conditions.

Paul exalted the gift of prophecy above all other gifts because it was clearly born of divine inspiration and was instructive and edifying to all who heard its utterances. Nowadays we sometimes hear preaching that is remarkable for spiritual power, and we say that the Holy Spirit is resting upon the preacher. Such power is often the object of prayer. It is very closely akin to the gift of prophecy in the apostolic church. By exalting this gift Paul exalted the mission of the preacher and emphasized the importance of his work. The edification of the church and the conversion of the unbeliever are effected through the spirit's blessing upon the preaching of the gospel. Hence Christian love has free play in the exercise of the gift of prophecy. But even the one who possesses this great gift should not boast of its importance, but should use it in an humble spirit. Spiritual gifts are never to be despised; each person should desire earnestly the greater gifts, and yet, said Paul, "a super-excellent way show I unto you."

THE SUPER-EXCELLENT WAY.

Love is absolutely essential to the proper performance of Christian duty. Without it no Christian work can be performed in the right spirit. The gift of tongues degenerates into mere senseless noise unless Christian love controls its exercise. Prophecy or preaching do not rise above the artifice of the rhetorician unless imbued with the spirit of love. A Christian woman once saw, as in a dream, herself being drawn heavenward, while all about her were men and women crying out of their sins for the mercy of God. Her past efforts for them had been in vain. But after this vision she gave herself in the fervor of Christian love to win them to Christ; then, as she felt herself drawn heavenward once more, she saw a multitude of those who had before screamed in their misery drawn toward the home of the soul by her own heart-strings. They were bound by the "chords of love." A prophet of the Old Testament has expressed the grace of God forcibly in the words: "Thou hast loved my soul out of the pit." This divine love must have its counterpart in the heart and ministry of every one who tries to set forth effectively by word of mouth the truth of salvation through the gospel.

Knowledge of religious truth and of moral principles will avail nothing, either for the man's own spiritual life, or as a benefit to others, unless it bears the savor of the love which the believer ought to learn from Christ. Knowledge fills a man with pride, and is inclined to vaunt itself, but love harnesses it to a useful task so that it will be a blessing. Even faith without love is declared to amount to nothing as a Christian grace—it is merely a principle of practical life without which the most ordinary affairs cannot be conducted. Suffused with love, faith becomes a Christian grace and not merely a fatalistic belief in God's power over his creation. It is then a positive element in the growth of the soul in fellowship with God. Even the bestowing of material gifts out of one's property or income may be of no profit unless it is prompted by love. Otherwise its motive may be a selfish one, and thus an act intrinsically noble will be prostituted to ignoble ends. Likewise a man might even put himself in the way of martyrdom from an ignoble motive unless the whole life is controlled by love. In that case his martyrdom would do him immortal harm and no good.

Thus the first three verses of chapter 13 summarize the indispensableness of love to the exercise of supernatural manifestations, spiritual influence and the practical charity which bestows material gifts on others. Love must pervade the whole Christian life to impart the proper tone to the character and the effective spirit to all outward exercises of religion.

Certain qualities distinguish the person whose life is dominated by love. They are the qualities of the love itself. It is long-tempered, patient toward provoking persons and under disagreeable circumstances. It renders useful service to others in a kind and manly spirit. It is not envious and jealous of the superior endowments and privileges of others as were some of the Corinthians over the matter of spiritual gifts, but rejoices to see the spiritual prosperity of every person and the highest possible efficiency of the entire church of Christ. Christian love is not arrogant and braggart, does not seek to show off in a boastful manner. It is not unduly puffed up and does not exhibit the bad taste which people exhibit whose self-esteem gives them the bearing of an inflated frog. Love breeds instinctive politeness and thereby leads to becoming conduct. It is unselfishness, and sacrifices its own comfort to seek the welfare of others (Read 2, Corinthians 11, for an illustration of how Paul's life obeyed this law of love). Being unselfish, the man of love is not easily provoked at others, because he is not expecting them to minister to him or to await upon his time; he readily adapts himself to the lives and characteristics of others and bears with their faults, knowing that he has faults of his own which others have to bear at their own expense. He endures with the fortitude of a soldier the inconveniences that are imposed on him by the errors of others.

In his letter to the Romans, Paul speaks in very concise language against those who not only do evil themselves, but also take pleasure in others who do evil. Here he declares that Christian love does not delight in uprighteousness, but does rejoice in that truth that leads to Christian nobility of life. Faith and hope are essential elements of it because they give one a hold on the essence of life for both the present and the future, the former lending firmness and the latter animation to this character of love.

Love as a Christian grace outwears all the others. It never goes out of existence. Other gifts are useful for the time, but this one never loses its value and abides its usefulness. Prophecies will be superseded by the perfect and intuitive under standing of truth and grace referred to in verse 12 of the lesson. The gift of tongues shall cease, having become a needless gift for a believing age (14:22), and the sort of knowledge we possess shall be done away because it will be accounted the product of a childish age after men have come into the full stature of Christ-like character. God now knows us perfectly; then we shall know him even "as we are known." How we stumble in our striving to get a knowledge of God! What bliss it will be to know him as clearly as he knows us!

There are three of the Christian graces which are not only greater than the others, but will also last longer than they. God's kingdom may have countless reaches for faith's efforts and for hope's anticipations, but overreaching them is love, born of the very character of God. John wrote: "We know and have believed the love which God hath in us. God is love; and he that abideth in God, and God abideth in him." The man who holds this mystic relationship with God must have God's gift of eternal life which imparts of its own eternity to feed the flames of its heaven-born love.

Love is the root and sustenance of the other graces. Faith and hope may be selfish, but never if they feed on the love of God. They are human, while love is God's best gift to man. Love is the primal form of virtue in Christianity. Jesus prayed to the Father, "that the love wherewith thou lovedst me may be in them, and I in them." Love is lord in the divine will and explains God's matchless gift of His Son to us. A building it said to take on somewhat of the spirit of the man who designs and constructs it. The gospel bears the impress of the spirit of God's love. If we have C. istian love, our lives will lose themselves in His life and we will love His law, submit to it, and discover our spiritual freedom in giving our lives as generously for others as Jesus gave His life for us.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

MRS. HOOKS DEAD.

Defendant in Sensational Case Dies Under Knife.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 20.—Mrs. Georgia Emma Hooks, wife of the late Gerro Gordo Hooks, is dead. The alleged murderess pased away in a sanitarium at New Orleans while undergoing an operation for appendicitis. The history of the famous case in which Mrs. Hooks figured as a modern Lucretia Borgia is still fresh in the minds of residents of this vicinity. Mrs. Hooks was charged with the murder of her second husband by arsenical poisoning.

Two weeks ago Mrs. Hooks journeyed to New Orleans. She was in excellent health, having but recently recovered from the fevered strain of her first trial on the charge of murder last spring, in which a jury was hopelessly split on the question of her innocence and guilt and failed to return a verdict. The trial lasted many weeks.

Presto (Better Than Flour) is a sure resource



Editor of the (London) *Review of Reviews*

The Money Kings

By W. T. Stead

Some famous financial bubbles and the men who have blown them. See this week's

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

The Law at Heart's Desire
By Emerson Hough, author of The Mississippi Bubble. A celebrated case, in which Curly's killing of his future father-in-law's pig played an important part.

The Admirable Tinker
By Edgar E. Jepson. In which twelve-year-old Tinker engages a governess for his adopted sister and interrupts a duel.

Men and Measures
By Charles Emory Smith. What is doing in Washington—the Venezuelan complications and the revolt against Quay methods in the Senate.

The Love of Romance
By E. Nesbit, author of The Wouldbegoods. A tale of a gentlemanly burglar who played chaperone and prevented an elopement.

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GREATEST PIE EATER

"Uncle Joe" Cannon Has No Peer In Congress.

Washington, Feb. 20.—"Uncle Joe" Cannon is the greatest pie eater in congress. Not even Senator Heitfeld, of Idaho, who won the prize for pie eating soon after he came to Washington six years ago, is in the class with next speaker of the house. Uncle Joe's pie-eating ability is an accomplishment of comparatively recent development. For the past two or three years Mr. Cannon has suffered intensely from recurrent gout in the second joint of the long finger of the left hand. Frequently he has had to call a doctor a night to secure rest and sleep. His physician was unable to account for the statesman's gout for a long time. Finally he advised Uncle Joe to quit eating meat of all kinds as an experiment. He followed his physician's advice for a week. Then there was no more gout in the second joint of the long finger of his left hand.

Recently he rushed into the public part of the senate restaurant and ordered two pieces of lemon pie and a glass of water. When he had devoured these he ordered a piece of apple pie. Then came peach pie and a glass of milk. A friend asked him why he ate so much pie. He held up the long finger of his left hand. The second joint was swollen and inflamed. "Like a blank fool," said he, "I went to a dinner at Dalzell's house last night and ate a lot of meat. The result is the reappearance of gout in this finger. Mr. Doctor has told me to let meat alone. If I do not follow his advice I shall not sleep any more. I don't like pie at all, but it is either pie for me or nothing at the midday lunch. At dinner I eat all the vegetables and bread and fruit that my hotel will give me. If I eat a piece of meat half as big as my hand the second joint of this finger begins to hurt. Hereafter no meat for me. I am a pieitarian henceforth."

TIME OF THE PRESIDENT

Given to the Public Service---Devoted to His Work.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The capital has not figured out yet just what Secretary Shaw meant when he said in his speech in New York last week that President Roosevelt, "with unselfish devotion is giving eighteen hours a day as the chief servant of 80,000,000 of people."

If the secretary means the president is giving eighteen hours of devotion, the statement is assumed to be correct, for nobody will say the president is not devoted to his work.

If he means the president is working eighteen hours a day, the statement is accepted here with a grain of salt, although it is recognized as the natural outcome of the exuberance of eulogy.

As a matter of fact, the president does not work eighteen hours a day or anything like that time. Neither is it necessary for him to work so long.

He gets to his office in the executive building about half after 9 o'clock in the morning, takes an hour for luncheon, quits about 4, unless there is something very important in hand.

He works with great energy during this time and clears up his desk every day.

He is a firm believer in play, as he is in work, and goes riding or takes some form of exercise every afternoon, generally beginning at 4 o'clock.

He dines at 7, usually with company. It is seldom he does not have a friend or two at luncheon. Many times he has had guests at breakfast. There have been few nights since he went to the reconstructed White House when there were not guests in the house.

The nights when the president has not been at dinner somewhere or giving a dinner, reception, musicale or some other entertainment have been few.

On Sunday the president does not work, but spends the day with his family. He goes to church in the morning and goes riding with Mrs. Roosevelt and the children in the afternoon.

Secretary Cortelyou, who used to come to the White House every night when President McKinley was alive, now goes home for the day at 6 o'clock.

No president in recent years has done so much entertaining as Mr. Roosevelt.

No president has given so much time to the manifold social duties of the head of the nation. He does not work eighteen hours a day, because he does not have to. He does his work in eight hours or less, and does it thoroughly.

Many times he has political conferences at the White House in the evening, but on an average his working hours are much less than eighteen and everybody is glad he can get so much time for recreation and for society.

DISTURBED BY GHOST

Young Ohio Couple Fled From the Haunted Cottage.

Bucyrus, O., Feb. 20.—The residents of the northern part of Crawford county are considerably excited over a haunted house which is located along the main road, and is attracting a great deal of attention. A number of well-known citizens, who did not credit the reports, have made an investigation, and confess that they are puzzled. It is a little cottage fitted up as a wedding present to a woman.

The house stands in close proximity to a woods in which, a year ago, J. F. Kinghart committed suicide by hanging himself to a small sapling. Soon after the wedding the couple moved into the cottage, but their honeymoon was disturbed by strange noises. At night there would be mysterious openings and closings of doors. Later on the form of a man was seen roaming about the house. When daylight dawned the apparition would vanish only to appear the next night. After a week the young couple moved away.

Horace Burger ridiculed the idea of a ghost, and determined to spend a night in the house. He was awakened at midnight by a cold touch upon his forehead, and fled before daylight. Mathew Burger also spent a part of the night in the haunted house, but when aroused by the ghostly visitor he remained only long enough to recognize the suicide of the year before.

A RING FOUND

In Wedding Cake Led to a Marriage.

New York, Feb. 20.—Miss Isabelle Carlton, of this city, formerly of Port Huron, Mich., was married at St. Patrick's Cathedral to Mr. Edmund H. Osthaus, a well-known animal painter of Oleio, O. Miss Carleton is prominent in the musical world.

Mr. Osthaus and Miss Carleton met at the wedding of Mr. George W. Stevens, an artist and author (to Miss Nina De Gonzo Spalding, of Port Huron, Mich., last June. They sat next to each other at the wedding dinner, and when the cake was cut Mr. Osthaus got the piece with the ring. He at once gave it to Miss Carleton. That was the beginning of the courtship which ended in the wedding.

Miss Carleton is the daughter of a former member of congress from Michigan. After her father's death, the estate having been very meager, she was compelled to support her mother and herself. Mr. Osthaus is the son of the late Edmund Osthaus, who was secretary of Emperor Maximilian. He is president o fthe Society of Western Artists and also of the Toledo Tile club. His first wife died several years ago.

HOW TO BE

Cured of Piles Without Pain.

First: Change from sedentary occupation to wisely chosen, more active work.

Second: From indoor to outdoor life.

Third: From wrong to right clothing.

Fourth: From unhealthy, rich living, to a mild hygenic diet.

Fifth, sixth and last, use Pyramid Pile Cure regularly, and according to directions, for it is the right cure for the trouble, and will cure you as it has hundrers of others.

Don't wait until you are a helpless invalid, for a seemingly simple case of hemorrhoids, or piles, may, if neglected, rapidly lead to worse. The unnatural formations become tumorous and permanent, and the inflammation grows until abscesses form; the disease burrows into the tissues, forming tubular growths which discharge pus; cancerous conditions, and general gangrenous degeneration appear.

What is needed at the start, or at any stage, is something to soothe this inflammation, reduce the swelling and distension, and at the same time restores the diseased parts to normal condition. These three things are accomplished perfectly by the Pyramid Pile Cure. It checks all progress of the disease, and rapidly returns the affected parts to health, besides relieving at once the pain and fearful irritation.

"I began using Pyramid Pile Cure, and in order to make sure of a cure bought five packages; for the past six weeks I have not been troubled in the least, and I have been bothered for thirty-five years, and had spent more than fifty dollars for different remedies; this is the first permanent help I have had, and no one could feel more grateful than I do." L. M. Williams, Conneaut, Ohio.

Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists generally for fifty cents a package, and we urge all sufferers to write Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., for their valuable little book describing the cause and cure of piles.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This preparation is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza and has become famous for its cures of these diseases over a large part of the civilized world.

It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

It not only cures colds and influenza, (grip) but counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia.

It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given to a baby as confidently as to an adult.

A PLAY BY BOYS

Real Stage, Scenery and Trap Doors Built In Stable.

Seats For Opening Sell Rapidly For One Dollar Each.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Vinson Walsh, son of Thomas F. Walsh, is the proud possessor of a real theater. This playhouse is a large room over the Walsh stables.

It is fitted with a real stage, real scenery, a drop curtain, footlights, trap-doors in the stage, wings, dressing rooms and everything that goes to make up a theater.

Vinson and his boy friends are the actors, and to crown all a real, sure-enough actor has been engaged as stage manager and instructor. The boys give real plays, and strut their little bodies upon the stage with all the vim of real actors.

This theater will be brilliantly opened with a rendition of "Captain Racket." All tickets have been sold at $1 each. The boys who are in the cast are wild with enthusiasm, and all their companions are correspondingly wild with envy. The coterie of youngsters, who form this brilliant juvenile theatrical company, are known as the "theater gang."

Last year to belong to Kermit Roosevelt's "Rough Riders" was the thing for the boys here in Washington. When the boys got their khaki uniforms and paraded around the streeets, every youngster who did not belong to this "gang" was sulky from sheer longing. This year, however, the "theater gang" holds the center of the stage.

The boys' instructor is Charlemagne Koehler, who really has performed with Booth and Barrett.

The Walsh Theatrical company refuses the services of girls. Young Master Walsh will not even allow his younger sister, Miss Evelyn, to appear upon his stage. The boys seriously debated the question of allowing girls to take part in their dramas, and decided, with characteristic boys' certainty, that "girls are no good anyway. They'd want to have dolls in the play."

Boys therefore make up girls and take the girls' parts. One thing that puzzles the youngsters is the speaking of old men's parts, but as the voices of one or two of the lads are now changing, the master has succeeded in drilling them in the difficult roles.

The boys have let it be known that the proceeds of this theater are to be devoted to charitable purposes.

Every cent that comes through the box office window is carefully put aside for this purpose. The troupe will give a series of performances, and they expect to realize more than $1000 all of which will go to relieve the privations of little boys and girls in the city who are suffering and in need.

Since the girls have been debarred from appearing on this exclusive stage, many of them are debating whether or not they shall go to the performances. Some say that if it were not that their brothers were to act in the show, they would refuse even to enter the place.

Master Vinson Walsh is the sole owner of the theater. No one would think of interfering with any of his plans and engagements to play with this great company are made solely through him. His manager is permitted only to act as suggested.

Master Walsh, like all really great artists, feels that he must surround himself with only the best talent, and he is even to require that the personalities of his supporting cast shall be congenial to himself. In this respect, however, he is not so severe as Mansfield.

Never was the first night of a great theatrical performance awaited with the same anxiety as the first rendition of "Capt. Rackett," when the owner of the theater will appear as the star in his own theater.

Henry Irving never did this.

CUTICURA SOAP

The World's Greatest Skin Soap.

The Standard of Every Nation of the Earth.

Sale Greater Than the World's Product of Other Skin Soaps.

Sold Wherever Civilization Has Penetrated.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thus it combines in one soap at one price the best skin and complexion soap and the best toilet and baby soap ever compounded. Sale greater than the world's product of all other skin soaps. Sold in every part of the civilized world.

HE CHANGED HIS NAME

George Bruce, In Letters to Wife, Admits Unworthiness.

New York, Feb. 20.—Counsel for Mrs. Grace C. Bruce, who is suing her husband, George Bruce, in Brooklyn for a separation, and is being sued by him in Nebraska for a divorce on the grounds of desertion, enriched the literature of divorce litigation by producing at the hearing of his wife's case a series of letters which were written to Mrs. Bruce by her husband at the time when, according to the husband's statement, his wife had given him legal cause for divorce.

The point that former Judge Neu, representing Mrs. Bruce, makes is that at the particular time these letters were written it was the husband who was the offending party, and continues so to be, since the pardon which he begs in the letters has not been granted by the wife, and that these letters are written proof of the contention of the wife upon which alone she is entitled to the separation which she seeks. In one letter he writes:

Grace Dear: I don't know what to say or what to write. What can I say? What can I do? I ruined your life and my own. I have felt I could not mend a broken life, but if I were legally free, I could act as a new person.

The agony is piled up—and up, until I see nothing but blood, blood, all of my shedding.

I do not think I can stand much more, and if I should take chloroform you would be relieved of a foolish worry about me and I would rest—perhaps.

As I wrote, I am a total failure as a husband. I wish I were dead. You know I don't understand you, you who are so pure in thought and action. I don't see why you don't despise me and loathe so vile a person as I, who have fondled and carressed another. God bless and help you. I hope by the time this letter reaches you God will have helped you and given you strength and help.

God bless and watch over you.

Now you know of the double life. I don't want to go on again pretending. I can't start in again making believe.

In another letter he says:

Grace—The story about May 22 is true. I thought I was safe, and had pride enough to dread publicity. I suppose I would have gone on for an indefinite period protesting innocence were I not caught.

I had almost told you on Thursday, but did not like to spoil your day. I have carried around a letter for weeks intending to give it to you admitting everything, but after Thursday, when you were planning for a home that could never bring happiness, I felt I must tell you. I am guilty.

Get your divorce and freedom you were always entitled to.

Better that you know this now while you are young and have your mother.

I have no one to blame. What I did in years past I did of my own volition, and must stand the consequences.

A home together now would be impossible. It would be a hell for both, and I could promise nothing. I do not ask for nor expect forgiveness. We had better not meet for peace of mind's sake.

HUGGED STOVE DURING COURT

St. Louis Judge Astonished Every One By Peculiar Actions.

St. Louis, Feb. 20.—Judge George B. Sidener adjourned court in the midst of the hearing of a case, complaining that he had a headache and could not see. A few minutes before this Sidener had insisted upon having all the windows in the court room raised, although the thermometer was below zero outside, and the court room was so chilly that all the clerks and witnesses hovered around the stove, and even the judge made frequent trips to the stove to warm his fingers.

Sidener was an hour and ten minutes late arriving. He talked to friends at the stove ten minutes before opening court, and then astonished everyone present by his demeanor.

Harry Elbrecht, the first defendant, was accused of cruelty to animals.

"What's the number of this case?" asked the judge, leaning over and peering down at Clerk Whalen. Then, without waiting for a reply, the judge cried: "Never mind. Why did you beat that horse?" to the defendant.

"I was drunk, your honor, and didn't know."

"Twenty dollars, and get off the stand."

A stranger entered the court room and Judge Sidener yelled, "Get out of here, will you?" Then he walked down from the bench and cordially shook hands with the amazed man, to whom he was a perfect stranger.

"What did you do?" the judge demanded from Lillie Hale.

"Nothing," she answered.

"Why don't you behave yourself, Lillie, and get a respectable home?" said the judge. "Fifty dollars fine. Don't let me ever see you here again or I'll hang you sure, Lillie."

So it went on till the judge suddenly adjourned court.

READ "OLD SLEUTH."

And Then Started Out to Fight Indians.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 20.—Willia Taylor, aged 11, son of a Baptist minister at Henderson, Ky., was caught here by the police as he was about to board a train for the West, where he said he was going to fight the Indians.

When taken to police quarters the boy asked permission to telephone to his mother, and it was granted. He told her he would come home if she would not whip him, and she promised.

The lad admitted he had been reading "Old Sleuth."

THINK IT OVER.

Something You Can See In Any Restaurant or Cafe.

A physician puts the query: Have you never noticed in any large restaurant at lunch or dinner time the large number of hearty, vigorous old men at the tables, men whose ages run from 60 to 80 years; many of them bald and all, perhaps, gray, but none of them feeble or senile?

Perhaps the spectacle is so common as to have escaped your observation or comment, but, nevertheless, it is an object lesson which means something.

If you will notice what these hearty old fellows are eating you will observe that they are not munching bran crackers nor gingerly picking their way through a menu card of new fangled health foods; on the contrary, they seem to prefer a juicy roast of beef, a properly turned loin of mutton and even the deadly broiled lobster is not altogether ignored.

The point of all this is that a vigorous old age depends upon good digestion and plenty of wholesome food and not upon dieting and an endeavor to live upon bran crackers.

There is a certain class of food cranks who seem to believe that meat-coffee, and many other good things are rank poisons, but these cadaverous, sickly-looking individuals are a walking condemnation of their own theories.

The matter in a nutshell is that if the stomach secretes the natural digestive juices in sufficient quantity any wholesome food will be promptly digested; if the stomach does not do so, and certain foods cause distress, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal will remove all difficulty because they supply just what every weak stomach lacks, pepsin, hydrochloric acide, diastese and nux.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do not act upon the bowels and, in fact, are not strictly a medicine, as they act almost entirely upon the food eaten, digesting it thoroughly and thus gives a much-needed rest and giving an appetite for the next meal.

Of people who travel nine out of ten use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, knowing them to be perfectly safe to use at any time and also having found out by experience that they are a safeguard against indigestion in any form, and eating as they have to, at all hours and all kinds of food, the traveling public for years have pinned their faith to Stuart's Tablets.

All druggists sell them at 50 cents for full sized packages and any druggist from Maine to California, if his opinion were asked, will say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most popular and successful remedy for any stomach trouble.

BASEBALL MEN

Discuss Matters Pertaining to the New National Association.

Members of the National Board Complete Two Days' Session.

New York, Feb. 20.—Mutual respect for contractual and reservation rights; uniform playing rules; a board of arbitration consisting of equal representation of the National association on one side and the two major leagues on the other, these are the main points that the National Association of Professional Baseball leagues will insist on in the coming conference between the association and the National and American leagues regarding the drawing of a new national agreement.

The members of the national board of the National association completed their two-days' session last night. There were present at the meeting President P. T. Powers; M. H. Sexton, president of the Western league; T. H. Murnane, president of the New England league; J. H. O'Rourke, president of the Connecticut league; J. H. Farrell, president of the New York State league, and T. J. Hickey, president of the American association.

The board first took up the California trouble. Replies were received from all the members of the Western league consenting to a postponement of the annual meeting of the organization scheduled for March 2, and the members of the American association gave consent to President Hickey to go to California with M. H. Sexton, of the Western league, the two to act as a committee representing the National association, and endeavor to establish peace. President Hickey left last night on his way to Los Angeles. Mr. Sexton will leave within a day or two. On his way West President Hickey will stop at Chicago and have a conference with Mr. Lennon, of St. Paul, regarding the proposed new American association team in Chicago.

In discussing the new Chicago team after the meeting, Mr. Hickey said: "I am unable to say what will be done. There was to have been a conference in Chicago on the day I left for this meeting. The whole matter is practically up to Mr. Lennon, of St. Paul, whose club it is proposed to move to Chicago."

A draft of the proposed new national agreement was carefully gone over by the board. It was finally decided that the National association would stand close to a resolution adopted at the last annual meeting of the association Oct. 24, as follows:

"Resolved, that in the event of a joint invitation being extended the National association at any future time to confer with the board of directors of the American league and the National league in the interest of a tripartite agreement, the national board of the National Association of Professional Baseball leagues shall preserve to the association its present form of government and its individual organization supreme and intact.

"Resolved, that these instructions are hereby declared to be mandatory and compulsory."

The National association will demand that the tripartite board have jurisdiction only over matters involving disputes between the National association and the two major leagues, and will seek greater representation in the new board.

The invitation sent out by James H. Hart, of Chicago, asking that a meeting of the joint rules committee be held in Chicago on Monday, has stirred up a storm in the baseball circles. President Powers will not go to Chicago in response to the call.

Regarding the matter, President Powers said last night: "I have sent a reply to Mr. Hart stating that it will be impossible for me to attend the proposed Chicago meeting on Monday. There is some funny business going on somewhere, and I am getting tired of this thing. When President Johnson was here recently, President Pulliam of the National league and myself had a conference with him and we agreed that the meeting for an informal talk over the rules and a new national agreement should be held in this city on Friday, Feb. 20. I am tired of running after Mr. Johnson, and I don't propose to do so any more. I expect to meet him here Friday and so does Mr. Pulliam. I am ready to meet Mr. Johnson as per our agreement, but I certainly shall not run after him."

It was said that Mr. Johnson is in Chicago and could not be here for the conference agreed upon for today.

The board adjourned not to meet again until after the new National agreement and rules committee have met.

DOUBT CAST ON WAR HERO

Did Robert Smalls Capture Steamer Planter at Charleston?

Charleston, S. C., Feb. 20.—Abram Alston, a negro pensioner living at Beaufort, has made an affidavit in which he says that ex-Congressman Robert Smalls, now collector of port at Beaufort, did not perform the heroic service during the civil war for which he was paid $5000 by the federal government.

Alston does not think Smalls is entitled to the remuneration or the honors which have been heaped upon him. In a recent letter Smalls, who is perhaps the richest negro in the state, made the following statement of his connection with delivering the steamer, Planter, to Admiral Dupont, in charge of the federal fleet:

"I did capture and take the steamer Planter out of Charleston harbor in May, 1862, which vessel, together with her armament and war munitions, I turned over to Rear-Admiral Dupont, commander of the federal fleet. This steamer, with her equipment, was worth at least $75,000, and at war valuation upwards of $100,000. This is to say nothing of the Planter's subsequent four years' service to the government, for all of which a generous government, through Secretary Gideon Wells, of the navy, paid me $1500, and congress, after more than twenty years of pleading on the part of my friends and myself, passed a bill appropriating $5000, deducting the $1500 paid me in 1862, thus making the entire amount received by me $5000."

According to Alston, Smalls was hiding in the hold of the Planter, while that vessel was dodging shells in the harbor. He says that when the federal gunboat came alongside and Admiral Dupont asked the name of the commander, Smalls suddenly appeared and gave his name, which helped him in later years, as Alston declares, to get a pension. The affair has created a great deal of interest around Beaufort.



YOU MAY conquer your enemies, outwit your competitors, surpass your surroundings, baffle your pursuers, but the

CROWNING GLORY *of any existence is* **GOOD HEALTH**

and good health comes from sound kidneys.

Dr. Gossom's **Kidney and Bladder Cure** is guaranteed by the manufacturers to cure all forms of Kidney and Bladder trouble.

Ask the druggist named below to give you

A FREE SAMPLE

ask him to tell you of our guarantee; read our booklet and if you have any of the symptoms named therein, try **Dr. Gossom's Kidney and Bladder Cure** if it fails in its work your money will be refunded.

LYCEUM PHARMACY.

BEER NOT SO BAD.

So Thinks a Methodist Minister of Cincinnati.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 19.—Rev. C. W. Blodgett of Cincinnati, former pastor of the Simpson M. E. church, here, whose crusades against the liquor traffic during his residence in Detroit brought him into prominence, declares that his attendance at a long series of banquets in Cincinnati has considerably changed his point of view when looking at a bottle of beer.

They always have a bottle of beer at every plate at a Cincinnati banquet, according to Dr. Blodgett, and if a man has the banquet habit, he must perforce get used to the beer—its external appearance, at least.

Of course, the Doctor says, he does not go farther than to look at the label, but nevertheless he had come to the conclusion that a bottle of beer was not after all such a terrible snare as the W. C. T. U. has long led us to believe.

The doctor in the course of his talk demonstrated that since he has lived in Cincinnati he has come to have a broader view of a good many things that the "purely wordly" indulge in, and instead of avoiding beer drinkers and festive banqueters, as in the days of old, he now mixes with them quite friendly like.

The Early Pill. DeWitt's Little Early Risers do not gripe nor weaken the system. They cure biliousness, jaundice, constipation and inactive livers. These famous little pills exert a decided tonic effect upon the organs involved, and if their use is continued for a few days there will be no return of the trouble. Max Wirth.

DRUGS INFLUENCED

Woman to Will Money to Vassar College.

Marion, Ohio, Feb. 19.—A petition was filed by heirs of the late Elizabeth L. G. McMahon, who bequeathed property worth thousands of dollars to educational and charitable institutions. The petitioners allege that the paper admitted to probate is not the last will and testament. They set forth that while under the influence of drugs she was coerced to sign the paper. John W. McMurray, the attending physician, and C. E. Perry, the petitioners allege, testified to having signed the will as witnesses to its making, "well knowing that the document was not the one they had signed, but had been altered and mutilated."

The charges made against Dr. McMurray and Mr. Perry have created a sensation, as both men are among the prominent business and professional men in the city. The will gave several thousands of dollars to Vassar college and many thousands were distributed among the churches.

PRETTY MISS GOLDIE

Taken From Luxurious Home to Police Station.

Findlay, O., Feb. 19.—The people of aristocratic South Main street gazed in amazement when Miss Goldie Cantner was escorted from her luxurious home to the police station, to answer the charge of unlawful association covering the period from April 15, 1902, to February 15, of the present year. The charge is preferred in an affidavit signed by Chief of Police John L. Kramer. Miss Cantner is said to be the daughter of poor but highly respected country people residing near McComb, Hancock county.

Information was conveyed to Chief of Police Kramer by suspicious neighbors, and the former immediately instituted an investigation.

Before Mayor Metcalfe Miss Cantner pleaded innocence, and in default of bail was sent to the city prison to await a preliminary hearing. The arrest of Miss Cantner and the circumstances attending have created a profound sensation.

The authorities found numerous letters, dictated in terms of deepest affection by well-known men, both married and single, of this city, and by men of Toledo, Piqua, Mansfield and several other large cities.

Chief Kramer stated that he had suspected an existing intimacy between Miss Cantner and the aged attorney named in the affidavit upon which the warrant for the former's arrest is based, but that now, he says, he has conclusive evidence, and will personally prosecute the case in the interest of morality.

WEGUAR ANTEE OUR WORK



A full set of the best artificial teeth $10

And no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns (22 K).....$7.00
Porcelain Crowns.....$5.00
Gold Fillings, up from.....$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from.....75c
Painless Extracting.....50c

Zenith 'Phone 168. **JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.**

Open Sundays—10 to 12. Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00. By mail. Send for FREE circulars and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

BIG FRAUD DISCOVERED.

Practiced For Months on Indiana Mine Owners.

Muncie, Ind., Feb. 19.—In an assayer's laboratory in Denver, Col., was completed last week a simple mineral analysis whose result disclosed, it is alleged, a big fraud that has been practiced for months upon a firm of Muncie mine owners. The victims are Messrs. J. E. Durham, W. P. Stevens and Sherman Hathaway, who own a copper mine in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico. Mr. Hathaway, who has been superintending the operation of the mine, returned Saturday from Denver, where he had a new assay of the ore made with the result before mentioned. Until last Thursday the owners had no suspicion that they were being defrauded. They estimate their loss at from $30,000 to $50,000.

The product of the mine has been sold to a smelter at a price based upon the assay there made. The Muncie men have been receiving $75 per ton for their copper ore. It develops, it is alleged, that each ton of ore has contained about $64 in gold, as well as silver, nickel and cobalt, making the real value of each ton not less than $180. The Mexican statutes governing mining provide that the price of the ore shall be legally fixed by the assay made at the smelter. This contract is binding. Therefore the owners have no recourse to recover the thousands of dollars of which they alleged they have been defrauded.

New Orleans and Return $36.55.

February 17 to 22nd the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, Duluth to New Orleans and return, account Mardi Gras Carnival, for $36.55, tickets good returning Feb. 28th, or by deposit and payment 50 cents return limit will be extended until March 14th. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The New Mexico legislature passed a bill creating Quay county in honor of the senator's fight for statehood. Tucumcari will be the county seat.

A cattleman who arrived at Weatherford, O. T., from Amarillo, Tex., says that many cattle were killed by the recent storm. He states that he counted nearly a hundred head lying along the Choctaw railway.

The public bill transferring the Leland Stanford university from the hands of Mrs. Jane L. Stanford to the board of trustees of the university was finally passed Thursday. The measure was introduced at the instance of Mrs. Sanford.

Harry Corbett has received a telegram from the manager of the Tonopah, Nev., Athletic club, offering a purse of $25,00 for a fight to a finish between Jeffries and J. J. Corbett.

News was received at Vancouver of the drowning of three Indians in Alert Bay. During a heavy wind and snow storm, six Indians started out from the Neswitt village on Hone Island in a fishing boat for Simanieo Bay. In midchannel the boat was struck by a squall and capsized. Three of the occupants perished.

An eastbound Texas Pacific passenger train was wrecked fourteen miles west of Fort Worth, Tex., Thursday. J. D. Matthews, of Athens, Tenn., and J. H. Riley, of Harmony, W. Va., were killed outright. They were riding on the blind baggage. C. E. Moody, of Gainesville, Tex., was the only passenger injured. Express Messenger McEwen and Baggagemaster James Nash were also hurt.

Fire Thursday destroyed Glendive's, Mont., largest and most substantial business block, causing a loss of $70,000, which is only partially covered by insurance. The building was owned by Thomas F. Hagan and occupied as a general store by G. D. Hollecker.

Judge Lacombe in the United States district court, has signed the formal order discontinuing the suit commenced last fall by David Barrie against Sir Thomas Lipton to recover $17,000. Mr. Barrie returned from England a few weeks ago and announced that the suit had not only been settled out of court, but that he and Sir Thomas Lipton were again on friendly terms.

IN HALF AN HOUR.

Couple Divided Property and Were Granted Divorce.

Kokomo, Ind., Feb. 20.—Mrs. Anna B. Hollingsworth filed a divorce suit at 11:30 o'clock against U. S. Hollingsworth. Half an hour later Judge Harness granted the divorce. The couple divided $6,000 worth of property equally between them and both went their ways, the woman taking with her their six-year-old child. Mrs. Hollingsworth is a sister of Mrs. Bryan, wife of Prof. E. B. Bryan, superintendent of schools in the Philippine islands. The defendant is the owner of the Greentown telephone exchange.

Don't try cheap cough medicines. Get the best, pay the price. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. 60 years of cures. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

OUR LEASE EXPIRES MAY 1st, 1903!

We are going out of the clothing business. Every dollar's worth of goods must be sold, no matter what loss we sustain. **Sale commences Saturday morning, February 21, at 9 o'clock sharp.** To start the ball rolling we are going to give away FREE a $20 Fur Coat to the first customer inside the door. It will be to your interest to read every item carefully and then call and see the goods and be convinced that we do just as we advertise.

Suits and Overcoats.

100 Men's $5, $6 and $7 Suits and Overcoats, special.....$2.94
200 Men's $8, $9 and $10 Suits and Overcoats, special.....$3.82
250 $12, $13.50 and $15 Suits and Overcoats, special.....$5.61
100 Men's $16, $18 and $20 Suits and Overcoats, special....$7.42
100 Men's $22 and $25 Suits and Overcoats.....$10.34
35 Government Overcoats, worth $18, special price, each..$4.98

Boys' and Children's Clothing.

Boys' $3.50, $4 and $5 Suits, selling out price, per suit.....$1.36
Boys' $6 and $7 Suits, selling out price, per suit.....$2.19
Boys' $5 and $6 Reefers, selling out price.....$2.13
Children's 3-piece Suits, worth $5.00, selling out price.....$1.89
Boys' Knee Pants, worth up to $1, selling out price, per pair.26c

Linen Collars, Etc.

100 doz Men's and Boys' Linen Collars, worth 15c, selling at.6c
500 doz Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 10c, selling price.2c
500 doz Men's all-wool Hose, worth 25c, selling out price.12½c
100 doz Men's fancy wool Hose, worth 50c, selling out price.24c
150 doz Men's Fine Neckwear, worth up to $1, selling price..23c
50 doz Men's Bow Ties, worth 25c, selling out price.....11c

500 Men's Mackinaw Coats, worth $3.50, selling out price..$1.98
300 Men's best $4.50 and $5.00 Coats, selling out price....$2.43
50 Men's best sheepskin lined Coats, worth $5, price.....$2.32

Fur Coats.

$10 Astrakhan Fur Coats, selling out price.....$14.98
$35 Buffalo Calf Fur Coats, selling out price.....$13.64
20 Buffalo Calf Fur Coats, selling out price.....$9.64

Hats and Caps.

20 dozen McKibbon $3 Hats, selling out price.....$1.39
40 dozen best $1.50 Hats, selling out price.....43c
15 dozen best $2 Hats, selling out price.....98c
25 dozen $2.50 Hats, selling out price.....$1.19
30 dozen best $3.50 hats, selling out price.....$1.48
195 dozen best 75c, $1 and $1.25 Caps, selling out price.....48c

Men's Working Shirts.

15 doz Men's fine blue Flannel Shirts, worth $2; price.....$1.19
15 doz Men's all-wool cashmere Shirts, worth $1.75, price...98c
20 doz buffalo Flannel Shirts, worth $1.50, selling price....89c
15 doz Men's Jersey Overshirts, worth $1.50, selling price...69c
40 doz Men's Negligee Shirts, worth $1, selling out price...48c
60 doz Men's double front and back Shirts, selling out price.39c

Men's Trousers.

200 pairs Men's best $1.50 Pants, selling out price.....83c
250 pairs Men's best $2.00 Pants, selling out price.....98c
300 pairs Men's best $2.50 Pants, selling out price.....$1.19
150 pairs Men's best $3.00 Pants, selling out price.....$1.43
150 pairs Men's best $3.50 Pants, selling out price.....$1.63
148 pairs Men's best $4.00 Pants, selling out price.....$1.88
165 pairs Men's best $5.00 Pants, selling out price.....$2.34
100 pairs Men's best $6.00 Pants, selling out price.....$2.72

Suspenders.

56 doz President Suspenders, selling out price.....32c
20 doz best 50c Suspenders, selling out price.....23c
30 doz best 50c working Suspenders, selling out price.....19c

Shoes for Everyone at Less Than Manufacturers' Cost.

Men's best $1.75 calfskin Shoes, selling out price.....98c
Men's best $2.00 calfskin Shoes, selling out price.....$1.19
Men's best $2.50 vici kid Shoes, selling out price.....$1.39
Men's best $3.00 vici kid Shoes, selling out price.....$1.49
Men's best $3.50 box calf Shoes, selling out price $1.69
Men's best $5.00 patent leather Shoes, selling out price....$2.69

Boys' and Children's Shoes.

Boys' best calfskin Shoes, selling out price.....94c
Boys' best $2.00 box calf Shoes, selling out price.....$1.23
Boys' best $2.50 vici kid and box calf Shoes, selling price..$1.42
Boys' best $3.00 vici kid Shoes, selling out price.....$1.63
Children's best 75c Shoes, selling out price.....36c
Children's best $1.00 Shoes, selling out price.....48c
Children's best $1.25 Shoes, selling out price 54c
Children's best $1.50 Shoes, selling out price.....69c

Ladies' Petticoats and Walking Skirts

Ladies' $2.00 Mohair Petticoats, selling out price.....73c
Ladies' $1.50 Petticoats, selling out price.....59c
Ladies' $1.00 Petticoats, selling out price.....39c
Ladies' $4 and $4.50 up-to-date Walking Skirts, price.....$1.98
Ladies' $1. and $1.50 Wrappers, selling out price.....43c
Ladies' 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 Corsets, selling out price.....29c

Dress Shirts.

2½ doz Men's fine white Shirts, worth $1, selling out price...48c
20 doz Men's new fancy bosom Shirts, worth $1.50, price....69c
25 doz Men's new fancy bosom Dress Shirts, worth $1, price.48c
20 dozen Men's new soft bosom Shirts, worth $1, price.....39c

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Rubbers and Overshoes.

Ladies' best 75c Rubbers, rolled edges, selling out price....34c
Ladies' best 75c Storm Overshoes, selling out price.....44c
Ladies' best 75c fleece-lined Rubbers, selling out price.....42c
Ladies' best 75c buckle Overshoes, salling out price.....69c
Misses' best 75c Rubber Overshoes, selling out price.....39c
Children's best $1.25 3-buckle Overshoes, selling price.....53c
Children's 50c Rubbers, selling out price.....23c
Children's 65c fleeced-lined Rubbers, selling out price.....34c

Ladies' and Misses' Shoes.

Ladies' best $2.00 and $2.50 felt Shoes, selling out price....98c
Ladies' best $2.00 kid Shoes, selling out price.....$1.24
Ladies' best $2.50 vici kid Shoes, selling out price.....$1.39
Ladies' best $3, $3.50 and $4 Shoes, latest styles, price.....$1.69
Ladies' $2.00 low Shoes, selling out price.....63c
Misses' best $1.50 Shoes, selling out price.....89c
Misses' best $2.00 Shoes, selling out price $1.24
Misses' best $2.50 Shoes, selling out price.....$1.48
Big lot of school Shoes, selling out price.....83c

Underwear Almost Given Away.

50 dozen Men's fine camel hair Underwear, worth $2.00 per suit, selling out price, per garment.....48c
40 dozen suits corded Underwear, worth $3.00 per suit, selling out price, per garment.....74c
60 doz all-wool suits, double back and front, worth $3.00 per suit, selling out price—per garment.....74c
20 dozen Australian wool suits, worth $4.50 per suit, selling out price—per garment.....$1.13
8 dozen fine Silk Underwear, worth $7.50 per suit, selling out price—per garment.....$1.74
45 dozen fine ribbed Underwear, worth $1.50 per suit, selling out price—per garment.....74c
32 dozen fine gray wool Underwear, worth $4.00 per suit, selling out price—per garment.....98c

A $40,000 stock of new, up-to-date clothing, furnishings, shoes and rubber goods for men, boys, ladies and children is now at your mercy. Here is an opportunity that you cannot afford to miss. You will find among our stock the greatest bargains ever offered in the history of the clothing business. Remember that we are positively selling out and the stock will be sold regardless of cost. A dollar here will go as far as two or three or four elsewhere. If you are already supplied it will pay you to buy your goods for next winter.

S. E. GITTELSON & CO.

Wanted Five Extra Salesmen. Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

400 West Superior Street, Duluth

SHE WANTS MONEY

Because of an Alleged Breach of Promise to Marry.

Maud Williams Asks $50,000 From Edward Clark Corey.

Omaha, Neb. Feb. 20.—In a suit instituted in the courts of Cook county, Illinois, two Omahans, one of whom achieved considerable prominence several years ago as one of the principal heirs to an English estate worth $200,000,000, are concerned.

The suit is instituted by Miss Maud Williams against Edward Clark Corey for $50,000 damages for an alleged breach of promise to marry. Both Corey and Miss Williams once lived in Omaha, the former being a contractor and architect, and the latter the daughter of W. G. Williams, who was, until his death a few years ago, connected with the Phenix Insurance company.

Corey's friends were called on several years ago to congratulate him because of the fact that he had established his identity as one of the heirs to the estate of Sir Francis Drake. The estate is worth $200,000,000, and is now in process of settlement in the English courts.

During Corey's life in Omaha he had, with his family, lived next door to the Williams family, and their friendship was of the kind that usually exists between neighbors of long standing.

Six years ago Mr. Williams died and shortly afterward Corey left for Europe to locate the other heirs to the Drake fortune. Four years was spent in this work and then, so Miss Williams says, he returned to this country and commenced a search for her.

"While Mr. Corey was in Europe he lost the address of our family," Miss Williams says, "and he has told me that he sent over 500 letters in his attempts to locate us.

"Finally he found us and was taken sick a short time afterward. He stayed at our place and I helped nurse him back to health. It was then that he began to manifest his affection for me. Since then we have learned to love each other, and we were to have been married a year ago."

According to the story set forth in Miss Williams' petition they were to have been married Feb. 3, and were to have had a three weeks' honeymoon in Florida.

"As it is," she declares, "the man who professed to love me and now finds that he is an heir to millions, has also found that he has no love for a poor girl."

Corey, the Omaha defendant in the case, protests that the suit is based on trumped-up charges.

"I have been married for 23 years," he says, "and have a wife and a grown daughter. I have never loved Miss Williams and have never pretended to. I never agreed to marry her. I have known her for sixteen years. I have often spoken to her of my wife and daughter, and it is absurd to say that I ever made love to her. When we lived in Omaha the Williams girls used to come to our home and play with my daughter. It is all a scheme to get money out of me."

Corey will be remembered by Omahans through the publicity given his claims to the estate of Sir Francis Drake some six years ago. He stated then that he had established his line of ancestry back to the time of William the Conqueror. He soon afterward gave up his business here to go to England and various parts of the country to form an association of the prospective heirs to the estate.

Miss Williams has stated that she has a number of letters which will be produced at the trial of the case. She also exhibits a picture of herself and Corey, taken together. He explains these matters by saying:

"I would write such letters and have my picture taken with any friend whose family I have known for sixteen years. I have never considered Miss Williams as more than a friend."

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

LAST CHANCE TOMORROW!

To obtain fine framed pictures at.....

Half Price.

ENGELS' ART STORE,

17 and 19 Third Ave. W.

NEWS OF THE STORES

Bargain Advertisements Tonight.

Duluth Music Co.—Big bargains in new and second-hand pianos and organs.

A. B. Siewert—Opening display of new spring styles of Dunlap hats.

French & Bassett—Big discount sale of crockery and lamps.

Panton & White—Special hour sales of boys' suits, ginghams, girls' cloaks and outing flannels.

Ehle Shoe Co.—Twenty per cent discount sale in high grade shoes for men, women, boys and youths.

Engels' Art Store—Half-price sale of fine framed pictures.

Malcolmson T Store—Special reductions on choice teas and coffees.

Gittleson & Co.—Sale of entire stock of clothing for men and boys.

Bennett & Co.—Closing out entire stock of books.

Stuck & Co.—February clearance sale of winter goods.

Freimuth's—Sale of dress skirts, silk waists and children's coats.

M. S. Burrows—Suits, overcoats and ulsters at half-price. Everything that boys wear at wholesale prices.

A. Wieland—Clearance sale of shoes for men, women and children.

Gray-Tallant Co.—Arrival of beautiful new vestings.

Ratkbun's—Saturday specials on pure foods.

O'Leary's—Cut prices on Saturday wants.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.—Continuation of blanket sales and Oriental rugs.

SUCCESSFUL YEAR.

First Birthday of Brockton Shoe Co. Shows Gratifying Success.

One year ago the 22nd of this month and the anniversary of Washington's birthday, the Brockton Shoe company opened the first and only exclusive men's shoe store in the city.

The aim of this company has always been to produce footwear that would be equal in all respects to the most expensive goods on the market, while maintaining only two prees—$2.50 and $3.50. That Duluth, as well as the metropolitan cities, sees the advantage of a store of this kind is evidenced by the very gratifying business done by the firm during its first year, which has far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the management at that time.

The firm announces for the coming spring season a complete assortment of the nobblest and most exclusive styles of footwear that can be shown in the fashion centers of the Eastern cities. There is a particular shape for every different kind of foot, and a perfect fit is absolutely guaranteed.

The Duluth manager is Mr. D. Casmir, one of the best known and most energetic business men of the city.

POULTRY ASSOCIATION

Would Co-Operate With the Industrial Association.

The Duluth Poultry association held a meeting in the office of Secretary J. B. Greenfield last evening, and decided to ask the new industrial association to co-operate in carrying out the plans of the poultry show to be held the coming season. A committee was appointed to confer with the industrial association.

The next poultry show will take place in January or February, 1904.

The local poultry fanciers are to hold meetings the second Tuesday of each month this year to discuss papers on the different phases of the poultry business. At the next meeting there will be papers and discussions on "Pure Breeds vs. Cross Breeds for General Purposes."

BUYS TUG LINE.

Independent Towing Company Sells Out.

The Independent Tug line will not be operating at the head of the lakes the coming season under the direction of the L. T. P. A. The interests of B. F. Howard and other stockholders in the company have been purchased by Charles Maple. Others interested in the purchase are Charles Forrest, John Place, William Hoy and Albert Seal. The owners are all practical tugmen and belong to the L. T. P. A.

The company has five tugs in its fleet at the present time, a deal for the A. A. Carpenter, belonging to Porter Bros., being completed yesterday.

The new owners expect to do vessel-towing business and will work in connection with the lines now in operation at the lower lake ports.

USING FOOT PASSAGE.

Park Point Residents Now Cross Canal On Ice.

The best trans-canal service in years is now enjoyed by Park Point residents and it saves the city $17 a day.

Nature and the board of public works are responsible. The canal is frozen with ice sufficiently thick to hold up teams. For the foot passengers the board of public works has had a temporary plank sidewalk built on top of the ice and a guard rope stretched from one pier to the other should the ice suddenly give way or blow out.

During the night four guides with lanterns light the way across the canal and the general expression of sentiment from people crossing is that it beats the ferry service except on a very windy day.

The ferry boat Estelle is still fast in the ice on the Lake avenue side of the route and she will not be put in commission as long as the foot passage is considered safe.

Alleges Desertion.

Edwin B. Force, of this city, has begun an action for a divorce, in district court, against Ella M. Force, his wife. The plaintiff charges desertion by the defendant in May, 1899, and claims that she has ever since refused to live with him. The bill of complaint sets forth that the plaintiff is 59 and the defendant 53 years of age. They were married in Minneapolis Sept. 18, 1850. H. G. Gearhart represents the plaintiff.

CHARGES ARE SENSATIONAL

Made By Daszynski Against Prince Phillip In Reichsrath.

Vienna, Feb. 20.—Sensational charges against Prince Philip of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, who is an Austrian field marshal and husband of the Princess Louise of Belgium, were made today in the reichsrath during the debate on the army bill by Herr Daszynski, the Polish leader. The latter denounced the prince as a criminal. Referring to the imprisonment of the former lieutenant of hussars, Mattasich, who eloped with the Princess Louise of Coburg several years ago and who was sentenced to four years' imprisonment last December for forgery, he asserted that while in prison Mattasich drew up a formal accusation, charging Prince Philip with forcing the Princess Louise, who was confined in an asylum for the insane near Dresden, some time after her elopement, to encourage the advances of the late Baron Hirsch and with compelling her to ask the baron for money.

NO STATEMENT

Obtained By Coroner Regarding Ft. Lafayette Explosion.

New York, Feb. 20.—W. H. Vanguert, an ordnance man, who was severely injured in the explosion at Fort Lafayette yesterday, died today, making the fifth death as the result of the accident. He regained consciousness before he died, but was unable to give any explanation as to how the explosion occurred. It was said today that John Clancy and Martin Thorgorsen, ordnance men, who were badly hurt, could not recover. The coroner, who has been called upon to issue death certificates for the men killed, said he had been unable to get any statement from the naval authorities concerning the explosion, and that until he got some kind of an explanation he would not issue the necessary certificates.

Dunlap Hats.

Opening day, Saturday.
A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Prop's, CLEVELAND, O. For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

NEW PARIS MODEL.



Costume of fine dark blue ladies' cloth, cut with fine gores, habit back. A flare cut circular flounce is set on under scallops from the knees, trimmed with black moire bands; bands of same simulating two flounces, and a narrow panel front. Seams lapped and stitched. Blouse is cut on "Gibson" waist order, with deep revers and collar with blue crepe de chine vest. Double effect sleeves with deep cuff over hands.

DULUTH MUSIC COMPANY.

"AN EMPHATIC HIT!"

"Unapproachable Value!" "The Piano You Want!"

The best values for the money ever offered in Duluth. A visit to our warerooms will convince you of the truth of the broad assertion.

Just Think of Buying a..... **Brand New Piano for $148,**

and paying for it in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS OF $5.00 ONLY.

Put $10.00 in your pocket and hurry to our store—it will double in size when once inside our door.

We Have Fifty Organs Going at from $5 to $50

These are instruments once worth from $65 to $200, taken in exchange on new pianos—chosen from our immense stock of over 200 instruments.

We Tune Pianos, Rent Pianos, Exchange, Repair and Refinish Pianos.

Friday and Saturday Special Bargain Days.

Good Square and Grand Pianos for $50 and $60,

—AND AN—

Upright Piano for $98.

Only used a little while, but we offer these inducements to make business hum when old methods of long prices and slow sales don't pay.. We have many other upright Pianos from $98 to $250—once worth double.. You are doubtful?. Well, come and see, you'll become convinced, and while here ask to hear the greatest of all self-piano players, the

PIANOLA.

Those who have Pianolas, come in and select your Pianola music.. A room has been provided for your comfort, where you can try the music by yourself and make your selection.. New music coming in all the time.. Pianolas sold on monthly payments.

COME AND BE MERRY.

Duluth Music Co.,

Corner Lake Ave. and Superior St. F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.

TO CRUSH STONE

New Industry to Be Established at West Duluth.

Duluth Men Organize a Company to Utilize Trap Rock.

Duluth is to have another large industry, a stone crushing plant, which will be located in Bellevue addition to the city, near the Duluth, Missabe & Northern company's tracks at the head of Central avenue, West Duluth.

The new concern will be known as the Duluth Crushed Stone company and its articles of incorporation were filed this morning with the register of deeds of St. Louis county. The incorporators are C. P. Frank, county surveyor; G. A. Tomlinson, the prominent local vesselman; C. A. Congdon, of the law firm of Billson & Congdon; C. A. Duncan, of Duncan, Brewer & Company, and W. J. Olcott, general manager of the mines of the Steel corporation. Other prominent people connected with the new corporation are L. C. Barnett, of the Barnett-Record company; T. P. Cole, president of the Steel corporation mining companies; Capt. McDougal, and W. B. Patton.

The company is capitalized at $50,000 the stock being divided into 500 shares and already subscribed for. The limit of liability of the concern is $25,000. The company will continue for thirty years from Feb. 21. The first annual meeting will be held the second Tuesday in January, 1904, and until that time the following will be the board of directors: C. P. Frank, G. A. Tomlinson, C. A. Congdon, C. A. Duncan, W. J. Olcott, T. F. Cole, and L. C. Barnett.

The officers for the ensuing year are: President, C. P. Frank; vice president, W. J. Olcott; secretary and treasurer, G. A. Tomlinson.

The new company will begin at once to build its plant, establish its yards and install modern stone-crushing machinery, at the site recently purchased in West Duluth.

C. A. Duncan said this noon that it would be impossible at this time to give an idea of the size of the yards required, but it was hoped that as soon as the concern gets under way a great deal of room will be required to handle its business. Mr. Duncan said that a large force of men would be given employment by the new industry and it was expected that this force would be increased from time to time.

The new company proposes to do a general business in crushed rock, concrete, building material, paving, paving material and other stone and rock products.

The territory in which it expects to do business is not confined to that in the immediate vicinity of the head of the lakes, but it expects to carry on a large business all over the Northwestern states, wherever there is a demand for the product of its plant.

The idea of a crushed stone works in Duluth, situated right at the base of supply has been advocated time and again and only last summer a St. Paul syndicating concern investigated the proposition with a view of locating such a plant here. It is claimed that the freight rates are favorable to the manufacturing of paving material and ballast for shipment to nearly every part of the Northwest, including the Twin Cities and even Chicago.

NEARLY FORFEITS HIS LIFE.

A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25 cents at Abbett's drug store.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

More New Vestings

Another new line of those handsome waist materials so popular this season. The weight adapts them for present wear as well as for wear later in the season. We have only purchased one and two pattern lengths of a kind, so that you may have a pattern well nigh exclusive.

The white patterns are most beautiful in effect. The colors are the daintiest one can conceive of, and yet they are made for hard service.

Prices 75c and $1.00.

Gray-Tallant Co.

INCREASING IN INTEREST

Ten New Yachts Will Be Built Before Summer.

At a meeting of the Duluth Yacht club, held in the Commercial club rooms last evening, it was announced that at least ten new yachts would be built before spring, all on the same model and for use in racing next season. The plans and specifications of the new boats were presented for inspection last evening by C. A. Pearson, of the Pearson Boat Construction company. The new yachts will be constructed along lines similar to the boats of the Minnetonka and White Bear lake class, so that races may be had with those clubs this coming summer.

It was decided to lay out a course for the races next summer, while the lake is frozen over and the course can be staked out. The starting and finishing point is to be at the new club house of the Duluth Boat club.

Piano Recital at Woodland TONIGHT.

Piano recital by pupils of Gerard Tonning, assisted by Miss Elizabeth Kendall Bailey, soprano and Mrs. A. W. Kuehnow, contralto, under auspices of Glen Avon Presbyterian church, Woodland tonight. Admission 25 cents.

ANOTHER FRUITLESS BALLOT.

Dover, Del., Feb. 20.—The twenty-seventh ballot for United States senator resulted in no election.

ST. LOUIS MAN FROZEN.

St. Louis, Feb. 20.—The dead body of A. W. Holbein, aged 50, manager of a feed store, was found in a vacant lot at Washington avenue and Twenty-ninth street, early today, frozen stiff.

BURNED BY GASOLINE.

Indianapolis, Feb. 20.—Because Harry Riddell tried to kindle a fire with gasoline today, Mrs. Mattie Riddell, Miss Louisa Riddell and Harry Riddell were seriously burned by the explosion which followed. They were taken to the city hospitaly.

Dunlap Hats.

Opening day, Saturday.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

Smokers, Notice!

We will sell as long as they last

ALL GENERAL ARTHUR CIGARS AT COST.

3 for 25c size go at 4 for 25c; 10c straight size go at 3 for 25c. By the box they go at cost price.

LUNDBERG & STONE, CIGAR DEALERS,

221 West Superior St.

MONEY FOR NORMAL

J. L. Washburn Explains the Recommendation to Legislature.

Sum Sufficient to Care For Duluth School Fairly Well.

J. L. Washburn, the newly-appointed member of the board of normal regents, returned from St. Paul last evening after he had aided in the preparation of a bill to go before the legislature, carrying the appropriations for the five normal schools in the state.

If the legislature makes the appropriation requested, the following allotment will be available for the Duluth normal school for the year ending July 31, 1904:

Current expenses for support of school	$25,000
Physical, chemical, biological and geographical apparatus	2,000
Library	1,500
Additional furniture	1,000
Manual training equipment	500
Additional salary for the president	500
General repairs	500

In addition to this the board recommended for making of special improvements for the current year:

For grading grounds, making walks, etc.	$ 2,000
Plastering and completing basement and other repairs to building, including tinting of walls	2,000
Additional fixtures	800

The total appropriation asked for is $31,800, and it includes increases in salaries of $500 for President Bohannon and smaller amounts for other teachers. The appropriation also provides for the employment of three new teachers before the next estimate is sent in. The estimate for the year ending July 31, 1905, is the same as the one for 1904, exclusive of the special improvements to be made in the ensuing year, with $5000 added to the support fund to take care of expenses accumulating with the natural increase of the school.

The first estimate for the maintenance of the Duluth school was about $20,000.

"The estimate sent in by my predecessor," said Mr. Washburn, "is, I understand, pretty well mixed up, and I have never seen it. It was sent in by the member from this district without consultation with the active head of the school, and is said to have been very low.

"The Commercial club appointed a committee to go before the proper officials some time ago and urge a sufficient appropriation to maintain the Duluth school. That committee made its appeal to the board of control, which has not yet made any recommendation to the legislature, setting forth the wants of the school and asking for a larger appropriation. The board did fairly well by this school, and its recommendation will come much nearer meeting the wants of the school.

"The state normal board met at the Windsor hotel Wednesday, Mr. Morey presiding, and all members present, with the heads of the five normal schools, and spent the entire day canvassing the situation and demands of each school, and undertook themselves the task of cutting down the demands of the several schools to the lowest figure deemed sufficient for the schools to get along with and do good work. Each school gave up where it could, with the hope the legisuature will accept the recommendation as made, and the requests of all schools are made as a unanimous recommendation of the board.

"A bill was prepared by ex-Congressman Comstock, President Morey, the state superintendent, and myself, which is now before the legislature and which we hope will be passed.

"If that bill is passed, the people of Duluth will be well satisfied, but with nothing less than that amount can the school be properly sustained or the public satisfied. These expenditures are enough less than the corresponding expenditures of other schools to give due consideration to the fact that our school is new.

"It is my belief that the coming two years will develop this school to a point where the attendance in the normal department will be well nigh equal to any other normal school in the state. This is due to a much greater need here than many appreciate for normal training, and because there is a demand for teachers in Northern Minnesota which it is difficult to supply. The almost universal request is that teachers should be graduates of normal schools and have a special training for the work.

"The corps of teachers thus far provided in this school is not inferior to that in any school in the state, and with the appropriation asked for we will be able to add to that list at least three others. President Bohannon intends presently to visit the towns throughout his district, tributary to this city, in the interest of the school, and it is believed the attendance at the opening of the next fall term will be double what it is now in the normal department. The attendance now is 130."

WANTED.

Four-Horse Teams for hauling logs at French River.

RED CLIFF LUMBER CO.,

301 Torrey Building.

SAFES ARE OPENED.

St. Louis, Feb. 20.—The three steel safes in the turf investment offices of E. J. Arnold & Co. were opened today by experts at the direction of Receiver Swartz. Two were found to contain only books and papers, and the contents of the largest safe has not been revealed. The legislative investigating committee resumed its inquiry today into the methods employed by co-operative concerns.

THE OHIO STATIONARY.

Cincinnati, Feb. 20—The Ohio river has been stationary at 49.4 from 6 a. m. until noon, and it is falling at upper river points. The danger line here is fifty feet. The weather moderated today so that the snow is melting and another flood is expected to follow the swell that now is passing down the Ohio river.

Duluth Consignment Co

The Cheap Store,

19 East Superior Street.

SATURDAY BARGAINS.

Boys' Suspenders—Good strong web, patent buckles. For Saturday special. While they last..... 4c

300 yards Ticking, well worth 12½c. Our price for Saturday at, per yard..... 6c

250 yards Curtain Swiss. For this sale special for, per yard..... 7c

150 yards Outing Flannel at, per yard..... 2c

1000 yards fine Dress Goods, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 qualities. For Saturday we will give you your choice for, per yard..... 39c

Children's Hose— All wool and silk mixture, per pair..... 11c

Ladies' heavy fleece lined hose, only..... 9c

Misses' Hose, strictly all wool, for..... 16c

Boys' Stockings, extra heavy, double heel and toe, at..... 12c

Boys' all wool Reefers, size from 4 to 8 years, well worth $5.00. Our price, for Saturday only..... $1.39

Men's winter Caps, 50c and 75c value. To make a clean sweep, at..... 15c

Men's Calf skin Mittens..... 9c

We have just received a fine stock of men's and boys' Hats. They will be placed on sale Saturday. Your choice of $2.00 and $2.50 hats for..... 99c

Boys' Knee Pants—Ages 4 to 12, at..... 14c

Boys' 2 and 3-piece Suits, good quality, at..... 74c

Better Grade Suits—Sizes 4 to 14, at..... 99c

Youths' Suits—In all colors and styles and good makes, for..... $2.79

Fine up-to-date Men's Suits, worth $12.00. Our price for Saturday..... $4.49

We have one lot of 50 fine tailor-made Suits, made of Cheviots, Meltons and Worsteds. The regular price of these suits is from $15 to $22. For Saturday only we give you choice of any suit for..... $7.50

7-ounce blue Denim ribbed or plain Overalls, at..... 39c

Swiss Conde, guaranteed strictly all wool, Underwear, the kind you pay $2.00 per garment. Our price..... 99c

Heavy wool fleeced Underwear, retails at 75c per garment. For Saturday, bargain at..... 29c

12 dozen Men's Cotton Flannel Overshirts. A good every day shirt for..... 39c

200 dozen fine up-to-date Dress Shirts, soft and laundered bosom, for..... 39c

Men's Sweaters—We have only a few left and while they last they will go at..... 29c

Men's Suspenders—Good web at..... 14c

Heavy farmer Suspender for..... 19c

Men's black and blue socks, good quality, regular 25c sock. For Saturday sale..... 9c

Ladies' wool fleeced Underwear at..... 33c

Natural grey wool at..... 59c

Fine ribbed Underwear at..... 19c

We also have a full line of Ladies' and Men's all combination Suits. We will place them on sale for Saturday at exactly one-half of their value.

Children's Underwear of all kinds. We will also place it on Saturday's sale at a large reduction.

Ladies' flannelette Wrappers, well made, at..... 69c

1000 yards of Table Oil Cloth, in all colors and patterns. The regular 25c quality. Our Saturday leader, at, per yard..... 12c

75c, $1.00, $1.50 Children's silk and wool Hoods and Bonnets. It being a little late in the season now, we will give you your choice for Saturday, only..... 19c

We have just purchased from an Eastern concern 25 dozen of firemen's California flannel Overshirts, double and single breasted. The regular price of them is $2.00 and $2.25. Our price for Saturday..... $1.00

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.,

STRANGEST OF BATTLES

Was Fought In Mine Deep In the Earth.

The most extraordinary battle ever fought underground was on the 400-foot level of the great $1,000,000 Independence mine at Victor, Colo., and Jay Miller, one of the mining engineers assisting in the capture of three desperadoes, who were stealing thousands of dollars worth of ore, is in Chicago and tells a dramatic story of the encounter, says the Chicago Tribune.

"Manager Shipman was aware that the mine was being robbed on a gigantic scale, but every trap to catch the thieves failed, and as a last resort he determined to establish a private watch. He chose Jack Bell, and arranged to have his secret himself near shaft No. 2, where the depredations were being committed.

"Bell was thoroughly familiar with all the ramifications of the big mine, which is 1100 feet deep and twenty miles long, and was one of the nerviest men in the whole outfit. I tell you it requires the finest kind of physical courage to stand guard in the bowels of the earth and know that any instant you may grapple with a desperate foe. In almost any other place your eyes become accustomed to the darkness, but there being no reflection in a mine, you are never able to distinguish an object. And when you are on secret duty you dare not light a candle because of the certainty of being discovered, and sit for hours in the oppressive silence and the black, impenetrable darkness is enough to drive a coward crazy. In the dreadful stillness the dropping of water sounds like the pouring of pistols, and when a chunk of earth drops it is as if an archangel had set off the whole artillery of heaven!

"The first night Bell went on watch from 1 to 6 o' clock, and he was cramped and stiff with cold when he signaled me to hoist the 'dinky.' The next evening he went down about midnight and got off at the 300-foot level. He groped his way through the 'bull pen' to the 'narrows' on the 400-foot level. This is a place about 10 feet square, and is a junction of the Independence and Emerson mines and commands an uninterrupted view of No. 2 shaft, which is a crossent connecting with the Strong property, where there was an unused shaft.

"Then men had left, and Bell was alone huddled behind the timbers. Suddenly there was a sound of footsteps in the direction of No. 2. Then he heard the low murmur of voices and saw three men by the flash of an electric torch as it was turned on for an instant while the men took their bearings, for a single misstep would have plunged them down hundreds of feet onto the jagged rocks of the levels below.

"The trio advanced slowly and cautiously and finally reached the 'narrows,' where they paused to light their candle preparatory to going down into the Emerson stope. They were so near Bell that he could have touched them had he put out his hand, but it was three to one and the risk was too great.

"As soon as they were out of sight, Bell slipped from his hiding place and crept like a cat to the main shaft, 400 feet away, pressed the electric button, 'four and two,' which was the agreed signal that we must be ready for war. When he came on top 170 eager pupils—she can accommodate no more—crowded around him.

"'Well, Jay, they are down there at the stope,' he whispered excitedly; 'we must work.'

"We telephoned Mr. Shipman, and in exactly eight minutes six fearless men were on the cage going down, Manager Shipman, Fred Strickland, night watchman; Alexander McDonald, shift boss; Lee Glockner, foreman, Bell and myself. We had our shooting irons, and on reaching the 400-foot drift we stood off and were ready for Mr. Shipman's orders. McDonald, Bell and Glockner were detailed to the 'narrows,' while Mr. Shipman, Strickland and myself went around the Emerson stope.

"We had not gone far when suddenly we saw the flickering flame of a candle about 40 feet below us. It was a picture for a painter, for around the huge heaps of rich sylvanite were three men rapidly stowing away the precious treasure into the skirts of their hunting coats.

"'Hi, there! What are you doing?'

"Manager Shipman's voice rang out sharply, and in the mine, where every sound reverberates, it was like an infantry from a thousand throats. Instantly the lights were extinguished and all was dark and still.

"'Surrender and you will be unharmed!' cried Mr. Shipman, but when the echo of his voice died away the mine was as silent as the grave.

"'I'll count ten, and if you don't light your candles we'll shoot!'

"He began counting slowly and distinctly.

"'One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine—ten!'

"No answer, and we fired a volley in the air. Again Mr. Shipman counted ten, and still there was no response. Then our bullets began spattering around the men below us, and for the first time one of the robbers spoke in a voice terrible in its concentrated rage:

"'You'll never take us out of here unless we go feet first, and some of you will go on top in the same way, for we'll shoot to kill!'

"Then we heard them rushing to No. 2 shaft, firing in our direction to cover the sound of their retreat. To cap the climax they set the loose rocks in motion and a thunderous pandemonium reigned.

"There was a gleam of an electric torch at the 'narrows,' where the brave trio kept their watch, and in trying to escape the desperate men made Bell's party their target. They ran swiftly and silently through the darkness, and just as they reached the 'narrows' the leader cried in a voice that Bell says he will remember when all else is forgotten:

"'Now we've got you—you can't get away from us, ——' and with the frightful oaths came the exultant howls of the robbers.

"As soon as the besieged men realized that the desperadoes were making for them they turned out the torch and waited for the attack. One of the thieves fired and Glockner's pistol answered, but his companions heard him stumble and they fell on their faces and crawled behind the chutes and posts, for the bullets of the thieves were falling thick and fast. It was a moment full of horror, for the 'narrows' was thick with smoke, and the only light in that awful darkness was the flash of their revolvers as the combatants exchanged their leaden compliments. The firing continued until the thieves were far down in No. 2 shaft.

"At this moment we joined them, and, lighting our candles, we found Glockner missing. As we made this discovery there came a faint, muffled moan from the jewelry store, and Mr. Shipman hastily dispatched Bell and Gill to rescue the injured man. He was hanging by his clothes onto a 2-inch piece of projecting iron pipe, and if it had broken he would have been dashed to pieces on the cruel rocks a hundred feet below. When he was shot he fell head foremost, and by a miracle landed on the slender support which saved his life. His rescuers had to carry him up eighteen feet to the level for he was absolutely helpless, as his ribs were caved in and the blood poured out of two frightful wounds, the left elbow joint being shattered and an ugly flesh wound in the right arm. Somehow he lived through it, but it was months before he was on his feet.

"As we were not certain the thieves were all out of the mine, an extra force of men was summoned and all the outlets closely guarded. Bell, Gill and myself went down into the Emerson stope, where the thieves had first been seen, and found they had uncovered a couple of inches of ore, and there was about half a ton of rich sylvanite that averaged about $8 a pound. Their entrance and exit to the mine was no less dramatic than the battle, for they had to climb up the ladder of the old shaft for 6⁰ feet. For a distance of twenty-eight feet there was no ladder, and they swung up sailor fashion by buckling heavy straps around the timbers. It was a perilous trip, hampered as they were by their load of ore, but we estimated that they made it in about eighteen minutes.

"There we secured our first clew to the identity of the thieves, for we found a torn letter, and a little later, when Lobb lowered himself with a rope into No. 2 shaft, he found their sacks and a bull's eye melted out of a lantern. When Bell, Gill and I explored the shaft we found the scraps of several letters, which, when carefully placed together, proved to be a letter signed by John B. Friedenstein and letters to him from Red Rock, Col.

"The evidence was placed in the hands of the great criminologist, John C. Frazier, who soon arrested Friedenstein in Anaconda and Hartley J. Lake and Kirch Kuykendall, who were found in Cripple Creek in bed with their boots on. Their electric torch was secreted in a flour bin, while in their stove were chunks of ore that looked like solid nuggets of gold.

"The long chain of circumstantial evidence was completed soon after, when Mr. Shipman and I visited the jail. As we passed Lake's cage he called out:

"'Say, won't one of you fellows give me a match?'

"'Did you ever hear that voice before?' I asked.

"'What!' Mr. Shipman cried. 'It is the voice of the man in the mine, whose frightful imprecations can never be forgotten!'

"The trial was a series of tragedies; the father of Kuykendall died of a broken heart when his son proved guilty, and at his funeral two of the attorneys for the defense placed their hands on the coffin and took solemn oaths to spend their lives in avenging the death of the aged man, who, they claimed was foully murdered by the false testimony of the detectives. Later one of them attempted to assassinate Mr. Frazier, but was disarmed. The lawyers for the desperadoes were all arrested and fined for subordination of perjury and the chief witnesses were arrested and jailed on charges of perjury.

"From beginning to end the affair was the most sensational in the annals of mining history. The colossal scale on which the mine was being robbed; the extraordinary nerve of the thieves in voluntarily attacking Bill's party 400 feet under ground; their theatric escape through the old shaft and their bitter and persistent efforts to escape punishment make it a capital theme for a blood and murder story, and if dramatically staged would make the reputation of a playwriter!"

Dunlap Hats.

Opening day, Saturday.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

Five Reasons

Why you can do better here in buying a Piano than at any other store.

1st In buying pianos as we do for cash, we own the goods at from 10 per cent to 25 per cent less than "consignment" or "long-time" dealers can obtain them for.

We are the only piano dealers in Duluth buying all instruments out and out for cash, consequently we are in a position to make the lowest prices, comparing quality for quality.

2d The expense of conducting this piano department in connection with a large and old established business in other lines is about one half that attached to any exclusive piano or music store.

3d We sell on most liberal terms of payment, as low as $5.00 a month if customers desire, and take old organs or pianos in exchange at good prices. Your notes remain in our possession and you have no outside parties to deal with, which is an advantage no other dealer here can offer you.

4th Buying for cash and not being under obligation to any manufacturer, we exercise the closest inspection of pianos as they arrive, and manufacturers understanding this, send us only the choicest instruments, reserving the less desirable ones for "long time" and "consignment" dealers.

5th You will find here a stock of over one hundred instruments, including such distinguished makes as *WEBER, VOSE, STERLING, CROWN, STECK, DECKER, BLASIUS, REMENT, HAINES, MARTIN BROS., ESTY AND HUNTINGTON.*

SEVERAL GOOD BARGAINS IN USED PIANOS ON HAND FROM $125.00 UP.

Every piano and transaction is backed up by our entire capital and reputation, besides the manufacturer's full guarantee.

Perfect satisfaction assured under all circumstances. Come and see our stock.

EXPERT TUNING AND REPAIRING.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First St. and Third Ave. W.

THE LAND DISTRICTS

Discussion of Proposed Change In Boundaries In Minnesota.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The rearrangement of the boundaries of the land districts in Minnesota is to be taken up with Land Commissioner Richards the latter part of the week. Congressman-Elect Steenerson, in whose district a large proportion of the public lands in the state is located, has been discussing the question with Senator Clapp, representative Eddy and McCleary and Representative-Elect Volstead with a view to reaching an agreement to present to the land office and secretary of the interior for ratification. An agreement has been reached that the boundaries of the present Marshall district are to be enlarged to take in part of the present St. Cloud district. The southern part of the western half of the state will be added to the new Crookston district, the land office to be retained there. The exact boundary lines are not determined, but it is believed the division of the area can be made so that each district will have about the same area of public land and all land officers will receive the same salaries. If there is any hitch in completing the division of the state it will be over the appointment of the land officers. If a new office is located at Cass Lake there will probable be a fight over registership and receivership. A. G. Bernard, of Cass Lake, who is here trying to get the agricultural lands opened, is credited with wanting one of these offices, although no formal announcement is made. He will probably declare himself when the redivision of the state is finally determined. Another complication is the disposition of the register and receiver at Marshall. They may want to be transferred to St. Cloud. But it is not certain that this will be done, because the present officers there will want to hold their places. Naturally they will not want to move to Cass Lake. The present boundaries of the Duluth district will be retained.

A FATAL JOKE.

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 20.—W. C. Clark, aged 25, a fireman in the employ of the Rock Island railway running east of this city was fatally injured yesterday as the result of the work of a practical joker. Clark was on the tender of his engine when a brakeman on top of a box car shouted to him to jump or he would be killed, at the same time indicating a wreck, and that he himself was about to jump. Clark leaped into a snowbank struck on his head, tore off his scalp and fractured his skull.

PRESTO (better than flour) IS A SURE RESOURCE

MOTHER OF SOLDIER

Who Died Under Water Cure Asks Justice.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Ellen C. Richter, of Syracuse, N. Y., has appealed to President Roosevelt for justice against Lieut. William Sinclair, whom she accuses of giving her son, Private Edward C. Richter, the "water cure" until he died.

She asks that Lieut. Sinclair be stripped of his uniform and her boy's body shipped home for burial.

Mrs. Richter asserts that on Feb. 7, 1902, at Das Marinos, Philippine Islands, Lltut. Sinclair ordered her son bound and gagged and ice water poured on his face for two hours and twenty minutes. The boy died. Sinclair was court-martialed and acquitted.

GOLDEN GOT A FRIGHT.

Meteor Just Missed Load of Nitro-Glycerine.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 20.—Edward Radabaugh and William Golden, teamsters for the Empire and American Nitroglycerine company, had a narrow escape from death while hauling 700 quarts of nitro-glycerine to a magazine in the Parker City oil field from the factory in this city. A meteor dropped from the skies and barely missed the wagon. It came diagonally across the sky. They described it as a great ball of fire. When a few feet from the wagon it burst and a volume of fire surrounded them. Golden was so shocked from the fright that he resigned.

SYMBOLICAL STATUARY.

Gustave Gerlach Is Sculptor Chosen For Minnesota.

St. Louis, Feb. 20.—All but three of the sculptored figures symbolical of the states or territories in purchase have been contracted for by the exposition through Chief of Sculpture Bitter. There are ten states and one territory, the list with the names of the sculptors being as follows: Montana, Antone Skidik; South Dakota, L. O. Lowrie; Arkansas, Albert Jaegers; Minnesota, Gustave Gerlach; North Dakota, Bruno Louis Zimm; Missouri, Sterling Calder; Kansas, Adolf Weinmann; Iowa, Carl Tefft, Wyoming, C. F. Hymann; Oklahoma, John S. Conway, and Louisiana, Rudolph Schwarz.

Max Mauch, of Chicago, will do a group surmounting the center, of the north pavilion of the machinery building.

FEELING IS CAUSED

By Attempt to Report the Ship Subsidy Bill.

Meeting of Committee on Monday Awaited With Interest.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Friends of the subsidy bill are more determined than ever to put that measure through the house at this session, and considerable trading is being indulged in to obtain this end. At the last meeting of the committee at which it had been previously agreed the subsidy bill would be voted upon, there were five absentees. They were Fordney, Republican, of Michigan, Belmont, Snook, McDermott and Small, Democrats. There are seventeen members of the committee and with five absentees there were twelve members present, who were equally divided on this question. Under the circumstances it was impossible to report the bill to the house, and owing to rumors that friends of the bell intended to take snap judgment on the Democrats, action was postponed until Monday.

It is said that the five members in question and another Democrat will remain away from the meeting on Monday and thus give the friends of the bill a majority, and enable them to report the subsidy bill to the house with a favorable recommendation. It is said on excellent authority that Representative Fordney absented himself in pursuance of an arrangement made with friends of the bill, by which some legislation should be put through congress.

Republican members of the committee who are opposed to the subsidy bill have served notice upon their Democratic colleagues that they must be present at the meeting on Monday to vote against the subsidy bill or the bill repealing the law which requires the presence of pilots on coastwise steamers will be rushed through congress at this session.

The Southern Democrat are greatly interested in the retention if the present law on the statute books, as it puts hundreds of thousands of dollars annually in the pockets of the Southern pilots. Nearly all the ships engaged in coastwise trade are owned in New England or in New York. Consequently, the people of New England are paying Southern pilots hundreds of thousands of dollars annually. If the law is repealed, of course the Southerners will be forced out of business.

An arrangement has been made with the senate whereby the pilotage bill will be rushed through that body after the house acts on it, if the subsidy bill is reported from the committee on merchant marine and fisheries. There is considerable log rolling as a result of this situation and much bitter feeling is growing out of it. The meeting of the committee on next onday will be awaited with great interest. The intention on the part of the friends of the subsidy bill to bring it up in the house in the closing days of the session is creating much uneasiness and determination to beat it.

A member from the Middle West, who is deeply interested in this question, said it would be impossible to get it through the house, as it would muster less than six Republican votes from Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Kansas and Nebraska. If the bill is taken up there will be a lively fight on the floor of the house.

CARDINAL GIBBONS

Replies to Judge Burns on Divorce Laws.

Baltimore, Feb. 20.—Cardinal Gibbons was by no means disconcerted by the criticisms of Judge Burns, of the Cardinal's comment on the easy divorce laws of South Dakota. He said:

"Why do people flock to South Dakota, not only from every state, but from England as well, when they wish to secure a divorce? The very fact that they go to that state is sufficient evidence of the greater facilities they have for obtaining divorces there."

Commenting on the suggestion by Judge Burns that the criticism of South Dakota practices was not founded on complete knowledge of facts, the cardinal said that he did not make the remarks inadvertently or unadvisedly, and added:

"I only wish it were not true. But there is a looseness of legislation in the marriage laws which is well known to the public, and which is a source of great scandal.

Concerning the large question of divorce evil in general, the cardinal said:

"I am filled with deep concern over the facility with which decrees of divorce may be secured. It is destroying all that is sweet and attractive in family life. It is breaking down domestic happiness and striking a blow at the very foundation of society."

LITTLE KNOWLEDGE

Of Drugs Is Dangerous, Says Chicago Physician.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Knowledge of the effects of cocoaine and morphine on the human system is taught in the public schools of Chicago, according to Trustee Kuflewski. At a meeting of the board of education Dr. Kuflewski introduced resolutions which condemned the present text books on physiology and hygiene and urged the appointment of a committee to secure better books and to get a revision of the state law compelling the board of education to give lessons on the effects of drugs and narcotics. The resolutions were referred to the school management committee with power to act.

In the preamble to his resolutions, Dr. Kuflewski pointed out that the state law compels the board of education to give lessons on drugs and narcotics, and that "a little knowledge of the effects of cocaine and morphine is very dangerous to the laity."

Dr. Kuflewski maintains that the knowledge is unnecessary, and that the less children know about drugs and narcotics the better it will be for them.

"I am protesting against the system which requires the teaching of uses of drugs," said Dr. Kuflewski. "The knowledge of the power of drugs should be left to physicians and should not be imparted to our school children. If we are compelled to encourage investigation into the use of cocaine and morphine we might as well praise the value of whisky as a stimulant. Knowledge of such matters should be kept out of the schools. People learn fast enough about the use of the drugs without having such knowledge drilled into them before they reach the age of reason."

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The only positive cure for blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, cuts, burns, bruises, eczeme and all abrasions of the skin. Max Wirth.

THE PRIMARY ELECTIONS

(Continued from Page 1.)

will give the farmers a chance to mix in the fight and will also have the effect of shortening the campaign, as the tendency will be to take a rest the after the tickets are placed in the field. Another change prevents independent candidates filing after the primaries. A third provides for a non-partisan judiciary by directing that the names of all judicial candidates shall go on all ballots at the primary election, and carries this into effect by providing that candidates for a judgeship can receive nomination of more than one party. The fourth provision is that each voter at the primary election, if he does not care to announce his party affiliation, can receive all of the ballots, and after voting one the others are to be put in a separate box kept for that purpose. This is intended to obviate the necessity of requiring voters to declare their party affiliations, if for any reason they do not care to do so.

Senator Peterson said that he was a party man, and he did not think anything should be done to permit the members of one party interfering with the nominations of the other, as would be the case if the Dowling bill went through.

The bills taking the congressional and judiciary nominations out of the primary election system were brought up, and Senator Laybourn said that he was against that proposition. The system had resulted very well in the selection of such candidates at its recent trial, and there is no good reason why such a change should be made.

Senator Alley, of Wright county, thought the only way to shorten the campaign was to make the primary election later than it is now, and to fix a date earlier than which affidavits of candidacy cannot be filed. The talk about the farmer having more time in June he did not agree with, as they seemed to him to be as busy in one part of the summer as another. He was very much in favor of a non-partisan judiciary, but he liked the law as it stood pretty well. He had a bill of his own which had been introduced, but it presented few radical changes. The most notable one provides that voters need only declare their intention of supporting the party whose ballot they ask for at the forthcoming election. Now they must not only declare this, but that they supported the same party at the preceding election. He did not believe in giving the voters all the tickets, as this left no check whatever upon them.

Mr. Hugo, of Duluth, suggested that the time of holding the general election be changed to the middle of December and that the primaries be held a month earlier. Then the farmers would not be busy, and the date would be agreeable to the city people.

On motion of Senator Dunn it was decided to give another hearing next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock before the committees take action on any of the bills.

* * *

Mr. Fryberger, of Minneapolis, yesterday afternoon announced that he would move today for a consideration of the passage of the inheritance tax law Wednesday afternoon. The ground on which he will ask the reconsideration is that the system whereby the state gets all of the tax is a gross injustice to the cities, which will be compelled to pay practically all of it for the benefit of the country districts. His point is considered to be well taken, but it is a point regarding which members from the country are singularly dense.

* * *

The bill introduced in the house yesterday by Mr. Cole, of Walker, providing for the taxation of logs, is an important measure. It is intended to seek out and tax logs that now escape taxation because of the present method of assessing them in the counties in which the owners reside. Mr. Cole estimates that under the present method but a small percentage of the logs cut in the state are taxed. In talking of the matter yesterday he mentioned a case where one owner of logs, when assessed, put up the claim that the 40,000,000 feet of logs that the authorities were trying to tax had been sold to a Chicago man. So the tax was levied against him, but he merely smiled sardonically, and though the authorities spent considerable money trying to collect the tax, they did not recover a dollar.

The Cole bill proposes to assess and tax the logs in the county in which they were cut. This will take in all of the logs now cut and transported to Canada, Wisconsin and elsewhere, thus escaping taxation. In order to get at all of the logs, it is proposed to create the office of county assessor of logs, who is to be appointed by the board of county commissioners, and whose duty it is to see that all of the logs are listed. Not nearly all of the logs are scaled by the state scalers, but out of 800,000,000 feet scaled in Minneapolis in 1901 by the official sealers, but 225,000,000 was taxed. In 1902 but 200,000,000 feet were taxed out of 665,000,000 scaled. This does not take into consideration the logs not scaled by official scalers. Log owners do not have to record their bark-marks, and this makes it practically impossible in all cases to find the owners of logs sought to be scaled. The Cole bill makes the taxes a lien upon the logs, and when they become delinquent the county auditor must notify the boom company that is handling the logs, and the company cannot deliver them to the owners until the taxes are paid. Storage charges thus involved have to be paid by the owners.

The bill seems to provide an adequate method of taxing logs and taxing all of them.

* * *

Senator Lord's resolution to adjourn April 2 is to come up next Tuesday, unless it is forgotten in the meantime, but it is not likely to pass. In fact, most members do not believe that with the work that has piled up and is piling up it will be possible to adjourn much short of the regular time. Incidentally, it is rumored that Senator Lord is being groomed by his friends as a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor.

* * *

The Hugo refund bill, which seeks to have the state repay to municipalities the cost of improving railroad property, is a special order for next Wednesday afternoon. While many of the country members are against it, most of them cannot help admitting that they see the justice of it, and there will be a hard fight for it. One country member, who has been rather opposed to it, has made the proposition that if the bill be amended so that the state only pays one-half he will vote for it, and, possibly, if the bill cannot be carried in its present form; it may fare better with that amendment.

* * *

The bill giving the Scottish Rite Masons of Duluth and elsewhere the right to incorporate and own property has been signed by the governor, and there is no longer any legal obstacles to the projected Masonic Temple on Second street, in Duluth.

* * *

The house will have a bill for the destruction of trusts shortly, as well as the senate. The house railroad committee yesterday afternoon decided to introduce the anti-trust bill prepared by the National Live Stock association, and it will go in as a committee measure. It is very similar to the Thorpe bill, introduced in the senate Wednesda.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Our First Anniversary.

THE anniversay of Washington, first president of the United States, also marks the birth of this store. Just one year ago on the 22nd of February, 1902, was the opening day of our store in this city. Since that time we have endeavored to conduct a strictly "up-to-date" men's shoe store. Your liberal patronage during the year encourages us to believe that our undertaking has been a success.

DURING the coming year we shall continue to serve your wants in the same line in the same courteous manner and respect as in the past. The styles shown will always be the latest, and will be made so as to give the most comfort to the wearer.

ON Saturday, the day that marks the beginning of the second successful year, we shall have a number of new spring styles for your inspection. Remember that these are the Newest Creations to be found in the shoe market.

The BROCKTON SHOE CO.,
311 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn. Only Exclusive Men's Shoe Store In the Northwest.

A STIFF INITIATION.

Superior's New Fire Chief Is Kept Moving.

Olaf Johnson, the new chief of the West Superior fire department, is being given a good start with new duties, for inside of thirty hours after he assumed the position of chief, the department received calls to five fires, two of which were of considerable size.

The last bad fire in West Superior occurred yesterday at Billings park, where the greenhouse of Miss O'Sullivan, a Tower avenue florist, was badly damaged. The greenhouse was outside the fire limits and the firemen had to fight it with the chemical engine and with snow. The damage is estimated at $5000. The greatest damage will be caused by the cold weather, the heating plant having been destroyed by the fire.

NEW SERUM

Said to Destroy Germs of Scarlet Fever.

New York, Feb. 20.—A physician in this city has now under observation a case which is the first experiment in this country with a new anti-streptococous serum which is believed to destroy the germs of scarlet fever.

Several days ago the doctor was called to see a frail little girl who had a severe attack of scarlet fever, with throat complication. Her temperature was 104 degrees. The doctor decided to try the new serum. Twelve hours after one injection the patient's temperature decreased 2 degrees.

In the morning of the following day it descended to normal, but rose again to 101 degrees. On the fourth day it continued normal. The last report is: "Temperature 99, pulse 94, respiration 24, and general condition good."

This new serum was discovered by Dr. Haines Aronson, a bacteriologist of Berlin. Experiments with this new serum for scarlet fever began last July, and the cases experimented on were selected regardless of severity. Eighty-eight per cent of those treated were discharged as cured and their recovery was without the usual complications of scarlet fever.

Marvelous Growth of Hair.

A Famous Doctor-Chemist Has Discovered a Compound That Grows Hair on a Bald Head in a Single Night.

Startling Announcement Causes Doctors to Marvel and Stand Dumfounded at the Wonderful Cures.

The Discoverer Sends Free Trial Packages to All Who Write.

After half a century passed in the laboratory, crowned with high honors for his many world-famous discoveries the celebrated physician-chemist at the head



MISS CLARISSA KERBY AND HER MARVELOUS GROWTH OF HAIR.

of the great Altenheim Medical Dispensary has just made the startling announcement that he has produced a compound that grows hair on any bald head. The doctor makes the claim that after experiments, taking years to complete, he has at last reached the goal of his ambition. To the doctor all heads are alike. There are none which cannot be cured by this remarkable remedy. The record of the cures already made is truly marvelous and were it not for the high standing of the great physician and the convincing testimony of thousands of citizens all over the country it would seem too miraculous to be true.

There can be no doubt of the doctor's earnestness in making his claims, nor can his cures be disputed. He does not ask any man, woman or child to take his or anyone else's word for it, but he stands ready and willing to send free trial packages of this great hair restorative to anyone who writes to him for it, enclosing a 2-cent stamp to prepay postage. In a single night it has started hair to growing on heads bald for years. It has stopped falling hair in one hour. It never fails, no matter what the condition, age or sex. Old men and young men, women and children all have profited by the free use of this great new discovery. If you are bald, if your hair is falling out, or if your hair, eyebrows or eyelashes are thin or short, write the Altenheim Medical Dispensary, 3368 Poso building, Cincinnati, Ohio, enclosing a 2-cent stamp to prepay postage for a free package and in a short time you will be entirely restored.

West End Bargain Guide.

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

BUILD UP THE WEST END BY PATRONIZING THEM.

Department Store.
Johnson & Moe, 2102-8 W. Superior st.

Jewelry and Watchmaking.
T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 W. First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
S. W. Hill, 1926 W. Superior street.

Groceries and Provisions.
O. Dahlsten & Co., 1928 W. Superior st.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Sup. st.

Hardware, Furniture and Dishes.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Stoves.
O. B. Johnson & Co., 1918 W. Sup. st.
C. E. Benson, 2023 W. Superior street.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, 1910 W. Sup. st.

Boots and Shoes.
Home Trade Shoe Store, 2013 W. Sup. st

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.

Dry Goods, Notions and Furnishings.
The Economy Store, 1534 W. Sup. st.

Photographs.
The Thompson Studio, 2005 W. Sup. st.

Installment Goods.
J. P. Crotty & Co., 1722 W. Sup. st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson & Co., 2017-19 W. Sup. st.

TO SUE RAILROAD.

West Superior Woman Put Off Iron Range Train.

Mrs. Albert Young, of West Superior, has instructed her attorney, George C. Cooper, of that city, to begin an action for damages against the Duluth & Iron Range Railway company. Mrs. Young claims that in company with Miss Harriet Marks she was ejected from an Iron Range train, which had been boarded by mistake, about a mile beyond Lester Park, and that the suffering brought on by exposure before they could get to a place of shelter has caused her to be confined to her bed. She claims they bought tickets to Eveleth from an employment agency, were passed through the gates at the Union depot and shoved hurriedly on to what they supposed was the Duluth, Missabe & Northern train. It is alleged that when the conductor took up the tickets he told the women of the mistake and put them off beyond Lester Park.

RUMORS OF TROUBLE.

Great Northern Machinists at Superior Dissatisfied.

There are rumors of an approaching strike at the machine shops of the Great Northern company in West Superior. The men employed at the shops are keeping pretty close mouthed about the plans, but some of them have admitted that unless there is a change on the part of the policy of the company there will be a strike next summer that will tie up the shops effectually. Dissatisfaction has been apparent among the machinists since the dismissal of four of their foremen, men who have been with the company for periods ranging from two to fifteen years and who claim that no reason was given for their dismissal.

INCREASES APPLICATIONS.

Applications For Aid Brought on By Cold.

The county board is now supplying sixty-six families in this city with fuel. Two cords of wood per day are required by the board. The cold weather of the past few days has caused an unusually large number of applications at the headquarters in the Mesaba block. Some of the cases are very pitiable, the applicants begging to be sent to the poor farm, where they are sure of being kept warm. Six old women and men have been sent out to the poor farm this week.

A. P. Cook, superintendent of the poor board, says that there have been more applications for help this week than at any other time this winter. The board is now caring for twenty-five widows west of the point of rocks, and of this number only eight or ten have more than one stove, and that in the kitchen.

HORACE WHITE RETIRES

As Chief Editor of the New York Post.

New York, Feb. 20.—It is announced that Horace White has retired from his position as chief editor of the Evening Post. Mr. White is succeeded by Rollo Ogden, for twelve years a member of the editorial staff of the paper. He will retain an editorial connection with the Post and will also remain as president of the Evening Post company.

Mr. White is almost as well known as a writer on finance and as an authority on Roman history and the Greek language, as a journalist. Born in Colbrook, N. H., in 1834, he was graduated in 1853 from Beloit college. He took up newspaper work and from 1864 to 1874 he was editor and one of the chief owners of the Chicago Tribune. Some of his best known works are "The Silver Question," "Coin's Financial Fool" and "The Gold Standard."

COL. KINLOCH

Promised New Command By Secretary of War.

London, Feb. 20.—William Bromley-Davenport, M. P., has abandoned his intention to initiate an inquiry into the forced resignation of Col. Kinloch, of the Grenadier Guards, by the house of commons, and no member on the government side will intervene in the matter. This is understood to be the outcome of an understanding with Mr. Brodrick, secretary of war, that Col. Kinloch will shortly be appointed to a new command. The question of the gards' scandal, however, will be raised by Lieut. Col. Nolan, member for North Galway, when it is expected Mr. Brodrick will make a full statement of the whole affair.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Pills | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

MARKET IS DULL

Wheat Moves In Very Narrow Range, Closing Slightly Higher.

Flax Trading Dead and the Market Closes Unchanged.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 20.—The wheat market started out steady this morning, advanced slightly and then ruled fairly steady. There were European war rumors circulated late yesterday and the lack of confirmation of the reports had a bearish effect. Favorable weather in the Southwest also had a weakening influence. On the other hand, cables were strong and the Northwest receipts were small. The seaboard during the morning reported a poor demand for wheat, but at the close it was found that 20 loads had been worked and 25 of corn. Minneapolis reported the flouring mills as selling large orders of flour. From abroad reports were mixed. From France came reports of more favorable weather, while Russia reported severe frosts in the southern portion of the empire and the ground bare of snow. In Argentina rains are retarding threshing. The Modern Miller was bearish on winter wheat crop conditions. The Liverpool market closed ½d lower, Paris unchanged to ½c lower and Berlin ½c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 417,000 bus, last car 592,000 bus. Shipments 125,000 bus, last year 240,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 35,000 bus. Argentine shipments during this week have been 1,728,000 bus, against 1,650,000 bus, last week and 648,000 bus last year. The exports from America this week as reported by Bradstreet were 2,713,792 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis 322 cars, and at Chicago 9, a total of 331 cars against 787 last week and 517 last year.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to increase 500,000 bus this week.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d higher. May corn in the Chicago market closed ½c higher and May oats ⅛c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 125,000 bus, last year 240,000 bus. Shipments 278,000 bus, last year 223,000 bus. Clearances 758,000 bus. Argentine shipments of corn this week were 40,000 bus, against 224,000 bus, last week and 48,000 bus last year. Bradstreet reported American exports this week of 3,729,453 bus.

Trading on the Duluth board was quiet and the market steady. May wheat opened ⅛c up at 77⅜c, sold at 77¼c at 9:32, and advanced to 77⅝c at 10:37, and held steady at that point up to about the close, when it eased off slightly and closed at 77⅝c. This was an advance for the day of ⅛c. Minneapolis declined ¼c and Chicago advanced ¼@⅜c.

Cash prices were unchanged at ½c under May for No. 1 northern to arrive, 1c under for in store, 2c under No. 1 for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3. Sales were 10,000 bus.

Flax developed rather more strength than was looked for, but the trading was almost dead. Argentine flax shipments were 616,000 bus, although about a million bus had been looked for. Last week they were 1,129,000 bus, and last year 736,000 bus. The May price moved up ¼c to $1.16½, but could not hold that figure and settled back to $1.16¼ and closed there. July flax closed ¼c higher. Stocks of flax at Duluth are estimated to show little change this week. There have been fairly large shipments and receipts have not been as heavy as heretofore.

There was an advance of ½c in oats on track and to arrive.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 77⅝c; No. 1 northern, 76⅝c; No. 2 northern, 74⅜c; No. 3 spring, 71⅝c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 76⅝c; May, 77⅝c; July, 77½c. Oats, to arrive, 34c; on track, 34c; May, 35c. Rye, May, 50½c; on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c. Barley, 35@51c. Flax, cash, $1.15⅜; on track, $1.14½; to arrive, $1.14½; May, $1.16¼; July, $1.13⅝.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 100; last year, 24; oats, 36; rye, 1; barley, 8; flax, 27.

Receipts of wheat—69,968; oats, 5881; barley, 4789; flax, 13,853.

Shipments—Barley, 2801; flax, 17,365.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.77¼
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	77
No. 1 northern, 1000 bus	77⅛
No. 2 northern, 1 car	75¾
Rejected, 1 car	74⅜
Oats, 1 car	34
Flax, 2000 bus	1.14⅜
Flax, 2000 bus	1.14½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Easier In Spite of Strong Cables.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Wheat opened easier in spite of strong cables and small receipts in the Northwest. The absence of any confirmation of the European war news which was circulated among traders late yesterday was the principal bear factor, although favorable weather also contributed to the easier feeling. May was a shade higher to ⅛@¼c lower at 77¼c to 77⅝c and, after selling at 77⅛@¼c, the market held fairly steady around 77⅜c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 322 cars, which with local receipts of 9 cars, one of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 331 cars, against 787 cars last week and 517 car a year ago.

The market was firmer late in the day on a better foreign demand and May sold up to 77¾c and closed ⅛@¼c higher at 77⅝c.

Corn was fairly active and opening prices were strong with May a shade to ⅛c higher at 45½ to 45⅝@⅝. There was a good scattered demand with but little offerings and prices held firm around 45⅝. Local receipts were 208 cars, none of contract grade.

The close was firm with May ¼c higher at 44⅝@⅝.

Oats were firm on a continuation of the good buying movement of yesterday and May was ⅛c higher at 35⅜c. The offerings were light which added to the strength of the situation while small local receipts, only 59 cars being received, also aided in the upward tendency.

Provisions opened strong on higher prices for hogs and on a good demand for pork and ribs from brokers, supposed to be for the account of local packers. May pork was 5 to 7½c higher at $17.70 to $17.75. May lard was to 2½ to 5c higher at $9.67½ while ribs were up 5c to 7½c at $9.70 to $9.72½.

Close: Wheat—May, 77⅝c; July, 78¾c; September, 72¼c. Corn—February, 43½c; May, 45⅝@⅝c; July, 44⅝@½c; September, 46c. Oats—February, 34c; May, 35¾c; July 35⅝@⅞c; September, 29½c. Pork, May, $17.55; July, $17.05; September, $16.70. Lard—February, $9.55; May, $9.55; July, $9.40; September, $9.40. Ribs—May, $9.60; July, $9.45; September, $9.40. Rye—May, 50¾c. Flax—May, $1.20@1.21; cash N. W., $1.15; S. W., $1.14. Timothy—February, $4.00. Clover—$11.05. Barley—Cash, 44@56c. Cash wheat—2 red, 75@75c; 3 red, 70¾@75c; 2 hard winter, 74@75c; 3 hard winter, 69@71c; 1 northern 75¾@76c; 2 northern spring, 77@78½c; 3 spring, 70@78c. Corn—2, 45½; 3, 42@½c. Oats—2, 34½c; 3, 33½@34c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market was very dull but rather firm. There was nothing in the cables that reflected anything but dullness and export business is on a small scale. There is some wheat being taken at centers for domestic milling but this movement is restricted by lack of cars. Consols were again a little lower but it is questionable whether the decline is due to political conditions or London financial conditions. There is enough uncertainty in respect of this latter feature to prevent much selling pressure. Outside trade is light. Estimated cars 300.

Corn—The market still maintains its strong undertone. A good class of local traders, notably the packing interests are the principal buyers. We are not accumulating stocks with a view to carrying through a period when stocks should be piling up. There is very little corn in cribs and the time is approaching when the movement from the interior will be small and with the opening in navigation the movement out is likely to be free. We do not consider the low prices on corn pending some certainty regarding coming crop as likely. Think May corn should be bought on the soft spots. Estimated cars 345.

Oats—There is no change in the cash position. There was an active speculative trade in this market. Cash trade is chiefly a large seller of May oats and they were bought by commission houses and local traders principally. Estimated cars 146.

* * *

Broomhall cables that the visible supply of wheat in the chief ports of Argentine today is 2,576,000 bushels against 2,240,000 bushels a week ago and 1,616,000 bushels a year ago. The visible supply of corn today is 187,000 bushels against 184,000 bushels a week ago and 134,000 bushels a year ago. The Argentine wheat markets are steady in tone with a moderate demand for exports. Arrivals from the interior are large and the quality is satisfactory.

* * *

Chicago: Indications now are for no radical change in the wheat visible for the week. The Northwest is to gain about 600,000 bus against 300,000 bus last year. A small decrease is more likely than a small increase. Primary receipts this week have been cut by the cold weather. Last year there was a decrease of 1,021,000 bus.

* * *

Modern Miller: There is no apprehension of damage to the winter wheat crop from the severe cold weather that recently swept over the country, except in sections where sheet without snow was experienced. The crop has had snow covering during most of the extreme cold and was benefited rather than harmed thereby. The movement of wheat to market was further restricted by the blizzard. There is an urgent demand for wheat at the accumulative centers by outside mills, which cannot be met because of inadequate rail transportation.

* * *

Broomhall cables: "Our Argentine cables are that the weather continues favorable for the moving of wheat. This is shown in the good increase in the visible supply as well as in the constantly increasing shipments. The closing firmness in American markets and slightly smaller Argentine shipments than had been expected, caused an advance of ¼c at the opening in Liverpool. Liquidation in March delivery caused a further decline of ¼c in that option. The more distant months remained unchanged."

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 20.—Wheat, May, 81¼c; July, 78½c. Corn, May, 52¼c; July, 50⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 20.—Close: Wheat, May, 76½c; July, 76⅝c; on track, No. 1 hard, 78¾c; No. 1 northern, 77¼c; No. 2 northern, 76¼@¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—	77⅝	76½	77⅝	81¼
High	77⅞	76⅝	77⅝	81¾A
Low	77¼	76¼	77¼-⅛	80¾-⅞
Close	77⅝B	76½	77⅝A	81¼A
July—				
Open		76½	73⅞-74	78⅜B
High	77⅛-⅜	76⅝-¾	74	78⅝
Low	77¼B	76⅜	73⅜	78⅜
Close	77¼B	76⅝	73⅞A	78¼A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	35⅞	45½@45⅝	$17.70@17.75
High	35⅞-36	45⅝-¾	$17.80
Low	35⅜	45⅜	$17.57
Close	35⅞	45⅝-¾	$17.65

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 76¼c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 76½@⅝c asked.
Curb, May wheat, 76⅜c bid.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—The early wheat market today failed to show much strength, prices being then at the lower points of the day, but the situation improved as the session progressed. The upturn on the May was from 77⅜@77⅝c. St. Louis picking up considerable wheat from 77½c up.

Main Office—332-334-335 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—306 West Superior Street.

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Members—Minneapolis Independent Grain and Stock Exchange, Chicago Open Board of Trade and West Superior Board of Trade.

Ship Us Your Cash Grain

We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.

WE BUY AND SELL

WHEAT, CORN AND OATS

for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.

We Charge No Interest For Carrying Long Stocks.

MARGINS 1c a bushel on grain $2a share on stocks

References—108 National and State Banks.

Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and to 57 Leading Towns of the Northwest.

General Offices, Bank of Commerce Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office, 220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 20.—Wheat—Spot, dull; 2 red western winter, 5s 1½d; 1 northern spring, 6s 9d; 1 California, 6s 11d; futures steady; March 6s 2¾d; May, 6s 1¾d; July 6s 3d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed, new, 4s 6½d; American mixed, old no stock; futures, steady; March, 4s 5¾d; May, 4s 3d. Receipts, wheat during the past three days, 237,000 centals, including 70,000 American. Receipts, corn, during the past three days, 82,800 centals. Weather clear.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000. Market steady to strong. Good to prime steers, $5.50@6.00; poor to medium, $3.25@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.35@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.40@4.60; canners, $1.40@2.50; bulls, $2@4.35; calves, $3.50@8; Texas fed steers, $3.50@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 27,000; tomorrow, 15,000; left over, 6,079. Market 5@10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $6.90@7.30; good to choice heavy, $7.30@7.50; rough heavy, $6.85@7.25; light, $6.50@7; bulk of sales, $7@7.20. Sheep—Receipts, 7,500. Market strong to 10c higher. Good to choice wethers, $5@5.75; fair to choice mixed, $4@5; western sheep, $4.75@5.75; native lambs, $4.75@7.10; western lambs, $4.75@7. Official receipts: Cattle, 9,400; hogs, 28,796; sheep, 9,900. Shipments—Cattle, 5,246; hogs, 7,409; sheep, 564.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery prints	27	
Storage, creamery, tubs	25	@ 26
Dairies, fancy	18	
Packing stock	14	
EGGS.		
Fresh	20	
Storage	17	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	14	
Twins, full cream, old	10	@ 14
Full cream, young America	13	@ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15	
Limberger, full cream, choice	15	
Primos	8	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	17½	
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14	
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75	
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@ 2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocoanuts, per doz	65	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	
FRUITS.		
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@ 4 00
Turkey figs	1 10	@ 1 85
California pears	2 50	
Cranberries	11 00	
Bananas	1 50	@ 2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 50	@ 3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
Mexican oranges	2 75	
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50	@ 7 00
California oranges, seedlings	2 25	
California navels	2 75	
VEGETABLES.		
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25	
Beets, bus	50	
Carrots, per bus	50	
Cabbage, per cwt	90	@ 1 00
Turnips, bus	40	
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50	
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
Lettuce	1 25	@ 1 50
Green onions, per doz	65	@ 75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	2 00	
Cauliflower, crate	2 75	
Mint, per doz	30	
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65	@ 75
Potatoes	50	
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00	
Red cabbage	75	
Squash	1 50	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	2 75	
Fruit juice	4 00	
Duffy cider	3 25	
POPCORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Geese	14	
Hens	14	
Turkeys	18	@ 19
Ducks	16	
Spring chickens	15	
MEATS.		
Mutton	7	
Lamb	9	@ 10½
Veal, good	8½	@ 9½
Dressed beef	6	@ 8
Hogs	9	
Pork loins	11	
Pure lard	10½	
Compound lard	7½	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Butter—Firm; creameries, 18@26c; dairies, 14@25c. Eggs—Easier at mark, cases included, 16½@17c. Cheese—Steady, twins, 12½@13c; daisies, 13@13½c; Young Americas, 13½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 20.—Butter receipts, 3026 packages, firm; state dairy, 16@25c; extra creamery, 27½c; held creamery, 18@25c; creamery, common to choice, 19@25½c. Cheese receipts, 514 packages, firm; state full cream fancy large and small, colored and white, fall made, 14½c; late made, 12½@14c. Eggs receipts, 14,167 packages, easy; state and Pennsylvania average best, 17½c; Western fancy, 17c; Southern, 16½c; refrigerated, 9@14c.

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STRONG IN STOCKS

Support Given to Thursday's Weak Features Improved Tone.

The Close Was Steady With Generally Good Feeling.

New York, Feb. 20.—There was an irregular recovery in prices at the opening today with a few prominent stocks lagging with small declines. Stocks which were most depressed yesterday led in the rally, Metropolitan Street Railway, Copper and St. Paul showing large fractional gains. St. Louis & San Francisco moved up strongly nearly 3 points.

Buying orders predominated in the later dealings and the support extended to yesterday's weak features aroused a better feeling. St. Louis & San Francisco met realizing orders and lost a point of its opening gain, but was pushed up again. The first preferred and second preferred gained 2¾ and ¾ respectively. Hocking Valley rose 2¾. Substantial advances were also made in St. Paul, Atchison, New York Central, Amalgamated, Tennessee Coal, Smelting preferred, Metropolitan Street Railway, Metropolitan Securities and Brooklyn Transit, which ruled between 1 and 2 points higher.

There was little life in the market outside of a few strong stocks, but prices were well maintained. The St. Louis & San Francisco group was the feature. The first preferred rose 5¼, the second preferred 4⅞ and Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis preferred 2¼. The United States Pipe stocks, Allis-Chalmers and St. Louis Southwestern preferred rose 1 to 1⅝. Bonds were steady at noon.

Prices of the St. Louis & San Francisco stocks were shaded on profit-taking sales, but the market otherwise was firmer with some demand for the trans-continental group. Obscure stocks were more generally dealt in and registered some shary changes. American Beet Sugar advanced 4 points, the preferred 12. Maryland Coal preferred 5, Soo 2½, New York Central 1¾ and Kanawha & Michigan, Anaconda and Erie second preferred 1. Metropolitan Street Railroad and copper rose a fraction higher than before.

Active bidding for Metropolitan carried it 2½ above yesterday's close, but other stocks continued sluggish and uninteresting. Consolidated Gas fluctuated very erratically and showed a gain of 1 point at one time as did Pressed Steel Car preferred, and Wabash preferred. Northwestern sold at a decline of 4½ with allowance for the stock subscription rights off, and Toledo, St. Louis & Western preferred lost 1.

The rise of 2¾ in Wabash preferred lifted other members of the Gould group, the Rock Island stocks and Kansas City & Southern a point in sympathy. Union Pacific and Chicago Terminal preferred rose 1, Smelting 1⅝ and Metropolitan Securities 2¼. Hocking Valley reacted 1¼, Westinghouse fell 7, Pullman 1⅝ and Detroit Southern preferred 1. The rise in Wabash preferred started with the announcement of advances in the wage schedule. Prices advanced generally, but moderately. The closing was quiet, active and firm.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	73¼	72	73¼
American Sugar	131	130	130¾
Anaconda	120	117½	120
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	87⅝	87	87½
do pfd	100¾	100¾	100⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	98¾	98¼	98⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	70	69	69½
Canadian Pacific	137⅜	137	137⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	51⅝	50¾	51⅜
Chicago Great Western	27	26¾	27
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	177⅝	176⅜	177⅝
Chic. Rock Island & P	49¾	48⅝	49¼
Rock Island preferred	81¼	80¼	81¼
Colorado Fuel & Iron	75	74⅜	75
Erie com	39¼	38⅜	39⅛
General Electric	200½	199	199¾
Illinois Central	144⅞	144¼	144⅞
Louisville & Nashville	126	125⅜	126
Manhattan Elevated	142¾	142	142¾
Metropolitan Street Ry	139¾	137¾	139¾
M. St. P. & S. Ste M	78	76	77¾
Mo. Pacic	113⅝	112½	113½
N. Y. Central	148¾	147⅝	148¾
Norfolk & Western	74¾	73¾	74¾
Pennsylvania	149½	149	149¼
People's Gas of Chic	104¾	103¼	104⅝
Reading	63¼	62⅝	63⅛
Republic Steel & Iron	22¾	21⅜	22⅜
Southern Pacific	64¼	63⅝	64¼
Southern Railway	35½	34⅞	35¼
Tennessee Coal & Iron	66⅛	65¼	66
Union Pacific	102	101⅜	101⅞
United States Leather	14⅝	13⅞	14
U. S. Steel	39⅛	38⅝	39
do pfd.	88¾	87¾	88¾
Wabash	31⅝	30½	31¾
Western Union	89⅞	89⅝	89¾
Wisconsin Central	28	27¾	28
do pfd.	53⅝	53	53⅜
Northern Securities, 112⅛ bid¼			112¾ asked

The total sales were 405,300 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has a little better tone. It is still extremely dull and the buying seems to be largely in the way of covering shorts put out yesterday. Gold exports do not materialize and the little flurry in consols in London seems to be due to local financial conditions. There is no breadth to the market, however, and the whole situation is wearying. There will be no further market until Tuesday.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Although to the majority of the brokers the decline in prices is a disappointment it is welcomed by them because the deadlock is at last broken, the market is out of its rut. The feeling is that it will develop increased activity and that stocks are a purchase. The fact that all kinds of adverse reports are being circulated to help along the campaign for lower prices calls for the criticism that when this sort of ammunition is resorted to its originators are pretty near the end. Apart from rumor about the only reasonable contention advanced by the present bear leaders is that railway corporations will be in the money market for $100,000,000 between now and May 1. It is thought in banking circles, however, that these proposed borrowings are much exaggerated for effect both on speculation and lending rates. It is also believed that a goodly proportion of the new bonds to be issued between now and spring will be placed abroad.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today opened steady and with better tone. The scares of yesterday seems to have been gotten over and prices stiffened up. During the middle of the day the transactions were light. Later there was some good buying and the market became quite strong. The tractions made up most of their losses and the whole market looked better. There was some short covering and this helped. Money continues easy. We do not look for any particular advance until the public become more interested. The close was steady and strong and with a generally good feeling.

* * *

Dick to B. E. Baker: New York Central shows good support since the tip was sent out to sell it. The advance of a point this morning was on the very best character of buying. Continued buying of Frisco common which advanced the shares more than four points has been of inside character. There is no important news on the market.

* * *

Chicago to Coe Commission Co.: The complete statement of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Co., shows that the unexplained credit of $392,436 referred to the other day was the result of capital operations and had no place in the annual statement. The earnings were satisfactory enough without resorting to questionable methods of inflation.

* * *

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: The opening firmer and was marked by strength in St. Louis and San Francisco issues. The advance was accompanied by rumors of some special alliance of importance with Morgan interests. The tractions were strong. Metropolitan rallied 2 points on a general denial of any defalcation in the company. While the general market was firm it was not very active. The trading for commission houe accounts was exceptionally light after the second hour, and the market broadened and all the railway and industrial issues continued to show advances on buying largely due to the shorts.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14	14½
Arcadian	5⅞	5⅝
Allouez	6¼	6⅜
Atlantic	12¾	13
Anaconda	29	30
Amalgamated	73⅛	73⅜
C. & H.	528	530
Centennial	30½	31
Copper Range	73½	74
Franklin	12	12½
Bingham	36½	37
Mass	15¾	16
May Flower	2	2¼
National	1⅜	1½
Isle Royale	14½	15
Wyandot	1⅜	1⅝
Elm River	3¼	3¾
Trinity	13	13¼
Dominion Coal	.....	129½
Mohawk	56½	57
Michigan	10½	11
Old Colony	1¾	2
Old Dominion	21¾	22¾
Osceola	75	75½
Parrot	32½	33
Phoenix	6¾	7
Quincy	120	122
Rhode Island	3	3½
Tenn. Copper	29	30
Santa Fe	2¾	3
Tamarack	175	180
Tecumseh	1	1½
Tri-Mountain	106½	107
Utah	31¼	31¾
Victoria	8	8¼
Winona	8¾	8⅞
Wolverine	69½	70
Daily West	38¾	39½
United Copper	30	31
Greene	24	24½
U. S. M.	26¼	26¾
U. S. Oil	15¼	16
L. S. & P.	75	80
C. & P.	100	165
C. & A.	125	150

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 20.—Money on call steady at 2½@2¾; closed 2½ per cent; time money firm, sixty days, 4¼; ninety days, 4½; six months, 4¾@5; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bill at $4.87.75 for demand and $4.84.65 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84¼. Bar silver, 48¼c; Mexican dollars, 37¾c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 20.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 4@5 points on cables that were a great deal better than had been required to match the closing of the New York market the previous day. On the call and after the trade was very heavy and the entire market was in a nervous, feverish mood with fluctuations frequent. Thus within ten minutes after the opening the market had a set-back of 7 to 8 points; rallied from the decline, again declined to the lowest and still later worked back again to the top, the movement of cotton continues small with port receipts for the day as estimated at 22,000 bales, against 33,126 last year.

Cotton spot closed steady; mid. uplands 10.65; mid. gulf, 10.30. Sales, 1,779 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady; February, 9.95; March, 9.83; April, 9.84; May, 9.85; June, 9.67; July, 9.67; August, 9.37; September, 8.74; October, 8.47; November, 8.37.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance $286,486,686; gold, $104,006,224; silver, $19,342,944; U. S. notes $5,366,864; treasury notes of 1890, $59,645; national bank notes, $18,066,715; total receipts this day, $1,504,445; total receipts this month, $31,665,936; total receipts this year, $366,285,723; total expenditures this day, $1,631,000; total expenditures this month, $39,775,000; total expenditures this year, $337,300,870; deposits in national banks, $150,404,545.

GREAT INTEREST

Taken In the Trial of Dr. Duncan.

Pittsburg, Feb. 20.—The desire to hear more of the sensational testimony introduced yesterday afternoon in the trial of Dr. Ellis Duncan, charged with the shooting of Charles Head, crowded the criminal court room today when the case was resumed.

Dr. Duncan again took the stand for cross-examination.

When on the stand Duncan said that he carried the revolver for self-protection, having learned of the rough character of the camp. He had not thought of the legal consequence that may have followed his action, but even if he had he did not think he would have changed his course of action.

CURRENCY BILL

For Philippines to Receive Favorable Report.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The house committee on insular affairs by a strict party vote today authorized a favorable report on the Philippine's currency bill as it passed the senate, but recommended that it be amended by striking out the senate provison for an international commission, also by inserting at the end of section 2 the following:

Provided, that debts contracted prior to the 31st day of December, 1903, may be paid in the legal tender currency of said islands existing at the time of the making of the said contracts, unless otherwise expressly provided by contract.

CONFEREES AGREE.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The conferess on the bill for the protection of the president have agreed and their report has been submitted to the house. The senate accepts the house amendment to the original bill with some changes in the wording.

OPPOSED TO SUBSIDY BIL.

New York, Feb. 20.—The Merchants' association of New York has sent a letter to Representative Grosvenor, chairman of the committee on merchant marine and fisheries of the house, expressing the association's opposition to thes hip subsidy bill. A paper which accompanies the letter summarizes the views of the association on the bill.

FIRE AT ZANESVILLE.

Zanesville, Ohio, Feb. 20.—Fire of unknown origin at an early hour today threatened the destruction of an entire Main street business block. Schoonfiled's clothing store was burned and Fritz' bicycle store and other business places were damaged. The total loss will amount to $50,000, partially insured.

REVOLUTION INCREASES.

Panama, Feb. 20.—The revolutionary movement in Honduras is increasing. At Choluteca, Macaome, Pespire, Yuscaran, Daull and Gracias outbreaks have occurred in favor of President-elect Bonilla. Gen. Emiliano Herrern, chief of the presidential forces, has been defeated at Olancho. Gen. Sierra, president of Honduras, has since then assumed supreme command of the army.



SECRETARY COR..ELYOU, OF THE NEW DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, AND HIS WIFE.

The new cabinet position, the department of commerce, of which George B. Cortelyou will be secretary, is now in existence by act of congress. Mr. Cortelyou is well known as the private secretary of Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt. In a few years he has risen from the position of a stenographer to that of a cabinet officer.

THE COMPANY GROSSLY NEGLIGENT

Pueblo, Col., Feb. 20.—After an investigation extending over several days and during which numerous witnesses were examined, the jury impanelled to investigate the death of the five men who were fatally burned at the steel works last week, has just returned a verdict charging gross negligence against the Colorado Fuel & Iron company. The verdict states that the men came to their death by the overturning of a ladle filled with molten iron due to the defective design of the ladle; that the defect of the ladle was known to the Colorado Fuel & Iron company before the accident and that the officers were guilty of criminal negligence. The verdict caused quite a sensation.

WATER IS FULL OF COLI COMMUNIS

St. Louis, Feb. 20.—According to Dr. Allan Revold, former city bacterologist of St. Louis in his testimony before the Chicago drainage canal commissioners, 65 per cent of the water in the city's settling basins contains coli communis. This is a form of bacteria showing animal pollution, and the Missouri authorities expect to prove by experts that the presence of the harmful germs in St. Louis' water supply is caused by Chicago emptying its sewage into the Illinois river, which in turn flows into the Mississippi, which furnishes the water supply for St. Louis.

OWL PLAYED GOOD POKER.

Bird Lost Faith In Human Nature, However.

Uncle Allison had raised the owl from a fledgling and had trained it to capture rabbits and such and bring them home," said the man from Flintlock, to the New York Press, "but even an owl won't stand for a five-ace hand in a poker game and that's how Uncle Allison lost the bird.

"Uncle lived alone and when the owl had watched him play solitaire for several years he undertook to teach the intelligent bird the only real game of cards. The bird being one of unusual wisdom took right to the game, and it wasn't but a couple of weeks before he was a fair poker player. Then Uncle Allison decided that, instead of just playing for the fun of the game, some kind of stakes ought to be put up.

"'Poker without something to play for,' he said to the owl, 'may be all right for the infant class in Sunday school, but it is no game for a man of my years or a bird of your wisdom. We'll play a little freeze-out each evening. If you win, you will get a double allowance of salt meat. If I win—which is to be hoped for—'twill be up to you to hustle out into the wintry night and hunt up a stray rabbit or something that I can use for my next day's dinner.

"The owl nodded in his solemn way. So they sat down to the game. Uncle Allison was a good player, and of course, had more experience than the guileless owl. The owl lost all his chips in less than an hour. It was a cold, wintry night, but the owl was game. As soon as he was broke he toddled over to the door, as much as to say he knew he had lost and was willing to go and hunt for something to pay his losses with. In the morning he was standing at the door, half frozen and waiting to be let in; but alongside of him was a fat rabbit he had picked up somewhere. Uncle Allison cooked the rabbit for dinner and congratulated himself on having struck a game whereby he could get fresh meat without paying for it.

"For quite a while the game went on every evening to the satisfaction of Uncle Allison, he generally winning. But at last the owl came to thoroughly understand the game. Then things were different. The owl had a face for a born poker player. No matter what he held his expression never changed. Of course, the wise bird couldn't talk, but whenever he wanted to make a bet he pushed in the chips with his claw. When he 'dropped out' he just threw down his hand.

"Uncle Allison found he was all at sea as to what the owl would be holding, while his pet could size up his hand almost every time. The result was that instead of good Uncle Allison getting fresh meat free, he found he was

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Slaughter sale of high-class shoes.

Gray's fine shoes—"Ultra" shoes and other $4.50, $4.00, $3.50 and $3.00 shoes for women, are all included in a great clearing sale to reduce stock and get ready for the coming grand shoe stock, which is to excel all other assortments of shoes for women in Duluth.

Last day's selling of Gray's fine $4.50 and $4.00 light hand-turned dress shoes, or heavy-soled street boots, all the late styles, mat or kid tops, 6 styles to select from, all sizes.... $2.69

Four complete lines of ladies' $4.00 shoes, all heavy soles—velour calf or vici kid stock, military or the low wide English heel, all new goods, all sizes and widths, Saturday only... $2.98

The Ultra shoe for ladies is sold in every city of any size in the United States for $3.50; lace or button, light or heavy soles—special price on this shoes for Saturday only, pair.. $2.48

Ladies' $2.50 shoes, three styles, all sizes and all widths—patent leather tips, vici kid stock, new Boston last, Cuban heel —Saturday only—per pair..... $1.69

Little gents' Casco calf Bals., double soles, city heel—$1.35 values—Priced specially for Saturday only—per pair..... 98c

Misses' shoes, worth from $1.50 to $2.00, lace and button —sizes 11 to 2—a snap at only, per pair..... 98c

Infants' 50c soft sole shoes, fancy colors—for tomorrow per pair..... 25c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT.

SUBSTITUTES FOR COAL.

Various Systems That May Be Successfully Used.

The briquette industry in Germany, France and Belgium has been developed by long, careful scientific experience. In Germany briquettes are made from brown coal (lignite), carbonized peat and the waste of bituminous coal mines, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Household briquettes, as made in Germany, from brown coal, peat and, to a limited extent, from anthracite dust, are used for grates, heating and cooking stoves and ranges, and form the principal hous hold fuel of Berlin and other German cities. They are clean to the touch and kindle readily, burn brightly, and are cheaper in Berlin, ton for ton, says United States Consul General Frank H. Mason, than anthracite or good bituminous coal. Various machines for the manufacture of household briquettes are on the market. These pulverize, elevate, dry and finally compress the material into brick-like forms eight inches long, four inches wide and two inches thick. These are retailed and delivered in Berlin at a summer price of $2 per 1000, and at a winter price of $2.50.

The German industrial briquettes are made of bituminous coal dust held together by a matrix of mineral pitch—coal tar derived from retort coke ovens of gas manufacture—and are used for firing locomotives and steam boilers generally on German merchant steamers and in the navy, for smelting in reverberatory furnaces, and for many other kinds of heating in industrial processes. Although not smokeless they are more nearly so than is bituminous coal. The output, as in the case of the household briquettes, is controlled by a syndicate. The state railways of Prussia bought 680,000 tons of these industrial briquettes during the first nine months of 1902 for use as locomotive fuel. In 1901 the total syndicate output, for household and industrial briquettes, was 1,566,385 tons, and the total syndicate sales 1,550,220 tons, at an average price per ton of 13.33 marks ($3.13). With German experience as a guide, there is no reason why Americans ambitious to engage in briquette making should look for information regarding processes, machinery, cost, and the availability of a particular product. Mr. Mason says there have been an unusually large number of inquiries on the subject of late, showing a gradually increasing interest in the subject of fuel economy.

The manufacture of coke and briquettes from peat or turf, according to Mr. Mason, is relatively in the experimental stage, although there are several factories in successful operation, notably one at Koenigsbung and one at Stettin. One process consists in compressing dried peat between hot rollers, by which it is carbonized and transformed into coal at the same time. According to the inventor one ton of dried peat, costing in Germany 38 cents, will produce from 1200 to 1500 pounds of peat coal. The make one ton of coal the cost is 63 cents for the dried peat and 22½ cents for labor, making the net cost for metric ton 87½ cents. This system, however, has not been successfully and continuously worked as yet on a commercial scale.

The Shlickeysen system, practically and successfully operated at Munich and elsewhere, produces peat briquettes of high calorific value without the application of heat, and simply by the action of kneading and drying. The machine is portable and its endless belt or elevator, running in a long trough, fills away at a peat bed until the supply is exhausted. The material drops from the elevator into the machine, where it is cut, torn, kneaded and compressed into two-thirds of its original bulk, and comes out in cubes which are still further dried. Peat, in its natural state, contains about 80 per cent of water. This process extracts not only much of the water between the hairy vegetable fibers of which peat is composed, but much of that contained in these minute fibers themselves. As turf briquettes, however, ordinarily contain about 6% per cent of inflammable elements, the rest being inorganic ash and a residuum of water, they are inferior to the brown coal briquettes, which contain 70 per cent or more of inflammable material. There are several other machines and processes in use.

There are thousands of square miles of peat deposits in the United States, ready to be turned into peat briquettes, or burned in dried chunks, should the coal situation become sufficiently acute to require this. They are found in New England, New York, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Alaska. True peat is a dark brown or black, often fibrous, substance, derived from the accumulation and decay of vegetable matter under water. It is most commonly formed from a moss, its purity depending upon the quantity of sediment absorbed. Many interesting facts concerning its formation, chemical values and uses will be found in the forthcoming report of Dr. F. J. H. Merrill, state geologist and director of the New York State Museum. True peat will not be confused w turf, even though the latter, when dried, will burn and give off considerable heat.

The most notable experiment in New Jersey peat digging of late years was conducted last fall by John D. Canfield, a wide-awake citizen of Morristown. The result was a perfect demonstration of the efficiency of peat as a fuel. Work was necessarily suspended on the approach of winter, but Mr. Canfield was so encouraged by the outcome of his venture that he intends to resume operations in the early spring, when he will employ some machinery just imported from Germany, which he expects will cheapen the cost of production. In an interesting talk with an Eagle representative on the results of his experiment, Mr. Canfield said:

"It is impossible properly to dry peat in the open air after early autumn. I took out, in all, perhaps one hundred tons. So much of it as became dry enough was burned by me in the boilers of the Normandy Heights Water Works, and at my own house. I found it satisfactory as a fuel, especially for steam making, burned it in open grates, in my furnace, at my home, and in the kitchen range, and had no other fuel during the coal famine."

"Did you sell any of the peat?" Mr. Canfield was asked.

"No. I did not, although I was offered $5 a ton for forty tons as it lay on the ground during the strike."

UNKNOWN DEAD

Found In Bowery Lodging House Early This Afternoon.

No Clew to Identity---Taken There By a Bartender.

Bowery booze and exposure were evidently too much for an unknown unfortunate man found dead this afternoon in a lodging house at 523½ West Superior street.

The positive cause of his dying will be determined by a post-mortem examination this evening, but the theory is that he either choked to death from the nauseating drunkenness, or the liquor he had been drinking and exposure he had been subject to for lack of proper clothing called for greater activity than his heart was capable of, and it simply ceased to beat.

He died with his boots and all other clothing on in room No. 7 of the New Branch lodging house, where he was taken by a bartender from a Bowery saloon. He was taken there at 11 o'clock last night and the bartender paid for his night's lodging.

When found dead this afternoon there was nothing in the pockets of the man's clothing to indicate who he was, and he was without a cent of money.

Efforts to find the bartender that took him to the lodging house failed, and until this man can be found it is not likely that the unfortunate's identity can be established.

The body was taken to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms, where the post-mortem examination will be held.

INTERESTING HISTORY.

Land Office Involving Founder of Town of Faribault.

A letter received today at the local land office brought to light certain interesting facts about Alexander Faribault. The letter contained orders to set aside the suit brought to set aside the patent to certain lands scripped by Mr. Faribault.

Alexander Faribault had been appointed guardian of the estate of Harriet Faribault, his sister-in-law, and her children. According to the report of the special land agent who has been investigating the case he appropriated to his own use certain Sioux half-breed scrip which belonged to Mrs. Faribault and her children applied it to certain lands and sold the land. The widow did not know of this until she received a communication from a lawyer asking whether she had yet made any use of her scrip and desiring to purchase it. In this manner the whole affair was brought to light. The lawyer communicated with the general land office in the interests of Mrs. Faribault, and owing to a mistake in the records duplicate scrip was issued to the latter. This was applied to land, a patent obtained and the land sold. It has recently come to light that there was duplicate scrip issued and it was attempted to annul the patent to the land obtained under the duplicate scrip. The letter from the department dismisses the suit.

Scarlet Fever.

There are seventeen cases of scarlet fever in the city. Six in its vicinity caused the temporary closing of the Endion school. The danger of epidemic is not great, but the health authorities considered it best to take all necessary precautions against a spread of the disease. Today deputy health inspectors are thoroughly fumigating the interior of the school and the text books used.

SHOT BY CONSTABLE.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—While attempting to serve a writ today in the furniture store of Phalen & Rentzow, Constable Patterson, of a local justice court, shot and fatally wounded Albert Hicks, and probably fatally wounded H. S. Griswold. The constable escaped arrest.

COLD STOPS WORK.

Elizabeth, N. J., Feb. 20.—The cold has stopped all operations in the Crescent shipyards here, where men are working on the cruiser Chattanooga. Yesterday the mercury registered from 9 to 14 degrees below zero.

STATEHOOD BILL

Strongly Advocated By Senator Burton In the Senate.

Mr. Quay Objects to Article In New York Paper.

Washington, Feb. 20.—When the senate met at 11 a. m. today it was still the legislative day of yesterday, a recess having been taken last night until this morning. The proceedings were still behind closed doors.

The Panama canal treaty was laid before the senate. Senator Morgan yielded the floor to Senator Burton (Rep.), an advocate of the omnibus statehood bill. He spoke especially of the importance of the passage of that measure, only indirectly referring to the treaty. His contention was that while the canal treaty might be a meritorious measure, the statehood bill was equally so, and that it should be voted on. Mr. Burton was congratulated upon the conclusion of his remarks.

Mr. Dubois (Ida.) followed with a speech in criticism of the treaty and of what he characterized as the summary action of the Republican caucus.

The most interesting event of the day transpired before the beginning of routine proceedings, when Senator Quay rose to a question of personal privilege. He sent to the desk and had read an article from a New York paper of this morning, accusing him of violating a pledge which, the paper stated, he had made in the Republican caucus Wednesday to support the treaty to the exclusion of every other subject.

He said such was not the case, but on the contrary he had protested to the last in the caucus against any action looking to the displacement of the statehood bill. He called upon other senators to testify to this effect and several did so, among them Senator Foraker, who said that he was quite sure that Senator Quay had made no such pledge.

Senator Lodge stated that he had not heard him make any. Senator Nelson expressed the opinion that a pledge was at least implied.

Senator Hoar thought that the proceedings of the caucus should not be revealed, not even in an executive session of the senate.

Senator Burton expressed the opinion that there should be a committee on publication and having taken the floor for that purpose, went on with his statehood speech.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 20.—At the opening of the session today, the speaker laid before the house the invitation of the St. Louis Exposition commission and the Exposition company to the congress to be present at the dedicatory exercises April 30-May 2, 1903.

Mr. Tawney (Minn.) presented a joint resolution which was adopted, accepting the invitation on behalf of the congress and providing for the appointment of a committee of seven senators and eleven representatives to represent the two bodies. A resolution was adopted to print 24,000 copies of the memorial address on the late President McKinley delivered in the house a year ago by Secretary Hay, 16,000 for the use of the house and 8,000 for the senate. Several other printing resolutions were adopted.

Mr. Overstreet (Ind.) called up the report of the conferees on the bill for the protection of the president, which was adopted without division.

The consideration of the Philippine currency bill with senate amendments was set for Tuesday next. The house then proceeded to the consideration of the fortifications appropriation bill.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Pelham Manor, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Harry Hale Smith, 25 years old, the son of Brig. Gen. William Smith, U. S. A., is dead here from pneumonia. He was born in St. Paul, Minn., where his father was stationed for several years. He was graduated from Cornell university with the class of 1900. He was a member of the Chi Phsi and a well known baseball player at Cornell.

San Francisco, Feb. 20.—Jean Clara Walter, once an actress of national fame, is dead in East Oakland. Forty-five years ago she made her debut playing the duchess of York in "Richard III" at the Newark theater, Newark, N. J. Later she played in many cities with John McCullough, Fanny Davenport and other stars. She died in poverty, her estate being valued at $100,000.

Great Barrington, Mass., Feb. 20.—William E. Tefft, aged 62 years, for many years one of the leading dry goods merchants of New York, is dead at his summer home here, after a brief illness.

London, Feb. 20.—The bishop of Southampton, Arthur Temple Lyttleton died today at Petersfield, Hampshire. He was born in 1852.

New York, Feb. 20.—Dr. Ashley A. Webster, one of the best revolver shots in the country and an expert wing shot, died at his home in Brooklyn yesterday. His death is said to have been due to an automobile accident which occurred several months ago in which he was badly bruised.

DEATH BRINGS REUNION.

Four Sons Brought Together By Father's Death.

Alexander Beaton, a native of Scotland, aged 65 years, died yesterday of Bright's disease at the home of his son, Thomas Beaton, 615 Fourth avenue west. Mr. Beaton has resided at the head of the lakes for the past twenty years.

His death brought about a meeting of his four sons, who have not seen each other for over ten years. His one son, at whose home he died, has lived in Duluth for a number of years, and the others have been scattered throughout the state and in other parts of the country. The meeting between the four sons over the deathbed of the father was a very effecting one. They had been so long separated that their features were scarcely known to each other, and each of the four brothers, who until about ten years ago had lived all their lives under the same roof, found that he was almost a complete stranger to the other three.

REVENUE CUTTER ASHORE.

Camden, Me., Feb. 20.—The revenue cutter Woodbury is ashore on Lime Island bar, but is resting easily.

FIVE BODIES RECOVERED

From Ruins of Cedar Rapids Fire, Frightfully Charred.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Feb. 20.—The bodies of W. A. Mowry and an unknown woman were taken from the ruins shortly after 11 o'clock. The bodies were frightfully charred. Searchers are now at work.

Three more bodies were removed from the ruins shortly before 2 p. m. Their condition was such as to preclude identification. Three or four of the injured are believed to be dying.

ANTI-TRUST PROGRAM

Of the Administration Is Now Complete.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The president late today signed the Elkins rebate bill. With the signing of this measure the administrations anti-trust program for this session of congress is completed.

BRYAN VISITS CONGRESS.

Washington, Feb. 20.—William J. Bryan held an informal reception in the lobby of the house of representatives today, shaking hands with members, some of whom he served with when he was in congress.

COURT-MARTIAL ORDERED.

Washington, Feb. 20. — Secretary Moody has ordered the trial by court-martial of Ward K. Wortman, the ensign in charge of the 8-inch turret of the Massachusetts when the recent explosion occurred on that vessel, which resulted in the death of the entire gun crew, nine in number. This is a reversal of the recommendation of the court of inquiry.

RIDING ON THE TRUCK.

Tireless Hobo Who Has Traveled 37,000 Miles.

Having traveled 37,000 miles, a large portion of which has been accomplished by riding between the axle bars under the sleeping cars of the limited express in half a dozen countries, Edward Sims, a young man with Bloomington, Ill., as his home, but now in New York endeavoring to secure employment in the engine room or the cook's galley of any steamer bound for Buenos Ayres, at which point he contemplates refewing acquaintance with the car examiners of sundry railroads of South America.

Sims came from Chicago to New York by the Pennsylvania Limited and Royal Blue Line flyers, journeying from the Windy City to Pittsburg under a sleeping car and varying his experience between Pittsburg and Washington by making the trip on the roof of the Pullman car Oconomowoc.

Since he left home, on September 25, 1901, for his last trip, which was to take him to Australia and thence to Ireland, Scotland, England, Germany, Belgium and France before he resumed his original methods of travel in the United States, the young man has strictly avoided freight trains; although he admits that on two occasions, for very short runs, he was guilty of paying railroad fare. Journeying under sleeping cars between side rods and in coal boxes is not only safer, he says, but, as he naively remarks: "When one has so much to see, how is a fellow to waste the time?"

Mr. Tawney (Minn.) presented a joint resolution which was adopted, accepting the invitation on behalf of the congress and providing for the appointment of a committee of seven senators and eleven representatives to represent the two bodies. A resolution was adopted to print 24,000 copies of the memorial address on the late President McKinley delivered in the house a year ago by Secretary Hay, 16,000 for the use of the house and 8,000 for the senate. Several other printing resolutions were adopted.

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RATHBUN'S

29 East Superior St.

Telephone 656 — SIMON CLARK, Manager.

SATURDAY SPECIALS---Representing extra good values in Table Goods.

EGGS	EGGS	EGGS
Three varieties in the market.		
Strictly New Laid, for boiling, poaching, or frying—per dozen—	Country Held— not storage— for cooking—per dozen—	Storage Eggs— for cooking purposes —per dozen—
25c	20c	18c
BUTTER	**BUTTER**	**BUTTER**
New-Made Creamery, extra fine—per pound—	Storage Creamery, per pound—	New-made Dairy— per pound—
28c	25c	22c

SALT WATER FISH

Finnin Haddies, extra fine lot—per lb	4 K K K K Salt Herrings—3 lbs for	Bloater Mackerel—extra fat—per lb—
10c	25c	20c

SUNDRIES

3-lb cans Success Java and Mocha—perfect quality—for..	85c
2-oz bottles pure Vanilla and Lemon Extract, per bottle	10c
4 dozen Seedless Juicy Oranges—for	25c
Fancy Navel Oranges—per dozen	25c

Full line of Green Vevetables at Popular prices.

Genuine Jersey Sweet Potatoes—6 lbs for	25c
Large fancy Red Table Apples—per peck	35c
Pure Leaf Rended Lard—per lb	12c
Best quality Snowflake Potatoes—per bus	50c
3 heads fancy Leaf Lettuce for	10c
3 cans Standard Corn, Peas or Tomatoes	25c
2 cans Superb Corn, Peas or Tomatoes	25c.

RATHBUNS, 29 East Superior Street.



VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and **best quality wheat** makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Prompt Delivery Everywhere.

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY,

199—Both 'Phones—199.

17 East Superior Street.

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Onions, per bunch	5c
Radishes, per bunch	5c
STRAWBERRIES, per qt box	40c
Sugared Walnut Dates, per lb	15c
Fresh Tomatoes, per lb	15c
Fresh Cucumbers, each	15c
Domestic Swiss Cheese, per lb	13c
Table Raisins, per lb	15c
Seeded Raisins, per pkg	10c
Three packages for	25c
Dried Apples, 7c lb, or 4 lbs for	25c
Evap. Prunes, small, 6 lbs for	25c
Evap. Prunes, large, 4 lbs	25c
Catsup, per gallon	40c
Catsup, in 10-gal kegs, per gallon	35c
Whole Codfish, per lb	5c
Boneless Codfish, per lb	7c
Sugar Cured Hams, per lb	13c
Shoulder Hams, per lb	10c
Lard, 2 lbs for	25c
Butter, fresh dairy, per lb	20c
Butter, storage Creamery, per lb	22c
Butter, fresh Creamery, per lb	25c
Navy Beans, per peck	60c
Coffee, 10-lb Good Coffee	$1.00
If you want a delicious cup of Coffee, buy our 3-lb can for	85c
Tea Dust, per lb	15c
Jap. Tea, per lb, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c	
Ceylon Tea, nothing better at any price, per lb	50c
Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, 3 cans	25c
10 bars Soap	25c
Apples, per peck 25c, 35c, 40c	
Oranges, per case	$2.00
Oranges, doz 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c	
Navel Oranges, per case	$3.00
Honey in the comb, each	15c
Apples, per barrel	$3.00
Soda Crackers, by the box, per lb	6c
Eggs, storage, per doz	16c
Eggs, fresh, per doz	23c
Sour Kraut, per gallon	20c

We carry a complete line of choice fresh Fruits and Vegetables at lowest prices in the city.

Bargains Tomorrow.

If you want the best quality for the least money, then this is the store to buy your Tea, Coffee, Baking Powder and flavoring extracts.

Good Santos Coffee, 2 lbs	25c
Regular 22c Golden Santos, per lb Or 6 lbs	18c $1.00
Extra fine Java and Mocha, per lb Or 4½ lbs	25c $1.00
Regular 35c Java and Mocha, per lb Or 3½ lbs	30c $1.00
Particular people should try our Old Government Java and Mocha, none better, per lb	38c
For an extra fine Tea try our 60c Ceylon. Tomorrow only, per lb	45c
3 lbs Cleaned Currants	25c
2 lbs Seeded Raisins	25c
12 bars Laundry Soap	25c
4-lb package Swift's Washing Powder	19c
Cocoa shell, per lb	1c

Goods Delivered Everywhere.

Malcomson Tea Store,

G. F. Amborn, Mgr. 8 First Ave. W.

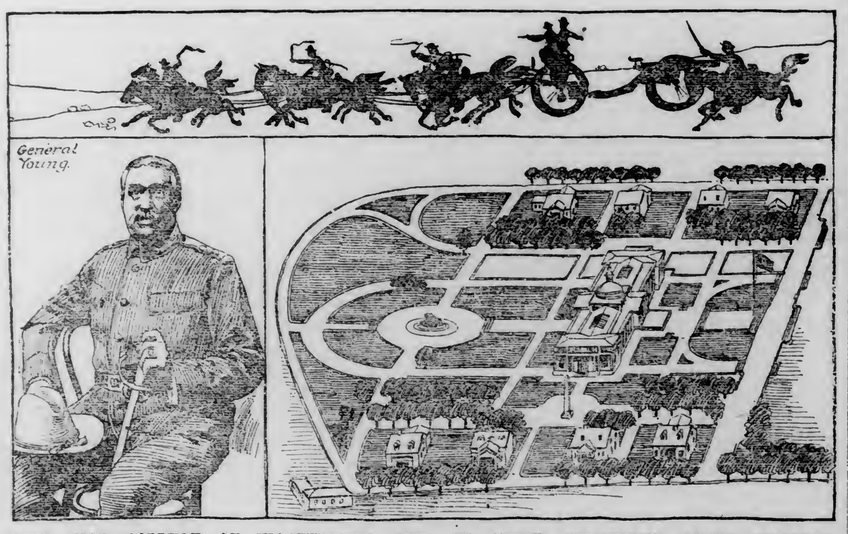
'Phones--Zenith 529; Old 1098.

Yellow front off West Superior Street.

Commander Flour.

Your grocer sells it.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.
ZENOTA FLOUR
DULUTH, MINN.



NEW WAR COLLEGE AT WASHINGTON AND ITS FIRST PRESIDENT, MAJOR GENERAL S. B. M. YOUNG.

FEB. 21, 1903, will long be remembered in the military history of the United States as the day when President Roosevelt laid the cornerstone of the Army War college, Washington. The officers who will be detailed to take a course at the war college will be those who have been recommended as distinguished graduates of the general service and staff college and such field officers and captains as may be specially designated by the war department. The main building is to be in the center of the reservation, the officers' quarters being located along the water front. It is near the main building that it is proposed to place the statue of Frederick the Great which Emperor William has presented to this government. North of the main building is the engineers' school of application, which has been in operation for some time, where junior officers of the engineers are prepared for active duty.

WIFE HAS PRIVILEGES.

A distinguished Brooklynite asks me to arbitrate a difference between his wife and himself, says a writer in the Brooklyn Eagle. It seems that they are accustomed to drinking one glass of claret each with their dinner. The other evening, when the decanter contained only two glassfuls, the servant managed to upset it and spill half the wine on the floor. A dispute then arose as to who should have the remaining glassful. The man, being the stronger, held his wife at arm's length while he poured the grateful fluid directly from the decanter down his thirsting throat. Thereupon the wife declared him to be a mean old thing. This is the status of the case as submitted to me.

Howsoever painful it may be to decide against the weaker party, I, as a just arbitration tribunal, must hold that the husband was entitled to that half of the wine which remained in the decanter. It is a well-established and perfectly proper rule of polite practice that the woman shall be served before the man is. Therefore, had not the servant upset the decanter the first of the two glassfuls should have gone to the wife. Hence, it logically follows that the wine on the floor was her's, while that remaining in the decanter was her husband's.

The decree of the court is that the husband is a perfect gentleman, and that the wife was permitted to enjoy all the rights and privileges due to her exalted sex.

4 I found myself in Belfast. Hearing that Generals Kitchener and French were almost due, I stowed away on a boat for Liverpool, tried the London & Northwestern to London, and the London & Southwestern to Southampton.

"Saturday, July 12, I stowed away on the St. Louis. On my arrival here I was taken to Ellis Island and asked to prove that I was an American citizen. Fortunately this was easy, and they let me go."

Sims' more recent experiences include a journey to the Northwest to help in the harvesting; a journey "underneath" from Minneapolis to Chicago; four weeks spent at home, and finally the fast run from Chicago to New York on the Pennsylvania and Royal Blue Line expresses.

If You Have ANYTHING TO SELL —THE— Want Columns of The Herald WILL SELL IT FOR YOU.

IF YOU WISH A SERVANT —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET ONE FOR YOU.

THE HERALD'S WANTS WILL SATISFY THE PEOPLE'S WANTS

IF YOU DESIRE A POSITION —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET IT FOR YOU.

If You Wish TO RENT Your Property —THE— Want Columns of The Herald. WILL RENT IT FOR YOU.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

SWELL RESIDENCE SITE.

we have for sale one of the finest 150-foot corners in the East End at a great bargain.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

For Investors

$9000 Gilt edge first mortgage on central business property for sale by

A. W. Taussig & Co.

305 Providence Building.

$550 on easy terms will take lot 40x125, upper side Helm street, between 28th and 29th avenues W. Street has all improvements. Cheap lots everywhere. Let us write your fire insurance.

Geo. H. Crosby,

106-7-8 Providence Bldg.

REGULAR SEA SERPENT.

A Big Shark Chased the Whole Crew.

"Speaking of sharks,' said the former marine, to the New York Sun, "one naturally associates the idea of slaughtering the brutes with the vision of a formal array of strange and powerful weapons. Make no common error, however. I once captured a shark 17 feet long—no less—with a common fishhook. Don't grin, it is true as Gospel. I had always supposed that the shark hunter used a kedge anchor for a hook, and nothing less than the body of a yearling pig for bait.

"Tell you about my own particular shark? All right, here goes. We were in the tropics, in fact we had just crossed the line that morning, and were trying to slant into the mouth of the river Para, with something less than a tablespoonful of wind to steer by. I was a greenhorn then—in fact it was my first voyage, and everybody from the skipper down was eternally springing the stock ocean gags on me, such as the Flying Dutchman, sea serpents and the like.

"The skipper's chief stunt in this line was the periodic bailing of sea serpents from the break of the poop, and then giving me the horse laugh when I almost turned turtle leaning over the side to stare at a long, black, streak of common seaweed.

"This day I speak of there was a new note to the Old Man's voice, as he bellowed: 'Sea-sarpin, boys! No kiddin this time.'

"I craned my neck over the old Woodbine's taffrail, and my eyes nearly bulged out of my head when I saw three great big green shiny looking things trailing along on the port quarter.

"'Sharks!' I gasped, although I had never seen any before.

"And 'sharks!' echoed the captain in his gruff voice. 'Cook, bring the shark hook,' he commanded, 'and a hunk o' pork'.

"The shark hook was a villainous looking affair, a foot long and made of half-inch iron.

"The cook shuffled along the deck, and baited it as he came with a couple o' pounds of pork. Then he hitched it onto the tail end of a halyard and cast it over the side.

"'Bite?' No sir-ee. Them sharks just took a sniff apiece, and then turned up their noses at that mess o good fat pork. Then they turned around and stuck their heads out of the water and snorted. They was so big they lashed the water all afoam, and the old barkentine shook like an ashpan from stem to rudderpost.

"'My meat,' says I, not referring to the pork, but to the sharks. With that I dived inside of my headgear and produced a little bit of a fishhook. Then I dug out a cod line, and in a minute was trailing a morsel o' pork the size of a hickory nut abaft the stern. Say! you should ha' seen them sharks go for that hook which is why I always say that it ain't so much the size of the bait as the attractiveness of it. Say! less'n ten seconds one o' them sharks had that hook in his upper jaw, and was just leadin' along like a halter-broke colt. The skipper's eyes was bulgin' out, and he was 'dammin' his peak halyards' and 'dousin' his sidelights' tremendous.

"Well, I led the shark close up astern, and the first mate hove a running bowline around the cod line and slipped it down over the critter's snout. Then we hove him aboard. Say! he didn't act like any halter-broke colt when he got aboard. He was more like a bean-fed billygoat. The way he climbed across the quarter-deck was a caution. By way of saving 'how d'ye do,' he bit the heel of the cook's shoe in passing. Next he slid down the after companion, and a minute later there was more kinds of a rumpus going on in that crimson, upholstered cabin than anybody ever heard of before.

"The skipper had an organ that he used to look at and think of home, and mister shark allowed he'd hammer out a few tunes before he quit. The way he thumped that old music box was enough to make your hair stand. While this was going on the skipper roared:

"'All hands below here! Bring an ax! Bring a coil of rope! Bring a pair o' handcuffs!'

"Well, sir, that cabin looked like a slaughter house on a misty morning before you could say, 'Scat!' because the fool of a cook cut the reptile's tail off, right there in the cabin. Finally we hoisted him out of the skylight.

"After that all you had to do to get the skipper on his ear was to whisper: 'Sea serpent.'"

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

22 lots in block 173 and 154, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues West for..... **$9000**

7-room house, No. 322 Third avenue West **$2600**

25 feet on First street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues West; lays perfect, and very cheap.

7-room house, stone foundation, within five blocks of the postoffice; easy terms; price..... **$1200**

7-room house in West Duluth; would cost $1200 to build now; good location; can be bought for cash..... **$700**

100-foot corner, on Fifth street and Third avenue East.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

HOME-SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS VIA THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY TO POINTS IN

Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee and Virginia. On Tuesdays,

Jan. 20th, Feb. 3rd and 17th, March 3rd and 17th, April 7th and 21st.—

At the very low rate of one fare for the round trip plus $2.00 to $5.00. Tickets are good going 15 days, and for stopovers South of the Ohio river, with final limit for return of 21 days from date of sale. On same dates

One Way Settlers' Tickets

will be sold to points in same territory, including certain points in Florida at half rate, plus $2.00 from Ohio River Gateways. Lines north thereof will also one fare.

For information about rates etc., call on your nearest ticket agent, or write

J. S. McCULLOUGH, G. W. P. A.
225 Dearborn, Street,
Chicago, Ill.

For information about farm lands, business locations, etc., write

J. F. OLSON, Agent.
Land & Industrial Dep't.
Chicago, Ill.

G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A.
St. Louis, Mo.

Burlington Route

St. Louis and the South

Are conveniently and comfortably reached by our two trains a day.

The Limited, leaving Minneapolis at 7:25, St. Paul 8 p. m. daily, arrives in St. Louis the following afternoon. Combination Compartment and Standard Sleepers and Reclining Chair Cars.

The Scenic Express, leaving Minneapolis at 7:30, St. Paul 8:05 a. m. except Sunday, arrives in St. Louis early next morning. Sleeping Cars from Rock Island south.

This is the most direct route from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Clinton, Davenport, Rock Island, and all Mississippi River cities.

Passengers by either train make close connections with lines South, Southeast and Southwest in St. Louis Union Station.

ASK YOUR HOME AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTO . 98 98 98

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$5000
TO LOAN AT
5½ %

$6500 60-foot lot and building, with four flats of five rooms each; modern conveniences; in Portland division. Ten per cent net.

$850 corner 100 by 140 feet in Endion.

$1600 50 feet on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$2200 200 feet on Fourth street, near Incline.

$8 per acre for 80 acres near the Jean Du Luth stock farm. Good buildings; partly cleared.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Wilson F. Showerman, Plaintiff, vs. Matie O. O'Keefe, Charles J. O'Keefe, Clyde Seward Showerman and all persons unknown, having or claiming an interest in the property described in the complaint in this action, Defendants.
The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff, in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated January 21st, 1903.
DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Duluth, Minn.,
No. 400-406 First National Bank Building.
The lands described in the complaint in the above action and which are sought to be divided in said action, all of which are demanded to be set off to plaintiff, are situated in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and are described as follows, to-wit: Lot forty-one (41), in block one hundred twenty-seven (127), and lots thirty (30) and thirty-two (32), in block eighty-seven (87), Duluth Proper, Third division, according to the original plat of said division of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis.
DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-23-30-Feb-6-13-20-27-1903.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an application has been made to me by Caroline U. Olson, under the provision of Chapter 42, General Statutes of 1878, and acts amendatory thereof; for a deed to so much of lots nineteen (19), twenty-four (24) and twenty-six (26), West Dick street, in that part of Duluth, formerly called Portland, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, as lies within the limits of lot ten (10) block one hundred five (105) in Portland division of Duluth in St. Louis county, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof. Said application will be heard before me at the Court House in the city of Duluth in said county upon Saturday, the 28th day of February, 1903, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at which time and place all persons claiming such portions of said lots, or any right, title or interest in them, or any of them, are hereby summoned and required to attend to establish their right to receive a deed to the portions of said lots above described, or to make any objection they may have to the granting of said application.
And it is ordered, that notice of such application and hearing be given to all parties in interest by the publication hereof in the Duluth Evening Herald, once in each week for three successive weeks before said day of hearing.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 5th day of February, 1903.
WM. A. CANT,
Judge of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District of Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 6-13-20, 1903.

SUMMONS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
The National Bond & Security Company,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Maria Dewey, M. L. Kimball and F. C. Clotlier,
Defendants.
The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:
You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, a copy of which is on file in the office of the clerk of said court, at his office in the courthouse in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of St. Paul in said county of Ramsey, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court to grant against you and each of you, all and singular, the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.
Dated St. Paul, Minn., December 16th, A. D. 1902.
WILLIAM G. WHITE,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Rooms 513-514 Globe bldg., St. Paul, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 20-27, March 6-13-20-27, 1903.

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS
Now on sale via
Louisville & Nashville R.R.
TO
Florida
AND
Gulf Coast Points
Route of the Famous Florida Limited.
Finest Dining Car Service in the South.
For Rates, Folders and Descriptive Matter write to
C. L. STONE,
General Pass. Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

Will lease you a 5 acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years,

Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.

200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.

Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—20 ACRE FARM ALL cleared, with large frame house. Rock foundation. Mike Michalak, Hermantown.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2908 West Helm street.

TWENTY-FOOT SAIL BOAT, BUILT last winter. Cheap. P. Schroeder, 505 Board of Trade.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

TYPEWRITERS, $35 UP. INVESTIGATE Edmont, 13 Phoenix block. Zenith, 675.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

FOR SALE
White Oak Timbers,
Hardwood Flooring.
C. B. Woodruff, Lumber,
800 to 951 Garfield Ave.

Horses for Sale

Just arrived with a carload draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth. Minn.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LADY'S WATCH AND CHAIN, between Third avenue east and Sixth street, and Thirteenth avenue west and Superior street. Finder return to 109 West Superior street and receive reward.

LOST—PAIR LADIES' BOW GLASSES, On Second avenue West, between Fifth street and Lake avenue. Finder return to 485 Mesaba avenue. Mrs. W. Hines.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 3.3; old, 705-5.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE —also on furniture, pianos and personal property of all kinds without removal or publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1, 5:30 to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN; ANY AMOUNT. J. P. Rossman, 712 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city. MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY, 205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 882.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDium and clairvoyant, is at 1401 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT. 207 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.



You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through Herald Wants

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

FAR SALE, CHEAP—COMBINED WALnut case and roll top desk, large drawers, exquisite finish, 617 Torey Bldg

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 71 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL, 15 OR 16 for light housework; may sleep home if preferred. 213 East Sixth street, upstairs.

WANTED — SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST in housework in exchange for board. Apply 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL THAT WANTS TO work at meal hours for her board and room. Call at, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY BOOKKEEPer. State salary and experience. Address O 40, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 319 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF children. 1412 East Fourth street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2001 East First street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL AND SECond girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Apply mornings 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 15 Fifty-eighth avenue East, Lester Park.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMployment office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CARPENter. Apply in afternoon, 211 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS LUMber graders. Apply at once. 515 West Michigan street.

A SOBER, HONEST, EXPERIENCED cook for the new hotel at Eveleth, Minn. Call on or address, E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—MANAGER FOR DULUTH for sick and accident insurance company; first-class opening for a good man; call or address Metropolitan Accident Company of Minnesota, Bradley building, St. Paul.

WANTED — APRIL FIRST, EXPERIenced bookkeeper in wholesale house. References required. Address R 41, Herald.

WANTED — MAN OR WOMAN TO cook, $10 per week. Call afternoons or evenings. 211 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COATMAKers. George H. Brenton. Phoenix block.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED COLlector; none other need apply. Give reference and salary wanted. Address W 74, Herald.

WANTED—TEN GOOD LOCAL CANvassers, insurance men preferred; big commissions; something entirely new; splendid chance for general agent who can control dozen men. American Annuity Co., 609 New York Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

SPLENDID CHANCE FOR MEN TO learn barber trade now. Tools, diplomas and positions given graduates. Years saved by our method of practical experience, expert instructions, lectures, etc. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

PERSONAL.

WANTED — PUPILS TO TAKE LESsons on piano. Mrs. E. H. Borth, 516½ East First street.

NOTICE—MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE a spiritual test meeting Sunday evening, Feb. 22, at Agen Hall, corner Tower, West Superior.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., Box 367, Duluth, Minn.

TEAMS WANTED.

WANTED—FOUR-HORSE TEAMS FOR hauling logs at French river. Red Cliff Lumber Co., 301 Torrey building.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG LADY WITH SOME EXperience would like position as stenographer. Wages no object to start with. Address D. W., Herald.

NEAT, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADY wants some kind of office work where there is little stenography work to do. Address L. S., Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS MECHANical draughtsman. S. 79, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY AN EXPERienced bandsawyer; twenty years' experience. W 77, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN in bakery, to learn trade; have had some experience. W 76, Herald.

BARBER, WITH ONE YEAR'S EXPERience in barber business, wants place to work and finish up the trade. Address Matt Lakner, Duluth.

WANTED, BY YOUNG LADY—POSItion as clerk or cashier in restaurant or confectionery; no objection to leaving city. N 82, Herald.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—207 FIRST NATIONal Bank bldg. Phones, Zen., 831; Dul., 544.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

IMPORT OF 1902, FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

DRESS MAKING.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING AND ladies' tailoring. Miss M. Hoff, 126 Mesaba avenue.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

LOOK—FOR RENT, A BUILDING OF twenty rooms, for hotel or boarding house; well located. Address P. O. 422, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE. 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — NEAT COTTAGE. 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, 328 Third avenue West. Enquire 302 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—713½ EAST FOURTH street. Charles A. Stark, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM SUITable for two. Modern, 412 Sixth avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, $2.00 up. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 204 West First street, office upstairs.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED ROOMS central, will allow light house keeping. No children. W. 62, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms. Call at 2128 W. Third st.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT AT 326 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, No. 20 West Seventh street, S. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba Block.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, modern. 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board. 222 Third avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, CITY water and toilet, $10 per month. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 318 West Second street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD. 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY, BOARD and room in private family; central location. No objection to roommate. State price. Address 615 West Second street.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—BY MAY 1, A DEsirable house in East End. G. A. French, French & Bassett.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
1:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n, Iron Lv.	....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:20	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	....	12:12
6:54	11:25	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R.R.

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:13	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
1:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:25	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive
*1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis		*2:00 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.			*6:30 a.m.
*7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast, Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana. Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Ranges.		*6:43 p.m.
*8:30 p.m.			*7:30 a.m.
*2:20 p.m.			*12:40 p.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9:30 p.m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 406 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail Ar. *10:00 a.m.
All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †7:55 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.
* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	b 8:55 p m
a 1:50 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:05 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:50 p m		a 7:05 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1226.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

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HAIRDRESSING.

FINE LINE OF SWITCHES, MANICURing, face massage. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters. 216 W. Sup. St.

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REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

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FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

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GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

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AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasnic, 314 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

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MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next Meeting Feb. 23rd, 1903. Work—Second Degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 29, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 25, 1903. Work—P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com., City Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 231 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Social session and Ladies' night Feb. 17; J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES, DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall, Everett L. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2766, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

RADICAL CHANGES IN PRIMARY ELECTIONS

Proposed By Shepard of Hennepin County.

Elections Under Party Control Entirely.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Primary elections at party caucuses is provided in an amendment to the primary election law introduced in the house this morning by Mr. Shepard, of Hennepin county. It is the most radical change in the present primary election system that has yet been offered. It takes congressmen and district judges, whose district comprise more than one county, out of the law and puts them back on the convention basis. The primary elections of the different parties are to be held separately on consecutive days, and they are to be under party management entirely. The party having the largest vote on governor is to have its promaries on the first Tuesday after the first registration day, and the others are to follow on consecutive days until all have been held. The hours of holding the caucuses are to be fixed by county commissioners, and they need not be uniform throughout the counties, but they shall not begin later than 3 p. m., or end later than 8 p. m. When the voters assemble at the caucus they are to select three judges and two clerks. Candidates must file their affidavits of candidacy with the county committees, and pay a fee of $5 to them. The committees are to furnish the ballots. Returns are to be made to the committees, which are to canvass the result.

Mr. Haugen introduced a bill appropriating $20,000 to pay wolf bounties.

Mr. Smith introduced an amendment to the divorce law providing that in suits for divorce on the grounds of cruelty, imprisonment, desertion and drunkenness no decree shall be issued for one year after the filing of the court's findings, and then only on satisfactory proof that the parties have not lived together in the meantime.

The Morley board of control bill, which had been made a special order for next Tuesday, was put off until next Friday.

On general orders several bills of interest were recommended to pass.

The bill prohibiting the sale of gasoline, benzine and kerosene, except in cans painted a bright red, was acted upon favorably, though an attempt was made to amend it so that it would not apply if the purchaser furnished the can.

The bill enlarging the list of securities in which savings banks can invest was passed.

The bill permits investment in railroad bonds, and Mr. Gillette, of Hennepin county, wanted to amend it to except the bonds of companies that had merged or consolidated. This amendment was voted down.

Capt. Randall's bill permitting the deposit of wills in the probate court during the life of the maker was recommended to pass.

The house adourned to 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

WIDE OPEN TAX AMENDMENTS ARE PASSED BY THE HOUSE

Will Leave the Legislature Without Much Restriction---Sander's Bill Permitting County Boards to Aid Fairs Is Passed By the House.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house yesterday afternoon passed the "wide-open" tax amendments to the constitution.

There was no particular fight made on them, and in fact, no great amount of interest was shown, the debate on the bill being confined to the consideration of a few amendments that were offered. There was nothing from the believers in more restricted constitutional provisions, though when the subject came up at the special session last winter there were many members of the legislature that opposed the idea of leaving future legislatures unhampered in the matter of tax legislation.

The proposed amendment passed by the house is simple, indeed, and it leaves the legislature without much restriction if the hill is passed and the amendment adopted by the people at the election of 1904.

They supersede sections 1, 2, 3 and 4, of article 9, of the constitution, and the section of article 9 that was adopted by the people in 1896, under which sleeping cars, freight lines, telegraph and telephone companies are taxed, and under which it was claimed that a tonnage tax on iron ore would be constitutional. These provisions are quite long, and it proposed to substitute for them the following words:

"The power of taxation shall never be surrendered or suspended.

"Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects and shall be levied and collected under general laws for public purposes.

"But property used exclusively for religious, educational, charitable, cemetery, governmental or public purposes, shall be exempt from taxation, and there may be exempted from taxation personal property not exceeding in value three hundred dollars ($300) for

(Continued on page 4).

JURY BRINGS IN VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY IN DUNCAN CASE

Says He Did Not Shoot Bruce Head With Felonious Intent---Verdict Was Popular and the Doctor Was Warmly Congratulated By Many.

Pittsburg, Feb. 21.—Dr. Ellis Duncan, of Louisville, was found not guilty of the charge of shooting Bruce Head with felonious intent. The jury rendered a sealed verdict last night, after being out four hours, and when court opened at 9:30 this morning it was read by Judge Frazier. Dr. Duncan was at once discharged from custody.

That the verdict was a popular one was shown by the fact that when the announcement was made that the defendant had been acquitted, it was greeted with general loud clapping of hands. This was immediately suppressed by the court officials. Dr. Duncan was the recipient of many congratulations from friends and strangers. He had a smile on his face and showed an air of intense relief that the ordeal was over. He said he would not discuss his family affairs, and intended to pursue the same policy of silence that he had always maintained, except when compelled to testify. He will leave for his home tonight.

HIGH WATER CAUSING HEAVY LOSS

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 21.—The Ohio river here has reached the 40-foot mark, and river men expect it to go three feet higher. The low land is under water and the waterworks are surrounded. The loss to farmers is already heavy, much stock having perished. One hundred thousand dollars' worth of corn has been swept away. Many people have been driven from their homes. Below here and in the neighborhood of Mount Vernon the river is ten miles wide, and families have been forced to take refuge on high ground.

EXPLODING STOVE INJURES FOUR

New York Feb. 21.—Four persons have been injured, one seriously, by the explosion of a stove on One Hundred and Sixth street. The explosion was caused by a fire being kindled in the stove while the water back and pipes were frozen. Louis Goldstein and his daughter, who were in the kitchen, were thrown across the room and cut and burned. Mrs. Maums, who was on the floor directly above, was thrown down and a child on the third floor was thrown from a chair and severely injured. The kitchen was wrecked.

CORNERSTONE OF WAR COLLEGE LAID WITH GREAT CEREMONY

A Most Distinguished Assemblage Present.

Addresses By the President and Others.

Washington, Feb. 21.—In the presence of an assemblage of distinguished people, including the president of the United States, members of the cabinet and of congress, justices of the supreme court, representatives of foreign powers and others eminent in the life of the nation, the cornerstone of the army war college was laid here today with impressive military and Masonic ceremonies.

The occasion was rendered especially notable and interesting by addresses delivered by President Roosevelt, Secretary of War Root and Maj. Gen. S. M. B. Young, president of the war college. The site selected for the new building is on the reservation of the Washington barracks at the foot of Four and a Half street. Today's ceremonies marked the beginning of a project which has been fostered by the president, Secretary Root and others interested in the advancement and thorough training of the United States army. While the foundation of the new structure, which is to be practically unique, has been only just begun, the plans contemplated by the war department and by congress include the construction of an entirely new set of buildings on the arsenal grounds. Among other structures there will be a hospital, barracks, officers' quarters and administration building, all to be handsome and of the most approved architectural design. The army war college grounds have been selected as the site of the statue of Frederick the Great, which Emperor William has proposed to present to the people of the United States. A picturesque feature of the ceremonies today was the participation of the military. About 1000 troops representing the various branches of the war service took part in the exercises. They were drawn from the several army posts in Washington and vicinity and were in command of Maj. William Black of the corps of engineers.

President Roosevelt, accompanied by his military aide, Col. Theodore A. Bingham, left the White House in a carriage at 11 o'clock. He was escorted to the war college grounds by Troop E of the Third cavalry. In other carriages members of the cabinet accompanied the president. Two non-commissioned officers, both skilled horsemen, rode on each side of the president's carriage to control the horses in case they were frightened by the firing of salutes or otherwise, and two privates were detailed to each of the other carriages as a precaution. As the president and party entered the grounds the president's flag was run to the top of the flag staff and a section of the battery light artillery fired the president's salute. The assembled troops paid the president the honors prescribed by the regulations.

Grand Master George H. Walker of the District of Columbia, grand lodge of Masons and other officers of the grand lodge in carriages, were escorted to the war college grounds by the Second Cavalry band.

THE PRESIDENT SPEAKS.

The ceremonies incident to the laying of the corner stone was impressive. The invocation was pronounced by the Rt. Rev. Henry Y. Satterlee, bishop of Washington, the assemblage standing uncovered during the prayer. After music by the band, President Roosevelt was introduced by Gen. G. L. Gillespie, chief of engineers, United States army. The president was given a cordial ovation. His address follows:

Gentlemen and Ladies: It should be a matter of pride and congratulation of every American citizen interested in the welfare of his country that today we lay the foundation stone of a building, the erection of which signalizes a long stride forward in securing the efficiency of the United States army, a step less important than that marked by the enactment of the law to create a general staff, but a staff supplementing the passage of the act, rounding it out and rendering it of a far wider and far deeper usefulness.

One word first to the nation and then another word to the army. To the nation first: It has well been said that the surest way to invite national disaster is for a nation to be opulent, aggressive and unarmed. (Applause). The nation that is rich, that is so high-spirited as to be somewhat careless of giving offense and that yet refrains from that preparedness which is absolutely necessary if efficiency during the war is ever to be shown—such a nation is laying deep the foundation for humiliation and disaster. As a people, whether we will or not, we have reached the stage when we must play a great part in the world. It is not open to us to decide whether or not we shall play it. All we have to decide is whether we shall play it well or ill. The part is before us. We have to play it. All that it rests to do is to say that we will play it well. (Applause). This nation has by the mere trend of events been forced into a position of world power during the past few years. It has responsibilities resting upon it here in the occident and in the Orient as well. It cannot bear those responsibilities aright unless its voice is potent for peace and justice, and its voice can be potent for peace and justice only on condition of its being thoroughly understood that we ask peace, not in the spirit of the weakling and the craven, but with the assured self-confidence of the just armed man. (Loud applause).

So much for the lessons to be learned by our people from the movement in which the erection of this building is a part.

"Now, a word to the officers and enlisted men of the navy. The last two or three years have witnessed a notable awakening in our people to the well being of the army. Our people are understanding as never before the fact that the army, like the navy, will do well in war mainly in proportion as it has been prepared well in peace; that after the war has begun it is too late for us to prepare for the victory. Defeat will come inevitably and surely if the preparation is put off until the war begins, and victory will come if it has been prepared for in time of peace and on no other terms.

(Continued on page 14.)

THE IRISH LAND QUESTION BIDS FAIR TO BE SETTLED

For First Time All Interested Parties Have Agreed---All Now Depends on Wyndham Bill.

London, Feb. 21.—As the result of interviews with the duke of Abercorn, Lord Dunraven, John Redmond and others, the Associated Press is able to announce authoritatively that the following is the situation today as regards the plan to finally settle the Irish land question. All the interested parties, Nationalists, Unionists, landlords and tenants, are now for the first time in the history of Ireland in agreement upon lines of the Dublin conference. They have also joined forces in bringing pressure on the government to make Secretary Wyndham's forthcoming bill agree in spirit with the recommendations of the conference and all indications point to the bill conceding those demands. It will be introduced in parliament at the end of March and if passed will accomplish what Mr. Redmond and Lord Dunraven agree in saying will be one of the "most extraordinary peaceful revolutions ever effected." If Mr. Wyndham, for lack of funds or other causes, fails to meet the views of the conference he will have on his hands, in the words of Mr. Redmond, "an Ireland such as the world has never seen." In this view such strong supporters of the government as the duke of Abercorn concurs. Mr. Redmond adds:

"If this agreement of keenly opposing parties lacks fulfilment through the government's refusal there will be twice as many obstacles under the ban of the crimes act than there were prior to the present truce. This truce will be continued until the terms of the bill are repealed. A great nationalist conference, at which Bourke Cochran of New York will be one of the principal speakers, will meet in Dublin in April to take action on the subject."

The Duke of Abercorn, who is president of the powerful Irish landlords association which at first declined to join the Earl of Mayo and Lord Dunraben in conferring with the nationalists but which later signified its assent, frankly admits that he is amazed at the results achieved and at the "happy topsy turvydom" now prevailing in Irish politics. Asked if he thought the nationalists were sincere in their professions of willingness to settle the long standing grievances by a compromise he emphatically expressed his belief in their complete sincerity.

The duke could not conceive that the government would "stand on any quibble" when the solution of the most serious problem of the empire was within its grasp. He thought the process of changing the holdings from landlord to the tenant might possibly cost $2,500,000 annually, adding: "It surely would be cheap at that price."

Neither Mr. Redmond nor Lord Dunraven believes the transfer of the land would involve more than $1,500,000 annually and both think that the economies resulting from the cheaper administration would greatly reduce this figure, if they do not eventually quite wipe out necessity for state aid in the payment of the differences between the maximum price the tenant can afford to pay and the minimum price the landlord can accept.

The Irish Unionist leaders are of the opinion that the whole question might be declared settled in advance if the government was not so "desperately hard up" in consequence of this lack of funds. Mr. Wyndham's bill will not be introduced until after the presentation of the budget, so that any money to carry out the provisions of the bill will not be included in the year's taxes.

Chancellor of the Exchequer Ritchie, while quite sympathetic towards Ireland, now faces a more serious financial situation and more bitter protests against overtaxtion than have confronted any chancellor in recent years. The phenomenally small government majorities since parliament reassembled are indications of the storm which is brewing over Mr. Ritchie's head. He must also float a new Transvaal loan before Ireland gets an additional penny and the government with reason is keenly anxious in this respect. Consols yesterday were at the lowest point reached this year, and inquiries made at Anglo-American banking houses such as the Morgans, Seligmans and Speyers, reveal the fact that there is no indication of the United States subscribing to a loan. Since the last war loan was so largely underwritten in New York, the international monetary situation has completely changed and the firms here say the Americans now need their capital for use at home.

One financier said:

"If the government brought out a loan which would really provide means for settling the Irish question they would get more underwriting than they would know what to do with, both here and in America."

Mr. Redmond was asked point blank if he thought the landlords were in earnest. He replied: "I have every reason to think they are just as anxious as we are to settle once and for all Ireland's troubles. If Mr. Wyndham brings in a bill on lines of the decisions arrived at by the Dublin conference, the greatest step in the industrial and social history of Ireland will have been accomplished. More than that, it will be a most important step towards home rule. Under the new system the landlords will live in Ireland, derive benefit from their property and begin to take a new interest in Irish affairs. They will see the necessity for an extension of local government and will eventually become as anxious as ourselves to secure home rule."

SEVEN SAILORS DESERTED BRIG

Started Ashore In Boat and Three Were Drowned.

Honolulu, Feb. 21.—(By Pacific cable.) Seven sailors deserted from the brig Geneva last night and attempted to row ashore in a small boat. Only four of the men have since been heard from and it is believed that the others were drowned. The men who deserted are Frank Hutcheson, George Dopman, J. Gilles, James Bryant, James Kelly, James Davie and George Hutton. Thier boat was broken by striking on a reef and four men were seen to come ashore. They are in hiding, and it is not known who were drowned.

A SENATOR ELECTED

Legislature of Oregon Chooses Fulton on Forty-Third Ballot.

Salem, Ore., Feb. 21.—At twenty minutes after midnight, on the forty-third ballot, Charles W. Fulton, of Astoria, was elected United States senator, he having received forty-six votes. All through the evening, beginning at 8 o'clock, the two houses took ballot after ballot with few changes until 11 o'clock, when the name of Harvey W. Scott was presented. The Multonomah delegation supported him solidly and in addition he drew eight votes from Geer.

The last ballot began at ten minutes before midnight and when the result was announced a scene of wild enthusiasm followed. Men hugged each other, threw up their hats and shouted themselves hoarse. It was several minutes before order could be restored.

After the joint convention adjourned an informal reception was held, when hundreds of people shook hands with Senator Fulton and congratulated him upon his success.

Charles W. Futon was born in Ohio, Aug. 17, 1853. He moved to Iowa with his parents, where he studied law and was admitted to the bar. He came to Oregon in 1875, taught school for a time, later locating at Astoria, where he has since resided and enjoyed a lucrative law practice. He has been elected to the state senate four times, and was president of that body in 1893 and 1901. He was a member of nearly every state convention since 1880 and has been a very active campaign orator.

EMPLOYES TO CEASE WORK.

Amsterdam, Feb. 21.—The railroad employes of Holland have decided to cease work, with the object of preventing the adoption of the proposed law prohibiting railroad strikes. A meeting of the leaders of the workmen's unions, having a membership of 90,000, has resolved to support the railroad men, the date of whose strike has not yet been announced.

TO TRANSPORT TROOPS.

Constantinople, Feb. 21.—The Smyrna-Kassaba Railroad company has been instructed to prepare for the transportation of 25,000 redifs to reinforce the third army corps at Salonica.

BANK ROBBERS ESCAPE

The Two Desperadoes, Rudolph and Lewis, Follow the Tactics of Tracy and Succeed In Eluding the Numerous Posses Sent Out After Them.

St. Louis, Feb. 21.—Special dispatches to the Post-Dispatch indicate that Bill Rudolph and Frank Lewis, the Union, Mo., bank robbers, who were located in a cabin near Richview, Ill., have again escaped and posses of citizens, in addition to that of Sheriff Howe, are being formed to pursue and capture them, if possible. The entire community is in arms.

According to reports from communities through which the robbers have passed, they have adopted Tracy's tactics, intimidating farmers and threatening to kill any posses that may be sent after them. The two men converse with women and children only, from whom all the details concerning them have been learned, except the general description given by a hunter, who encountered them in the woods Friday.

They approach a farm house and, standing some distance away, call loudly until some one makes his appearance. If it is a man they keep on talking to him until he comes up closer, and then they throw their rides down on him and order him to leave the premises. Like Tracy, they accompany this order with a threat to massacre the entire family if any attempt is made to summon help. In this way they have obtained food.

At one farm house they found the farmer's wife and children alone. They ordered her to get breakfast, and chatted freely while she was cooking the meal. All questions concerning themselves they parried. The man supposed to be Rudolph stood on guard while the other ate, and Lewis then acted as picket.

GOVERNOR PAYS TRIBUTE TO PROF. PHELPS WHO RETIRES

Resignation of William F. Phelps After Forty-Four Years Service In State Normal School Systems Is Accepted By Governor In Fitting Terms.

St. Paul, Feb. 21.—The Dispatch today says: The retirement from public life of Professor William F. Phelps, after having spent forty-four consecutive years in efforts to build up the state normal school systems of four states, marks the close, so far as public service is concerned, of a notable career.

Professor Phelps, who has now completed his eighty-first year, was very active up to the very hour of his resignation, and so far as his physical and mental capacities are concerned, he might still continue in the harness. He rightly believes, however, that he has well earned his rest. Professor Phelps has performed a great service for the state, and to his watchful care and wise guidance is largely due the present efficiency of the normal system of Minnesota. His letter of resignation was made public today.

In accepting the resignation, Governor Van Sant took occasion to pay Professor Phelps a high compliment for his splendid services to the state in behalf of education. The governor said:

Hon. William F. Phelps: My Dear Sir,—Permit me to acknowledge the receipt of your resignation as a member of the state normal school board, to take effect February 15, your eighty-first birthday. I accept your resignation and will take this opportunity to personally, and on behalf of the state, to thank you most heartily for your long service in the cause of education in Minnesota and especially for the interest you have taken in matters pertaining to our normal schools, and for the efficient and painstaking manner in which you have discharged your duties as a member of said board.

Very truly yours,
SAMUEL VAN SANT,
Governor."

THINKS HE CAN CURE ROCKEFELLER

New York, Feb. 21.—Bertram Hornung, a resident of Jersey City, thinks he has a cure for John Rockefeller, who is said to be ready to give $1,000,000 to anybody who can cure his stomach trouble. "I am convinced," says Mr. Hornung, "that I can make Mr. Rockefeller a well man in six months by my treatment. I have written to him, but as yet I have received no reply." Mr. Hornung declines to divulge the nature of his remedy.

NEW CLAIMANT FOR TIGHE ESTATE

New York, Feb. 21.—A new claimant has spoken for a part of the estate of Richard Tighe, the eccentric millionaire who died in 1897. Nearly three years ago the courts divided the estate among about two dozen heirs.

City Chamberlain Dr. E. P. L. Gould received a letter from David Barr, Thorpe, Delaware county, Iowa, asking for information concerning the death of Tighe and the disposition of his property. "He was a relative of my mother's," said Barr in his letter. The chamberlain has forwarded all the information at hand and referred Barr to the executors of the estate.

PANAMA COMPANY RESERVED, BUT BELIEVED TO BE FAVORABLE

French Owners of the Canal Will Say Nothing Concerning Their Plans But It Is Not Thought They Are Antagonistic to United States.

Paris, Feb. 21.—The officials of the Panama Canal company are maintaining a frigid reserve concerning their plans. One of the chief officers said it was considered of the utmost importance, owing to the delicate stage of the negotiations, not to throw anything into the discussion which might unfavorably obstruct results.

At the company's headquarters great activity has been shown since the receipt of the advices from Attorney General Knox, accepting the company's offer for the sale of its property, subject to the ratification of the United States senate. Persons in a position to know the course of the negotiations do not consider the attitude of the company antagonistic to the position of the United States. The officials continue to take an optimistic view of the successful close of the deal, as they consider that the position of the company is such that the purchase can be consummated by an extra session of the senate in case no action is taken before March 4.

IS A SECOND "JIM THE PENMAN"

New York, Feb. 21.—Judge Newburger has sentenced Frank Folina, an Italian, to six years in Sing Sing prison for forgery. The court, lawyers and others interested in the case say that Folina is a second "Jim the Penman," and one of the cleverest forgers ever sentenced in the court. There were several complainants whose names had been forged to checks for various sums, the forger by the use of a pane of glass making correct imitations. L. W. Simmons, the teller who cashed the checks, wrote Judge Newburger as follows:

"I hope you will take into consideration the fact that I have spent nearly all the savings of a lifetime, as I was obliged to make good to my employers for the checks. The forgeries would deceive any teller, no matter how long experienced."

A CORRECTED LIST OF THE DEAD

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Feb. 21—Following is a corrected list of dead in the Clifton hotel fire:

Taken from ruins:
W. A. MOWRY, What Cheer, Iowa.
F. G. YOUNG, Minneapolis.
Two unidentified men.
Died at the hospital:
LOUIS C. BURNETT, Nebraska City, Neb.
Missing: G. E. Holmes, address unknown; A. P. Johnson, supposed from Illinois; B. H. Seymour, address unknown; S. Jackson, Cincinnati, cigar manufacturer. The unidentified dead are supposed to be Holmes and Jackson. Of the injured, Dr. Grove, of Cedar Rapids, and B. F. Taylor, of Davenport, are in a precarious condition. All the others will recover. Charles Cook, supposed to have perished, has been located at his home in Williamsburg.

The Duluth Savings Bank

Is open this evening from 6 to 8 o'clock.

3% Interest Paid on Deposits.

ULTRAVIOLET RAYS IN DULUTH
THE HERBAQUEEN CO. 319 FIRST AVE. EAST, DULUTH.

AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth Commercial club held a well-attended meeting last evening in the club rooms at Republican club headquarters. Among the subjects discussed were the proposed New Duluth electric line, the high insurance rates in West Duluth and the need of a high school.

The club declared itself opposed to the granting of a franchise to the New Duluth electric line, which would allow it to lay tracks east of Seventy-first avenue. In the opinion of the members of the club the plan most favorable to the interests of West Duluth would be to have the Duluth-Superior Traction company extend its lines to Seventy-first avenue and meet the New Duluth line at that point. West Duluth practically ends at Seventy-first avenue and at this point Fairmount park is situated. With the street railway tracks extended to this point a 5-cent fare would be possible to the down-town districts.

A. C. Volk and T. T. Hudson were present in the interests of the new electric road. Mr. Volk declared himself in favor of the plan of the club, but did not believe that the present street railway company could be induced to build to Seventy-first avenue, and a gap of seven blocks would thus be left between the two lines. A committee will be appointed by the president to take the matter up.

In view of the prospect of a new school building in West Duluth, it was deemed a favorable time to commence an agitation for high school facilities in this section of the city. It was believed that the new building would relieve the overcrowdig situation at the Irving school to such an extent that several rooms might be devoted to high school work. A committee composed of J. A. Scott, H. H. Phelps and A. T. Park was appointed to investigate the matter.

The high insurance rates received a severe scoring from different members of the club. The recent raise, claimed to average 25 per cent, in the rates, was deemed uncalled for and exorbitant and in many cases prohibitive. A committee composed of L. S. Neuman, F. H. Wade and David Sang was appointed to confer with committees from other commercial bodies in the city with a view to having them lowered.

CHURCH SERVICES.

At the Oneota M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m., the morning theme being "Heaven's Opinion of a Preacher's Mission," and the evening subject, "Insanity," which will be the fourth sermon in the series on "The Prodigal Son." Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.

The services in the Proctorknott M. E. church Sunday evening will be conducted by Rev. M. H. Morrell.

At the Holy Apostles Episcopal church, in West Duluth, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. and evening service at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Louis Belden, rector.

At the Asbury M. E. church "Revivals" will be the subject of the morning sermon by the pastor, Rev. J. C. Hartley. In the evening Rev. T. F. Thompson will speak. Revival services will be held every evening next week.

Services will be held tomorrow evening in the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Wadena street and Fifty-seventh avenue. Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m.

Rev. John Wilson will preach tomorrow morning at the Plymouth Congregation church on the subject "An Important Question," and in the evening on "Human and Divine Friendships." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

Rev. J. W. Lowrie will preach tomorrow in the Westminster Presbyterian church on the subject "Good Men the Hope of Our Nation," which will be illustrated by the lives of Lincoln and Washington. In the evening Mr. Thorburn will preach. Christian Endeavor will meet at 6:30 o'clock.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Sunday school class of Rev. W. J. Lowrie was entertained last evening at his home. About eighteen of the young people were present and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

William Rikhoff, of New Duluth, left last evening for Chicago.

H. R. Patterson has recovered from a severe attack of the grip.

Emil Berglund has returned from a trip to Brainerd.

The dances given last evening in West Duluth by the Degree of Honor and the Zamona club were both very successful affairs. Both were well attended, a large delegation of Duluth people being present.

Miss Flossie Dwyer, of Hibbing, is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. C. Salter.

Julius James retrned yesterday from Grand Marais.

Special exercises in honor of Washington's birthday were held in the West Duluth schools yesterday.

Miss Essie McKay, of New Duluth, who has been attending business college in Duluth during the past few months, has returned her home.

Joseph Lettau is down from the range.

Disfiguring and Troublesome Skin Diseases Easily Banished By

Paine's Celery Compound

A Marvelous Cure After the Failures of Ten Doctors.

Skin diseases are very common with old and young, and some forms are exceedingly troublesome, and cause serious disfiguration of the face and complexion. Eczema, salt rheum, scrofula, shingles, ringworm, boils, pimples, itch, and a score of other disagreeable troubles, result from sluggish, impure and poisoned blood. If you truly desire to get rid of such evils, do not resort to outward treatment or applications. Common sense and the experience of your friends will at once suggest a blood renovator like Paine's Celery Compound. This marvelous cleaner soon multiplies the number of vital red corpuscles, and fills the arteries with a health stream that produces clean, solid flesh, and firm, well-braced nerves. Mrs. L. S. Bailey, West Potsdam, N. Y., writes thus:

"I had small blotches break out on my head, and in a short time my whole body was covered. The doctors called it scrofula. I have had as many as ten doctors treat me, but none seemed to help me. At night time my whole body would itch so that I would have to walk the floor nearly all night. I have taken all kinds of sarsaparillas, and used soaps and ointments without effect. I read in a paper of Paine's Celery Compound, and I could not rest until I gave it a trial. I am now on my fifth bottle and consider Paine's Celery Compound miraculous in its effects. I am completely cured with the exception of one spot on my arm, which is fast going away. I wish all who suffer to give this wonderful medicine a trial."

Full, rich even colors are made with **DIAMOND DYES**

Few professional dyers can dye as well as the housewife who uses Diamond Dyes, and none can do better. Direction book and 45 dyed samples free. DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

NOTICE!

Members of St. James Court No. 614, Catholic Order of Foresters. Consequent of the benefit next Tuesday evening for the orphans of St. James home, our concert and lecture is postponed until a date that may be determined at meeting next Tuesday evening.

By Order of Committee.

NEWS OF THE STORES

B. J. and Julius Cook, of the Eagle Clothing company, left last night for the Eastern markets, where they will make the largest purchases of clothing and furnishing goods for the spring trade that the firm has as yet made for any one season.

Charles G. Goodrich, of the Great Eastern, was registered at the Victria, in New York, this week.

J. J. Moe, of the West End department store, is stopping at the Hotel Albert while in New York.

George A. Gray, of the Gray-Taliant company, has gone to New York, where he will join with Mr. Taliant and other buyers of the house in selecting the spring stocks.

P. G. Brown, of the Panton & White company, returned this morning from his second trip to the Eastern markets in selecting the stock of furniture for the Glass block.

T. W. Walsh, for a number of years with the Panton & White company, has resigned and will make his future home in Buffalo, N. Y.

J. K. Stack, of Stack & Co., left this afternoon on his semi-annual trip to New York.

SUFFERER VERY LOW.

Mrs. P. R. McDonnell Not Expected to Live.

Chippewa Falls, Feb. 21.—The condition of Mrs. P. R. McDonnell, of Duluth, who was stricken with pneumonia while visiting here this week, remains the same, and she is not expected to live. Mrs. McDonnell has been unconscious for several hours, and the physicians are in constant attendance. Mr. McDonnell is at the bedside.

INVITE THE HEADS

Women's Council Will Have Club Presidents as Members.

Mrs. Conde Hamlin May Be Brought Here to Lecture.

An important meeting of the Woman's council was held yesterday morning in library hall. Some interesting work was done at this meeting of interest to the women of Duluth.

The Woman's council consists of two representatives from each of the women's organizations of the city. The Saturday club, the Ladies' Literature class, the Lester Park Literary club, the G. A. R. chapters and the West Duluth W. C. T. U. are represented in the council. The object is to bring the women of the clubs of the city together, and through concerted effort accomplish much that could not be done through the effort of a single club.

At yesterday's meeting it was decided to invite the presidents of the different clubs to become members of the council, it being thought that the individual clubs may do the work assigned better if the presidents are in touch with the council. It will, too, bring to the council the advice and help of some of the brightest women in the city.

For some time past the clubs of the city have been endeavoring to raise money to purchase a picture for the library. The picture decided upon is "The Catechism," by Meunier, and the one the library will get is a copy by Miss Robinson. The movement dragged along until taken up by the Women's council, and in a short time it has succeded in raising $67. There is now but a few dollars to raise. When the picture is paid for it will be reframed and will be hung in the library, and will be a charming picture of which the library may well be proud.

To get the required $10 or $15 to complete the sum necessary for the purchase of the picture, Miss Lydia Poirier, of the library, is planning a basket exhibit to be given at the library. The study of the basket industry and of baskets has been attracting a deal of attention the past few months. All along the way to California at the little way stations where the trains stop the Indians sell their baskets, which range from small bits to the larger and more pretentious affairs. The Alaskan Indians make their baskets so skillfully that they are used by them to carry water. Some of the baskets are woven in marvelous manner and command large sums of money. One in a private collection in Duluth is worth $600. In Chicago and Minneapolis basket-weaving is taught in the schools. Duluth will be fortunate to be able to see the exhibit, which will be at the library early in March.

Another subject discussed at the meeting was the bringing of Mrs. Conde Hamlin to Duluth to speak on "Civic Improvement." Mrs. Hamlin has interested herself for the past few years in the subject and has been very successful in the work she has undertaken. She travels through the state and gives lectures which create a great deal of enthusiasm in the work of beautifying the city. Mrs. J. L. Washburn, president of the council, will communicate with Mrs. Hamlin, and she will probably come to Duluth early in the spring.

Alaska Central.

Will pay highest market price for above stock.

C. B. ASKE.

Mining Lease Option.

Albert H. Steinbrecher and Julia D. Steinbrecher, of Detroit, Mich., have given an option on a mining lease covering the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 14-58-20. The option runs for six months from Jan. 14, 1903, and the prospective buyer of the lease agrees to put down five diamond drill holes through taconyte and underlying ore body if there is one. He has the privilege of surrendering the lease after putting down two holes with the drill. The consideration was $1 and other valuable considerations.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Gabrilowitsch Reception.

A reception in honor of Ossip Gabrilowitsch, the famous young Russian pianist, will be given next Thursday afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock at the rooms of the Commercial club. The reception is open to members of the club, and members of the different musical organizations of the city are also extended a cordial invitation to meet this great artist in person. The club rooms will be prettily decorated for the occasion and refreshments will be served. The Beethoven club and some of the leading local artists will be present and the affair promises to be one of exceptional interest.

JUDGE SMITH DECLINES.

Cincinnati, Feb. 21.—Early this week, a committee of citizens, headed by President M. E. Ingalls, called on Judge Rufus B. Smith, of the superior court and urged him to accept the independent nomination for mayor. Judge Smith today sent the committee his declination with an elaborate statement of his sympathy with what he terms "the anti-boss movement."

"77"

The instant a chilly sensation is felt, use Dr. Humphreys' "Seventy-seven," and take some form of gentle exercise until perspiration is induced. This will break up your Cold.

The persistent use of "77" breaks up Colds that hang on—Grip.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Corner William and John Streets, New York.

GRIP

BASEBALL PLAN

New Scheme to Get Duluth In a Good League.

An Opening In Northern League, Embracing Red River Valley Cities.

An entirely new baseball league scheme!

The Northern league, consisting of Red River Valley cities, asks Duluth and Superior to join its circuit.

President Kent of this lively baseball organization will be in Duluth next week with a direct proposition.

This scheme is not the old plan outlined by a St. Paul enthusiast, but an offer from an established and playing league, including such cities as Winnipeg, Brandon, Fargo, Grand Forks and Crookston.

The little town of Bemidji has raised $1000 as a guarantee for its club in this league next summer, and it is said that the plan which will be outlined by President Kent is not to antagonize the civic federationists with local Sunday baseball, but to have the Duluth Sunday games played at West Superior or Bemidji.

The new move is not backed by mysterious unknowns, but by prominent Red River valley men, and at least two of the most prominent business men of Duluth and West Superior, and in addition to that there is a St. Paul railroad man identified with the scheme whose name in itself is sufficient backing for even a more pretentious enterprise.

The business men of Duluth and Superior are anxious to get close to the business interests of the Red River valley, and they regard this baseball league as an excellent method to promote their friendly interest.

DEATH OF AN OLD SETTLER

Edward McCue Dies of Heart Disease---Here Many Years.

Edward McCue, of 816 East Third street, one of the old settlers of Duluth, died this morning shortly after 8 o'clock, from an attack of heart disease, aggravated by a recent attack of the grip.

Mr. McCue came to Duluth in 1869 or 1870, and has been one of the city's most respected citizens. He was in the general contracting business, and during his thirty years' residence at Duluth was connected with a number of government contracts and with some large railway contracts in this section. All the interests with which he has had any connection speak of the decedent in highest terms and express sympathy for the bereaved family.

The decedent was born in Windsor, Vt., July 18, 1836. During the days of his young manhood he went into the South and was employed on a plantation at the time the civil war broke out. His Northern tendencies and speech made him very obnoxious in the eyes of the Southerners, and for some time he was a marked man, being hunted for by the vigilantes with the certain prospect of being hung if captured. He finally succeeded in escaping into the North and safety.

The surviving members of Mr. McCue's family consist of a widow and five children, Helen, Minnie, Edward C., John H. and William R. McCue. One son, the oldest, enlisted in the regular army and was killed in the Philippines about two years ago.

The decedent was a member of Palestine lodge of Masons, and the funeral will be held sometime Monday under the direction of that fraternity.

At the time of his death Mr. McCue owned some property on the Vermilion range said to be quite valuable for iron ore, and which is under option to parties that are exploring it.

Told Governor of It.

Mrs. Katrina Mueller has returned from a trip to St. Paul, where she saw Governor Van Sant and told him that she was going to carry her case to a higher court. Mrs. Mueller claims that she has heard from a party in Detroit, Mich., who is willing to put up $3000 to $4000 to carry the Mueller case in which she was defeated in the district court, to a higher court. She says she will have some new lawyers if the care goes to the supreme court.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding and Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c

GEN. WHEATON ILL.

San Francisco, Feb. 21.—Maj. Gen. Lloyd Wheaton, U. S. A., who was recently retired, has been very ill at a hotel here during the last few days. The general, accompanied by his wife, arrived from the East about ten days ago in poor health as a result of his Philippine campaign. On Monday a severe cold, which he had contracted in the East, developed into an attack of pleurisy, and his temperature rose rapidly to a point where, in his weakened condition, it was feared he would be stricken with pneumonia. For a short time his condition was regarded as very serious, but it is now announced that he has passed the critical stage and will recover. He is 65 years old.

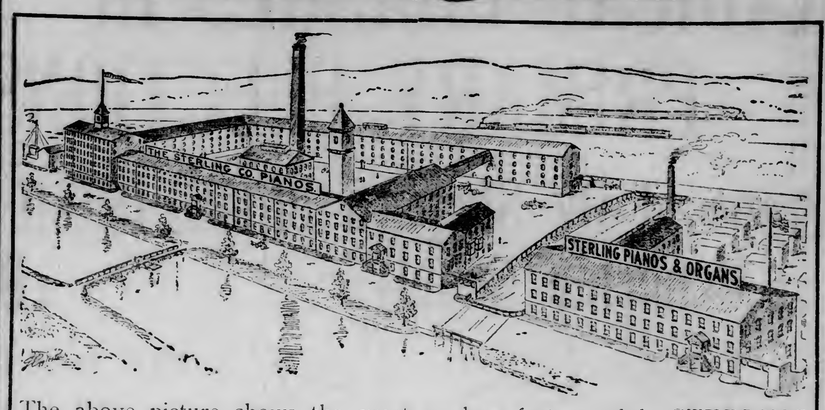
FIRE AT BARRE, VT.

Barre, Vt., Feb. 21.—The Currier & Shepler buildings, devoted to business purposes were with their contents, practically destroyed by fire today. The total loss is about $100,000.

A Play

Will be given at Columbia hall, West End, Monday evening, Feb. 22, by the St. Peter and Paul's Polish Congregational church at 8 p. m. Tickets, 50c.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.



The above picture shows the great modern factory of the STERLING PIANO CO., at Denby, Conn., where the elegant Sterling Pianos are manufactured and shipped to all parts of the world.

Sterling Pianos

Surpassing quality of materials and workmanship, beautiful tone and great durability, combined with artistic and pleasing designs, have made the **Sterling Pianos** popular throughout the country.

The prices of **Sterling Pianos** are very reasonable, considering the high quality and standing of the instrument, because they are manufactured and sold under the most favorable conditions.

They are sold only through houses of high financial standing, who pay cash for their goods, and not through "consignment" or "long time" dealers, thus assuring customers that they are not paying a percentage of other peoples' bad debts.

It will pay you to thoroughly investigate the **Sterling** if you want the most for your money in piano value.

Bargains in Used Pianos!

We nearly always have on hand good bargains in used pianos taken in trade or from renting stock. If you cannot come to the store, write for price list in used pianos from $48 up.

Handsome Walnut Upright Piano, slightly used $145
$10 cash and $5 a month.

Large Mahogany Upright Piano, used two months $158
$10 cash and $6 a month.

Carved Oak Upright Piano, good as new $185
$15 cash and $8 a month.

$350 High Grade Upright Piano, used eight months $250
$15 cash and $8 a month.

Rosewood Square Piano, good tone $48
$5 cash and $3 a month.

Why not own an Angelus Piano Player?

We have two players that have been rented that are in perfect playing condition that we offer at low prices.

$250 Oak Angelus Piano Player $150
$20 cash and $8 a month.

$250 Mahogany Angelus Piano Player $185
$25 cash and $10 a month.

PIANOS TUNED AND REPAIRED. Pianos and Piano Players for Rent.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

"Grippy" Headache, Catarrh.—Much suffering is due to the after effects of La Grippe, such as catarrh, catarrhal headache, inflamed nasal passages and offensive dropping in the throat. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the sworn enemy of all head colds, headache and catarrh. It clears the throat and nasal passages and stops the pain over the eyes in ten minutes. Get it today. It cures radically. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

RAPID TRANSIT SYSTEM

Of New York Is to Be Extended.

New York, Feb. 21.—Carrying with it an estimated expenditure of from $45,000,000 to $50,000,000, William Barclay Parsons, chief engineer for the board of rapid transit commissioners, has laid before that body his plan for rapid transit in the boroughs of Manhattan, The Bronx and the northerly end of Queens. The plan was accepted.

With the plan for all the boroughs considered, it would require at least $100,000,000, it is estimated, to carry it out. The biggest single item would be the extension of the tunnel from the Battery to Brooklyn down to Bay Ridge and thence under the Narrows to Staten Island; the harnessing by subway of all the bridges across the East river, not only on the Manhattan side, but also on the Brooklyn side, and incidentally tapping the tunnel of the Pennsylvania railroad beneath the East river.

Radiating in all directions in Brooklyn will be subway lines with the Long Island railroad terminal as the prominent center. Williamsburg and other remote centers will be tapped by the underground railroads with spurs striking off here and there to territory not touched by the through lines, but needed to feed the general system. It is said negotiations for control of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit lines by the Interborough already in progress with the wider scope of the Rapid Transit movement in Brooklyn in view.

LIGHT AND FOG STATION

For Rock of Ages at Isle Royale.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Senator Nelson has favorably reported an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bills providing for an appropriation of $125,000 for constructing a light and fog station on Rock of Ages off the western end of Isle Royale, Lake Superior.

Senator Nelson said in behalf of the amendment that during the session of southwesterly and westerly winds many vessels bound to and from Duluth, by taking a course along the north shore of Isle Royale are enabled to run when the lake is too rough for the more southerly course. A light and fog signal on dangerous rocks off the west end of Isle Royale would be a valuable aid to these vessels.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

New Orleans and Return $36.55.

February 17 to 22nd the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, Duluth to New Orleans and return, account Mardi Gras Carnival, for $36.55, tickets good returning Feb. 28th, or by deposit and payment 50 cents return limit will be extended until March 14th. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Letter Carriers' Dance... At ARMORY Next Monday, February 23

ORCHESTRA OF TEN PIECES.

Tickets 50c Couple.

Street cars will leave City Hall at 2 a.m. for W. Duluth.



Every Housekeeper Should Know

That the Yale Laundry is equipped to handle family work at a cost much less than it can be done at home, and we can satisfy you, too. Try us and see.

The Yale Laundry,

Corner First Street and First Avenue East.

TELEPHONE 479 OR DROP A POSTAL.

THE RELIEF FUND

Result of Second Week's Collection For Suffering Scandinavians.

Several Concerts to Be Given During the Next Few Weeks.

The second week's collecting in the Scandinavian relief movement brings the fund up to $269.75.

Dr. Eklund, who is chairman of the local relief movement, received about $75 additional today, which amount does not appear in the appended list, but which will be reported next week.

On March 9 Theobaldi, the noted Norwegian violinist will appear here in a famine relief benefit concert.

On March 15 Flaaten's orchestra and several scandinavian singing societies in the city will combine in another benefit concert, such as has never been heard in this city.

A third, and in fact the first of the series of benefit concerts, will be given on March 2 by the Gray-Tallant store.

Dr. Eklund sayes that he has not received returns from the county organization collecting in the range towns, but if they respond as the people of Duluth are responding St. Louis county will send a good-sized sum to the impoverished hundreds of thousands that are facing starvation in the Scandinavian peninsula.

The following amounts were contributed during the past week:

Last report	$93 00
Svea Glee club	30 00
Bishop McGolrick	25 00
M. M. Gasser	5 00
Knudsen, Bergson Fruit Co.	15 00
Marshall-Wells Hardware Co.	25 00
C. P. Maginnis	5 00
L. A. Barnes	2 50
Mendenhall & Hoopes	10
Mrs. Jenny Brandt	5 00
B. N. Johnson	5 00
J. G. Harris, D. V. S.	2 00
G. C. Steele	2 00
C. A. Smith	1 00
R. F. Bennett	1 00
J. W. Nelson	5 00
J. P. Lorson	5 00
Andrew Horngren	2 00
Sunday school, First Baptist	5 00
Mrs. B. G. Segog	5 00
John Miller	1 00
Louis Danielson	1 00
Isaac Danielson	1 00
John Gabrielson	1 00
O. W. Olson	1 00
Miss Hilda Carlson	1 00
Godfred Olson	1 00
John Carlson	1 00
S. E. Davis	50
C. H. Giddings	1 00
Torn Olson	50
Burt Holcomb	50
C. A. Dickly	25
Victor Frederickson	50
Mrs. Holm Hanson	1 00
Thomas A. Merritt	5 00
C. A. Phelps	1 00
August Anderson	1 00
Lars Carl Larson	1 00
Edwin Johnson	1 00
Total	$369 75

THANKED THE JUDGE.

Robert May Thinks Forty Days Is Easy.

Robert May, a porter at the Tremont hotel, became angry with his employer this morning and sought solace in smashing two plate glass windows valued at $500.

He was promptly arrested and arraigned in police court. He admitted breaking the glass and will clean sidewalks and do other cold and slippery work for the next forty days.

The offense was such that he might have been sent to prison had the complaint against him been issued with that in view, and he was so relieved by the lesser offense charged that he thanked the judge for the forty-day sentence.

10 Story Book

FOR

March

NOW READY

10 Best Stories of the Month

10 CENTS

If your newsdealer does not keep 10 Story Book you can get it by sending to the home office.

10 STORY BOOK,

268-269 Dearborn Street. Chicago Ill.

10 Cents a Copy. $1.00 a Year.

DEATH IS SAD LOT OF TONY

Frothed at the Mouth and Thereby Brought His Destruction.

"Tony" Conrad was executed this morning.

The scene of the execution was in a basement under the store of the Burgess Electric Light company, a dingy place and well suited to the deed.

The deed for which the order for a volley at 11 o'clock was given was the chasing of a horse about the Board of Trade stables and the scaring of a woman on the street.

"Tony" was a lithe and small brown spaniel, and he belonged to A. F. Conrad, of 305 Sixth avenue West.

There was a small but violent panic on First street between Third and Fourth avenues West this morning about 10 o'clock. Little "Tony" was running around in a vacant lot with some foam on his jaws.

A lady stood on the edge of the sidewalk nearest the lot and screamed.

Forthwith George Klag, Carl Berini and Charles L. Brown, three newsboys of the Herald's force, hove into view, and increased the excitement.

One went for Druggist Boyce and he came up to look over the animal, and in the meantime the crowd gathered. The humane officer was sent for and a police sergeant, but neither had a gun, and the killing was deferred.

The dog did not like the crowd and finally ran into the Board of Trade livery stable, where someone tried to feed it some sperm oil and salt. It chased a horse out, and the horse ran away, and the crowd scattered.

Finally the officer with the revolver came, and he got the dog into the basement of the Burgess store after a few moments work and shot him twice, killing him.

INDEPENDENT LINE ACTIVE

Will Have Five Tugs In Commission---Officers Elected.

The Independent Tug line is preparing to be in the towing business very actively the coming summer. Arrangements have been under way which it will work in harmony with the independent lines in other ports, Chicago, Toledo, Cleveland, Ashtabula, Buffalo, Tonowanda, and Asiland and with the Thompson Wrecking outfit at the Sault, and the Reed Wrecking company at Port Huron. A wrecking outfit is also to be established here.

The tug Carpenter has been purchased from Porter Bros., and will be completely overhauled before being put into commission. The tugs Dowling and Merrill have been thoroughly repaired. The line has five tugs.

Officers were elected at a meeting yesterday as follows: Charles Forest, president and treasurer; Charles Maples, vice president; John Place, secretary and manager. The directors are, Albert Ceal, William Hoy and John Place.

About Washington's Birthday.

Washington's birthday was made a legal holiday by vote of the Massachusetts legislature, the first one observed being February 22, 1857. Prior to that time his birthday was only observed by personal friends. The birthday of the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters was fifty years ago, and the fact that it has remained before the public continuously since that time is positive proof that it is founded on true merit. There is also positive proof of its value in the record of cures of heartburn, indigestion, flatulency, dizziness, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and malaria, fever and ague that is back of it, also in the hundreds of voluntary testimonials received annually. Give it a trial. It will cure you even after other remedies have failed. Be sure to get the genuine.

TONIGHT'S SMOKER.

Fine Time Anticipated at Commercial Club.

Samuel Fullerton, of St. Paul, state game warden, was among the out-of-town arrivals today and a guest of the Commercial club. Mr. Fullerton expects to remain over for the Commercial club smoker this evening. He was present at the first entertainment given by the club and enjoyed it so much as to anticipate the second event.

There have been a number of arrivals of out-of-town members of the club this morning and afternoon to attend the smoker this evening. The program will consist of musical and literary turns and an athletic exhibition. The entertainment committee, while not giving out any details, promise a very interesting session.

TIMBER DEAL CLOSED.

One Lumber Interest Sells Some to Another.

Another good-sized St. Louis county timber deal was closed today. Kenneth A. McDonald, of this city, has purchased from A. P. Lovejoy, of Janesville, Wis., vice president of the Red Cliff Lumber company, and the Rogers-Ruger Lumber company, of West Superior, several tracts of standing pine in townships 66-18, 67-20, 68-20 and other adjoining townships. The timber is said to be of an excellent quality and lies among some of the timber holdings of the Cook-Ruggies-O'Brien interests. The consideration for the deal made today is said to be about $18,000.

TRUST GETS WHACK

Judge Windom Gives the Butchers' Combine an Uppercut.

Defined as Nothing Doing Business as Something For Everything.

Rather important inside testimony regarding the secrets of the local retail butchers' trust came out in a garnishee disclosure in the municipal court yesterday.

The "trust" was garnisheed for a judgment of $26 held by the Cudahy Packing company against Eli Willis, a former member.

Treasurer Milner of the "trust" was summoned before the court to make a disclosure and admitted having $14 of the $50 that had been paid by Mr. Willis when he was admitted to membership.

In ordering judgement against the "trust," Judge Windom held that the Retail Butchers' association of Duluth was not a legal entity—that it was not a legal corporation—in fact it is "nothing, doing business as something for everything."

The disclosure of the treasurer was to the effect that the trust was organized for the purpose of having each member make 25 per cent on meat—at least not less than 25 per cent—and also to establish a boycott on persons that did not pay meat bills.

He said that when a customer did not pay a bill in one shop he was blacklisted in all other shops of the association, and compelled to pay cash for meat or go without.

The disclosure did not make a very favorable impression on those that heard it, and the judgment which was ordered against the "trust," while not endangering its future, may be an indirect means of compelling it to legally organize, and then be subject to anti-trust laws, the same as other organizations.

Attorneys even express the opinion that Mr. Willis, who is now not a member of the trust, can bring legal action against the non-legal entity and recover the $50 which he paid to gain the privileges of its membership, and rather than have this done. It also means that members of the association of nothing will have to pay their bills or they can be collected from the treasurer of the trust through garnishee proceedings, if they have paid any money into the association.

IMPORTANT RULING

Land Commissioner Upsets Custom In Commuted Homestead Cases.

An important decision by the commissioner of the general land office was received at the local land office today. It concerns the homestead entry of William J. Kelly for certain lands in section 30-149-27. Kelly made his entry in May, 1901, and after the expiration of the usual fourteen months applied for commutation. According to the commutation law as interpreted by the secretary of the interior, settlers have always been allowed six months constructive residence. They are not compelled to take up their residence on the land until the expiration of the six months' constructive residence period. Eight months' actual residence on the land is then required before they can commute.

By the letter from the commissioner, Kelly was refused permission to commute, on the ground that he had not lived fourteen months on his land, taking as was the custom the privilege of the six months' constructive residence. If this decision holds it will be necessary for all settlers wishing to commute to live on their land for fourteen months instead of eight.

The letter was a surprise to the local officials, as in this and other offices the constructive residence privilege has always been recognized.

"The decision may affect those settlers who have not yet secured their patents," said Register Culkin, "but it cannot affect those who have already commuted their holdings and have secured their patents. These patents cannot be attacked except through the law courts. If the decision of the commissioner holds good it will make a big difference in our manner of doing business. The privilege which is withheld by the decision contained in this letter has always been recognized in our office and I think in other offices throughout the country."

WILL REBUILD BOILER PLANT

M. A. Ryan Will Put Up Finer Structure Than Former One.

M. A. Ryan, owner of the Northwestern boiler works, whose plant was destroyed by fire Friday afternoon, will erect a handsome new three-story home for his boiler manufactory as soon as the debris of the old one is cleared away.

Forty of the 125 men who were employed at the plant are engaged in digging up the old machinery which was buried under the ruins, and it is believed that the loss will not be as large as was at first supposed. All of the smaller tools were destroyed, however.

In spite of the fact that the plant has been destroyed, Mr. Ryan will be able to fill most of the orders he had on hand, as he also owns the National boiler works in Superior, and they can be cared for in that plant.

Many of the men who were working here are on the other side of the bay now, getting out duplicates of the almost finished work destroyed in Friday's fire.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Fifty years of success prove these troches the simplest and best remedy for Coughs, Hoarseness, Bronchial and Lung Troubles.

In boxes—never sold in bulk.



BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota land. J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater—8:30 this evening.

The Misses Coalbrath, 21 East Third street, very enjoyably entertained a few friends at progressive pedro last evening. The head prize, consisting of a picture in water colors, was eashily won by Mrs. S. W. Richardson. A modification of the usually accepted rules of the game was a novel feature of the evening.

John McAlpine, of this city, has bought from John A. Morse, of Ontonagon county, Mich., a large timber tract in 66-19, 66-29, 67-20 and 68-20. The consideration was $17,000. The sellers reserve mineral rights in certain sections.

An action to quiet title to the northeast quarter of section 34-52-12 has been started in district court by M. E. Lewis against Albert Humphreys and others.

The committee in charge of the letter carriers' ball at the Armory Monday evening are composed of the following well-known carriers: Committee on arrangements, J. S. Kniz, Thomas G. Thompson, A. E. Halvorsen, Arthur R. Sabin, J. F. McDonald, W. P. Pennell. The floor will be in charge of A. R. Armstrong with an able corps of assistants. The reception committee is in charge of Thomas G. Thompson. Judging from the advance sale of tickets an enormous crowd will be present.

Parlor theater—Vaudeville tonight.

M. L. Parker has returned from Cincinnati, New York and other eastern cities, where he has been for several weeks. In Cincinnati he attended the national convention of Merchant Tailors and in New York spent some time among the trade, studying the spring and summer styles and the latest tailoring methods.

Gust Carlson, arrested last night for stealing clothing from the Saratoga hotel, was bound over to the grand jury this afternoon in the sum of $250 bail. He was anxious to plead guilty but not being entitled to enter a plea for such a serious charge, in police court, he waived the formality of an examination.

Albert Polinsky, a team owner employed in delivering coal for the Northwestern Fuel company, lost a horse by drowning this morning. He was near the foot of Fifth avenue West, driving a load of coal over to a customer on Park Point, the horse struck a hole in the ice and went through, drowning before he could be pulled out.

J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue West, has bought the stock and fixtures of J. H. Ballontine, merchant tailor, of the Phoenix block. Mr. Ballontine has returned to Detroit, where he will resume business.

The city railroad ticket offices will be closed at noon Monday, Washington's birthday, being tomorrow and the observation being general on Monday. The ticket agents reached an agreement this noon.

Monday will be observed as Washington's birthday by the postoffice. There will be one delivery all over the city, the stamp and general delivery windows will be open until 10 o'clock, and the money order and registry departments will be closed all day.

Nels A. Hillman, a merchant of Winton, has filed a petition in bankruptcy claiming assets of $1525 and liabilities of $2211.09.

PURELY PERSONAL

A. L. Kuehnow, of the Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, will leave this afternoon for Chicago over the Wisconsin Central.

Mr. and Mrs. William McCullough will leave this afternoon for French Lick Springs over the Northern Pacific.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Eaton will leave for an extended trip through California and Mexico over the Northern Pacific.

R. C. Dunn, ex-state auditor, is in the city today.

C. S. Mellen, son of President Mellen, of the Northern Pacific, is visiting T. E. Blanche, city agent of the Northern Pacific.

M. J. Bryan, city agent of the Wisconsin Central, will leave for Chicago this afternoon.

W. W. Broughton, general freight agent of the Great Northern, is in the city today.

Capt. John Shea will leave for New Orleans today to attend the Mardi Gras celebration.

C. A. Duncan left last evening for the Pacific coast on a business trip of several weeks.

Mrs. E. J. Miller, of York, Pa., arrived today for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. James L. Owen, of 220 Fourteenth avenue east.

Miss Clements Bartlett, of 503 West First street, who has been teaching in Ashland, is home for a visit over Sunday.

Mrs. William Harvey Loper, of Chicago, is visiting her sister Mrs. John Roger Williams, of 1511 East Superior street.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Koehler retaurned this afternoon from a five week's trip to Washington, D. C., New York, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Stack left this afternoon for New York.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: L. M. Bothermel, Virginia; J. Berh, Two Harbors; W. C. Trigg, Minneapolis; T. B. Gibson, Milwaukee, Wis.; Samuel Fullerton, St. Paul; Peter E. Nelson, Cooperstown, N. D.; J. L. Forbes, Fergus Falls, Minn.; E. S. Redeker, Fargo, N. D.; Thomas Smith, Marquette, Mich.; Jules Beaudoin, Richburg, N. D.; W. H. Mackey, Minneapolis F. L. Randall, St. Cloud.

HUMBERTS ACQUITTED.

Banker Cattaui Mulcted For Costs of Libel Suit.

Paris, Feb. 21.—The ninth connectional chamber pronounced judgment today in the libel suit brought by M. Cattaui, a banker, against the Humberts, acquitting the latter and mulcting Cattaui in costs.

FAVORABLE REPORT

On Ratification of Agreements With the Indians.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The house committee on Indian affairs today ordered favorable reports on bills providing for the ratification of agreements with the Sioux tribe on the Rosebud reservation, S. D.; Indians of the Devils Lake reservation, N. D.; Indians of the Crow reservation, Montana; Indians of the Comanche and Apache reservations, Oklahoma; recommending amendments in each instance, striking out the provisions for appropriations by congress and providing that the Indians be paid the proceeds of the ceded lands.

THEIR OLD GRAFT

Two Minneapolis Crooks Trip Up On It In Duluth.

Charlie Howard and Billy Edwards, Famous In Ames Case.

The two leading state witnesses, whose testimony is relied on to send "Doc" Ames, former mayor of Minneapolis, to prison, have worked a "big mitt" game in Duluth that may play an important part in the coming criminal prosecution of Mr. Ames.

These two grafters are "Cheerful" Charlie Howard and Billy Edwards. The former will arrive in the city this evening in custody of Chief Troyer, who went to Minenapolis for him last evening. Billy Edwards is thought to have escaped, and if he has a most diligent search will be made for him by both Duluth and Minneapolis authorities. He is wanted here for "big mitt" work and in Minneapolis to give evidence against "Doc" Ames, who was arrested the other day in New Hampshire.

These two grafters, it is said, have been kept, clothed and fed by the Hennepin county authorities in order that they might be on hand when Mr. Ames was brought back to Minneapolis and give evidence similar to that given by them against Fred Ames, "Coffee John" Pitchette and Chris Norbeck in Minneapolis' recent police scandal.

While wards of the Hennepin county officers, they quietly sneaked into Duluth on Wednesday night and resumed their old graft of a stacked deck in a small game of stud poker.

They rounded up a country boy, a stranger in the city—named Joe Benning—and got him to a private room in a Superior street hotel. The induced him to play poker and carefully dealth the lad four queens. He got exited and bet $8 on the hand. He would have bet more, but that was all he had left. "Cheerful" Charlie Howard then calmly showed up a hand containing four kings. The boy suspected something and threatened trouble. Whereupon Howard negotiated a loan for the $8 giving a forged check for $200 as security.

He told the boy that if he did not meet him in the Union depot the next morning and give him back the money he lost in the poker game he could have the $200. The boy was delighted.

Late Wednesday night Chief Troyer and Detectives Irvine and Terry noticed two faces in the Union depot crowd that looked familiar. They were the property of Billy Edwards and Charlie Howard, and when accosted by the officers the grafters lied about their identity and were given just so long to get out of town, Chief Troyer not knowing that they had been grafting here.

In fact their deal with young Benning did not come to light until eighteen hours after the poker game, when the boy accosted an officer on Superior street and wanted to know where he could cash the $200 check. The policeman sent him to headquarters where Chief Troyer learned his story and telephoned the St. Paul and Minneapolis authorities to look out for the notorious pair.

Howard was arrested last night and the chief went after him, but up to a late hour this afternoon no news was received at headquarters of the arrest of Edwards.

The man under arrest is the fellow that kept the "big mitt ledger" that has figured so prominently all through the Minneapolis scandal and a fac-simile of which was published in the January number of McClure's magazine.

STATEHOOD COMPROMISE

Proposes to Admit Two States, Oklahoma and Montezuma.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The statehood compromise, which is expected to unlock the present tangle in the senate and remove the blockade, proposes to admit two states, one to be Oklahoma, according to its present boundaries, with a proviso that Indian territory shall be added to Oklahoma in 1906, when the treaty obligations with the Indians will not be in the way. The other state is to be composed of New Mexico and Arizona under the name of Montezuma, with a proviso that when the present territory of Arizona has a population of 300,000 people, it shall become a separate state, providing that the people of the territory affected vote in favor of being divided from Montezuma or New Mexico.

CAPTAIN IS CENSURED

Court Returns Decision on Loss of Steamer Madiana.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Feb. 21.—The decision of the court which has been looking into the loss of the Quebec Steamship company's steamer Madiana, which, having about a hundred tourists on board ran on a reef off this island, Feb. 10, censures the captain's "indiscretion" in approaching the coast when the light had not been seen; in failing to become acquainted with the prevailing conditions; in the omission to make a periodic adjustment of his compass and in the non-reduction of steamer's log book. The court admits that the Gibbs hill light was defective and disapproves of the employment of a crew unable to speak English.

JUDGE MORRIS' SALARY.

Washington, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The general deficiency appropriation bill reported today provides $6,000 for the payment of Representative Page Morris's next year's salary as federal judge.

The Saturday Evening Post

is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.

Write for our offer.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO.,

Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. MITCHELL IS KEPT VERY BUSY!

Those who have given Dr. Mitchell's treatment a fair trial, declare it is the most remarkable cure for all nervous diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, blood and kidney troubles, sexual weakness, goitres, tumors, all female weaknesses, and all deformities that flesh is heir to. His cures are made with his naked hands, he does not use drugs or the surgeon's knife.

A prominent business man of Duluth has recently investigated Dr. Mitchell's method which he employes to produce results of so marvelous a nature, and called upon many people whom the doctor had treated and cured. One case in particular was that of Mr. Carl Stackmesser of Tower, who had not walked for eleven and a half years. Dr. Mitchell sent him home after one month's treatment walking. Another case was that of the daughter of Mr. S. T. Baker who could not hear a watch tick, was made to hear in a short time; and his wife was also saved from an operation. Her case had been pronounced incurable by many physicians in this and other cities. She was treated and cured by Dr. Mitchell. By calling at 618 Baxter avenue, West Superior this statement can be substantiated. Another case was that of Mr. Rankin of Ely, Minn., who was going blind, had his eyesight restored. Many others were also called upon. Some said they had been blind, some had been deaf for years. One little girl eight years old who had never walked had been made to walk. A man whose arm had been shrunken away to nothing but skin and bones and had been unable to use it for five years, had been cured. A lady had been cured of goitre, her neck being reduced from twenty-two inches to eleven inches, its normal size.

If you are sick and are not getting better under your doctor, take no thought of anything else until you have called upon this great healer and obtained his valuable advice, for he is curing incurables. Office at 17 East Superior street. Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily, Sunday 10 to 12. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings 7 to 8:30. Zenith 'Phone 579.

OPENS THE DOORS

Senate Transacts a Little Needed Legislative Business.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The senate resumed its sittings again at 11 o'clock today, with the doors closed and with Thursday's session still progressing. The presiding officer had scarcely taken his seat when the the point of no quorum was made. A sufficient number of senators soon responded and Mr. Morgan was about to proceed with his canal speech when there was a general request on the part of the senators to be allowed to transact some morning business. Senator Sullom yielded to this demand and it soon became apparent that a very large volume of this business had accumulated. Mr. Sullom then moved an open session of an hour for the transaction of legislative business. There was no objection and accordingly twenty minutes after the beginning of the session, the doors were opened. The hour was given up largely to the introduction of bills and the making of committee reports.

The business had not proceeded far when Mr. Quay rose and said: "I merely rise to make my usual request with, I presume, the usual result, that on Thursday, Feb. 26, a vote be taken upon the omnibus statehood bill and all amendments without further debate."

Messrs. Depew and Nelson objected simultaneously and Mr. Quay took his seat with a wave of his hand to Mr. Alger, who had yielded the floor to him.

Among the bills passed were the following:

Providing for the payment of $5900 to the executors of James P. Willett, late postmaster at Washington, D. C., as damages on account of his death, which was caused by falling down an elevator shaft in the postoffice building; amending the law concerning the holding of real estate by aliens in the territories; authorizing the secretary of the interior to restore to entry public lands segregated for reservoirs.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 21.—At the opening of the session of the house today Mr. Hemenway (Ind.) asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill to exempt from taxation the property of the Daughters of the Revolution in the District of Columbia. Mr. Moon (Tenn.) objected, saying he would continue to object to the consideration of any bill by unanimous consent.

Mr. Fowler (N. J.) then moved that the house go into committee of the whole to consider the currency bill, and pending that motion he asked that he control the time for the bill and Mr. Thayer (Mass.) against it. To this Mr. Bartlett (Ga.) objected, saying that there was a difference of opinion on the Democratic side concerning this question. When the motion was put Mr. Bartlett made the point of no quorum, and the speaker having counted the house and finding only 169 members present, directed a call.

The motion was carried, 137 to 95. Accordingly the house went into committee, and Mr. Fowler, chairman of the committee on banking and currency, took the floor in support of his bill.

APPROVES OF THE TREATY

London, Feb. 21.—Sir Cavendish Boyle, governor of Newfoundland, who arrived here on the White Star liner Cedric, from Liverpool, had intended to go to Washington to confer with Secretary Hay and Ambassador Herbert regarding the present status of the Hay-Bond reciprocity treaty between this country and Newfoundland, but decided to postpone the trip. He will, he said, communicate with Washington later. Of the treaty, he said:

"I am very well pleased with the terms of the treaty and sincerely hope that it will be successfully negotiated. There is, however, an element of danger in the way of its being balked by the unreasonable opposition of the Massachusetts senators representing the Gloucester fishermen in the matter. It is a pity that there should be any antagonism toward the treaty as both this country and Newfoundland, as well as Canada, would be greatly and equally benefited by its passage. I am, of course, aware that Canada is also opposed to the treaty on the ground, as she claims that it would injure her business interests. But then our next door neighbor has rarely ever been in favor of anything that would benefit the commerce of Newfoundland."

NEW PLACE FOR MERCER.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Captain W. A. Mercer, U. S. A., formerly in charge of the Winnebago Indian agency, and later of the Leech Lake agency, has been detailed as general of the Uintah and Ouray agency in Utah.

FIRE AT PORT EDWARDS.

St. Paul, Feb. 21.—A Grand Rapids, Wis., special to the Dispatch, says: The fine residence of William Brazeau, at Port Edwards, was destroyed by fire at 8 o'clock this morning. The property was valued at $8,000, partially insured. A defective chimney caused the conflagration.

MAUD GONNE MARRIED.

Paris, Feb. 21.—Major McBride, who was a member of the Irish brigade in the Transvaal service during the South African war, and Maude Gonne, known as the "Irish Joan of Arc" were quietly married here today.

MILK CAN FACTORY BURNS.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—The five-story milk can factory of Sturges, Cornish & Burn company was partially destroyed by fire today. Arthur J. Parr, foreman of the paint shop, met death in the flames. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

GERMANS AID THE REBELS

By Delay In Returning War Vessels to President Castro.

Washington, Feb. 21.—It is a matter of comment in official circles here that, perhaps, without intending it, Germans are aiding the Venezuelan revolutionists in refusing to return at once President Castro's ships. Word has been received here that the German commander has informed the Venezuelan government that the ships will be turned over to them at Port of Spain, Trinidad, on Monday afternoon.

In the protocols it was provided that all ships should be "returned," and it was the intention of the allies' representatives here that the transfer of the vessels should occur in Venezuelan waters, where they were captured. The interpretation which the Germans have put upon this article is regarded here as somewhat petty, but it will not be noticed officially. Instead, the state department will place the Marietta at the disposal of President Castro to carry officers and men to Trinidad with which to man his vessels.

Meantime the revolutionists are importing large supplies of arms and ammunition into Coro and other unguarded ports. President Castro has no navy to prevent this and is, therefore, becoming restive at Germany's conduct. It has not been decided whether the United States, in the event that President Castro again declares a blockade of the Orinoco will recognize it as effective. This matter has been a subject of correspondence between Mr. Russell, the United States charge at Caracas, and officials here, but the matter probably will not be decided until Minister Bowen returns to Venezuela. The latter's handling of this delicate point before the war was satisfactory to the Washington government.

NO ARGUMENT NEEDED.

Every Sufferer From Catarrh Knows That Salves, Lotions, Washes, Sprays and Douches Do Not Cure.

Powders, lotions, salves, sprays and inhalers cannot really cure catarrh, because this disease is a blood disease, and local applications, if they accomplish anything at all, simply give transient relief.

The catarrhal poison is in the blood and the mucus membrane of the nose, throat and trachea tries to relieve the system by secreting large quantities of mucus, the discharge sometimes closing up the nostrils, dropping into the throat, causing deafness by closing the eustachian tubes, and after a time causing catarrh of the stomach or serious throat and lung troubles.

A remedy to really cure catarrh must be an internal remedy which will cleanse the blood from catarrhal poison and remove the fever and congestion from the mucous membrane.

The best and most modern remedies for this purpose are antiseptice scientifically known as red gum, blood root and hydrastin, and while each of these have been successfully used separately, yet it has been difficult to get them all combined in one palatable, convenient and efficient form.

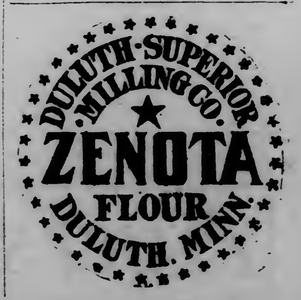
The manufacturers of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, have succeeded admirably in accomplishing this result. They are large, pleasant-tasting lozenges, to be dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching every part of the mucous membrane of the throat and finally the stomach.

Unlike many catarrh remedies, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets contain no cocaine, opiate or any injurious drug whatever, and are equally beneficial for little children and adults.

Mr. C. R. Rembrandt, of Rochester, N. Y., says: "I know of few people who have suffered as much as I from catarrh of the head, throat and stomach. I used sprays, inhalers and powders for months at a time with only slight relief and had no hope of cure. I had not the means to make a change of climate, which seemed my only chance of cure.

"Last spring I read an account of some remarkable cures made by Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and promptly bought a fifty-cent box from my druggist and obtained such positive benefit from that one package that I continued to use them daily until I now consider myself entirely free from the disgusting annoyance of catarrh; my head is clear, my digestion all I could ask and my hearing, which had begun to fail as a result of the catarrh, has greatly improved until I feel I can hear as well as ever. They are a household necessity in my family."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents for complete treatment, and for convenience, safety and prompt results they are undoubtedly the long-looked-for catarrh cure.





Just Try To Get Well

Find out what I know.
Learn why my offer is possible.
Write me a postal—that's all.

Note What That Means.

No matter about your prejudice and doubts. They are natural—but put them aside for once.

Look at it this way:—If my treatment succeeds, you are well. If it fails, it is free. Your whole risk is the postal you write.

And consider this:—You see this offer everywhere, and thousands every week accept it. Don't you realize that I must be curing these thousands, else the offer would ruin me?

And can't you believe—in view of the faith I show—that my vast experience may have solved a way to cure you?

Don't be too hesitating when your health is at stake. Just try for a month to get well. Then, if you are still doubtful, let your druggist send the bill to me.

My Method Is This:

My Restorative strengthens the **inside** nerves. It is my discovery—the result of my lifetime's work.

Instead of doctoring the weak organ, I bring back the nerve power which alone makes each vital organ act. I give it the strength to do its duty, just as I would give a weak engine more steam.

I nearly always succeed. My records show that 39 out of each 40 who get my Restorative on trial, pay for it gladly, because they are cured. The best of other treatments cannot cure one chronic case in ten.

My book will tell you why.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON.

For we all resolve to send for something, but forget. Mark the book desired and mail this with your address to

Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia	Book 4 for Women
Book 2 on the Heart.	Book 5 for Men (sealed).
Book 3 on the Kidneys	Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all Druggists.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative on Trial.

THE INIMITABLE MR. DOOLEY TALKS

On the Subject of THE AMERICAN FAMILY. By Finley Peter Dunne.

(Copyright, 1903, by R. H. Russell).

"Is th' race dyin' out?" asked Mr. Dooley.

"Is it what?" replied Hennessy.

"Is it dyin' out?" said Mr. Dooley. "Th' ministers an' me frind Dock Eliot iv Harvard say it is. Dock Eliot wud know diff'rent if he was a rale dock, an' wint flyin' up Halsted sthreet in a buggy, boggin' a white horse to be there on time, but he ain't an' he's sure it's dyin' out. Childer ar-re disappearin' fr'm America. He took a squint at th' list iv Harvard gradjates th' other day an' discovered that they had ivrything to make home happy but kids. Wanst th' wurruld was full iv little Harvards. Th' country swarmed with thim. Ye cud tell a Harvard man at wanst be a look at his feet. He had th' unmistakeable cradle fut. It was no sthrange thing to see an ol' Harvard man comin' back to his almy mather pushin' a baby carredge full iv twins an' ladin' a fam'ly that looked like an advertisement in th' newspapers to show th' percintage iv purity bakin' powdhers. Prisidint Eliot was often disturbed in a diseoorse, pintin' out th' dangers iv th' counthry, be th' outeries iv th' progeny iv fair Harvard. Th' campus was full iv baby carredges on commincemint day, an' speeyal accomydations had to be took fr nurses. In thim happy days somewan was always teethin' in a Harvard fam'ly. It looked as if ivinchally th' wurruld wud be peopled with Harvard men an' th' Chinese wud have to pass an Exclusion Act. But something has happened to Harvard. She is projoocin' no little rah-rahs to glad th' wurruld. Th' av'rage fam'ly iv th' Harvard gradjate an' th' jackass is practically th' same. Th' Harvard man iv th' prisint day is th' last iv his race. No artless prattle is heerd in his home. Not fr him th' joys iv trundlin' th' little push-cart in th' park or th' blind reach fr th' soothin' syrup in th' darkened room. Whin Harvard needs a fresh batch iv scholars an' quatter backs she has to call fr a new deal. An' me frind Prisidint Eliot is sore about it an' he has communicated th' sad fact to th' clargy. Nawthin' th' clargy likes so much as a sad fact. Lave wan iv me frinds iv th' clargy know that we're goin' to th' divvle in a new way an' he's happy. We used to take th' journey be covetin' our neighbor's ox or his ass or be disobeyin' our parents, but now we have no parents to disobey or they have on childreh to disobey thim. Th' American people is becomin' as unfruitful as an ash heap. We're no bether thin th' Fr-rinch. They say th' pleasin' squawk iv an' infant hasn't been heerd in France since th' Franco-Proosshun war. Th' govermint offers prizes fr fam'lies but no wan claims them. A Frinch gintleman who wint to Germany wanst has made a good deal iv money lecturin' on 'Wild Babies I Have Met,' but ivry wan says he's a faker. Ye can't convince annywan in France that there ar-re anny babies. We're goin' th' same way. Less than three millyon babies was bor-rn in this counthry las' year. Think iv it Hinnissy—less thin three millyon, hardly enough to consume wan tenth iv th' output iv pins. It's a horrible thought. I don't blame ivry wan, fr'm Teddy Rosenfelt down, fr worryin' about it.

"What's th' cause, says ye? I don't know. I've been readin' th' newspapers an' ivrybody's been tellin' why. Late marredges, arly marredges, no marredges, th' cost iv livin', th' luxuries iv th' day, th' tariff, th' thrusts, th' spots on th' sun, th' difficulty iv obtainin' implycemint, th' growth iv culture, th' pitcher hat, an' so on. Ivrybody's got a raison, but none iv thim seems to meet th' bill. I've been lookin' at th' argyminta pro an' con, an' I come to th' conclusion that th' race is dyin' out only in spots. It's dyin' out among Harvard gradjates, but it's holdin' its own among th' alumnuses iv Saint Pathrick's Commercial Acadamy in Desplaines sthreet. The' av'rage size iv th' fam'ly in Mitchigan avnoo is .000001, but th' av'rage size iv th' fam'ly in Ar-rchey Road is somewhat larger. Afther I r-read what Dock Eliot had to say, I ast me frind Dock Grogan what he thought about it. He's a rale dock. He has a horse an' buggy, e's out so much at night that th' polis ar-re always stoppin' him thinkin' he is a burglar. Th' dock has prepared some statistics fr me, an' here they ar-re: Number iv twins bor-rn in Ar-rchey Road fr'm Halsted sthreet to Western avnoo fr'm Janooary wan to Janooary wan, 365 pairs; number iv turips iv thripletts in th' same fiscal year, nine; number iv individjool voters, eighty-three thousan', nine hundherd an' forty-two; av'rage size iv fam'ly, fourteen; av'rage weight iv parents, wan hundherd an' eighty-five; av'rage size iv rooms, nine be eight; av'rage height iv ceilin', nine feet; av'rage wages, wan dollar, sivinty-five; av'rage duration iv doethor's bills, two hundherd years.

"I took th' statistics to Father Kelly. He's an onprejudiced man, an' if th' race was dyin' out he wud have had a soundin' boord in his pulpit long ago, so that whin he mintioned th' wurrud 'Hell,' ivrywan in th' congregation wud have thought he meant him or her. 'I think,' says Father Kelly, 'that Dock Grogan is a little wrong in his figures. He's a boastin'. In this parrish I allow twelve births to wan marredge. It varies, iv coorse, bein' sometimes as low as nine an' sometimes as high as fifteen. But twelve is about th' av'rage,' he says. 'If ye see Dock Eliot,' he says, 'ye can tell him th' race ain't dyin' out very bad in this here part iv th' wurrud. On th' conthry. It ain't fible to ayether,' he says, 'onless wages is raised,' he says. 'Th' poor ar-re becomin' richer in childher an' th' rich poorer,' he says. 'Tis always th' way,' he says. 'Th' bigger th' house th' smaller th' fam'ly. Mitchigan avnoo is always thinnin' out fr'm itsilf an' growin' fr'm th' efforts iv Ar-rchey Road. 'Tis a way Nature has iv gettin' aven with th' rich an' pow'rful. Wan part iv town has nawthin' but money an' another nawthin' but childher. A man with tin dollars a week will have tin childher, a man with wan hundherd dollars will have five, an' a man with a millyon will buy an autymobill. Ye can tell Schwartzmeister with thirteen little Hanses an' Helenas that he don't have to throw no bombs to make room fr his childher. Th' people over in Mitchigan avnoo will do that thimselves. Nature,' he says, 'is a wild dimmycrat,' he says.

"I guess he's right. I'm goin' to ask Dock Eliot, Tiddy Rosenfelt an' all th' rest iv them to come up Ar-rchey R-road some summer's afthernoon an' show them th' way th' r-race is dyin' out. Th' front stoops is full iv childher; they block th' throlley cars; they're shyin' bricks at th' polis, pullin' up coal-hole covers, playin' ring-around-th'-rosy, shootin' dice, makin' paper dolls, goin' to Sundah school, hurryin' with ta' sprinklin' pot to th' place at th' corner an' indulgin' in other sports iv childhood. Pah-pah is settin' on th' steps, ma is lanin' out iv th' window gassin' with th' neighbors, an' a squad iv polis ar-re up at th' church keepin' th' christenin' parties fr'm mobbin' Father Kelly, while he inthrajooces wan thousan' little Michaels, Pathricks, Jawns, Robert Immits, Kates, Bridgets, an' Mary Anns or James or Ellens to Christyan s'ciety. No, sir, th' race, far fr'm dyin' out in Ar-rchey R-road, is runnin' assy an' comin' sthrong."

"Ye ought to be ashamed to talk about such subjicks, ye, an ol' hatch," said Mr. Hennessy. "It's a seeryous question."...

"How manny childher have ye?" asked Mr. Dooley.

"Lave me see," said Mr. Hennessy. "Wan, two, four, five, eight, siven, eitght, th.—no, that's not right. Lave me see. Ah, yes. I f'rgot Terence. We have fourteen."

"If th' race iv Hinnissys dies out," said Mr. Dooley, "'twill be fr'm overcrowdin'."

PROTEST BY VENEZUELANS

Complain Because Ships Are Not Returned By Allies.

Caracas, Venz., Feb. 21.—The morning papers here publish a protest directed to Venezuela, the United States and the European nations, as follows:

"In order that the public may know how Germany, Great Britain and Italy execute their agreements we call attention to the grave fact that up to today, Feb. 20, the ships taken by the three powers have not been delivered to the government of Venezuela, as stipulated in the protocols."

The German commodore has notified the authorities at Puerto Cabello that the Venezuelan gunboat Restaurador, which was captured by the Germans, will be returned to Venezuela on Monday, Feb. 23, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, "and not before."

A revolutionary army, estimated at 2800 men, has reached a point about twenty miles south of Caracas. The revolutionists and the government troops both occupy strong positions.

The revolution organized by Gen. Matos during the course of the blockade of the Venezuelan coast by the allied warships was reorganized and three armies formed. One, under the command of Antonio Fernandez, numbering 1800 men, was routed near Caibozo, in the province of Mirando, and its chief is now fleeing in the direction of the river Apure. The second army, led by Gens. Mantilla and Soignie, 1200 strong, was defeated last Wednesday near Urachiche. The third army, commanded by Gens. Rolando Penaloza and Vidal, which was expecting to meet the first two armies, arrived Thursday by way of Santa Lucia and Guarenas, at a point about ten miles from Petare, which is situated ten miles southeast of Caracas, after having lost 800 men from desertion en route. The strength of this third army is estimated at 2800 men. It has taken up a strong position and the troops sent against it by the government are also strongly placed.

The revolutionary army is not believed to be strong enough to attack, and if a few days are allowed to elapse without the rebels taking the offensive against President Castro, who since the conclusion of the blockade has been receiving reinforcements, it is regarded as certain that they will be defeated.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
One dose at bedtime prevents night coughs of children. No croup. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE CLASS LEADERS TO BE ANNOUNCED

Names of High School Honor Pupils Coming Out Next Week.

Debating Team Goes to Fergus Falls March 6---Senior Play.

Honor pupils of the class of '03 will be announced during the coming week. At its next class meeting the class will probably elect those who are to be its representatives on class night.

The honor pupils are decided by adding up the number of points all of the members have secured during the seven semesters of high school work through which they have passed. The one which has the highest average in all his or her studies will be graduated with honors.

During the first day or two of the coming week Principal Smith will make up the averages and read the first ten or twelve names to the class as having received special mention for scholarship.

Those who are to be graduated with honors will begin immediately to prepare essays to read on commencement night.

Four members of the class will be elected to take part in the class night exercises, which will consist of the president's address by Frank Kane, a class history, class prophecy, last will and testament and oration by the class orator.

Work is ahead for the seniors.

THE DEBATING TEAM

To Meet Fergus Falls In That City March 6.

Duluth high school's debating team will go to Fergus Falls to meet the talkers of that town on March 6.

The Fergus Falls team is one of the most successful in the state. It has already won three debates this year. In two of these they defended the affirmative and in one the negative. Duluth will have the affirmative of the question: "Resolved, that United States senators should be elected by popular vote."

During the first part of the year the affirmative side won nearly all of the debates, but during the last few weeks the negative has been successful in several contests held throughout the state.

Joe Harrison, '03; Albert Evans, '04, and Stanley Strand, '05, who compose the local team, are working hard every afternoon on the question, and they will go to Fergus Falls prepared to give the mature and experienced team of that city a chewing match which will keep them going to win.

The Fergus Falls debaters are older than the local men, and it is said that some of them were members of last year's team from that city, so that they are very well able to put up a good talk. They are out for the championship. The three debates which they have already contested in have given them a pretty thorough understanding of the question on which the league debates are held this year. But if hard work and good ability can conquer them, Duluth will stand a good chance.

THE SENIOR PLAY.

Rehearsal of the Parts to Begin at Once.

Work on "A Regular Fix," which will be one of the pieces for the senior play to be given on April 17 by the senior class at the High School will begin in earnest next week.

A. F. M. Custance will have charge of the affair and will attend to the drilling of the high school Thespians and the staging of the piece. Instructor Thomas of the English department has his hands full with the debating team, which has another debate of March 6, and which may have more contests later on. He must also attend to the preparation of the honor pupils and those who take part in the class night exercises, so will not be able to assist in putting the senior play on.

Mr. Custance has the distinction of having directed the production of more student entertainments than any other instructor in the high school, and his work has always been thoroughly appreciated in the past.

He has already decided on the names of the players to go into the cast. Frank Kane, president of the class, will play the leading part, that of Hugh De Brass, a brassy part, the interpretation of which demands considerable histrionic ability.

All of the minor parts will be placed in the hands of seniors next week, and work on the piece will begin at once. The other piece which will be needed to supplement "A Regular Fix" in order to build it up to the required length of an evening's entertainment has not been selected as yet. It may be a one-act piece with only two characters, which is being considered, or something of a musical nature may be put on.

ANNUAL CONCERT

Will Be Given at High School, March 2.

The annual concert given by the High School Musical society and the choir of St. Paul's church will be held in the Assembly hall Sunday, March 2.

A. F. M. Custance, who is instructor in music at the high school and master of St. Paul's church choir, has been working with those who are to take part for some time, and they will be prepared to give a concert fully as good as the excellent ones which have been given by the two musical organizations in the past.

The musical society will this year confine itself to the choruses, and all of the solos will be sung by members of the church choir. An unusually good program of sacred music has been arranged. It will contain selections from Rossini's oratorio, "Moses in Egypt," and from Handel's "Messiah."

Original compositions by Mr. Custance will also find a place on the program. Admission will be by tickets distributed by the members of the musical society and St. Paul's choir.

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

Little Interest Shown.

Only those who were to take part appeared at the meeting of the Literary society which was to have been held in the Assembly hall Friday afternoon, so the meeting was postponed.

WIDE OPEN TAX AMENDMENTS ARE PASSED BY HOUSE

(Continued from page 1).

each household, individual or head of a family, as the legislature may determine."

This will permit future legislatures to do a lot of tinkering with the tax system of the state, and in the minds of most students of tax questions it appears to open the doors enough to permit the preparation of a much more just and equitable system of taxation than the present provisions do. It would permit income taxes and a number of other plans that have been advanced for the solution of the problem of just taxation.

The bill was not amended in the slightest particular, though attempts were made to get several amendments tacked on. Mr. Percy wanted to have educational institutions that are conducted for pecuniary profit taken out of the exempt list, and Mr. Shearer wanted cemeteries operated for private gain removed from that class, but neither plan went. Mr. Wells wanted a provision put in that taxes should be as nearly equal as possible, but Mr. Haugland said that provision in the old constitution had been the great bar to tax reforms, and Mr. Wells' suggestion was reected. So was that of Mr. Hickey, who wanted the taxes to be based on a fair valuation of the property in money.

The amendments out of the way, there was no further debate, and the bill was passed by a vote of 89 to 11. It came up on special orders yesterday afternoon.

* * *

After this matter was disposed of the houes took up the calendar, which had not been reached in the morning, and passed every bill on it, eight in number. None of these bills were of interest, except perhaps that of Mr. Sander, which permits county boards, if they see fit, to appropriate money out of the general revenue fund of the counties, to be used in aiding county fairs, providing the sums appropriated do not exceed $500 in any one year.

* * *

The house did not take up general orders, as it was late. Mr. Tighe, of Ramsey county, moved to adjourn until Monday morning at 11 o'clock, but a motion to adjourn to today proved more popular, and it went through with a whoop. Speaker Babcock expressed himself on the subject, saying that he hoped the adjournment would not prevail, as work was piling up, and he thought the house ought not to follow the example of the senate, but that it should stay at work today.

* * *

Mr. Hugo's bill providing that the state auditor's office shall give applicants for mining leases attention in the order in which they came will be recommended for indefinite postponement by the house committee on mines and mining. The committee sent the bill to Attorney General Douglas, who said yesterday afternoon, after examining it, that it added nothing to the existing laws. On his advice, therefore, the bill was killed off. Mr. Hugo introduced it at the request of Duluth parties.

The bill allowing St. Louis county to pay its judges $1500 a year more each will go on general orders in a day or two, and if there is no opposition to it it will pass before the middle of next week. There should be no objection to it, as the St. Louis county delegation is a unit for it, and it does not affect any other county.

Should the bill increasing all of the district judges of the state to $5000 a year go through it would repeal this one, even if it had been passed. But there is no great danger that the general bill will pass. It does not look good to the country members, and if it passes it will be only after a very stormy career.

* * *

Representative Dowling is said to have an opinion of a certain Montana legislator's ingenuity. He has plagiarized from Mr. Dowling by introducing a bill giving $2000 to a mother of triplets, and Mr. Dowling is wondering, if the man wanted to be funny, why he could not be original.

* * *

The corrupt practices act is very likely to go. Senator Wilson's bill repealing it has been recorted for passage by the senate committee on elections, and there seems to be a general sentiment that the law is a farce and has no place on the statute books.

* * *

An important bill introduced in the house yesterday was that by Mr. Wilson, which takes the work of looking into the accounts of railroad companies out of the hands of the public examiner and turns it over to the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners. The bill permits the commission to prescribe a time within which all common carriers shall, as near as may be, have a uniform system of accounts. In order to verify the returns of gross earnings on which the tax is based, the commission may examine all books and accounts of the railroads bearing on the subject, and may call for any witnesses it needs. Any railroad officer obstructing this investigation will be guilty of a misdemeanor and may be punished by a fine of $50 to $5000.

* * *

Mr. Bennett made another attempt yesterday for his bill increasing the salary of the state school superintendent from $2500 to $3500. The committee the other day reported an amendment cutting it to $3000, with the recommendation that as amended it pass. Yesterday Mr. Bennett had this reconsidered and had the bill sent back to the committee, where he hopes to get a favorable hearing.

* * *

An odd bill was that introduced yesterday in the house by Mr. Nyquist, permitting all honorably discharged Union soldiers and sailors to peddle anywhere in the state without paying the license fees required by municipalities.

* * *

The Socialists want to get on the state ticket again, and yesterday they sent to the house an immense petition asking that they may be permitted to use the word "socialist" on the official ballots.

* * *

Lots of money for roads is provided in a bill introduced in the house yesterday by Mr. Nyquist. The appropriation is $85,000, and each county is to get $1000 to be used in improving roads, of the cost of which one-third is to be paid by the state, one-third by the county and one-third by the townships. No roads are to be less than a mile long, and they are to be completed by Nov. 1, 1904. County commissioners are to be allowed $4 a day and traveling expenses for inspecting the roads. This is in addition to their regular pay. STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Men who want their youth, to feel the same as when budding into manhood, use Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back that vim, vigor, mental and physical power of bygone days. Free if it fails. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

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Accurate Treatment Of Men's Diseases



I guess at nothing. My understanding of men's diseases is so sufficient that I have no need to resort to guess work. To men's diseases alone I have devoted my entire attention for many years. I have closely studied them in every possible phase and complication. I believe there is no case that I cannot accurately diagnose. My diagnosis is the foundation of my treatment. It determines the course to pursue. As the cure progresses I carefully note developments and vary the remedies accordingly. I employ original and distinctive methods of treatment, but they are not set methods. They are pliable to meet the conditions in individual cases, and their use calls for the most delicate prescribing. That they are correct, scientific and rational methods is conclusively proven by the cures they produce.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

"WEAKNESS"

That disorder commonly known as "weakness," has for years and generations baffled the efforts of physicians, yet to this very day a majority of doctors are attempting to overcome it by methods that have been in constant use and that have constantly failed for half a century. They dose the system with powerful stimulants and tonics calculated to restore nervous forces or strength that is not and never has been lacking, with a result that the functions are temporarily excited to the positive detriment of the patient. Weakness, we will call it such for convenience just now, is only a symptom resulting from a chronically swollen and inflamed prostate gland, and is curable by local treatment only. Either early dissipation or some improperly treated contracted disease is responsible for the inflammation in most instances, though accidental injury, strain, etc., may produce the same result. I have permanently cured thousands of cases of prematureness, loss of power, which demonstrates the absolute accuracy of my understanding and treatment of the disorder. In years I have not met with a single failure, and I have entire confidence in my ability to cure all cases that come to me for treatment other than that which I have perfected can completely and permanently restore strength and vigor.

CONTRACTED DISORDERS

To but partially cure a contracted disease is almost as dangerous as to allow it to go untreated. Unless every particle of infection and inflammation is removed, the probability exists that the disease will gradually work its way into the general system. All greater is the danger of the prostate gland becoming chronically inflammed, which always brings partial or complete loss of power. Perhaps 25 per cent of the cases of so-called "weakness" are a direct result of some improperly treated disease. During the past five years I have treated over 6500 cases of contracted disorders and have effected an absolutely thorough and safe cure in each instance. There have been no relapses or undesirable developments whatever and my patients have been cured in less time than other and less thorough forms of treatment require in produeing even doubtful results.

VARICOCELE

Many men afflicted with varicocele are endangering their general health, their manly power and even life itself by allowing the disorder to remain uncured. Varicoc le results from partial paralysis of the delicate nerve fibres that have a part in controlling local circulation of the blood. The muscular coating of the veins being deprived of nervous communication and control, become inactive, weaken and relax. The blood vessels expand from the pressure within, the circulation in the parts become sluggish, and frequently stagnant pools form in little nooks and pockets that constantly enlarge as the relaxation continues. The possibility exists that clots may form in these stagnant pools and then pass out into the general circulation. Should one find lodgment in the valve of the heart the result might be instant death, or should it be carried to the brain, general paralysis will follow.

I guarantee to cure varicocele in one week by a method that involves no cutting or ligature, or caustic. No other physician employs a like method, and so thorough is my work that there need not be the slightest fear of a relapse into the old condition. Those who have been long afflicted with varicocele will never realize the injury it has caused until they feel the vim, energy and buoyancy of spirts that a complete cure will bring.

STRICTURE

My treatment for stricture removes the necessity for surgical operations, even in severe cases of long standing. I do no cutting or dilating. No other physician employs my methods of overcoming this disorder, so the service I offer you is original and distinctive. Do not give up hope because others have failed. I will cure you and the cure will be a prompt and painless one. My treatment dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, subdues all inflammation, relieves all irritation or congestion that may exist in the kidneys or bladder, reduces enlargement of the prostate gland and restores to health and tone all organs affected by the disease.

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If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully. Our home treatment by correspondence is always successful.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE



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Look at it this way:—If my treatment succeeds, you are well. If it fails, it is free. Your whole risk is the postal you write.

And consider this:—You see this offer everywhere, and thousands every week accept it. Don't you realize that I must be curing these thousands, else the offer would ruin me?

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I nearly always succeed. My records show that 39 out of each 40 who get my Restorative on trial, pay for it gladly, because they are cured. The best of other treatments cannot cure one chronic case in ten.

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Dr. Shoop's Restorative on Trial.

THE INIMITABLE MR. DOOLEY TALKS

On the Subject of THE AMERICAN FAMILY. By Finley Peter Dunne.

(Copyright, 1902, by R. H. Russell).

"Is th' race dyin' out?" asked Mr. Dooley.

"Is it what?" replied Hennessy.

"Is it dyin' out?" said Mr. Dooley. "Th' ministers an' me frind Dock Eliot iv, Harvard say it is. Dock Eliot wud know diff'rent if he was a rale dock, an' wint flyin' up Halsted street in a buggy, dogin a white horse to be there on time. But he ain't an' he's sure it's dyin' out. Childer ar-re disappearin' fr'm America. He took a squint at th' list iv Harvard gradjates th' other day an' discovered that they had ivrything to make home happy but kids. Wanst th' wurruld was full iv little Harvards. Th' counthry swarmed with thim. Ye cud tell a Harvard man at wanst be a look at his feet. He had th' unmistakeable cradle fut. It was no sthrange thing to see an ol' Harvard man nosin' back to his almy mather poshin' a baby carredge full iv twins an' ladin' a family that looked like an advertisement in th' newspapers to show th' percintage iv purity bakin' powdhers. Prisidint Eliot was often disturbed in a discoorse, pintin' out th' dangers iv th' counthry, be th' outeries iv th' progeny iv fair Harvard. Th' campus was full iv baby carredges on commincemint day, an' speyal accomydations had to be took fr' nurses. In thim happy days somewan was always teethin' in a Harvard family. It looked as if kincholly th' wurruld wud be peopled with Harvard men an' th' Chinese wud have to pass an Exclusion Act. But something has happened to Harvard. She is projoocin' no little rah-rahs to glad th' wurruld. Th' av'rage family iv th' Harvard gradjate an' th' jackass is practleally th' same. Th' Harvard man iv th' prisint day is th' last iv his race. No artless prattle is heerd in his home. Not fr him th' joys iv trundlin' th' little push-cart in th' park or th' blind reach fr th' soothin' syrup in th' darkened room. Whin Harvard needs a fresh batch iv scholars an' quatter backs she has to call fr a new deal. An' me frind Prisidint Eliot is sore about it an' he has communicated th' sad fact to th' clargy. Nawthin' th' clargy likes so much as a sad fact. Lave wan iv me frinds iv th' clargy know that we're goin' to th' divvle in a new way an' he's happy. We used to take th' journey be covetin' our neighbor's ox or his ass or be disobeyin' our parents, but now we have no parents to disobey or they have on childreh to disobey thim. Th' American people is becomin' as unfruitful as an ash heap. We're no bether thin th' Frinch. They say th' pleasin' squawk iv an' infant hasn't been heerd in France since th' Franco-Prooshun war. Th' govermint offers prizes fr families but no wan claims them. A Frinch gintleman who wint to Germany wanst has made a good deal iv money lecturin' on 'Wild Babies I Have Met,' but ivry wan says he's a faker. Ye can't convince annywan in France that there ar-re anny babies. We're gain' th' same way. Less thin three million babies was bor-rn in this counthry last year. Think iv it Hunatsy-less thin three millyon, hardly enough to consume wan tenth iv th' output iv pins. It's a horrible thought. I don't blame ivry wan, fr'm Tiddy Rosenfelt down, fr worryin' about it.

"What's th' cause, says ye? I don't know. I've been readin' th' newspapers an' ivrybody's been tellin' why. Late marredges, arly marredges, no marredges, th' cost iv livin', th' luxuries iv th' day, th' tariff, th' thrusts, th' spots on th' sun, th' difficulty iv obtainin' imployemint, th' growth iv culture, th' pitcher hat, an' so on. Ivrybody's got a raison, but none iv thim seems to meet th' bill. I've been lookin' at th' argyments pro an' con, an' I come to th' conclusion that th' race is dyin' out on'y in spots. It's dyin' out among Harvard gradjates, but it's holdin' its own among th' alumnuses iv Saint Pathrick's Commercial Acadamy in Desplaines sthreet. The' av'rage size iv th' family in Mitchigan avnoo is .000001, but th' av'rage size iv th' family in Ar-rchey Road is somewhat larger. After I r-read what Dock Eliot had to say, I ast me frind Dock Grogan what he thought about it. He's a rale dock. He has a horse an' buggy, e's out so much at night that th' police ar-re always stoppin' him thinkin' he is a burglar. Th' dock has prepared some statistics fr me, an' here they ar-re. Number iv twins bor-rn in Ar-rchey Road th'm Halsted sthreet to Western avnoo fr'm Janooary wan to Janooary wan, 365 pairs; number iv turips iv thriplets in th' same fiscal year, nine; number iv individjool voters, eighty-three thousan', nine hundherd an' forty-two; av'rage size iv family, fourteen; av'rage weight iv parents, wan hundherd an' eighty-five; av'rage size iv rooms, nine be eight; av'rage height iv ceilin', nine feet; av'rage wages, wan dollar, sivinty-five; av'rage duration iv docthor's bills, two hundherd years.

"I took th' statistics to Father Kelly. He's an onprejudiced man, an' if th' race was dyin' out he wud have had a soundin' board in his pulpit long ago, so that whin he mintioned th' wurrud 'Hell,' ivrywan in th' congregation wud have thought he meant him or her. 'I think,' says Father Kelly, 'that Dock Grogan is a little wrong in his figures. He's boastin'. In this parrish I allow twelve births to wan marredge. It varies, iv coorse, belin' sometimes as low as nine an' sometimes as high as fifteen. But twelve is about th' av'rage,' he says. 'If ye see Dock Eliot, he says, 'ye can tell him th' race ain't dyin' out very bad in this here part iv th' wurrul. On th' conthry. It ain't fible to ayether,' he says, 'onless wages is raised,' he says. 'Th' poor ar-re becomin' richer in childher an' th' rich poorer,' he says. 'Tis always th' way,' he says. 'Th' bigger th' house th' smaller th' family. Mitchigan avnoo is always thinnin' out fr'm itself an' growin' fr'm th' efforts iv Ar-rchey Road. 'Tis a way Nature has iv gettin' aven with th' rich an' pow'rful. Wan part iv town has nawthin' but money an' another nawthin' but childher. A man with tin dollars a week will have tin childher, a man with wan hundherd dollars will have five, an' a man with a millyon will buy an autymobill. Ye can tell Schwartzmeister with thirteen little Hanses an' Helenas that he don't have to throw no bombs to make room fr his childher. Th' people over in Mitchigan avnoo will do that thimselves. Nature,' he says, 'is a wild timmperat,' he says.

"I guess he's right. I'm goin' to ask Dock Eliot, Tiddy Rosenfelt an' all th' rest iv them to come up Ar-rchey R-road some summer's afthernoon an' show them th' way th' r-race is dyin' out. Th' front stoops is full iv childher; they block th' throlley cars; they're shyin' bricks at th' polis, pullin' up coal-hole covers, playin' ring-around-th'-rosy, shootin' dice, makin' paper dolls, goin' to Sundah school, hurryin' with to sprinklin' pot to th' place at th' corner an' indulgin' in other spoorts iv childhood. Pah-pah is settin' on th' steps, ma is lanin' out iv th' window gassin' with th' neighbors, an' a squad iv polis ar-re up at th' church keepin' th' christenin' parties fr'm mobbin' Father Kelly, while he inthrajooces wan thousan' little Michaels, Pathricks, Jawns, Robert Emmits, Kates, Bridgets, an' Mary Anns or Janes or Eilens to Christyan society. No, sir, th' race, far fr'm dyin' out in Ar-rchey R-road, is runnin' assy an' comin' sthrong."

"Ye ought to be ashamed to talk about such subjicks, ye, an ol' batch," said Mr. Hennessy. "It's a seeryous question."

"How manny childher have ye?" asked Mr. Dooley.

"Lave me see," said Mr. Hennessy. "Wan, two, four, five, eight, sivin, eitght, tin,—no, that's not right. Lave me see. Ah, yes, I f'rgot Terence. We have fourteen."

"If th' race iv Hinnissys dies out," said Mr. Dooley, "twill be fr'm overcrowdin'."

PROTEST BY VENEZUELANS

Complain Because Ships Are Not Returned By Allies.

Caracas, Venz., Feb. 21.—The morning papers here publish a protest directed to Venezuela, the United States and the European nations, as follows:

"In order that the public may know how Germany, Great Britain and Italy execute their agreements we call attention to the grave fact that up to today, Feb. 20, the ships taken by the three powers have not been delivered to the government of Venezuela, as stipulated in the protocols."

The German commodore has notified the authorities at Puerto Cabello that the Venezuelan gunboat Restaurador, which was captured by the Germans, will be returned to Venezuela on Monday, Feb. 23, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, "and not before."

A revolutionary army, estimated at 2800 men, has reached a point about twenty miles south of Caracas. The revolutionists and the government troops both occupy strong positions.

The revolution organized by Gen. Matos during the course of the blockade of the Venezuelan coast by the allied warships was reorganized and three armies formed. One, under the command of Antonio Fernandez, numbering 1800 men, was routed near Cabazo, in the province of Miranda, and its chief is now fleeing in the direction of the river Apure. The second army, led by Gens. Mantilla and Solagnie, 1200 strong, was defeated last Wednesday near Urachiche. The third army, commanded by Gens. Rolando Penaloza and Vidal, which was expecting to meet the first two armies, arrived Thursday by way of Santa Lucia and Guarenas, at a point about ten miles from Petare, which is situated ten miles southeast of Caracas, after having lost 800 men from desertion en route. The strength of this third army is estimated at 2800 men. It has taken up a strong position and the troops sent against it by the government are also strongly placed.

The revolutionary army is not believed to be strong enough to attack, and if a few days are allowed to elapse without the rebels taking the offensive against President Castro, who since the conclusion of the blockade has been receiving reinforcements, it is regarded as certain that they will be defeated.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
One dose at bedtime prevents night coughs of children. No croup. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE CLASS LEADERS TO BE ANNOUNCED

Names of High School Honor Pupils Coming Out Next Week.

Debating Team Goes to Fergus Falls March 6---Senior Play.

Honor pupils of the class of '03 will be announced during the coming week. At its next class meeting the class will probably elect those who are to be its representatives on class night.

The honor pupils are decided by adding up the number of points all of the members have secured during the seven semesters of high school work through which they have passed. The one which has the highest average in all his or her studies will be graduated with honors.

During the first day or two of the coming week Principal Smith will make up the averages and read the first ten or twelve names to the class as having received special mention for scholarship.

Those who are to be graduated with honors will begin immediately to prepare essays to read on commencement night.

Four members of the class will be elected to take part in the class night exercises, which will consist of the president's address by Frank Kane, a class history, class prophecy, last will and testament and oration by the class orator.

Work is ahead for the seniors.

THE DEBATING TEAM

To Meet Fergus Falls In That City March 6.

Duluth high school's debating team will go to Fergus Falls to meet the talkers of that town on March 6.

The Fergus Falls team is one of the most successful in the state. It has already won three debates this year. In two of these they defended the affirmative and in one the negative. Duluth will have the affirmative of the question: "Resolved, that United States senators should be elected by popular vote."

During the first part of the year the affirmative side won nearly all of the debates, but during the last few weeks the negative has been successful in several contests held throughout the state.

Joe Harrison, '03; Albert Evans, '04, and Stanley Strand, '05, who compose the local team, are working hard every afternoon on the question, and they will go to Fergus Falls prepared to give the mature and experienced team of that city a chewing match which will keep them going to win.

The Fergus Falls debaters are older than the local men, and it is said that some of them were members of last year's team from that city, so that they are very well able to put up a good talk. They are out for the championship. The three debates which they have already contested in have given them a pretty thorough understanding of the question on which the league debates are held this year. But if hard work and good ability can conquer them, Duluth will stand a good chance.

THE SENIOR PLAY.

Rehearsal of the Parts to Begin at Once.

Work on "A Regular Fix," which will be one of the pieces for the senior play to be given on April 17 by the senior class at the High School will begin in earnest next week.

A. F. M. Custance will have charge of the affair and will attend to the drilling of the high school Thespians and the staging of the piece. Instructor Thomas of the English department has his hands full with the debating team, which has another debate of March 6, and which may have more contests later on. He must also attend to the preparation of the honor pupils and those who take part in the class night exercises, so will not be able to assist in putting the senior play on.

Mr. Custance has the distinction of having directed the production of more student entertainments than any other instructor in the high school, and his work has always been thoroughly appreciated in the past.

He has already decided on the names of the players to go into the cast. Frank Kane, president of the class, will play the leading part, that of Hugh De Brass, a brassy part, the interpretation of which demands considerable histrionic ability.

All of the minor parts will be placed in the hands of seniors next week, and work on the piece will begin at once. The other piece which will be needed to supplement "A Regular Fix" in order to build it up to the required length of an evening's entertainment has not been selected as yet. It may be a one-act piece with only two characters, which is being considered, or something of a musical nature may be put on.

ANNUAL CONCERT

Will Be Given at High School, March 2.

The annual concert given by the High School Musical society and the choir of St. Paul's church will be held in the Assembly hall Sunday, March 2.

A. F. M. Custance, who is instructor in music at the high school and master of St. Paul's church choir, has been working with those who are to take part for some time, and they will be prepared to give a concert fully as good as the excellent ones which have been given by the two musical organizations in the past.

The musical society will this year confine itself to the choruses, and all of the solos will be sung by members of the church choir. An unusually good program of sacred music has been arranged. It will contain selections from Rossini's oratorio, "Moses in Egypt," and from Handel's "Messiah."

Original compositions by Mr. Custance will also find a place on the program. Admission will be by tickets distributed by the members of the musical society and St. Paul's choir.

Little Interest Shown.

Only those who were to take part appeared at the meeting of the Literary society which was to have been held in the Assembly hall Friday afternoon, so the meeting was postponed.

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

WIDE OPEN TAX AMENDMENTS ARE PASSED BY HOUSE

(Continued from page 1).

each household, individual or head of a family, as the legislature may determine."

This will permit future legislatures to do a lot of tinkering with the tax system of the state, and in the minds of most students of tax questions it appears to open the doors enough to permit the preparation of a much more just and equitable system of taxation than the present provisions do. It would permit income taxes and a number of other plans that have been advanced for the solution of the problem of just taxation.

The bill was not amended in the slightest particular, though attempts were made to get several amendments tacked on. Mr. Perley wanted to have educational institutions that are conducted for pecuniary profit taken out of the exempt list, and Mr. Shearer wanted cemeteries operated for private gain removed from that class, but neither plan went. Mr. Wells wanted a provision put in that taxes should be as nearly equal as possible, but Mr. Haugland said that provision in the old constitution had been the great bar to tax reforms, and Mr. Wells' suggestion was reected. So was that of Mr. Hickey, who wanted the taxes to be based on a fair valuation of the property in money.

The amendments out of the way, there was no further debate, and the bill was passed by a vote of 89 to 11. It came up on special orders yesterday afternoon.

* * *

After this matter was disposed of the houes took up the calendar, which had not been reached in the morning, and passed every bill on it, eight in number. None of these bills were of interest, except perhaps that of Mr. Sander, which permits county boards, if they see fit, to appropriate money out of the general revenue fund of the counties, to be used in aiding county fairs, providing the sums appropriated do not exceed $500 in any one year.

* * *

The house did not take up general orders, as it was late. Mr. Tighe, of Ramsey county, moved to adjourn until Monday morning at 11 o'clock, but a motion to adjourn to today proved more popular, and it went through with a whoop. Speaker Babcock expressed himself on the subject, saying that he hoped the adjournment would not prevail, as work was piling up, and he thought the house ought not to follow the example of the senate, but that it should stay at work today.

* * *

Mr. Hugo's bill providing that the state auditor's office shall give applicants for mining leases attention in the order in which they came will be recommended for indefinite postponement by the house committee on mines and mining. The committee sent the bill to Attorney General Douglas, who said yesterday afternoon, after examining it, that it added nothing to the existing laws. On his advice, therefore, the bill was killed off. Mr. Hugo introduced it at the request of Duluth parties.

The bill allowing St. Louis county to pay its judges $1500 a year more each will go on general orders in a day or two, and if there is no opposition to it it will pass before the middle of next week. There should be no objection to it, as the St. Louis county delegation is a unit for it, and it does not affect any other county.

Should the bill increasing all of the district judges of the state to $5000 a year go through it would repeal this one, even if it had been passed. But there is no great danger that the general bill will pass. It does not look good to the country members, and if it passes it will be only after a very stormy career.

* * *

Representative Dowling is said to have an opinion of a certain Montana legislator's ingenuity. He has plagiarized from Mr. Dowling by introducing a bill giving $3000 to a mother of triplets, and Mr. Dowling is wondering, if the man wanted to be funny, why he could not be original.

* * *

The corrupt practices act is very likely to go. Senator Wilson's bill repealing it has been recorted for passage by the senate committee on elections, and there seems to be a general sentiment that the law is a farce and has no place on the statute books.

* * *

An important bill introduced in the house yesterday was that by Mr. Wilson, which takes the work of looking into the accounts of railroad companies out of the hands of the public examiner and turns it over to the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners. The bill permits the commission to prescribe a time within which all common carriers shall, as near as may be, have a uniform system of accounts. In order to verify the returns of gross earnings on which the tax is based, the commission may examine all books and accounts of the railroads bearing on the subject, and may call for any witnesses it needs. Any railroad officer obstructing this investigation will be guilty of a misdemeanor and may be punished by a fine of $50 to $5000.

* * *

Mr. Bennett made another attempt yesterday for his bill increasing the salary of the state school superintendent from $2500 to $3500. The committee the other day reported an amendment cutting it to $3000, with the recommendation that as amended it pass. Yesterday Mr. Bennett had this reconsidered and had the bill sent back to the committee, where he hopes to get a favorable hearing.

* * *

An odd bill was that introduced yesterday in the house by Mr. Nyquist, permitting all honorably discharged Union soldiers and sailors to peddle anywhere in the state without paying the license fees required by municipalities.

* * *

The Socialists want to get on the state ticket again, and yesterday they sent to the house an immense petition asking that they may be permitted to use the word "socialist" on the official ballots.

* * *

Lots of money for roads is provided in a bill introduced in the house yesterday by Mr. Nyquist. The appropriation is $35,000, and each county is to get $1000 to be used in improving roads, of the cost of which one-third is to be paid by the state, one-third by the county and one-third by the townships. No roads are to be less than a mile long, and they are to be completed by Nov. 1, 1904. County commissioners are to be allowed $4 a day and traveling expenses for inspecting the roads. This is in addition to their regular pay. STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Men who want their youth, to feel the same as when budding into manhood, use Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back that vim, vigor, mental and physical power of bygone days. Free if it fails. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

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Accurate Treatment Of
Men's Diseases



I guess at nothing. My understanding of men's diseases is so sufficient that I have no need to resort to guess work. To men's diseases alone I have devoted my entire attention for many years. I have closely studied them in every possible phase and complication. I believe there is no case that I cannot accurately diagnose. My diagnosis is the foundation of my treatment. It determines the course to pursue. As the cure progresses I carefully note developments and vary the remedies accordingly. I employ original and distinctive methods of treatment, but they are not set methods. They are pliable to meet the conditions in individual cases, and their use calls for the most delicate prescribing. That they are correct, scientific and rational methods is conclusively proven by the cures they produce.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

"WEAKNESS"

That disorder commonly known as "weakness," has for years and generations baffled the efforts of physicians, yet to this very day a majority of doctors are attempting to overcome it by methods that have been in constant use and that have constantly failed for half a century. They dose the system with powerful stimulants and tonics calculated to restore nervous forces or strength that is not and never has been lacking, with a result that the functions are temporarily excited to the positive detriment of the patient. Weakness, we will call it such for convenience just now, is only a symptom resulting from a chronically swollen and inflamed prostate gland, and is curable by local treatment only. Either early dissipation or some improperly treated contracted disease is responsible for the inflammation in most instances, though accidental injury, strain, etc., may produce the same result. I have permanently cured thousands of cases of prematureness, loss of power, which demonstrates the absolute accuracy of my understanding and treatment of the disorder. In years I have not met with a single failure, and I have entire confidence in my ability to cure all cases that come to me for treatment other than that which I have perfected can completely and permanently restore strength and vigor.

CONTRACTED DISORDERS

To but partially cure a contracted disease is almost as dangerous as to allow it to go untreated. Unless every particle of infection and inflammation is removed, the probability exists that the disease will gradually work its way into the general system. All greater is the danger of the prostate gland becoming chronically inflammed, which always brings partial or complete loss of power. Perhaps 25 per cent of the cases of so-called "weakness" are a direct result of some improperly treated disease. During the past five years I have treated over 6500 cases of contracted disorders and have effected an absolutely thorough and safe cure in each instance. There have been no relapses or undesirable developments whatever and my patients have been cured in less time than other and less thorough forms of treatment require in producing even doubtful results.

VARICOCELE

Many men afflicted with varicocele are endangering their general health, their manly power and even life itself by allowing the disorder to remain uncured. Varicocele results from partial paralysis of the delicate nerve fibres that have a part in controlling local circulation of the blood. The muscular coating of the veins being deprived of nervous communication and control, become inactive, weaken and relax. The blood vessels expand from the pressure within, the circulation in the parts become sluggish, and frequently stagnant pools form in little nooks and pockets that constantly enlarge as the relaxation continues. The possibility exists that clots may form in these stagnant pools and then pass out into the general circulation. Should one find lodgment in the valve of the heart the result might be instant death, or should it be carried to the brain, general paralysis will follow.

I guarantee to cure varicocele in one week by a method that involves no cutting or ligature, or caustic. No other physician employs a like method, and so thorough is my work that there need not be the slightest fear of a relapse into the old condition. Those who have been long afflicted with varicocele will never realize the injury it has caused until they feel the vim, energy and buoyancy of spirts that a complete cure will bring.

STRICTURE

My treatment for stricture removes the necessity for surgical operations, even in severe cases of long standing. I do no cutting or dilating. No other physician employs my methods of overcoming this disorder, so the service I offer you is original and distinctive. Do not give up hope because others have failed. I will cure you and the cure will be a prompt and painless one. My treatment dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, subdues all inflammation, relieves all irritation or congestion that may exist in the kidneys or bladder, reduces enlargement of the prostate gland and restores to health and tone all organs affected by the disease.

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If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully. Our home treatment by correspondence is always successful.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

MORE IRON FOUND

Duluth Men Are Now Drilling In Section 24, 52-18.

Have Been at It For Months and Are Confident.

Has a new iron district been discovered in the state of Minnesota?

That is the question which is of supreme importance to a number of Duluth capitalists at present. On section 24, 52-18 exploration work has been conducted for a number of months, and a man, who is indirectly interested in the new property and owns considerable land in the neighborhood, made the statement today that the company or persons who are conducting the work of exploration have made a valuable discovery. On this section a diamond drill has been at work for some time past. The first diamond drill which was put in broke after it had penetrated to a depth of between fifty and sixty feet. A second one was immediately installed, the explorers evidently believing that they had discovered sufficient evidence of the presence of ore to warrant the expenes of another drill.

T. L. Lammers, a mining engineer and chemist, of this city, has charge of the work of exploration. When asked concerning the reported discovery, he refused to make any statement, saying that he had nothing to make public as yet.

The manager of a real estate company dealing extensively in farm lands, and owning considerable land in the immediate vicinity of the section on which the work of exploration is being conducted, said that his company owned lands in that township, but that they were not for sale.

A local dealer in mineral and timber lands, when asked his opinion on the chances of another iron district being discovered in this part of the state, said it was possible that this was a continuation of the Highland vein, about which there have been many encouraging reports. A line drawn from 24-52-18 to Highland would not be far from parallel with the line of the Mesaba range.

"We haven't begun to realize as yet the extent of our iron lands," he said. "Untold wealth, about which we know nothing, may still exist beneath those barren old hills. Section 24, 52-18, is, of course, a considerable distance this side of the nearest known ore lands, but I see no reason why a new deposit should not be found in that vicinity."

The work of exploration is also being carried on in section 1, 52-18, but as yet no diamond drill has been put in.

A noteworthy fact concerning the land was told by a business man of this city, who owns considerable property in that vicinity, and has often visited the locality:

"There is a small stream running through this district," he said. "At one point in this stream there is a small falls, about six feet in height. At the place where the water falls the edges of the bank have been worn away, and it looks as if these banks had been hewn out of pure metal."

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Callahan Convicted on One Count; Two More On Trial.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Clear Lake—O. L. Callahan was convicted of criminal assault in circuit court. Clara Peterson was his victim. The jury in the Callahan forgery case failed to agree after forty-eight hours' deliberation and was discharged. The illegitimate parentage case against Callahan with Milda Peterson, sister of Clara, is now on trial. The forgery case will be retried.

Deadwood—The grand jury has indicted William and James LaMear, aged 16 and 18 years, respectively, for throwing switches and endeavoring to ditch trains near Perry.

Noel Bassett, of St. Onge, has been indicted for selling liquor without a license.

Capt. Smith Bullock, supervisor of the Hills forest reserve, has been summoned to Washington for a conference with officials.

Lead—A fire that would probably have proven disastrous to the Homestake company was discovered in the old Burlington shaft in time to be suppressed. It required three streams of water an entire day to extinguish the blaze.

Mrs. Jane Hedglin has been awarded $2000 personal damages for injuries sustained by a fall on a defective sidewalk.

Aberdeen—On Thursday of next week the Knights Templar will hold their annual reunion and many visitors will be in attendance, including Eminent Grand Commander Lorimer of Brookings. A fine banquet will be served at 6 o'clock and a lunch at the close of the work in the night.

Lake Preston—The Commercial hotel and all furnishings have been sold to Charles Txchampen, of De Smet, who will take charge on March 1.

The Lake Preston Creamery company received in January about 135,000 pounds of milk and cream, from which $1666 worth of butter was sold.

Hot Springs—Stock came through the recent cold spell in good shape. The thermometer at no time registered lower than 12 below zero. There was but little snow upon the ground, thus enabling stock to get at the grass.

Lead—A board of survey has been convened to investigate a reported deficiency in government property in the possession of Capt. C. F. Fay.

Joseph Schultz, a hack driver, took poison, but was saved by the doctors.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The residence of R. Poindexter burned Thursday night. The family was aroused just in time to get out. The loss is about $2000, with insurance on the house of $800 and on the furniture of $400.

C. A. Zimmerman was arraigned charged with having obtained money from Christian Wolf, of Medina, under false pretenses. Wolf alleges that Zimmerman sold him cattle and received $255 of a total of $495 to be paid. Some of the cattle, it is asserted, were covered by a mortgage.

Jamestown is enjoying a period of absolute reform. The city has always been the freest from blindpigs of any in the state, and now slot machines have been tabooed. This action was taken at the instance of the Ministerial association.

Owing to the severity of the weather the Northern Pacific is running only the necessary through freights on the Dakota division. Traffic for the past few days has been carried on under the greatest difficulties.

Mayville—Mayville compares very favorably with other places of the state as a financial center. One of the banks reports deposits of over $250,000, and the capitalists of the town are interested in large operations in the far South, in Canada and on the Pacific coast.

SORE NECK

Take Scott's Emulsion for scrofula. Children often have sores on the neck that won't heal up. The sores may come and go. Parents may not know what's the matter nor what to do. Scrofula is the trouble and Scott's Emulsion is the medicine.

Scott's Emulsion heals the sores. But that is not all. Scrofula leads to consumption. This is the real danger.

Scott's Emulsion is the "ounce of prevention" that keeps off consumption.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

Children like Piso's Cure. It is pleasant to take and cures their coughs. At druggists. 25c

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Escanaba Having Trouble to Sell Its Bonds.

Escanaba—The $50,000 worth of bonds which Escanaba some months ago voted to issue in order to raise money to pay the indebtedness on the lighting plant, have not yet been disposed of. The resolution provided that these bonds were to draw an interest of 4 per cent and this is said to be the reason they have not been negotiated. The money market for some time past has been rather stringent and rates of interest have advanced. Nobody wants the bonds at 4 per cent, it is declared, and the only way the city can dispose of them is to offer them, it is said, at a higher rate of interest. When the city does manage to dispose of the issue it will have a bonded and outstanding indebtedness aggregating $136,000.

St. Ignace—Sheriff Bone has returned to the Soo, having in his custody Fred LeClear, arrested at St. Ignace on the charge of committing assault with intent to murder. It is alleged that while playing a game of cards in a saloon at the Soo Alexander Le Clear and Myron Sherman quarreled and the former struck the latter and drew a revolver. In the struggle over the possession o fthe revolver the weapon was discharged and Sherman received a bullet in his right leg. LeClear went to St. Ignace, where he was located by Sheriff Bone.

It is said that former Attorney General Oren, of the Soo, who has been retained to defend the Michigan Central suit, will receive a salary of $50 a day, or about $16,000 a year, and expenses, with a prospect that a final settlement of the litigation may be prolonged.

Wells—A gentleman named Phelps, who hails from Kansas City, is at Wells visiting his son, who is employed in the mills there. In speaking to an acquaintance about his family the other day, the old gentleman remarked that they were all well, "except father, who is a trifle under the weather." He wasn't joking a bit, either. His father is enjoying fairly good health at the ripe old age of 104.

Blainey—A Manistique paper notes that the Mueller company, while drilling a well for water supply at Blainey recently, struck a vein of salt. It will continue operations to ascertain if the deposit is of sufficient depth to warrant development.

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly tetter, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous eruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous.

The thing to do is to help the system discharge the humors, and strengthen it against their return.

Hood's Sarsaparilla permanently cured J. G. Hines, Franks, Ill., of eczema, from which he had suffered for some time; and Miss Alvina Wolter, Box 212, Algona, Wis., of pimples on her face and back and chafed skin on her body, by which she had been greatly troubled. There are more testimonials in favor of this great medicine than can be published.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Don't put off treatment. Buy a bottle of Hood's today.

STEPS INTO A HOLE

Unknown Man Drowned In the Bay Near Peavey Elevator.

Body Is Found Near the Spot Where Accident Occurred.

A man whose identity is unknown, was drowned last night, near the Peavey elevator.

He was walking across the bay on the ice and stepped into a pool twenty-four feet deep, kept open by the exhaust steam and water from the elevator engines.

A night watchman at the elevator heard his cries for help and with another employe ran to the edge of the dock overlooking the pool, but there was nothing to indicate that the calling for help came from that particular spot, and the men searched elsewhere.

At day break a cap was seen floating near the outer edge of the pool and it was noticed that foot prints in the snow led up to the edge and ended there.

The police were notified and Capt. McLennan, of the life saving crew, and Officer Fred Woods directed a search for the body. It was found about nine o'clock and later taken to Nelson's undertaking rooms in the West End by the direction of the coroner.

The dead man was broke, financially, and was evidently walking across the bay toward Garfield avenue, or over to West Superior, for want of car fare.

Possibly, becoming cold, he turned in toward the lights of the Peavey plant engine room, and in the darkness met his death.

The unfortunate man is about five feet and a half in height, had gray eyes, a dark sandy mustache, and short beard, and a darker shade of hair.

He was rather poorly clothed, wearing a blue flannel shirt, dark blue coat with narrow trimming of black braid, gray striped trousers and old blue overalls. He wore the ordinary shoepacks.

During the search for the body Capt. McLennan, of the life-saving crew, broke through the ice and got a chilly ducking, but managed to catch the edge of the ice before he went under.

HOTEL FOR WORKMEN

Destroyed By Fire at Midway, Pa.---Many Narrow Escapes.

Midway, Pa., Feb. 21.—The Midway hotel, a large three-story frame structure, caught fire at 10 o'clock today and was totally destroyed. At noon the fire was still burning and several buildings in the immediate neighborhood are threatened. The volunteer departments of the nearby towns are at work but the supply of water is not good. The hotel was a resort for workingmen employed on the Pan Handle road, and between thirty and forty were in the hotel at the time. There were many narrow escapes, and all the occupants have not been accounted for. The report that a number of Italians had been burned, or were lost in the fire, has not been verified.

ATTEMPTED POISONING

Candy Sent to Citizens of Gold Rock, Manitoba.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 21.—The Wibigoon district is highly worked up over an attempt to murder one or more of the leading citizens by means of poisoned candy. On Friday a man named Chiverton received at the Gold Rock postoffice a box containing a number of chocolate creams and a note reading: "Jack: A few candies for yourself."

Chiverton offered some of the candy to a companion named Mason, who immediately after tasting it, was seized with violent pains and exhibited all the symptoms of poisoning. Mason at once spat out the candy and hastened to a doctor for treatment. The candy was left with Dr. Murdoch, and John Joy, who was staying at the doctor's house, seeing the box on the table, put one of the chocolates into his mouth before he could be warned. He also was immediately seized with violent convulsions, and strenuous efforts were necessary to preserve his life.

The package of candy has been forwarded to the provincial authorities at Toronto, with a request that an investigation be made.

FLAATEN'S CONCERT ORCHESTRA

At LYCEUM, Feb. 22, 3 p. m.

SOLOISTS:

Master Leslie Bassett, Boy Soprano,
Charles Hillmar, Cornet.

Tickets—25c, 35c, 50c

CHANGE OF VENUE BILL

Which Disturbed Montana Senate, Finally Passed.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 21.—The change of venue bill, which nearly caused a riot in the senate Wednesday night, passed the senate by a vote of 17 to 8 after a very stormy session. Senator Kennedy announced his determination to hold the floor and amend every section of the bill. The ile was passed and the sergeant-at-arms was compelled to seat Kennedy. The house passed a bill appropriating $25,000 for a Montana exhibit at the St. Louis exposition.

A BOYCOTT DECLARED.

Denver, Feb. 21.—The local members of the executive committee of the American labor union have declared a boycott upon the Colorado Southern railroad and the Vulcan Iron Works, of Denver, as a result of the strike of the blacksmiths in the Colorado & Southern shops here. The union officials say they are prepared to carry the fight to a finish.

Grand Opening Sale!

For One Week Only, Commencing Monday, February 23.

Public confidence will be secured by promises faithfully kept. We are here to stay, and will continue to give expression to integrity in business by redeeming all pledges made. We have sold thousands of **White Barrios Diamonds,** and we have yet to hear of one being returned unsatisfactory.

We are here to introduce the famous White Barrios Diamonds—the nearest approach to genuine diamonds ever discovered. They have all the fire, luster, colors and brilliancy of old mine gems, and will stand acids, heat, alkali, etc.—in fact, they can be washed and cleaned like ordinary diamonds, and so near do they resemble them, that experts have been deceived.

Our Stupendous Opening Sale Starts Monday morning. Several thousand articles of jewelry will be sold at prices that will hardly pay for the gold used in the setting. Rings, Brooches, Studs, Scarf Pins, Earrings, etc., that seem to be

WORTH FROM **$45 to $475** MONDAY FROM **$1.00 to $4.00**

Such a colossal display of dazzling sight has never before been witnessed in Duluth. Crowds will swarm and jump at this great chance; so be on hand and get first choice. **Read, reflect, then act quickly.**



Tiffany Engagement Ring.
Exact Duplicate of Tiffany Engagement Ring.
Beautiful stone, set in gold-filled mounting. We guarantee this ring to give entire satisfaction for 5 years. Price tomorrow.. **$1.00**



Ladies' Engraved Tiffany Ring.
We can also furnish this with a plain setting. The stone is about ¼-kt. and the setting is guaranteed. Our price tomorrow... **$1.50**



Belcher Ring.
Gentlemen's Heavy Belcher Ring. We are the first to make a ring of this character in anything but solid gold. We guarantee the setting for ten years. Sale price tomorrow.. **$3.00**



Flat Belcher Ring—2 kt. stone, gentlemen's solid gold filled flat Belcher ring. It is impossible to detect this ring from one costing $250. The stone is cut the same as a genuine diamond and we guarantee the brilliancy to last forever. Mounting warranted for 20 years' constant wear—our price tomorrow..... **$4.00**



Ladies' Cluster Rings.
With Ruby, Opal or Turquoise center surrounded by 14 brilliant Barrios Diamonds. The setting is warranted for 20 years and the stone forever. A beautiful ring—can be worn at any and all times; price tomorrow.. **$2.50**



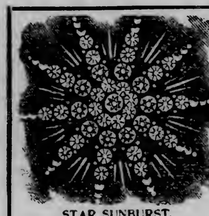
Ladies' Marquise Ring.
Each stone set with the same care that we would take if we were mounting genuine diamonds. We can furnish this ring in any combination of stones desired. The entire ring is guaranteed for 20 years. Our price tomorrow... **$3.00**



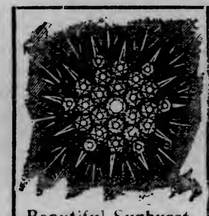
Solitaire Knot Brooch.
Mounting is solid gold filled set with ¼-caret brilliant Barrios diamond. A very pretty design. Price tomorrow..... **$1.00**



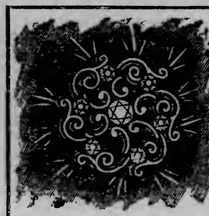
Solid Gold Front Brooch.
Handsome Solid Gold Front Brooch, latest knot design, hand chased and engraved and set with a beautiful brilliant Barrios diamond about ¼-carat in size—our price tomorrow..... **$2.50**



STAR SUNBURST.
Exact copy of one costing $375—a very beautiful design—the stones are set with as much care as if they were the genuine. Mounting is solid gold filled—both stones and mounting are guaranteed for a lifetime, actually worth $8—our sale price tomorrow..... **$4.00**



Beautiful Sunburst.
One mass of brilliancy; if genuine it would cost, at the present price of diamonds, about $500, our price tomorrow..... **$2.50**



This Brooch is an exact duplicate of one purchased from Tiffany & Co., New York, for $340. You can place them side by side and no one can detect the difference—our price tomorrow **$2.00**



Gents' Shirt Studs.
A very neat and popular size; if a genuine diamond it would cost you about $125 or $150. This answers all purposes at one thirtieth of that cost—our price tomorrow.... **$1.00**



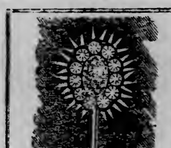
3-Carat Screw Stud.
An exact duplicate of genuine stone costing $450, mounting is 15-year solid gold-filled—and we guarantee the stone to retain its brilliancy forever—price tomorrow..... **$3.00**



Screw Earrings.
Beautiful, brilliant, evenly matched stones, either 1 or 2 kts. in size, set in gold-filled Tiffany mountings. We guarantee these earrings for 5 years' wear; seem to be worth $250.00—our price tomorrow..... **$2.00**



Scarf or Stick Pin.
Very neat design—if genuine diamond would cost you $50; no one can detect the difference. **$1.00**



Cluster Stick Pin.
Either Ladies' or Gents'. stones are full of fire and mounting is solid gold filled. Either opal, turquoise, ruby or emerald center stones. If genuine would cost $175—worth $6.00..... **$2.50**



Crescent Scarf Stick Pin.
Very neat and popular design—both stones and setting warranted to give satisfaction—sale price tomorrow.... **$1.00**

Come and See How They Sparkle—It's the greatest, grandest and most gorgeous display of semi-precious gems ever made. Come and see the nearest approach to a genuine diamond ever discovered. You must come and see the gems that fool experts; just see if you can detect the difference between **White Barrios** and real diamonds.

Our Guarantee.

We guarantee every stone to retain its brilliancy forever, and the mountings to give perfect satisfaction. We will give $5000 to any charitable institution if it can be shown that we have ever refused to replace a stone that does not give entire satisfaction. **White Barrios Diamonds** will stand acids, heat, alkali, etc., in fact, they can be washed and cleaned like ordinary diamonds, and so nearly do they resemble them that government experts have been deceived.

White Barrios Diamond Company.

Mail Orders

Will be promptly and carefully filled. Any article illustrated above for this grand opening sale will be sent to any address on receipt of price with the distinct understanding that if not as represented money will be refunded.

White Barrios Diamond Company.

White Barrios Diamond Co

Open Evenings. 413½ West Superior St., Duluth, Minn. 4 doors East of Lyceum Theater.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Andrew Carnegie has added $125,000 to the endowment of the Carnegie Laboratory of Engineering at Stevens Institute of Technology. Mr. Carnegie in 1900 gave $55,000 for the erection of the building. When the building was dedicated a year ago he gave $120,000 as an endowment fund.

George H. Pell, who, some years ago, was well known in Wall street circles and in fashionable society, was sentenced to three years and six months in states prison for grand larceny, to which he pleaded guilty some days ago. Pell, in 1899, was sentenced to seven years on charges arising out of the failure of the Sixth National bank, and was pardoned after serving two years. His wife and relatives are wealthy.

In the report of the health department of New York it is estimated that the present population of Greater New York is 3,732,903, an increase since the United States census of 1900, of 256,017.

The state normal school and the public schools of Edinboro, Pa., have been closed owing to a severe outbreak of smallpox among the pupils of the former institution. Within an hour after it became known in the Normal school that seven scholars were down with smallpox four hundred students had packed their trunks and left town.

Mrs. Coulter, the only woman member of the Utah legislature, has introduced a bill in the house limiting the election expenses of candidates and requiring the filing of the same. The bill makes it unlawful for any candidate to give away or treat to any cigars, drinks or other refreshments.

Sheriff Dreger left Manchester, N. H., for his home in Minneapolis Friday night. He visited ex-Mayor Ames at Hancock Friday and on his return expressed the opinion that Ames was a very sick man and fast losing ground. He will return March 5 for his prisoner.

Attorney General Helms Wise, nephew of John S. Wise, speaking at the banquet of the Huntington Republican club, repudiated the sentiments of his uncle, with reference to the race problem. Mr. Wise argued that the negro should be let severly alone to work out his own fate.

Three children of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ransom were burned to death in a fire that destroyed their home at Uhrichsville, O. The children, all boys, twins, aged three years and one aged two, had been left alone by the mother, who was at a neighbors. An explosion of natural gas is supposed to have caused the fire.

COLLIER REPORTED

The Disabled Alexander Is Slowly Working North.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The following telegram has been received at the navy department from Darien, Ga., signed by Joe Hensin, master of the bark Record giving news of the collier Alexander:

"Steamship Alexander in latitude 27.3 longitude 71.56, Feb. 11, with broken shaft, heading north with stay sails set asked to be reported."

The position in which the Alexander was reported is about 500 miles northeast of San Juan.

PARROT GOES TO PORTLAND.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 21.—Tom Parrot, who has played several professional seasons in the East has been signed by Jack Grim, as a fielder on the Portland team, of the Pacific Northwest league.

Bath, Me., Feb. 21.—Mrs. Helen C. Neagle, who had the distinction of being the oldest woman in Maine, is dead, aged 106. She was born in county Clare, Ireland, and had lived here eighty years.

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PATENTS

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The most experience—14 years.
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OPTICIAN,
8 West Superior St.



Dr. Emma Breinholm,
Doctor In Midwifery and Magnetic Healing.

Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years. 1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New 'Phone, 1471.

Dr. ANNA C. BEEBE,
OSTEOPATH.

Chronic Diseases and Physical Deformities successfully treated by the most advanced Osteopathic methods. Special treatment for indigestion, constipation, kidney troubles and diseases peculiar to women.

No charge for consultation.

Offices — Room 15 Phoenix Block.

DRINK ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL

Works of Art,

Copies of Famous Paintings,

Absolutely Free

to purchasers of

Pillsbury's Vitos,

the ideal Wheat Food for breakfast, dinner and supper. Ask your grocer.

Pillsbury's Vitos is made by the millers of Pillsbury's Best Flour.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY IN DULUTH CHURCHES

Special Song Service in Evening at Pilgrim Congregational---Several Pastors Will Speak on George Washington.

At Pilgrim Congregational church Rev. Alexander Milne will preach morning and evening, the morning subject being: "Christ Stilling the Storm." and the evening, "The Father of His Country."

A special musical service will be held in the evening. The musical program will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ voluntary .....Selected
Anthem—"In Heavenly Love Abiding" .....Horatio Parker
Solo—"Just for Today" .....Abbott
Mr. John Martin.
Solo and quartet—"Christian, the Morn Breaks" .....Shelley
EVENING.
Organ voluntary—"Cantilene" ....Rosseau
Anthem—"Prepare Ye the Way"...Garret
Quartet.
Trio—"On Thee Each Living Soul Awaits" .....Hayden
Mrs. Collins, Mr. Martin, Mr. Gearhart.
Solo—"Save Me, O Lord" ....A. Randegge
Mrs. Homer Collins.
Quartet—"When Peace Divine" .....Faure-Shelley
Duet—"It Is of the Lord's Great Mercy" ..... Molique
Mr. Martin and Mrs. Gearhart.
Organ—"March" .....Guilmant

The choir consists of, Mrs. Homer Collins, soprano; Miss Clara Hector, alto; John Martin, tenor; H. G. Gearhart, bass; Miss Ruth Rogers, organist.

* * *

"Washington, the Father of His Country," will be the theme around which the thoughts o fthe Rev. J. W. Powell will center when he addresses the 4 o'clock men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon. The meeting will be patriotic in every particular and will be of unusual interest.

Rev. Powell is particularly well fitted to speak on the subject given, as those who heard his address on Lincoln last Sunday are aware. Assistant Secretary Paul J. Gilbert will sing several solos, and the association orchestra of twelve pieces will accompany the singer. The orchestra will also play several selections before the meeting begins.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church Rev. S. H. Cleland will preach at both services. In the evening an anniversary memorial service will be held. Subject being, "Washington the God-Given Man."

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry Tittle, the pastor, will preach on "Time and Eternity; and the Life in Time and the Life in Eternity."

* * *

At St. Paul's Episcopal church at 8 a. m. there will be Holy Communion, at 11 a. m. morning prayer, litnay and sermon by Dr. Ryan, and at 7:30 p. m. choral evensong and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"O, Happy Band of Pilgrims" .....Anon
Canticles, in E flat.....King Hall
Hymn—"Great God, to Thee Our Evening Song" .....Uglow
Anthem—"Give Peace in Our Time". .....Halton
Orison—"The Day is Past and Gone". .....Heath
Recessional—"Round the Lord in Glory Seated" .....Dykes
A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

* * *

At the First Methodist church tomorrow morning Dr. Samuel P. Long, pastor, will preach in the morning on "The Way of Life" and in the evening on "The Vision of Young Men." The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—"Communion" ....Salome
Solo—"Sanctus" .....Faure
Miss Bradshaw.
Offertory .....Ischaikowski
Solo .....
Miss Bradshaw.
Postlude—"Festival March" .....Flagler
EVENING.
Prelude—"Meditation" ....Guilmont
Solo—"Down on the Hills" .....Sullivan
Miss Bradshaw.
Offertory .....Flagler
Solo—"O, Jesus, Thou Art Standing". .....Gribel
Mr. Weeks.
Postlude—"Triumphal March" .....Buck

* * *

Rev. John W. Powell Jr. will preach at the Endion Methodist Episcopal church Sunday morning at 10:30 on the subject of "Salvation," the last sermon in the series on "Corner Stones of the Christian Faith." In the evening a patriotic service will be held in honor of the day and the pastor will preach on "George Washington." There will be special music at both services.

* * *

Services will be held at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church Sunday morning at 10:45 o'clock, the subject being "Characters Upon Which We Lean for Support." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. Rev. R. Ames Montgomery, pastor.

* * *

At the First Christian church Rev. C. R. Sine will conduct services Sunday morning at 10:30. His subject will be "The Range of Christ's Gospel." Sunday school will meet at 12 m and Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Evening service will be held at 7:30, the subject being, "A Leader and Liberator."

* * *

At the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, the sermons will be on the following subjects: Morning, "Shall We Turn Down the Claims of Christ?"; evening, "The Man Up a Tree—Christ and Zaccheus." the last in the series of interviews with Christ.

* * *

At the Lakeside Presbyterian church, Rev. H. B. Sutherland will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The subject for the morning sermon will be "Peace As a River, Righteousness As the Waves." In the evening the theme will be "Christ's Reception at His Old Nazareth Home." There will be a session for Bible study at 12 m. Christian Endeavor will meet at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

Rev. R. R. Gorby will preach at the Second Presbyterian church in the morning on the subject, "The Secrets of the Church's Power," and in the evening on "The Christian Church's Greatest Need."

* * *

At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be a morning service at 10:30 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at 11:30, Rev. Louis I. Belden, rector.

* * *

At the Hoyt Apostles Episcopal church in West Duluth, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., and the evening service at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden is rector.

* * *

At the Lake Avenue Bethel at 7:30 p. m., Rev. J. S. Detweiler, of St. Paul, will speak on the subject: "Salvation for Sinners Only." Miss Frances McGiffert will sing. Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Monday evening Mr. Detweiler conducts the Bible study, the subject being "Grace the Ground of Obedience." Miss McGiffert and Mrs. Asher will sing. Gospel meetings are held every night except Saturday.

* * *

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service will be held, at which Rev. B. Frankland, general superintendent of the Western Seamen's Friend society, will speak. Mrs. Asher will sing. On Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the members of the Swedish Baptist church. Gospel meetings are held every night.

* * *

At Grace M. E. church, Rev. Harry Knowles will preach in the morning on "Winning a Crown," and in the evening on "George Washington and the New Generation."

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, 922 East Superior street, services will be held at 10:45 a. m., the subject being "Christ Jesus." Sunday school will meet at the close of the service.

* * *

Sunday evening the Young People's Alliance of Hope church, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, will have a young people's rally and will give an interesting program, opening with a song service at 7:15 p. m., after which brief talks, essays and songs will be given. The Y. P. A. will be assisted by Frank Maxwell, physical director of the Y. M. C. A. The meeting will be conducted by the president, O. C. Borth. The following is the musical program:

Solo ..... Frank Maxwell.
Duet ..... Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Borth.
Song ..... Hope Church Ladies' Quartet.
Solo ..... Miss Ollie Ammons.
Song ..... Male Quartet.
Song ..... Choir.

* * *

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, Rev. I. G. Aschlun will conduct service in the morning at 10:30, and in the evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at 12:30.

* * *

At the Oneota M. E. church the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. the morning theme being "Heaven's Opinion of a Preacher's Mission" and the evening subject "Insanity," which will be the fourth sermon in the series on "The Prodigal Son." Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.

* * *

At the Asbury M. E. church "Revivals" will be the subject of the morning sermon by the pastor, Rev. J. C. Hartley. In the evening Rev. T. F. Thompson will speak. Revival services will be held every evening next week.

* * *

Services will be held tomorrow evening in the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Wadena street and Fifty-seventh avenue. Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m.

* * *

The preaching services in the Proctorknott M. E. church Sunday evening will be conducted by Rev. M. H. Morrell.

* * *

At the First Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue East and Third street there will be services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Holy Communion will be held at 10 a. m. The choir will sing at the evening service. There will be funeral services at 2 p. m. Sunday school Norwegian and English will meet at 9 a. m.

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At the First Swedish Baptist church the services will be at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 11:30 a. m. at close of morning services.

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Professor K. A. Ostergren will speak tomorrow evening at the First Swedish M. E. church. At the morning service the pastor, Rev. John A. Anderson, will preach. Sunday school will meet at 12 noon.

* * *

The Band of Light, Spiritualists, will hold services Sunday night at 7:45 at Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue West and Superior street. A lecture and spirit greetings will be given. Medium, Mrs. Elizabeth Holmes.

What His Wife Says.

"My wife says: 'Nothing will do but Chamberlain's Cough Remedy,'" says H. W. Dockham, publisher of the Gazette, Lindsay, Cal. There is many another good wife of the same opinion. The quick relief which this remedy affords in cases of coughs, colds and croup, and the fact that it is pleasant and safe to take makes it a favorite everywhere. For sale by Boyce's drug store.

AUDITOR AND CHIEF CLERKS OF STEEL CORPORATION INTERESTS.



The faces in the picture of the twenty-one chief clerks employed in the mine offices of the United States Steel corporation of the Lake Superior iron ore district, may be identified by reading the list of names from left to right in three rows. The names start at the left and continue to the right, corresponding with the relative positions of the representation of the faces in each of the three rows.

In the top row beginning at the left are George A. Pierce, Mountain Iron, Minn.; Fred R. Mott, Mountain Iron, Minn.; L. P. Stephens, Ironwood, Mich.; George H. Dormer, Eveleth, Minn.; George A. McDonald, Negaunee, Mich.

In the second row beginning at the left are Henry Rome, Ironwood, Mich.; Charles Grabowsky, Ely, Minn.; J. H. Jeffrey, Soudan, Minn.; J. C. W. Chipman, Ishpeming, Mich.; George J. Eisele, Iron Mountain, Mich.; Henry Chinn, Ely, Minn.; W. N. Trenary, Hibbing, Minn.; T. J. Godfrey, Hibbing, Minn.

In the third and lower row beginning at the left are W. J. Davey, Eveleth; John L. Mullin, assistant auditor; C. H. Long, chief clerk; W. M. Jeffrey, auditor; W. J. O'Connor, chief accountant, all of the Duluth general offices; D. J. Sliney, Ishpeming, Mich.; W. M. Tappan, Iron River, Mich.; John Ryan, Iron Mountain, Mich.

About every sixty days the head clerks employed at the various mining offices of the steel corporation in the Lake Superior district are called to the main offices in Duluth for a general consultation and interchange of ideas on the work of accounting.

The head clerks were in Duluth this week and were in session two days in the auditing rooms of the steel corporation at the general offices in the Wolvin building. Whatever knotty problems had been encountered by the accountants were made known at that time and generally discussed, until some general rule was formulated to cover exigencies should they arise again.

Auditor W. M. Jeffrey had recently issued a manual for the use of head accountants and there was a large number of things in that which needed explanation, and this was the primary cause of the consultation. The launching of the plan which is between the two covers of that manual took about two days, and as a result the whole system of accounting in the steel corporation branches and general offices follow the same rules and plans.

Occasionally they say a bookkeeper receives promotion. Two of the visitors were pleasantly surprised when they arrived here. They came all the way from Iron Mountain, Mich., and they went all the way back under different titles.

The two fortunate clerks were George J. Eisele, who was until the close of the session, head clerk at the Iron Mountain offices, and one of his assistants, J. A. Ryan of the same place. Mr. Eisele was made the assistant division superintendent to serve under O. G. Davidson, and Mr. Ryan was promoted to succeed Mr. Eisele.

The party on Tuesday went to the Zweifel studio, and were photographed in a group, the last official act of Mr. Eisele being to have his "face taken."

The group is one of two taken so far by Mr. Zweifel, the first having been a group in which the mining captains of the Lake Superior district, with T. F. Cole, in the center, were the subjects.

MODERN FABLES BY GEORGE ADE

The Modern Fable of the Lecture Tickets That Were Bought, But Never Used.

(Copyright, 1902, by E. F. Russell.)

One there was a Man living in a Big Town and he had a Cousin whom he never had seen. Some people are very lucky as to their Relatives.

The Man who lived in the Wicked Metropolis was named Sanford and the Cousin who lived out in the Woods was known as Lafe, although his real Name was Lafayette.

Every Christmas, Sanford would send Lafe some kind of a stingy Gift and then Lafe would retaliate by shipping in a fat Turkey for Thanksgiving. There was a formal Exchange of Letters about twice per Year.

Sanford was a good deal Upset one day



THE PICTURE IN THE ALBUM.

to receive Word that Cousin LaFayette was coming to spend a Week. Whatever Joy he felt, he did not show at all.

The visiting Cousin is liable to be a Fierce Proposition under the most favorable Conditions, but it is more than Hard Luck to be saddled with one who is a Total Stranger. Sanford was hoping that the Train would run off the Track but he wrote Cousin Lafe to be sure and come right to the House.

Sanford saw a very pink Week ahead of him. He was not very Strong for the Chuperon Game. He could see himself neglecting Business in order to lead



HE SAW A HOT SPORT.

Cousin Lafe around and show him the Sky-Scrapers, the Animals in the Park, the Eden Musee and the Big Engine in the Power House. He just observed that the Excursionist is always keen to see a lot of Sights that are a Sealed Book to the Man who lives right in the City.

Sanford tried to get a Line on Cousin Lafe so as to frame up the right kind of a Programme. He could tell by the Picture in the Family Album that Lafe was a Pure Character and somewhat of a Rube. He wore a White Tie and had his Hair gummed down on his Forehead. He looked as if he would like to be a Preacher but could not quite make it. His open Countenance had that sweet and trusting Expression of the Hubbard Squash who is willing to give two Tens for a Five.

So far as Sanford could learn, Cousin Lafe was a kind of moral Sign-Board and snow-white Object Lesson in the Jay Town which claimed him as its own. He was a Cemetery Trustee and Chairman of the Committee to solicit Funds for a new Y. M. C. A. Building. Also he had been prominent in the Sunday-Closing Movement and the Main Kazoo in the Citizens' Reform League.

Accordingly Sanford had all the Drinkables removed from the Side-Board and he warned the Children not to Laugh while Cousin Lafe was saying Grace at the Table. Then he went out and bought some Tickets for a Lecture and got a written Permit to go through the Car-Shops.

He went to the Station to meet the rural Lamb and protect him against the Cabmen. He saw a Hot Sport with a new



COUSIN LAFE TOOK HIM HOME.

Suit of Clothes and a Red Tie come through the Gate but he did not spot anything that resembled a Cemetery Trustee. While he was still waiting, the Hot Sport came up and walloped him on the Back and introduced himself.

"What do you think?" asked the President of the Yapville Citizens' Reform League. "I got into a Poker Game with two of them Ikey Drummers on the Train and trimmed them for 37 Samoleons. If the Train had been a half hour late, I'd have got their Sample-Cases. I've got a Roll here that would choke a Horse and I have a Feeling that I am about to Buy. We drank up everything in the Dining Car except the Catsup before we got to Springfield and I wouldn't take $7 for my Thirst. By the way, I want to tell you that I've left my Pajamas at Home and you might as well move the Bed out of my Room, because I won't need it. If you have any Word to send to your Folks before we cut loose, step into the Box and telephone while you're still able to talk."

"What do you wish to see first of all, the Parks or the Power-House?" asked Sanford.

"If it's all the same to you," said the Cemetery Trustee, "I should like to begin my Vacation by putting a tall Crimp in the Guy that spins the little Ivory Ball. Then you can send home for your Low-Neck and we will have a little Dinner Party. I have engaged the Louis XIV Room up at the Hotel. I have in my Suit-Case no less than 17 Letters of introduction to well-known Society Ladies who are always Hungry. This Afternoon I expect to have all the Messenger Boys in Town busy. When we sit down this Evening, there will be $8 worth of Violets and four Cocktails at every Plate. I'll show these Tessies that I'm no Piker. After the Eats we are going over and sit in all of the Boxes at that Rough House Show that I've been reading about. After that we are going to a nice, quiet all-night Restaurant, where they have the Hungarian Orchestra, and any one that passes away before 6 a. m. will be called a Quitter."

"Are you Cousin Lafe or a Ringer?" asked Sanford.

"I am the Cemetery Trustee, all right, all right," was the reply. "A Cemetery Trustee breaks over only about once in Three Years, but when he does hit the Track he makes a Mile in 2:09 look like a Funeral Procession. For many Months I have been drinking Milk and posing as an Example for the Young. I live in one of those Towns where every living Soul knows how much I pay for my Clothes and how many Lumps of Sugar I put in my Coffee. If I took a Drink out here, everybody would know about it in twenty Minutes. If I smoked a Cigarette, I would be hanged in Effigy. I might as well go out and kill an Aged Woman with a Hatchet as mix up in any Poker Game. So I do the Straight and Narrow. But now I'm up here among the Electric Lights with no one to keep Cases on me. I am long on Sleep and I have Money in every Pocket. I'm up here to play a short Engagement as the Village Indian. If you care to follow me, I think I can put you in right and probably show you a good many Places that you never saw before, even if you do live right in Town."

Sanford tried to be Game, but in two Days Cousin Lafe had him Down and Out. He fell back and took the Count. Cousin Lafe took him Home in a Hack and roasted him and told him he was a Rhinestone Sport and a Mackerel.

"I'm done," said the Wreck. "I admit everything you say. The Man who lives in Town and thinks he is a Gay Dog isn't a Marker alongside of the Respectable Citizen from down the Road. I am supposed to be a dissolute Clubman, but I take off my Hat to a Cemetery Trustee."

Cousin Lafe went back to the Country and reported that Sanford was a Nice Man but seemed to be a little Wild.

MORAL: Don't try to keep up with any Pillar of Society.

IN LABOR WORLD

Longshoremen Secure Higher Wage Scale For Coming Season.

Labor meetings next week:

Stone Masons' International, Monday, 302 West Superior street.

Plasterers' union meets on Monday, 18 West Superior street.

Pattern Makers' union meets Monday, 21 West Superior street.

Meat Cutters' union meets Monday, 18 West Superior street.

Carpenters' union meets on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Cooks and Waiters union on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Sheet metal workers meet on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Painters and decorators on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Machinists' union meets on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Team Drivers' union meets on Wednesday, 21 West Superior street.

Building Laborers' union on Thursday, 221 West Superior street.

Steam Engineers' association, Thursday, 21 West Superior street.

Plumbers' union will meet on Thursday, 18 West Superior street.

Steamfitters' union meets on Thursday, 21 West Superior street.

Federated Trades' assembly on Friday, 18 West Superior street.

Lathers' union will meet next Friday, 18 West Superior street.

Bakers' union will meet next Saturday, 18 West Superior street.

* * *

The West Superior conference between representatives of more than 2000 Lake Superior longshoremen and the Lumber Carriers' association has been the paramount center of labor interest during the past week. As a result of this conference the longshoremen will begin work for the coming season in better condition than ever. The conference resulted in a raise in wages of 2½ cents an hour, the wage scale being increased from 52½ cents and hour to 55 cents.

Joseph Gauthier, secretary of the local union, who took a prominent part in the negotiations, says that the outlook for the lumber handlers is exceptionally good. Many members of the union reiterate Mr. Gauthier's words, adding that they are well pleased with the outcome of the meeting in West Superior.

Duluth was represented by Messrs. Gauthier, McIntyre and Clueth. West Superior was represented by Messrs. E. George, McGinnis, J. O. O'Keefe, Nicholson and Genereau; Ashland by Messrs. Reardon, Tracey and Weir; Port Wing by E. C. Brace; Washburn by Messrs. Nelson and Mooney; Grand Marais, Mich., by Charles McLean; Bayfield by C. P. Drew; Baraga, Mich., by Mr. Price. President D. J. O'Keefe of the International Longshoremen's association, was up from Chicago as an honorary member of the conference.

* * *

Henry Dworschak, former president of the Federated Trades' assembly, will leave for Mount Clemens, Mich., in a few days to see if mineral baths will not relieve him of the inflammatory rheumatism which has confined him to his home most of the time for the past two months.

* * *

The Building Trades' council of this city is considering the advisability of reaffiliating with the National Building Trades' council, from which organization it withdrew some time ago.

* * *

The open session of the Carpenters' union, on Tuesday evening, was one of the most successful trade unionism social and educational sessions held for some time.

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Treasurer A. Harvey, of the Marine Engineers' association, was called to Kincardine, Canada, during the latter part of the week by the death of his father.

* * *

The annual dance of the letter carriers at the Armory on Monday evening promises to be an ultra-enjoyable occasion.

* * *

The Licensed Tugmen's Protective association will not operate the Independent tug line during the coming season of navigation, but certain members of this union are interested in a company organized for that purpose. The officers of the new company are: Charles Forrest, president and treasurer; Charles Maples, vice president; and John Place, secretary and manager. The board of directors consists of John Place, William Hoy and Albert Ceal. The fleet of tugs to be operated by this company includes the Dowling, Majo, Carpenter, Constitution and Gillette.

* * *

The plasterers' organiaztion has again affiliated with the Building Trades' council.

* * *

Union men generally sympathize with M. A. Ryan, of the Northwestern Steam Roller works, whose fine plant on Garfield avenue was destroyed by fire at an early hour Friday morning. Many machinists and boilermakers are out of employment as a result of this disaster, but from expressions heard their misfortune is only a secondary consideration—they feel the loss of the fine plant more keenly. Forty out of the 125 skilled mechanics thrown out of work by the fire went to West Superior to work this morning.

* * *

The machinists of the city have obtained a reduction of one hour in their working day. From April 1 they will work but nine hours instead of ten.

LABOR NOTES.

Germany has over 400 trusts.

A San Francisco theater labels union acts.

Chicago now pays her superintendent of schools $10,000 a year.

Providence labor unions are projecting a new labor temple.

Electricity heated gloves and shoes are proposed for motormen.

Goubet, the inventor of submarine torpedo boots, has become insane.

Manufacturers of garments which bear union labels have formed a national organization.

Labor leaders are hopeful of the passage of the pending eight-hour bill by the present congress.

Plumbers of Westfield and painters of Marlboro, Mass., affiliated with the ing a new labor union.

The clerks who preside over the soda water fountains in Chicago have formed a union and asked for increased wages.

Wages of members of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners in Manhattan are $4.50 a day and $4 a day in Brooklyn.

Glasgow, Scotland, carpenters and joiners have decided not to handle any American building material that does not bear a union label.

Philadelphia letter carriers, on the question being submitted to them by Postmaster McMichael, voted to have only union labeled uniforms.

Increase in wages has been gained throughout the Greater New York by nearly 6000 members of the United Brotherhood of Cloakmakers.

Virginia house of delegates has passed a law prohibiting factory labor for children under 12 years and regulating the work of those between 12 and 14 years.

The official report of the labor bureau of New York says that the trade unions of the state increased 20 per cent in membership the last six months of 1902.

The most highly concentrated industry is the making of collars and cuffs, of which 99.6 per cent is within New York state and 85.3 per cent is in the single city of Troy.

The greatest shoe manufacturing towns are Lynn, Haverhill and Brockton, Mass., and the great hat producing towns are Bethel and Danbury, Conn., and Orange, N. J.

Illinois ranks first among the states in the manufacture of agricultural implements, bicycles, cars, glucose and distilled liquors, and in slaughtering and meat packing.

Union labor has won another victory. The senate of the state of Arkansas a few days ago passed a bill designating the first Monday in September in every year as "Labor Day."

The unions of bartenders, waiters, cooks and hotel employes, of Illinois, are to form a state union similar to and based on the agreement of the New England alliance of those crafts.

Representatives of the street railway men's unions of Brockton, Taunton, Fall River and other points on the Old Colony street system conferred in Boston recently regarding grievances to be presented to the management.

The Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers has been given jurisdiction over the carriage painters and putty glaziers by the executive council of the A. F. of L. This will add to the membership of the brotherhood and settle a hot trade conflict.

The annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers will be held in Pittsburg, beginning April 14 next. This craft has grown with great rapidity, and many of the affiliated bodies will be represented at the convention.

Radical changes, such as doing away with annual conventions and redistricting in blocks of fifty unions, with district executive committees to make wage and business agreements, are to be considered at the coming convention of the Amalgamated Iron, Steel and Tin Workers' union.

If reports from across the sea are correct, the German government will open a permanent exposition during the approaching spring to further the interests of the laboring masses. During the exposition inventions for the prevention of accidents will be placed on exhibition and explained by lecturers.

Thomas McEllery, of Providence, was chosen fourth vice president by the St. Louis convention that organized the new international order of interior freight handlers and warehouse men, just chartered by the A. F. of L. The new international starts with about 50 unions, formerly with direct charter, and about 18,000 members.

Sheet Metal Workers' union No. 12, to which nearly every sheet metal worker and tinner in the city is affiliated, is among the latest to inform local employers that a new scale of wages will be inaugurated May 1. According to information the union metal workers and tinners expect to have their pay raised from $3 to $3.50 per day.

At a recent convention of the Bricklayers' and Masons' International union, held at Memphis, Tenn., it was reported that the total membership Jan. 1 was 77,23, being an increase since last July of 12,903. During the year $63,421 was paid to assist unions of other crafts in strikes and lockouts; total amount paid for benefits, $257,913; amount in the treasuries of subordinate unions, $795,763.50.

The present year will mark an epoch in history of organized labor if the plans of the various labor bodies over the entire country materialize. In nearly every principal city in the land many labor organizations have notified the employers that an increase in pay will be looked for during the coming spring. Washington is no exception, many local employers of union labor having been requested to consider such a proposition.

It is now assured that the Elevator Constructors' National union will receive a charter from the A. F. of L. The executive committee postponed action until last week to give the machinists an opportunity to withdraw their objection. "We have entire control of the craft, and while we believe in a thorough organization of all crafts under such a head as the A. F. of L., it is not essential to our existence," is the statement made by the constructors.

OIL DRILLER'S PAINFUL MISHAP

Woman Rescues Him From Almost Certain Death.

The Man Suddenly Became Almost Totally Paralyzed and Was Unable to Move Hand or Foot.

Lee Fe Cypher, an oil-well driller, living at Sisterville, Tyler county, W. Va., was the victim of a terrible mishap which caused a total paralysis of his legs, arms, face and throat. It was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People which cured him and enabled him to resume his work.

"I might almost as well have been totally paralyzed, he says, "for I was unable to move and could swallow only with the greatest difficulty. It was in February, 1899, after a severe attack of grip, that I first noticed a numbness in my hands and feet. It grew worse and I put myself under a physician's care but, instead of getting better, it grew worse till I could not walk and was obliged to take to my bed. I was perfectly helpless and, on account of the paralysis of my throat, hardly able to take enough nourishment to sustain life. Nothing helped me and the outlook was dismal.

"But a Mrs. Smith, of this place, who had been cured of locomotor ataxia by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, recommended them to me and I began to take them. In a short time I could see they were helping me and I continued taking them till they cured me and I was able to return to work. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills drove every trace of the paralysis out of my sytstem.

The cure of Mr. Cypher is additional proof that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are not an ordinary medicine. They are wonderful in their potency in nervous troubles, small or great, and as they are on sale in every drug store throughout the country they are within reach of all. Because they cured such a severe nervous disorder as that of Mr. Cypher proves the power of the remedy in lesser troubles, such as sciatica, neuralgia, nervous headache, St. Vitus' dance and nervous debility.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars and a half, by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

For Kidney & Bladder troubles.
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
Cures in 48 Hours
URINARY DISCHARGES
Each Capsule bears the name
Beware of counterfeits

DEFECTIVE PAGE



THE DOINGS OF SOCIETY

The card reception given Monday afternoon by Mrs. Clinton Markel, at her home, 325 East Second street, was one of the most beautiful affairs of the week. The completeness and charm of the details made it the delightful affair it was. Six-hand euchre was played, and the head prize was taken by Mrs. W. S. Bishop and the second prize by Mrs. George D. Swift. The deckare prize went to Mrs. Frank Smith, and Mrs. Edward Mendenhall received the consolation. Mrs. Markell was assisted by Mrs. W. M. Prindle and Mrs. Howard Abbott. The guests were:

Mesdames—
D. G. Cutler, F. Mendenhall,
O. G. Brice, R. H. Bennett, of
R. M. Hunter, Minneapolis;
W. H. Winton, Cuyler Adams,
S. G. Knox, C. P. Craig,
J. E. Granger, J. E. Bowers,
G. D. Swift, G. G. Barnum,
J. B. Ensign, E. A. DeWitt,
E. M. Peyton, W. S. Woodbridge,
J. N. McKinley, Whitney Wall,
C. M. Vance, of R. E. Denfeld.
Minneapolis; George Spencer,
George W. Stray- T. H. Cleland,
er, W. S. Bloch, of
Edgar W. Markell, Minneapolis;
C. d'Autremont, Phelps,
Russell Baxter, C. A. Duncan,
of Superior C. A. Luster,
W. E. Richardson, G. C. Stone,
M. Bywater, S. L. Frazer,
George Rupky, Frank Smith.
F. W. Paine, G. L. Douglas,
W. C. Sargent, J. B. Adams,
W. White, E. P. Towne,
J. Panton, W. Turle,
S. C. McCormick, C. F. Lovell,
W. T. Bailey, C. D. Thomson.
H. E. Williamson, J. L. Washburn,
W. W. Billson, T. W. Hoopes,
L. R. Hurd, D. W. Stocking,
C. H. Munger, J. H. Upham,
R. P. Dowse, S. D. Allen,
W. S. Bishop, E. W. Matter,
W. Tadrymple.

Misses—
Ray Culver, Lydia Poirier,
Bernie Crowley, Page Morris,
Elizabeth Frazer, Booth, of
Wilhelmina Rup- Saginaw;
ley, Mattocks.
Hubbard,

In honor of Mrs. Charles Petre Lovell, of England, Mrs. Walter Turle entertained at a most charming affair Wednesday afternoon. The affair was a reception, and was most dainty throughout. The table decorations in the dining room were daffodils, their soft yellow blending charmingly with the finishings of the room. Assisting Mrs. Turle were Mrs. D. G. Cutler, Mrs. Frank Lyman, Mrs. A. M. Miller, Mrs. W. B Silvey, Mrs. T. S. Wood and Mrs. D. D. Gaillard. During the afternoon a large number called.

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This afternoon Mrs. J. D. Ensign and Mrs. James C. Hunter entertained at cards at the Ensign home on East Second street. It was made into a Washington affair, the prizes and the score cards being symbolical of the Father of his Country.

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The Misses Rosamond and Barbara Fabyan are spending some time at Pass Christian, Miss.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club was entertained Tuesday afternoon by Miss Elizabeth Frazer, of 1407 East Superior street. The guests' prize was won by Mrs. T. S. Wood and the club's prizes went to Miss Davidson and Miss Crowley. The guests were:

Mesdames—
D. H. Waite, E. M. Feyton,
D. H. Costello, F. P. Leslie,
P. M. Shaw, W. Wall,
G. H. Manee, O. G. Brice,
C. F. Macdonald. W. Fockler,
Cora Dibbel Mac- G. D. Swift,
dougall, T. S. Wood,

Misses—
Ulmer, of Bernice Crowley,
Minneapolis; Edith Davidson.

* * *

A delightful cotilion was given in Eveleth Wednesday of this week by Dr. and Mrs. William Elvis Harwood, Mr. and Mrs. John Harris Hearding, Dr. and Mrs. Julius Parker Sedgwick, Mr. and Mrs. George Abbot Whitman, Miss Barrett, Miss Carrie Louise Barrett and Dr. Frederick Barrett. The cotillion was given at Fayal hall, which was very beautifully decorated, and the favors of the cotillion were lovely and very elaborate. Dr. Frederick Barrett led, and the figures were exceedingly pretty. La Brosse, from Duluth, furnished the music. From Duluth, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Swift, Miss Elizabeth Frazer and D. R. McLennan went up in the Missabe private car to attend the party.

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Mr. and Mrs. J. Q. A. Crosby are visiting at Pass Christian, Miss.

* * *

The affairs that have been the center of attraction, in a social way, at school this week, were those of the Phi Sigma Chi or as it now is, the Delta Theta fraternity of the high schol. The first of the events took place Tuesday evening at the home of one of the frat's men, Arthur Michaud, when the incorporation of the fraternity occurred. Randolph Halliday Nexsen of the Prat Institute high school, of Brooklyn, had come to the city for the ceremonies which made the local Phi Sigma Chi fraternity the national Delta Theta. The colors were also changed from red and blue to purple and gold.

* * *

Wednesday evening the Delta Theta's gave a most beautiful banquet at the St. Louis hotel. One of the private dining rooms was used and the decorations were beautiful. At the ends of the room the old colors, red and blue, were used in festooning the walls and the lights were shaded in the gold of the new colors and purple appeared in the other decorations. The table was a dream of beauty. The centerpiece was an immense bunch of American beauties and at either end of the table stood a large, graceful bunch of the roses. Ferns and the dainty petals of the roses were scattered on the cloth and the scene was one of great beauty. The favors were carnations tied with purple and gold. Harvey C. Dash was the toastmaster and Frank Kane gave the toast, "A Very Good Friend of Ours." "Athletics in the High School" was given by one of the school's best athletes, Alvin Cummings, and to "Students in the High School" Leonard Melby, who has been on the honor roll for the past two years, replied. "Phi Sigma Chi to Delta Theta," by Walter Dash and Delta Theta Girls," by Willis Derby and "Delta Theta to Phi Sigma Chi" ended the toasts. During the banquet Robinson's mandolin orchestra played softly and about twenty-five of the fraternity were present.

* * *

The Assembly dance, the last until after Lent, was given last evening at the Spalding and was as delightful as the previous affairs. La Brosse furnished the music. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
Victor Stearns, Cora McDougall.
W. B. Silvey, Mrs. Arthur E.
G. H. Jones, Gilbert,
C. F. Macdonald.

Misses—
Parker, Rupley.
Pauline Smith, Fisher, of St. Paul
Cooper, Elsie Smith,
Judd, McMichael, of St.
Murray, Paul.
Greenwood, Hartman,
Brennan, of St. Rachel McLaren.
Paul, Wilson, of Supe-
Day, rior.
Jennie McLaren, Cook,
Mildred Porter, Tyler,
Eaton, of Superior, Grace Richards,
Ensign. Minnie Porter,
Smith, of Superior, Tibbetts,—
Brewer,

Messrs.—
Whyte, W. L. McLennan,
Johnson, Graff,
Spencer, Davis,
Kittenhouse, George Smith,
Greene, C. P. McCormick,
Davies, McBride,
Close, Cutler,
Sterling Smith, Berg,
Telford, Newell,
Hall, Halbert,
Gray, Ingalls.
Gradv, Cleland,
Brewer, N. L. Leach,
Sheridan, C. O'Donnell.
Moore,

* * *

The Masonic reception, given by Palestine lodge last evening at the Armory, was one of the most beautiful affairs of the week. The hall was elaborately decorated. The end of the room, where the orchestra was stationed, was a mass of graceful ferns and palms, and above this platform hung a large Masonic emblem. The sides of the room were trimmed with bunting and flags and a series of the Masonic emblems. The lights were shaded in the reds and greens, and they shed a soft glow over the entire scene. Flaaten's full orchestra played, and from 8 to 9 the reception was held with the orchestra playing softly and the rest of the evening was given to the dancing program. A large number were in attendance, but the hall was crowded at no time.

* * *

Mrs. F. W. Paine, of 1007 London road, entertained Thursday afternoon at a delightfully informal afternoon reception in honor of Mrs. Charles Petre Lovell, of London.

* * *

Mrs. Clinton Markell and Ella Markell left Wednesday for Palm Beach, Florida, where they will spend the remainder of the winter.

* * *

The second conversazione, to be given under the auspices of Mrs. J. J. Le Tourneau's young people's class, at her home, in connection with the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, will take place on Friday evening, Feb. 27, when Rev. John Powell, Jr., will give a lecture on "The Vision of the Poets." The musical numbers will be given by J. A. Wharton and L. A. Coughlan will give several character sketches in the art of ventriloquism. The program will begin promptly at 8 o'clock and a social time will take place after the literary and musical numbers.

* * *

Mrs. D. D. Gaillard, 1418 East Superior street, will entertain at dinner this evening in honor of Mrs. Charles Petre Lovell, of London.

* * *

Mrs. W. E. Richardson will entertain this evening at cards at her home, 227 West Third street.

* * *

Mrs. R. V. Day has invitations out for a card party Tuesday afternoon at her home, 229 Fourth avenue east.

* * *

Miss Violet Jordan, of 123 West Second street, entertained very charmingly last Friday evening a large party of her friends. Progressive games were played, Miss Myrna Pressnell winning the girl's prize, while Ray Segog won the prize for boys. Those present were:

Misses—
Lucie Bradley, Irene White,
Arline Peachey, Myrna Pressnell,
Bertha Richardson Ruby Seymour,
Gertrude Champ- Grace Parker,
lin, Annie Hugo,
Florence Maginnis, Gladys Segog,
Dora Williams, Stella Quimby,
Ethel Dempstter, Evelyn Cash.
Marjorie Shepherd, Margaret Thomp-
Ruth Borland, son.
Grace Farmer, Mildred Prudden.
Beatrice Champ- Gladys Reynolds,
lin, Margaret Elder.

Masters—
Clyde Barnes, Ernest Rebus,
Floyd Fish, Russell Holgate,
William Eklund, Ray Segog.
Claud Laurel, Nicl Evans.
Clifton Ford, Howard MacDon-
Guy Porter, ald,
Lloyd Massey, Allan Butchart,
Bennie Mishler, Dick Jordan.
Charles Cannon,

* * *

Wednesday of next week, the Wofen's alliance, of the Unitarian church, will meet with Mrs. J. P. Warren, of 2 Munger terrace.

* * *

Those who had the pleasure of attending the "Once-a-month" social given by North Star lodge No. 35, Knights of Pythias, last Tuesday evening, report a very enjoyable time. The program included vocal and instrumental music, recitations and cards.

* * *

Mrs. H. H. Myers, of 1034 East First street, entertained at a beautiful little party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Master Cecil Myers' fifth birthday. The affair was most dainty and delightful throughout and about twenty children were present.

* * *

Miss Margery Gouinlock, of Warsaw, N. Y., arrived in Duluth this afternoon to visit with Miss Katherine Ensign.

* * *

Mrs. C. d'Autremont left Duluth Wednesday for New York, from which place she sailed today by the Mediterranean trip for Naples, where she will meet her daughter, Miss Antoinette, and together they will travel through Italy and will return home in the spring.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr. left Tuesday for a trip to New York.

* * *

Mrs. S. G. Knox and Mrs. W. C. Winton and children left yesterday for Phoenix, Ariz., where they will spend the remainder of the winter.

* * *

Mrs. G. A. St. Clair, of 1125 East Superior street, has invitations out for a card party Monday afternoon at her home.

* * *

Thursday evening the Delta Theta gave the last of its entertainments in honor of their guest, Randolph Halliday Nexsen, in the form of a dancing party at the St. Louis. The parlors of the hotel were cozily arranged and the dancing went on in the dining room. Flaaten furnished the music. The programs were very dainty, the covers being of a fine filigree work with the Delta Theta pin in a lower corner. Mrs. Alex. Michaud, Mrs. James Butchart and Miss Butchart assisted the committee in receiving. The party was very delightful. The invitation list included:

Misses—
Louise Hicks, Millie McKee,
Elizabeth Sharvy, Gretchen Day,
Marie Frederick, Hazel Hobbs,
Geneva Ramsey, Ethel Jones,
Olive Colbrath, Clara Murray,
Ella French, Eleanor Partridge,
Mildred Hobbs, Katherine Bickell,
Katherine Hoops, Edith Hazen.
Fannie Magner, Gertrude Butchart

Messrs.—
Nexsen, of Wisted,
Brooklyn; Michaud,
Melby, Royal Prudden,
Walter Dash, Derby,
Deetz, Wilcutts,
Staacke, Kane,
Webster, Prudden,
Burg, Cummings,
Seyler, Olson,
Peterson, Harris,
Sharvy, C. Howe, Jr.,
H. C. Dash, Fred Gallagher.
Russell White,

* * *

Miss Francis Earhart, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. F. H. White, for the past few months, returned yesterday to her home in Pennsylvania.

* * *

Mrs. Frank A. Barber and son left Monday for a visit in Syracuse, N. Y.

* * *

Mrs. James C. Hunter left Monday for Boston.

* * *

Tuesday evening the wedding of Miss Grace Walker Bean to Albert Allen Beektel occurred at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Kate E. Bean. The house was prettily decorated with palms, ferns and flowers and at 8:30 the bridal party entered the parlors and the service was read by Dr. A. W. Ryan, of St. Paul's Episcopal church. The wedding marches were beautifully played by Mrs. V. L. Bean and Miss Virginia Bean on the violin. The bride was daintily gowned in silk crepe de chene and carried bride's roses. Her attendant was Miss Nelle Cate.

Mr. and Mrs. Beektel left on a night train for a wedding trip to Iowa and upon their return will be at home in the Bostwick flats.

* * *

Thursday evening Miss Regina Wieland, daughter of Mrs. A. Wieland and J. J. Oeder, of Linton, N. D., were married at the bride's home, 510 East First street. Rev. Alexander Milne, of the Congregational church, performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Oeder went to Iowa for a short wedding trip and later will be at home in Linton, N. D.

* * *

Norman A. Matheson, one of the members of the life saving crew, was married Feb. 12, at Toronto, Ont., to Miss Dolly McKenzie, of Southampton, Ont. They arrived here this week and were tendered a reception Monday night by about forty friends, on Park Point, who presented them with two handsome rockers and beautiful parlor lamp and extended their congratulations and good wishes.

* * *

Mrs. E. W. Dibell, of Bay View Heights, has returned from a visit to St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. A. C. Van Duzee and Mrs. Goodman, of St. Paul, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hubert B. Eva, of 206 West Third street.

* * *

Mrs. E. B. Ryan, of Seventeenth avenue east, has returned from Winona, where she has been visiting her daughter.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Leidel left Thursday evening for a visit in Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. F. B. Beaupre has gone to Minneapolis for a few weeks' visit with friends there.

* * *

Mrs. O. K. Fisher, of West Duluth, returned Wednesday from a visit to Skibo.

* * *

Miss Annie LaPointe, of Red Cliff, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Susan McGoffertan returned to Minneapolis Thursday after a short visit with friends in West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. M. Henrickson is visiting friends in the southern part of the state.

* * *

Miss Jennie McGovern, who has been visiting Miss Annie Casey, of West Duluth, returned to her home in Brainerd, Monday.

* * *

Mrs. John Masterly, of St. Paul, is visiting her sister in West Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lyman, of Indianapolis, are visiting friends in West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Susan Sears, of West Duluth, left Monday for a visit in St. Paul.

A pleasant farewell surprise party was given Friday for Mrs. J. Gnitke. Mrs. J. Gnitke and her niece will leave Sunday for Germany. Those present were:

Mesdames—
P. Miller, W. Beischel,
J. Linck, R. Guth,
D. Makowski, E. Schlender,
A. Metter, A. Maclean,
J. Lange, W. Zuk,
G. Collatz, C. Fitzemmeier,
C. Ottinger, C. Teske,
G. Taufmann, H. Schumann,
C. Reschc, G. Krause,
S. Pfeffer, J. Miller,
W. Fleet, W. Gusch,
C. Gatzke, P. Beschenbossel,
J. Bottcher, F. Guntherod,
E. Dwello, F. Heynaker,
J. Riley,

AN ENDLESS CHAIN.

That's What It Looks Like to a Coffee Toper.

The trained nurse has a hard task indeed during the long lonesome hours of the night when she must keep watch, and it is hardly to be wondered at that many of them fall into the use of stimulants.

"When I first entered the profession," writes a trained nurse of Kansas City, Mo., "I was required to give my patient most careful watching, and during the long, sleepless nights I used to refresh myself every now and then with a cup of strong coffee.

"For a time it would seem to revive me, but unless I took another cup my condition was worse than ever. In time I became extremely nervous and my strength failed me, but a sister nurse came to my relief by telling me her own experience. She said: 'I have been just where you are now, on the verge of nervous prostration, but if you will do as I did you can be restored to perfect health. If you will give up your coffee and use Postum Food Coffee your strength will return and your nerves be rebuilt.' Upon her advice I immediately quit coffee and began the use of Postum Food Coffee, and what a change!

"It has been two years now since I commenced Postum, and notwithstanding the days and nights of hard work which come to every nurse, I find I am strong in every way and feel ready to live my allotted 'three score and ten.' Postum is a good friend to me, and I have tried to be a good friend to Postum in return, and many of my nervous patients have been greatly benefited by its use.

"One of these cases I will mention briefly. The patient was a newspaper editor and his condition was such that the doctors were afraid to let him be left alone. I made Postum for him and made it good. He was delighted with it and quit coffee entirely, and it was not long before he completely recovered, is now strong physically and mentally, and has resumed his editorial duties. I know the chief cause of his recovery was the leaving off of coffee and taking Postum Food Coffee. He is naturally a good, strong friend of Postum." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

DULUTH BOYS SENTENCED

To the County Jail at Olympia, Washington.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Roy McClellan and Chester French, young boys who ran away from their homes in Duluth, have just been sentenced to sixty days in the county jail at Olympia for stealing firearms from H. C. Treat, of Yelm.

SQUIERS IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 21.—Herbert G. Squiers, United States minister to Cuba, arrived here today on the steamer Vigilancia on his way to Washington.

Clubs and Musical.

The Travel class of the Twentieth Century met Tuesday afternoon in library hall and listened to one of the most delightful programs of the year. In addition to the regular papers Henry Greene spoke on "Napoleon in Italy and Egypt." The class has been touring this year through these countries, and the lecture by Mr. Green was very interesting to them. He spoke of the strategies the man used in his battles in these countries and of the great enthusiasm he was able to inspire in his men, and that these same movements were the cause of his defeat at Waterloo.

The next meeting of the class, which will be the last for this year, will occur the first Tuesday in March. Plans are being made to have this one of the most promising of the year.

* * *

The announcement that Ossip Gabrilowitsch, the famous young Russian pianist, is to again visit Duluth, has been received with much joy by musicians. Upon the occasion of his visit here two years ago he made a profound impression. He left none but the most enthusiastic of admirers, and on this visit ought to have fully double the audience that greeted him before. The beauty and brilliancy of his playing are incomparable, and his tours through this country have been one series of remarkable triumphs. A musical paper recently said of him that he was the one pianist who had gone through this country practically uncriticised, a testimonial almost marvelous, and yet true.

The career of this young master has been wonderful. As a child he displayed love for tunes and rythms, and at the age of 4 he sang old Russian melodies that his nurse had hummed. At the age of 6 he received his first



OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH.

piano lessons from his brother. His father took him to Anton Rubinstein, who advised that the boy should become a musician. Rubinstein became his artistic father, and watched his education at the St. Petersburg conservatorium. He finished the course when he was 16 years old, and won the special Rubinstein prize, a concert piano. He held the affectionate interest of Rubinstein until the death of the master. Besides studying the piano, he was educated in mathematics, languages—he spoke four fluently—history, esthetics, philosophy and belles lettres.

Rubinstein sent him to Vienna in 1894 in order that he might be educated in finesse, under Theodore Leschetizky. His virtuoso career began in 1898, and his success is part of the history of contemporary music. He has played in all the great European capitals. Critics discovered that here was a fiery, impetuous Russian, so broadly and healthily educated that he played with absolute truth. To be brilliant, to be daring, to evoke a big tone, but not at the expense of euphony, seems to be a peculiar gift of this brilliant young Slav. He plays Chopin beautifully, as befits the Slav in him, but he instinctively avoids the morbid side.

* * *

Yesterday afternoon the Outlook club held its regular meeting in the club room of the library and Harry C. Strong, the lecturer for the year, spoke on "Edward I and the English Parliament." At the next meeting the subject will be "Cromwell and the Protectorate." The class feels that this year they are getting a great deal from their study this year under Mr. Strongs' direction.

* * *

The Bishop's club held one of its most delightful meetings of the year on Tuesday evening. Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour was the lecturer for the evening and her talk was most delightful "Van Dyke" was her subject and in telling of his life, his pictures and showing a number of pictures of the man himself and some of his art and telling of her own travels through Holland, the evening was most charming. Mrs. Seymour also told what made a good picture and the quotation given by her conveys a very definite idea: "It is not the absence of faults, but the presence of qualities that make a good picture." The meeting was most delightful.

* * *

The Ladies' Literature class will meet Tuesday afternoon in library hall and Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour will continue her talks on "Medieval Art."

* * *

The meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution was postponed from Wednesday of this week till next Friday.

* * *

In the children's room of the library two attractive little posters have been displayed this week, inviting the children to the story hour at 10:30. This hour is a continuation of the same, which was begun last year, when Miss Katherine Ensign and Miss Ruty Ely will tell the stories and Miss Ely began today with stories of Washington.

"The Heroes of History" will be the subject of this series and doubtless will learn history that will stick in this attractive way, where no compulsion is exercised.

* * *

A number of the pupils of Gerard Tonning gave a pleasing recital last evening at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society. The pupils who took part were Miss Elizabeth Morton, Miss Lillian Mallough, Miss Katherine Morton, Miss Lilly Moe, Rudolph Freimuth, Miss Frances Berg, Miss Marguerite Clark, Miss Dagny Henriksen, Arthur Le Moignan, Miss Edith Herrington and Miss Eva Le Moignan. The younger pupils acquitted themselves with great credit. The gem of the evening was Miss Elizabeth Morton's solo, Mendelssohn's capriccio. She played in a finished manner and with excellent technique.

Assisting the pupils were Miss Elizabeth Kendall Bailey, soprano, who sang very sweetly two pretty numbers, and Mrs. A. W. Kuehnow, contralto, who appeared for the first time in solo. She has a fine contralto voice that is developing excellently and has much promise.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Central W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. Bonesteel, 302 West Second street, at 2:30 on Monday. Subject, "Purity in Literature and Art." Leader, Mrs. G. W. Smith, of West Duluth.

* * *

Wednesday afternoon the literature and current events class of the Twentieth Century club will meet in the club room at the library. Mrs. Hicks will be the leader and Byron's satirical poem, "English Bards and Scotch Reviewers," will be the subject, and Miss Nellie Brown will have charge of the current events.

* * *

Monday afternoon the regular meeting of the Matinee Musicale will be held in Temple Recital hall and the music of America will be studied. Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury and Mrs. Stephen H. Jones have charge of the program. The program follows:

Macdowell—Woodland Sketches .....
(a) "To a Wild Rose."
(b) "In Autumn"
A. G. Salmon—Op. 26, No. 2. Melancolie.
Florsheim—"Elevation" ....
Marx E. Oberndorfer.
Chadwick—
(a) "Were I a Prince Egyptian."
(b) "Allah."
Carl Busch—"Go Not Happy Day"....
Milton B. Griffith.
Mrs. H. H. Beach—"Romance" .....
Fred G. Bradbury.
Arthur Foote—Irish Folk Song.....
Mrs. G. H. Jones.
A. Oberndorfer—Two Etudes..... .....
Marx E. Oberndorfer.
Ethelbert Nevin—"At Twilight".....
E. R. Kroeger—"Persian Love Song"..
DeKoven—"My Nightingale" .....
Milton B. Griffith.

* * *

One of the most interesting events of the coming club week will be the lecture Wednesday evening in Temple Recital hall in the regular course of the Evening Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century class. Before the talk there will be a short business session and the talk, which will be on "Macbeth," will be given by L. C. Harris, who will give a most interesting and fascinating talk. All interested in the work are invited to attend whether club members or not. The previous lectures of this class have been most interesting.

STONE FOUND GUILTY.

Murderer Given Thirty-Five Years In Prison.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—George Stone, who, after ten years' escape, was recently brought back from England to Chicago to answer a charge of murder, was found guilty by a jury last night and sentenced to thirty-five years in the pen.

Stone and Robert Nelson, colored, were employed as cooks in the same hotel in 1893 and quarreled over perquisites. Stone told the jury that the killing was in self-defense, he having been attacked by Nelson, knife in hand. Intense religious fervor has dominated Stone since his capture in London after the decade's pursuit. Thursday, while listening to witnesses who were swearing that the killing of Nelson was unprovoked, Stone dropped to his knees in open court and lifted his voice in prayer.

Second Union Meeting.

The temperance committee has made arrangements for the second temperance meeting of the year to take place March 1 at Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church on Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, opposite Hope church. A fine musical program is being prepared. Rev. O. M. Saevig, of West Duluth, will give the address.

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The favorite family liniment and pain killer because it relieves quickly and surely all kinds of pains and aches internal or external. A priceless household remedy for Neuralgia, Muscular Rheumatism, Lumbago, Stiff Joints, Lame or Weak Back, Sore Throat, Colds, Frostbites, Chilblains, Earache, Toothache, and all other acute pain. Only 25 cents a bottle at all druggists.

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Hartford, Conn.
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Manley-McLennan Agency, District Agents.
First Floor Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

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222-224 West Michigan Street.
Office Furniture and Typewriter Supplies. Agents for Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Company's Card Indexes, Letter Files and Desks.

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THE POPE'S JUBILEE.

The greatest celebrations in the history of the Catholic church began in Rome yesterday, with all the solemnity and splendor of which the church is capable. It is the observance of a triple jubilee, marking the great events in the life of Pope Leo XIII—the silver jubilee of his pontificate, he having been elected pope Feb. 20, 1878; his golden jubilee as cardinal, he having been proclaimed by Pius IX in the consistory of Dec. 19, 1853, and his diamond jubilee of episcopacy, as he was proclaimed archbishop of Damietta by Gregory XVI Jan. 27, 1843, and consecrated Feb. 19 of the same year. Born March 2, 1810, Pope Leo will be 93 years of age within a few days, but he is in good health and has not been better for the past ten years, his physician says. Reference is frequently made in the cable dispatches to his pallor, but it is said that this hat natural, he having always been pale and of a frail appearance. But he comes of a long-lived family, the Peccis having always been constitutionally strong, and he will probably live many years more to perform the important and arduous duties that attach to the papacy.

"It seems impossible that it is twenty-five years since I have been there," Pope Leo is reported to have exclaimed yesterday as he looked out upon the sun-lit piazza of St. Peter's. Yet it is true that during a quarter of a century he has endured a self-imposed imprisonment and has not gone outside the walls of the Vatican and St. Peter's, which is regarded as part of the Vatican. This action has been a protest against the deprivation of the pope of the temporal power which he formerly possessed as the ruler of Rome, and while thus remaining in the Vatican has constantly worked for the restoration of power, contending that it was necessary for the head of the church to have some place in which he was absolute master and would not be under the domination of any kind or principality. But all his efforts in that direction have been without effect.

Pope Leo was 67 years old when he took up the high post to which he was elected by the college of cardinals, and how ably and with what wisdom he has for over twenty-five years performed the important and onerous duties of the office the whole world knows. He has ranked with the few great men like Gladstone and Bismarck, who dominated the affairs of the world during the closing years of the last century, and he alone survives to receive the respect of all nations and all creeds by his wisdom and diplomacy and brotherly love. During his long pontificate, Pope Leo has done much to build up the church of Rome, and the great prosperity which it has enjoyed is due in great measure to the sound wisdom and able direction of this grand old man. The whole world, irrespective of creed, will trust that he may long be spared to guide the policy of the church of which he is the illustrious head.

THE POSTAL SERVICE.

The postoffice department of the United States asks congress for an appropriation for the fiscal year beginning July 1, of $153,000,000. Even this enormous sum has caused no particular comment for the reason that the postal appropriation bill seems to be an ordinary routine affair and a necessity. The sum asked for amounts to nearly half a million dollars a day for keeping the postal department moving, and it is a goodly sum. Of course, most of this money comes back in postal revenues, so that it is not strictly an expenditure like most of the other government appropriations. The department's estimate of the deficit on postal business for the year will be only $10,000,000, but this, of course, does not include anything for the use of the postoffice buildings which are so generously scattered in all parts of the country, or for a number of other items of magnitude which any private business concern would have to consider. But the country is finding no fault in this score and as a rule looks with entire approval upon the marvelous extension of its postal service. Socialists certainly have nothing to complain of in the rapidity with which the functions of our government are on every hand spreading out. A considerable proportion of the voters of the United States are today working for the government, municipal, state or national, and the increase is many-fold faster than that of population.

For the first time the postal appropriation bill is this year the largest of all, passing that of pensions by a good lead. This postal budget is more than double what it was in 1891, and almost double what it was in 1805. For that year the expenses of the service were $90,000,000. For the fiscal year beginning July 1 an appropriation of $153,000,000 is now to be made. At that rate of increase it is not easy to see the extent to which the postal business is going. All the expenses of government are, to be sure, mounting up rapidly in this era of expansion and prosperity, but no other important branch is making such tremendous leaps as this. The increase in the present bill over that of a year ago is $15,000,000 and $30,000,000 over that of two years ago. It is interesting to compare various items of the postal service today with the total cost of the establishment only a few years ago. For example, the sum to be paid next year for transporting the mails on the railroads is greater than the entire cost of the postal service during the first year of the Garfield-Arthur administration. The free delivery service in cities costs more than the whole department did in 1867. Rural free delivery alone costs more than the whole service in 1864. Transportation of foreign mails costs more than the whole service in Andrew Jackson's time.

This wonderful increase in business naturally creates a feeling of pride in every patriotic citizen of the United States. There is no other country in the world that makes such a showing.

MANUFACTURERS' BUILDING.

The manufacturers of Minnesota desire better accommodations at the state fair, and have asked the legislature to appropriate $50,000 for the erection of a suitable building at the fair grounds. The request deserves favorable consideration. Last September the small manufacturing display building was so crowded that many Minnesota exhibits were housed in tents and temporary wooden sheds, while some were abandoned altogether for lack of suitable quarters. This state of things should not be permitted to happen again, and a building of suitable size should be erected. The manufacturers present the following excellent reasons why they deserve the building:

First, manufacture and agriculture build the state.

Second, the manufacturers have never asked for an appropriation by the state.

Third, the manufacturers of Minnesota rank eleventh in the list of all the states.

Fourth, the capital employed in 1900 was $165,832,246, distributed between 13,000 plants large and small.

Fifth, the manufacturers employ 77,234 wage earners, to whom they pay yearly the sum of $35,484,825 in wages.

Sixth, the manufacturers pay over 10 per cent of the whole assessed valuation of the state.

Seventh, the manufactured products at the last census amounted to $262,655,881.

Eighth, through the want of a manufacturers' building and the lack of information concerning the factories of this state, many thousands of dollars in orders are sent East every year for goods that should be purchased at home, and would be if the facts were known.

Ninth, if the manufactures are stimulated the factories will be enlarged and employ more wage earners and increase the sale of the products of the farm.

TO SHOW OUR NAVY.

Uncle Sam proposes to show the European nations a thing or two concerning the modern navy of the United States, and will send over the North Atlantic squadron the coming summer to do so. The entire strength of the squadron will be assembled under Rear Admiral Barker, the present commander of the Brooklyn navy yard, and will sail across the big pond accompanied by several other ships, including the Brooklyn, not now attached. The North Atlantic squadron is now in the gulf of Mexico and will remain there a few days and then the vessels will turn for the Atlantic and gradually work up to the Chesapeake bay. They will stop at Pensacola and at other naval stations en route, arriving at Hampton Roads early in May. There Rear Admiral Higginson, the present commander of the fleet, will be relieved, and Admiral Barker will run up his flag. Some little time will be spent overhauling the ships and getting them in shape for their long cruise across the Atlantic. The department has two objects in sending the fleet to Europe. One is to show the people on the other side something of our navy, and the other is to keep the squadron intact for further drill.

Not since the Spanish war has the navy been properly represented on the European station. When the ships were called home at the outbreak of the war with Spain the European station was neglected up to last summer. Then Admiral Crowninshield was given three or four ships and sent to re-establish the European station. But he returned to these waters late last fall to take part in the operations of the combined squadrons in the West Indies. The extension of the cruise to the coast of Portugal will serve to keep the fleet together, so that the good work of the past winter may be continued. Secretary Moody thought that if the fleet were kept at home it would be broken up on one excuse or another, with one-half of the vessels at the navy yards undergoing repairs. He does not propose to permit this, but intends that the policy of activity shall be maintained. Some complaints have come up from the Southern seas that the men and officers of the fleet are being overworked. Certainly they have been kept on the jump for the past six months or more. But the authorities believe that the continued drills and practice cruises are beneficial and that they can do no harm, so they will be kept up for some time to come.

The idea of sending the ships to Europe is a good one. It will have an excellent moral effect on the foreign nations and at the same time will prove beneficial to the men.

Arguing that schools and churches should not be willing to accept gifts of "tainted money," Edwin D. Mead says: "When one looks back to the founding of the colleges of New England and traces their early history—Harvard, Yale, Williams, Amherst, Bowdoin, Dartmouth, Brown—he sees that every stone was laid in prayer, that every year was a record of consecration." Has Mr. Mead forgotten how Harvard raised money for new buildings by conducting lotteries?

A St. Paul paper yesterday published a lengthy story about a new railway to be built from Duluth, through the Twin Cities and Iowa by way of Des Moines and on to the gulf of Mexico, to cost $70,000,000, and to be operated by electricity. Investigation shows that there is very little foundation for the report. Such a scheme has been projected, but it has not advanced far. That the road may be eventually built is not improbable.

The ship subsidy bill has been given another hard blow by the New York Merchants' association. It protests against the passage of the measure because it will retard rather than develop the shipbuilding industry.

Possibly the president made a mistake in sending to the senate at this time the nomination of Page Morris to the federal judgeship. He has been regarded as ineligible for appointment until after March 4. The president can rectify the error by appointing him again after that date. But perhaps the president has good legal advice on the action already taken.

Mayor Low, of New York is the latest victim of the old schoolmate—in his case a boyhood chum from Texas whom he has not seen before for thirty-six years. "The mayor used to be a good deal of a sport when he was a boy," the outspoken man from Texas says.

President Hopkins of Amherst declares that the action of President Woodrow Wilson in asking the alumni of Princeton for $12,500,000 showed that he fits these times and feels the spirit of them. "The president of Columbia," he says, "was too conservative when he asked for only $10,000,000."

Rev. Dr. Archibald, of Brookline, Mass., calls it "the Mormon vulture," which is at least a change from "vampire."

Radium bromide sells at $900,000 a pound, so it seems there is something that is more costly than coal.

WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT THE HERALD

From a large number of letters and telegrams received by The Herald on the opening of its new building from leading newspaper men throughout the country, the following have been selected as evidence of the regard in which The Herald is held in newspaper circles.

FROM THE LEADING BOSTON PAPER.

The Boston Globe, Boston, Feb. 10, 1903.—My Dear Weiss: I am very sorry that I cannot be present at the opening of your new building on Feb. 12. I know I should have a good time, and I would like to come out to Duluth. Please accept my heartiest congratulations on your evident prosperity and success. * * * Yours sincerely,

CHAS. H. TAYLOR, JR.

FROM EX-MINISTER TO NETHERLANDS.

The Detroit Free Press, Detroit, Mich., Feb. 9, 1903.—My Dear Sir: Please accept my thanks for the kind invitation to attend the opening of the new Herald building, and my regrets that it will be impossible for me to be present. Please accept my sincere congratulations on the prosperity of The Herald, and may it long continue to be the shining light of Duluth. Yours very truly,

WILLIAM E. QUINBY.

FROM LEADING INDEPENDENT PAPER.

The Republican, Springfield, Mass., Feb. 10, 1903.—Gentlemen: I have to thank you for the invitation to be present at the opening of the new Herald building, and only wish that such visit were within my power. Duluth—"the Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas"—is to be congratulated on this new evidence of her advancement and glory. A very real asset is such a newspaper as The Duluth Evening Herald, when a city's standing is to be reckoned. With thanks for the thought which prompted the invitation, and good wishes for the continued and increasing prosperity of your establishment, I am sincerely,

S. B. GRIFFIN,
Managing Editor.

FROM EX-MINISTER TO PERU.

The Daily Northwestern, Oshkosh, Wis., Feb. 9, 1903.—Dear Mr. Weiss: I have your kind invitation to be present at the opening of the new Herald building on the 12th, and I regret that it will be impossible for me to attend. I send you my hearty congratulations and best wishes for unlimited success. I regard The Herald as one of the strongest of the newspapers of the great Northwest and I look upon its broad pages with amazement at the excellence which characterizes all the work upon it. Very sincerely yours,

JOHN HICKS.

FROM A RETIRED EDITOR.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 12, 1903.—Mr. A. C. Weiss, Manager Herald, Duluth, Minn. Dear Sir: I received your invitation to be present at the opening of The Herald building today, but it was impossible for me to leave home. Having inspected your plant two or three weeks ago during the fitting-up process, I am prepared to extend you hearty congratulations upon the great success you have made with The Herald. I have inspected leading printing offices in every prominent Northern city in the United States, and I can say to you I have seen no better arranged office than yours, and very few that anyway approximate to it. Your press room is simply superb, and all your conveniences for your employes are rarely found in the average office of the city daily. The Herald did not amount to much until it came under your management. I have watched its growth with a feeling of pride because I knew you personally, and I want to extend the heartiest congratulations upon your success and prosperity. You deserve it all because you have earned it. Yours very truly,

H. P. HALL.

INDIANAPOLIS HEARD FROM.

Editorial Rooms of The Indianapolis Sentinel, Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 11, 1903.—My Dear Mr. Weiss: Permit me to offer my sincere congratulations upon the splendid progress of The Herald, as indicated in the very handsome invitation for which I am indebted to you. I very much regret that I cannot extend my congratulations in person, but beg to assure you that they are none the less sincere. Our mutual friend, Addison Thomas, was telling me just the other day of your good work and good fortune, and I trust you may long be spared for the one and favored with the other. Very sincerely yours,

NAT C. WRIGHT,
Managing Editor.

FROM DETROIT.

The Detroit Times, Detroit, Mich., Feb. 14, 1903.—Publishers Duluth Herald: Gentlemen—I want to congratulate you personally upon your magnificent edition of Feb. 12. The effort would do credit to New York or Chicago, and I think you have exhibited most excellent taste in the make-up and general typographical appearance of the number. You certainly deserve success, and here's hoping for your continued success and preeminence in your field. Fraternally,

B. B. SCHERMERHORN,
Business Manager.

FROM GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

Grand Rapids Herald, Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 9, 1903.—Dear Sir: I regret that I shall be unable to attend your opening Thursday. I have no doubt it will be a happy function. It certainly ought to be, for the completion of a new building with improved equipment and facilities means as much for the town as for the newspaper itself. It means that an already good paper will be better. I send greetings and wishes for your continued prosperity. Very truly,

L. G. STUART,
Managing Editor.

FROM SYRACUSE, N. Y.

The Post-Standard, Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1903.—Dear Sir: We beg to acknowledge your courteous invitation to be present at the opening of the new Herald building in Duluth on Thursday ensuing, and to express regrets at our inability to have the Post-Standard represented on the occasion in question. We give congratulations on this latest obvious evidence of your prosperity, and wish for the future of The Evening Herald all the growing good fortune to which it is fairly entitled. Very truly yours,

W. E. GARDNER,
Editor and Manager.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 21.—The barometer is high in central and western districts and off the North Atlantic coast, and low over the northeastern lake region, north of Alberta and over Florida. Generally fair weather prevails except that rain is falling in South Carolina and Florida. Light falls of snow occurred in the lake region and northern Minnesota. It is colder in the Northwest with temperatures slightly below zero in North Dakota, eastern South Dakota, western Minnesota and Manitoba. Warmer weather prevails in the lake region, Ohio valley, north Atlantic states and Alberta.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	34	Medicine Hat	0
Battleford	0	Memphis	36
Bismarck	—8	Miles City	—4
Boston	14	Milwaukee	18
Buffalo	16	Minnedosa	—8
Calgary	16	Modena	8
Charleston	42	Montgomery	40
Chicago	20	Moorhead	—2
Cincinnati	26	New Orleans	46
Davenport	12	New York	20
Denver	24	North Platte	18
Detroit	18	Oklahoma	30
Dodge City	24	Omaha	12
Duluth	6	Pittsburg	20
Edmonton	16	Port Arthur	—8
El Paso	30	Portland	42
Escanaba	8	Qu Appelle	2
Galveston	44	Rapid City	16
Green Bay	10	San Francisco	44
Havre	4	Santa Fe	30
Helena	24	Shreveport	42
Houghton	—8	Spokane	28
Huron	—2	St. Louis	28
Jacksonville	42	St. Paul	2
Kamloops	28	Sault Ste Marie	12
Kansas City	24	Swift Current	8
Knoxville	28	Washington	16
LaCrosse	—4	Williston	—8
Lander	14	Winnemucca	—4
Los Angeles	48	Winnipeg	—8
Marquette	10		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Sunday, Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer Sunday. Fresh southwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer Sunday.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer in west and south portions tonight and in east portion Sunday.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer tonight.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Press: Borem—I'm sure your father doesn't like me, although he's always very polite and all that.

Miss Roy—Ah; yes, that's just like papa; everybody says I take after him, you know.

Boston Transcript: He—I suppose now that I shall have to ask your father for his consent.

She—No, Harry. After the first time you called pa said I might have you if I wanted you. Pa and I have understood it for a long time.

Somerville Journal: Barker—Come over here, old man. I want to introduce you to my wife.

Parker—Oh, I know Mrs. Barker already. We were engaged for three months in the summer of 1894.

"For the first years of our married life, dear," said the young man who was poor, but had prospects, "we shall have to live principally on love."

"Well, people can't live on spoon victuals, can't they, George?" she said, snuggling closer to him.

Philadelphia Record: Helen—Yes, social life is wearing. I have so much on my shoulders.

Emily—In what way?

Helen—Going to balls, etc.

Emily—But, my dear, every time I saw you at a ball you had nothing on your shoulders.

THE FOOL'S PRAYER.

The royal feast was done; the king
Sought out some new sport to banish care,
And to his jester cried: "Sir Fool,
Kneel now, and make for us a prayer!"

The jester doffed his cap and bells,
And stood the mocking court before;
They could not see the bitter smile
Behind the painted grin he wore.

He bowed his head and bent his knee
Upon the monarch's silken stool;
His pleading voice arose: "O, Lord,
Be merciful to me, a fool!

"No pity, Lord, could change the heart
From red with wrong to white as wool;
The rod must heal the sin; but, Lord,
Be merciful to me, a fool!

"'Tis not by guilt the onward sweep
Of truth and right, O, Lord, we stay;
'Tis by our follies that so long
We hold the earth from heaven away.

"These clumsy feet, still in the mire,
Go crushing blossoms without end;
These hard, well-meaning hands we thrust
Among the heart-strings of a friend.

"The ill-timed truth we might have kept—
Who knows how sharp it pierced and stung?
The word we had not sense to say—
Who knows how grandly it had rung?

"Our faults no tenderness should ask—
The chastening stripes must cleanse them all;
But for our blunders—oh, in shame
Before the eyes of heaven we fall!

"Earth bears no balsam for mistakes;
Men crown the Knave and scourge the tool
That did his will; but Thou, O Lord,
Be merciful to me, a fool!"

The room was hushed; in silence rose
The king, and sought his gardens cool;
And walked apart, and murmured low,
"Be merciful to me, a fool!"

Equipped for His Task.

Washington Post: Mr. Cortelyou will enjoy the novelty of entering the cabinet with a practical knowledge of the duties of a cabinet officer.

While the Fish Bite.

New York World: It is estimated that there are fifty "get-rich-quick" firms in New York city alone. And until the public can be taught that there is no honest "royal road" to wealth all of these concerns cannot be wiped out.

Much Work and Some Play.

Philadelphia North American: It is well known that President Roosevelt is a strenuous worker, but nobody suspected until Leslie M. Shaw so informed an amazed world that he devotes eighteen hours out of every twenty-four to public toil. That leaves only six hours for sleeping, eating, riding, romping with the youngsters and getting battered up by General Wood at single stick play. The president must feel tempted to set General Wood on Shaw with the stoutest stick in the rack.

REPORT FROM WHALING FLEET.

San Francisco, Feb. 21.—A cablegram from Honolulu gives the first news received here from the whaling fleet which left this port last November. The cablegram states that the whaling bark Gayhead was spoken on Thursday off Kailua and reported having caught four whales which yielded 75 barrels of oil.

THE HANCOCK ARRIVES.

New York, Feb. 21.—The United States transport Hancock arrived in port today from San Francisco by way of Valparaiso, Montevideo and Bahia. The Hancock was formerly the Gulion line steamer Arizona, and in her best days a noted greyhound of the ocean. She was recently turned over to the navy department and comes here to be converted into a receiving ship at the Brooklyn navy yard.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

State Game Warden Sam Fullerton arrived in town last night and registered at the Hotel St. Louis after attending the Masonic dance given here.

This morning Mr. Fullerton met local deputy, John Green, and they held a consultation in one corner of the St. Louis lobby.

The conference was rudely disturbed by the appearance of Special Revenue Agent J. A. Lawrence, who is in the city for a few days, and who attempted to disturb the consultation by a rapid entrance.

He was foiled by the game warden, who immediately opened up with a story regarding Mr. Lawrence's youth.

"Congressman Heatwole tells this story, so you needn't blame me," said the warden, and the revenue agent hunched up one shoulder to balance the imaginary chip.

"When Julius was a young fellow sixteen or seventeen years old, he was a pretty green proposition. He was always getting in trouble, and it wasn't strange that on the Fourth of July he fumbled a fire cracker or something and burned the hair off the front of his head and also injured his eyes.

"Well, his father wanted to give the boy the benefit of what help he could consistently with the lad's apparent mentality, but after long consideration, he finally decided to let him have a pair of blue glasses to wear around until his eyes got better.

"He was surprised and overjoyed to find that Julius didn't break them the first day, and cautioned him about them and making them last for they were expensive.

"Every day after that he would hunt up the boy and ask him how the glasses were, and he found them well.

"Finally the apprehensions of his father were realized to fact. Julius came up with the glasses, minus the glass. He had on the bows and the wire circlets and the nose rest, but the glass was gone.

"Then Mr. Lawrence, pere, issued an invitation for the woodshed, but the younger branch of the family protested.

"He whimpered and took on until he finally interested the old man, who asked him what excuse he had.

"'I don't see what you're goin' to lick me for,' he said. 'I was tryin' to save somethin' for you. I took out the glass so it wouldn't wear out.'

"The elder Lawrence threw up his hands. He said he would either have to make that boy a supreme court judge or a United States government official. He did."

* * *

There was some discussion of the merits of the story and its derivation, but nothing definite could be settled upon, and Mr. Lawrence failed to contravert it successfully, so it stands.

* * *

Dr. Levinson, who stops at the McKay hotel, is a terribly abused man.

He came in night before last and started to tell a story about the cold weather when a man came in and proved it was 20 above zero. It had been cold in the morning, but it warmed up.

The doctor was standing at the radiator thawing out after a ride to Rice Lake. He started in the morning and it was frightfully cold.

He announced that about one-third of the way back he was awakened suddenly by his horse shying at some object in the road. He drew up and investigated, finding an old man lying in the road and exhausted with the cold.

The Good Samaritan picked him up and wrapping him up warmly brought him to town, and as the story is told, sent him to Kendall's stables with his rig. That he claimed was the last he heard of the old party.

Someone suggested that it was totally unlike the generous and humane doctor to send a man suffering with the cold to a livery stable instead of a hospital.

Others began to doubt the story. The doctor insisted on its truth. Then the weather reports, and records of temperature were brought in as evidence, and the crowd of residents of the hotel are preparing to hold a courtmartial.

In the meantime the doctor is looking for his frosted man.

* * *

"Dick" Ferris, of Minneapolis, proprietor of the Lyceum theater there, who has the control of the Ferris comedians which play at the Metropolitan theater here, is in the city and is stopping at the Spalding. He is up to superintend rehearsals and watch the preparation of the big production of "Sapho" which is going on at the Metropolitan next week.

* * *

Nathan Paine, one of the members of the big Paine lumbering manufacturing concern of Oshkosh, is at the Spalding hotel. He is looking over lumber plants in this vicinity.

* * *

Assistant General Freight Agent W. W. Broughton, of the Great Northern railway, arrived in Duluth this morning from St. Paul and is registered at the Spalding hotel.

* * *

Miss Isabel Fletcher, who is playing leads at the Metropolitan theater with the Ferris company, has taken permanent quarters at the Spalding hotel.

* * *

United States Deputy Marshal Frank W. Tufts, of Cass Lake, was in the city this morning and registered at the St. Louis. He brought several federal prisoners here for trial.

* * *

Matt Clark, of St. Paul, is at the St. Louis hotel. He is still telling of the remarkable hunting trip he made last fall up on the range with a party of friends, when he shot the bear. Mr. Clark feels that he has not been treated properly by the native who happened into Duluth after he had shipped the carcas here, and recognized it as that of the tame bear which had been owned in his vicinity, and in making inquiries about the common pet of his community, he spread the news which discomfited the well known lumberman. Mr. Clark will organize another hunting party next fall, however, and will take a corps of reliable witnesses and notaries public with him.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: C. R. Schacht, L. Knudson, St. Paul; C. L. Judd, Saginaw; F. B. Brynes, Iron Mountain, Mich.; G. E. Adams, Chicago; Angus Cameron, Eau Claire; Thomas Miles, John F. Yerky, Minneapolis; John N. Foster, John Cox, Lansing, O. R. Morse, Charlevoix; E. S. Redeker, Fargo; William Merrill, Two Harbors; Ernest Merrill, Tower; D. A. Rankin, Minneapolis; Clifford Sherman, Tower; Jeff Donovan, Joseph Beck, Two Harbors.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: A. E. Horn, St. Paul; H. F. Bertilsen, C. M. Sheldon, A. L. Gore, Minneapolis; C. I. McNair, Cloquet; F. W. Stang, Oshkosh; W. H. Mackey, F. H. Beachi, Minneapolis; W. G. Madsen, Chicago; W. I. Mitchell, Pittsburg; A. E. Rubs, St. Paul; Thone Ivenir, Schothor, Ia.; L. Wood Brandt, C. F. Sheldon, W. G. Madsen, Chicago; C. C. Shannon, Rochester; H. L. Mosher, Dowagiac; George Eisele, J. J. James, Iron Mountain; R. H. Turkey, Fargo; C. C. Baker, Bay City; M. E. Nickerson, Chicago; R. Rogers, Indianapolis.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: P. A. Smith, Rochichling; A. S. Bates, Matt Clark, George R. Warnwood, George Richardson, St. Paul; James Jimos, Koochiching; E. J. Weston, Minneapolis; Frank C. Berry, G. A. Earnest, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wright, Wadena; Jean W. New, Floodwood; H. H. Lane, Rochester, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Meisner, Scanlon, F. J. Annen, Green Bay; C. B. Conners, Chippewa Falls; Oscar H. Olsen, Fosston, William Pepperling, Two Harbors; Frank W. Tufts, Cass Lake; A. W. Enchion, Cloquet; C. A. Dunn, Bismarck.

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SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT

Baltimore American: A New Jersey minister named Daimes is in trouble with his congregation, and the latter are missing no chance to pronounce.

Brooklyn Eagle: One minister's wife has obtained a raise in her husband's salary by going upon the variety stage. It is hoped that the example will not be widely followed, because some ministers' wives cannot act a little bit.

Buffalo Express: There is a Persey City clergyman whom any jury of women would condemn after a moment's deliberation to capital punishment. In a marriage certificate he added fifty years to the bride's age. Only hanging would meet the requirements of such a case as that.

Chicago Post: The Brooklyn minister's wife who went on the vaudeville stage to help eke out a living income for her family has gone back home because her husband's salary has been increased. This may be a hint to other churches to recognize that the laborer is worthy of his hire.

New York Press: Priests who cannot marry are the last men in the world to preach about the decay of the sturdy old American stock. There is no such thing today as American stock. We have and the native Americans—the Indians—over 400 years, and have reduced them to a handful of harmless imnecines. There was the stock to graft to! But we preferred the scum of effete Europe. We are anollapodrida. We are a hash, and a cheap boarding house hash, at that. By and by we shall be a rehash. But we still live. Our preachers are talking for the newspapers. If they had only their congregations for an audience they would talk differently. But they are talking to the world.

Kansas City Star: The Methodists authorities seem rather more certain that they have secured the millions of dollars they set out to raise for the new century than that they have saved the number of souls they aimed to gather in. The contention that the church had made 1,500,000 converts in the last four years was sharply disputed by Dr. Buckley in New York recently. Methodism, this staunch churchman asserted, was declining in the East, and there was no use disguising the fact. It is to be hoped Dr. Buckley is mistaken. The country has been in the habit of looking to the Methodist church as the great evangeling arm of Protestantism. But if the salt of Methodism has lost its savor, what is to be done? It may be assumed, however, that even of Dr. Buckley is correct, the church will be in no wise discouraged. It will doubtless press forward with renewed energy to recover lot ground in its ancient assurance that the church militant is to become the church triumphant.

THE FADING LIGHT OF DAY.

"Jenny, gather up the scraps, and, Hetty, bring the broom;
Sally, push the settle back and, tidy up the room;
Now's the time, 'twixt day and dark, to clear the work away;
For the morn nuke ready by the fading light of day.

"Come, boys, bring in the wood and split the kindling fine,
Fetch some water from the spring and feed the waiting kine;
You'll not need the lantern, lads, the twilight's clear and gray,
Haste and you will finish by the fading light of day."

Thus the dear housemother spake, still busy all the while,
Helping girls and cheering boys with gentle word and smile,
Till the tasks were ended and the sons and daughters gay
Gathered round the fireplace by the fading light of day.

Scattered, scattered, far and wide, in distant lands, and dead!
Long the grass has waved above the gentle mother's head;
But at nightfall even yet I seem to hear her say,
"For the morn made ready by the fading light of day."

Wiser now, methinks therein that hidden meanings lurk,
Teaching ere that night shall come "wherein no man can work"
Every soul be girded ready; God alone can say
If our eyes again behold the fading light of day.

—Boston Transcript.

Sample of Amazing Nerve.

Philadelphia North American: An attorney for the coal trust denouncing the union miners in his speech to the commission quoted the maxim of law that he who seeks equity must come into court with clean hands, and asked if the hands of the miners were clean or soiled with violations of the law. Considering the notoriously illegal operation of mines by railroad corporations and the coal trust's continuous criminal record, the nerve and effrontery of the trust lawyer in calling the court's attention to the legal maxim must be admired.



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DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE GOSSIP OF THE WORLD OF SPORTS

Why Walter Camp Stands High In Amateur Athletics--Great Exploit In the Yale-Harvard Game.

Who is Walter Camp, and why is he who he is?

Mr. Camp was born in New Haven in 1849; he graduated from Yale in 1880, and, with the exception of a few years in New York, he has lived in New Haven all his life. He has therefore been in close personal touch with the old college and its students for nearly thirty years and knows, more or less intimately, hundreds of her graduates. That in itself is enough, perhaps, to account for a large measure of his popularity.

Another reason why Camp stands high in amateur athletics is the fact that he has always been an amateur himself. Though his personal interest in athletics has grown with each year since he left college, he has always been a business man first and an athlete in his leisure hours.

At present he is the secretary of a large corporation located at New Haven, while his official position in connection with Yale athletics is that of a member of the university council, a sort of cabinet with which President Hadley consults. Most of the members of the council are deans of the various faculties. Mr. Camp is a sort of a member-at-large, being the representative of the student athletic bodies by popular consent.

Entering college in 1876, Mr. Camp became a member of the 'varsity football team in his freshman year. He played with the eleven for the four years of the undergraduate course. Then he entered the medical school and still remained a member of the team. That was before the adoption of the rule which forbids any player to remain on a team for more than four years, and Camp, with six years' active playing to his credit, has had more experience than it is now possible for a man to get.

For four years of the six he was also a member of the 'varsity ball nine, playing left field, shortstop and also pitcher on occasions. At different times he was captain of both the football eleven and the baseball nine, and he also took a prominent part in track and field sports, being especially prominent in the hurdle races, so that, in many directions his experience as a college athlete was wide and varied.

* * *

Yale men recall with pride and a reminiscent thrill Walter Camp's great exploit in the game between the Yale and Harvard football elevens in '81. All year the Yale team had been successful, and it was generally considered certain that the New Haven team would have an easy win when it went up to Boston to meet the Cambridge players at the Boston ball park. The day of the match started in with a drenching rain. All morning it continued, and when play was called the football field was a morass of mud and knee-deep puddles.

Under such conditions the natural superiority of the Yale team was practically neutralized. It was hard for even the best players to make gains on the swampy grounds, and the first half ended without a score on either side. Camp was playing right half back and was also the captain of the eleven. Between halves he urged his men to make a final and determined effort to score on the crimson players. The second half started, but in spite of the hardest struggles of Camp and his players, the wet and soggy ball kept close to the center of the field. If Harvard could keep Yale from scoring it would mean an actual victory over the admittedly stronger team from New Haven.

"Only five minutes more left," came the warning cry of the umpire.

Camp picked out a little mound which stood a few inches clear above the surrounding water. He took his stand upon it and gave the signal for a drop kick. The ball was snapped back to the waiting Camp and he hit it a terrific kick. Now, a wet, soggy football rises slowly and is so heavy that it takes much force to propel it to any distance. To Camp and others who were watching the ball it seemed that it never would rise high enough to clear the bar. But finally it did reach the necessary height. And it is also true that a wet and heavy football holds its direction much better than a dry ball—so, once started, the ball sailed straight on between the goal posts. The game was won and all the Yale men on the field climbed up on their hind legs and yelled.

* * *

Old time players will remember that Camp was peculiar among football players in his method of carrying the ball. Where most men get the ball under one of their arms when they started to circle the line or run down the field Camp always carried it in one hand, and usually with the arm fully extended.

The spectacle of Capt. Camp making a run around the end, with the precious sphereoid held out at the full length of a long arm and his head turning on its axis on the lookout for interference, is still one which is easy to revive in the memory of the Yale men of the late '70s.

Mr. Camp still thinks this plan of carrying the ball a good one, and others than he have often wondered why some of the present day half and quarter backs do not try it. When the ball is carried in this way, entirely free from the body, it is easy to toss it to some supporting player in case of an emergency, and there are other advantages connected with it which only a football expert would understand.

* * *

Mr. Camp's greatest work in amateur athletics has been done in the direction of improving the morale of those connected with it. Criticism of the form and condition of players he fully believes in, but he would draw the line at criticising their motives.

"You may say that man is a poor player, and say it as hard as you please," says Mr. Camp, "and you will not arouse his enmity. But say that he has cheated or used some underhand method of winning and you at once arouse a spirit of bitterness, which has, happily, almost disappeared from college athletics."

Mr. Camp has done much valuable service in keeping Yale and Harvard on terms of good athletic fellowship. He has been a peacemaker. After the two big schools had been at enmity with each other for several years it was Camp who was chiefly responsible for bringing them together under the terms of a compact which lasted without a break for five years.

* * *

Johnny Nillsen, the phenomenal young skater, has now a clear title to the speed skating championships of the world, having defeated Harley Davidson and all the other speed skaters in the championship races at Montreal, Can., several days ago. He won all three of the races, the half-mile, mile and three-mile events. Harley Davidson, skating under local colors, was expected to win the championship. Outside of a great spurt at the finish of the half mile, which he came near winning, he was not in the running. Before he left this city he said Nillsen was the man he would have to defeat, and was confident he could defeat him. In a telegram to his brother, John, manager of the local ice rink, he stated that he had been injured, and could only enter the first race. No further word has been received from him, and it is not known whether he was badly hurt or not. Nillsen was skating in great form in the championship races, and would set the pace in every one of the three events and hold it throughout. Manager Davidson has been trying to get up a series of races between Harley Davidson and Nillsen for the championship, to take place on the local rink, but Nillsen refused, because Johnny Davidson is manager of the rink, and he is afraid he would get the worst of the deal. He won a series of three races from Harley Davidson at the ice palace a couple of years ago, but in every one but the last, which Harley won, Nillsen is said to have given his opponent the shoulder when he attempted to pass him. A series of three races between the pair would prove especially interesting, especially as it would be for the championship. In the half-mile event, Harley pressed Nillsen so hard that he had to equal the world's record, 1:17 1-5.

* * *

Savable, who has been made favorite for the American Derby, is the natural selection ofr the place. Three things have combined to give him the first rank—his victory in the Futurity, the fact that he is handled by Enoch Wishard and the knowledge of bookmakers that his owner, John A. Drake, is a heavy better.

There is no other horse in the list that has quite so many qualifications fof favoritism, although there are some horses that were thought by turfmen to have been better 2-year-olds than Savable. The son of Salvator occupied a peculiar place at the end of last season. He was not regarded as the best 2-year-old shown in the West or East.

In the West he had to give way to Dick Welles. When the two met in the Hyde Park stakes at Washington Park, Dick Welles beat Savable so easily and ridiculously that the impression as to comparative speed was never effaced. No one who saw the two horses on practically an equal footing in that race would ever pick Savable to the better.

In the East he gave way to Acefull. Savable won the greatest 2-year-old event of the year when he captured the Futurity, but it was the only race that he did win in the East after he left Chicago. He was injured in the Futurity, and remained in the stable for the remainder of the season. Eastern turfmen, without additional proof of the colt's greatness, refused to accept the verdict of the Futurity, and Acefull, who finished twelfth in the Futurity, and Irish Lad, who landed sixth with his 130 pounds, were called better colts than Savable. If Savable were owned in the East he would probably not be the Derby favorite.

On the other, hand it is not possible to deny Savable's quality. He won decisively early in his 2-year-old form. In six starts he was beaten but three times. One of those defeats was by a stable companion, and another was in the spoil for the Futurity at Saratago. Therefore, the total of his decisive defeats is reduced to the one administered by Dick Welles in the Hyde Park stakes.

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CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Good Output By Mines on Ironclad Hill.

Colorado Springs, Col., Feb. 21.—The north slope of Ironclad Hill is now outputting more ore than at any time in the history of this little prominence. A few years ago the Damon, owned by a company of the same name, was the big mine in the district, and probably it is as good a shipper as any in this locality at present, but it required the efforts of lessees to do the work. Mulvaney and associates, leasing on a block of the main workings, are shipping about twenty-five tons of $45 ore per day. Adjoining it on the north, Weider and associates are also making a steady output of high grade ore. This ore is averaging from $60 to $80 a ton in carload lots. Assays on picked samples of the rock run better than $1 a pound.

The rich strike reported from the Acacia property has been confirmed by the local officers of the company. Five sacks of the bonanza ore was settled for a day or two ago at the rate of $1050 a ton. The ore chute has been prowed up for some distance, and last reports show that it is running as high as when first opened.

The lessees on the Pharmacist dump have erected a cyanide plant at that mine on Bull Hill and made several successful tests on the ore, and last week the mill was started in regular operation. The dump is a large one, and it is confidently expected will return good profits from treatment by the cyanide process. It is quite probable that a heavy percentage of all dump ores in the district which are known to contain low grade commercial values, can and will be treated in due course of time, in cyanide mills located at the mines. The amount of pay ore in the dumps of the district is much greater than is generally supposed, and its economic extraction would add materially to the gold output of the camp annually.

The output from the Vindicator last month averaged about fifty tons a day. The ore ran in the neighborhood of $50 a ton. There is an immense tonnage blocked out on this property, and according to an estimate recently made by a well-known mining man there is enough ore in sight to keep up the present production for at least five years.

Properties on the west slope of Beacon and Rose Bud Hills are, with few exceptions, being actively developed, and even those at present inactive will be working as soon as leases can be drawn up. This is due in a great measure to the showing now being made by the El Paso and C. K. & N. companies, both of which are shipping considerable ore of a good grade.

Pleasant to Take.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. W. L. Roderick, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect." For sale by Boyce's drug store.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

SPORTS IN THE SOUTHERN WOODS

Phases of the Hunter's Life at This Season---Deer Hunting As It Is Practiced In Louisiana.

A small negro boy on a big yellow mule rode along the bank of Bayou Marie, stopped near the houseboat, held out a note and yelled "Hi." Two ropes tied to a rusty bit made his bridle and for a saddle he had a ragged blanket tied on with another rope, says the New York Sun.

The Farmer leaped ashore and took the note. It proved to be an invitation from the Planter to come and shoot deer.

"I know of two big bucks," it ran, "and I'm going after them tomorrow."

This was at noon of a February day. The houseboat party put buckshot shells into their shooting coats, took along some No. 8 shells on the chance of running into a bevy or two of quail, and set out for the Planter's. What with flushing a bevy and trying to find them again without a dog, pursuing a woodcock found on the bank of a ditch and twisting a rabbit with a switch from a hollow tree, it was quite dark when they came in sight of the lights of the bachelor Planter's house. He made them welcome, starting to mix toddies all around first, then asking them to sit down and be at home.

When day was breaking the next morning they were waked by a horn blast loud, shrill, prolonged. It was followed by a chorus of deep baying, varied with higher pitched barks and whimpers.

Looking out of the window they saw the Planter standing in the front yard, booted and spurred. To his lips he held a curved cow horn, beautifully polished and carved. It was slung over his shoulder by a buckskin thong.

His cheeks were puffed, his face was red and about him leaped and rolled a dozen hounds, long-eared, serious-eyed, powerful and gaunt. The dogs, already semi-crazed by the horn, placed their paws on his shoulders, tried to lick his face then tore about the yard at full speed. Now and then a big fellow braced himself, threw up his head and emitted a howl resonant and mellow as the strains of an organ.

The men were into their clothing and downstairs to breakfast in ten minutes. Then, just as the sun was reddening, the tops of the avenue of oaks that ran a half mile from the house down to the "big road," the negroes brought the horses round.

These horses were all "Canadian ponies" under fifteen hands high, but short-coupled, strong, sure upon their feet, and as active as cats—trained woods-horses they were, able to worm their way through vines, to go among the trees at top speed, to take huge fallen logs in their course as if they were toothpicks, knowing treacherous bogs by instinct, never stumbling, never falling, never tiring. The saddles were the ordinary Texas tree, with high pommels and cantles and broad stirrups. The bits were long-stanked with leather curbs, necessarily severe.

"Nobody can ride the woods with a snaffle," said the Planter.

The hounds ran in and out between the horses' legs as if they were posts. These dogs were nearly all of deep black with tan markings on the breast and a round tan spot over each eye—"four-eyed dogs" they were called.

One of them, an immense animal with deep chest and ears eight inches long, gazed solemnly at the party as they came from the house, then opened his cavernous jaws and from them came the roll of a bass so deep and round and musical that the visitors stopped in astonishment. Sustained and thunderous, it beat about them in waves and it seemed to them that the loose windows in the big frame house trembled to the sound.

In marked contrast to her companions was a small slender gyp, flea-bitten—that is, white, with small blue spots strewn thickly over her—a highly nervous hound, not still for an instant. Now she joined in with a tenor wonderfully high and clear with an undertone of plaintiveness.

"I run cats a good deal," said the Planter. "This pack is good for either deer or cats. You don't have to switch them from a trail but once and they know what's wanted. When those two strike a trail and run it along a log and get to singing it makes a man's heart turn to water."

They trailed off through the fields, the Planter in front, sometimes letting down and putting up bars without dismounting, and the dogs trotted quietly on either side. They came to the rear fence of the plantation against which the woods grew close, a worm fence of rails ten high and staked and ridered. They threw down a panel, put it up again, and plunged into the forest.

They rode for a mile along a road cut for hauling wood, then turned to the right, and in another mile came to hand which rose gradually. This land grew oaks, ash trees and hickories, and was firm under foot.

"When it rises thirty feet more," said the Planter, "it will have only pines on it."

Another mile and the dogs were held in with difficulty. Already two or three of them had attempted to stray away on old trails, and had got the whip. The Planter stopped at the base of a knoll which rose ten feet from the surrounding soil.

"You'd better stop here," he said to the Engineer. "The runway is thirty yards to the left here. Tie your horse 200 yards away, and don't stand behind a tree, but in front of it. You'll hear the dogs long before you see the deer."

Three hundred yards further on the Doctor was dropped, half a mile further and the left they placed the Journalist. The Farmer said that he would take a stand near him, and the Planter went ahead with the dogs to drive. It was his purpose to circle until they struck a trail and then the pack would be trusted to jump the deer, the Planter riding with them and hoping to get a shot as the deer rose.

Left alone the Engineer found the stillness oppressive. He stood with his back jammed against an oak as rigid as a statue. Not a bird cheeped.

His ears, sharpened by the strain, heard after awhile a faint scratching. He looked about him carefully, listened again and finally located it. A small tree-mouse was gnawing a bit of tender green that had budded from a sapling's base.

He could stand it no longer, so he shifted from one foot to another. Then he looked at his watch and found that an hour had passed. Gradually he became convinced that the Planter would find no deer, or if he did the deer would not pass that way.

"It's nonsense," he said. "The buck's got 50 millions of square miles over which to run; why should he come within thirty yards of me?"

Then it became quite evident that the expedition was a piece of foolishness, and he even had a suspicion that they were having sport with him and had placed him there to stay as long as he could, then go back to the house, where he would find them ready to laugh at him.

Just then he heard a rustling. Some heavy animal was approaching. He threw up his gun spasmodically and turned in the direction whence the sound came. The Doctor was within twenty feet of him.

"Whoa!" the Doctor said. "Don't let it go off. If you do, aim at me. I'd be safe then."

The Engineer lowered the gun and said around in the woods? Expect to get any deer that way? Go back where you belong. Those bucks will be here directly."

"Nay," said the doctor. "There are no bucks in the world. If there were they wouldn't come by my stand. There's a mud puddle on one side and a canebrake on the other. I'll stay with you."

Then from afair through the woods floated a single note, profound and golden. It boomed through the thick trees like a mellow growl of thunder.

The men straightened and hearkened. Another came and another and another—a succession of rich, solemn sound that seemed to carry a challenge and a wail ing, for there was death in it; the big dog had opened on the trail.

Yet again the great throat sent tout its call, and then came a burst of glorious, inspiring, nerve-wracking melody. The pack had opened. It was a good two miles distant, yet seemed close at hand.

All notes were in that choral joyousness, bas sand baryton, soprano and tenor. The voices mingled and melted into one sometimes, then separated and each was distinct. There never was human chorus that sung so. Literally the leaves rocked to it.

There was a wild glee in it and a hint of savagery, anger and longing, purpose and pleasure. Now and then a shrill yell came from the pack, high-flung and penetrating, as if every dog had spoken his lust in the same key. Then the singing died away to little more than a murmur, as they put their noses nearer to the ground and raced.

It was the Engineer's first day with hounds, and he felt all of the intoxication of it. In those multitudinous voices he could hear the blare of bands and the swell of organs and the rapid commands of the bugle. He could understand then how men march gayly down to death with such music ringing in their ears.

Painter the chorus grew, until it passed into nothingness. He looked at the Doctor, who said merely:

"They've run out of hearing. The deer will turn soon, I guess."

Then, faint and far, they heard the re-opening of the voices. Gradually the clamor increased until they could have sworn that not 500 yards separated them from the tearing pack. Then again it died and all was stillness.

"He's an in-and-outer, that deer," said the Doctor. "He's running to all points of the compass to throw the dogs from the trail, but if he sticks to the high land they'l get him."

For half an hour not a sound disturbed them. Then they caught a waft of strange music. They could not make it out at first, because distinctly it was not the pack in full cry. It seemed rather to be a strain from some distant instrument, not unlike the moaning of an aeolian harp in its melody and yet lacking the aeolian's steadiness.

Then, as the music drew nearer rapidly, they could distinguish the two parts of it and knew what it was. The big dog had taken up the chanting bass. Both men stood with pale faces, for they seemed to know that the end was near.

With the rush of the down-swooping hawk, clearing a great prostrate oak-like a bird in flight a splendid buck burst from a tangle of vines and sped past them. His wide antlers were thrown back until the points hung below his shoulders, his nostrils were up, his eyes staring, his belly within a foot of the ground.

Every muscle was strained in his desperate flight and his leaps came with inconceivable swiftness. A good fifty yards of space was in his front and he flashed over it like a dun meteor. They could hear the soft thuds of his hoofs which beat a rataplan upon the sod, they could mark even that his banner tail was not flaunting gaily, but was pressed down hard to the rump, certain sign of extremity of endeavor.

The Engineer gazed with wide eyes and held his breath, his lips open and a great wonder in him. For him the deer would have swept from sight unharmed.

The Doctor, however, more philosophic or more used to the sport, leaned forward and in his hurry pulled both triggers of his gun at once. The charges were heavy, the weapon light. He went over backward and lay with his short fat legs sticking in air.

The buck leaped twice, rising higher and higher, the second spring carrying him seven feet in the clear, then crashed down, landing on his shoulders, rolled end over end, kicked convulsively and was still. Eight low-mould buckshot had hit him just back of the foreleg and his heart was broken to bits.

Dropping his gun the Engineer ran toward him like a crazy man and stood over the body, exclaiming: "Glorious! Glorious!" The Doctor approached, rubbing his shoulder ruefully. His nose was bleeding slightly from the jar.

"Yes," he said, "I flatter myself that it was rather a clever shot. You see I waited on you so long through courtesy that I had to down him then, or let him go."

This remark recalled the Engineer to earth. He looked from the deer to the Doctor and from the Doctor to the tree where his unused gun was lying.

"How did I happen to miss him?" he asked.

"Easiest way in the world," the Doctor replied, "you were too scared to shoot."

"Didn't shoot?"

"No; didn't shoot."

The Engineer went to his gun, threw it open and looked at the cartridges. Language failed him. "You'll be better after a while," the Doctor remarked jovially. "Many tenderfeet act that way. When you get to be an old hand, like I am, killing a deer won't seem anything to you."

His eyes were gloating on his prey as he walked around it, viewing its size and beauty from all points. Now and then he clasped his hands ecstatically.

"You," said the Engineer with deliberation, "are the most complete, utter and irremediable idiot in forty states."

"So?" asked the Doctor. "Well, babble on, poor child. You cannot disturb a man of the forest."

The big dog and the gyp burst baying from the vines, ran at the deer and were kicked off. The gyp's tongue hung to her knees and she staggered. After them came the other dogs, a howling, yelling mob, and they were also kicked off. After them came the Planter, the Farmer and the Journalist, riding hard.

"How did that deer stumble and break its neck?" the Farmer inquired.

The Engineer hurbled, but the Doctor disdained to answer. The Planter, saying no word, dismounted and lubricated his hands in the blood. Then he suddenly smeared the blood over the Doctor's face, into his eyes and mustache. It is an old Louisiana custom and an unpleasant one.

"Your first deer," he said in explanation.

"Well," said the Doctor, rubbing his face hard, "since you seem to know it all it is. But I'd have died before I'd let the Engineer know it."

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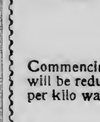
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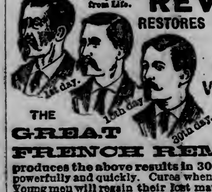
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DEFECTIVE PAGE

HOW TO TIE THE NEW EMPIRE SASH

All the Difference In the World Between Tying It Right and Tying It Wrong —A Few Directions.

New York, Feb. 18.—The women of the English court are wearing the empire sash.

This is as it should be. For the present generation of English women, those that are seen in the drawing room and in the tea parlors, are slender and reed-like, and, if not divinely fair, certainly they are divinely tall.

The empire sash was first made to wear with the empire gown, but it has now been diverted from its true sphere and made to adorn the short-waisted gown of any description, be it a Dolly Varden or a baby waist, a Josephine or a plain New England round waist.

With any waist of this description the empire sash is brought around the waist in a loose fold and tied in a full knot so that its ends fall very straight right down to the floor. The proper position as worn by Josephine, is at the left side.

Any one can tie an empire sash, but the one who does so must first take a lesson or two. There is all the difference in the world between tying it right and tying it wrong, and the chances are that the beginner will make a slipshod job of it, a loose, uncertain knot that it will never look pretty with any gown, be it plain or figured or up-to-date.

Since the sash is to be so much worn the coming summer, it does a woman no harm to take a lesson in the tying thereof, for there will come a day when she will want to know how it is done. Then it may be too late to learn, for the sash business is one that must be taken up early in the season and followed closely through all its developments.

For the empire take a strip of ribbon eight inches wide. Let it be four to six yards long. Josephine wore one which fell forty-four inches from the belt to the floor. And Mme. Recamier wore an empire sash so long that she was compelled to lift it up as she walked.

The court women of the empire days and the women of the Martha Washington period were fond of the empire sash with short ends; and, as they pinned it upon the bust, it looked more like a double chou of today than a sash. So it will be seen that you can take your choice of long ends or short ends, for both were worn in the empire days.

To tie the empire, take hold of the ends of the sash and pull them through in a single knot. Then complete the knot by making a bow with two short ends, two stiff loops and a tight, hard middle.

Pull out the loops until they have a perky look. And then, taking two long pins, fasten the knot to the gown. In this way you keep it from slipping around the waist. The securing of the empire sash in just the right place upon the bust was considered in Josephine's day a very important thing for the sash was used, not only as an ornament, but as a pocket. The little lace handkerchief was slipped in under it, and the tiny fan was tucked in behind it, and so also was the little satin bag which was sometimes carried without its ribbon string.

The Josephine sash was used also for other purposes. It had a decorative possibility which was not lost upon the fair women of other days. If you will notice the old pictures you will see that, in moments of emotion, the hand grasped the empire knot and my lady's breast heaved convulsively while her fair hand touched the silken bow upon her bosom.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish wears the Josephine sash today very much as it was worn by the empress. It is a sash tied in a high knot on the left side, and from the knot there hangs two streamers, not very long, but making up in width what they lack in length.

But the Josephine sash must have its finishing touch. After the bow knot is tied there is pinned into the middle of it a chou of ribbon, one of the round, fat choux which every woman has learned how to tie. The sash is now complete and can be worn with any gown.

It is possible to tie one of these empires before it is put on, and in case that plan be carried out the sash can be hooked around the waist, under the big knot, so that the fastening will be invisible.

There is another way of wearing the empire than on the side, and that is right in the middle of the back. Placed here it has a babyish look which is becoming to any figure, old or young. It gives a wide look across the front and the short look in the back. And the sash, if placed here, is really a great success.

There are a great many ways of tying the summer sash, not all necessarily of the empire mode, for there is the four-in-hand knot, which is growing in appreciation and which may yet come as the fashionable knot of the summer.

For the four-in-hand let the ribbon, which is rather wide, be tied right in the middle of the back of the belt in such a way that the ends hang down very long. The wearer can tie it in the front and slip it around to the back, if she so desires, and if it is easier for her to do so.

The Alexandrine sash is one that will be worn al summer. It is likely that its vogue will he even greater than it was last summer. This sash has two stiff loops, neither of them over three inches long. They are pulled out so stiffly as to look stuffed, and the ends hang down in the same rigid manner.

The best sash material, the modistes say, is liberty silk or satin, because it hangs in such a soft way and does not show the creases. It can be tied many times and it has the faculty of always looking dressy.

But the Roman effects are smarter and the Roman sash of summer, all gros-grain and pliable will be among the novelties seen at Newport and at Bar Harbor.

In tying such a sash as the empire every effort should be made to keep the belt part of the sash wide. The wider the band which goes around the waist the better. And, for the purposes of the empire sash, tulle can be used, chiffon, velvet ribbon and the heavy silk or satin.

But for the regulation summer sash, with the knot at the back of the belt, be it a bow knot or a four-in-hand, the novelty ribbon can be used. The silk ribbons with an open stripe running through them are good, and so are the ribbons that have large plaids of lace set in.

Very often one can plaid a ribbon for oneself and the most beautiful ribbon novelties can be obtained by the girl with the time and skill to do the work. In plaiding let the seams of the silk squares be covered by Valenciennes lace.

In the gowns of the coming summer there will be a great deal left to the sash. And especially is this true where the tiny checks are used and the flowered matedials and the little raindrop muslins and chambrays.

The shops say that it is spring. They are ruled by no laws of nature, prophets, calendar or custom. They defy the ground hog. Spring, to the shops, is whenever they will draw an audience for their tempting show, and since they can sell spring things to shoppers early in February, what is the use of bothering about six weeks more winter? According to the displays on their counters, summer begins in January. In this haste to catch up with the season, society will have to drop out a whole winter before long and begin afresh.

It is supposed that men feel this change into the greatest of all seasons. Poets have said a lot about their conditions of mind trending, according to the bards, toward a state called love, while in truth everybody knows they are so busy as a rule they couldn't tell for the lives of them when spring came or when it went.

Should they happen to look up from their stocks some day and find the sun shining they telephone their tailor to rush a Spring suit through for them by Sunday, and thus their shopping is ended.

The serious consideration of this transformation time is left to women, and, needless to say, it is entirely given to clothes. Whenever you hear a woman say on the street car "And then you know I have two or three good things left over from last summer. Now, my Persian lawn, you remember," &c., and "Oh, have you seen those shirtings in L.'s!" you realize the season has begun. Women find the days all too short to do this shopping as thoroughly and seriously as they would like.

In considering the gradual metamorphosis of the winter girl into a summer girl it is quite remarkable this season to find how much of her is to last over. Her lines from flat-topped hat to felled sleeves and flared skirt will be the same. The only marked change before the season grows old will be the full-hipped skirt, which has been for sometime threatened.

Every feminine heart rejoices that flat hats are still to be worn. For once fashion agrees with what is becoming. Plaits are still much wider and more pronounced in waists and skirts. The skirt of two seasons is combined in an etamine creation for the spring, which is tucked all over, tucks running around and then box plaits set on up and down the seams. It is to be supposed if there were any of the skirt left for possible embellishment in the way of plaits it would be still required of some poor bewildered dressmaker.

Shirts and shirt-waist dresses are much given to plaits or inch-wide tucks running lengthwise. Stocks, whether frivolous or tailor-made, are all rigidly built on clerical lines. After all, they are of the same faith, only a little more extreme, as the bishoped neck piece of the past winter.

All kinds of embroidery and hand work, hemstitching and that peculiarly faddish finishing known as faggoting, will be used in greater profusion than ever, so that the winter girl, who said that her fashionable gown was trimmed with doilies, may transfer that witticism with proper taste to her spring attire. Etamines and voiles, those delightful open-work materials which have become so generally worn in the last year, are shown this spring in subdued plaids and checks. Tans, with pin-striped lines of red or green making large plaids, are beautiful. But the favorites will be those of white or cream ground, with black lines over white taffetas these will be exquisite creations.

A material known as washable etamine is highly favored in summer goods. This, also, has its birth last year, and has been kept as a tried and favored good thing. In dull blues and tans, trimmed with lace medallions, such gowns are dressy and serviceable. The material washes like muslin.

Shirt-waist dresses are, of course, the thing in early silks and heavy washable materials.

Also, it promises to be a summer largely given to white goods.

The necessary dressy, long, loose wraps are done in white Sicilians, taffetas or crepe de chenes, and are most beautifully built on empire lines.

Hand-embroidered stockings, so generally given as Christmas presents, are the summer's fad. Every girl will embroider initial letters, monograms or flower designs on the front of her open-work silk stockings.

Those extreme slippers, covered with all-over lace, may be favored, but they are not very serviceable for dancing shoes.

In the meantime women wait breathlessly for the early millinery openings, and put aside the largest checks for the piece de resistance of their toilets, the spring hat.

ELEGANT NEW COAT.



New Coffee Coat of black taffeta, the deep plaits hung on plain yoke under the deep collar, which is lined with same silk; the lace worked to fit, is appliqued on before lining. No lining in coat or sleeves. Plaits of coat invisibly caught, but sleeve plaits are stitched. Edge of coat and cuffs are stitched. Lace butterfly trims cuff. Large turban of basket work in black satin fibre; trimmed with aigrette, and black velvet.

ELEGANT SPRING SUIT.



Elegant costume of grey light weight cloth. Skirt plaited each side front. Deep box plait at back. Curved straps with numerous rows of stitching outline shape of deep flounce. Double yoke effect heads the skirt. Coat is double breasted, with deep turn down collar, edged with stitched band, same for shaped girdle, and the moderate sleeve plaited into bands under deep tabbed cuffs.

Black lace hat, edged chiffon folds, trimmed black feathers and ribbon velvet.

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GOWNS FROM PARIS.

Nothing Strikingly New In the Costumes Shown.

Paris, Feb. 9.—There is nothing strikingly new in the costumes now exhibited for our approval. Really, it would come nearer to the fact in the case to say that the newest features of the latest mode are strikingly old, but far be it from me to say that this fact detracts from the beauty or the desirability of the new gown. Our great couteriers have traveled back to the early years of the nineteenth century, culling on their way all that was brightest and best in fashion's history, which, combined with the higher ideals of our own time, make for a perfection in the art of dressing never before attained. We mingle materials that our grandmothers would have thought entirely incongruous, but which we have found wonderfully becoming, while the colors now considered harmonious would have given our honored ancestresses the "horrors." Nevertheless, we more nearly follow the leadings of nature (the most perfect blender of colorings) than did they. One of the most up-to-date gowns for day wear was made of the new greenish-gray tinted cloth, having the skirt gathered on to the waistband at the back, showing a tendency toward more voluminous drapery about the hips, the front forming a straight, narrow panel, from which sprang two wide bands of cream lace insertion, which had been stitched on to the underneath side of the cloth and appearing at intervals where the cloth was cut away, the remaining cloth and the lace being artistically embroidered in several tones of pink and red silk. The full-pouched bodice of material was trimmed with similar bands of insertion and embroidery, put on to simulate a souave jacket, the sleeve bearing the same ornamentation a few inches below the top of the arm, whence the material widened into a full puff at the elbow, finishing in a deep cuff of embroidered material, the front of the bodice showing a full vest of red chiffon with a jabot of the same stitched with white.

A handsome visiting toilet in nut brown Sedan cloth had the long, gracefully flowing triple skirt portion displaying detached gimp ornaments in brown and gold upon the hem of the first and second, the third forming a deep-shaped hem of mink fur at the base. The bodice portion of this handsome gown formed a double bolero of material, each decorated with detached gimp ornaments in brown and gold, and this was cut short in the front, to show a full blouse of cream Chantilly lace over pale blue louisine. The double sleeve of material almost close fitting at the top widened abruptly at the elbow, falling in circular flounce fashion to near the hand, each flounce decorated with gimp ornaments to match the bodice and slashed on the inside to show the full undersleeve of cream Chantilly lace over pale blue louisine, with a deep cape collar and immense muff of mink fur matched the hem of the skirt portion.

The becoming hat which perfected this pretty costume was made of brown velvet softened upon the upturned brim by folds of deep cream gauze, while a bow of yellow chiffon held the large paradise feather upon the side.

The most exquisite gown seen at a soiree on Tuesday was entirely composed of white lace over chiffon over louisine, the long-trained skirt portion of material showing the lattice work design traced in gold paint, inclosing small bonquets of flowers formed of unburnished gold sequins. The decolete bodice portion of lace over chiffon over louisine was decorated to match the skirt portion, finishing at the top with a band of black and a band of pale blue velvet ending near the front on one side beneath a large chou of pale blue velvet blossoms, forming pendants. The sleeve of this lovely creation was cut to fit at the top, widening gradually to the elbow, whence it fell in a full ruffle of gold-painted and sequin-trimmed material, finishing in a dainty band of black and pale blue velvet.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Traffic Situation Badly Complicated By Heavy Snow Storms.

New York, Feb. 21.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Just as the railway congestion began to give way before the vigorous efforts of traffic managers, the situation became further complicated by the worst snow storm of the season, and the movement of merchandise was again interrupted. Latest figures of gross earnings show the usual gains. February thus far surpassing by 17.6 per cent last year, when unusual delay was caused by severe storms, and 1901 by 17.8 per cent. Increased cost of operation, however, necessitated further advances in rates. Trade was interrupted to a considerable extent by the inclement weather except in certain seasonable lines, notably heavy wearing apparel. Wholesale houses dealing in staples have received liberal orders and much forward business has been placed. Jobbers urge quicker shipments on old orders, while travelers send in many new contracts. Manufacturers of paper, straw goods and clothing report conditions fully as satisfactory as a year ago, aside from some interruption by labor controyersies. Conditions in the silk industry are shown by enormous imports of raw material, and one large throwster has recently rejected orders sufficient to occupy his plant for two years. Bids are invited for extensive building operations, giving strength and activity to materials and supplies.

Although many new blast furnaces are nearing completion, and others will be finished within six months, the actual output of pig iron decreases because fuel cannot be secured. Last week's moderate improvement in the situation has been succeeded by a decided setback, many more furnaces being compelled to bank quantities of coke to favored plants are denied.

There is little disposition to anticipate pig iron requirements far into the future, however, as there is always the hope of a restoration of approximately normal conditions. Steel billets are arriving from abroad and find a market at interior mills, but on domestic business for future delivery there is some discrepancy between bid and asking prices. As the season advances there are more contracts available for the erection of buildings, bridges and railway extension, strengthening the market for structural material, which is one of the firmest features. A heavy tonnage of plates, sheet and pipe, has been sold at full figures, while more Canadian rail contracts have gone to European mills.

Quieter conditions prevail in the markets for dry goods, although mills are busy and prices well maintained. Numerous lines of cottons have again advanced in response to the upward tendency of the raw material, and the first result has been a disposition to delay purchases by leading buyers. Western jobbers are placing liberal case orders for fall styles with New England producers of boots and shoes, but wholesale trade at the East is between seasons.

Failures this week numbered 247 in the United States against 250 a year ago, and 26 in Canada, as compared with 31 last year.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.



I Did Not Feel That I Could Walk

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It is with thankfulness I write that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has been of the greatest help to me. My work keeps me standing on my feet all day and the hours are long. Some months ago it didn't seem as though I could stand it. I would get so dreadfully tired and my back ached so I wanted to scream with the pain. When I got home at night I was so worn out I had to go right to bed, and I was terribly blue and downhearted. I was irregular and the flow was scanty, and I was pale and had no appetite. I told a girl friend who was taking your medicine how I felt, and she said I ought to take it too. So I got a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and commenced to take it. It helped me right off. After the first few doses menstruation started and was fuller than for some time. It seemed to lift a load off me. My back stopped aching and I felt brighter than I had for months. I took three bottles in all. Now I never have an ache or pain, and I go out after work and have a good time. I am regular and strong and am thankful to you for the change.

"I recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** whenever I hear of a girl suffering, for I know how hard it is to work when you feel so sick."—MISS MAMIE KEIRNS, 553 9th Ave., New York City.

Women should not fail to profit by the experiences of these women; just as surely as they were cured of the troubles enumerated in their letters, just so certainly will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure others who suffer from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, irregular and painful menstruation, nervous excitability, and nervous prostration; remember that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing women, and don't allow any druggist to sell you anything else in its place.

Miss Amanda T. Petterson, Box 131, Atwater, Minn., says:



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM.—I hope that you will publish this testimonial so that it may reach others and let them know about your wonderful medicine.

"Before taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** I was troubled with the worst kind of fainting spells. The blood would rush to my head, was very nervous and always felt tired, had dark circles around eyes.

"I have now taken several bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and am entirely cured. I had taken doctor's medicine for many years but it did me no good.

"Please accept my thanks for this most excellent medicine which is able to restore health to suffering women."

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

ONCE LIVED IN SUPERIOR.

J. P. Sieger Who Recently Died at Kansas City.

Milwaukee, Feb. 21.—Through a dress suit which he had ordered from R. C. Notbohm, a tailor, it has been learned that J. P. Sieger, who died under suspicious circumstances a few days ago was soon to be married. He had told friends that he was engaged to marry Miss Grace N. Catlin, of Burlington, Kas., at whose home he had frequently visited while upon the road as a traveling salesman. A day or two after Sieger's death a friend called up Mr. Notbohm on the telephone and told him that the dress suit which Sieger had ordered would not be needed. The stranger than said that he would probably go to Kansas City in order to aid in making arrangements for the disposition of the body.

Sieger was well known in Masonic circles and was a member of a lodge at Superior, Wis.

The report of the city chemist, who made an analysis of the dead man's stomach, showed that while nearly a teaspoonful of glass had been found the condition of the liver and heart tended to show that death was caused by alcoholism acting upon a diseased kidney. Russel Catlin, a brother of Miss Catlin, has gone to Kansas City to assist in unraveling the mystery.

Those who knew Sieger say that he was a man of reserved manners, and that he rarely if ever drank liquor. It is said in Kansas City that the presence of glass in the stomach showed that there has been an attempt to kill Sieger.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain.

No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

FERRIS COMEDIANS AT METROPOLITAN

To Present "The Man Outside" and "Sapho" Next Week---Ossip Gabrilowitsch at the Lyceum Thursday Night.

The Ferris Comedians will produce the "Crucifix" at the Metropolitan tonight for the last time. This play has scored the biggest hit of any yet presented. Monday the company will begin its eighth week by presenting two new plays. Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights and Wednesday matinee there will be presented one of the neatest of novelty plays, "TheMan Outside." It is a play written and produced for the sole purpose of keeping the audience in a deep study during its entire presentation, the plot being intricate and charming interest until the final drop of the curtain on the last act. The play of "The Man Outside" was the talk of the city of Omaha during the Ferris Stock company's big run in that city.

For Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights and Saturday matinee, there will be presented on elaborate scale, Olga Nethersole's famous version of "Sapho." The Ferris production of this noted play will be given in its entirety. The play is strictly moral and refined in every respect. "Sapho" will be gorgeously scened and costumed.

There will be a change of specialties with each play.

OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, the most brilliant and the most widely known of the younger group of piano virtuosi, will play at the Lyceum theater Thursday evening next. The New York Sun, whose musical critic is one of the finest and the severest, said of this gifted young artist:

"Ossip Gabrilowitsch played at Carnegie Hall last night. The young Russian is both a virtuosi and a man of feeling. The conjunction is a rare one. In a program that ranged from Tschaikowsky to Liszt, and including Rubinstein, Beethoven and Chopin, this youthful slender pupil of Rubinstein and Leschetizky proved himself an artist and a solid, satisfying, poetic player. He possesses that rarest and most enjoyable of gifts---a musical touch. Much thanks to early, arduous and practical training, can do anything one is tempted, to say anything. Most pianists exploit their technique, then their personality. With Gabrilowitsch one's principal though is the quality of beautiful tone he draws from his instrument, and the plastic, healthy quality of his interpretation. He played the E flat minor concerto of Tschaikowsky in a way that set at rest any doubts as to his musical nature.

"In thes mall group of soli the pianist gave further glimpses of his well-balanced temperament, his same methods of study. The middle section of the barcarolle sang like a violin 'cello, while the valse was delivered with glancing humor and poetic grace. This valse is from the set called 'Le Bal,' and was one of Rubenstein's war horses. It's skips were danced over by a young virtuoso. These and the glissandi and trills were the only places where the fist of the virtuoso felt. The whole tendency of his style is secretive technically and repressed emotionally. And here is the true Slav!"

"DOWN BY THE SEA."

"Down by the Sea" was played at the real Sultan of Sulu, all of whom are Western girls, now seeing New York for the first time, were chaperoned through Chinatown on the occasion of the beginning of the Chinese New-Year. After the performance at Wallack's Theater Frank Moulan, who plays the Sultan, with Maude Lillian Berri, Blanche Chapman and other members of the company, took the Sultan's wives in a procession of carriages down to Pell street and gave them a picnic they will not soon forget. The girls joined in the procession and spent a large portion of their salaries for that week in fire works and lanterns. Later there was a chop-suey supper, and the party disbanded by daylight inquiring, "It is not time for mirth orlaughter, the cold gray dawn of the morning after."

Richard Harding Davis came to New York last week from Marion, Mass., to read to Charles Frohman two acts of a new original three-act play, with a view to having Mr. Frohman negotiate for the play when it was completed. After hearing the two acts read, Mr. Frohman at once secured the play, giving Mr. Davis a contract by which he agrees to produce it early next season. It is a play of American soldier life, and its scenes are laid in the far West. Mr. Davis a short time ago announced that he intended in the future to devote his time and talents exclusively to play writing.

Augustus Thomas is very sorry that he ever put the expression "Sarah is better" into his new comedy, "The Earl of Pawtucket." Nobody guesses just who Sarah is, but the expression runs all through the play and naturally attracts more attention than any other line. When, a few days ago, Mr Thomas enthusiastically assaulted a man named Sweet, who edits a paper up in New Rochelle, in which were printed several things that highly displeased the playwright, he little thought that his action would come back on him in the fashion it has. Life for Thomas has been made miserable at the Lambs club, where not only is his mail filled with the expression "Sweet is better," but every member of the club uses it on all possible occasions.

When G. Robinson set sail on the Oceanic he was in quite distinguished company. To begin with, Charles Frohman went along for his six months' absence, looking after his enterprises in London theaters, and fifteen companies en tour. He will make several new productions in London before Easter and will then begin his search for new plays.

Paul M. Potter, the dramatist, was another passenger. He goes to Paris to meet M. Paul Hervieu, the French academician and author of "Theroigne de Maricourt," the drama in which Saran Bernhardt is now playing at her own theater, and which will be produced here next season.

David Warfield, according to a little speech he was called on to make at the Columbia Theater, San Francisco, recently, has achieved the ambition of his life. Twelve years ago Mr. Warfield was ushering people into their seats at the theater, and on the occasion referred to he stood as a star behind the footlights of the same house and thanked as fine a gathering as that building had held in many a day for the ovation. Mrs. Warfield satin a box, and her husband, turning to her, said he had achieved the dream of his life in returning as a star to the scene of his early struggles. Mr. Warfield's stay in California was noted for the warmth of his reception there. One of the society items of the Warfield engagement noted in the paper read in this way:

"One of the prettiest effects ever seen at a theater was that of last night, when as the curtain was falling the ladies in the audience almost as one put on their large brilliant, white or light shaded flat hats and till the auditorium looked like a garden of beautiful millinery."

"The theater," says Mme. Bernhardt, "is the most direct and simple medium of fresh ideas on philosophy, morality, religion and society." For such ideas apply to "Soldiers of Fortune," "In Old Kentucky," "The Wizard of Oz," "A Message from Mars" or "Happy Hooligan," says the Detroit Journal.

When George Ade visited Sultan Ki-Ram, on the island of Sulu, in search of material for one of his operas he found that little Maiby potentate was ruled by his wives, two of whom were smoking Filipino cigarettes. During the interview Ki-Ram asked his visitor if American ladies smoked. "The ladies do," Mrs. Ade remarked, "but the women don't."

Charles Hawtrey's next production in America will be "The Man from Blankley's," which was one of his famous London successes. He is to revive it on the British metropolis this summer, and will begin his third American tour at the Criterion theater in New York, on Sept. 14.

Charles Hawtrey, the English actor, believes in what may be termed "the liberty of the audience"---that is, the liberty of the audience to come and go according to the dictates of its own sweet will.

"Regarding that matter," he said, in a talk with the Twinkler after the first performance in Baltimore of "A Message From Mars. "I like the American audience better than the English one. The English audience generally arrives at 10 o'clock, and, seeing only the last part of the play, pronounce it rubbish. But I do not think the actor has any right to complain. The people pay for their entertainment, and if they only take part of it that is their affair. It is the pice of the parsons in the audience who do not like the late arrivals to take the initiative, and they could do much toward breaking up the practice.

The severest criticisms of Richard Mansfield as Brutus in Julius Caesar have been made by the Philadelphia papers. There was such unanimity of faultfinding that it would appear almost though there was a conspiracy to give Mansfield the worst of it. The great actor will not, however, suspend business, but will go along the even tenor of his way.

There are no less than eleven musical comedies now running in New York, which shows the rage for that class of entertainment. There is now traveling throughout the country two Floradora companies, Frank Daniels, Lulu Glaser, Francis Wilson, two Liberty Belles companies, two King Dodo, The Prince of Pilsen, Margaret Sylva Opera company, The Sleeping Beauty and the Beast, The Bostonians, The Castle Square Opera company, The Storks, The Gordon-Shea company, The Chaperons, Princess Chic, a road Chinese Honeymoon company, two Show Girl companies, The Jefferson de Angelis, A Country Girl, Sally in Our Alley, Richard Golden in Foxy Quiller and the Rogers Brothers in Harvard. This list is augmented by Peggy From Paris, which was produced in Chicago last week, and the Jewel of Asia, which James T. Powers brought out in Boston.

E. H. Sothern, in a current number of a well-known monthly magazine, pays a high compliment to the genius and geniality of Thomas Jefferson. The whole story is gracefully written and shows that young Sothern has no mean literary attainments.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Maude Cortney, the girl who sings the old songs, is in London.

Will S. Hilsing is writing a melodrama in which he and Lillian Kemble will star next season.

Mr. and Mrs. Kendal will shortly produce a new play, entitled "One People," by C. E. Ward.

Mrs. Jesse Bartlett Davis, who has been very low with pneumonia, is rapidly recovering her health.

The 300th performance of "A Chinese Honeymoon," at the New York Casino was celebrated last week.

A new play treating of soldier life in the West has recently been finished by Richard Harding Davis and will be produced early next season.

Two Shakesperean plays, "Hamlet" and "King Lear," translated into Yiddish, altered an dadapted, were recently produced at the Perry theater, Cleveland.

It is said that E. H. Sothern will soon give a matinee performance of a romantic play in verse by Percy Mackay, son of the late Steele Mackay. The play is founded on the Canterbury pilgrimage, and Mr. Sothern will play the role of Chancer.

George A. Lawrence, who is touring in "The Vendetta," will star in his new play under the direction of W. J. Henderson and son next season.

History repeats itself---especially theatrical history. Forty years and more ago dramatizations of Dickens' stories abounded both in London and New York. There are signs of an outbreak of Dickens' plays on the English stage in the near future. Mr. Tree is going to do a new version of "Oliver Twist," and several other dramas from other novels are in contemplation, says the Dramatic Mirror.

"Resurrection," in which Blanche Walsh appeared at the Victoria, New York, last week, was produced simultaneously by Beerbohm Tree in London, while the 100th performance of that piece occurred coincidently in Paris. It is now stated that Eleanora Duse is arranging for an Italian version of the play, which will be taken from the version in which Miss Walsh appears.

Vigor without Volume
Force

"We work by wit and not by witchcraft"
—Shakespeare
In this one particular the
GORHAM CO.
Silversmiths
may join hands with Iago. The products of its workshops represent the last word of human intelligence applied to craftsmanship. The mechanical methods of the twentieth century are allied to the artistic feeling of the fifteenth, with the result that silverware of consummate beauty of design and admirable workmanship is placed within the reach of everybody.
STERLING
All responsible jewelers keep it

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Many Changes In the Gotham Theaters Next Season.

New York, Feb. 17.---From the present indications there will be so many changes in theaters by next season that one will hardly be able to recognize them. For the last three or four years changes in management have been largely upon paper, and scarcely one of the projects came to fulfillment. Between Charles Frohman and Klaw & Erlanger practically all the theaters in town of any prominence remained in the control of the syndicate. Now that organization has several new competitors, and one of whom is likely to prove a most formidable rival in the near future. The beginning of this movement is practically due to the appearance of Blair and Havlin, whose Majestic theate has been so great a success that it was widely believed that they would have control of the West End in Harlem, the playhouse that lasted but some three months in the hands of the man who built it. In fact it was announced that they had made an offer for the property in excess of all competitors, and that the contract was to be closed last week. Weber and Fields, however, began their plan of branching out by getting this theater, which they will use next season for the presentation of Willie Collier in a new comedy. Charles P. Dillingham, who, one season ago, was in the employ of Charles Frohman, will have a theater in the full and the control of several attractions other than Julia Marlowe. Another newcomer is Percy Williams, who has a most brilliant record by his system of producing vaudeville in Brooklyn. He now controls the Circle theater, at the lower end of Central Park, and is looking over the field with the avowed intention of getting another as soon as he can. Miss Amelia Bingham, too, hopes to have a theater of her own next season, and these, with the Manhattan, which is controlled by Harrison Grey Fiske, will provide independent companies with ample time for a New York run.

Andrew Macks' new play, "The Bold Sojer Boy," was somewhat of a shock to his first night audience. They missed the Irish scenery and the picturesque costumes of a century ago, and were by no means wildly enthusiastic over having the scene laid at Fort Wadsworth and one or two other spots on Staten Island. Mack, too, appeared entirely in the costume of a captain of the United States artillery, and the audience hardly knew him. It is only fair to say that in all other respects the play was carefully modeled so as to include all the important features of a Mack drama. It is built around some Wyoming card-sharping, plans of American guns that a bold, bad foreign nation is trying to steal and the general heroic patriotism of the American army. Andrew Mack, as Cadi Adair, comes on the stage a much persecuted individual, saves his regiment from disgrace, protects his friends, puts a pair of villains out of commission and triumphs generally in the good old-fashioned way.

Miss Amelia Bingham is not altogether pleased with the reception of her "The Frisky Mrs. Johnson." While the critics had only the kindest things to say about her personal work and stage management they were united in the opinion that Clyde Fitch had turned what might have been a remarkably clever comedy in the French into quite commonplace English. There was nothing in the lines to inspire the best work of the admirable company that supports Miss Bingham, and few received any applause. Miss Bingham herself, however, was warmly welcomed, as she always is in this city, and the first night was largely a personal ovation for her.

Frederick Kerr, the distinguished English actor who is now playing with Mrs. Campbell, has decided not to accompany Mrs. Pat on her Western tour and will return to New York in a fortnight's time to look for another engagement.

"I am one of the few actors, I suppose, who do not care to be a leading man," said Mr. Kerr the other day. "As a matter of fact, I'm a character actor and most of my London successes have been scored in character roles. Mrs. Campbell is going so very far West that I have decided that I would much rather spand my time looking for another engagement in New York."

Miss Cecilia Loftus has received an order from Miss May Irwin to collaborate on a play for Miss Irwin's use next season. While in England recently Miss Loftus discovered a new literary prodigy ---Miss Marguerite Regan, B. C. author of numerous humorous sketches and poems. The other day Miss Loftus read some of these stories to Miss Irwin, who was her guest, and the fresh humor displayed in them appealed so forcibly to Miss Irwin that she immediately begged Miss Loftus to cable Miss Regan, commissioning her to collaborate with Miss Loftus on a play for Miss Irwin---Miss Loftus also to furnish the music and lyrics. The song, "My Bed is Like a Little Boat," which Miss Loftus wrote for Miss Irwin, and which the comedienne sang in "Sister Mary," has netted Mr. Sothern's leading woman more than this in royalties. When the matter of Miss Loftus's intention to write a play was reported to Mr. Sothern he consented to assist her in the pursuit of fame and glory as a playwright by purchasing for her a typewriter and many sheets of paper. Belated reports show Miss Loftus disturbing the peace of her hotel by the clicks of her typewriter and using as intervals between the waits of "If I were King" by madly dashing copious notes for the new play.

OSCEOLA'S REPORT

For Last Year Makes Cheerful Reading For Stockholders.

Long Delayed Copper Boom Seems on In Earnest.

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 21.---(Special to The Herald.)---The report of the Osceola for 1902 has just been issued, and makes decidedly cheerful reading for shareholders, especially in view of the dismal predictions that have been current regarding decreased production and an enormous floating debt. The latter has been reduced something like $600,000 from a year ago, and the production is practically the same as in the preceding year. The report is especially full in regard to the details that shareholders desire to know, which have been lacking in previous annual reports. It is evident from this report that the Bigelow management does not intend to yield possession of the mine to the Lake shareholders without a struggle, and the showing for 1902 is so much better than was hoped, even by the friends of the management, that the annual report will give the Bigelow people an argument with which to go before the shareholders and ask an expression of confidence.

The Mohawk is milling less rock than the Wolverine, and its mill, while doing very well, is not yet in quite the pink of running perfection. The Mohawk is now taking everything between walls, with a minimum of rejected rock on surface, and is securing therefrom 27.58 pounds of refined copper per ton of rock stamped, as against about 30 pounds secured at the Wolverine at present. Later on a more careful selection will enable the Mohawk to increase its percentage of copper secured, should such a course seem desirable, but with copper selling at 13 cents or better there is an ample profit in rock yielding twenty pounds per ton or upwards, when furnished in large quantities by a well-opened and well-equipped mine, and stamped by a modern mill.

Repairs and alterations at the Adventure mill are still in progress. More or less rebuilding is being done, but the defects in the mill come from a multiplication of small errors rather than through any fundamental faulty feature.

The long-delayed copper boom seems on in earnest, and the brokers' offices are filled with happy and optimistic crowds of speculators. These crowds are composed of the same men who would not touch coppers at any price six months ago, and who felt, a year ago, that the copper industry generally was gone to the dogs, and that the Lake Superior mines might as well shut up shop at once, because the mines of all the other districts were so much richer that they could get their copper for a little less than nothing, owing to the gold and silver values contained. The average speculator has an exceedingly short memory, and his stock of sand is badly ballasted, for he was too much in boom times and little or none when a slump comes. This is the season when he thinks that he is wise, because the average speculator is nearly always a bull, and things are going up at present.

The extensive plans of the Victoria for the utilization of the water power at Glen Falls will be carried through on a larger scale than was originally planned. The water power is the best in the lake copper district, and the dam, already completed, the canal, partly built, and the power plant, to be installed next summer, will give more power than will be required in the operation of the Victoria mine and mill. It seems probable that the Michigan mine, three miles distant, will bargain for part of the surplus power, and it is not impossible that the Michigan and Victoria may join hands in the erection of a mill. Such an arrangement would give a steady outside revenue to the Victoria, from the sale of power, and would enable the Michigan to save a long rail haul for its rock.

The Trimountain dividend, while not entirely unexpected, is none the less welcome, and gives to this property the distinction of being the first of the newer mines of the district to enter the ranks of the dividend payers. In view of the large production of the Baltic and Champion mines, the Copper Range Consolidated should be able to pay a dividend this season. The Mohawk, while making handsome net earnings, will hardly begin disbursing profits until a surplus of several hundred thousand dollars has been piled plan of arrangement of the Stanton mine.

The Winona is sending out about 200 tons of rock daily, and would furnish more if it had the shipping facilities now lacking. From this trivial tonnage the property is practically paying expenses. All that is lacking to make the Winona a mine is the development of a little more ground as good as that now being mined.

Work at the one-stamp mill of the Phoenix is progressing favorably, and the mill should go into commission some time during the spring. In view of the great amount of preparatory work required before actual development could begin, the Phoenix has shown excellent progress. It is a question, however, whether the mine can furnish selected rock to run the mill steadily on double shifts, and, if a test shows that the mine is being unduly crowded, the night shift will be discontinued. While the vein of the Phoenix is the narrowest now worked in the district, it is one of the richest, if not the richest, and a single stamp will will be able to turn out a considerable amount of copper every month.

In view of the improvement in the copper situation, it is hoped that the Isle Royale may resume work with two stamps and a larger force at the mine. It is claimed that the mine is more than making expenses from the single stamp in operation.

Activity at the Elm River and Wyandot properties has been stimulated by the favorable developments at the Winona. These properties have expended several hundred thousand dollars in exploratory work with results of a decidedly discouraging nature.

The decision of the Allouez management to open a mine on the Kearsarge may and should result in making a mine of that old property, after years of discouraging efforts on other orebodies. In the earliest days of Lake Superior copper mining, forty to sixty years ago, the Cliff mine in Keweenaw county and the Minnesota mine in Ontonagon county were the two big producers and profit earners, and in consequence much tie and money was spent in endeavors to open new mines on the extensions of the fissure and contact veins, but without success. In later years the Portage Lake mines became prominent and the search was for the extensions of the Pewabic lode, mined by the Quincy. Franklin and Pewabic mines, and for the Calumet conglomerate, which has made the Calumet & Hecla the largest dividend-paying mine of the globe. Within the past two or three years the situation has changed again, and the master lodes of the present day are the Kearsarge, to the north of Calumet, and the Baltic, to the south of Houghton. A notable feature of these amygdaloids is the fact that several profitable mines have been opened on each, the roster of the Kearsarge including the Mohawk, Wolverine and the two Kearsarge mines of the Osceola company, with the Centennial developing a mine thereon that shows some very fine stopes, especially in the northern drifts, and with the Ahmeek and Allouez deciding to cut in and improve their slices of the same good thing. To the south, on the Baltic amygdaloid, the Baltic, Trimountain and Champion mines are all earning handsome profits, while the Atlantic on the north and the Globe and St. Mary's Canal Mineral Land company, on the south, are searching for extensions of the same rich bed.

The copper production of the lake mines for 1903, barring a cataclysm of some sort, will exceed 200,000,000 pounds for the first time in the history of the district.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

INDIAN LAND TO BE SOLD

Is Within the Limits of the Leech Lake Agency.

Cass Lake, Minn., Feb. 21.---(Special to The Herald.)---The secretary of the interior has ordered the sale of inherited Indian land, and Maj. George L. Scott has the matter in hand. The legal notice for sale appears today. The land is within the limits of the Leech Lake agency, and is publicly listed at the Indian agency at Onigun, Walker. Sealed proposals for the purchase of any of the land will be received for a period of ninety days, in accordance with the amended rules by the secretary of interior, approved Oct. 4, 1902.

Indians and others are greatly interested in this sale of the lands of Indians who died, and their relatives hope to receive a big sum of money for the lands. It is said that the land is chiefly wooded, and that there are a few thousand acres of it tributary to the Leech Lake agency. The wood on the land is mostly heavy pine and good hard wood, oak, ash, maple and birch. Some of it is fine agricultural land, and can be easily put under the plow. There will be much interest in the sale by lumbermen and loggers. Lists of the land can be had on application to Maj. G. L. Scott, acting Indian agent, Walker, Minn.

PRICES FOR ORE

For the Coming Year Not Yet Fixed.

Cleveland, Feb. 21.---The Iron Trade Review says: The prices for ore this year have not been fixed. The delay is not due to differing views of the various interests represented, but is caused by the fact that additional time is required to collect important information, never before compiled, as to the relative value of certain grades of ores. This thorough investigation is deemed necessary to the establishing of differentials which will be just to all concerned. It is the expectation of the producers of Mesaba ores that their product in the future will take a position in the market more closely representing actual values, based on analysis and physical properties. It would seem that discrimination against Mesaba ores purely because they are from that range, is not likely to continue, and that a Mesaba ore as good chemically and physically as a given old-range ore will bring as high a price.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN
Both Phones 969. W. H. REANEY, Manager.
Last Time Tonight—"The Crucifix."
WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, FEB. 23,
Eighth week of tremendous success of Dick Ferris' Ferris Comedians
The Largest Stock Company In America, Presenting
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Nights and Wednesday Matinee, the Great Novelty Play—
"The Man Outside."
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Nights and Saturday Matinee—the play that the whole world has talked about—Olga Nethersole's Version of
"SAPHO."
The prices never advance—Night, 10c, 25c and 50c. Matinee, 10c and 25c. Seats on sale Monday for the entire week. Change of Specialties.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
TONIGHT!
"Down By the Sea"
Magnificent Scenic Effects; Startling Electrical Effects; New and up-to-date Specialties. A Heart Story of intense interest.
PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch,
Famous Russian Pianist,
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26,
PRICES—$1.50, $1.00, 75c and 50c.

KIDNEY TROUBLE
CURED BY THE USE OF SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"



You, who are suffering from Kidney Trouble or Liver Complaint, will find a positive cure in "5-DROPS." It is the most effectual remedy ever discovered for these diseases. A single dose will give immediate results. It goes direct to the spot. It keeps the liver cells properly at work. It restores the kidneys to their normal condition by removing the acids which are the cause of the trouble. It is the most successful medicine for the cure of diseases of the Blood, Nerves, Kidneys and Liver that has ever been produced.

D. S. BRUNBAUGH, Altoona, Pa., writes:—"I am a street car conductor, and my back hurt me so badly for the last two years that it almost drove me crazy at times. I doctored for kidney and bladder trouble which I knew I had, but could get no relief. I tried four different doctors, but none helped me, so I thought my case hopeless until I tried your "5-DROPS" which has driven the pains all out of my back and sides and made me feel like a new man. It is surely a great medicine, and I recommend it to all my friends."

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA

Swanson's "5-DROPS" is a never failing cure for these diseases. It is an internal and external remedy which acts quickly, safely and surely, and is an absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago and Neuralgia. "5-DROPS" taken internally will dissolve the poisonous acid, remove it from the system and cleanse the blood of all impurities, thereby effecting a permanent cure. An application of "5-DROPS" to the afflicted parts will stop the pains almost instantly, while the cause of the disease is being surely removed by its internal use. Aches, pains and soreness disappear as if by magic when "5-DROPS" is used. No other remedy in the world will stop rheumatic or neuralgic pains so quickly or effect a cure as soon as "5-DROPS."

"5-DROPS" NEVER FAILS TO CURE
Kidney Trouble, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, La Grippe, Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Asthma, Catarrh, Nervousness, Backache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Croup, Nervous and Neuralgic Headache, Heart Weakness, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness, Sleeplessness, Eczema, Scrofula and Blood Diseases.

Test "5-DROPS" Free
A trial bottle will be mailed free of charge to every reader of this paper upon request. Cut out the coupon and send to us with your name and address. Write today.

NOTICE. "5-DROPS" is entirely free from alcohol, opiates, salicylates or other injurious drugs. If "5-DROPS" is not obtainable in your locality order direct from us and we will send it prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle.
Large Size Bottle (300 Doses $1.00.) For Sale by Druggists.
Ask your druggist for the Swanson Pill, a sure cure for constipation. Price 25 cts.

FREE COUPON No. 212
Cut out this coupon and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid.
5 DROPS (TRADE MARK.)

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

(1854).
NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.
To Haight and Lapham:
Take notice, that at the sale of forfeited lands pursuant to real estate tax judgment entered in the district court in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, 1900, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes upon real estate delinquent in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (1897) and for prior years for the said county of St. Louis, which sale was held at the office of the county auditor in and for said St. Louis County, on the ninth day of May, 1900; the following described piece or parcel of land situate in the said county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, to-wit:
Lot number two hundred forty-eight (248) on Lake avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, was offered for sale to the highest bidder, and at said sale was sold to Chas. Stai for the sum of four dollars and forty cents, that the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of four dollars and forty cents; with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said ninth day of May, 1900, to the time of such redemption and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale with interest thereon to the time of such redemption, said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs amounting to the sum of ..... dollars and..... cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from the..... day of ..... 190...
That the time within said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the county auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by Section 37 of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877, and amendments thereto.
Dated, Duluth, Minnesota, this fifth day of February, A. D. 1903.
O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-7-14-21-1903.

(1855).
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Lot number two hundred fifty (250), on Lake avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, was offered for sale to the highest bidder, and at said sale was sold to John Roswell for the sum of five dollars and forty cents, that the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of five dollars and forty cents; with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said ninth day of May, 1900, to the time of such redemption and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale with interest thereon to the time of such redemption, said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs amounting to the sum of ..... dollars and ..... cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from the ..... day of ..... 190...
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Auditor St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-7-14-21-1903.

(1852.)
NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.
To Haight and Lapham:
Take notice, That the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number two hundred fifty (250), on Lake avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, was on the third day of May, A. D. 1898, bid in for the state for the sum of two dollars and thirty-five cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the district court in the said county of St. Louis on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1898, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1896, for the said county of St. Louis, and was on the twenty-seventh day of February, A. D. 1901, assigned by the state of Minnesota for eight dollars and eighty-nine cents. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such assignment, exclusive of the cost to accrue upon this notice, is the said sum eight dollars and eighty-nine cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said twenty-seventh day of February, 1901, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said assignment, with interest thereon to the time of such redemption; and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said assignment will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the county auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by Section 37, of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.
Dated, Duluth, this fifth day of February, A. D. 1903.
(Seal.)
O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.
By I. A. MARVIN,
Deputy.
Duluth Evening Herald-Feb-7-14-21-1903.

U. S. Engineer Office, Duluth, Minn., Jan. 24, 1903. Sealed proposals for furnishing and placing about 26,000 tons of riprap at Ashland, Wis., will be received here until noon, Feb. 24, 1903, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, Capt. Engrs.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 24-26-27-28, Feb. 21-23-1903.

(1852.)
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By L. A. MARVIN,
Deputy.
Duluth Evening Herald-Feb-7-14-21-1903.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

Ely.

Ely, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Arthur Tippets was in the city from Tower a few days last week making arrangements for the Tower Dramatic club to make their appearance in this city on Tuesday, the 24th of February.

H. C. Chinn, chief clerk of the Chandler Iron company, spent a few days in Duluth this week, going down Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Edwards are the proud parents of a baby boy, who arrived Friday evening.

The Finnish Dancing club indulged in one of their favorite dances at the Mattila hall Saturday evening, which was well attended.

The dance given by the Royal Neighbors of Winton at the Forester hall, Saturday evening, was well attended, several bus loads from here attending. All report a good time.

The second annual Declamation school entertainment which was given at the Opera house Saturday evening, was rendered before a crowded house. The Judges, Mrs. N. Treibleock, F. L. Cowen and J. W. Osborn did their duty well and gave the prizes to those that done their parts the best. Below is the program and a list of prize winners:

Piano solo ..... Selected
Sadie Crossman.
"Death of Uncle Tom" ..... Stowe
Leona Bedloff.
"Vernando del Carpio" ..... Hemans
Beatrice Petherick.
Piano duet ..... Selected
Doris Knutson and Esther Sture.
"The Polish Boy" ..... Anon
Selma Wickman.
Flagg drill ..... Selected
Primary Grade.
PART II.
Piano solo ..... Selected
John Zorman.
"The Royal Bowman" ..... Anon
Carmen Miller.
(Second Prize).
Patriotic Song .....
Sixth Grade.
"Good Night" .....
High School Chorus.

The Ely City band also rendered some very choice selections.

Mrs. T. B. Wheelock, of St. Paul, has been in the city several days this week giving free cooking lessons at the Mattila hall which have been well attended.

The weather in this city Sunday and Monday was about the coldest for the winter. The thermometer Sunday morning registered 38 degrees below zero, and Monday morning 40 degrees below. Several cases of freezing have been reported.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McLaughlin returned Saturday evening from their wedding tour to Anoka and other cities in the southern part of the state.

The Austrian Dramatic club will give an entertainment on Washington's birthday, February 22, at which a good time is promised. The club has attained a very high degree of proficiency in dramatic art in their native language, and comprise some of the very best talent in that language to be found in the country. They have issued neat and attractive programs and a very novel entertainment is promised.

Dr. Cabanelli, the renowned "wizard of the climax," appeared in a very interesting concert at the Opera house Wednesday evening, which was given for the benefit of the starving in Sweden, Norway and Finland.

Joseph Spitznagle and Mary Mantel were married at the Catholic church last Sunday, Rev. Monsignor Buh performing the ceremony.

William LeBeau, chief of police of this city, has been appointed deputy sheriff by Sheriff Burchart for the ensuing year.

"The Heroic Huntsman of 1776" is the title of the play to be presented at the Opera house this week under the auspices of the Tower City band.

The Ely City band is busily engaged in preparing for a concert and minstrel entertainment which they will present in this city and on the Mesaba range some time next month.

The Duluth & Iron Range pay car was up Monday evening to gladden the hearts of the various employes of the road.

C. O. Brownell, of Hibbing, was in the city Tuesday.

Charles Garbowsky, chief clerk of the Oliver Iron company, in this city, was in Duluth a few days this week on business connected with the company.

The Chandler mine paid off their employes Wednesday afternoon. The other mines paid Friday.

Mrs. F. Wirth, of Sparta, is in the city this week on a visit with Mrs. Ed Edwards.

C. G. Miller, representing the Duluth Paper and Stationery company, was calling on the trade this week.

G. J. Whitaker, of Buffalo, was in the city Wednesday.

W. J. Cowling, who was recently appointed postmaster to succeed P. E. Vail, took charge of the office on Monday last. He has appointed Miss M. Canning as assistant postmaster. Lewis J. White, the assistant postmaster under P. E. Vail, is also in the office until the new postmaster has familiarized himself with the work.

E. F. Lynch, of West Superior, was in the city a few days this week.

The firemen's dance given at the Turf hall, Thursday evening was a success, financially and otherwise. The music was furnished by Wagner's orchestra, which rendered some fine selections and proved themselves to be up-to-date in all things, and an aggregation of which Ely might well be proud. The hall was crowded and all enjoyed themselves. The Ely City band also rendered some choice selections on the streets, and taken altogether, the dance was a grand success.

Mrs. George Bloomfield and daughter, Lillian, former residents of this city, but now of Howard, Co., are in the city a few weeks on a visit with Mrs. S. Childers and family.

The regular meeting of the city council was held at the city hall Tuesday evening and some very important business was transacted. The committee to whom was referred the matter of purchasing a new engine and generator for use at the electric light plant, reported that they had decided upon a three hundred horse-power engine and 180 K. W. generator, which they had purchased from the Allis-Chalmers Machinery company, Milwaukee. The council decided to accept the report and the machinery is to be delivered within five months. At a former meeting it was decided to move the present plant to a site on the lake shore and the new machinery is to be installed there. This is a move which has long been necessary as the supply of water is entirely too small for a city of this kind.

The special election for the adoption of the new city charter will be held on March 6. Registration days have been decided upon for the 26th and 27th of this month.

Mrs. H. E. Wunder, of Tower, is in the city on a visit with friends and relatives.

Beaver Bay.

Beaver Bay, Feb. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Traffic on the stage line has greatly increased in the past week.

The deep snow is playing great havoc with the lumber camps.

Lakeview hotel has been packed to its utmost capacity for the past few days.

John Betzler took a party from the Bay to Duluth last Tuesday.

Messrs. Nelson, Morrison and Lehigh were looking up land in 57-8 during the week.

Messrs. Dexter, Murphy, and Prof. Arnold were guests at the Betzler's residence Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Miner, city assessor of Minneapolis, and Mr. Somberly, assistant attorney general of the state, were visiting their claims during the week.

Quite a little excitement prevails in this vicinity on account of the new township coming in.

Miss Lizize Towl gave a small party to her young friends in the early part of the week.

Geo. D. Dexter went to Duluth to transact some land business, on Monday.

Aitkin.

Aitkin, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. F. G. Schaefer left Monday for a visit with relatives in Iowa.

Will Farrell has been visiting friends in Fergus Falls.

Mrs. C. B. Moran entertained her lady friends at a valentine party last Saturday afternoon.

Wallace Barker departed last week for Mount Clemens, Mich., where he expects to remain about two weeks, and then will visit a sister in Ohio.

Mrs. J. F. Avery has been seriously ill.

E. J. Goward left Monday for New York city and will be absent two or three weeks.

A son was born recently to Charles M. Turner and wife, of Rossbing.

Miss Katie Horton, of Wadena, is visiting with the family of her uncle, E. P. McQuillin.

M. B. Adams, of Adams, Minn., is the guest of his sisters, Mrs. O. N. Mauston and Mrs. J. H. Hanson.

Rev. Father Sournier, of Bemidji, held services in the Catholic church last Sunday, during the absence of Rev. Father Wurm, who went to Two Inlets, Becker county.

A. P. Wilbur, Dr. C. Graves, F. E. Kroch and E. J. Burns, attended a meeting of the Mystic Shrine in Minneapolis last week.

County Auditor Campbell has been suffering with a sprained arm as the result of a fall on the ice sidewalk.

Miss Catherine Shook gave a valentine party last Saturday afternoon that was thoroughly enjoyed by a number of the young ladies.

Miss Agnes Butler has returned from Brainerd much improved in health, having spent several weeks in a hospital in that city.

E. P. Brown, of Portland, Oregon, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Hodgeden last week. Mr. Brown was a resident of Aitkin several years ago.

Misses Abbie and Sophie Hense have gone to Centralia, Wash., where they intend to make their home.

John Posten and wife left Monday night for Minneapolis, where they will remain.

The Lincoln union service in the Methodist church Sunday evening was well attended. Rev. W. E. Griffith gave an address upon the character of Lincoln, which was excellent. Special music was provided, and the collection, amounting to $7, was given to Mr. Newstrom, for the famine sufferers' fund.

Elmer Danewick, of Tamarac, spent Sunday with his brother, John Danewick, of this village.

C. J. Kordes has returned from Duluth, where he assisted in the work of installing an electric light plant in one of the stores.

The presiding elder of the Methodist churches of this district has appointed Rev. McKenzie, of Minneapolis, as pastor of the churches at McGregor, Kimberly and Cromwell. Mr. McKenzie will make his home in McGregor.

A goodly number of married people enjoyed a sleigh ride to the home of Chris Onnegard, near Kimberly, last Saturday evening. Dancing, cards and an excellent supper were enjoyed.

The clerk of Aitkin township has prepared notices that the matter of abolishing road overseers and the poll tax system will be voted upon at the March election. Other towns in the county will also vote upon the matter.

Scott Way has leased the Foley blacksmith shop. Leonard Tripp, who has been in charge of the shop, expects to move to the Pacific coast.

The 2400-pound hammer, with which Lucas Bros. are driving piles in the Mississippi at Gyde's boom, fell to the bottom of the river last week, thus causing delay in the work.

Two smallpox patients are now in the detention hospital.

A little five-year-old girl in the Oas family died of diphtheria last week. The family has been in quarantine for several weeks.

C. H. Gardner, of Stillwater, was here last week, buying logs.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Luther were pleasantly surprised by their friends last Thursday evening. Progressive ping pong was played and lunch was served by Mrs. Luther.

B. M. Hungerford has been spending several days in Minneapolis.

Daniel Lozway of McGregor, is confined to the Grand Central hotel with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Last Sunday Mrs. Anthony Klee took an overdose of neuralgia medicine and it was necessary to call a physician to resuscitate her.

A death watch has been provided for O. G. Olson by Sheriff Haugen John Hanson serving days and C. N. Howe nights.

Sheriff Haugen went to Fergus Falls this week to investigate the construction of the scaffold and trap at the jail in that city.

Ice twenty-eight inches thick is being taken out of the river.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Fajdel returned Saturday night from their trip to Sweden. They report a very stormy voyage both ways, but enjoyed their visit. A boy and girl accompanied them on their return, the boy stopping with relatives in Michigan.

Miss Ethel Florence Banby, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Banby died Thursday of quick consumption, following typhoid fever, age nineteen years. Miss Banby had lived in Aitkin since childhood and had a host of friends who mourn her loss. She was employed in the register of deeds' office until her failing health compelled her to give up work. The funeral was held in the Methodist church, Sunday afternoon Rev. W. Fletcher officiating assisted by Rev. Farrer, of the Episcopal church, conducted the service. The choir, composed of Messrs. Shannon and Hense, Mrs. O'Mullen and Misses Wagoner and Hense rendered several appropriate selections. The pall bearers, intimate friends of the deceased, were Misses Lizzie Brooks, May Pearsall, Ella Denney, Florence Williams, Nellie Dencen and Louise Low. The casket was nearly hidden under the profusion of floral offerings. The remains were laid in Lakeview cemetery.

Major Scott, of the Leech Lake Indian reservation, with Chief Clerk Morgan, were at McGregor last Thursday, where they paid off the Chippewa Indians that were there in township 147 north, range 27 west, an amount of the $5400 which the government has just sent out the Leech Lake Indians as the annuity and stumpage money. At McGregor there are about 400 of these Chippewas, and each one of them received $24.55. There is a general good feeling among them, as part of this money was due them from the sale of dead timber on their lands. Major Scott went to Walker from McGregor.

C. E. Ingalls has sold his sawmill in Esquagamah.

Hedgecien and McDonald have bought the Elvey DeLaittre lot on the corner of Fourth and Birch streets, and are moving the lumber company's warehouse onto the spur track.

The Christian Endeavor society gave a ping pong valentine social in Odd Fellow's hall last Saturday evening that was very successful in a social and financial way.

Peter Peterson, of Aitkin and Mrs. H. E. Carlson, of Mankato, were married recently, and have begun housekeeping in the Millar cottage on Birch street.

Mrs. McMurdy has been visiting her daughter, Miss Harriet, who is teaching at Swan River.

W. C. Turner has returned to his home in New Fayetteville after a visit with the family of his daughter, Mrs. E. B. Jackson.

Cass Lake.

Cass Lake, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Auringer, who has been seriously sick, is improving. She has been attended by Miss Larson, of Akely.

T. F. Allen, who has been in the logging camps of J. Neils & Co., is home recuperating from an attack of lagrippe.

C. A. Duff is on his passenger run and is fully recovered from his recent sickness.

The J. Neils Lumber company is making considerable improvements in its saw mill, adding a large gang saw which will require a larger crew and turn out a greater amount of lumber.

T. F. Hughes, of Bemidji, was a visitor in town this week on business.

Rev. J. T. B. Smith and Rev. U. A. Foster exchanged pulpits last Sunday and Rev. Smith held the quarterly conference at Bemidji, Rev. Dr. Dodds being unable to attend through the sickness of his wife.

The musical at the M. E. church on Monday night should be well attended. It is under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid and the speeches and recitations will be of the best. Refreshments will be served at 9 p. m.

Superintendent C. O. Jenks, of the Dakota division, was a visitor in town on Thursday.

H. Keon, of Farris, did business here this week.

J. C. Howard was a visitor this week. He accompanied the big train load of soldiers that passed through here for the West coast. The boys were having lots of fun.

Mrs. Johnston, the mother of C. M. and W. J. Johnson, and Miss Ella, are expected here on Saturday and will have rooms in the rear of the Johnston & Toole store.

The M. E. ladies aid met with Mrs. E. H. Phelps on Friday afternoon.

The Tuesday club met with Mrs. E. M. Stanton this week and will meet with Mrs. Brabner Smith next Tuesday.

The estimating crews are now busy at work at their new locations. One crew is in township 147 north, range 27 west, another in the same township but in range 28, and another in township 147 and range 28 west.

Mrs. Sheehy returned from Grand Rapids with her boy Emmet on Thursday. He is much improved and is able to be about the house.

Nurse Lamont, of St. Luke's hospital of Duluth, who has been nursing Fred Lafavor the past four weeks, returned to Duluth on Thursday.

Mrs. W. D. Campbell returned from West Superior on Tuesday, where she went to attend the funeral of her sister-in-law.

Attorney Neal, of Walker, was in town this week on legal work. C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, was in town on legal business.

B. A. Ronning was in town on Wednesday from Moose Lake on business.

C. W. Sarff, of the grocery firm of Miller & Sarff, was a business visitor at Wadena Thursday.

Major Scott was in town on Wednesday morning enroute to Onigum, having finished paying off the Indians.

J. E. Johnston was a Grand Rapids this week on business.

A. J. Gold went to Ball Club on Wednesday, on business.

John Johnson, of the firm of Wold & Johnson, who are now well established in the meat business at Hibbing, was in town a couple of days this week visiting his family.

H. T. Allerton and wife left on Tuesday for Oregon, where Mr. Allerton went to look up a good business speculation. J. T. Gardner and Chas. Tedford accompanied them to look up some of those fine Oregon claims.

Chris Burns was down from his logging camp near Farley this week.

C. M. Taylor was at Walker Thursday looking after business interests.

H. Olson, night baggageman at the depot, returned Tuesday from a week's visit with relatives at Pine City.

Conductor C. B. Kinney went to St. Paul Wednesday for a few days' stay.

Mrs. J. H. Strawbridge returned on Tuesday from her visit at Crookston.

A prize was given away at the "The Oliver's" show last Saturday evening, for the most popular lady. Miss Ethel Ludwig receiving the most votes, was the recipient of a set of fine silverware of twenty-seven pieces. Another prize was given, which was a jewel case for the homeliest man. Chas. Tedford came out winner, although Walt Johnson was close behind. Mr Tedford received his prize and is now looking for a "jewel."

Mrs. James Drysdale returned to Brainerd Monday. She had been taking care of the photograph gallery during the illness of her sister-in-law, Miss Tina Drysdale, who is recovering.

B. D. Judkins arrived from Hibbing Monday. He has disposed of his business there, and leased his building.

Alex Cardle was at Blackduck this week on insurance business.

Sheriff Hardy was in town this week. He had official business near Bena.

Ray Schumaker, who had been confined to his home several days with sickness, resumed his duties at the tank Tuesday.

John Lunney returned from Hibbing Tuesday, where he went to look the town over with a view of locating. He says he will wait for warmer weather before doing anything toward moving.

Miss Beda Fhrle left for the West Thursday to be gone three or four months. Her first stop will be Spokane, and from there she will go to the coast.

Hibbing.

Hibbing, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—A girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. David Graham yesterday.

P. E. McCormack, the Washington life insurance man is in the city.

Edward C. Ladd of Duluth, was a business caller here yesterday.

George A. Bell opened his drug store in the Masonic building on Third avenue Wednesday. He has named it the Eagle drug store and has very elaborate fixtures. This makes the third drug store in the city.

William Brown of Duluth, is spending a few days here on business.

A. M. Chisholm of Duluth, who is now secretary of the Winnifred and Laura mines, the properties in which J. Fill recently acquired a controlling interest is in town this week.

Village President W. J. Power, and wife returned Monday from a month's tour to the Pacific coast.

Theodore Nett of Nashwauk, was a business caller here today.

Henry Simmons, employed at the Winnifred, was run over Tuesday night by an ore train on the Great Northern. His left leg was badly crushed and had to be amputated at the knee. He was employed loading cars and while attempting to adjust the brakes lost his balance. He is now at the Rood hospital.

Forest City Lodge No. 142 Knights of Pythias will entertain their wives and lady friends at their hall next Wednesday night. Music and cards will be the order of the evening.

With the township and village elections but a little more than two weeks off, hardly any political talk is heard. It is not known whether W. C. Barrett, James Geary and William G. Close, the present township supervisors are to be for re-election. For township clerk the names of Frank Hillman, the present incumbent, O. J. Tucker and Frank Skinner are mentioned. Fred A. Rehse the efficient treasurer seems to have no opposition. In the village President Power is seeking a second term, while to oppose him Joseph J. Cox and John A. Redfern are mentioned as possibilities. Jacob P. Siebel, Richard Geary and Marks Regalsky are the present trustees. Trustee Seibel is willing to serve another year and will undoubtedly again be elected as an opposition. Trustee Geary, it is said, will not be a candidate, while Trustee Ragolsky has not yet declared his intentions. The names of Captain Harry Thomas and Thomas J. Godfrey are being prominently mentioned by their numerous friends and will undoubtedly come before the caucus for nomination. Village Recorder Brady, it is said, would like to be justice of the peace, but his friends have again urged him to make the race for recorder. No opponent has so far appeared in the field. Treasurer J. A. McCarthy is after a second term, and his chances seem very favorable up to date, there being no avowed opposition.

Mesaba.

Mesaba, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Florence E. McRae and Alex P. McRae attended a dance at Allen Junction given by Mr Kuchita, Saturday evening. A very pleasant time was reported.

Fabieu Gibeau was at the Melmans on business.

A. T. Park was here on business this week.

James M. Frink spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Jeanne Frink at Superior.

Misses Jennie and Frances Macdonald from Two Harbors, visited Miss Josephine Gibeau here on Saturday and Sunday, returning home Monday.

W. Munroe was in Superior Sunday.

Mark C. Williams, from Duluth, has accepted the position as teacher here.

Miss Ethel Callahan left town for Superior, Friday evening.

Mis Josephine Gibeau visited friends at Allen Junction, Monday morning.

A very pleasant time was had at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Gibeau last Saturday evening. The evening was spent in singing and dancing, and at midnight lunch was served.

D. Bodah was in Virginia on business this week.

Donald McRae was in Allen Junction Saturday evening.

M. Munroe was on the sick list this week.

The Cleveland-Cliff Mining company have removed their drills from here.

A large number of drills were stopped working on account of the cold weather; it being 3 degrees below zero Tuesday morning.

New Duluth.

New Duluth, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Bayer of West Duluth spent Saturday and Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Leo Biebl.

The Lady Maccabees held a social meeting at the Maccabee hall Thursday night.

George Gilbertson ran a sliver into his finger Tuesday while working on the sander at the Thompson factory.

D. C. Tower made a business trip to Duluth Tuesday.

A surprise party was given by Paul Sheff for Mr. and Mrs. Brown of New St. Louis, Wis., Saturday night. Two large sleigh loads were taken over. The evening was spent in dancing and other amusements and a glorious time is reported by all present. Those who attended were Messrs. and Mesdames Herbert Viergutz, Lockhart, Wegge and Wills. Mesdames: Tizzard, Robinson, Wilson, Lyle. Misses: Wilson, Fischer, Maggie Fischer, Lockhart, Body, and Segl, Lundquist and Amundson of Smithville. Messrs. Lockhart, Jerry Lockhart, Jr., Smith, Tizzard, Kennos, Karn, Strand, Sieff, Speckden, Bushell, G. Bushell, Munroe, Wacha, Douglas, Wickner, Fischer, Thompson, Mahoney, Hartz, Allen, Napervinch, Wood, Hill of West Duluth and Dash of Smithville.

Otto Krueger made a business trip to Duluth Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Tupper entertained Rev and Mrs. R. Knutson and Mr. and Mrs. George Sheweis at dinner Tuesday evening.

Everett Brown of Duluth, called on friends in New Duluth Tuesday.

Frank Wacha transacted business in Duluth Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tromley of West Duluth, moved his family and household goods to New Duluth Thursday. They will occupy the Kelley house on Commonwealth avenue. Mr. Tromley will act as night watchman at the Hind Refrigerating plants.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Campbell spent Sunday with friends in West Duluth.

John Delaney call on old friends in New Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. L. S. McKay and daughter, Lorlitte went to Barnum Sunday to spend the week with Mrs. McKay's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Herbert.

Mrs. Charles Morris and Mrs. Albert Laidley were shopping in Duluth Tuesday.

Rev. Knutson will preach at the Hazelwood Park Presbyterian church Sunday mornings and at the House of Hope church Sunday evenings hereafter.

Mrs. Jerry Lockhart and son Jerry Lockhart, Jr., are spending part of the week in Duluth, visiting relatives.

Bert Tizzard went to Hallock, Minn., Sunday to visit friends.

McKinley.

McKinley, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Klink looked after business matters at Biwabik on Tuesday.

Mrs. W. G. Dundas and children visited at the home of Mrs. H. Dane at Biwabik a few days this week.

Nolan Bros. and Laird are not running their saw mill at Skibo this winter on account of their logs being banked on the St. Louis river instead of some being hauled direct to the mill by rail as last winter, when the mill was run the entire season. They are operating only their planing mill but are doing extensive logging.

Mrs. T. R. Ford and daughter Ethel drove to Biwabik Sunday for a visit with friends.

Harry Price is now working as express messenger on the Virginia train in place of D. W. Owens, the latter being absent on an extended visit with relatives at Oshkosh, Wis.

Mrs. Wilmena of the Elba, visited with relatives at Biwabik over Sunday.

The different mining companies in this vicinity laid off their employes this week and in consequence business has been good.

The Iron Range have put in a spur track for the DeSair Lumber company to get out logs at Mile post 88.

Gulbranson Bros. are getting out some ties and logs on the D. & I. R. line near Cloquet River this season.

The cold weather the past week has been the most severe of the winter, Monday morning the thermometer registered 41 degrees blow zero.

Park Rapids.

Park Rapids, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. Roy McKinley departed Thursday for San Point, Idaho, where they expect to locate.

Fred Baumgardner came up from Staples Tuesday for a few days visit with relatives here.

Mrs. D. C. Fuller and Mrs. C. Crooks returned from St. Cloud Monday.

Miss Cora Witter returned from St. Paul Friday.

B. F. Wright transacted business at Wadena the first of the week.

Mrs. W. E. Rose is visiting with her parents at Straight River.

Miss Anna Talland is visiting with friends at Staples and St. Cloud.

Emil Stangler is visiting with friends Waterville.

Joe Ressler transacted business at Bemidji last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderhoff returned to their home at Nevis Friday.

Miss Clara King is reported ill.

L. W. Bills returned from a business trip to Akeley Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Boyer went to Long Prairie Thursday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Boyers father. Miss Anna Dinkle accompanied them.

Mr. and Mrs. Schmans departed Wednesday for Sauk Center, where they will visit with friends for a few weeks.

The high school basket ball team accompanied by Prof. King went to Sauk Center Thursday, where they will play the Sauk Center basket ball team. They will also visit St. Cloud before returning.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Cox, of Hubbard, visited with friends here this week.

Kendall Clark is spending a few weeks on his claim in Itasca county.

Hugh Alexander transacted business at Akeley Monday.

Miss Josephine Foster, who has been attending school here for several months returned to her home at Hubbard Sunday.

Mrs. I. F. McClure, of Hubbard visited with her daughters here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Wilcox departed this morning for their new home at Lakeside, Washington.

There has been some very severe weather here this week the thermometer registering thirty-eight degrees below zero on Monday.

Two Harbors.

Two Harbors, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald).—Mr. and Mrs. N. McPhee were Duluth visitors on Tuesday.

The village council has advertised for sealed bids for the laying of the new intake pipe, the building of well, and brick or stone pumping station. The intake pipe is to be twenty inches in diameter and about 620 feet long. The bids will be opened until 7:30 p. m. Monday, March 2. A certified check for five per cent of the amount bid, is required with each proposal.

J. E. Therrien was up from Duluth a couple of days this week.

The weather the past week has been the coldest of the winter. The thermometer registering as follows: Saturday, 14 degrees below zero; Sunday, 18 degrees below zero; Monday, 26 below; Tuesday, 22 below; Wednesday, 18 below. Wednesday was felt the worst as a heavy northwest wind blew all day. It being impossible to face it and practically all out-door work was suspended and trains and traffic was somewhat delayed.

Sam Spurbeck has accepted a position as night operator for the Duluth & Iron Range railway at Knife River for the balance of the winter season.

The following officers were installed for the ensuing year at the last meeting of the Lady Catholic Order of Foresters; Chief ranger, Rose Hannon; vice chief ranger, Mary Miller; financial secretary, Katherine Shea; recording secretary, Helen Dolan; treasurer, Emma Lally; trustees, Mary Hayes, Anna Peake, Catherine Carey; conductors, Hannah Cotter, Emma Griffin; sentinels, Josephine Houle, Anna Kinsella.

W. E. Bender, of Sparta, visited with friends and relatives here over Sunday.

The town and village caucus was held at the court house last evening.

The village council last week concluded settlement with former Water and Light Collector J. E. Therrien for the arrearages shown on his books as checked by expert accountant, J. H. Davis, of Duluth, being $1,18.39 the amount being paid the village by his father, E. Therrien, who was one of his bondsmen, Attorney W. W. Erwin of St. Paul, looked after the matter for Mr. Therrien.

Hans Hanson is now working as day operator at the shops in place of M. M. Hanna, who is away on a vacation.

Though the harbor is again frozen over with about sixteen inches of ice the lake is open and clear outside the breakwater, the heavy northwest winds the past few days having broken up what ice there was outside.

Ed. LaPage froze both hands badly while walking to Highland from one of the camps near there, Friday evening. Having lost his mittens.

The dance given at the Norden hall Monday evening by the Bachelors' club proved a most enjoyable and successful event. About forty couple attending.

The local lodge I. O. G. T. met at the home of Miss Maggie Floath, Monday evening.

John Bingham was up from St. Paul over Sunday.

William Andrews, formerly employed as switchman for the Duluth & Iron Range railway here, Ely and at Sparta, was killed by being run over by an engine in the Northern Pacific yards at Twenty-second avenue Northeast, Minneapolis, Saturday morning, where he has been working the past few months, his head being severed from the body. Deceased was well known here and at most of the range towns. His remains were brought here Monday morning, by a brother and two members of the Switchmen's union at Minneapolis, his father, Judge Andrews, and three brothers living here. The body was taken to Tower, Minn., his former home for burial.

County Auditor John Paulson attended to business matters at Duluth on Monday.

The Epworth league gave a very pleasant Valentine social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Owens, Saturday evening.

Mrs. Lala Welter was called to Duluth Saturday by the illness of her mother at that place.

The dance given at the Norden hall last evening by the local lodge K. O. T. M. proved the social event of the season. Fine music was had. A large number were present and all report an excellent time.

The county commissioners held an adjourned meeting at the court house Tuesday.

Jos. Koshaba, of the State University, will lecture and show a series of stereopticon views of Persia at the First Presbyterian church next Wednesday evening the 25th inst.

The fifth anniversary banquet held at the Y. M. C. A. Tuesday evening was a very successful affair, about seventy-five attending. The leading speakers were Vice President W. A. McGonagle, of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway; Mr. E. L. Hamilton, national secretary of the Y. M. C. A.; E. W. Peck, of Minneapolis, state secretary; Hon. John Miller, of Duluth; Supt. Thos. Owens, of the Duluth & Iron Range railway, and local secretary, S. G. Abriel; Rev. H. Littlehales, of Hibbing, and Chas. Watson, of St. Paul, were also among the visitors. The supper was served by the ladies' auxiliary.

William O'Connell returned Saturday from Muskegee, O. T., where he has been working the past few months.

The local lodge K. of P. held a smoke social at their lodge rooms, Thursday evening, the occasion being anniversary day.

D. W. Owens and Geo. J. Miller were down from Biwabik over Sunday visiting with relatives.

Five cars and caboose of a Duluth & Iron Range log train in charge of Conductor Thos. Brennan were wrecked on the Northern Pacific yards at Duluth, Saturday, by a Northern Pacific short line passenger train running into them. Jas. S. Sullivan, a brakeman, was thrown here, had one foot cut off in the accident.

The county commissioners at their meeting Tuesday awarded the county hospital work to Dr. J. D. Budd.

Regular monthly services in English will be held at the Norwegian Lutheran church tomorrow evening.

Ex-Representative T. A. Bury is home from Roseburg, Ore., for a few weeks' visit with his family.

Andrew Brand was up from Duluth a few days last week making arrangements to move his family back to this place.

Mrs. A. F. Switzer will give a Washington party to the Senior Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church at her home Wednesday evening next.

R. D. Lazier of Seattle, Wash., visited with Oscar and Mrs. R. O. Lazier here Tuesday and Wednesday.

Alex. Carlson, John Paulson, Axel Lyen, Chas. Yernberg and R. N. Ostlund have been appointed committee here to receive contributions for the famine-stricken people of northern Finland, Sweden and Norway. Codntributions will be received at the county auditor's office, at the clerk of court's office, or by any of the members.

Mrs. A. Ogle departed this week for Marlngo, Ia., where she will reside in the future.

M. Geoffrey is reported very ill at the Two Harbors hospital. A sister from Green Isle, Minn., arrived this week to nurse him.

The remains of Nelson Belinger, the Duluth & Iron Range brakeman who was killed in the wreck at Waldo Tuesday night, were laid to rest in the local cemetery here Wednesday. Deceased's parents reside at Treadwell, near Planto ganet, Ont.

The ladies of the Catholic church are making preparations to give a supper

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To Stay Cured or the Treatment will NOT COST YOU A CENT

You have catarrh and want to be cured. You have tried nearly everything. Yet there is only on absolutely known cure for catarrh in America, to stay cured, and that is MEDERINE. It acts directly upon the mucous membrane through the blood, opens up the nasal passages, soothes and allays all inflammation of the infected parts, whether of the Head, Nose, Throat, Lungs or Stomach, in any stage. It reaches the seat of the cause by filtering, cleansing, and purifying the blood.

MEDERINE has revolutionized the treatment and cure of Catarrh and created the greatest sensation in this country. MEDERINE is pleasant to take, non-alcoholic, quick in relief, and cures to stay cured, or every dime paid for a full course of treatment will be refunded; every bottle sold bears this guarantee. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn. for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet contalning testimonials of cures mailed free.

THOUSANDS OF CATARRH sufferers throughout the Northwest bear testimony to being cured of the death-dealing germs—CATARRH of the Head, Throat and Stomach, Morning Coughing, and Vomiting Spells, to the only remedy that cures—MEDERINE.

Price $1 Per Bottle--Six Bottles for $5.00.

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Max Wirth, 13 W. Superiorr St. | Wm. A. Abbett, 201 W. Superior St.
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Two Harbors Drug Co; W. E. Eltstrand, Two Harbors; A. S. James, Ely Soderegren's Drug Store, Virginia; Eveleth Pharmacy; Eagle Drug Store and The Globe Drug Co., Hibbing; M. A. Hayes, Druggist, Chisholm; City Drug Store, Hibbing, Minn.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT

for Internal and External use

CURES RHEUMATISM SORE MUSCLES COLDS CATARRH ASTHMA

25¢ 50¢ $1.00

Sold Everywhere.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT COMPANY, SAGINAW, MICH.

CURES SPLIT HEAD

SICK HEADACHE, BAD BREATH AND BOWEL DISEASES—

REA BROS. CASCARIN

A head as heavy as lead, which almost feels like bursting, some people call it a head split, a terrible headache. Do your feel crushed down with a dull pain all over; can't read; can't write; can't work? Worse still, can't eat; can't sleep. Tortured by vomiting and sick headache. How many suffering people are there who have these symptoms? If you are one of them, rid yourself of these troubles by taking Rea Bros.' Cascarin. This laxative has proven itself an infallible remedy in all cases of sick headache. It strikes to the root of the evil and eliminates the cause. Every mother should see that Rea Bros.' Cascarin is always kept close at hand. It is the most valuable of all household medicine. It costs only 50 cents a bottle and will save you $100 worth of doctor's bills. Rea Bros.' Cascarin is made from roots, barks, herbs, plants and berries. It never fails to bring good results.

Rea Bros. & Co. are specialists of many years' standing. They make Rea Bros.' Inhalant Catarrhal Jelly, which cures catarrhal deafness and catarrhal diseases. They make Rea Bros.' Kidney and Bladder Cure. Cures backache, scanty, scalding, high-colored urine, inflammation of the bladder and kidney troubles. They make Epiderma Eczema Salve, which cures after all others have failed. One box cures salt rheum and eczema in any form. They make Syrup of Pineapple Expectorant, which cures coughs, colds, bronchitis and early consumption. They make Rea Bros.' Electric Liniment, a most powerful penetrating liniment. It is the great reliever of pain. These remedies at druggists; price 50 cents. They make the famous Red Cross Pile and Fistula Cure, cures by absorption, piles, fistula and diseases of the rectum. One month's treatment, one dollar, or sample sent free by mail. Their Cascola Blood and Rheumatic Cure, the best remedy that medical science has been able to put forth, gives quick relief and cures permanently rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, gout, nervousness, all blood and rheumatic troubles. Sold by druggists, or send 40 cents in stamps to pay express charges and they will send you one month's treatment free. If it cures, you pay $1.50. If not, you pay nothing. Rea Bros. & Co., Chemists, Minneapolis, Minn.

at the Norden hall next Thursday, the 24th inst.

Mr. Myrle M. Hanna and Miss Olive M. Woodland, two of Two Harbors most popular and well known young people were married Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the First Methodist Episcopal church, the Rev. G. E. Pickard officiating. The young couple departed immediately after the ceremony on the morning passenger on a month's tour, during which they will visit St. Louis, Mo., Sioux City, Ia., and at the twin cities. They will be at home at Third avenue east after March 15.

A young son of Axel Essen had three of his fingers cut off last week at his father's tie camp at Mill 63, while playing with an axe.

County Attorney M. O. Aubolee and F. W. Walker transacted business at Duluth on Tuesday.

Considerable routine matters were cleaned up at the council meeting Monday evening. The poundmaster, Chas. Rose, being indebted to the village for water rental, was asked to appear before the council next meeting and say why the amount should not be deducted from his salary.—Application from Mattson and Sampson to have their liquor licenses transferred to Robillard and LaVack for the unexpired term was read and ordered published.—The president was requested to issue call for regular village caucus next week.—Bills amounting to $1,833.50 were allowed—$646.10 being for coal and the balance including the monthly salary list.

Chas. Falk attended to business matters at Duluth on Tuesday.

A log unloader at the St. Louis mill at Duluth was killed Wednesday by a couple logs falling onto him while unloading logs from the same train Brakeman N. Belanger was killed on the same morning.

Louis McConna, of this place and Miss Mamie Enright, of Biwabik, were married Wednesday at Virginia, the Rev. Father Billon officiating. Friends from here were in attendance.

Judge F. S. Wetherby was down from Virginia over Sunday visiting with friends and relatives.

J. A. Lusk, a brakeman employed by the Duluth & Iron Range railway, narrowly escaped death Thursday. While working on a log train near Drummond he got off his train to turn a switch and while the train was passing two logs fell off onto him crushing him into the snow, which, being deep, saved him. As it was he was badly bruised and will be laid up some time.

M. S. Runsvold, of Garretson, S. D., and Miss Helen Halverson, of this place, were married here Tuesday evening at the home of the bride, Rev. J. D. Runsvold, of Dwight, N. D., a brother of the groom, officiating.

Biwabik.

Biwabik, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the events of society which attracted much attention this week was the marriage of Miss Mayme Enright, of this place, to Louis McKenna, of Two Harbors. The wedding was solemnized at the Catholic church Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, Rev. Bilon performing the ceremony. The bridal procession marched in to the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, rendered by Mrs. F. S. Colvin. The bride was dressed in a silk fashion of dark blue trimmed in lace and wore a blue hat to match. She carried a bonquet of bride's roses and white carnations. Miss Florence Carey, of Ely, a cousin of the bride, attended her and was dressed in a pink foulard trimmed in lace and wore a tan beaver picture hat, and carried pink carnations. James Enright, a brother of the bride, was the best man. After the congratulations were offered they returned to their home where a grand wedding breakfast was spread in the Iron Range hotel. Misses Minnie O'Hara and Julia Enright, assisted. Covers were laid for fifty. The couple received many pretty and costly presents. Mr. and Mrs. McKenna took the afternoon train for a short trip. They will make their future home at Two Harbors, where the groom has resided for several years. A shower of rice followed them to the depot, old shoes and hearts were tucked on their baggage.

Miss Agnes Wolfe was over from Eveleth and spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Anton Maintz.

J. B. Furtney left Tuesday for Austin, Minn., where he was called on account of the illness of his aged mother, Mrs. John S. Lutes and grandson Teddy went with him for a short visit.

Mrs. Hagan, of Proctorknott, spent Sunday in town with Mrs. Barney Kenney.

Mrs. Dave Owens returned Tuesday from Two Harbors, where she spent a few days with relatives.

Miss Edith Nelson was married to Mr. Jutin at Sparta Wednesday. The bride was a Biwabik resident for years. She will make Sparta her future home, where Mr. Jutin is engaged in business.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Sherman were over from Sparta and spent a few days with friends returning Saturday.

Electrician Scott returned from Superior Monday where he spent a few days with his family.

John Milner was over from Stevens a few days visiting with friends.

Mrs. Mewhenney and sister returned Friday from Duluth where they were called to attend the funeral of their brother.

The Ello club met at the home of Mrs. Henry Seeley Saturday afternoon. The lesson for the day was travels, with Mrs. Ed Kinney, leader. Miss Olstad had a paper on Puerto Rico; Miss Brant on Hawaii; Mrs. Lutes, the Philippines. Current events was led by Miss Jennie Glassner, with a long discussion on the "Consolidation of Rural Schools." The club met with Mrs. F. S. Dane this afternoon.

Duncan McCullom was over from Buhl and spent a few days with relatives.

Fred Myers spent Sunday at Duluth with his wife, who is at the St. Luke's hospital, having undergone on operation for appendicitis and is recovering rapidly.

Ole Larson, of Eveleth, spent a few days in town on business.

While hauling a load of wood Friday afternoon the horses of Mr. Kostoma were hit by a dinky of the Biwabik mine and thrown several feet, the horses were badly bruised and the harness was broken. The drive escaped unhurt.

The fourteen months' old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John McKenzie died Sunday morning after a two weeks' illness, with pneumonia. The funeral was held from the home Tuesday. Rev. Bilbon, of Virginia, conducting the funeral.

Frank Faber has purchased the lot adjoining his property on Maine street.

One of the most successful social functions of the winter was the annual masquerade ball given by the three lodges Friday evening. Twelve dollars were distributed in prizes to four of the best. Herman Anderson received first prize for best men's suit; Miss Pearl Stanton, lady's first prize; Miss Mary Holiser received first for comic. George Eton received first comic. There were many good suits and the judges had quite a task in distributing the prizes. Jennie Glassner, as the "Bowery girl" was good. Night and Day, by Mrs. Rulvander and Miss Jennie Trevene were also very good; the organ grinder, John Brozich, and the Grecian lady, by Miss Brozich, were fine and several others. The judges for the evening were James Robb, of Eveleth; Chas. Miller, of Duluth; Mrs. Ford, of McKinley; Mrs. Hanna, of Proctorknott, and a friend of the latter from Ironwood. A fine supper was served from midnight until 2 o'clock in the lodge rooms, at card tables, the lodge members waiting on the guests. Ole Larson, of Eveleth, was prompter. A number of outsiders attended and every one reported a grand time.

Mesdames James Lerch, of Hibbing, and Fred Lerch, of Virginia, were in town Friday calling among friends.

Mr. Mewhenney and family have moved out of their place on Chicago avenue, and Frank Dane and family expect to move into their new home next week.

Mrs. M. Tearney was at Two Harbors a few days visiting with her daughter. She returned Tuesday.

Mrs. James Verrill has entirely recovered from her long illness.

Mrs. Ford and daughter Ethel were Biwabik visitors Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Seeley entertained the ladies of the Clio club at her home Saturday afternoon at a Valentine party. Games were played. Miss Ober carried off the prie which was a string of hearts tied in the club colors, each member present was given a large pink heart tied in green. A nice lunch, consisting of cocoa, cake and cheese wafers was served at tables. Miss Clara Olstad and Mrs. Ed. Kinney assisting Mrs. Seeley. About twenty of the ladies were present.

Miss Lawson was over from Eveleth and spent a few days with Miss Brant.

Mr. Archie McCormick, of the Hale mine, expects to leave soon for Hibbing where he will spend the summer.

At the council meeting Monday, the granting of a franchise to the Misabe Street Car company was again taken into consideration, several of the citizens were also present, but they have not yet come to any conclusion.

Miss Florence Carey returned to her home at Ely Thursday after a short visit with relatives.

Miss Eva McGraw was over to Virginia Tuesday calling on friends.

Joe Doyle was over from Stevens a few days shaking hands with old friends.

Mr. Will Mewhenney has gone to Hibbing to accept a position. He will move his family there as soon as a home can be procured.

Mr. and Mrs. Holden and children were up from Two Harbors a few days visiting relatives. They returned home Thursday.

Miss Clara Smith is at Gilbert spending a few days with her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Norris Colvin were over from Sparta Saturday visiting with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. James Robb returned to Eveleth Saturday after a short visit here with friends.

Fred Brenan has returned to Stevenson after a week's visit here.

The members of the Finnish church gave a sociable and had a sale of aprons at their hall Sunday evening. The proceeds will go towards erecting a church in the spring.

Miss Mewhenney, of Hibbing, was in town a few days visiting relatives.

Hugh Glass, of Eveleth, was in town Friday and took in the marquerade ball.

Mrs. James Eale has returned to her home at Ely after a few weeks' visit with her brother, F. S. Colvin.

The Biwabik mine paid off their employes Monday.

Marshal O'Hara has sold his property on Cincinnati avenue and expects to move his family soon into his other home which is the Iron Mountain house now.

Miss Florence Johnson and sister were over from McKinley Saturday.

The Duluth, Missabe railroad held their pay day Saturday.

Monday morning was the coldest day of the winter; the thermometer falling to 40 degrees below zero at 7 a. m.

The Duluth & Iron Range pay car was up from Two Harbors Monday paying their employes.

Jake Satler was up from Duluth Tuesday looking after business matters.

Roy Campbell was over from McKinley Wednesday to attend the Enright-McKenna wedding.

Miss Gertrude Mallman is up from Duluth on a few days' visit with friends.

Miss Anna Enright was up from Two Harbors and spent a few days with her folks.

Mrs. John McGraw went to Two Harbors Monday to spend a few days with friends.

John Costen was over from Virginia Wednesday attending to business.

Mrs. George Elliot left Thursday for her home at Grand Forks, N. D., after a two weeks' visit with friends.

Frank Klink was over from McKinley Wednesday, doing shopping.

Mr. Geron left Wednesday for Hibbing where he has accepted a position and will move his family in the near future.

Miss Jennie Glassner visited with friends at Virginia and Eveleth a few days this week.

Ed Evans was up from Two Harbors the middle of the week visiting.

James Enright has accepted a position as bookkeeper at the Elba mine.

Frank Rosborne was up from Duluth Monday on business.

RELIEF AT HAND.



Hundreds of Duluth people are finding relief—
Relief for bad backs—
For Rheumatic aches and pains—for Urinary troubles—for Diabetes—
For every form of Kidney disorder down to the advanced stages of Bright's disease—

Doan's Kidney Pills

relieve and cure—
Duluth people say so—your own friends and neighbors—Doan's Kidney Pills have cured them—Will cure you—Read this testimony:

Mr. Henry G. Le Sage, of 731 Second street west, with offices in 401 Palladio building, says: "As a result of a cold settling in my kidneys, I suffered for a long time with heavy, dull aching pains across the small of my back. Plasters and other remedies seemed to relieve me temporarily, but did not remove the trouble. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I determined to try them, and procuring a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store, I used them. A few days sufficed to entirely remove the trouble and since that time I have had no bother at all. I now rest well at night and rise in the morning feeling refreshed."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale at all Drug Stores, 50c a box, Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Proctorknott.

Proctorknott, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Proctor basket ball team defeated the Lakeside aggregation in a lively contest at the latter place last Friday evening. Although the Proctor boys outclassed them the Lakeside team put up a good game. It is the first game of the season in which the Proctor boys did any team work worth mentioning. The game after the first half stood 20 to 5 in favor of the Proctor boys, and after the last half 39 to 9 in favor of the Proctor team. Ouht of 39 points made, H. Trempe made 18, Jollymore 12 and Edwards 8. John Rice and M. A. Kemp, Proctor's two heavy and experienced guards did not let either of their men make a point. Another game between these two teams will be played in the village hall at Proctor, Friday evening, Feb. 27, and an interesting game is looked for. The Lakeside boys will also bring a second team. The Proctor line-up for next Friday will be as follows:

First Team—	Second Team—
J. Jollymore	forward	G. Jollymore
Glen Trempe	forward	A. Emsley
H. Trempe	center	A. Bethune
M. A Kemp	guard	H. Kemp
Bell and Bethune	guard	Rene Riddle

The social dance given at the village hall Thursday evening was a grand success, being about fifty couples present, and all having a good time.

The Hiawatha auxiliary will give their first annual dance at the village hall in Procter, Monday, Feb. 23. A special train will leave Duluth at 3:30 p. m.

Miss Bertha Brayden, of West Duluth, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Brayden, of this place, for several days this week.

Mrs. Charles Jaques, of West Duluth, visited friends in Proctor several days this week.

Mrs. F. S. Bird, who has been dangerously ill for the past three weeks, is now on the road to recovery.

Mrs. C. E. Moore, of Virginia, Minn., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Granger.

P. F. Kelly is on the sick list.

W. A. Edwards and W. A. Morrison, of this place have taken positions as machinists in the Eastern shops at West Superior.

John Rice, the heavy guard of the Proctor basket ball team, has resigned his position as boilermaker in the Duluth, Missabe & Northern shops and has taken a position in West Superior.

Mrs. I. L. Dryer left Wednesday for Conoaut, Iowa, where she was called by the death of her brother.

John Brown left Wednesday for St. Paul, where he will attend the annual meeting of the Masonic order.

Miss Vera Dark, of Eveleth, visited friends in Proctor several days this week.

Tower.

Tower, Feb. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—George R. Stephens, an old prospector, with Stephen Nichols, ex-Judge, and an associate of Peter La Chance fourteen years past in 69-19, is here now after a time spent in Alaska and Alberta, N. W. territory, Canada, to visit his old stamping grounds.

The Indians are to receive their pay at Ely on the 25th inst., and in Tower on the 27th. A good time is in store for the Indians and the storekeepers.

Dan McLaughlin is in the city from John Hickey's lumber camp near Bear Head lake, hiring men.

J. R. McDonald, chief clerk here for the Bachus Lumber company of Minneapolis, is in the city from Crane Lake, hiring sawyers and swampers.

William Andrews, an old citizen here, who was killed in Minneapolis while working as a brakeman, was buried here yesterday.

Frank Porter, an old soldier of the Seventh New York, was buried yesterday.

Louis Franklin and wife passed through the city on their way home after three months' absence in Wisconsin, Illinois and Iowa. Mrs. Burrell his sister in Chicago and mother in Iowa.

It is reported that there has been iron found on Louis' holdings near Sturgeon Falls on Rainy river.

Jack Winters presented quite an exciting curiosity by driving a muley cow harnessed alongside of a 2-year-old colt from three miles west of Sturgeon river. Peter Oher, an employe of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad accompanied him, also Frank Politzkow, as far as Anton Hoppe's, at Sturgeon river.

Peter Morin is the father of his first born boy.

P. H. Peiffer is the father of a bouncing baby boy.

Eveleth.

Eveleth, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fayal hall presented a most charming scene on Wednesday evening, the occasion being the valentine cotillion given by Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Harwood, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hearding, Dr. and Mrs. Julius P. Sergwick, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Whitman, Miss Barrett, Miss Carrie Barrett and Dr. Frederick Barrett. The hall was decorated in red and green, a profussion of paper chrysanthemums against the green bows and hung from the large chandeliers, while heart-shaped valentines added to the beauty of the hall and club rooms. Cozy corners were arranged on the stage and upstairs, and the club billiard room was converted into a dainty refreshment room. Here the decorations were in pink and white, the valentine idea being carried out by two heart-shaped valenthies of pink carnations on the center of the table, with wide satin ribbon reaching to each corner. La Brosse furnished the music and played softly during the first hour, while the guests were being received. Then followed the cotillion, forty-two couples dancing. Dr. Frederick Barrett led, dancing alone. During the march each person was presented with flag fans to which was attached programs of ten dances to follow the German. The first figure was under the shade of the palms and the favors yellow and white chrysanthemums. In the second figure, the guests were chosen by bowling, tiny wooden ten pins being the favors. In the third the ladies selected valentines on which was her favorite flower. On releasing the valentine a partner would appear from behind the screen, attached by a ribbon to the valentine. One of the prettiest figures was the Japanese lantern when the hall was darkened except for the lights in the lanterns. This figure was repeated, half the couples dancing at a time, and the favors were tiny Japanese lanterns. In the next the men were required to use the bow and arrow to get their partners the little heart that was hit having the number of the lady with whom he might dance. For this the favor was a cluster of tiny hearts attached to a larger one. The favorite figure of all was the sixth, when the men fished for beautiful paper hats to which were attached the ladies' numbers, and the men held long decorated crooks while the ladies in the light fluffy hats marched and counter marched in and out, making a fairy scene and ending with dancing with the partners, who presented the hats while the men carried the paper decorated wands above them. The last figure the gentlemen carried parasols over the ladies, while the spectators threw paper ribbon, which caught in the dancers and made a most entrancing scene with the many colored parasols and hats and ribbons. The last half of this figure caused much amusement, the previous partner being required to carry the parasol over his lady and another man, whom she favored, while they danced. This ended the german and the first cotillion on the Mesaba range was voted a decided success. The guests included many from outside towns, and assisting in presenting was Mrs. Walter J. Smith. The list follows: Mrs. Hearding, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. D. Swift, Miss Elizabeth Fraser, Mr. Don McLennon and George St. Clair and Rockwell, of Duluth; Mr. and Mrs. Amos Shephard, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lerch, Messrs. Stillman, Salsic and Warren, of Hibbing; Miss May Congdon and Mrs. Angst, of Tower; Mr. Botsford, of McKinley; Mr. and Mrs. Coates, Mr. and Mrs. David Coppernul, Mr. and Mrs. Gilpin, Misses Smith, Reid, Showers and Crawshaw and Messrs. Peet, Smith, Drs. Mitchell and Crowell, of Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. Norris Colvin, of Sparta; Dr. Pratt, Sparta; and from Eveleth, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Trezona, Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Poole, Mr. and Mrs. James Robb, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Helps, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Davey, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Kingston, Mr. and Mrs. Max Shapiro, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Green, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Garrott, Mr. and Mrs. Knight, Mrs. Carle Barrett, Mrs. Neil McInnis, Mrs. Horace Clark, Mrs. J. C. Eaver, Mrs. Samuel Owens, Misses St. Clair, Fraser, Betts, McKenzie, Lisle McKenzie, Rockwell, Flynn, Cuddy, Kingston, Scott, Laura Scott, Kuehne; Messrs. Angst, Abbot, Clark, McInnis, Cornell, Forbes, Carrol, Weed, Walker, McClintock, Scott, Von Nostitz Dormer, St. Clair and Wilson.

Richard Doyle, a woodsman, was brought in Monday and taken to the Mora hospital. He was seriously injured by having a log roll on him.

John Murnik has returned from Chicago.

Edward Hatch has returned from Chippewa Falls.

Mrs. Stephen James is visiting in Duluth.

Miss Dolly Peterson was up from Duluth for a couple of days.

Chas. Purdon, of Duluth, and Hal J. O'Neal, of Virginia, were calling on friends here Thursday.

G. B. Brown, formerly clerk in the D. M. & N. offices here, but who now holds a position in the First National bank at Hibbing, visited here this week.

Desperately cold weather has visited the ranges this week. On Tuesday morning it registered 43 degrees below zero and the high winds have made it seem even colder.

F. C. Talboys is in Chicago buying goods.

E. M. Clark, St. Paul, was in town this week.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Adams, at the Fayal, is quite ill with scarlet fever.

John Murnik has returned from a two weeks' visit in Chicago.

About forty Masons from here went over to Hibbing Tuesday evening to a banquet given by the Masonic lodge there.

At a meeting of the firemen Saturday evening Wm. Murray was elected chief, Matt Prettner, assistant chief; William Corrigan, captain, and Stephen James, secretary and treasurer.

Mrs. Horace Clark went to Duluth Monday.

G. V. Forbes, of Toronto, Canada, has accepted a position with the Fayal Iron company.

John Grannum, of Rock Creek, Wis., but formerly of this place, has purchased the saloon business of A. Levin.

G. L. Robbins, of Duluth, has been in town this week.

William Ellsworth has resigned his position at the First National bank to accept the position of clerk in the new hotel. J. Pryor will take his place in the bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. D. Swift, Miss Elizabeth Fraser and Mr. Don McLennan, of Duluth, came up on Mr. Swift's private car to attend the cotillion Wednesday evening at Fayal hall.

Guy A. Eaton, of Duluth, visited W. J. Smith Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. S. E. Helps was quite ill last week with erysipelas.

It is expected that the new hotel will be opened sometime during March.

Sparta.

Sparta, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Klink, of Virginia, transacted business here Friday.

E. J. Felkner came down from the Elba mine Friday on business.

Judge Anderson is on the sick list this week.

Dr. Fred J. Pratt, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Colvin attended a select party at the Fayal hospital Wednesday evening.

Adry Carlson, of Eveleth, was a Sparta visitor Wednesday evening calling on his many friends.

Mrs. Joseph Hickey visited with her parents at the Fayal Wednesday.

Andy Olson and wife and Fred B. Rossom and wife, of Virginia, attended the Jutin-Nelson-Carlson-Olson wedding Wednesday evening.

W. H. Shea returned from a trip to Duluth Thursday.

Alderman Rubenstein made a business luth the fore part of the week.

Mrs. Chas. P. McClure was a Duluth visitor Friday.

One hundred and fifty invited guests witnessed the marriage ceremonies at Society hall where Miss Edyth Nelson was married to John A. Jutin and Miss Elna Olson to John N. Carlson. Rev. Mr. Hanson, of Virginia, performed the ceremonies. The hall was beautifully decorated with evergreen trees, bunting, flags and choice cut flowers and palms. The brides were expensive white satin gowns while the grooms were neatly attired in black suits. Tim Sullivan and Mrs. McCain played the wedding march. After the ceremonies were over and hearty congratulations extended, the bridal couples departed for the village hall accompanied by their friends, where a grand ball was given. At 12 o'clock an elegant supper was served. Messrs. Jutin and Carlson are proprietors of a large department store here.

Bemidji.

Bemidji, Feb. 21.—A. T. Wheelock left on Wednesday last for St. Paul, where he will endeavor to secure men for the logging camps.

C. W. Bouck, of Royatton, arrived in the city Tuesday evening. He will sojourn in this vicinity for a few days.

L. G. Prendergast left Saturday for Hutchinson, Minn., for a two weeks' visit with his brother, W. W. Prendergast, who is well known in this section.

The reports of the second quarterly conference of the M. E. church were very inspiring and a harbinger of future prosperity. Fifteen have joined the church this quarter and $400 paid on improvements and indebtedness. The Ladies' Aid, Sunday school and junior league are in a prosperous condition.

Henry Young, well known in this city, now holds a position in the government printing office at Washington, D. C.

Married, Tuesday afternoon, at the Baptist parsonage, by Rev. Thomas Broomfield, Frank Frost to Minnie Williams. The happy couple will reside on the groom's claim southwest of the city.

J. A. Albrandt, a former resident of Bemidji, and who was seriously injured on Dec. 8 in a wreck on the Canadian Northern, has recovered sufficiently to be able to walk around with the aid of crutches.

Cloquet.

Cloquet, Feb. 21.—(Special to the Herald.)—The guests registered at the Northern hotel this week were: C. Weltz, Duluth; E. Davies, Duluth; A. Gowan, Duluth; J. B. Middlecoff, Duluth; W. M. Hubbard, Duluth; J. D. Oliver, en route; J. Orchard, Fargo; G. Johnston, Duluth; J. W. Lange, West Superior; F. Baldwick, West Superior; D. Ostergreen, W. Superior; B. Ellison, West Superior; J. B. Budd, West Superior; T. Vaughton, St. Paul; O. N. Topping, Duluth; P. McCohe, Duluth; B. C. Shephard, Scanlon; E. J. Herbert, Chippewa Falls; M. H. Oberndorf, Chicago; H. H. Harrison, Davenport; G. H. Meeker, St. Paul; F. Ness, Minneapolis; A. J. Satmuel, Chicago; W. C. McElroy, St. Paul; J. W. Brum, Chicago; F. A. Johnston, Duluth; T. S. Thompson, Duluth; H. H. Auston, Minneapolis; W. Fletcher, Appleton; M. McNie, Scanlon; Chas. Barnes, Toledo; G. Hearth, St. Paul; C. W. Stockwell, Duluth; G. Hushman, St. Paul; J. Hinley, Duluth; H. Longfellow, St. Paul; O. Lundberg, Duluth; T. Vaughton, St. Paul; S. V. Welch, Titchburg, Mass.; J. Wahl, Duluth; J. E. O'Brien, West Superior; I. Bingstal, Chicago; T. E. Gore, Duluth; S. Kopt, West Superior; R. Eveland, Duluth; A. Armstrong, Chicago and M. Dean Chicago.

The Royal Neighbors will meet hereafter in the Odd Fellows hall instead of the K. of P. hall as heretofore. Thursday evening they held their first meeting in their new location and in honor of the event entertained a large number of their friends at a basket social. The evening which was a pleasant one was spent at progressive cinch and dancing.

Mrs. E. M. Rogers, of Scanlon, was calling on friends in the city Friday.

Mrs. Maurice Erwin is confined to her home on Avenue A with an attack of la grippe.

A. Gowan, of Duluth, transacted business in Cloquet on Friday.

E. E. Davis, of Duluth, was a Cloquet visitor Friday.

Misses Dora Potenaude and Ella Shiels made a trip to Carlton this week.

C. J. McNair and B. S. Whitman made a trip to Brainerd Friday.

Otto Block returned to the city this week after an extended visit with friends in Eau Claire.

HANDLING LUMBER IS OUR BUSINESS.



Scott - Graff Lumber Co.

Virginia.

Virginia, Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was not very many of the voters of school district No. 22 at the meeting called for Saturday evening last at the high school building, the absence of the interested parties being due to the heavy wind and extremely cold weather. However, there was a good representation of Virginia's most prominent citizens, and the work to be done was done properly. The clerk's call was read and Charles Butler was elected moderator and Charles E. Nelson secretary of the meeting. A resolution was offered to the effect that that school district No. 22 shall vote to bond itself in the sum of $30,000 for the purpose of constructing a high school building at Virginia, $40,000 being for the purchase of a suitable site and the construction of the building and $10,000 for the equipment of the same. The resolution was put to a vote. Messrs Costin and Hannaford chosen tellers. Voting was done by writing "yes" or "no" on a slip of paper and as this was handed the tellers the name of the voter was called and written by the secretary. The resolution was unanimously adopted. It is the intention of the school board to proceed immediately with the call for bond bids and get to work on the much needed house of education here, as the rapidly increasing population of the city makes it necessary to turn away pupils from the schools this year. Just where the new building will be located is a matter of conjecture as yet. The Eveleth end of the district was not represented at all at this meeting.

W. B. Shaver, the contractor who had the work of building the Lennit hospital, has been awarded the contract of putting up the new and costly office and boarding house buildings for the Cleveland-Cliffs company at Nashwauk, and expects to commence on the same as soon as lumber and other material is on the ground.

The neighbors and friends of Mrs. Jos. Karl tendered her a surprise party at her Maple street home Monday evening. Games of different kinds were played and luncheon was served.

A. N. Thompson, range agent for the Singer sewing machines, is figuring on putting in a double story solid brick business block on lot 29, 30 and 31, and the work to be commenced as soon as the frost disappears from the ground. The down stairs will be used as office and warehouse for the singer machines and the upstairs will be used either as a lodge room for the Eagles and other societies, or for living apartments for Mr. Thompson. Several other buildings are talked of for our main street and the chances are there will be quite a building boom here in the early summer.

The funeral of Michael O'Brien, one of the unfortunate pumpmen who were caught in the burning shaft at the Spruce mine at Eveleth last Friday, occurred Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from Hawkinson's hall. Rev. E. M. Cathcart, of the M. church preached the sermon The funeral was under the auspices of the Fraternal Order of Eagles and was well attended despite the very cold weather.

Sam Raspeniere, who had charge of the mail and express team for the Eaton dray line, the past year, has resigned his position and gone to Hibbing, where he entered upon duties in a clerical capacity with the Missabe road.

Editor and Mrs. Garrott, of Eveleth, spent the Sabath in the home of Editor and Mrs. Cuppernull here.

The local aerie of Eagles have "switched" from their proposed Easter Monday ball and will give an entertainment just for Eagles. The date holds good and the occasion will be looked forward to by Eagles of Duluth, Superior and the range towns with great expectancy.

Mrs. John Doyle and son Joseph, went to Biwabik Tuesday to be in attendance at the marriage ceremony of Miss Mamie Enright and Lewis McKenna, which took place at the Catholic church at Biwabik Wednesday morning at ten o'clock. The young couple went to Chicago in the afternoon and will be at home at Two Harbors after March 1.

The ballots in the piano contest were counted by city clerk Bickford Wednesday night and the following is the standing of the leaders: Odd Fellows lodge, 11,767; Finnish Temperance society, 3080; Norwegian Lutheran church, 1969; Catholic church, 1255. For nearly two months the temperance society had a big lead, but the Odd Fellows took a spurt which is hard to head off now. The contest will continue until April 2, by which time there may be a different leader.

Gust Lindman, a timber man at the Minorca mine, had his fingers on his right hand badly jammed Saturday last, by getting the same between two rolling logs. He will be laid up for some weeks.

Guy Woodard has moved to this city from Eveleth and will be the local representative for the Mesaba Telephone company, having the repairing and the installing of 'phones in his charge.

The Valentine social given by the ladies' of the Scandinavian lodge at Hawkinson's hall Saturday night was a financial as well as a social success, $85 being netted from the entertainment. The affair was given for the purpose of raising money to be forwarded to the relief of the starving thousands in Sweden. Dancing was the feature of the evening.

Shandling Bros., proprietors of the Big store here, are looking up locations at bothh Hibbing and Eveleth to open up dry goods and clothing stores. They were recently visitors at both places and were favorably impressed with the prospects, but state that they could find no suitable location, especially at Hibbing.

John Beatty, formerly a resident of this place, but now of Mass City, Mich., was in the city over Sunday, renewing old acquaintances and looking over the new Virginia. Mr. Beatty is a carpenter and helped build up the first two Virginias. He has been favored with great financial success since leaving here and is said to be well to do.

About a dozen members of Masonic fraternity of this city went to Hibbing Tuesday night and attended the initiation of a class of candidates. A banquet was served to the visitors at the M. E. church and this part of the program is much praised. In the party were J. A. Kennedy, W. H. Eaton, H. J. George, D. W. Elwinust, Ben Levin, Capt. Roskilly, D. B. McDonald, T. G. Bush, W. J. Barber and Fred Lerch and John Beatty. Eveleth was also well represented.

Henry King had a hard siege of grip last week and was later taken down with erysipelas. He is getting along very well now.

Mrs. H. F. Smith, of Hibbing attended the meeting of the Lady Maccabees Monday night. She held the high chair last year, but recently moved to our western neighbor village.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lamb are in the city from Superior and will spend two weeks here.

Dr. J. J. Eklund, of Duluth, has been appointed by Governor Van Sant to solicit funds for the Swedish people in distress in Sweden and has appointed Andrew Hawkinson of this city, to look after this end of the district. Voluntary contributions are being handed in pretty well.

A very pleasant surprise party was given Sam Horricks at his home on Maple street Wednesday.

Capt. Thos. Watters, general manager of the Interstate Iron company, was here from Negaunce Tuesday and looked over the Lincoln property with Supt. Fairbairn.

Mrs. Norman Smith, of Duluth, visited with Mrs. D. S. McDonald during the week.

E. J. O'Rourke has been quite ill with the grip the past week and has been confined to his home.

Albert B. Coates and W. J. Moore were at Duluth the fore part of the week looking after details in the sale of the ore discovered in 4-59-15, near Biwabik.

Hibbing won the bowling match which was played between teams from that village and this city. The score was Hibbing 2063 and Virginia 2053. Those who bowled for Hibbing were Messrs McPike, Peterson, Webb, Rankin and Burke and the city representatives were Messrs. Berg, Staff, Bliley, Fairbairn and Polshaw. Our boys are the best howlers of the two teams but it was their first match and they had a touch of stage fright.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lamont were Duluth visitors Saturday.

Will Prince was over from Mountain Iron Thursday.

C. T. Fairbairn, W. T. Balley, Jr., S. T. Hamilton and R. W. Vallet attended the production of "King Dodo" at the Lyceum at Duluth Saturday night.

W. C. Yawkey, of Detroit, Mich., who is heavily interested in timber and iron in this district, was in the city Tuesday.

Several young friends of Sam Horricks surprised him Wednesday and a most delightful time is reported.

The officers who will serve the local hive of Lady Maccabees the coming year were installed Monday evening as follows: Past commander, Mary Smith; lady commander, Sarah Gately; lieutenant commander, Mayme West; record keeper, Mary Bickford; mistress-at-arms, Johanna Anderson; sentinel, Nina Lansverk; picket, Alvin Bodah; finance keeper, Clara Eddy; chaplain, Tillie Matheson.

The Royal Neighbors met in regular session Wednesday night. After the meeting a light luncheon was served. The lodge will give a dime social at their next regular meeting.

A. N. Thompson is disposing of his stock of inferior sewing machines by auction. He is agent for the Singer but secured these machines through trade.

Harley Jackson has rented the Bickford cottage opposite the Lenort hospital, and together with his parents, who are now at Bay City, Mich., will occupy the same about April 1.

Superintendent Parmelee, of the Franklin, is out again after a week's fight with the grip.

News was received here Thursday of the death in New York of Mrs. H. Manheim, formerly of this city. Her husband conducted a clothing store here for several years. She was a member of the local lodge of Ladies of the Maccabees and was insured for $1000.

Quite a number of Virginians attended the dancing party given at the Fayal hall at the Fayal location, Wednesday evening. The party was given by Dr. and Mrs. Moore, Dr. and Mrs. Harwood, Dr. and Mrs. Segwick and Dr. Barrett and sisters, all of Eveleth. A very pleasant time is reported.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Sam Milavetz Tuesday.

Joseph Ronan, the clothier, has purchased the lot east of his store, and will put up a brick building thereon this spring.

Father Bilban performed the ceremony Wednesday morning at 8:30, which made Miss Mayme Enright of Biwabik and Lewis J. McKenna, of Two Harbors, man and wife, the affair taking place at St. John's Catholic church at Biwabik, in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. Miss Florence Carey was bridesmaid and James Enright was best man, while Mrs. F. S. Calvin officiated as organist and the Misses Mayme and Eva McGraw rendered appropriate vocal selections. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. McKenna left on the afternoon train for Chicago and there was a large gathering at the train to say farewell. They will be at home after March 1 at Two Harbors.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Market Started Slightly Higher and Ruled Quite Firm.

Flax Trading Was Dead and the Market Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 21.—The wheat market was firm today and prices kept within a narrow range, closing with a slight advance over yesterday's figures. The strength at the opening was due to higher cables, the Liverpool market being especially strong. Another bullish factor was the strength at the seaboard which reported 60 loads of corn and 40 loads of wheat worked today for export.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 211 cars, and at Chicago 22, a total of 233 cars, against 129 last week.

The Liverpool market closed ¼ to ½d higher and Paris 2c higher to unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 377,000 bus, last year, holiday. Shipments, 111,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 208,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d higher. May corn in the Chicago market closed ¼@¼c higher and May oats a shade higher.

Primary receipts of corn were 672,000 bus, Shipments 245,000 bus. Clearances 286,000 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was fairly active. May opened ¼c up at 77½c, sold at 77⅝@¾c at 9:42 and then fell off to 77¼c at 9:51. From there it worked up to 77⅝c at 10:18, reacted to 77⅜c at 11:10, sold at 77¾c at 11:35 and closed at 77⅝@¾c, an advance of ¼@⅜c. Chicago advanced ½c and Minneapolis ½c.

Cash sales were 10,000 bushels, with prices continuing at ½c under May for No. 1 northern to arrive, 1c under for in store, 2c under No. 1 for No. 3 and 5c under for No. 3.

Flax was dead. May held steady at $1.18¾ and closed ¼c lower at $1.16. July also declined ¼c.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 77⅝c; 1 northern, 76⅝c; 2 northern, 74⅝c; 3 spring, 71⅝c; to arrive, 1 hard, 78¼c; 1 northern, 77¼c; May, 77⅝@¾c; July, 77¼c. Oats—To arrive, 34c; on track, 34c; May, 35c. Rye—May, 50½c; on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c. Barley—75@51c. Flax—Cash, $1.13½; on track, $1.14¼; to arrive, $1.14¼; May, $1.16; July, $1.16½. Cars inspected: Wheat, 34; last year, 76; oats, 14; barley, 4; flax, 15. Receipts—Wheat, 96,574; oats, 45,601; rye, 1,903; barley, 4,368; flax, 7,493.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 410 bushels	$0.77¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	77⅜
No. 1 northern, 1 car	77⅝
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	77¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	76¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	76¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	76½
Oats, 2 cars	34
Flax, 1 car	1.14¾
Flax, 3 cars	1.14½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Extremely Dull But Grew Firmer.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Wheat was extremely dull during the early part of the session, but a firm feeling prevailed, May opening ⅛@¼c higher at 77⅞@⅞c and later selling at 78c on a fair demand from commission houses. The early strength was due, mainly, to the higher cables, the market at Liverpool being strong. The strength at the seaboard was also a bull factor, as were the small receipts of 211 cars, which with local receipts of 22 cars, one of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 233 cars, against 429 cars last week.

The market was firm throughout the day, a fair export demand being a late help to prices. Shorts covered quite freely and carried May up to 78@⅛c, but a reaction occurred near the close, which was firm and ⅛c higher at 77⅞c.

Corn opened steady on higher cables and on the firmness in wheat, May being unchanged at 46@⅜c. Provision interests were again good buyers and commission houses bought moderately of July, the latter month being relatively stronger than May, but there was also a fair demand for May which caused an advance to 45¾c. Local receipts were rather small at 327 cars, with none of contract grade.

The close was strong, with May ⅛@¼c higher at 45⅞c.

There was little activity manifested in trading in oats and the opening was steady with May unchanged at 35⅞c. The strength in other grains helped to create a firm tone, but the market lacked any features. Local receipts were 169 cars.

Provisions opened firm on better prices for hogs and on covering by shorts and renewed buying by packing interests, an advance on the opening prices was made, the market ruling quite strong the early part of the day. The volume of trading, however, was small. May pork was 5c higher at the start, opening at $17.60; May lard was 2½c higher at $8.07½, while ribs were unchanged at $9.60.

Close: Wheat—May, 77¾c; July, 73⅞c; September, 72½c. Corn—February, 44c; May, 45¾c; July, 44½c; September, 40½c. Oats—February, 34c; May, 35¾@⅞c; July, 35¼@¼c; September, 29⅞c. Pork—May, $17.67½; July, $17.10; September, $16.77½. Lard—February, 9.55; May, 9.57½; July, 9.42½; September, $9.42½. Ribs—May, $9.6½; July, $9.52½; September, 9.45. Rye—May, 51¾c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.19; S. W., $1.14; May, $1.20@1.21. Timothy—February, $4.00. Clover—February, $11.75. Barley—Cash, 44@55c. Cash wheat—2 red, 75@76c; 3 red, 70@73c; 2 hard, winter, 71@73c; 3 hard winter, 67@71c; 1 northern spring, 80c; 2 northern spring, 76@80c; 3 spring, 70@79c. Corn—2, 44@44½c; 3, 42@42½c. Oats—2, 34½; 3, 34c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market here was extremely dull and responded slowly and incorrerently to the strong cables. Seaboard said continental bids little better, with some business in hard Kansas wheat worked by way of the gulf. On the whole the cash situation is quiet. Broomhall cabled that Liverpool was up on a correction on the French official crop estimate. The corrected estimate modifies the bearish report of a few days ago but leaves the French crop outlook not far from a normal condition. The visible on Monday will not show much change. World's shipments are estimated at 8,000,000 with some increase on passage. Outside trade is small and the outlook rather dull. Estimated cars 55.

Corn—The market here was again fairly strong but not active. Seaboard reported a better cash demand and Liverpool said the shorts there were disturbed by the inferior quality of arrivals. The trade is looking for a little better movement next week, but on the whole the tone of the market keeps strong and the buying is of a good character. The price sticks right around the top. Still regard corn at current prices as good property. Estimated cars 325.

Oats—There was considerable covering of July shorts apparently and this option showed some strength but the general situation is quiet. July oats are a new crop. At any material advance from present prices we are inclined to think they might be sold with safety. Of course a bad seeding time might effect the market but with normal seeding conditions the price is rather an unattractive one. Estimated cars 200.

* * *

Broomhall estimates the world's shipments Monday to be about 8,000,000 bushels of wheat of which Europe will take about 2,000,000 bushels. He predicts there will be some increase in quantity or breadstuffs on passage. The arrivals of breadstuffs in the United Kingdom during the past week were about 3,200,000 bushels, against 3,320,000 bushels a year ago.

* * *

New York—It is reported here that twenty loads of wheat were worked from here late yesterday afternoon for Antwerp. This, as I understand it, is wheat belonging to a party who has most of the two red in store and is shipping it abroad on his own account, the same not having been sold abroad.

* * *

Chicago—Patten yesterday unloaded at least 1,000,000 May oats, keeping up the selling which has been under way for his account for three days. There is the prediction the oats receipts next week will show an increase if the weather continues fine, there are supposed to be a good many oats that have been headed this way but delayed by the recent storms. Few here are offering oats East until they get cars loaded and then they make sales. The cash market has been firm all the week by the small receipts.

* * *

Chicago—The chief support in corn at present appears to come from the fact that Armour, Patten, Whitte, Wells and other big people in the provision trade are bulls. The position of these people coupled with the small receipts make the market a stubborn one. Even those who do not believe in prices are slow to sell corn short.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 21.—Close—Wheat spot 2 red western winter, steady 6s 1½d; 2 northern spring quiet 6s 9d; 1 California quiet, 6s 1id. Futures quiet; March 6s 9d; May 6s 2d; July 6s 1¾d. Corn spot American mixed new steady 4s 6¼d; American mixed old no stock. Futures quiet; March 4s 5¾d; May 5s 3¼d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 21.—Close: Wheat—May, 81⅝c; July, 78¾c. Corn—May, 52½@⅝c; July, 50¾c.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	35⅞	45⅝@45¾	$17.60
High	36	46	17.70
Low	35¾@⅝	45⅝	17.60
Close	35⅝@⅞	45⅞	17.67

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	77½B	76⅞	77¾-⅞	81¾-⅞
High	77⅞	76¾	78⅛	81⅝-¾
Low	77½	76¼-⅝	77⅝-¾	81¼-⅜
Close	77⅝-¾B	76⅝	77¾A	81¼-⅜
July—				
Open	77¾A	76⅞	74	78¾A
High		76⅞	74⅛-¼	78¾-⅞
Low		76⅝-¾	73⅞	78⅜
Close	77½	76⅞	73⅝	78¾A

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report an active demand for horses from North Dakota and Manitoba, outside of which comparatively light inquiry was had. Values:

Drafters, extra	$175@215
Drafters, choice	145@175
Drafters, common to good	125@145
Farm mares, extra	130@165
Farm mares, choice	115@130
Farm mares, common to good	90@115

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Cattle receipts 300. Market nominal. Good to prime steers $5.50@5.75; poor to medium $3.25@4.50; stockers and feeders $2.35@4.50; cows and heifers $1.40@4.75; canners $1.40@2.50; bulls $2@4.25; calves $3.50@8.65; Texas fed steers $3.50@4.25. Hogs receipts today 13,000. Monday 45,000; left over 6190. Market steady. Mixed and butchers $6.90@7.25; good to choice heavy $7.25@7.50; rough heavy $6.80@7.25; light $6.50@7; bulk of sales $7@7.30. Sheep receipts 100. Market steady. Good to choice wethers $5@5.75; fair to choice mixed $4@5; western sheep $4.75@5.75; native lambs $4.75@7; western lambs $4.75@7.15. Yesterday—Receipts: Cattle 3781; hogs, 27,131; sheep, 13,825. Shipments—Cattle 2120; hogs 7336; sheep 1411.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—Close: Wheat—May, 76¾c; July, 77@78c; No. 2 northern, 76½@77c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 76⅜-½c.
Calls, May wheat, 77c.
Curb, May wheat, 76⅝-¾c asked.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Bakeman & Co., grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Wheat: Some little revival in the export demand and a correction of French official crop report issued Thursday made a stronger wheat market. There was little export business direct from here, sent via the Gulf and also twenty loads reported late last night from the seaboard for the continent. In response to the correction of official French crop report Paris was sharply higher, Liverpool also stronger. The Northwestern markets were relatively slow although sales of 200,000 bushels cash were reported made to millers at one cent over the May for 1 northern. Broomhall reported that navigation on the Danube had re-opened and that the world's shipments for the week would reach 8,000,000 bushels. This would indicate large shipments from Russia. Northwestern car lot receipts for the week 1778, as compared with 2559 last week, and 1970 for the corresponding week last year. The severe weather was counted responsible for much of the falling off this week.

There was a good trade in corn and prices were sharply higher. The July continued to gain on the May and was freely bought by influential interests. The May again touched the highest point yet reached, 46c. The cash trade was excellent every where. Seaboard sales aggregated sixty loads. There was good demand at the gulf ports and there were 300,000 bus sold from here. Exports were 380,000 bus. Primary markets to-day showed the effect of the severe temperatures and were 662,000, against 890,000 a week ago.

Oats—Although there was further selling of May by one of the large local speculators, the market held well and was somewhat influenced by the firmness in other grains. It is expected that local stocks either in public or private elevators will show some increase for the week. In case of good weather it is also expected that receipts will show a material increase. Estimates for Monday, 200 cars.

Provisions—Prices were higher all around with ribs in the lead. The demand for these come principally from packers and local shorts. Offerings were scanty until the advances were well established when there was some taking of profits both in ribs and pork. Lard was relatively easier than pork and ribs and was sold by packers who were influenced by the slow cash trade.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 21.—Close—Sterling exchange nominal with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.75 for demand and $4.84.65 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84½. Bar silver, 48c; Mexican dollars, 37½c.

STOCK GOSSIP.

McIntyre & Marshall to Paine, Webber & Co.: The bank statement is much more favorable than the worst predictions of yesterday. It shows a decrease in surplus of $6,488,900, a decrease in actual cash of $1,822,600, with a decrease in circulation of $745,000 and increase in deposits of $10,969,000. The banks now have a total surplus over all deposits of $9,041,675, against $12,436,650 a year ago, and $14,546,675 in 1901. The worst feature of the statement is the continued large increase in the loan account and the loss in cash. With such a small surplus reserve as only 14,000,000, which the banks now have, and with foreign exchange at the gold shipping point and likely to go out next week, it is quite apparent that there is a strong probability of dearer money rates developing from now on for both call and time loans. The sentimental effects of those conditions in our opinion lead to a further restriction of bullish speculation, and it is quite likely that we will witness further scattered liquidation by commission houses and traders with the resumption of business on Tuesday and a generally lower range of prices. We, therefore, think it would be advisable to reduce speculative holdings at least for the present, pending developments.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: The fact that the market showed a decidedly firm undertone on the evening of the triple holiday is regarded as confirmation of the theory that the general selling of July was by weak-kneed speculators. That stocks are in strong hands and bought on the drive as the usual case the bank reserves are running down and the many capitalists are on vacations and dull periods are to be expected, yet should the market respond, the dullness might be displaced by a vigorous market. The advance in Metropolitan Street Railway being one of the sensational short coverings, now characterize the tractions. It is probable that the tractions will move up by themselves. Metropolitan was well bought on its decline and the accumulation in Brooklyn Rapid Transit is strongly suggestive of a big advance later. In the general list, particular attention is given to Southern stocks by the great increases in earnings shown this week by the Southern Railway and Louisville & Nashville.

Sentiment on the Gould stocks, especially Wabash, again are very confident, the increase of nearly $400,000 realized by the Missouri Pacific in net earnings for December being the bull card. As the stock exchange will be closed until next Tuesday morning there is little interest in the bank statement, which is expected to show a decrease in reserve and cash that will be considerable. The bank returns, however, pale into insignificance in the opinion of bankers of broad view, compared with this week's heavy corn exports of nearly 3,000,000 bus, against only 750,000 bus in the corresponding week of 1902.

* * *

Chicago to Coe Commision Co.: It is asserted in Copper circles that the April dividend will be $1 per share. It is claimed that the Boston & Montana Co. will be able alonc to earn sufficient money this year to pay all the Amalgamated Copper dividends as it was able last year to earn $2.50 per share declared by the Amalgamated Copper Co. Amalgamated Copper interests speak very strongly of the copper situation. It is not believed, however, that there will be any noteworthy activity in Standard Oil Coppers until after the adjournment of the Montana legislature in March.

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The Mass company's output of refined copper last year was approximately 2,700,000 pounds for which an average selling price of 12½ cents was secured. The company secured a small profit on the year's operations besides adding largely to its reserve ground. Last year's mineral yield was twenty-three pounds for every ton of rock treated. As a producer of mass copper the eMass mine has no equal, taking into consideration the amount of rock stamped. At present the mass and barrel work constitutes fully 50 per cent of the company's output.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Important information concerning the Champion Copper company is contained in the annual report of the St. Mary's M. L. Co. It develops that the stock is now full paid—$10.25, having been paid for the land and $14.75 having been levied on assessment. The company has been a borrower of funds over and above the $1,475,000 paid in jointly by the St. Mary's and Copper Range companies. These borrowings, however, will not exceed $2,500,000 by the time the mill starts full capacity. The Champion rock milled in 1902 contained 34.6 pounds of copper per ton, 4,165,784 pounds of ingot having been obtained from the crushing of 12,845 tons of rock.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 21.—The cotton market opened unsteady with prices unchanged to 4 points lower and ruled irregular and generally easier with liquidation on outside long accounts and in the face of some evidence of clique support. Cables were decidedly better than expected and were attributed to support from this side. At New York trading was chiefly for the purpose of evening up outside accounts in view of Monday's holiday and a natural disinclination to have open accounts with the market more or less dominated by manipulation. Houses with European connections bought cotton in a small way, while commission houses bought July. The movement of cotton at the ports today is officially estimated at 23,000 bales against 21,136 last week and 19,880 of last year. Wall street parties appeared to be selling May and July contracts again today. There was a little selling for short account this morning on the ground that spot cotton markets of the country and the cotton goods market has not made a satisfactory response to the advance in futures.

Spot closed quiet; mid ups, 10.05; mid gulf, 10.30. Sales, 63 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; February, 9.89; May, 9.89; April, 9.87; May, 9.86; June, 9.67; July, 9.67; August, 9.39; September, 8.75; October, 8.48; November, 8.36; December, 7.89.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Feb. 21.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of the city for the week shows: Loans, $950,208,700, increase $13,975,300; deposits, $963,219,300, increase $10,969,200; circulation $43,191,800, decrease $545,100; legal tenders, $69,074,500, decrease $2,725,300; specie, $189,722,000 decrease $1,031,600; reserve, $258,846,500, decrease $3,760,700; reserve required $240,804,825, increase $2,727,300; surplus $9,041,675, decrease $6,488,000; U. S. deposit $19,081,975, decrease $6,475,725.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $221,851,110; gold, $104,260,080; silver, $19,577,605; U. S. notes, $5,526,221; treasury notes of 1890, $18,499; national bank notes, $17,732,127; total receipts this day, $1,435,249; total receipts this month, $33,031,185; total receipts this year, $367,720,972; total expenditures this day, $1,502,000; total expenditures this month, $22,295,000; total expenditures this year, $338,820,840; deposits in national banks, $150,086,084.

HEAD-END COLLISION

Dubuque, Iowa, Feb. 21.—Three trainmen were killed at Galena, Ill., last night in a head-end collision between the Chicago and Minneapolis passenger train and a southbound freight train on the Illinois Central railroad. The dead:

FIREMAN BYRAN, Freeport, Ill.
BRAKEMAN CLOCK, Waterloo, Iowa.
FIREMAN SPOCKMAN, Waterloo, Iowa.

The freight train had stopped to take water for the locomotive. It was about to pull out from the water tank when the passenger train, consisting of a combination baggage car and four Pullman cars rounded a curve and crashed into the locomotive of the freight. All the men on the two locomotives, except Engineer Lake of the passenger train, and Engineer Searles, of the freight, were crushed under the wreck of the locomotives. Searles was fatally injured. Lake escaped uninjured. The sleeping cars kept to the rails and the occupants were uninjured.

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CRAZE FOR WIDOWS

Less Than Thirty Years Old and Has Married Three.

Each of the Women Were Almost Twice His Age.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Twenty-six years of age and the husband of three aged widows successively, is the record of George F. Littlewood, a farmer living near Woodland, who appeared in Justice Glies 'court at Olympia on Tuesday and asked for the arrest of his stepson on a charge of assault and battery.

He announced at the same time that it was his intention to sue for a divorce from his present wife, a woman approaching 60 years of age.

Three times married to women almost twice his age, the stepfather of children galore, many of them his age, if not older, in the midst of the celebration of his third honeymoon Littlewood announced that he was ready to give married life up as a failure.

The last straw in this case is alleged by Littlewood to have been an altercation over a fine gold watch which was his property. He states that he presented this watch to his most recent bride, Mrs. Mary E. Carrier, who, with a dozen children, he led to the altar not longer than the month of December, 1902. This wedding gift, he says, was passed on by the bride to her oldest son, who is about the same age as the youthful stepfather.

Littlewood alleges that when he demanded the watch of his stepson recently that young man assaulted and brutally beat him, the ugly mark on his face being the result of one of the blows inflicted.

In the meantime Littlewood has publicly denounced his bride and does not care who knows it. He intimated strongly to Justice Gliles that he would bring suit for divorce and steer clear in the future of all widows and orphans.

Littlewood undoubtedly holds the palm in Thurston county for a unique marriage. He admits that he has a weakness for aged women; that it moves him to tears when he meets a widow and little children, and that when he is approached and asked to marry them he cannot refuse.

"What is the matter with you, Littlewood?" asked Judge Gliles. "Can't you keep from marrying all these old women? Why do you do it?"

"Yes," replied the young man who has seen so much of life; "I guess I am off on old women, but I can't help it. When they come to me and ask me to marry them, I can't refuse. That's all there is to it."

Littlewood's first wife was a woman 80 years of age. She did not survive her marriage with her youthful husband long, although he is said to have been a devoted spouse.

After this blow, Littlewood met the widow of Harry Howard, who was sent up to the penitentiary from this county. Howard committed suicide in the penitentiary and Littlewood, overcome by the loneliness and disgrace of the convict's widow, 60 years of age, entered into his second matrimonial venture.

CORNER STONE OF WAR COLLEGE LAID

(Continued from Page One.)

"During the session of congress that is now closing we have seen the first stride taken in putting the National Guard, the militia of the country, on a footing of efficiency, the first long stride taken on the lines marked out by Washington himself; the first successful effort made to put into effect Washington's plea which for 110 years was disregarded by our people. Ond again, the first long stride has been taken toward the modernization, towards increasing the efficiency of the army in accordance with modern methods as devised by Gen. Sherman over a quarter of a century ago. It takes time and thought and care to work out necessary reforms.

"They don't come in a jump. All kinds of obstructions of deliberate purpose, obstructions of mere inertia, obstructions of carelessness have to be met with and overcome, but at last they are overcome if only a sufficient intensity of purpose lies behind those backing the reform. And now these great steps have been taken. Methods have been provided for securing the increased efficiency of the army and it rests with the army itself to profit by what has been done. More and more it has become evident in modern war that the efficiency of the unit, of the individual officer and the individual enlisted man is going to be the prime factor in deciding the fate of fought fields. The exercises of the barracks and the parade ground do not make five per cent of the soldier's real work and do not count for five per cent in his real efficiency. They are very spectacular, serve a good purpose and must be well done, but they count for but the smallest part in the qualities, the sum of which make the army effective or ineffective in actual service. Officers and man alike must be trained to the highest point in the theory and in the practice of the profession. The forces of mere truism say that if they are trained in the theory without the crowning of practice, they will amount to nothing but they must have the training and the theory, too. They must have that training or they never can reach the highest standard of perfection in their use. The army of the United States is, and it is not desirable that it should be other than a small army relatively to the population of the country, but we have a right to expect that that small army shall represent for its size the very highest point of efficiency of any army in the civilized world, (applause) and I have the most absolute faith that to that degree of efficiency it will attain, and that it will attain in no small part because of the wise and zealous use it will make of the opportunities afforded by the erection of this very building. (Loud applause).

SECRETARY ROOT'S ADDRESS.

Secretary Root followed the president after another selection by the band. He spoke as follows:

Not to promote war, but to preserve peace by intelligent and adequate preparation to repel aggression, this institution is founded. It is a growth and not a new departure. It is a natural and necessary development of the views with which Gen. Grant established the artillery school at Fortress Monroe, Gen. Sherman established the infantry and cavalry school at Fort Leavenworth and Gen. Sheridan established the school of application for cavalry and light artillery at Fort Riley. Following the same policy as engineer school of application, a school of submarine defence, and an army medical school, were afterward established. All of these institutions were practically suspended during the war with Spain and in the Philippines. When the time came for their re-establishment, it had become evident that not merely restoration, but an advance and enlargement of military education were demanded by the enlargement of our army, the advance and greater complexity of military science, the increased proportion of officers who had not the benefit of a West Point education, and the wider range of military problems which the possibilities of our national growth force upon our attention. The growth of separate institutions had reached a point where their efficiency could be increased and the results of their work could be utilized best by bringing them into relation as parts of a general system of military education; under the inspection and supervision of a single co-ordinating and controlling body, and by supplementing their work with a post graduate course which should carry their best men onward along the lines of research and of thought by which experience and theory combine to the making of skilful commanders of armies.

Such a system the army is now putting in force as rapidly as possible. The controlling and directing body is the war college board, consisting of five officers of rank specially detailed, and the chief of engineers, the chief of artillery, the superintendent of the West Point academy and the commandant of the Leavenworth schools, under the presidency of that gallant, experienced and able soldier, Major General Samuel M. B. Young. Under their direction the school at Fort Leavenworth has been re-established and re-organized as a general service and staff college, with the school at Fort Riley as an accessory school of application. The special service schools have been re-established. A system of schools has been established at the principal posts and is being extended to all the considerable posts of the country, under which a compulsory course, following a prescribed curriculum, is required from all junior officers. It is the design of the board, already provided by general orders, that the best men from the regimental schools shall be graded up to the Leavenworth college and the special service schools shall be graded up to the post graduate course of the war college, there to study and confer upon the great problems of national defence, of military science and of responsible command. The courses of instruction in all the schools in all the stages are to be the highest degree practical as well as theoretical, and military aptitude tested by the exercise of actual command, will hold a leading place in the determination of merit.

Thus there must be sifted out from the great mass of officers by the demonstration of superior intelligence and devotion to the profession, the commander-in-chief will naturally turn for details to important staff and promotion to higher rank. Membership in the war college will mean honor and opportunity. In its confidential archives will be garnered the results of the best thought of the army, and in the continuous existence of the institution, always changing in itselements as men come and go, but remaining itself unchanged, will be found continuity of knowledge of thought and of military policy always available for practical uses under the supervision of the general staff, of which the war college board will form a part. It is a common observation, and a true one that practical qualities in a soldier are more important than a knowledge of theory but this truth has often been made the excuse of indolence and indifference, which, except in rare and gifted individuals, destroy practical efficiency. It is also true that, other things being equal, the officer who keeps his mind alert by intellectual exercise, and who systematically studies the reasons of action, and the materials and conditions and difficulties with which he may have to deal will be the stronger practical man and the better soldier. The same considerations which have led individual enterprise to build up the great universities and technical schools, to which the graduates of our schools and colleges resort to perfect themselves in every profession and in every branch of science, apply with equal force to education in the science of war. It is fitting that our government should profit by the lesson which all its citizens have learned, that for success in any business the evolution from the simple to the complex must be accompanied by a more perfect system, a more careful selection of agents, and a broader training of the men upon whom fall the responsibilities of control.

No better illustration of the necessity of such an institution as this, and of a general staff to make its work effective can be found than in the fate which befell the work of a soldier to whose memory I wish to pay honor today—Brevet Major General Emory Upton, colonel of the Fourth artillery. Graduated from West Point in the year 1860 he became, while almost a boy, one of the most distinguished officers of the Civil war. He commanded successively a battery of artillery, a regiment of infantry, a brigade of infantry, a brigade of artillery and a division of cavalry. Constantly in the field, he exhibited in camp and march and in scores of battles dauntless and brilliant courage, strict and successful discipline, and the highest qualities of command. Prof. Michie, revered authority, said of him:

"No one can read the story of his brilliant career without concluding that he had a real genius for war, together with all the theoretical and practical knowledge which anyone could acquire in regard to it. He was the equal if not the superior of Hoche, Desaix or Skobeleff, in all the military accomplishments and virtues, and up to the time when he was disabled by the disease which caused his death, he was, all things considered, the most accomplished soldier in our service. His life was pure and upright, his bearing chivalric and commanding, his conduct modest and unassuming, and his character absolutely without blemish. History cannot furnish a brighter example of unselfish patriotism, or of ambition unsullied by an ignoble thought or an unworthy deed."

After the close of the civil war he addressed himself to the task of interpreting the lessons of that war to his countrymen for the improvement of our military system. Of his own motion he devised a new system of tactics, which, being capable of adoption by a simple military order, was adopted and revolutionized the tactics of the army. On the recommendation of General Sherman he was sent around the world with two associate officers to study the armies of Europe and Asia, and upon his return he made a report which gave the results of all his accumulated experience and observation. He recommended the three battalion formation in cavalry and infantry regiments. He recommended interchangeable service in staff and line, as against the permanent staff department. He recommended examination as a condition to promotion. He recommended the establishment of a general staff and he recommended the general and systematic extension of military education. His recommendations had behind them all the prestige of his brilliant military career. They had the advocacy and support of the great soldier who then commanded the American armies—General Sherman. They embodied the practical lessons of the civil war, and the results of military science throughout the world. Yet his was as the voice of one crying in the wilderness. The government did not even print his report, but with those of his associates it was filed in manuscript and forgotten among the millions of documents in the archives of the war department. General Upton subsequently printed the report himself for the benefit of the public through a private publisher. A copy may now and then be found at a second-hand book store. More than a quarter of a century later and long after death had ended the restless striving of that far-seeing intelligence, other men working out the same problems with which he dealt, found the sanity and wisdom of his conclusions and gave them effect. Were Upton living today, still upon the active list of the army, he would see all of the great reforms for which he contended substantially secured. The three-battalion system, the interchangeability of staff and line, examinations for promotion, and now, by the wisdom of the present congress, the establishment of a general staff, and the completion of the system of military education under the controlling body which will find its permanent home in the building whose corner stone we lay today.

Many another officer has studied and strived and written and appealed in vain for improvements in the military service and has passed away, and his work have been forgotten. The helplessness of the single individual who seeks to improve a system has settled into hopelessness. The wisdom acquired in each officer's experience has been buried with him. Only an institution perpetual, but always changing in its individual elements, in which by conference and discussion a concensus of mature and matured opinion can be reached, can perpetuate the results of individual effort, secure continuity of military policy and command for its authorized, conclusive expressions of military judgment upon military questions, the respect and effectiveness to which that judgment is entitled. I am sure that I speak truly when I say the presidents, congresses, and secretaries of war invariably desire such aid in the performance of their duties; and for this I look with hope and confidence to the general staff of the army and its great adjunct, the war college, which we are now establishing.

SPEECH BY GEN. YOUNG.

Maj. Gen. S. M. B. Young, president of the war college, then delivered the following address:

It is said by one of the most careful writers and military students of our Mother Country that the main qualities which characterize the American soldier from the European soldier are shrewdness, strength, valor and personal intelligence. The natural initiative of the American and the general fearlessness of responsibility are as conspicuous among the soldiers as in the nation at large.

"When we contemplate the colossal sacrifice of human life in the Federal and Confederate armies during the civil war, on the altar of patriotism and love of country, for principles which, although diametrically opposed, were equally dear to their hearts, we are profoundly impressed with the inheritance of grand qualities in our people which enable them to give their lives a willing sacrifice for their country. This unselfish patriotism displayed by the soldiers of the world. Neither Northerner nor Southerner considered his life the most precious of earthly possessions.

"The children of these men are as much as may be to become the beneficiaries of this war college directly, indirectly, or remotely. We owe it to them that they shall have fair opportunity for discipline of the mind; for improving and fostering those inherent qualities which gave birth to our nation; which guarded us in our infancy; which sustained us in childhood, and which carried us to where we stand today, the leading nation of the world. We owe it to the memory of those brave psatriots who sacrificed their lives on the field of glory that we might live and enjoy the government of the most beneficient of nations. Rather than assume that soldiers are consumed by an inordinate and bloodthirsty ambition, it is better to believe that a man who has been brought up from his youth to render loyal obedience is less likely to run counter to constituted authority than one who has not. Our armies in Cuba, in Porto Rico and in the Philippines turned over their conquests to civil officers as soon as war had ceased.

"The solid foundation of the unselfish patriotism of the American soldier is his great pride in the manhood of his race.

"Having gained this prominence among nations, we must be diligent and vigilant to maintain this supremacy by a studious, righteous and just system of national administration and international relations.

"In all nations war is the instrument of diplomacy; in our country the soldier is the servant of the state. There is, then, a logical reason for this institution for the laying of whose corner stone we are assembled here today under the shadow of the capitol of our country.

"The art of war is difficult. To apply strategic principles correctly the commander must be able to accommodate strategy to political exigencies. He must have a clear knowledge of men, as well as of questions of supplies and transportation in all their numerous branches; of sanitation, and of every detail concerning the moral and physical well-being of his troops. But as it is impossible for a commander to personally superintend all the details necessary to the thorough preparation of an army for efficient field operations, he must be surrounded by an efficient staff—a body of trained officers, who have studied and worked out to a successful solution all problems in these questions, and who realizes the enormous responsibilities that rest on the commander who has in his keeping not only the lives of the patriotic soldiers, but the honor and life of his government. The fate of a battle may sometimes depend on a matter that would appear of small importance to the uneducated soldier. Knowledge gained by study, or born of experience, or that which is better—study and experience—is essential in preparation for war. The best means to avert war is to be fully prepared for it. When war is inevitable it should be made quick, and the contest should be made as short, sharp and decisive as the full power of our government and the best ability of our country could make it. It is the duty of the war college board to carry out the intentions and purposes of our honored commander in chief and his most worthy secretary of war, to see to it that the young officers of our army shall have full opportunity for attaining a high grade of efficiency in their chosen profession, and that our army is comparable to the armies of the world as our government compares with the other governments."

Grand Master Walker, assisted by the other officers of the grand lodge of Masons of the District of Columbia, then laid the corner stone of the new building, in accordance with the impressive ritual of the Masonic fraternity. The ceremonies were concluded by a benediction, pronounced by Bishop Satterlee.

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HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

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Marquette & Arizona Mining Company.

A Great Proposition put before the public. Its like has not been offered since the flotation of the famous Calumet & Arizona property, on the trend of the ore body of the Warren Mining District, Arizona

READ EXPERT TESTIMONY:

Bisbee, Arizona, Jan. 13, 1903.
Emil Marks, Esq., Bisbee, Arizona.

Dear Sir:—Regarding the thirty-seven claims lately acquired by the Marquette and Arizona Mining company, will say that I am familiar with the property, having been over the ground a great many times, and I consider the property a valuable one, and it certainly merits the expenditures necessary to put it on a paying basis. The fact is conceded that you are directly in the trend of the ore bodies in the Bisbee District. I have myself been over the ground from Bisbee, for 20 miles south, and have found, not only the best of indications, but good copper ore, with very little intermission the entire distance.

Through the Marquette property and

To reiterate, I think you have a good thing, and I certainly wish you the success which I am sure will follow the development work. Very truly yours, GEO. C. CLARK, E. M.

Bisbee, Arizona, Dec. 20, 1902.
Mr. Emil Marks, Bisbee, Arizona.

Dear Sir:—I am pleased to note by the papers, that you have been instrumental in organizing the Marquette and Arizona Mining Company, which I understand will develop a group of claims just south of those owned by the Copper Glance company.

I consider these claims very choice property, as the formations, together with the surface showing you have, are almost identical with those of our Copper Glance Company.

I believe with sufficient development your property will develop into a paying mine. Wishing you the best of success I am, Yours truly,

S. W. CLAWSON.

Mr. Clawson is underground superintendent of the Copper Queen Mining Company of Bisbee, Arizona.

EMIL MARKS, President, Bisbee, Arizona.
JOS. J. WIRTZ, Secretary, Marquette, Mich.
LOUIS GRABOWER, Treasurer, Marquette, Mich.
LUTHER L. LINDAUER, Kaukauna, Wis.
ALBERT HORNSTEIN, Marquette, Mich.
SHELLEY B. JONES, Marquette, Mich.
LAWRENCE CHRISTIANSON, Bisbee, Arizona.

References: First National Bank, Marquette; Marquette County Savings Bank; Bank of Bisbee, Bisbee, Arizona; Miners & Merchants Bank, Bisbee, Ariz.

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Will lease you a 5 acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years.

Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.

200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.

Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

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REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

THREE GREAT BARGAINS!

First—A seven-room house at 1702 New street. Nice warm house, newly painted and new roof. Price with 50 foot lot $1200 or with two lots..... **$1400**

Street improved. House alone cost and worth more than price asked.

Second—Eight-room house and two lots 50x150 feet at Hunter's Park, the most desirable residence part of Duluth. Hardwood finish downstairs, fur. piece, etc. also barn. Price..... **$2000**

On monthly payments if desired. House done cost over $2000.

Third—New building with two flats of 5 rooms each. Modern, good plumbing, stone foundation. Upper side Fifth street overlooking Portland Square. Beautiful location, will always rent to no big interest. Price..... **$3550**

Building alone cost price asked.

INVESTIGATE THE ABOVE.
WE HAVE OTHERS.
MONEY TO LOAN.

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Three-story basement brick building, known as 14, 16 and 18 East Michigan street; 75 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Steam heat, two elevators, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Each floor has carrying capacity of 180 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession.

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Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St

$1100 Buys full lot with small building. Jefferson street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues East.

Ten-room house on Pittsburgh avenue, near Second avenue West, on easy terms. Cheap acre property.

J. W. SHELLENBERGER,
507 Palladio Building.

AN OPPORTUNITY

of a life time. How often do you hear people say, "I could have bought this or that at such and such a price," naming a few dollars, for properties now immensely valuable. Some man did do it, and today is counting his wealth by tens and perhaps hundreds of thousands.

$50 cash and $5 a month, without interest, for fifty-four months, will buy five acres of land near Woodland. There is no better land for market garden purposes in St. Louis county, is comparatively level and free from rock and has a nice spring brook running through it. Can be cleared and made ready for cultivation at a very small expense.

We give you immediate possession of the land with permission to go on and improve and use it. You can raise enough on one acre, in one season, to pay for the whole five acres.

We can sell you a ten acre tract for $50 cash, and $10 a month on the same terms.

There is a rare opportunity for a small and safe investment. An opportunity to save and invest a few dollars every month which in a short time, will provide you with a home, where you can live in ease and comfort. Let us show you this land.

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HOUSES AND LOTS.

We have several good homes at Lakeside and Lester Park that are to be sold CHEAP, and on easy terms. Also some BIG BARGAINS in building lots on graded streets. With water, and sewer. See us for lots on Park Point.

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4½ and 5 PER CENT Money to Loan

"On or Before"

R. M. Newport,

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DEALING IN FARM LANDS IS BRISK

Thousands of Acres Change Hands Since First of Year.

Duluth Realty Has Been Active This Week In Spite of Cold.

The feature in realty deals most remarkable thus far this year has been the brisk movement of farm lands in St. Louis and Carlton counties. There has been, possibly, more acreage sold in the past month than during the same period of the season in the history of the Northwest. More acreage has been sold, in fact than during many monthly periods of the past season. The local land companies are having practically all the business they can attend to these days and the rate with which various portions of the agricultural lands of this county are being settled speaks for their success.

The Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, alone, has sold since Jan. 1, between 14,000 and 15,000 acres of St. Louis and Carlton county lands, a very small percentage of which has gone to any other than actual settlers. One party, comprised of five German families, from Rice county, bought 1260 acres in townships 50-20 and 50-21. One of the settlers is putting in a small sawmil.

* * *

The local land companies report a greater demand than ever for timber lands. This demand comes mostly from people who have been residing in the prairie country. Inquiry is made daily by South Dakota people who have been getting crops of from seven to ten bushels of wheat to the acre and who are seeking agricultural lands elsewhere. South Dakota farm lands are still high in price and the people who come here claim that it is almost like finding money to pick up good acreage in the northern counties at from $4 to $8 per acre. Very liberal terms are being offered as extra inducements to prospective settlers.

The Boston and Duluth Farm Land company expects a large party here next week from the western part of this state. Mr. Kuehnow stated yesterday that the Boston and Duluth Farm Land company is also a heavy purchaser of St. Louis and Carlton county lands, in fact has to keep buiying lands in order to meet the demands of its business. The company has been picking up quite a number of partially improved lands and reselling them to settlers who are willing to put more money into acreage. Recently it sold some lands out toward Hermantown for as high as $50 per acre. The people coming here have money with which to buy lands. Some of them have sold good improved farms in the southern part of the state or in adjoining states and are seeking places to invest the proceeds in new acreage, which will in time be capable of the same improvement.

* * *

One of the advantages which new settlers in this section find over the prairie country and older settled portions of the state is that they can be earning the year around here. After the labor on the crops and farm truck of the summer and fall season, the settler can either cut wood and ties from his own lands or put his teams and his labor at the service of the logging contractors and get fancy prices for the winter months. These are conditions which offer the St. Louis county settler an earning capacity for twelve months in the year.

* * *

Another good feature about these opportunities offered in Northern Minnesota is that the lands now being sold by the land companies are nearly all located close to one of the many railroads traversing this section, either the regular rail lines or the new logging roads. All these offer facilities for getting farm produce out to market. The proximity of the city offers any St. Louis county farmer the best market possible for his produce at high prices. The amount of farm produce that is sold direct to the people in the city is increasing every year, and those who are in a position to know say that the amount is already astonishingly large.

* * *

Quite a colony is being started north of Pike Lake by people from Webster, S. D. These people are living at Pike Lake this winter while they build their homes and make improvements on their new lands.

The land companies are bringing into the county the best class of settlers, mostly German and Scandinavian farmers from other states, but there are some flourishing colonies started of Polanders and of Bohemians. "Start one Polander or Bohemian in the farming business in this county," said a farm land dealer yesterday, "and it will not be many months before he has quite a colony of his relatives and his friends located on lands all around him.

* * *

Local realty dealers report a lively business during the past week, in spite of the intensely cold weather, which would be supposed to keep the home-seekers indoors. The deals have been more in the nature of new business, however, and not much of it has been negotiated to a point where the people interested care to give it publicity. Demand for vacant property in good locations of the city continues unabated, and the local architects are working overtime on plans and estimates for new homes and other new buildings this year. Many of the estimates are being prepared for people who will build if the cost does not exceed a certain amount they have set a sthe limit, while there are quite a number who are getting the estimates with the view of borrowing the money with which to build. Uncertain conditions as to transportation facilities across the canal has caused a little flurry in the house and flat demand during the past few days. Agencies are finding no trouble in placing desirable houses and flats at the present time, providing the lessee can get fuel.

* * *

A. C. Volk & Co. sold this week two lots on Second street, near Twelfth avenue east, for $1500, and fifty feet on Superior street, near Seventh avenue east, for $2500. The company has also made some good sales in New Duluth property.

* * *

Young & Nystrom are getting out the plans for the remodeling of the school house at Mountain Iron. There will be a five-room addition, with corridors.

* * *

There is a surprisingly large amount of range business coming to the local architects this season. The prospects are good for a large amount of building in nearly all of the principal range towns. There will be some expensive public buildings to go up this year, besides a large number of moderate-priced residences.

* * *

Carl E. Nystrom, who recently bought some property at Fifteenth avenue east and Third street, with the view of building a home, has decided to put up three houses instead, and is now preparing the plans for the same. The buildings will be two-story, of brick, and will contain all the modern improvements.

* * *

J. J. Wagenstein will have the plans for the new Cook building in the hands of the contractors this coming week. The building will be erected on the lower side of Superior street, between Second and Third avenues west.

* * *

Whitney Wall reports the sale this week of a lot on Second street, in Wooster's division, to Suzanne Schlidt, for about $1075.

* * *

Stack Bros., of this city, have secured the contract for the heating and plumbing of the new school house at Buhl. Radcliffe & Scoville, architects. The contract amounts to about $3100. The contract for the superstructure went to F. L. Redfield, of Cloquet. Radcliffe & Scoville have plans out for a $6000 residence for D. C. Rood, of Hibbing.

* * *

One of the largest local realty sales to go on record this week was the transfer from Graham and William Lusk, of New York; Cleveland Moffett, of Paris, France, to Edward McLaughlin, Abner Brotherton, Peter McAlpin, and William Quinn, of the southerly 85 feet of No. 19 East Superior street, First division. The consideration was $11,000.

* * *

There has been quite an activity in timber lands the past week, and the total transfers will foot up to over $50,000.

* * *

The Globe Investment company has bought lot 1, block 13, Lester Park, from Famnie Burris. The consideration was $2250.

* * *

Only one building permit was issued this week, that for a 700 addition to the O. K. Weinman store building, at Fifteenth avenue east and Superior street.

* * *

Transfers during the week were as follows:

John A. Morse et ux to John McAlpine, und ½ of lands in section 17 and 20, township 6-19, sections 5 to 10 inclusive, 15, 15, 17, 18, 21, township 63-20, section 31-67-20, section 35-68-20 and all interest in sw¼ ne¼ section 31-67-20 17,000

Eldridge M. Fowler to Oliver Mining company, timber on se¼ se¼ section 7; sw¼ sw¼ section 8; e½ ne¼ section 18-57-19 1,000

Mesaba Iron company to Robert B. Whiteside, timber on nw¼ se¼ section 9; nw¼ se¼ section 18; se¼ ne¼, e½ se¼, sw¼ se¼, section 19; ne¼, e½ nw¼, sw¼ nw¼, n½ se¼, sw¼ section 20-60-12; and lands in sections 13, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 33, 34, township 60-13..... 5,000

L. M. Erickson et al to John Christensen, w½ lot 81, East Fifth street, Duluth proper 825

William J. Wallace et ux to Spruce Mining company, lots 5 and 8, and e½ se?, section 25-64-14..... 1,200

Mary Vanvick et mar to Carl Newman, w½ lot 29, block 87, Duluth proper, Third division 200

John Holmberg et ux to Erick Ostlund, n½ lot 32, block 49, Virginia 125

Z. S. Parls et mar to William M. Doughten, lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 77, Endion; lots 1 to 4, block 13, Cremer's addition 1

William M. Doughton to D. H. Paris, same 1

Fannie H. Burris et mar to Globe Investment company, lot 1, block 13, Lester Park, Second division 2,250

Julia M. Landon to Caroline Ittis, s½ lot 5, and lot 6, block 18, West Duluth, First division 450

Same to W. H. Killin, w½ lot 5, block 18, West Duluth, First division 150

Martin Ness to Louis Arneson, westerly 5 feet lot 19, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First division. 50

Louis Arneson to John Schmaus, northerly 25 feet lot 17 and northerly 25 feet of westerly 5 feet of lot 18, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First division 1,500

John Shea to Chester McKusick, lot 4, section 19-52-15..... 50

Ann Fallon et mar to same, sw¼ ne¼, and lot 3, section 10-52-15.... 325

Western Land association to Roland D. Haven, lots 457, 458, block 83, Duluth Proper, Second division 475

Graham Lusk et al to Edward J. McLaughlin et al, southerly 85 feet of lots 17, 18, East First street, Duluth Proper, First division 11,000

Cornelius Lines et ux to E. C. Beebe, lot 1, section 18-69-17..... 2

Richard Hannan et ux to Robert Maxwell, lot 10, block 10, Hibbing 1

William R. Wright to I. T. Burnside, lot 7, block 16, West Duluth, Sixth division 118

E. T. Grannis to Globe Investment Co., e½ lot 3, block 144, London addition 875

P. C. Oulette et ux to George W. Spindler, part of lots 62 and 64, block 83, Duluth Proper, Third division 1,250

M. P. Larrabee et ux to John McAlpine, timber on w½ ne¼, se¼ nw¼, section 3, and lot 1, section 4-64-20 1,500

E. E. Beebe to T. J. Walsh, timber on lot 1, section 28-69-17..... 1,400

Paul Brown to H. A. McCurdy, lot 25, block 6, Marine division .. 100

Max Shapiro et ux to Andrew Sardquist, lot 19, block 22, Eveleth 550

F. A. Robinson, trustee, to Matt Jarvinen, lot 3, block 30, Eveleth. 160

Joseph C. Fickein et ux to William J. Moore, lot 5, block 22; lot 23, block 25, Virginia 250

Guy A. Eaton et ux to William F. Brooke, timber on lot 4, sw¼ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼, section 3; ne¼ se¼ section 9-69-20 775

William Pawarinta et ux to Edw. J. McLaughlin, timber on se¼ se¼ section 19-60-15..... 300

L. A. Ball et ux to M. J. H. Gross, lots 2 and 3, section 7-56-20 150

George F. Reynolds et ux to L. A. Ball, same 15

Chas. P. Craig & Co. to Fabiola Marion: lot 11, block 31, Duluth Heights, Sixth division 125

Central Land Association to L. R. Mendenhall: lot 10 and east 3 feet of lot 12, West Third street, Duluth proper 30,000

Mary Burke to Sattler Liquor Co.: lot 2, block 26, Virginia 80

Duluth Banking Co. to Telesphare Pinsonnault: lot 19, block 21, Marine division 600

Nik Ulasic et ux to Frank Trampush: lot 8, block 31, Eveleth.... 735

C. H. Maginnis et ux to W. C. Gilbert: lot 4, sec. 18-60-20, nw¼ of ne¼ section, 15, lot 2 section 21-60-21 600

Same to same: se¼ of nw¼, section 20-60-21 240

Frank S. Dane et ux to E. N. Dennis: lot 2, block 14½, Biwabik.... 600

C. A. Blackmarr to Geo. H. Carlson: lot 19, block 4, Proctorknot 150

John Redford et ux to F. L. Cowen: lots 5 and 6, block 13, Ely 1,000

William Scott et ux to John Bedford: lot 6, block 13, Ely 1

August Sandberg et ux to Andrew Sandquist: lot 10 block 37 Eveleth 500

Richard A. Costelle et ux to Chas. H. Maginnis lot 9 and 10, block 40, Portland 6,000

C. H. Maginnis et ux to Milliken & McGuire, sw¼ nw¼ section 27; nw¼ sw¼ section 28; ne¼ nw¼ section 33-68-21 750

Frank Trampush et ux to Saephen Pashleh, lot 24, block 4, Buhl..... 370

Luretta Ridgway Martin et mar to Thomas Thorburn, lot 12, block 39, Portland 900

George O'Callaghan et ux to Julius Shandelling, lot 5, block 26, Virginia 2,425

Frank R. Webber et ux to Richard C. Sloan, southerly 35 feet of northerly 70 feet of lots 15, 16, block 20, Marine division 250

Fred Gnonthea et ux to Olando Lewis, lot 2, block 9, Bay View Heights addition, No. 1..... 825

Bert Fesler et ux to Edward Farquhar, lots 1, 4, 7, 9, 10, 11, block 2, Longeller's re-arrangment of block "D" Endlon division..... 1

J. D. Ensign to Luretta Ridgway Martin, lot 12, block 39, Portland

Andrew R. Sheriff to Katherine E. L. Martin, sw¼ ne¼ section 17-51-14 1

County Auditor to Charles R. Stal, e½ sw¼ section 30-50-20 1

Emma E. Tyson et mar to F. G. Bigelow, nw¼ nw¼ section 25-59-14, s½ se¼ section 27-59-14, nw¼ nw¼ section 29-59-14, e½ ne¼ section 31-59-14, ne¼ se¼ section 21-59-14, s½ se¼ section 19-61-16, nw¼ se¼ section 17-61-16 1

Peter Schroeder to Leon E. Lum, part of Banning's tract, being parcel No. 4, referee's plat of Minnesota Point, being a part of lot 13, section 49-14 1

Anna M. Frederickson to Abbie Aagard, lots 160, 161, 162, 163, 166, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 174, 175, 176 and 177, Eighth street, Fond du Lac 1

Hannah Cain et mar to Globe Investment company, lot 429, block 119, Duluth Proper, Second division 1,800

T. Franklin Phelps to L. M. Erickson, e½ of lot 4, block 51, Endion 500

Ellen S. Wooster et mar to Suzane Schlidt, lot 13, block 5, Wooster division 1,000

Southern Townsite company to Arthur P. Silliman, lots 23, 24, 25, 26, block 13, lots 28 to 32, block 12, Hibbing 520

Same parties, lots 9, 10, 8, 9, block 15; lots 27, 28, 29, block 14, Hibbing 490

Same parties, lots 25 to 28, block 12, Hibbing 240

George H. Gamble et ux to John McAlpine, timber on s½ ne¼, nw ¼ se¼, ne¼ sw¼, e½ se¼ section 33-52-15 5,000

JORDAN IS BETTER.

New York, Feb. 21.—The condition of Conrad M. Jordan, the assistant United States treasurer, who has been reported seriously ill at his home in this city, is said by his physician to be somewhat improved.

$550 on easy terms will take lot 40x125, upper side Helm street, between 28th and 29th avenues W. Street has all improvements. Cheap lots everywhere. Let us write your fire insurance.

$535 Will buy a lot 25x100 on Lake avenue North, near Fifth street. Street has all improvements, water, sewer and gas. A genuine snap and must go.

Geo. H. Crosby,

106-7-8 Providence Bldg.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 13th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander C. MacKenzie, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Roderick McKenzie of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Alexander C. MacKenzie, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1903, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the father of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Roderick McKenzie granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 16th day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 14-21-28, 1903.

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President. JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.
C. A. CONGDON, Vice President. WM. G. HEGARDT, Ass't Cashier
ISAAC S. MOORE, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

The American Exchange Bank

OF DULUTH, MINN.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Capital, $500,000.00 Surplus, $200,000.00

We issue certificates of deposit allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum from date of deposit, on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

We invite the accounts and collections of banks, bankers, corporations, firms and individuals

DIRECTORS:

T. F. COLE, Pres. Oliver Mining Co. and Minnesota Iron Co.
G. A. TOMLINSON, Vessel Owner.
W. C. AGNEW, Manager Mahoning Mine.
JAMES DAVIDSON, Vessel Owner, Bay City, Mich.
S. G. KNOX, Knox Lumber Co.
A. GOWAN, Lumber, Pres. Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
KENNETH CLARK, Pres. Merchants Nat. Bank, St. Paul.
H. M. PEYTON, Peyton, Kimball & Barber.
C. A. CONGDON, Billson & Congdon.
J. D. ENSIGN, Judge District Court.
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.

$6300 Takes modern four flat building in East End, earning 15 per cent. A snap.

$1300 Takes fine 75-foot corner on Twenty-first avenue East. Houses and lots in all parts of city.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

$3000 for West Michigan street lot near Eleventh avenue, 50x140 feet, ½ improved and earns $25 a month. This is cheap, lying between the two business centers. No Rock.

$300 to $600 for some good Endion Division lots, below Superior street.

$5000 for a brick building in Virginia, Minn., rented for three years to a solid party at $900 a year. A fine investment in a growing young city.

$40000 for a desirable Superior street property, earning net 7 per cent.

D. W. SCOTT,

10 Mesaba Block.

EAST END RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Nine rooms, hard wood floors in most of the rooms, hard wood finish, grates, heating plant unsurpassed, all modern conveniences. Beautiful shade trees, barn and either fifty or one hundred feet frontage in a desirable location. A delightful home. Price given on application. Terms reasonable.

OTHER ATTRACTIVE HOUSES FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,

400 BURROWS BUILDING.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Lowest rates. No delay in closing loans.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.

ECHO MINING CO.

DERRIG & GUNNISS

409-410 Torrey Bldg.
BOTH 'PHONES.

Bakers, Attention!

We will equip a store for a modern bakery in a new flat building about to be erected in a centrally located residence district.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

1 Exchange Building.

STORE FOR RENT

Good brick building,
No. 515 E. Fourth st.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,

309 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

We have the stock

LOOK OUT! LOOK OUT!

Crooked River is liable to take a very sudden rise when the snow begins to melt in Idaho. For latest reports see, write, 'phone or wire

THE WILLIAM KAISER COMPANY
106 Palladio Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv.. Proctor ..Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
..	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar... Virginia ..Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:20	Ar... Eveleth ..Lv.	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar.... Sparta ..Lv.	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar.. Biwabik ..Lv.	....	12:12
6:34	11:05	Ar.. Hibbing ..Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.... Duluth ....Ar.	12:00	6:30
1:25	7:25	Ar ... Virginia ....Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar.... Eveleth ....Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:05	7:55	Ar.... Ely ....Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive.
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†	2:00 p.m.
* 11:10 p.m.		*	6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	*	6:45 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana.	*	7:30 a.m.
2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	*	12:40 p.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail	Ar. *10:00 a.m.
	All Points East.	
8:15 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL	Ar. 7:55 p.m.
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 4:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:00 a m
b 7:55 p m		b 7:10 p m
a 11:00 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

HOTELS.

Below is a list of the representative hotels of Duluth, which will be found strictly first class in every particular:

St. Louis Hotel

J. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
Strictly first class in all appointments.
105 rooms and baths. DULUTH, MINN

New Building New Equipment.
RATES, $2.00 AND $2.50
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 20th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of William H. Carey, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of John R. Carey, administrator of the estate of said William H. Carey, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, Minnesota, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 20th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the court,
(Seal.) J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 21-28, March 7, 1903.

If You Have ANYTHING TO SELL —THE— Want Columns of The Herald WILL SELL IT FOR YOU.

IF YOU WISH A SERVANT —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET ONE FOR YOU.

THE HERALD'S WANTS WILL SATISFY THE PEOPLE'S WANTS

IF YOU DESIRE A POSITION —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET IT FOR YOU.

If You Wish TO RENT Your Property —THE— Want Columns of The Herald. WILL RENT FOR YOU

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$3500 10-room house on West Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Rental value $40 per month.

$2000 six-room house on East Fifth street, near Second avenue East. Water and bath.

$2750 7-room house on Fourth avenue East, near Fifth street. Water, sewer, bath, stone basement. Lot 88x166.

$5500 Brick Flat with all modern conveniences East End.

$6000 9-room house near Eleventh avenue East on First street, all modern conveniences. Good bargain.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

For Investors

$9000 Gilt edge first mortgage on central business property for sale by

A. W. Taussig & Co.

305 Providence Building.

$650 Lot 25x140 feet on Fourth street, between 15th and 15th avenues East.

$825 Five room house on Sixth street, near Eighth avenue East.

$950 Four room house on Sixth street, street near Third avenue East.

$3600 One of the best houses on Fifth street. Central. Rents for $40 per month.

$675 Lot 25x140 on Fifth street, Centrally.

$3350 Buys a good nine-room house in best location, West End. Rents for $35 per month.

$750 Takes a fine 50-foot lot near Twenty-first avenue.

$1250 For an eight-room house on Seventh street, 21st avenue.

$700 Nine-room house on 19½ avenue West.

$1250 Eight-room house in West Park.

$1175 Eight room house in Oneota.

Several properties in West Duluth and some choice acre tracts near town at low prices.

O. G. Olson, 415 Burrows Bldg.

The Rent of Moderate Priced Property Is Going to be Higher

Because houses that are renting for from $6 to $15 a month cannot be built and pay on the cost, taxes, insurance, repairs and a profit to the owner, to say nothing of an allowance for time, buildings are vacant and a natural depreciation of value. An increasing population will require more room and the rent will be pushed up to a price that will be an incentive for some one to build more of that class of houses.

We have about 30 houses of moderate value which have been thoroughly repaired from the ground up by first-class workmen, with first-class material, which we are willing to sell with a small cash payment down and the balance on easy payments. You cannot afford to put off beginning to get a home any longer. Call at the office for further particulars.

CHAN. SMITH, Secretary,
100 Torrey Building.

MUST BE SOLD!

50 feet on East Third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues east. No better property for sale today for immediate improvement.

25 by 140 feet, corner Third avenue east and First street. If this property is properly improved it will pay a handsome return on investment.

Lot well located in East End, with street improvements made and paid for. If you are interested in any of the above, see us at once.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

INSURANCE, LOANS AND REAL ESTATE

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

208 First National Bank Building.

40 lots in West Duluth, beautiful location. You can double your money soon **$1500**

8-room house on Seventh avenue East. Lot 50x75. Water and sewer **$2000**

50 feet on East 4th St., improved; rents $40 monthly **$4000**

200 feet on East 1st St., beautiful site for fine home **$8000**

E. D. FIELD CO., 203 Exchange Building.

More Real Estate Bargains:

$1700 Eight large rooms, fine condition, for one family or two; stone foundation, good cellar; lot 75x20 feet. Only three blocks from court house.

$1000 New five-room house, city water, good barn; lot 40x145 feet. Near street car barn, West End.

$1500 Good six-room house, city water; all street improvements made; good barn. West End.

$1250 Nine rooms; city water; large lot. West End.

$500 Ten acres choice land; all improved; near city.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg. 'Phone 785.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

REMOVAL.

We have removed to 102 and 103 Providence Building.

7-room house, No. 322 Third avenue West **$2600**

25 feet on First street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues West; lays perfect, and very cheap.

7-room house, stone foundation, within five blocks of the postoffice; easy terms; price **$1200**

7-room house in West Duluth; would cost $1200 to build now; good location; can be bought for cash **$700**

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE —also on furniture, pianos and personal property of all kinds without removal or publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1, 5:30 to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN; ANY AMOUNT. J. P. Rossman. 712 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city. MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY. 206 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

NOTICE

OF BIDS FOR CONSTRUCTING INTAKE PIPE AND WELL AND PUMPING AND ELECTRIC LIGHT STATION AT TWO HARBORS, MINNESOTA.

By order of the Village Council of the village of Two Harbors, Minn., sealed proposals will be received at the office of the village recorder of said village at 113 Poplar street, therein, on Monday, March 2, 1903, until 7:30 o'clock p. m. of said day, for furnishing all material and labor for, and the building and constructing in place of, a twenty inch cast iron intake pipe, 620 feet in length, also a well and a brick or stone building for a pumping and electric light station, according to plans, drawings and specifications on file in the office of the village recorder of said village.

A certified check to the amount of 5 per cent of the proposed price must accompany each bid to entitle it to consideration and an approved surety company bond equal in amount to the contract price will be required of the successful bidder.

The village council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Two Harbors, Minn., Feb. 10, 1903.

(Corporate seal.) F. E. EVANS, Village Recorder, Two Harbors, Minn.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 14th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Adolph Hirsch, Deceased;

On receiving and filing the petition of Telza B. Hirsch, of the county of St. Louis, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Adolph Hirsch, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1903, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a daughter and sole heir of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to John F. McCarthy, granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 14-21-28, 1903.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 6th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Ferdinand Krebs, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Ferdinand Krebs, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Alvina Krebs,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 11th day of May, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 7-14-21, 1903.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co

$2500 6-room house, corner lot, 100 by 140. On London Road, in Lester Park.

$2000 7-room house, stone foundation, hard wood floors, lot 50 by 140, good barn. East End.

$1800 7-room house, full 50-foot lot on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue West.

$1900 6-room house, hard wood floors, 50-foot lot, Fourth street and 22nd avenue West.

$1600 7-room house, water sewer, porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl, centrally located, easy terms.

$950 7-room house, good barn, lot 25 by 140, near Franklin school.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

PERSONAL.

THE HAMILTON BED SPRING TIGHTening company. Folding beds a specialty. Work guaranteed, 626 West Superior street.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRADle to grave; what I tell you comes true. Send dime and birthdate. Professor J. Myers, Drawer 704, Chicago.

LADIES! $500 REWARD FOR ANY case of obstinate, abnormal suppression, in pathology, from any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless, vegetable, safe, sure. How long uppressed? $100 reward for any other remedy advertised that will relieve one in twenty treated. Dr. Jackson R. Co., Crilly building, Chicago, Ill. Corporation. Paid up capital, $50,000.

LADIES! USE OUR HARMLESS REMedy for delayed or suppressed menstruation; it cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

HANDSOME AND INTELLIGENT American lady, immensely wealthy, but lonely, wants immediately, honest, capable husband, as advisor and protector. Address Vera, 407 Temple building, St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE—MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE a spiritual test meeting Sunday evening, Feb. 22, at Agen Hall, corner Tower, West Superior.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., Box 367, Duluth, Minn.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills **Are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other.** Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by **Return Mail. Ask your druggist.**
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

J. P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take a dollar bottle of Joven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results and create profound wonder. This medicine has more rejuvinating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1. 27 Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

Savings Department of the City National Bank
Open This Evening from 6 to 8 o'clock.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

DRESS MAKING.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING AND ladies' tailoring. Miss M. Hoff, 126 Mesaba avenue.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

IMPORT OF 1902. FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONal Bank bldg. Phones, Zen., 83; Dul., 544.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUY WHEAT AND CORN

$100.00 invested in Grain or Stocks by our "Safety Valve Plan" should result in a profit of $600.00 to $1000 within 30 days. Write for particulars and send for our free book, "Modern Methods For Safe Investments." Richard Oliver & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

$5 TO $50 PER MONTH BUYS STOCK in 100 different companies. Double your money in ninety days. Impossible to lose. Gigantic combination of small investors. No margin, turf or gambling scheme. American Corporation Trust, Denver, Col.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old, 705-5.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

COMPLETE WOODS OUTFITS, CHEAP; tent, snow shoes, camp utensils, new rifle. 109 Second avenue east.

FOR SALE — UNDIVIDED FIVE acres or more at $10 per acre in section 20, town 55, range 10, Lake county, Minn., on the Highland range. F. P. Swanstrom & Co., 630 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — YOUNG AND HEAVY acclimated horse. Call 622 Garfield avenue.

SALE OR RENT, TO DESIRABLE family only; new house in East End; sewer, water, gas, electricity, hardwood floors and heat, sanitary plumbing; possession May 1. Also house now building; plans changed to suit purchaser or for tenant on lease for term of years. Address, Owner, W 65, Herald.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF SORREL MARES weighing 2750, harness, wagon and sleigh. Cheap if taken at once, 232 West Second street.

GASOLINE ENGINES—WITH **Diamond Sparkling Points** do not soften or corrode. "Beats them all." Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake Ave., South.

TIMBER THE THING—WHY NOT take an Oregon timber claim? May make you independently wealthy in short time. Join our party. Particulars address 170 Union block, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-FOOT WALNUT roll top desk and two blank cases. Ross L. Mahon, 414 First National Bank building.

FOR SALE—STEAM LAUNDRY. COST $3500; sell at $2500 if taken at once. Doing good business; small expenses; good location. Reason for selling, ill health. Inquire owner, lock box 502, Aitkin, Minn.

Angelus Piano Player $150—
Oak—Perfect condition. $20 cash and $8 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

SODA WATER PAYS LARGE PROFITS —new and second-hand fountains; large line; low prices; easy payments; full instructions to purchasers. Catalogue free. Robert M. Green & Sons., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE — CHEAP — HOUSEHOLD furniture. 310 East Third street.

2,000,000 FEET OF PINE HOMESTEAD or timber claims, Oregon, $150, worth $10,000. U. S. Land, Minneapolis.

Hands'meWaln't Upright $145
Piano, slightly used; $10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE — PHAETON, AT A BARgain. 1428 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

TWENTY-FOOT SAIL BOAT, BUILT last winter. Cheap. P. Schroeder, 505 Board of Trade.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

Mahog'ny Upright Piano $158
Large size—$10 cash and $6 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Good Square Piano—$48.
Sweet tone—$5 cash and $3 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

FAR SALE, CHEAP—COMBINED WALnut case and roll top desk, large drawers, exquisite finish, 617 Torey Bldg.

OREGON TIMBER LAND.

Homestead and Timber and Stone claims located. Fees $100. Estimate runs from three to five million per claim. For references as to our ability and honesty, call or write John Schroeder Lumber Co., Milwaukee, or Burrows block, Duluth; R. G. Anchutz, of Alger-Smith Co., Duluth. For homestead and timber claims call on Clement & King, 510 Woodward street, Roseburg, Ore.

Horses for Sale

Just arrived with a carload draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY — HOUSE AND lot; $100 cash and $20 per month. Address J 6, Herald.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST -- GOLD NUGGET CHARM, SET with small diamond. Liberal reward for its return to 449 Mesaba avenue, or The Herald office.

LOST—LADY'S WATCH AND CHAIN, between Third avenue east and Sixth street, and Thirteenth avenue west and Superior street. Finder return to 120 West Superior street and receive reward.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed, with no damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK, small family, no children. 307 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue East.

COPYING LETTERS AT HOME. $20 PER thousand. The advertising department of a registered company has a large amount of copying to give out. No addressing. No samples to buy. Paper sent in lots of 500 sheets to accepted applicants. Addressed envelope for copy and application blank. Imperial Co., Liberty street, New York.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK. 535 East Second street.

WANTED — COOKS, WAITRESSES, nurse girls, general girls and all kinds of female help. Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east. Both 'phones.

WANTED—TWO LADIES TO REPRESent mail order house, $2 per day. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. $6.50 cash deposit required. Address S 53, Herald.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. 923 West Third street.

WANTED — ELDERLY LADY TO ASsist in taking care of two children. Call or address 303 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

$5.00 PER HUNDRED FOR ADDRESSing envelopes. Send dime and stamp for material and instructions. Steady work. C. E. Miller, Ely building, Chicago.

RUBBER TRICK TACKS. FUNNIEST trick out. Perfectly harmless. Fools everybody. Mailed for 5 cents. Harrinne Novelty Co., Newark, N. J.

LADIES TO DO PIECEWORK AT their homes; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal company, 54 Monroe street, Chicago.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 1422½ East First St.

$12 PER 1000 COPYING LETTERS; MAterials furnished. No deposit. Stamped envelope for particulars. Dept. 38, Crystal Novelty Co., 3812 Indiana avenue, Chicago.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 21 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL, 15 OR 16 for light housework; may sleep home if preferred. 213 East Sixth street, upstairs.

WANTED — SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST in housework in exchange for board. Apply 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL THAT WANTS TO work at meal hours for her board and room. Call at, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF children. 1412 East Fourth street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 3001 East First street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL AND SECond girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Apply mornings 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 13 Fifty-eighth avenue East, Lester Park.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMployment office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED FURNIture finisher at once. Good pay and permanent job for the right man. Apply Superintendent, Panton & White Co.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Advantages of steady practice, expert instructions, lectures, etc., without limit to time. Tools, diplomas, Saturday wages and position given. Spring rush soon. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — THREE TRAVELING men, permanent position; experience unnecessary. Choice of territory. Salary $60 per month. Expenses and large commission. Address Manager Travelers, 385 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

WANTED — ENERGETIC MAN TO represent manager in Minnesota. Salary $73 per month. Expenses advanced. Salary paid direct from office each week. Enclose references and self-addressed envelope. Smith, Manager, 704 Star building, Chicago.

WANTED EVERYWHERE — HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

DETECTIVES — EVERY LOCALITY, good salary, experience unnecessary. International Detective Agency, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED — HONEST, ENERGETIC men to appoint agents, and sell to dealers, farmers, mail other large buyers our poultry mixture. Hee killer, condition powder and hogh cholera remedy. No money required in advance; exclusive territory given; goods extensively advertised; every package guaranteed. Sell repeatedly to same customers; $5 a day sure. Write us at once. Monarch Mfg. Co., Box 2134, Springfield, Ill.

DETECTIVE — SHREWD, RELIABLE man wanted in every locality for profitable secret service. Experience unnecessary. Write, American Detective association, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED — TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in each state to manage business of wealthy corporation; salary $18 each Thursday direct from headquarters; expense money advanced. Manager, 372 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATing oil salesman with established trade. Big inducements to men of ability. The A. G. Harbaugh Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLEbodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

HARDWOOD WORKERS AND EXPERienced cabinet makers wanted. Steady employment. Pearson Boat Construction Co., across the canal.

WANTED—CIGAR SALESMEN; EXperience unnecessary; good pay. Emanuel company, Station "J," New York.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS LUMber graders. Apply at once. 515 West Michigan street.

A SOBER, HONEST, EXPERIENCED cook for the new hotel at Eveleth, Minn. Call on or address, E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

LOST—MANAGER FOR DULUTH for sick and accident insurance company; first-class opening for a good man; call or address Metropolitan Accident Company of Minnesota, Bradley building, St. Paul.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COATMAKers. George H. Brenton. Phoenix block.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED--CONTINUED.

WANTED—TEN GOOD LOCAL CANvassers. Insurance men preferred; big commissions; something entirely new; splendid chance for general agent who can control dozen men. American Annuity Co., 609 New York Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants FREE OF CHARGE. Apply to
W. C. McCARTER,
Business University.

AGENTS WANTED.

ACTIVE PERSON TO WORK AT HOME $36 paid for twelve days' trial; permanent if satisfactory. State religion. Henry Engwall, Lakeside building, Chicago.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERienced lady stenographer and bookkeeper. References furnished. Address O 62, Herald.

A MIDDLE-AGED, EDUCATED LADY (American), desires position as housekeeper for bachelor or widower by April 1. No objection to one or two children. Will leave city. Address N 25, Herald.

A YOUNG LADY WITH SOME EXperience would like position as stenographer. Wages no object to start with. Address D. W., Herald.

NEAT, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADY wants some kind of office work where there is little stenography work to do. Address L. S., Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS MECHANIcal draughtsman. S. 79, Herald.

WANTED, BY YOUNG LADY—POSItion as clerk or cashier in restaurant or confectionery; no objection to leaving city. N 82, Herald.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE. 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 409 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, 328 Third avenue West. Enquire 302 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—713½ EAST FOURTH street. Charles A. Stark, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SPACE IN STORE. 3 WEST Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 217 Second avenue East.

NICE LARGE FRONT ROOM, SUITable for two gentlemen. 231 West Second street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED room. 218 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, modern; gentlemen preferred; private family; very central. 109 Second avenue east, Pastoret terrace.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heated, suitable for ladies or gentlemen. Inquire at 409 Lowell block.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM SUITable for two. Modern, 412 Sixth avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, $2.00 up. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 204 West First street, office upstairs.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED ROOMS central, will allow light house keeping. No children. W. 82, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT AT 326 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, modern. 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board. 222 Third avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 218 West Second street.

ONE LARGE FURNISHED ROOM FOR two or three, with board, 119 East Second street. Modern.

SINGLE OR DOUBLE ROOMS WITH board. 202 West Second street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD. 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED - TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—BY MAY 1, A DEsirable house in East End. G. 4 French, French & Bassett.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDium, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, THE trance medium, of 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior, lectures and gives spirit messages Sunday nights, 7:45, at Columbia hall. Twentieth avenue west and Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1226.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

FINE LINE OF SWITCHES, MANICURing, face massage. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

AUDITING.

AUDITING DONE BY EXPERT ACcountant. Moderate rates. N 18, Herald.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next Meeting Feb. 23rd, 1903. Work Second Degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 29, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 25 1903. Work P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, cornor Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com., City Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Felder Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Social session and Ladies' night Feb. 17; J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES. DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett J. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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THE POWERS TELL THE SULTAN OF TURKEY WHAT HE MUST DO

The Identical Note on the Subject of Reforms In Macedonia Was Presented to the Grand Vizier and By Him Transmitted to Ruler.

Constantinople, Feb. 23.—The identical note on the subject of reforms in Macedonia, presented to the grand vizier Saturday by the Austro-Hungarian and Russian ambassadors, has been translated into Turkish and was handed to the sultan the same evening. The powers recommend, in addition to the appointment of an inspector general of gendarmerie for three years, with ample powers to act independently and to requisition troops in case of emergency and the reorganization of the gendarmerie and police under European instructors; that Christians be admitted into the gendarmerie, in numbers proportionate to the population, without being required to read and write the Turkish language. Amnesty is also demanded for all persons who have been arrested for political offenses. The scheme for administration and financial reforms in Macedonia, as proposed by the powers in the note, besides planning a more equitable collection of taxes, provides that local expenses shall be a first charge on the revenues of each vilayet. In the event of there being a surplus this may be sent to Constantinople. Measures are also demanded for compelling the Albanians to respect the law.

The power which it is proposed to give to the inspector general of gendarmie, whose appointment or recall and whose successor must be confirmed by the powers, thus virtually detaching him from the direct control of the authorities at Constantinople, is almost sure to encounter opposition from the Turkish government. The latter also will most likely object to the proposed financial arrangements and to the basis on which it is planned to recruit the gendarmerie, which, were the suggestions of the powers carried out, would in several instances be practically entirely composed of Christians, owing to their predominance in certain parts of Macedonia. It is understood, however, that the powers are determined to admit of no modification of the reform scheme that demands its application without delay, and that they are prepared to adopt coercive measures to ensure its being scrupulously carried out.

An imperial trade has been issued authorizing the Turkish minister of war to purchase ten additional Maxim rapid-fire guns.

RACE QUESTION CAN BE SETTLED IF POLITICIANS ARE KEPT QUIET

Southern Pastor Says That Since Death of McKinley Meddlesome Politicians Have Undone All the Good Work That Had Been Accomplished.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 23.—Rev. James I. Vance, pastor of the North Reformed church, who recently came here from Nashville, Tenn., referring in his sermon last night to the race question said:

"President McKinley, with a large statesmanship that made him the representative of the entire country, and with a diplomacy that was more than genius, succeeded in obliterating sectional lines, but within a year of his untimely death, through a series of unfortunate incidents, the old jealousies are flaming forth.

"The race question in this country, in so far as it is a negro question, is a Southern question. The Southern people are trying to settle it in the face of difficulties which would stagger a people less brave and hopeful. I believe they will settle it to the ultimate satisfaction of both whites and blacks, if misguided fanatics and meddlesome politicians can be kept quiet.

"There are prejudices in the South, and there are prejudices in the North, East and West. If we knew better each other and each other's conditions we should be more tolerant of honest differences. It is neither sane nor patriotic to conclude that every man who fails to adopt our prejudices is trying to pull down the flag and nullify the constitution."

DRESSED WOUND OF DEADLY COBRA

New York, Feb. 23.—Under skillful treatment at the New York zoological garden, in Bronx park, a deadly cobra, which recently broke his jaw in a fit of violent rage, is on the road to recovery. The dressing on the head of the poisonous creature has been renewed with considerable difficulty. As a sting from the reptile means death, the operation of applying a dressing to the cobra is a most perilous task. The cobra was slumbering when Curator Ditmars cautiously opening the big door thrust in a long wooden pole with two prongs. Pressing this down on the cobra's head he held it prisoner until Keeper Snyder got inside.

The reptile now thoroughly aroused, agitated its tail frantically, but Snyder held its head firmly to the floor, while Ditmars removed the old dressing and replaced it with a new one. The operation took about ten minutes. As the two men slipped away and slammed the door the infuriated reptile made a vicious lunge toward them.

HEAVY VERDICT AGAINST A UNION

London, Feb. 23.—In accordance with an arrangement arrived at between the parties to the suit, the court today awarded the Taffvale Railroad company $115,000 damages against the Amalgamated Society of Railroad Servants.

After a long trial the case of the Taffvale company against the Amalgamated Society of Railroad Servants, involving many questions of great importance to trades unionism, resulted, Dec. 19, in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff. The latter complained of malicious molestation, picketing, intimidation, etc., during the strike of 1900.

GOVERNOR VAN SANT

On Trip To Washington and Being Well Entertained.

Duluth Man Chosen Secretary of the Minnesota Association.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant, wife and son, Grant, arrived in Washington yesterday afternoon and have taken apartments at the Hotel Gordon. Mrs. Van Sant is state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution, of Minnesota, and she comes to Washington to attend the annual convention of the society, which began its session this morning. Governor Van Sant expects to remain in Washington until Thursday, when he will leave for St. Paul. Tonight Mrs. G. G. Rogers, of St. Paul, will tender a reception to the governor and his wife at her apartments in the Cairo. Later in the evening several of the well-known Minnesotans in the departments and representing Minesota newspapers here, will give a little dinner at Harvey's famous restaurant, the menu to consist of Chesapeake oysters and terrapin. During the day Governor Van Sant will call upon Secretary Shaw and will also visit the capitol to pay his respects to numerous friends in the senate and house. Tuesday night the Minnesota association of Washington will give the governor a reception in the office of the Minneapolis Tribune and St. Paul Dispatch.

Mrs. Rising, Miss Catherine Rising and Mrs. G. W. Reays, of Winona, are in Washington attending the Daughters of the American Revolution convention.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota association of Washington was held Saturday night at the Typographic temple. The election of officers resulted in the selection of Frederick A. Johnson, of St. Paul, as president; M. J. Mosley, of Minneapolis, vice president; F. L. Manderfelt, of Duluth, secretary; Col. Francis J. Carmody, treasurer; James P. Greely, financial secretary, and George B. Tallman, of the government printing office, sergeant-at-arms.

PRESENTED WITH SWORD

The People of Indiana Honor Rear Admiral Taylor.

Indianapolis, Feb. 23.—A testimonial sword was presented to Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor, who commanded the battleship Indiana in the Spanish-American war, today by the people of Indiana through the general assembly. Admiral Taylor, his wife and daughter were present.

The presentation sword took place in the north of the main floor of the state at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. O platform were the state officers Governor Durban and especially guests, as well as Admiral Geo Brown, of Indianapolis, who in front of the stand were seats for the members of general assembly and their guests and between the flag-draped-over columns the rotunda ropes were stretched head back the crowd.

Governor Durbin presented the sword and Admiral Taylor responded.

James Whitcomb Riley recited his poem, "Old Glory."

The sword is a beautiful piece of workmanship and cost $1600. The occasion was one of great enthusiasm.

SENATE COMMITTEE

Votes Adversely on Further Investigation In Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The senate committee on Philippines today reported adversely Senator Carmack's resolutions directing the committee to continue the investigation of conditions in the Philippines. The committee decided to report favorably Senator Rawlins' resolutions asking for papers in court-martial cases in the Philippines, but amended it to include only a summary of the cases.

The committee decided not to print the compilation of receipts and expenditures in the islands as it was found the expense would be about $765,000.

A RUSSIAN THANKSGIVING.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 23.—The holy synod has ordained that Feb. 19, old style, March 3, new style the anniversary of the emancipation of the peasants, shall hereafter be celebrated in the orthodox churches by elaborate thanksgiving services, instead of by a single requiem mass. This is regarded as being a highly important action, particularly in view of the present prominence of the peasant question.

RUSSIAN BARK ASHORE.

Fleetwood, Eng., Feb. 23.—The Russian bark Vanadis which sailed from Darien, Ga., Jan. 14 for Fleetwood, is ashore on Hoysham Point, a peninsula between Morecombe bay and the mouth of the Moyne.

ANOTHER STUDENT DEAD.

Paterson, N. J., Feb. 23.—William J. Reinhart, a student of Cornell university, died here last night of typhoid fever, which he contracted at Ithaca. He was 21 years old, and was the son of Dr. Reinhart, the principal of the Paterson high school.

NOMINATIONS.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations: Frank Dillingham, California, consul general at Auckland, N. Z. Postmasters: Michigan—Joseph I. Baird, Marine City; Frank W. Clark, Lake Odessa. Minnesota—Jesse Gunn, Sandstone. Wisconsin—Frank H. Marshall, Kilbourn; Samuel W. Everson, Lodi; Fred Reitz, Nellsville.

SESSION OF THE SENATE

Was Quiet and But Little Was Accomplished.

Two Bills Introduced By Senator Laybourn.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate had a quiet session of an hour this morning, meeting at 11 and adjourning shortly after noon, without having accomplished much of importance. There was a slight stir over the report of the committee on the Ghjertsen bill providing that where parties had claims for labor the defendants must be required to pay not only the costs of the action, but the attorney's fees. The committee recommended this bill for indefinite postponement, and Senator Ghjertsen tried to have the report overruled, but failed, the senate evidently thinking with Senator Morgan, who attacked the bill, that it was a vicious measure.

Senator Laybourn introduced two bills, both by request. One of them provides that a party with a cause of action may contract with an attorney to try it, giving him a lien on the case as security for his fees. The other provides for a proportionate earnings tax upon the gross earnings of fraternal, co-operative and assessment life insurance concerns. They are to pay 3 per cent on their gross earnings and 3 per cent on the income they derive from personal property purchased with the funds derived from assessments, in lieu of all other taxes.

Senator Jepson introduced a bill increasing the salaries of railroad and warehouse commissioners from $3000 to $3600.

Senator Sundberg introduced a bill appropriating $18,000 to be used in having farmers' institutes over the state.

Senator Eberhart introduced a bill providing a manner of redistricting county commissioners' districts on petition of at least 500 taxpayers of the county.

Senator Stephens asked $11,000 for the Northwest experiment farm at Crookston in a bill introduced by him, of which amount $8000 is to be used in draining the farm and the balance in general improvements.

Senator Horton offered a bill providing for the repayment of taxes paid by purchasers of railroad lands under the Anderson law taxing property not used for railroad purposes, which law was declared unconstitutional by the supreme court. Parties who had to pay taxes to get their deeds recorded may petition county boards for repayment and get it on examination of their claims by the board.

The senate adjourned to tomorrow without taking up the calendar or general orders. The house met at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

IMPORTANT LOTTERY DECISIONS GIVEN BY U. S. SUPREME COURT

Decides That United States Has Right To Prohibit Sending of Tickets From One State To Another ---It's Different With Policy Slips.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The United States supreme court decides in the case of Champion, Chicago, that the United States has the right to prohibit sending lottery tickets from one state to another as a part of its power to regulate commerce between the states.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The United States supreme court today decided the loftery case of Francis vs. the United States reversing the decision of the circuit court of appeals for the Sixth circuit. The charge was the violation of the law of 1895, prohibiting the sending of lottery tickets from one state to another by other means than the United States mails. The case originated in Cincinnati and Francis was found guilty. The opinion of the court was found delivered by Justice Holmes. He said that the offense charged was that of carrying policy numbers across the Ohio river from Kentucky to Ohio, but that as the slips where were carried were only duplicates and not the original and real tickets, the offense did not come within the meaning of the statute. Justice Harlan dissented.

Justice Holmes delivered an opinion in the case of the United States vs. the crew and officers of the war vessel Mangrove. The cae involved the prize money for the capture of the Spanish steamer Panama during the Spanish war. The New York, the Indiana and the Wilmington claimed a part of the prize, but the court held that they were not within signaling distance at the time of the capture and therefore entitled to nothing.

The United States supreme court today decided that the United States circuit court for the district of Montana had been without jurisdiction in the case of the Boston and Montana Consolidated Copper and Silver Mining company vs. the Montana Ore Purchasing company, thus affirming the opinion of the circuit court itself. The effect of the decision is favorable to the purchasing company. The case is one between two big mining companies and involves charges of trespass.

Justice Peckham delivered the opinion of the court in the case of the Chicago Theological seminary vs. the state of Illinois. The case involved the right of the state to tax the property of the seminary outside its buildings. The case was decided against the seminary by the supreme court of Illinois, and today's opinion sustained that finding. Justices Brown, White and Holmes dissented.

THE "METEOR" WRECKED

St. Louis & San Francisco Fast West-Bound Train Meets With Accident Near Gasconade River, Killing One and Injuring Several.

Dixon, Mo., Feb. 23.—The St. Louis & San Francisco fast west-bound passenger train "Meteor" was wrecked last night one-quarter of a mile west of the Gasconade river crossing at Arlington. William Gifford, aged 50, Wells Fargo express messenger, of St. Louis, was killed, and Engineer Dicker, of Newburg, sustained broken ribs and internal injuries that may prove fatal. The following were seriously injured:

Julius Johnson, engineer, Springfield, Mo., scalded.

Harvey Johnson, boilermaker, Newburg, scalded and bruised.

Louis Feeley, fireman, Newburg, cut and bruised.

W. M. Besiegal, fireman, Newburg, cut and brulsed.

None of the passengers were injured except slightly.

The wrecked train had two engines and was under full headway making a run from Dixon, Mo. The first engine jumped the track and the second engine turned completely over. Express and mail cars were splintered into kindling wood. Gifford, buried beneath the baggage, was drowned by water rushing in from the broken tender. Harvey Johnson crawled out of the wrecked cab of engine 206 and rescued his brother Julius from death in the scalding steam. Two mail clerks imprisoned in the mail car managed to escape by breaking the windows before being overcome by the steam.

A FATAL THAWING OF DYNAMITE

Connellsville, Pa., Feb. 23.—Two Italians were killed, two fatally injured and a number of others slightly hurt by an explosion of dynamite on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad double track operations, near Rockland, Pa. The men were thawing dynamite when it exploded, scattering death and destruction in all directions. The two Italians killed were hurled into the Castelman river, a distance of 100 feet and their bodies were horribly mutilated. The names of the killed and injured will not be learned as they are known only by their working numbers.

WOULD STOP EMIGRATION OF GIRLS

Vienna, Feb. 23.—With the object of stemming the wholesale emigration of young girls to America, which is occasioning the Hungarian government considerable concern, Premier Deszell has sent a circular letter to the local authorities of Hungary calling their attention to what he describes as this "melancholy fact." He directs that the authorities only permit minors to emigrate when sanctioned to do so by their parents or guardians and when they travel in charge of adults.

NO SUBSIDY BILL

Will Be Reported to the House at This Session.

Committee Vote Ten to Six, Against the Measure.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The house committee on merchant marine and fisheries today voted not to report the ship subsidy bill to the house, the vote being 10 to 6. Those voting to report it were: Grosvenor (O.), Young (Penn.), Green (Mass.), Fordney (Mich.), Wachter (Md.), Littlefield (Me.).

Those voting against it were: Hopkins (Ill.), Minor (Wis.), Stevens (Minn.), Jones (Wash.), Republicans, and Spight (Miss.), Small (N. C.), Davis (Fla.), McDermott (N. J.), Belmont (N. Y.), and Snook (O.), Democrats.

Representative Vreeland, of New York, was not present.

APPLICATIONS FOR LEASES

Are Coming Into State Auditor's Office Very Rapidly.

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Applications for mineral leases on lands in the vicinity of the new iron ranges are coming into the state auditor's office rapidly. Within a day or two C. W. Elston, of Duluth, took fourteen claims on a line running west from the Highland range into St. Louis county, toward the alleged new find. George B. Gibson has taken eight claims on a line extending for forty miles between Highland and New Independence.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

NEW ORLEANS CARNIVAL ON

Thousands of Visitors Present to Witness Mardi Gras.

New Orleans, Feb. 23.—With thousands of visitors here from every section of the country, and with every arriving train swelling the congestion of strangers on the streets, the New Orleans carnival is now in full swing. The five trunk lines for the past week have been pushed to the limit of their resources in handling the travel to the city. All trains are from two to five hours late. Every hotel is crowded to its capacity and hundreds of boarding houses are full to overflowing, while a half dozen or more steamers are providing sleeping accommodations.

The weather today was perfect and the routes of the parades presented a mass of color. Canal and interseeting streets held great multitudes of people when Rex, the king of the carnival, made his entry into the city. Thousands on the river front greeted the royal flotilla. The merry monarch was escorted through the streets by the peers of his realm, and a numerous military and naval contingent. Miss Alice Roosevelt, Admiral Schley, Gen. Joe Wheeler and other distinguished guests viewed the parade from the balconies of the Canal street club.

CLAIMS OF UNITED STATES

Go to The Hague According to British Information.

London, Feb. 23.—Asked by Sir Cuthbert Quiller, Unionist, in the house of commons today whether the government had been officially informed that the American claims against Venezuela are to be paid fully and forthwith in gold or its equivalent, while the British claims will have to await the decision of The Hague court of arbitration, Under Foreign Secretary Cranborne replied:

"Our information is to the effect that the American claims will be dealt with before The Hague tribunal."

WORSHIP A PRIEST.

Russian Pilgrims Travel One Thousand Miles.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 23.—The measures taken by the ecclesiastical authorities here to destroy the widespread belief in the divinity of the famous Father John of Kronstadt, have not attained their object. Only recently the ecclesiastical authorities of the Don territory were informed that a number of peasants in the district of Karpooka had left their homes for Kronstadt.

The Kronstadt police searched the lodging houses and discovered twenty pilgrims who declared they had made a 1000 mile journey in order to worship Father John. They persisted in maintaining he is the Christ.

Five days ago when he was leaving St. Petersburg, despite the secrecy always maintained in regard to his movements, he had to be escorted to the railway carriage by ten or twelve stalwart gendarmes, who joined hands and formed a ring around him. Nevertheless the women in the crowd made every effort to get near him. Some threw themselves on the ground and tried to crawl inside the ring of gendarmes to kiss his feet.

When he was inside the train the gendarmes formed a line in front to prevent the people from pressing too close.

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About six weeks ago, he says he went to the firm of Horace W. Steere and got possession of diamonds valued at the amount given above. Then ne left the city and went to Kansas City, where he disposed of the diamonds for $17,000. He came to Denver, he says, a month ago and had $14,500 when he reached here. He says he still has the money and will use it in trying to get out of the trouble. The police have telegraphed the authorities in Detroit, asking if Fox is wanted there. When searched at the jail not a cent was found in Fox's pockets. He smiled at the captain who conducted the search and remarked that a day sooner would have netted a different result.

Detroit, Feb. 23.—Instead of being wanted in this city for the theft of $22,500 worth of diamonds, as he told the Denver police, Fred J. Fox will be brought back here on a warrant charging him with stealing a little over $300. At the office of H. W. Steere the dispatch saying Fox had stolen $22,500 was laughed at. He secured only four diamond rings, valued at a little over $300. One of these he pawned before leaving town. The police will send an officer to Denver for Fox.

THE POWERS TELL THE SULTAN OF TURKEY WHAT HE MUST DO

The Identical Note on the Subject of Reforms In Macedonia Was Presented to the Grand Vizier and By Him Transmitted to Ruler.

Constantinople, Feb. 23.—The identical note on the subject of reforms in Macedonia, presented to the grand vizier Saturday by the Austro-Hungarian and Russian ambassadors, has been translated into Turkish and was handed to the sultan the same evening. The powers recommend, in addition to the appointment of an inspector general of gendarmerie for three years, with ample powers to act independently and to requisition troops in case of emergency and the reorganization of the gendarmerie and police under European instructors; that Christians be admitted into the gendarmerie, in numbers proportionate to the population, without being required to read and write the Turkish language. Amnesty is also demanded for all persons who have been arrested for political offenses. The scheme for administration and financial reforms in Macedonia, as proposed by the powers in the note, besides planning a more equitable collection of taxes, provides that local expenses shall be a first charge on the revenues of each vilayet. In the event of their being a surplus this may be sent to Constantinople. Measures are also demanded for compelling the Albanians to respect the law.

The power which it is proposed to give to the inspector general of gendarmie, whose appointment or recall and whose successor must be confirmed by the powers, thus virtually detaching him from the direct control of the authorities at Constantinople, is almost sure to encounter opposition from the Turkish government. The latter also will most likely object to the proposed financial arrangements and to the basis on which it is planned to recruit the gendarmerie, which, were the suggestions of the powers carried out, would in several instances be practically entirely composed of Christians, owing to their predominance in certain parts of Macedonia. It is understood, however, that the powers are determined to admit of no modification of the reform scheme that demands its application without delay, and that they are prepared to adopt coercive measures to ensure its being scrupulously carried out.

An imperial irade has been issued authorizing the Turkish minister of war to purchase ten additional Maxim rapid-fire guns.

RACE QUESTION CAN BE SETTLED IF POLITICIANS ARE KEPT QUIET

Southern Pastor Says That Since Death of McKinley Meddlesome Politicians Have Undone All the Good Work That Had Been Accomplished.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 23.—Rev. James I. Vance, pastor of the North Reformed church, who recently came here from Nashville, Tenn., referring in his sermon last night to the race question said:

"President McKinley, with a large statesmanship that made him the representative of the entire country, and with a diplomacy that was more than in genius, succeeded in obliterating sectional lines, but within a year of his untimely death, through a series of unfortunate incidents, the old jealousies are flaming forth.

"The race question in this country, in so far as it is a negro question, is a Southern question. The Southern people are trying to settle it in the face of difficulties which would stagger a people less brave and hopeful. I believe they will settle it to the ultimate satisfaction of both whites and blacks, if misguided fanatics and meddlesome politicians can be kept quiet.

"There are prejudices in the South, and there are prejudices in the North, East and West. If we knew better each other and each other's conditions we should be more tolerant of honest differences. It is neither sane nor patriotic to conclude that every man who fails to adopt our prejudices is trying to pull down the flag and nullify the constitution."

DRESSED WOUND OF DEADLY COBRA

New York, Feb. 23.—Under skillful treatment at the New York zoological garden, in Bronx park, a deadly cobra, which recently broke his jaw in a fit of violent rage, is on the road to recovery. The dressing on the head of the poisonous creature has been renewed with considerable difficulty. As a sting from the reptile means death, the operation of applying a dressing to the cobra is a most perilous task. The cobra was slumbering when Curator Ditmars cautiously opening the big door thrust in a long wooden pole with two prongs. Pressing this down on the cobra's head he held it prisoner until Keeper Snyder got inside.

The reptile now thoroughly aroused, agitated its tail frantically, but Snyder held its head firmly to the floor, while Ditmars removed the old dressing and replaced it with a new one. The operation took about ten minutes. As the two men slipped away and slammed the door the infuriated reptile made a vicious lunge toward them.

HEAVY VERDICT AGAINST A UNION

London, Feb. 23.—In accordance with an arrangement arrived at between the parties to the suit, the court today awarded the Taffvale Railroad company $115,000 damages against the Amalgamated Society of Railroad Servants.

After a long trial the case of the Taffvale company against the Amalgamated Society of Railroad Servants, involving many questions of great importance to trades unionism, resulted, Dec. 19, in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff. The latter complained of malicious molestation, picketing, intimidation, etc., during the strike of 1900.

GOVERNOR VAN SANT

On Trip To Washington and Being Well Entertained.

Duluth Man Chosen Secretary of the Minnesota Association.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant, wife and son, Grant, arrived in Washington yesterday afternoon and have taken apartments at the Hotel Gordon. Mrs. Van Sant is state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution, of Minnesota, and she comes to Washington to attend the annual convention of the society, which began its session this morning. Governor Van Sant expects to remain in Washington until Thursday, when he will leave for St. Paul. Tonight Mrs. G. G. Rogers, of St. Paul, will tender a reception to the governor and his wife at her apartments in the Cairo. Later in the evening several of the well-known Minnesotans in the departments and representing Minesota newspapers here, will give a little dinner at Harvey's famous restaurant, the menu to consist of Chesapeake oysters and terraphn. During the day Governor Van Sant will call upon Secretary Shaw and will also visit the capitol to pay his respects to numerous friends in the senate and house. Tuesday night the Minnesota association of Washington will give the governor a reception in the office of the Minneapolis Tribune and St. Paul Dispatch.

Mrs. Risling, Miss Catherine Risling and Mrs. G. W. Moss, of Winona, are in Washington attending the Daughters of the American Revolution convention.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota association of Washington was held Saturday night at the Typographic temple. The election of officers resulted in the selection of Frederick A. Johnson, of St. Paul, as president; M. J. Mosby, of Minneapolis, vice president; F. L. Manderfelt, of Duluth, secretary; Col. Francis J. Carmody, treasurer; James P. Grecly, financial secretary, and George B. Tallman, of the government printing office, sergeant-at-arms.

PRESENTED WITH SWORD

The People of Indiana Honor Rear Admiral Taylor.

Indianapolis, Feb. 23.—A testimonial sword was presented to Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor, who commanded the battleship Indiana in the Spanish-American war, today by the people of Indiana through the general assembly. Admiral Taylor, his wife and daughter were present.

The presentation took place in the north [illegible] of the main floor of the state capitol at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. On the platform were the state officers, Governor Durbin and especially invited guests, as well as Admiral George Brown, of Indianapolis, who [illegible] in front of the stand were reserved seats for the members of the general assembly and their guests and between the flag-draped-over columns [illegible] the rotunda ropes were stretched [illegible] head back the crowd.

Governor Durbin presented the sword and Admiral Taylor responded.

James Whitcomb Riley recited his poem, "Old Glory."

The sword is a beautiful piece of workmanship and cost $1600. The occasion was one of great enthusiasm.

SENATE COMMITTEE

Votes Adversely on Further Investigation In Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The senate committee on Philippines today reported adversely Senator Carmack's resolutions directing the committee to continue the investigation of conditions in the Philippines. The committee decided to report favorably Senator Rawlins' resolutions asking for papers in court-martial cases in the Philippines, but amended it to include only a summary of the cases. The committee decided not to print the compilation of receipts and expenditures in the islands as it was found the expense would be about $765,000.

A RUSSIAN THANKSGIVING.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 23.—The holy synod has ordained that Feb. 19, old style, March 3, new style the anniversary of the emancipation of the peasants, shall hereafter be celebrated in the orthodox churches by elaborate thanksgiving services, instead of by a single requiem mass. This is regarded as being a highly important action, particularly in view of the present prominence of the peasant question.

RUSSIAN BARK ASHORE.

Fleetwood, Eng., Feb. 23.—The Russian bark Vannadis which sailed from Darien, Ga., Jan. 14 for Fleetwood, is ashore off Hoysham Point, a peninsula between Morecombe bay and the mouth of the Moyne.

ANOTHER STUDENT DEAD.

Paterson, N. J., Feb. 23.—William J. Reinhart, a student of Cornell university, died here last night of typhoid fever, which he contracted at Ithaca. He was 21 years old, and was the son of Dr. Reinhart, the principal of the Paterson high school.

NOMINATIONS.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations: Frank Dillingham, California, consul general at Auckland, N. Z. Postmasters: Michigan—Joseph I. Baird, Marine City; Frank W. Clark, Lake Odessa. Minnesota—Angus Gunn, Sandstone. Wisconsin—Frank H. Marshall, Kilbourn; Samuel W. Evenson, Lodi; Fred Reitz, Nellsville.

SESSION OF THE SENATE

Was Quiet and But Little Was Accomplished.

Two Bills Introduced By Senator Laybourn.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate had a quiet session of an hour this morning, meeting at 11 and adjourning shortly after noon, without having accomplished much of importance. There was a slight stir over the report of the committee on the Ghjertsen bill providing that where parties had claims for labor the defendants must be required to pay not only the costs of the action, but the attorney's fees. The committee recommended this bill for indefinite postponement, and Senator Ghjertsen tried to have the report overruled, but failed, the senate evidently thinking with Senator Morgan, who attacked the bill, that it was a vicious measure.

Senator Laybourn introduced two bills, both by request. One of them provides that a party with a cause of action may contract with an attorney to try it, giving him a lien on the case as security for his fees. The other provides for a proportionate earnings tax upon the gross earnings of fraternal, co-operative and assessment life insurance concerns. They are to pay 3 per cent on their gross earnings and 3 per cent on the income they derive from personal property purchased with the funds derived from assessments, in lieu of all other taxes.

Senator Jepson introduced a bill increasing the salaries of railroad and warehouse commissioners from $3000 to $3600.

Senator Sundberg introduced a bill appropriating $18,000 to be used in having farmers' institutes over the state.

Senator Eberhart introduced a bill providing a manner of redistricting county commissioners' districts on petition of at least 500 taxpayers of the county.

Senator Stephens asked $11,000 for the Northwest experiment farm at Crookston in a bill introduced by him, of which amount $8000 is to be used in draining the farm and the balance in general improvements.

Senator Horton offered a bill providing for the repayment of taxes paid by purchasers of railroad lands under the Anderson law taxing property not used for railroad purposes, which law was declared unconstitutional by the supreme court. Parties who had to pay taxes to get their deeds recorded may petition county boards for repayment and get it on examination of their claims by the board.

The senate adjourned to tomorrow without taking up the calendar or general orders. The house met at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

IMPORTANT LOTTERY DECISIONS GIVEN BY U. S. SUPREME COURT

Decides That United States Has Right To Prohibit Sending of Tickets From One State To Another ---It's Different With Policy Slips.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The United States supreme court decides in the case of Champion, Chicago, that the United States has the right to prohibit sending lottery tickets from one state to another as a part of its power to regulate commerce between the states.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The United States supreme court today decided the lottery case of Francis vs. the United States reversing the decision of the circuit court of appeals for the Sixth circuit. The charge was the violation of the law of 1895, prohibiting the sending of lottery tickets from one state to another by other means than the United States mails. The case originated in Cincinnati and Francis was found guilty. The opinion of the court was found delivered by Justice Holmes. He said that the offense charged was that of carrying policy numbers across the Ohio river from Kentucky to Ohio, but that as the slips where were carried were only duplicates and not the original and real tickets, the offense did not come within the meaning of the statute. Justice Harlan dissented.

Justice Holmes delivered an opinion in the case of the United States vs. the crew and officers of the war vessel Mangrove. The cae involved the prize money for the capture of the Spanish steamer Panama during the Spanish war. The New York, the Indiana and the Wilmington claimed a part of the prize, but the court held that they were not within signaling distance at the time of the capture and therefore entitled to nothing.

The United States supreme court today decided that the United States circuit court for the district of Montana had been without jurisdiction in the case of the Boston and Montana Consolidated Copper and Silver Mining company vs. the Montana Ore Purchasing company, thus affirming the opinion of the circuit court itself. The effect of the decision is favorable to the purchasing company. The case is one between two big mining companies and involves charges of trespass.

Justice Peckham delivered the opinion of the court in the case of the Chicago Theological seminary vs. the state of Illinois. The case involved the right of the state to tax the property of the seminary outside its buildings. The case was decided against the seminary by the supreme court of Illinois, and today's opinion sustained that finding. Justices Brown, White and Holmes dissented.

THE "METEOR" WRECKED

St. Louis & San Francisco Fast West-Bound Train Meets With Accident Near Gasconade River, Killing One and Injuring Several.

Dixon, Mo., Feb. 23.—The St. Louis & San Francisco fast west-bound passenger train "Meteor" was wrecked last night one-quarter of a mile west of the Gasconade river crossing at Arlington. William Gifford, aged 50, Wells Fargo express messenger, of St. Louis, was killed, and Engineer Dicker, of Newburg, sustained broken ribs and internal injuries that may prove fatal. The following were seriously injured:

Julius Johnson, engineer, Springfield, Mo., scalded.

Harvey Johnson, boilermaker, Newburg, scalded and bruised.

Louis Feeley, fireman, Newburg, cut and bruised.

W. M. Besiegal, fireman, Newburg, cut and bruised.

None of the passengers were injured except slightly.

The wrecked train had two engines and was under full headway making a run from Dixon, Mo. The first engine jumped the track and the second engine turned completely over. Express and mail cars were splintered into kindling wood. Gifford, buried beneath the baggage, was drowned by water rushing in from the broken tender. Harvey Johnson crawled out of the wrecked cab of engine 206 and rescued his brother Julius from death in the scalding steam. Two mail clerks imprisoned in the mail car managed to escape by breaking the windows before being overcome by the steam.

A FATAL THAWING OF DYNAMITE

Connellsville, Pa., Feb. 23.—Two Italians were killed, two fatally injured and a number of others slightly hurt by an explosion of dynamite on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad double track operations, near Rockland, Pa. The men were thawing dynamite when it exploded, scattering death and destruction in all directions. The two Italians killed were hurled into the Castelman river, a distance of 100 feet and their bodies were horribly mutilated. The names of the killed and injured will not be learned as they are known only by their working numbers.

WOULD STOP EMIGRATION OF GIRLS

Vienna, Feb. 23.—With the object of stemming the wholesale emigration of young girls to America, which is occasioning the Hungarian government considerable concern, Premier Deszell has sent a circular letter to the local authorities of Hungary calling their attention to what he describes as this "melancholy fact." He directs that the authorities only permit minors to emigrate when sanctioned to do so by their parents or guardians and when they travel in charge of adults.

NO SUBSIDY BILL

Will Be Reported to the House at This Session.

Committee Vote Ten to Six, Against the Measure.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The house committee on merchant marine and fisheries today voted not to report the ship subsidy bill to the house, the vote being 10 to 6. Those voting to report it were: Grosvenor (O.), Young (Penn.), Green (Mass.), Fordney (Mich.), Wachter (Md.), Littlefield (Me.).

Those voting against it were: Hopkins (Ill.), Minor (Wis.), Stevens (Minn.), Jones (Wash.), Republicans, and Spight (Miss.), Small (N. C.), Davis (Fla.), McDermott (N. J.), Belmont (N. Y.), and Snook (O.), Democrats.

Representative Vreeland, of New York, was not present.

APPLICATIONS FOR LEASES

Are Coming Into State Auditor's Office Very Rapidly.

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Applications for mineral leases on lands in the vicinity of the new iron ranges are coming into the state auditor's office rapidly. Within a day or two C. W. Elston, of Duluth, took fourteen claims on a line running west from the Highland range into St. Louis county, toward the alleged new find. George B. Gibson has taken eight claims on a line extending for forty miles between Highland and New Independence.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

NEW ORLEANS CARNIVAL ON

Thousands of Visitors Present to Witness Mardi Gras.

New Orleans, Feb. 23.—With thousands of visitors here from every section of the country, and with every arriving train swelling the congestion of strangers on the streets, the New Orleans carnival is now in full swing. The five trunk lines for the past week have been pushed to the limit of their resources in handling the travel to the city. All trains are from two to five hours late. Every hotel is crowded to its capacity and hundreds of boarding houses are full to overflowing, while a half dozen or more steamers are providing sleeping accommodations.

The weather today was perfect and the routes of the parades presented a mass of color. Canal and intersecting streets held great multitudes of people when Rex, the king of the carnival, made his entry into the city. Thousands on the river front greeted the royal flotilla. The merry monarch was escorted through the streets by the peers of his realm, and a numerous military and naval contingent. Miss Alice Roosevelt, Admiral Schley, Gen. Joe Wheeler and other distinguished guests viewed the parade from the balconies of the Canal street club.

CLAIMS OF UNITED STATES

Go to The Hague According to British Information.

London, Feb. 23.—Asked by Sir Cuthbert Quiller, Unionist, in the house of commons today whether the government had been officially informed that the American claims against Venezuela are to be paid fully and forthwith in gold or its equivalent, while the British claims will have to await the decision of The Hague court of arbitration. Under Foreign Secretary Cranborne replied:

"Our information is to the effect that the American claims will be dealt with before The Hague tribunal."

WORSHIP A PRIEST.

Russian Pilgrims Travel One Thousand Miles.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 23.—The measures taken by the ecclesiastical authorities here to destroy the widespread belief in the divinity of the famous Father John of Kronstadt, have not attained their object. Only recently the ecclesiastical authorities of the Don territory were informed that a number of peasants in the district of Karpooka had left their homes for Kronstadt.

The Kronstadt police searched the lodging houses and discovered twenty pilgrims who declared they had made a 1000 mile journey in order to worship Father John. They persisted in maintaining he is the Christ.

Five days ago when he was leaving St. Petersburg, despite the secrecy always maintained in regard to his movements, he had to be escorted to the railway carriage by ten or twelve stalwart gendarmes, who joined hands and formed a ring around him. Nevertheless the women in the crowd made every effort to get near him. Some threw themselves on the ground and tried to crawl inside the ring of gendarmes to kiss his feet.

When he was inside the train the gendarmes formed a line in front to prevent the people from pressing too close.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Our Shoe Department

Perfect in Every Appointment.



A department conducted on the the most modern and progressive principles — conducted on strictly up to date and modern methods. Many new ideas and novelties in shoes will be introduced for the spring selling. Our spring line of Hanan shoes for men and women is now ready and arranged for convenient display and we would be glad to show them to you.

Shoes for Men, Women, Boys, Misses, Children and Infants.

M. S. Burrows,
Stein-Bloch Co. Clothing.

AT WEST DULUTH

Officers of the Merrill & Ring Lumber company are making a tour of inspection of the timbered country in Washington and Oregon, and there are rumors that the mill will be moved to that country if the proper facilities can be secured.

The Merrill & Ring company still has extensive pine holdings at Split Rock, on the north shore, and its logging operations at that point are being conducted on a large scale during the present season. Millions of feet of timber have been cut and the logs are ready for shipment to Duluth as soon as spring arrives. The company has, in addition to this, about 10,000,000 feet of logs in West Duluth which it was unable to cut last year on account of the closing of the season.

An officer of one of the lumber companies in West Duluth, when asked concerning the rumored move, said: "I do not believe there is anything in the story at present. Of course, it is only a question of time until all of the mills at the head of the lakes will have to move away, just as they had to leave Saginaw. The pine in Minnesota is being rapidly cut, and the mills must choose some other site for their operations which will be nearer the source of supply. It is likely that the Merrill & Ring company is simply providing for the future.

TO ADVERTISE THE CITY.

A novel method of advertising has been introduced by the West Duluth Commercial club. Members of the club have been induced to order letter heads with an advertisement of Duluth on the back of the paper. The advertisement contains a short table of statistics showing the growth of Duluth and West Duluth in population, shipping, commerce, manufacturing and trade of all kinds during the past twenty years. There are also one or two short, well-chosen articles on its prospects for the future, its geographical position and its water power.

"If we can induce all the members of the club and the other merchants of the town to use these letter heads," said a prominent member of the club, "it will be the best advertisement Duluth ever had. Supposing each merchant wrote a thousand letters a year. The club has slightly over 100 members, which would mean that 100,000 circulars advertising Duluth and West Duluth would be sent out each year. These circulars would be sent to every part of the country and even to the other countries of the world. It is a splendid plan and should be carried out."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Many expressions of regret and sorrow at the death of Mrs. P. McDonald were heard in West Duluth today. Mrs. McDonald was a resident of this portion of the city before her marriage, and was very well and favorably known here, and leaves a large circle of firm friends to mourn her death.

Fred Bennett died yesterday at St. Mary's hospital, as the result of an operation. The deceased was a carpenter residing at 5610 Raleigh street and leaves a wife and two children.

William Makling, the infant son of Mrs. Herman Makling, of 22 Sixty-third avenue west, died yesterday morning. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The Union Match company has placed an order with the American Blower company, of Detroit, Mich., for heating and drying apparatus. The new apparatus will be up-to-date in every particular and its equipment in this respect will be second to none.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hansen were surprised at their home Saturday evening by a small party of their friends. They were escorted to Victor hall, where about fifty friends were waiting. Refreshments were served and dancing indulged in until a late hour. Mrs. Hansen was presented with a beautiful chair.

John Provan, of Toronto, Canada, is registered at the Phillips hotel.

S. S. Thompson, the Duluth evangelist, will hold revival meetings in the Asbury church every afternoon and evening during the coming week and the week following. The afternoon meetings will be for girls and boys and the evening meetings for adults.

Harvey Potter left yesterday for a short trip to Winnipeg.

William Chesney is suffering from an attack of the grip.

A. J. Scott, an employe of the machine shops at Proctorknc was the victim of an accident Saturday by which his nose was broken. He was taken to St. Mary's hospital.

Mrs. Frank LaForge, of Oshkosh, is in the city visiting friends.

James J. Jackson, of Minneapolis, was in West Duluth yesterday.

Mrs. R. J. Keever, of Calumet, returned to her home yesterday after a short visit in West Duluth.

M. M. Clark, C. C. Salter, Dr. Budd and L. A. Barnes will leave today for St. Paul to attend the grand lodge of Masons in that city.

George Little was down from his camp near Rice Lake to spend Sunday in West Duluth.

William Spencer arrived in West Duluth from Indian territory Saturday evening and returned yesterday.

Archibald Fergson, Frank Kelly and James MacDonald will leave for California this week to take up timber claims.

Earnest Brotherton is in the city for a short visit from French river.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Jacoby are expected to return from Pasadena California Thursday.

James Horsburgh, of Two Harbors, is in the city.

Fred Goodrow is in West Duluth today from Gooseberry river.



Spring 1903 Hats Now Ready—The world's famous Knox Hats in all styles.

The Burrows Special $3.50 Hat—Probably the handsomest Soft and Stiff hats in the country—in all the fashionable shapes—the material is of the finest clear beaver stock, and the quality is as good for wear as any $5.00 hat sold elsewhere. This season's styles are very becoming and of splendid proportions.

John B. Stetson Co.'s Hats—In immense varieties — Soft and Stiff Hats in all styles, in black and colors—at **$5.00, $4.00 and $3.50.**

Young's New York Hats $3.00—Same styles and same hats as sold at Young's six stores on Broadway.

The Burrows Union Hat $1.90—A perfect hat made to our order by union workmen. The hundreds of dozens sold by us last season has urged us to make a greater show than ever before. Over 50 styles to select from. Ask to see them.

M. S. BURROWS
Stein-Bloch Co., Clothing.

DRINK MAKES HIM A DEMON

So Says Maude Adams of Her Liege Lord, Joseph.

Fond Love turned to High Disdain stood petulantly patting a pretty foot in police court this morning, while across the room Defeated Desires strived to look as comfortable as a man can when a woman is telling how he tried to burn the pants pipings, of pale purple applique off her pretty shirt waist.

In the days of their loving she preferred to be known as Mrs. Joseph D. Adams. But this morning she appeared in court as Maude Adams and shot swift shafts of venom at Joseph D., who sat opposite in the box of sorrows.

She arose from her seat and stood during the hearing of testimony, a vision of girlish grace gowned in brown and blue. Her soft eyes were as blue as her garb, and a brown hat perched jauntily on her wealth of burnished hair. The proud poise of her head was like that of an Italian woman who carried burdens on top of the pedestal of her intellect.

She glanced around the court room as haughty as Juno, facing her one-time lover fearlessly. There was scorn in the curve of her lips and defiance in her eye.

When the offending husband was finally sentenced to pay a fine of $50 or shovel snow for forty days, she swept from the room, dignified as a queen, without one lingering glance at the man that had fondly hoped to burn her shirt waist and cause her "woman's crowning glory" to fall out violently.

Mr. and Mrs. Adams have spent only a year and a half in weaving and shattering their romance.

They have been living at 123 West First street. Last October the wife secured a warrant for her husband's arrest, charging him with extreme cruelty. The warrant was not served at her request. Yesterday he resumed hostilities and the police court scene resulted.

Maude Adams testified that he not only snatched her shirt waist and tried to burn it in the stove, but he pulled out some of her hair, a large bunch of which she had turned over to the authorities.

Adams claimed that his wife had been combing her hair vigorously and saving the combings for many weeks in order to get that bunch and make a showing. This she indignantly denied.

She sowed the court where he had burned the panne pipings of her swagger shirt waist and said that while he was a good and tender husband when sober, he

She showed the court where he had was a dangerous worse half when drinking and had frequently threatened to cause a permanent suspension of breath on her part.

The court, on Adams' own admissions passed the sentence of forty days at hard labor or a fine of $50.



With dress shirts as with any other dress clothes, if they're a little wrong they're all wrong. "Cluetts" and "Monarchs" are right.

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

GETS A NEW TRAIN

Great Northern to Run Three Daily to Twin Cities.

New One Will Be Especiall For Southwestern Connections.

The Great Northern railway management has announced another daily train between Duluth and the Twin Cities. It will be put on March 2.

This will give Duluth eight passenger trains a day between its precincts and those of St. Paul and Minneapolis, two on the Omaha, three on the Northern Pacific and three on the Great Northern.

The new Great Northern train will leave Duluth at 7 a. m. six days in the week, and get into St. Paul at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The object of the new train is to give connections with the southwestern part of the state without carrying the passenger into the Twin Cities.

The connections for Sioux City, which can be reached at 10 o'clock on the same day of leaving Duluth will be made at St. Cloud and Wilmar, on the Sioux City line. The connecting train gets into Sioux City at 10 p. m., making the trip just a day.

Returning the train will leave St. Paul at 2:35 p. m. and arrive in Duluth at 9 p. m. Connections are made on the up trip as well with the Willmar and Sioux City line, and the travel into the southwestern part of the state and Western Iowa will be diverted and carried around the Twin Cities instead of through them, and the time is considerably better than can be made at present.

The notice of the new train was sent to the local office this morning, with the information that the first trip would be March 2. The equipment of the train has not yet been announced, but at the Great Northern city office it was said that there would probably be diners and chairs carried, as there are meal times on the trip each way between here and the Twin Cities.

The train is not likely to catch much through business to St. Paul and Minneapolis, and is designed to catch the travel from Duluth to points beyond St. Paul and Minneapolis. There will be no Sunday service.

The routing of the train is to Milaca and through Princeton and to Minneapolis, giving these places a day train, which they have not at present, the others running over the Brook Park line. A stub train will run from St. Cloud to Milaca to make the connection with the Duluth train.

INCREASE IN WAGES.

Omaha Employes Secured the Desired Advance.

The committee of trainmen employed on the Omaha road, which has been in conference with the company officials relative to the increase of wages and schedule for the coming year, received word Saturday evening at St. Paul that the demands had been granted and a settlement was arrived at. The schedule will become effective as soon as it is ratified by the head officials of the trainmen's organization.

The increase in wages is in some instances as much as 25 per cent. The general average, however, is said to be about 10 per cent.

The Great Western committee is nearing a settlement, and the Great Northern and Northern Pacific committees will resume negotiations as soon as the grand lodges authorize it.

Gets Fat Job.

J. J. Farrell, who recently severed his connection with the Pacific coast company, it is expected, will receive his appointment as assistant to President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern, within a few days. Mr. Farrell will have one of the leading railroad positions of the country and will receive a matter of $15,000 a year. The coast companies with which Mr. Farrel has been connected are Hill properties, but were never managed in connection with the Great Northern railway.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

VACATION OF BLOCKS ASKED

Duluth Crushed Stone Company's Yards to Occupy Them.

Margaret A. Frank has filed a petition in district court asking that certain tracts of land in Bellevue addition to Duluth be declared vacated, alleging that the premises described are intended for a manufacturing plant for crushed stone, rock, paving material and building material and will be of greater use all as one tract than in separate blocks and subdivisions. The property will be occupied by the Duluth Crushed Stone company's plant and yards.

The premises which the petitioner asks to be vacated are blocks 9, 10, 11, 14 and 15, lying northwesterly of the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad. Lots 1 to 7, inclusive, in block 16, and lots 6 to 21 inclusive in block 12, of Bellevue Park addition to Duluth, including streets, avenues alleys and public grounds between and adjoining the lots and blocks, except Medinah street on the South and the westerly half of Fifty-ninth avenue west on the west of the described premises; also including all of the park addition lying easterly of the center line of Fifty-ninth avenue west extended from the northerly to the southerly boundary of the addition and lying northwest of the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company; excepting, however, lots 1 to 5 inclusive, in block 12, and lots 8 to 15 inclusive in block 16, Bellevue Park addition. Washburn & Bailey are attorneys for the petitioner.

IS NEARLY LOST

Bustle Containing Mrs. F. Seivers' $960 Is Thrown Away.

Missing Article and the Money Are Quickly Found.

Nine hundred and sixty dollars in paper money, hidden in an old bustle, such as is used by persons of the feminine persuasion with finely upholstered physiques, was kicked and thrown around all day yesterday and laid out in a back yard all night.

Detective Frank Schulte found it this morning and restored the money to Mrs. F. Seivers, of 218 Fourth avenue west.

Mrs. Seivers is a recent arrival from North Dakota and instead of putting the hard-earned money in a bank on reaching this city, she hid it in the old bustle.

She occupies apartments at 218 Fourth avenue west and in some manner on Sautrday evening the bustle, with all her wealth, was swept out into the back yard.

It was kicked between the doorstep and the woodshed all day long, and then a girl living in the same house, seeing it on the walk and fearing that some person would think it belonged to her, threw the improver as far as she could and trusted to the falling snow to cover it up.

Last night Mrs. Seivers missed the bustle and lost a night's sleep as well. At first break of day she and members of her family were making a thorough search through the back yard, digging up snow and looking everywhere.

Detective Schulte joined in the search, and while it was in progress the girl that was afraid people would think it was hers, called the officer aside and explained where she had thrown it.

Mr. Schulte seized a broom and with a couple of sweeps revealed what appeared to be the most dilapidated, worn-out, good-for-nothing old bit of apparel that ever made things seem what they were not.

Mrs. Seivers was glad to see it and those that had kicked it about the yard meekly offered apologies.

HIGH GRADE ORE FOUND

Fine Samples Brought In From the Highland Range.

Samples of ore running as high as sixty-two per cent were brought in from the new Highland range this morning by Andrew Nelson.

He and Andrew Youngquist have put down seven shafts on their claim in section 1, 55-11 and found ore indications in each shaft without going beyond a depth of eight feet.

This claim is about sixteen miles north of Two Harbors and four or five miles east of the Duluth & Iron Range tracks. Mr. Nelson says his exploration so far has been confined entirely to his own claim.

WITHOUT FOOD OR LIGHT

A Bat Lives For Thirty-Two Years.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 23.—A small wooden box in a building in Charles street holds captive a bat of the ordinary "leather wing" species, which, according to all accounts, has had the remarkable experience of being immured within a brick wall for the last thirty-two years and is yet alive.

The bat was discovered last Wednesday walled up in a small cavity made by broken brick in 1871. The cavity had been plastered over with mortar, and while it is possible that some air may have entered the miniature tomb the entrance of food or light was practically impossible. In the same cavity also was found the body of another bat which was dried into the semblance of a piece of black cloth, which rapidly disintegrated when exposed to the air.

The live bat flew around the room, knocked against a rafter, fell to the floor, and was captured. It is still alive.

BUILDING BONES.

Of Great Importance That Children Have Proper Food.

A child will grow up with weak and small bones or strong and sturdy frame, depending on the kind of food given.

That's why feeding the youngsters is of such great importance. The children do not select the food—the responsibility rests with the parent or guardian, or with you if you select the food for a boy or girl.

The scientific selection of this food should begin as early as possible. That's when the delicate little plant needs the tenderest care. A well-known lady of Calistoga, Cal., says: "About two years ago my little niece was taken sick. When medical aid was called one physician pronounced the case curvature of the spine; another called it softening of the bones and gave but little hope of her recovery. For weeks she had been failing before her parents thought it anything out trouble from her teething.

"She had been fed on mushes and soft foods of different kinds, but at last her stomach could retain scarcely anything. At this time she had become a weak little skeleton of humanity that could not much more than stand alone.

"The doctors changed her food several times until finally she was put on Grape-Nuts, which she relished from the first and ate at almost every meal and her recovery has been wonderful. She has been gaining ever since in strength and weight.

"She has eaten dozens of packages of Grape-Nuts in the last year and a half and the child is now a rosy-cheeked and healthy little girl, still clinging to her Grape-Nuts.

"It is plain that food has saved her life by giving her body the needed material to keep it well and the bone material to build with." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

See How Good They Are

We have 100 Men's and Boys' Suits left over from last year; we need the space for our new line of Spring and Summer Goods. These Suits are not up-to-date, but would make a good Sunday as well as working suit.

They Sold for $25, $22, $18, $15, $12.50, $10

They Go at $12.00, $9.00, $7.00, $5.00

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS.

WE HAVE SOME LADIES' SUITS AND SKIRTS AT SAME PRICES AND TERMS.

Our spring and summer line of Clothing is ready for your inspection — $1.00 per Week.

GATELY'S
WHERE YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.
No. 8 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Our Line of Furniture will surely please you.—Terms made to your satisfaction.

PULPIT TO CELL

Rev. L. A. Hall, of Chicago, Owns To a Theft.

Was Arrested For Taking Furniture Not His Own.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Behind the bars of the Hyde Park police station, accused of theft, the Rev. Lamertine A. Hall, once a minister under the direction of the University of Chicago divinity school and ex-pastor of a Baptist church at Council Bluffs, Ia., as well as of the Central Baptist church of Wichita, Kas., told of his career from pulpit to police station.

The prisoner is the father of Fred Hall, the University of Chicago athlete, who holds the two-mile running record of the West.

Hall wept as he told his story. He said that hard work since he left the ministry had made him temporarily insane, and that he did not know what he was doing when he committed the thefts. He was arrested on complaint of S. A. Rourke, a storage warehouse man, at 385 Fifty-fifth street. Hall had apartments above the warehouse, and Rourke, who says he missed many articles of furniture from the warehouse, finally caught him taking away a chair.

Hall secured his release on bail, and late Friday night was arrested again while endeavoring to move some furniture from his apartments in an express wagon.

Rourke advised all persons who had stored their goods in his warehouse to swear out search warrants and seek their property in Hall's rooms. Mrs. Hall is in Ohio on business, and Hall's daughter, who is a student in Hyde Park high school, was alone in the apartments when the police entered with their search warrants. She wept bitterly as the detectives carried the furniture from the flat to the warehouse for identification.

Hall made no attempt to deny the thefts, but declared he could not account for his actions.

"I had always been honest," he said. "I would no more have thought of taking so much as a pin that was not mine than I would have dreamed of murder. I always preached the gospel of honesty and candor. For three years I have not been preaching. In fact, I have been driving an ice wagon.

"The men on the wagons have always made fun of me for my high standards of morality and joked me about being too conscientious for the business. How the temptation to steal came over me I hardly know. I believe it was a kind of insanity I suffered from. I was doing odd jobs around Mr. Rourke's warehouse one day when it suddenly occurred to me that I could make use of some of the things around me.

"When no one was looking I took odds and ends upstairs. Yesterday they say they caught me taking away a chair and I was arrested. Now I realize what I was doing, and the realization of what it means to my family overwhelms me. I'm sure I must have been demented temporarily, and I hope they'll give me another chance."

Hall came to Chicago five years ago a Baptist minister in good standing. He had seen upward of fifteen years of service in the pulpit and mission field.

ENGLISH SPINSTERS FORM

Club For Promoting Man's Indifference to Women.

London, Feb. 23.—The unmarried women of the ancient town of Guildford, in Surrey, suddenly have leaped into fame by their action, which already caused London's laughter to be echoed in the Paris boulevards. They have formed a "Society for Promoting Man's Indifference Among Women." They have secured headquarters which are named "The spinsters' retreat," and have played themselves as "young women and those older in years with standing temptations to enter the married state."

Scorning such a simple device to attain their object as making themselves unattractive to the eyes of the male sex, they stipulate in the first rule that all members must have attained the age of 17, wear long skirts, dress their hair in a becoming manner, and "members are invited to make their appearance as attractive as possible, but to be maidenly in their conduct."

The rules compel them to have a wholesome contempt for falling in love, to abhor marriage, and to display the society's badge at least one day each week. Members, however, are not debarred from conferring their friendship on the opposite sex, but this friendship must absolutely be free from sentiment and everything appertaining to that undesirable state of being. If the members only carry out the rule which says they must dress their hair in a becoming manner Guildford will provide an attraction to men unsupplied to such an extent by any town in England.

COLORED HIS EYES PURPLE

A Boy Magician Repeats Famous Trick Once Too Often.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 23.—Eight-year-old Jimmy Supero, a pupil at the Northwest grammar school, Fifteenth and Race streets, was the envy of all his schoolmates, for he could turn his eyes into any color imaginable, quick as a wink, and while all were looking at him. But Jimmy made a mistake, and immediately went down to defeat, and to the Hahnemann hospital.

He made his brown eyes so purple that he could not restore them to their natural color, much to the disappointment of his audience, and he hurried, weeping, to his mother at 522 Callowhill street, and thence to the hospital, where he besought the physicians to undo his trick.

For two hours three physicians at the hospital worked over Jimmy's eyes. But they made little headway, and Jimmy's pride would not let him tell how he did the trick or how he failed. So the physicians told him that the strange color would have to wear away, and the lad walked home with eyes as purple as an Italian sunset.

That night, weeping over the ignominy of his blunder before the schoolboys, he confessed that he had colored his eyes, ball and pupil, with the indelible purple pencils, like the teacher used to mark up the examination papers.

HAIRPINS USED

To Keep Trolley Car In Columbus Moving.

Columbus, O., Feb. 23.—The ever useful hairpin once more proved itself an indispensable article and saved a carload of trolley passengers a walk of several miles over ice and snow. The last car on the May street line was crowded and the rails were slippery with ice, so the car crawled along with discouraging slowness. While near the out end of the line the fuse blew out. The motorman found his supply of fuses exhausted and the passengers for a time contemplated the prospect of walking a few miles apiece. The motorman entered the car and asked the women passengers for contributions of hairpins. He got a couple dozen of them. The metal was soft, but it was found that a hairpin would carry the car four blocks before it melted. After that distance another was inserted. In this way the car finally reached its destination. If there had been no women on the car all would have had to walk.

IMPRISONED FOR DAYS IN ICE FLOE

Bayport, L. I., Feb. 23.—Without food or fuel for five days, Joseph Harris and his wife, who were caught in an ice floe in Great South bay last Monday, and were rescued by a crew from the Fire Island saving station, have been brought across the bay in "scooters" and landed here. Mr. Harris and his wife started across the bay with only enough food for the day. The weather became intensely cold and their catboat became ice bound. They husbanded their food and fuel and hoisted a signal of distress. Had they been in the Arctic regions they could scarcely have been more helpless. On the sixth day the boat was sighted by the Fire Island crew and two men ventured out and rescued them.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO FUNERAL PARTY

Joliet, Ill., Feb. 23.—Two men were instantly killed, two fatally hurt and one badly injured in a railroad accident last night at Braceville, a mining town south of Joliet.

The Alton & Kansas City limited struck a carriage containing five men. The dead:

GEORGE MURSOK.
JOHN RUDELESK.

The fatally injured: John Bucewitch, Andrew Kosfofsky.

Seriously hurt: Michael Valenz.

The men had been to a funeral and were on their way to their homes in South Wilmington. The train struck the carriage squarely, hurling the men in all directions. The horses escaped, but the buggy was ground to pieces.

OHIO RIVER FIFTEEN MILES WIDE

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 23.—Floods from tributary streams have converted the Ohio river into a sea. In some places between here and Paducah, Ky., the river is fifteen miles wide, and one cannot see from shore to shore. Thousands of acres of wheat are under water and the crops will be destroyed. On the Indiana side, opposite Owensboro, Ky., the land is covered for a distance of seven miles. The river was at forty feet at 10 o'clock this morning, and rising slowly. Steamboats cannot land at any points along the river because of the high water, and this causes hardships in communities where they depend on the boats for transportation and mails.

NEWS OF THE STORES

As Shown By the Bargain Advertisements In Tonight's Herald.

Panton & White Company—Announcement of the new furniture department and three special hour sales, from 9 to 10 tomorrow morning.

Gately's—Ladies' suits and skirts and men's and boys' clothing at nearly half price.

M. S. Burrows—Arrival of Knox, Young's and Burrows' spring hats and Hanan shoes for men and women.

Gray-Tallant Co.—Remnant sale tomorrow at half, quarter and a third of former prices.

Ehle Shoe Company—One-fifth off discount sale on fine shoes for men, women and boys.

French & Bassett—Furniture and crockery at half price.

Silberstein & Bondy Company—New wash goods and new white waistings.

HOTEL PLAN UPSET.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr. Withdraws From Scheme.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 23.—Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt Jr., has decided to withdraw her interest in the building of the Fairmont hotel on Nob Hill. The decision is said to be final and was reached on the advice of eastern financiers. After an investigation of the conditions and considering the size and possible growth of the city, they strongly advised Mrs. Vanderbilt to withdraw her support of the project. Mrs. Vanderbilt's action will cost her many thousands. Contracts already have been let for $1,000,000, and she will probably be compelled to pay a large bonus. She is determined, however, to withdraw at any cost. Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, her sister, has faith in San Francisco's growth and will continue the hotel project, though it is not known on what basis, as the lot is the undivided property of the two women, who are the only remaining heirs of the old bonanza millionaire Fair. It is estimated that the hotel will cost $4,000,000 and will be as sumptuous in furnishings as the Waldorf-Astoria.

NEARLY FORFEITS HIS LIFE.

A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25 cents at Abbett's drug store.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

Remnants! **Remnants!** Remnants!

Such an accumulation as this house has never had before. Two large tables covered with remnants of outings, flannelettes, ginghams, percales, calicos, flannels, cotton flannels, school plaids, etc., in varied lengths and at **¼, ⅓ and ½ less than regular selling price.** Come tomorrow and get a satisfactory remnant bargain.

25c and 29c Waist Ginghams Tomorrow at 15c

We've a gingham bargain for tomorrow you cannot afford to miss if you have shirt waists to buy. We secured thirty pieces of ginghams, representing the very best stripes, but there are not over one or two pieces of a kind, hence the price. You'll find what you want and we offer you the best of ginghams selling at 25c and 29c for---------- **15c**

Gray-Tallant Co

SELLS HIS SHARE

William O'Brien's Timber Interest Passes to His Partners.

Consideration About $750,000---J. McAlpine Makes Another Purchase.

There has been another important change in the ownership of the pine timber lands in the territory contiguous to the line of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River road from Virginia to the Canadian boundary. William O'Brien, who has for the past six or eight months been interested with W. H. Cook and Charles F. Ruggles, in buying the timber in the lands that will be opened by the new road, has closed out his holdings to Messrs. Cook & Ruggles, the deal being practically consummated Saturday afternoon. The total consideration is said to have been about $750,000. Mr. O'Brien, while interested with the men to whom he sold his timber, in the acquisition of standing pine along the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River road, was not interested with him in the road itself, although this has been generally undersicod.

This deal is said to close out all of Mr. O'Brien's interests in pine tributary to the new road.

Another large timber sale went on record at the register of deeds office today. Kenneth A. McDonald, of this city, has sold to John McAlpine, of this city, a large tract of standing pine in the vicinity of Ash Lake, St. Louis county. The consideration was $30,000.

OLD TIME SUIT IS DISMISSED

Government Fails To Sustain Case Against Northern Pacific.

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.) Judge Amidon of the United States circuit court, district of Minnesota, today dismissed the suit brought by the United States against the Northern Pacific Railroad company, the Northwestern Telegraph company, the Western Union Telegraph company and the Northern Pacific Railroad company. The suit involved a question of the Northern Pacific violating its charter in regard to the commercial use of its line of telegraphs.

The suit was begun in 1890. The government sought to revoke the franchise of the Northern Pacific Railway company, which, it alleged, violated the act of congress of Aug. 7, 1888, by not carrying commercial messages over the company's wires. Judge Amidon finds that the Northern Pacific Railway company, at all times since the passage of the act of 1888, by and through its own respective corporate officers and employes, maintained and operated for railroad, governmental, commercial and other purposes, a line of telegraph co-extensive with the line of railway system.

Second, that, if the contracts referred to between the Northern Pacific Railroad company and the Western Union Telegraph company were fully performed, the same contain no provision which will obstruct the railway company from the performance of its duties under the act of congress of Aug. 7, 1888.

For these reasons a decree will be entered dismissing the bill upon its merits.

FORFEITS HIS BAIL.

Harry Brolaski Fails to Appear In Court.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Harry Brolaski, alleged swindler and head of the turf investment concern of Brolaski & Co., failed to appear in court today and Justice Hall declared his bonds of $2000 forfeited. Brolaski was to be arraigned on charges of conducting a gambling institution. Miss Mattie Wood, manager for Benedict & Co., and M. J. Beck, the attorney, were in court, but their cases were continued until March 5.

MILLS IS BETTER.

New York, Feb. 23.—The condition of D. O. Mills was better today, according to statements made at his residence. It was said that he had not been so ill as reported. He has a cold and expects to be out in a few days.

ONE ARREST MADE

John LaVoy To Be Prosecuted For Wife Desertion.

Case Said To Be a Particularly Heartless One.

The first of a quartet of wife deserters who may be sent to prison for outrageously neglecting their families, was arrested and brought to justice this morning.

This individual is John LaVoy, of Tower. He is charged with refusing to furnish food, clothing or shelter for his wife and three little children.

Mrs. LaVoy is now a county charge in the Red Cross hospital, and a very ill woman. The county superintendent of poor says that it is one of the most heart-breaking cases of neglect that has ever been reported to this office.

LaVoy has worked steadily in a sawmill, and it is said that he has received good wages. Since Christmas he has been away from his wife, and once before when he deserted her several years ago the authorities took the matter up, but she interceded for him, and getting him out of the trouble, went back to live with him.

In the present instance Mrs. LaVoy is in such a delicate condition that she will not be taken into the case. The county authorities will prosecute, and claim to have obtained the strongest kind of evidence against the deserter.

Friends of the deserted wife are volunteering the authorities all kinds of evidence against LaVoy, saying that he refused to furnish his family with even the most necessary things in the way of food and clothing at intervals during the past six years.

The county poor commissioners recently announced their decision to prosecute all such cases to the extreme limit. Besides Mrs. LaVoy and her children, there are three women deserted some years ago that are now on the county while their husbands are abundantly able to care for them. This trio of unfaithful husbands will be rounded up as soon as possible and brought to justice.

The LaVoy examination will occur on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

VICTORY FOR OPERATOR

Supreme Court Orders Railroad Company To Supply Cars.

Philadelphia, Feb. 23.—Justice Dean, in the supreme court today, handed down a decree in the case of C. D. Loraine vs. the Pittsburg, Johnstown, Ebensburg & Eastern Railroad company, reversing the decision of the common pleas court of Clearfield county, which was in favor of the defendant. The plaintiff is a soft coal operator on the line of the road, which is his only outlet to the market. In November, 1900, the company notified Mr. Loraine that on the following day, unless he sold his coal to the American Union Coal company, which is controlled by the president of the railroad company, no cars would be furnished him. He was offered $1.50 a ton by the American Coal company and claimed to be able to demand $3 in the open market. Mr. Loraine applied to the Clearfield county courts for a writ of mandamus against the railroad company, to compel the latter to supply him with cars. The petition was dismissed because the suit was not instituted by the attorney general of the state and because the defendant company was not a corporation in Clearfield county alone.

Justice Dean decided that the company was bound to furnish cars as a common carrier and ordered the issuance of the writ of mandamus.

JORDAN CONVALESCING.

New York, Feb. 23.—Conrad N. Jordan, assistant treasurer of the United States, in charge of the sub-treasury here, who has been sick with the grip, was today reported to be convalescing.

HOWARD IS UNEASY

Forgery Charge Against Him Worries the Minneapolis Grafter.

A Silly Minneapolis Girl Is Infatuated With Him.

"Smiling" Charlie Howard, the Minneapolis graft artist, was not smiling when arraigned in police court this morning.

His arrest, which threatens to have an important bearing on the approaching criminal cases against former Mayor Ames, of Minneapolis, seems to cause him more than ordinary anxiety.

"Billy" Edwards, the other prominent grafter-witness in the recent Minneapolis police scandal, who is wanted here for a minor offense, has disappeared, and his disappearance is said to be a great cause of anxiety to the Hennepin county authorities desiring his evidence against "Doc" Ames, when he is brought back from New Hampshire.

When Howard was arrested in Minneapolis he was accompanied by a girl of a very highly-thought-of family, just as they were taking a street car. The girl was allowed to board the car and it is supposed that she gave the trouble "tip" to Billy Edwards.

Later she went to the police station, where Howard was awaiting the arrival of Chief Troyer, and sought to comfort Howard. He told her frankly that she was entirely too good for him, that he was an ordinary grafter, and urged her to try and forget him. She said she would not, but instead she would stand by him through all kinds of trouble. This girl's friends have tried everything possible to make her give Howard up and he says he has too, but she stands by him through everything.

He is not lacking for friends. Scarcely had the news of his arrest been printed in the Minneapolis papers than money offers, supposedly from grafters and friends, came to him from all parts of the state.

He was arraigend this morning charged with forgery in the first degree, instead of beating Joseph Bennhg out of $8 in an ordinary graft game of draw poker with a stacked deck.

The forgery charge is apparently what worried him. His examination was set for tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, and he was held in jail without bail.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

WOULD HAVE AN ACCOUNTING

One Partner In a Livery Stable Venture Sues the Other.

One of the partners in the livery and dray firm of Boileau & Armstrong, West Duluth, is alleged to have refused to divide the proceeds of the business and give the other partner an accounting of the moneys received by the co-partnership. Mose Boileau has begun an action in district court to compel E. O. Armstrong to make an accounting, and to secure judgment for his alleged share of the proceeds of the business.

In the bill of complaint, filed this morning, it is alleged that the partnership was formed Oct. 1, 1901, and was dissolved May 1, 1902. It is claimed that the co-partners were each to furnish one-half the equipment, devote each one-half his time to the business, and were to share equally in the profits and losses.

The plaintiff claims that he put in four horses, harnesses, three wagons, a sleigh and furnished a barn, whereas the defendant only put into the business two horses, a harness and a sleigh.

The plaintiff alleges that during the term of partnership the defendant collected for the firm $1841.61, and $150 after the co-partnership was dissolved; that of this amount but $787.63 was paid out for bills against the firm. The plaintiff alleges that he collected a total of $349.79, but that it was all applied in the payment of partnership bills. He claims that the only money the defendant ever turned over to him was $26.69, in April, 1902, and that defendant has repeatedly refused to make an accounting of the funds received under the co-partnership or to divide any of the moneys collected. Plaintiff also charges the defendant with selling one of the co-partnership teams for $70, clear of incumbrances, without making any settlement with the complaining partner. H. H. Phelps appears for the plaintiff.

MAY BE BRUCE.

Last of Unidentified Bodies of Cedar Rapids Fire.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Feb. 23.—It is now believed that the remaining unidentified body taken from the Clifton hotel ruins, is that of M. E. Bruce, who registered from New York city. He was young and well dressed. A. P. Johnson another guest, is as yet unaccounted for. An effort is being made to communicate with Bruce's relatives in New York. Johnson is supposed to have come from an Illinois town, presumably Morris.

WRECK ON NORTHWESTERN

A Fatal Accident Occurs Near Athol, S. D.

Aberdeen, S. D., Feb. 23.—A Chicago & Northwestern train was wrecked near Athol, S. D., today. One man, unknown, was killed and several injured, including Chas. E. Crowe and P. H. Cameron, of Aberdeen. A wrecking train with doctors has left for the scene.

HAWKINS COMMANDER.

Lawrence, Mass., Feb. 23.—Col. Paul R. Hawkins, of Springfield, Mass., was elected commander-in-chief of the Legion of Spanish War Veterans at the national encampment here today.

WARMTIME LIKELY

When Daughters of the American Revolution Elect Officers.

The Twelfth Continental Congress is Now In Session.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The twelfth continental congress of the Daughters fo the American Revolution convened in this city today. Many of the leaders of the organization, that numbers 40,000 patriotic women, were present. Approximately 1000 delegates and alternates from all the states in the union attended. The congress will be in session throughout this week, and already bids fair to be marked by several warm contests, the principal one being over the office of president general. Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks is a candidate to succeed herself for the second time. She already has served one term as president general, and one term before that as vice president general, and the opponents to her re-election claim that her tenure in both offices operate as two continuous terms, in the meaning of an amendment to the constitution, inhibiting the officers from serving more than two continuous terms. The advocates of her re-election contend that the amendment was not retroactive, and that she is, therefore, eligible. Mrs. Daniel Manning and Mrs. Donald McLean, both of New York city, will be conspicuous in the campaign for president general. The election will occur Thursday. The official parliamentarian this year is Mrs. Mary Belle King Sherman, of Chicago, a member of the bar of that city.

The features of today's proceedings were the address of welcome of President General Fairbanks, the response by Mrs. May Phelps Montgomery, of Oregon, which took place this morning and the ceremony of raising on the site of the memorial continental hall the flag presented to the society by the Sons of the American Revolution of Washington. The congress was called to order at 10 o'clock. After devotional exercises and the singing of the Star Spangled Banner, Mrs. Fairbanks delivered her address in which she referred to the influx of Italians, Bohemians, Poles and Russians in Greater New York, and said that the greatest aspiration should be to eliminate the attaching of any other nationality to the word American. She referred to pending amendments relating to limitations on the length of service of officers and to change the date of the annual meeting to either the week in which April 19 falls, or to the first Monday in May, and recited the arguments of both sides on the latter question, but made no recommendation beyond saying that "all would regret our failure to meet in that week in which Washington's birthday occurs."

During the year there were 3,730 members added to the rolls. She said that the approach of the centennial of the Louisiana purchase is absorbing the attention, not alone of the Daughters of Missouri, but the daughters of every chapter in the United States, and urged a hearty cooperation of the 40,000 women of the order in the St. Louis exposition.

During the roll call by states and chapters, Mrs. Fairbanks instructed the chairman of the house committee, to take possession of the doors and keep the delegates in until the roll call had been concluded.

CENSURE FOR MR. BRODRICK

Criticisms of British War Office Culminates In Commons,

London, Feb. 23.—The criticism of the British war office culminated in the house of commons today in a motion for a vote of censure against War Secretary Brodrick. The motion was in the shape of an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, regretting the fact that the "organization of the army was not suited to the needs of the empire and that no proportionate gain in strength or efficiency had resulted from the recent increase of military expenditure."

The motion was identical with an amendment moved by Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman, the Liberal leader, when Mr. Brodrick introduced his army reform scheme in 1901. Today, however, the vote of censure was proposed by Mr. Breckitt, an influential Conservative, who was supported by a considerable section of revolting Unionists. In introducing the motion Mr. Breckitt declared that Mr. Brodrick had deplorably neglected the greatest opportunity ever given and had produced a scheme which was not only unsound in principle but was ruinous in practice and enormously costly.

THE HAND OF DEATH.

Mrs. P. McDonnell Is Stricken at Chippewa Falls.

Mrs. P. McDonnell of Duluth, died Saturday afternoon at Chippewa Falls., of pneumonia after a very brief illness. The telegram from Chippewa Falls, in Saturday's Herald was the first news to most of her Duluth friends of her illness and its statement that there was little hope for her recovery proved to be only too true.

Mrs. McDonnell went to Chippewa Falls with her husband about a week ago. He went down there to look after some contracting work and as that was her former home she took the opportunity to go with him for a visit. She contracted the dread disease within two days after reaching there. It fastened upon her with great severity and baffled all attempts to break its force.

Mrs. McDonnell was but 28 years of age and leaves her husband and one son, Joseph, age 9 years. Her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. James Carroll reside in this city. They were with her at her death.

The funeral will take place Tuesday morning from the Catholic church in Chippewa Falls and the body will be interred there.

Only 5 days

more of the 20 per cent discount on fine shoes

for men, women, boys and youths. Enough said, if your are looking for bargains in high grade footwear.

Ehle Shoe Co.,

Torrey Bldg., ground floor, one door east of St. Louis hotel.

Quick repairing.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The New Wash Goods.

Everything you see in our Wash Goods Section is the latest, newest and freshest of its kind and almost every yard entirely confined to us for Duluth and not to be seen elsewhere—Somebody has to be exclusive—some store has to sell in the early months before other stores think of showing spring and summer fabrics—The S. & B. store is the place of selection.

OXFORDS—White ground work with just a faint coloring, some striped, others with small raised figures, a larger range of patterns from 29c to 75c per yard.

The heavy weaves will be very popular during the coming month — Vestings, linen-hopsackings and canvas are largely shown at prices ranging from 40c to $1.39 per yard.

Swiss Grenadines, wash crepe de chine and embroidered batistes are among the best things for summer gowns and evening wear. They are shown in silk stripe, gorgeous floral and small figured effects. 60c to 75c per yard—and hundreds of other fabrics too numerous to describe, but all worthy of a visit to admire their daintiness.

The more reasonably priced kinds include Dimity, Swiss, Batiste, Tissue and Lawn for inexpensive summer dresses—These materials are very desirable—all the popular colors are shown—prices range from 10c to 35c per yard.

New White Waistings.

NEW WHITE ENGLISH DAMASKS—The correct waisting material of two continents—Fine imported English Damask waistings—rich and durable—finest mercerized finish—will launder well—50c and 65c per yard.

NEW WHITF LEWIS IV. NOVELTY—Beautiful summer waistings — highest mercerized finish—exclusive with us—65c per yard.

NEW PRINCESS LOUISE RAYURE—Handsome fabrics—as pretty as silk—neat effects—finest mercerized finish—50c per yard.

NEW FRENCH GRANITES— Finest suitings and vestings — of medium weight—stylish and durable—50c per yard.

NEW CROISE SATINE—Fine novelty suiting and vesting—medium weight — easy to launder—exclusive with us—50c per yard.

NEW ENGLISH TWILLS—Very handsome suitings and waistings—entirely new this season—very popular in the East—50c per yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

OMAHA IS ENJOINED

From Making An Independent Assessment of Railroad Property.

Omaha, Feb. 23.—Judge Munger in the federal court today granted a writ of injunction restraining the city tax commissioner and city council from making an independent assessment of the Union Pacific and Burlington railroad property for purposes of municipal taxation.

It was contended by the railroads that the tax commissioner should accept the assessment of the state board of equalization, which was approximately $18,000 for the Union Pacific and $11,000 for the Burlington.

Instead of doing this, the city made an independent valuation, putting the Union Pacific taxable property at about $14,000,000 and the Burlington's at about $7,000,000. The case will be heard on its merits at an early date.

CONGRESSMEN FAVORABLE

Anxious For Early Opening of the Chippewa Reservation.

Secretary A. L. Preston, of the Commercial club, has resumed his duties after a week's sickness at St. Mary's hospital. Mr. Preston is receiving acknowledgments from the Minnesota senators and representatives in congress of the Commercial club resolutions which he sent them urging the early opening of the Chippewa Indian reservation, under the Morris law. In every acknowledgement the writer states that the matter is interesting the Minnesota contingent in congress and that every effort will be used to get at least some part of the reservation open to settlement as quickly as possible.

Answers to requests for reciprocal courtesies with other commercial organizations in the Northwest, are being received daily by the local club. Secretary E. J. Westlake, of the Minneapolis Commercial club, and Secretary G. E. Krummdek, of the Arlington club, at Winona, Minn., have written that their clubs will be pleased to entertain members of the Duluth organization at any time.

A decision has been reached by the United Norwegian Lutheran church society, to hold its next annual meeting in Duluth. This annual meeting was secured through the joint efforts of Rev. N. B. Tvedt, of the local Norwegian Lutheran church, and the Commercial club. The meeting will be held about June 10 and will last nearly a week. It is expected that there will be at least 1,000 delegates present from all over the district.

NO CHANGE AT DOVER.

Dover, Del., Feb. 23.—The twenty-ninth joint ballot for United States senator, taken by the legislature at noon today, resulted in no election.

FAVORABLE FOR DAY.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The senate committee on judiciary today reported favorably the nomination of William R. Day, to be associate justice of the United States supreme court; also the nomination of J. K. Richards to succeed Judge Day on the circuit bench; also the nomination of Assistant Attorney General Hoyt to be solicitor general to succeed Richards.

GIFT FROM CARNEGIE.

Cleveland, Feb. 23.—Andrew Carnegie has decided to give $100,000 to the Western Reserve university, of this city, to establish a school for the training of librarians. This announcement was made by President T. H. Ewing of Western Reserve today. Mr. Carnegie, it is said, has had the project under consideration for some time past and now advises the university of his readiness to endow the new department.

STYLISH SPRING SUIT.



Costume of medium light dull blue serge, the seams inverted and stitched over straps of the same. The plaits held with straps trimmed with white heavy lace. Short stoles, collar, stock, and cuffs trimmed the same. Deep double cape. Shaped band with lace. Hat of black fancy straw and lace, trimmed with black plumes.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Bargains In Linens and White Goods Tuesday

So many people visited this section today that we were tempted to continue this offer for Tuesday. Amply replenished tables of newest fresh and crisp table napkins and white goods at sensational prices given you tomorrow. Better be here.

Bleached Table Linens.

72-INCH ALL-LINEN TABLE DAMASK—NEW AND exclusive designs, usually sells for 85c, reduced to—per yd.. 68c

72-INCH GRASS BLEACHED SATIN TABLE DAMASK—This linen is absolutely the best that can be produced for the money—new and exclusive designs—to see is to buy—usually sells for $1.35—reduced price, per yard..... $1.00

Cream Table Linens.

70-INCH ALL-LINEN CREAM DAMASK—SOFT FINISH—free from chemicals—stripe and open border patterns—usually sells for 90c—reduced price, per yard..... 69c

72-INCH SILVER BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK—THIS linen is of the finest Irish manufacture, perfect in weave—designs that are new to the weaver's art—fine and soft finish—usually sells for $1.25—reduced price, per yard..... $1.00

Bleached Linen Napkins.

ALL-LINEN SATIN FINISH BLEACHED NAPKINS—SIZE 24x24—a fine linen of new patterns—excellent for wearing—Irish make; usually sells for $4; reduced price, doz. $2.98

IMPERIAL LONG CLOTH—36 INCHES WIDE—SOFT Chamois finish; free from dressing: 12 yards to piece—usually sells for $2.00—reduced price—per piece..... $1.50

LINEN HUCK TOWELS—HEMSTITCHED—SIZE 18x34—A good, heavy, serviceable Towel—pure white only—(see window)—regular price 16c—for Tuesday..... 12½c

34-INCH APRON LAWN—SHEER QUALITY—PERfect weave—worth 12½c—special Tuesday..... 9c

Novelty Waist Patterns In White.

We have just received a beautiful selection of Novelty Linen Shirt Waist Patterns—They are a pure white Linen fabric—beautifully embroidered in series of handsome designs—exclusive with us—the daintiest, most serviceable and latest novelties for waists—see them—prices range from..... $4.50 to $6.75

ONE SIDED GAME

Everything Possible Done to Get the Lumberjack's Money.

But Nothing to Protect Him From the Vultures.

Rev. G. E. Pickard, of Two Harbors, formerly of Duluth, has recently written for publication in one of the religious papers an appeal for the betterment of the moral conditions surrounding the men who work in the Northern Minnesota pine woods. His article is being reproduced in some of the leading lumber journals. He says in part:

"Within twenty miles north and west of Two Harbors there are not less than 6000 lumbermen living in camps in our pine forests. There are many well organized plans to get from these men their hard earned money and, in getting it, to degrade them, but almost nothing is attempted to elevate or to protect them from the enemies of society who live by fleecing the lumber jack.

"The lives of these men are the most monotonous. During the hours that they are at work, from 100 to 200 of them live together in a sleeping shanty. If our farmers should keep so much livestock together in such a place the Humane society would prosecute them for cruelty to animals, but because these men are only lumber jacks, no one seems to attempt anything to better their condition. The shanty is a low building, with long rows of bunks or stalls on each side, one above the other. These are very narrow, with only a few feet between the upper and the lower bunk, and the upper bunk and the roof. Two men sleep in each. There is a long aisle in the center running the whole length of the shanty. In this there is a stove around which several hundred pair of socks hang. All the men smoke. I have been trying for months to get a picture of the men in their shanty, but the smoke from the pipes and the steam from the socks has defeated attempts.

"Imagine yourself living twelve hours out of the twenty-four in such a place. I do not wonder that the men go to town for a change. But where can they go in town? The towns to which they go from this part of the country are Two Harbors and Duluth. In these two towns, the only places in which they are made welcome are the saloons and the dives.

"It is true that there is the Young Men's Christian association in both towns, but these men are not Christians, and they do not find a place that they can be at ease. In Duluth there is the Bethel, which tries to reach the lumberman, but it does not meet his demands much better than the Y. M. C. A., which is largely a club of Christian young men, and that is, no doubt, as it should be.

"The saloons depend on the lumberman for their harvest. They watch for him and give him a free drink and lunch 'after his long walk.' If the reports of the lumbermen are correct, they are often drugged, so that one drink 'paralyzes' them. Sometimes he is put to bed drunk, and several empty champagne bottles are placed on the table of his room. In the morning he is told that he ordered them and 'treated all hands.' He is compelled to pay for them, and sometimes is made to believe that he really did order them. Frequently when he comes to town with a little money, and with considerable coming to him at the camp, they get him drunk and then send a man with him to the camp to draw all his money that he has coming. There are so many ways and schemes to rob a lumber jack that it would take a lengthy article to describe them.

"Can anything be done to help these men?

"The conditions are somewhat new. The lumbering in this region is carried on by railways built to the forest, and the logs are taken to market on cars. The railways give the men a chance to 'jump camp' and go to town, and if anything is done to better their condition it must be done in the towns as well as in the camps.

"I know of no better mission field than these camps. I have talked to the men in the camps a few times, and they have given respectful attention, and I have received many invitations to return, coming from the men themselves, the foremen of the camps and the officers of the companies.

"We believe that in some way and by some one a missionary should be at work in these camps. In the towns there could be some place, a Lumberman's club, if you like, where they could go in and smoke, play billiards, cards (they will do these things), and where they could meet their associates and not be ruined. Something should be done for them. Who can tell us how and by whom?"

The last plan suggested by Rev. Pickard is practically along the line of the ideas of the young people of one of the local church organizations, in a movement started early last year to locate and maintain such a club. Whether the scheme did not meet with sufficient encouragement, or whether the originators found the financial end of the proposition beyond their reach, has not developed, anyway nothing definite is said to have been done towards opening a clubhouse for the woodsmen.

The Saturday Evening Post

is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.

Write for our offer.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO CONSULT WITH DOMINION.

London, Feb. 23.—Austen Chamberlain, the postmaster general, in behalf of his father, the colonial secretary, who is in South Africa, informed the house of commons today that the British Alaskan commissioners will be selected after consultation with the Dominion government.

FAVOR THE PLAN

Northern League Wants Duluth and Superior to Join.

Meeting of Circuit Committee to Be Held Soon.

The plan to have Duluth and Superior included in the Northern league is raising all kinds of enthusiasm in baseball circles.

The Red River valley towns have taken a strong fancy to the head of the league idea and their newspapers are full of interviews and articles on the bright prospects for the league if Duluth and Superior enter the circuit.

The Grand Forks Herald of yesterday contained the following gossip regarding the Northern league:

"While no definite deal has been closed with Duluth and Superior, it is altogether probable that during the coming week definite announcement can be made that Duluth and Superior will be represented in the Northern league this season, and both, if they come in, will put in strong teams.

"There is also a very strong sentiment in favor of Bemidji and Devils Lake being in the league.

"Regarding the admission of Bemidji, there is the argument that the break between the cities at the head of the lakes would be broken by a stop at that place both going and coming. By dividing the games between Cass Lake and Bemidji good crowds could be secured for every game, as the towns are such a short distance apart and the train service such that all the fans from one town would attend the games played in the other, so that practically the population of both cities could be figured on as one.

"Regarding Grand Forks, Crookston, Winnipeg and Fargo, all are ready for the fray. The men have practically all been signed for the season and they will have the strongest teams they have ever had in the field. There are, however, no lack of fast ball players for the balance of the towns that will come in. Superior and Duluth have practically enough fast local men to get teams together in their own yard to put up strong ball. The ball tossers farther south, at the same time, are all anxious to play in the Northern league, and scores of them could be secured on short notice.

The entire situation, therefore, at the present writing is very satisfactory and the prospects are that the fans in the cities that will be included in the Northern league will witness the fastest ball they have ever enjoyed since the league came into existence. Good clean ball is what is desired and will be insisted upon, and this is well understood by the local managers, and the teams have been selected with that end in view. The meeting of the circuit committee will be held in a short time, and at that time the entire plans for the season of 1903 can be announced definitely."

IN INTEREST OF MISSIONS

Fine Meetings Held By the Swedish Baptist Churches.

The quarterly meeting of the Swedish Baptist churches in Duluth and Superior closed yesterday afternoon at a largely attended session at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The sessions throughout were very interesting, especially so on Saturday afternoon and evening when they were in the interest of the missions carried on in the Sunday school of the churches.

Rev. M. Berglund, the Sunday school missionary, led the sessions.

Rev. Frank Peterson D. D., of Minneapolis, district secretary for the American Baptist Missionary union, gave the principal address yesterday afternoon. His discourses are always to the point, and of special interest. He spoke of growing foreign missions, their wonderful advancement and progress as carried on in the Baptist denomination. The union reaches out to all lands of the globe from north to south from east to west. In the new possessions of the United States, the Philippine islands, the missionary union is carrying on prosperous missions.

Rev. Dr. Peterson preached last night at the Third Swedish Baptist church, Rev. E. Bjorkquist, from Cambridge, Isanti county, occupied the pulpit at the Bethel Baptist church, and the Sunday school missionary, Rev. M. Berglund, of Minneapolis, preached last night at the First Swedish Baptist church.

In all the world, no medicine like Rocky Mountain Tea, the system purifier and vitalizer. It builds your health from the ground up. Try it. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

TO ADJUST STRIKE.

President Samuel Gompers Has Reached Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor has reached Chicago to take up and adjust the labor strife that is now tying up the clothing industry of that city. He will hold a joint meeting with all concerned today.

Mr. Gompers said that the American Federation of Labor had sent one of its prominent men to the Philippines on a secret mission. While there he will examine into the industrial conditions of the country, especially on the growth and present status of the Chinese and the half breed. He will also go to China and Japan to examine into conditions there and make an investigation into the immigration to the Philippines and Hawaii.

Presto

(better than flour)

devises dainty dumplings

THE BISBEE REGION

Geological Survey Studies Nature of the Copper Ores.

Special Topographic Map of the District Is Issued.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—During the last autumn and winter the Bisbee copper district in Arizona, has been scientifically studied by the United States geological survey. The district was geologically mapped and a detailed study made of the occurrence of the copper ores, with particular reference to their geologic relations and origin. F. L. Ransome, who was in charge of this work, is now engaged in preparing a full report on the geology and ore deposits of the district, based upon the field work just completed. This report, which will be accompanied by maps and illustrations, will probably appear early next year. It is expected that it will afford a more satisfactory basis from which to plan deep prospecting than has yet been available.

For over twenty years the great Copper Queen mine, at Bisbee, seven miles north of the Mexican line, has been producing an average of more than 16,000,000 pounds of copper annually. In 1880 the output was 1,570,940 pounds, and this has increased to a maximum of nearly 40,000,000 pounds per annum.

During the last two years a second company, the Calumet and Arizona, has entered the field so long solely occupied by the Copper Queen. The new mine, which is almost surrounded by the property of its long-established neighbor, has been rapidly developed and in December last was producing from thirty to forty tons of copper a day. Coincident with this increase in mining activity, the new smelting town of Douglas has sprung up, in Sulphur Spring valley. Here are the new smelter of the Calumet and Arizona mine, and the nearly completed works of the Copper Queen company, intended to replace the old smelter in Bisbee. The El Paso & Southwestern railroad, under the same ownership as the Copper Queen mine (Phelps, Dodge & Co.), has, within the last few months, completed its line to El Paso, so that Bisbee and Douglas now enjoy unusual facilities, through this road with its several connections, both north and south of the international boundary.

* * *

The United States geological survey has recently issued a special topographic map of the Bisbee copper-mining district, Arizona, from surveys which were completed in 1902. The map is drawn on a scale of 1 to 12,000, or about 5½ inches to the mile. The regions south and southeast of the mining town are represented, together with the locations of all the leading mines and even the small prospects.

The topography is indicated with great clearness and detail by contour lines drawn at intervals of twenty feet, which show not only the heights of all parts of the region, but also the steepness of slopes and the shapes of huts and valleys. The map should be of considerable value to those interested in the development of the region.

* * *

The United States geological survey has recently mapped the topographic and other features of the noted lumber region in the vicinity of Wausau, Wis. The map is composed of two sheets, known as the Wausau and the Marathon special maps. On the former appears a portion of the Wisconsin River valley, and also the towns of Merrill, Wausau, and Mosinee, where are located large lumber-milling interests; and on the latter sheet the country for ten or twelve miles surrounding Marathon is represented.

The maps are of unusual accuracy, giving not only the usual details of boundaries, drainage, railroads, etc., but also the highways and even the locations of dwellings in the country districts. By the use of contours, or lines passing through points of equal elevation, they show, in a striking manner the relief of the region. In this manner conspicuous landmarks, such as Rib and Mosinee hills, are clearly shown, and also the shapes and slopes of the minor elevations and valleys.

The maps may be had on application to the director of the United States geological survey, at the nominal rate of 5 cents per sheet.

DULUTH WINS NARROWLY

Superior and Duluth Shots Have a Close Contest.

The Washington birthday shoot held yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Central Gun club was a very successful affair. There was a close contest between two teams of nine members each, the captains being J. W. Nelson, of this city, and Levi Fulton, of West Superior. Capt. Nelson's team won out in the 25-bird-each contest by a total score of 156 to 155. The teams were arranged by choosing sides.

After the contest the shooters adjourned to the Commercial club, where they held a banquet.

The scores yesterday were as follows:

NELSON'S TEAM.

Nelson	24
Cap	17
Warren	20
Kennedy	18
Zopp	21
Frank	12
Pierce	15
Theo	13
Bernie	16
Total	156

FULTON'S TEAM.

Fulton	24
Storey	19
Berry	16
Dock	14
Shaver	22
Salter	19
Patsey	15
Yale	16
Max	10
Total	155

NEARLY DROWNED.

Small Boys Breaks Through the Lake Ice.

Bert Polinsky, aged 12, and Stens Magosowsky, aged 11, both members of families in the Polish community on Eighth street, had a narrow escape from drowning, while skating on the lake ice yesterday afternoon. The boys were not content to remain in the locality where the greater part of the skaters were enjoying themselves yesterday, but started out toward the Wisconsin side, until about three miles out and within a few hundred yards of an open gap of water. They got into a discussion as to whether they dared to go further, and during a scuffle, the ice gave way under them and they were precipitated into the cold waters of the lake. Fortunately both were grasping a long pole and with its aid they were able to get out on solid ice and home to their friends.

TERRIBLE WEATHER

Was Encountered By the British Steamer Monadnock.

London, Feb. 23.—The British steamer Monadnock, which sailed from Blyth, Eng., Feb. 17, for Boston, has put into Stornoway, Scotland, and reports having encountered terrible weather, during which one of her crew was drowned and four others were disabled. In addition to these casualties three of the steamer's boats were smashed, her forepeak was flooded and considerable damage was done about her deck. The storm was so severe that the Monadnock was only able to wear around and return by the liberal use of oil.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Our furniture dept. will soon be ready! Why it will pay you to wait?

A new era for Duluthians who need furniture, will dawn with the opening of our furniture department, soon to be announced. How radical a change the Glass Block methods will make in favor of just prices may be deduced from an actual occurrence of last Friday.

A gentleman and wife visited our baby carriage department, and word for word, this is what they told us: "You have a splendid assortment, and your prices are 25 per cent lower than the furniture store prices, after deducting the discounts they are offering in their colored tag sales."

The same will be true of Glass Block furniture prices. We have bought the best furniture that can be made—plain and fancy—and we will sell it so low that even 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 and 60 per cent tag sales will be high in comparison.

You can't lose—you'll surely gain

by waiting with your furniture purchases for the opening of the new era of low prices and legitimate profits on dependable, honest, well-made furniture.



One hour—9 to 10.

25 cents

for 50c food choppers.

The celebrated Rollman food choppers, which mince everything that requires chopping, does it in a jiffy with almost no labor, same as the market man makes hamburg steak or veal loaf. Regular price is 50c. For one hour Monday, in the basement, will sell them for 25c each. Every housekeeper should have one at this price.



One hour—9 to 10.

$2.48

for ladies' $5.00 shoes.

Here's a sale of high-class footwear for women. Every pair of Gray's fine $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00 shoes. Every pair of the "Ultra" $3.50 shoes. Also other lines of $4 shoes. Patent leather and kid, patent and kid tips, opera, military and common sense heels, nearly all sizes, lace and button. Choice of any pair for one hour Tuesday at only $2.48.



One hour—9 to 10.

6½c

for 12½c wash goods.

Tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock, for one hour, we offer light colored corded dimities—stripes and fancy patterns—also dark colored percales in stripes and fancy figures—values are from 12c to 15c a yard. We offer choice of either line at 6½c for one hour only. Limit, 2 dress patterns.

New harness.

Every bit of harness, horse or stable goods bought elsewhere than at the Glass Block, means that you pay from from 50c to 25c more on the dollar.

Prove it! Come and see! We will undersell the harness stores on every item.

Single Harness—Harness stores get from $6.50 to $7.00 for this harness—1-inch leather breast collar, XC finish—a first-class article, and the Glass Block price is only..... $4.95

Our Leader—A strictly first-class single harness for which harness stores get from $23 to $25—Glass Block price is only..... $18.00

Double harness from $22.50 up, to beautiful silver-mounted coach harness at $110. Every price way below harness stores.

Saddles—Excellent and elegant assortment from $25.00 down to harness stores' $10-saddles, for which we get only..... $6.95

Saddle blankets..... 69c to $1.00

Sleighells.... 25 per cent discount

Special glassware sale.

See the window display for examples of the bargains in the basement selling:

Perfection caraffes or water bottles. Detachable necks for easy cleaning. Regular price 48c. Special..... 29c

Molasses cans, plated, spring top. Regular price 35c. Special only, each..... 19c

Water pitchers—clear crystal. Regular price 39c. Special during this sale..... 25c

Berry bowls—crystal star pattern. Regular price 19c. During this sale only..... 10c

Cake stands—clear plain glass. Regular price 33c. Special sale price..... 19c

Vinegar cruets—good size, clear glass. Special sale—a great value..... 10c



Hundreds of other equally good bargains.

All ping pong reduced.

We want to close out our entire line of ping pong or table tennis. We have a complete assortment, from the cheapest to the very finest sets, and we now offer them all at the following reductions:

$10.00 sets ping pong for..$7.50
$8.95 sets ping pong for..$7.00
$4.95 sets ping pong for..$3.95
$4.50 sets ping pong for..$3.50
$3.95 sets for..$3.00
$3.25 sets for..$2.25
.59 sets for..25
.35 sets for..15

Ping pong racquets also reduced as follows:

$1.95 racquets for..$1.50
$1.25 racquets for..90
39c racquets for..35c
35c racquets for..19c

NEW BREED OF CHICKENS

Hairy Chickens In the Race With Featherless Breeds.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—While the department of agriculture in Washington is trying to develop a breed of featherless chickens, Chicago poultry raisers are striving to produce chickens with hair instead of feathers, and to improve on those developed by Dr. William R. Black, of Bolivar, O.

Miller Purvis, an authority on henology, whose challenge to Australia led to the shipping of American chickens to that island to engage in an egg-laying contest, is experimenting in warmly clad chickens and believes the breed will become one of the greatest egg producers known.

The fowls produced by Dr. Black are called Klondike chickens, and the doctor says they are warmly enough thatched to stand any amount of cold and go right on laying eggs. He believes that an arctic explorer, supplied with a dozen of his hens, can travel all over the frigid regions and have fresh laid eggs and broilers through all the journey.

The doctor's chickens cannot fly. Their feathers are soft and downy, like hair. It is claimed for them that they have most of the good points of the common variety of chickens and none of their faults. The down is said to be softer and whiter than elderdown, and will be extremely valuable in the commercial world.

In the meantime Secretary Wilson is trying to produce a featherless race of chickens for the warmer parts of the United States. It has been discovered that the time of molting can be reduced from 100 days to less than one month, and, in time, done away with entirely, because hens will have no feathers to molt.

The manner of forcing molting is as follows: Early in August stop feeding the chickens and allow them only enough food to sustain life for two weeks. Then stuff them with al kinds of food. The chickens will eat so much and so rapidly that inside of a week the feathers will be forced out of the body, which will be left naked. By the end of one month they will be covered with new down and begin laying again.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO. ZENOTA FLOUR DULUTH, MINN.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. } **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER** Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

SCRAPPING OVER IT

Naval Training School Provokes Fight Among Congressmen.

Arouses Hope That Duluth May Still Have Chance.

Duluth may still have a slim fighting chance for the naval training school.

The united congressional delegations of Pennsylvania and Ohio have succeeded in throwing out the appropriation that was proposed for the purchase of a site near Chicago.

As a result there is a merry political war on in Washington in which Illinois statesmen charge the congressmen from Pennsylvania and Ohio with egotically sandbagging the spirit of altruism and the Easterners threaten all kinds of political vidsenity for the statesmen from the Sucker state.

One faction desires the training school on Lake Erie and the other on Lake Michigan. Should the fight become sufficiently bitter there is such a possibility of training the coming warrant officers in the navy on neutral Lake Superior ground. Duluth is the only city in the Lake Superior region that complies with the requirements.

The naval training school to be located on the great lakes was a Chicago idea put through the last congress by Chicago push. In order that it might not be considered "special legislation" a board of naval experts were appointed to select a suitable location. Duluth offered the best site so far as technical requirements went, but Chicago's geographical location was "considered" the best and the naval experts recommended a site on the south end of Lake Michigan. The secretary of the navy reported to congress recommending this location and $300,000 was included in the naval appropriation bill for the purchase of the site.

Gen. Grosvenor of Ohio, backed by his state delegation and the thirty-two congressmen from Pennsylvania, succeeded in knocking the appropriation out and the new Illinois and Indiana statesmen are forming an offensive and defensive alliance to prevent the station's going to any Lake Erie location.

A Chicago paper speaking of the possibilities of neither Lake Michigan or Lake Erie town getting the naval school in the present mix-up of affairs in Washington, says it may go elsewhere:

"It saddens Chicago to see how far from altruism the lake towns of Ohio and Pennsylvania still remain. It is not altruistic to break a thing to pieces because your neighbor is going to get it instead of you. The dog in the manger has never been adopted as an altruistic symbol. Yet it is the dog in the manger that the lake towns of Ohio and Pennsylvania seem to be determined to worship and to imitate. The secretary of the navy, after an investigation, told congress that the place for the new training station was the south end of Lake Michigan. This was authoritative. The secretary of the navy is supposed to know where naval training stations ought to be put. What did Ohio and Pennsylvania do? Admit that the best horse had won and that the joke was on them? Not at all. They harked back to the era before altruism was invented and they knocked out the training station clause from the naval appropriation bill. They knocked it out by means of a technicality.

"The fact is that both Ohio and Pennsylvania are not above taking advantage of an altruistic city. Just because Chicago has given up the Olympian games to St Louis Cleveland and Erie seem to think that it will give up the naval station to them. Thus is altruism fleeced and mulcted by egotism. There is a limit however even to altruism of the most transcendental kind. A city can't go on giving things away forever. It has to keep a few things for itself. The naval training station is one of the few things which Chicago will not be able to make up its mind to surrender to a Lake Erie city. Especially will it not be willing to let go when it feels that its generosity is being imposed upon."

AS A ROBBER

Brooklyn Policeman Placed His Brother Under Arrest.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 23.—Brooklyn has a regular Brutus et a policeman in Patrolman Matthew Bougard, of the Fifth avenue station. Three young men, it is charged to force a sidewalk showcase on Fifth avenue. Bougard sided them and gave chase. It was not until he had them that he recognized his nineteen-year-old brother Edward as one of the allied thieves.

"You're not going to pull me, are you, Matt?" asked Edward.

"You'll go with the others," was the answer. "If you have got yourself into trouble you'll have to get out."

The trio was so dumfounded at the idea of a policeman arresting his brother that they submitted to being led lamb-like to the station. In the Butler street court they pleaded not guilty, and were remanded under bonds.

ESCAPED AN AWFUL FATE.

Mr. H. Haggins, of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases, by William A. Abbett, druggist. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

That Tired Feeling

Is a Common Spring Trouble.

It's a sign that the blood is deficient in vitality, just as pimples and other eruptions are signs that the blood is impure.

It's a warning, too, which only the hazardous fail to heed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove it, give new life, new courage, strength and animation.

They cleanse the blood and clear the complexion.

Accept no substitute.

"I felt tired all the time and could not sleep. After taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a while I could sleep well and the tired feeling had gone. This great medicine has also cured me of scrofula." Mrs. C. M. Root, Gilead, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

Polishes and cleans simultaneously

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Contains no deleterious ingredients

Produces a polish that remains

All responsible jewelers keep it — 25 cents a package

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Fears That Polk Is Lost In Thunder Mountain.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Lead—Fears are entertained that M. D. Polk, formerly a newspaper man of Lead, has been lost on his way to Thunder Mountain, Idaho. For two years he has been engaged on the Idaho Statesman, at Boise City. A few weeks ago he accepted a commission from a news sydicate to visit Thunder Mountain, involving a trip of 150 miles on snowshoes, across an unsettled region, with only two stops. The last heard of him was two weeks ago.

Spearfish—The county board of insanity has pronounced Asa B. Thornburg insane. He has been a resident of Spearfish for many years and owned much property.

The city council has instituted proceedings against William Scott to enjoin him from operating his sawmill at the headwaters of the Spearfish, alleging that the saw dust is polluting the waters and endangering the supply on which Spearfish depends.

Centerville—Searching parties were out all night looking for Mrs. Carr, an insane woman who left her home after dark and wandered into the country without sufficient clothing to protect her from the cold. She was found this morning near a haystack where she had spent the night. Her hands and feet were frozen.

Pierre—Commissions were issued by Governor Herreid for Cyrus C. Carpenter, major; F. J. Armstrong, adjutant; H. G. Boocock, quartermaster, First squadron cavalry, at Faulkton; also for Edward A. Beckwith, adjutant, First regiment infantry, at Pierre.

Miller—The proposed sinking of oil wells east and west of this part of the state has caused a close inspection of the artesian water. At times an oil forms on the water. At other times the water is heavily charged with gas.

Huron—The chief of police has notified operators of slot machines to discontinue their use at once, or the machines will be confiscated. The order will be obeyed.

Garden City—A farmers' elevator will be built in this place in the spring.

Sioux Falls—The work of taking testimony in the case of Mrs. Jane E. Waldron vs. Black Tomahawk et al, which has been in progress for several weeks, is not yet completed and probably will not be for several weeks. The case involves the ownership of a valuable tract of land adjoining the Fort Pierre townsite. The testimony thus far taken fills more than 600 typewritten pages. A hearing in the case will be held on the 27th before Special Examiner W. S. Little, of Pierre. Further hearings will probably be held at Vermillion and other places.

William Drum, a machine agent, of Aberdeen, has filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States court in this city. He places his liabilities at $4793.78 and his assets at $362. All of his assets, he asserts, are exempt.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—Representative Maddock, of Benson county, was placed in quarantine, having come down with smallpox. He has been ill for several days and attended the session of the house yesterday. Steps will probably be taken to do some fumigating among his colleagues. The states' attorneys, now meeting here, consulted the legislative committees regarding tax matters.

States attorneys from a dozen counties elected J. B. Wineman, of Grand Forks, chairman, and E. H. Smith, of Fargo, secretary, and appointed a legislative committee to recommend bills desired for passage.

Fargo—Much interest has been taken over the state in the contest for superintendent of public schools in Ward county. Two years ago Maj. Murphy disliked the Republican nominee for superintendent and sprang a coup at the last minute by sending stickers over the county and electing a young man named Bickford. Bickford was the regular Republican nominee at the last election, and Miss Frost, who has a claim in Ward county, ran independently. She was elected, but Bickford refused to turn over the office to her on the ground that she was a non-resident, having been superintendent of schools in Jackson county, Minn. To make the matter stronger, a contest was started by a friend of Maj. Murphy on Miss Frost's claim. The case went into the courts and Judge Cowan has ordered Bickford to turn the office over to Miss Frost. There will be further legal proceedings.

Her Mind Unbalanced.

Mrs. Anna Haugen was examined for insanity, in the judge of probate's court Saturday, and was ordered committed to the state asylum at Fergus Falls. Mrs. Haugen has been living some time at the home of her sister, Mrs. Mary Gordon, 531 West First street. She imagines earthquakes and electrical phenomena to be taking place nearly all the time. Mrs. Haugen was discharged from the asylum at Fergus Falls as cured in March, last year, but has been growing worse.

Manley-McLennan Games.

Three games were played Saturday at the Duluth Curling club rink in the Manley-McLennan contest and the scores were as follows:

S. H. Jones,	A. C. Wilcuts,
A. S. Hair,	C. F. Graff,
A. H. Smith,	C. P. Grady, Jr.,
G. F. Mackenzie,	C. L. Frederick,
Skip—19.	Skip—7.
C. Brewer,	W. H. Kichilll,
S. A. McPhail,	W. H. Kichilli,
A. W. Frick,	W. D. Newcomb,
D. W. Stocking,	R. N. Hoople,
Skip—18.	Skip—12.
A. C. Willcuts,	J. W. Cook,
A. C. Manson,	R. C. Ray,
A. Milne,	C. P. McCormick,
Dr. Cleland,	F. W. Hargreaves,
Skip—14.	Skip—5.

SMOKER IS GREAT

Commercial Club Members Delighted With Their Entertainment.

Clever Entertainers Give a Varied and Pleasing Program.

The Commercial club smoker Saturday evening was largely attended and was conceded to be one of the best entertainments of the nature ever held in the city. The entertainment committee, consisting of F. W. Kugler and J. T. Armstead, received many compliments for their able efforts in arranging the affair.

E. L. Millar was appropriately introduced as the master of ceremonies, and under his skillful direction the events succeeded each other without a break.

Mr. Millar introduced F. A. Patrick, president of the club, as the first speaker, remarking that the largest, fullest and roundest credit for the success of the club, and the energy of its membership, are due to the indefatigable efforts of its president. This sentiment was heartily endorsed by the audience.

Mr. Patrick talked of several matters of interest to the club. He expressed the gratification of the officers for the hearty co-operation of the membership on every occasion. As to future entertainments, the president said the idea is now under consideration of offering prizes to the entertainment committees that arrange the programs for the club socials, with the view of stimulating a friendly rivalry and holding the interest of the large membership.

Thomas E. Hill, secretary of the Northern Minnesota and St. Louis County Agricultural, Mechanical and Industrial association gave a short talk in which he outlined to the business and professional men present the idea of the new association, relative to the exposition now under way. He gave a very enthusiastic presentation of his subject and he was listened to attentively. He reported that the project is meeting with success thus far and urged the business men of the city to render the new association all the aid possible. Mr. Hill predicted that in years to come there will stand at the head of Summit avenue, overlooking Duluth, a splendid museum, and that engraved on the edifice will be words to the effect that the building was started by the Commercial club of Duluth in 1903.

Robert Cox made one of the best hits as the evening in his character sketch delineating the New England debaters at the little old school house in district No. 11, on the New Hampshire hills, away back in the early days. Mr. Cox's mimicry, from the old deacon who presided, to the self-conscious young farmer, was well night perfect. He responded to an encore. F. B. Beaupre gave a pleasing Italian dialect story about George Washington and his hatchet.

The musical features of the entertainment were especially good. Master Leslie Bassett sang two pleasing selections; F. G. Bradbury played two violin solos with piano accompaniment; The Evening Herald's trio, comprised of Clifford Allen, Oswald Tvedt and Will Orcott, sang a medley and a serenade song; Don Gearhart gave a vocal selection; P. Doran sang several popular airs, and the Orpheus quartet rendered two selections. Two professional comedians, William Lang, of the Ferris company, and Frank Ellis, gave a first-class entertainment along their respective lines. Carl Raymond gave some very clever comic acrobatic work.

The athletic part of the entertainment was furnished by Professor John B. Roche, of West Superior, who gave a short talk on physical culture and followed it with a very clever bag punching exhibition. There was also a wrestling match between two local young men who have been in training for some time. The match was to be three out of five falls, but after wrestling over an hour, and each man having two falls to his credit, the affair was called a draw.

Special notice was given the members of the club Saturday evening that the Gabrilowitsch reception, Thursday afternoon, was to be for their ladies as well as themselves, and the ladies may attend even if it is impossible for the member to do so. The program is to be very entertaining and of a high musical order.

LET THE GOATS BE BROUGHT IN

Would Clear the Cut Over Lands of Refuse.

The proposed bill in the Minnesota state legislature, which has for its object the prevention of forest fires, has aroused a storm of discussion among the lumbermen and their interests all over the state. The method proposed is to have the lumbermen clean up all the refuse after clearing lumber off the land. The principal objection to this method has been the great expense which the lumbermen claimed would be entailed. They say that the smaller contractors would be driven out of the business if such a law were enforced.

There is to be agitated in the state another proposition which has the same end in view, and which, it is claimed, would work better and at far less expense than clearing up by the lumbermen. The idea is to induce the raising of Angora goats in the districts which are being cleared up. The idea of raising goats to clear new land is not a new one in this part of the country; in fact, the project is now being successfully tried in parts of the northern portion of Minnesota. The idea of having the goats to clear up refuse which offers danger to forest fires is said to have been suggested by a lumberman in Washington, who says that he has observed that in the timber lands of Oregon, wherever the Angora goats have been allowed to graze on the cut-over lands, the small vegetation has been completely cleared up.

The Mississippi Valley Lumberman, which is an advocate of "goat labor," says:

"We would go further than induce the raising of Angora goats. They are all right as far as they go, but the good, old-fashioned, 'ordinary 'just goats' would be a still better scavenger. He would not only eat up the small growth of brush; but he would eat the tree tops, the branches and, possibly, with a little urging, could be induced to dispose of even the stumps. By all means introduce goats into our logging camps."

DEATH BLOW TO THE TRUST

Theatrical Managers Will Book Attractions Through Independent Agency.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—"The despotism of the theatrical trust is at an end," declares Actor James K. Hackett, who is now appearing at Powers' theater, a "trust" playhouse. The death blow to the combination that has successfully controlled bookings, according to Mr. Hackett, is dealt by Weber & Fields in their announcement that they will book all attractions in the future through the independent booking agency.

"There is nothing in it," said Mr. Hackett. "It simply means that the trust has expired. Other influential theatrical managers whose names I am not yet at liberty to announce will join the independent movement in a short time. The defection from the trust of Weber & Fields will give the independent circuit strong new attractions and will extend the circuit by the addition of the new Globe theater, Boston, the West End theater in New York and a new theater in Brooklyn, all under the control of Weber & Fields."

The booking scheme of the new concern, far from complete as yet, is nevertheless sufficiently developed to enable theatrical companies to book a consecutive season in the principal cities of the United States in independent houses.

THE STAGE.

"Down by the Sea," a melodrama of the virulent type, was the offering at the Lyceum theater Saturday afternoon and evening. The evening performance attracted a fair-sized audience for the last night in the week and the entertainment seemed to please those who attended. The plot of the play was built about the unfortunate signing of a check, and the subsequent incarceration and happy ending and release of the father of a poor but honest daughter. The local color is that of New England and the good old comedy characters including a Jewish lawyer, were out in force. The scenery was especially good, and as complete as anything seen here this season. The lighthouse and the village church scenes were especially notable.

* * *

The Ferris comedians will celebrate Washington's birthday at the Metropolitan tonight by presenting the novelty play "The Man Outside," which is said to be one of the most bewildering plays ever written. The play is in four acts and is said to be a problem within a problem.

BABY'S DAY

Every Tuesday at the

Frans Studio,

223 West Second Street, Ground Floor.

Best Cabinet Photos, $2.50 per dozen.

CUTLERY GRINDING

We have the only complete Cutlery Grinding Establishment at the Head of the Lakes.

F. L. Stoddard,

107 Lake Ave. South.

Barbers' Supplies and Cutlery.

U. S. Engineer Office, Duluth, Minn., Jan. 24, 1903. Sealed proposals for furnishing and placing about 26,000 tons of riprap at Ashland, Wis., will be received here until noon, Feb. 24, 1903, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, Capt. Engrs. Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 24-26-27-28, Feb. 21-23-1903.

French & Bassett

DULUTH, MINN.

216 Pieces of Furniture, More Than 600 Pieces of Crockery

HALF PRICE

The special discount tag sale has brought a tremendous business to this store and has resulted in breaking up the stock in many directions, leaving odd pieces and broken lots in every department. We have decided to make a complete "clean-up" of all these goods and placed on sale this morning at 8 o'clock more than

200 Pieces of Furniture and 600 Pieces of China, Pottery and Bric-a-Brac at Half Price.

These are all desirable pieces and form the greatest sacrifice sale ever held in Duluth.

The articles **at half price** have all been arranged on the first floor.

All articles are sold as they are at the time of purchase.

Prompt deliveries cannot be promised during the sale.

The Following Is Only a Partial List:

$5.00 Mahogany Reception Chair—damask seat—for	$2.50
$9.75 Wicker Reception Chair—upholstered seat—for	4.88
$15.00 Mahogany Rococo Screen	7.50
$5.75 Oriental Taboret	2.88
$10.50 Oriental Carved Punjab Chair	5.25
$18.00 Brass Table—onyx top	9.00
$12.00 Oriental Carved Taboret	6.00
$16.50 Oriental Carved Taboret	8.25
$28.50 Oriental Carved Tea Table	14.25
$15.00 Pyro Enameled Tea Table	7.50
$23.50 Pyro Enameled Tea Table	11.75
$9.50 Pyro Enameled Tea Table	4.75
$14.50 Pyro Enameled Smoking Table	7.25
$8.50 Enameled Wicker Chair	4.25
$6.75 Wrought Iron Portfolio	3.38
$15.00 Flemish Oak Writing Desk	7.50
$34.00 Carved Flemish Oak Desk	17.00
$14.50 Flemish Oak Buffet	7.25
$28.50 Flemish Oak Large Book Case	14.25
$6.50 Weathered Oak Den Chair	3.25
$6.50 Weathered Oak Den Chair	3.25
$35.00 Turkish Leather Easy Chair	17.50
$25.00 Weathered Oak Tobey Chair	12.50
$34.50 Golden Oak Morris Leather Chair	17.25
$50.00 Parlor Set—3 pieces	25.00
$88.00 Parlor Set—3 pieces	44.00
$9.50 Mahogany Rocker	4.75
$8.50 Roman Upholstered Chair	4.25
$22.00 Weathered Oak Mission Chair	11.00
$14.50 Mahogany Pedestal	7.25
$19.50 Velour Couch	9.75
$136.00 Mahogany Dining Room Set	68.00
$58.00 Flemish Oak Sideboard	29.00
$75.00 Golden Oak Sideboard	37.50
$60.00 Mahogany Sofa	30.00
$45.00 Mahogany Chair	22.50
$175.00 Mahogany Carved Sofa	87.50
$160.00 Mahogany Carved Sofa	80.00
$35.00 Parlor Set—3 pieces	17.50
$38.50 Parlor Set—3 pieces	19.25
$15.00 Mahogany Divan	7.50
$10.00 Mahogany Armchair	5.00
$7.50 Mahogany Reception Chair	3.75
$75.00 Mahogany Library Sofa	37.50
$56.60 Mahogany Library Chair	28.00
$35.00 Mahogany Library Chair	17.50
$38.50 Mahogany Library Chair	19.27
$29.50 Mahogany Library Chair	14.25
$28.00 Upholstered Easy Chair	14.00
$15.00 Reclining Easy Chair	7.50
$14.50 Mahogany Pedestal	7.25
$40.00 Upholstered Sofa	20.00
$28.50 Upholstered Armchair	14.25
$18.50 Upholstered Armchair	9.25
$8.50 Wicker Roman Chair	4.75
$2.50 Work Basket	1.25
$21.50 Adjustable End Sofa	10.75
$11.50 Golden Oak Sewing Table	5.75
$14.50 Golden Oak Sewing Table	7.25
$9.50 Large Golden Oak Rocker	4.75
$18.00 Mahogany Leather Easy Chair	9.00

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

A FIRST-CLASS PAPER.

Nordvesterns Handelstidning: The Duluth Evening Herald had a celebration of its own on the 12th inst., but the citizens of Duluth took occasion to celebrate with them, wishing The Herald continued success and prosperity, in its elegant new home, opposite the Postoffice building. The Herald has done its share to build up the great city at the head of the lakes from a population of 3000 to 60,000, and has itself grown in proportion. Nordvesterns Handelstidning congratulates Mr. Weiss and The Herald upon its enterprise, and as a first class evening paper.

THE WOODSMEN'S TRADE.

The old question of how to secure for Duluth merchants the trade of the woodsmen has come to the front again, the time being near at hand when the lumbermen will be returning from the woods with time-checks for their season's wages, and prepared to purchase clothing and other furnishings. Last year large inroads were made into this trade which should come to Duluth by the merchants of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater and other cities in the southern part of the state. It is desired to prevent this happening this spring, but how to accomplish the desired result is a problem that has not yet been solved. One plan which has been proposed is to keep the clothing stores open until 9 o'clock at night from March 15 to April 15, the period when the rush of the returning woodsmen is on. Then the woodsman who arrived here on the evening train would be able to cash his time check at one of the clothing stores and make his purchases, instead of being forced to go to a Bowery saloon to get it cashed or go on to the Twin Cities. This plan might work well, and it certainly is worthy of a trial.

It appears to The Herald that this question might well be taken up for consideration by the Commercial club and the clothing merchants together in order that some feasible plan may be devised to secured this valuable trade for Duluth. There is no good reason why any of the woodsmen's trade should be permitted to go to the Twin Cities. The Commercial club was established for the promotion of Duluth's business interests and it should take hold of this matter and aid the clothing merchants to hold the trade here.

THE ARMY GENERAL STAFF.

Gen. Miles will have nothing to do with organizing and putting into operation the new general staff of the army, under the law just passed by congress. This is because it does not become operative until Aug. 15, and Gen. Miles will go on the retired list on Aug. 7. This provision of the new law was inserted simply for this reason. Gen. Miles has been a vigorous and consistent opponent of the new scheme and it was through deference to him that the time was fixed after he would be out of active service and would in no way be affected by the measure.

There are certain big projects pending at the war department which will be turned over to officers who will later be appointed on the general staff, but who, in the meantime, will carry on work as though the staff were already organized. It is a foregone conclusion that the chief of staff will be Maj. Gen. Samuel B. M. Young, who is on the slate to succeed Gen. Miles as the next lieutenant general. Gen. Young is now at the head of the war college, which is one of the pet hobbies of Secretary Root. He is the coming man of the army, and will remain at the top until his retirement, when he will be succeeded in command by Maj. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee. The balance of the general staff corps is to be made up of two other general officers, not below the grade of brigadier general; four colonels, six lieutenant colonels and twelve majors and twenty captains. There is no end of speculation as to who will be picked for these choice assignments, for although they will last but four years, they will undoubtedly be the plums of the service. The men on the general staff will outline the general policies of the army; they will have charge of the annual drills and practice work, draw plans for the maneuvers and war games, and act as general referee on all subjects affecting more than one branch of the service. At the present time the following men are on the list of major generals, and with one or two exceptions will be eligible for appointment on the general staff: Chaffee, MacArthur, Hughes, Bates and Davis; brigadier generals, Wade, Sumner, Wood, Randall, Kobbe, Grant, Bell, Funston, Baldwin, Wint, Lee, Carter, Bliss and Sanger. Several of these, including Maj. Gen. Hughes, are to be retired before August, and therefore cannot be considered as candidates for the two positions on the general staff that are to go to general officers. There is considerable gossip about the war department that Gen. Carter is to go on the staff, notwithstanding the announcement that he is soon to be sent to the Philippines. Gen. Carter was Secretary Root's right hand in the drafting of the bill and in getting it through congress. He is now on duty at the war college, and probably knows Secretary Root's ideas regarding the execution of the law better than any other officer.

There is now nothing in the way of the promoters of the new schemes for the army to prevent giving them a thorough trial and their success or failure will rest entirely with them. With a law to their liking, Gen. Miles practically out of the way, and the solid support of the administration, they are free to go ahead with their plans as they see fit.

Miss Maude Gonne is gone, for better or worse. His name is McBride.

THE STRIKE COMMISSION.

There is naturally a great deal of interest manifested by all in the coming report of the coal strike commission, which heard the extended testimony of strikers and operators concerning the recent strike of the anthracite miners. The members of the commission hold out but little encouragement for an early report as they realize that they have a vast undertaking before them. A tremendous mass of testimony was taken, covering over 10,000 pages of typewritten matter, and to go through it, is no small task. The commission will do two things. It will fix the scale of wages to prevail on and after Nov. 1 last, when the men returned to the mines after their long strike. The commission will also determine the number of hours the miners shall work each day. Both sides have pledged themselves to abide by the decision on these two points, which were the main causes for the strike. Several millions of dollars hinge on the award in the first case. It seems to be the opinion that the commission will decide that the men are entitled to some advance in pay. The sum total will make a pretty penny, that the operators will have to pay.

The commision will also make some important recommendations to the president which will probably be the basis for legislation on the subject. The whole general history of the differences between the miners and the operators, together with the methods of business of both sides, will be gone thoroughly into. The commission will point out the defects and elements in the plans of the opposing elements, and will suggest arrangements by which conditions may be improved. The president will do with these recommendations what he thinks best. If the awards of the commission are accepted by the miners and operators without protest, and harmony prevails at the mines, the recommendations will probably be dropped into the waste basket. But if another strike should follow the awards, calling for federal interference of any kind, congress would undoubtedly be asked to give consideration to the suggestions of the commission.

That good will come of the arbitration of this great labor trouble seems almost certain. How far-reaching and lasting it may prove remains to be seen.

THE FEDERAL PENAL CODE.

There is one measure now before congress, which, although it has not attracted scarcely passing notice, should receive the support of the entire body. It is a bill for the revision of the penal code of the United States and to make it sufficiently up-to-date that many rascals who now escape on technicalities will be punished for their misdeeds. At present there exists much confusion and incongruity in the federal criminal laws, much of it due to lack of definiteness in determining jurisdiction, as well as to varied inconsistencies.

The new bill contains many new and important laws and harmonizes existing laws and brings into existence a comprehensive, symmetrical and consistent code, which, in the adjustment of penalties for the prevention of crime, will be abreast of the times. Great care has been exercised in the consideration of the code, which reveals many interesting features, and deals with offenses against the existence of the government, such as treason, inciting or engaging in rebellion or insurrection, criminal correspondence with foreign government, seditious conspiracies and the recruiting of soldiers or sailors to serve against the United States. Severe penalties will be imposed upon anyone creating dissatisfaction or insubordination in the military or naval forces of the United States, or causing any soldier to desert. It contains a provision for the punishment and for the protection of the president, the vice president or any officer upon whom the presidency may devolve; any person attempting to kill the president or any chief magistrate of any foreign country will suffer death. Any person aiding, abetting or conspiring to kill the president will be imprisoned not exceeding twenty years.

Another feature of the bill is directed against persons injuring, or conspiring to injure, persons in the exercise of civil rights, or of the elective franchise on account of color, or otherwise, and intimidating voters in any manner. A chapter is devoted to offenses against the operations of the government, such as forging public records, making false claims, embezzling arms or stores, bribery of federal officials, injuring fortifications or telegraph lines, timber depredations on reserved land and robbery or larceny of government property. All offenses against public justice, such as perjury, stealing, altering, destroying, forging processes or public records, fabricating evidences, intimidating, bribing or receiving witnesses or jurors; rescuing prisoners at execution or from the penitentiary, or obstructing any process of law, are strongly denounced, subject to penalties similar to those prevailing for like offenses in the states. Where formerly a penalty for some of these offenses was death, this bill reduces it to imprisonment for life. A very comprehensive chapter prescribes penalties for all offenses against the currency and coinage of the United States. Depositing obscene literature with any express company or common carrier is punishable by maximum fine of $5000. Counterfeiting government inspection marks upon cattle or carcases or products thereof is made unlawful. The importation of adulterated food or liquor is punishable by a maximum fine of $1000 or imprisonment for one year. Curiously enough, twenty sections are devoted to the slave trade. These provisions are practically directed against bringing illiterate girls or Chinese and Japanese women into this country to be sold for immoral purposes.

All these provisions are absolutely needed and with this law on the statute books there undoubtedly would be a great reduction in crimes against the country.

The late Gen. Wade Hampton is to have a monument built to his memory in South Carolina, at a cost of $30,000, $20,000 being contributed from the state treasury by a bill now passing the legislature, and $10,000 raised by popular subscription.

People who put up good money on promises of from 6 to 12 per cent a month from turf and cereal companies should employ an automatic kicking machine.

A Boston professor says pretty girls do not make good wives, and the fourteen federated clubs at the Hub have passed resolutions endorsing his views.

Uncle Russell Sage condemns trust legislation, declaring that the time is not yet ripe for it. But when does he think the time will be ripe?

On March 17, Sir Thomas Lipton hopes to launch the new Shamrock. That ought to help some, if there is such a thing as luck.

The crop of French sardines is said to be a failure this year. But they will continue to print French labels in Maine.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is said to have dropped $10,000,000 in New York lately. But he can afford to lose it.

And now it appears that Ambassador Holleben did not even get the twenty cases.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

"I begged off from jury service on the $500,000 damage suit against the New York Central road for one of the deaths in the tunnel disaster," said L. W. Marks, who travels out of New York city for a shoe supply house. He was at the St. Louis hotel.

"I see now that the jury which sat up on the case awarded the plaintiff a matter of $100,000, but in appeal is being taken by the plaintiff and a request has been made for additional award.

"I didn't want to be on that jury, because I was prejudiced in favor of the plaintiff before I knew what the circumstances were. Perhaps I shouldn't say prejudiced in favor of the plaintiff, but against the railroads. While the act of one man may have been the cause of the catastrophe, it was the fault of some of the integrals of the operating department, and the amount of damages to be paid under those circumstances are unlimited. For instance one man was 52 years of age and was making $30,000 a year. The railroad entered an admission of contributary negligence, and fought on the ground of the extent of damages.

"No, I would hardly be qualified to sit on a jury in a damage suit against a railway company. I am so violently prejudiced that I enjoyed to the extreme a trick an acquaintance and fellow traveling man played on one of the western roads."

* * *

"He was riding on an accommodation train out somewhere in Iowa one day," continued Mr. Marks, "when the train ran off the track or into a bunch of cattle or something like that, and there was a little spill.

"Now this man has had a lateral curvature of the spine for some time and is all twisted to one side. He got wise as soon as the train hit. He had been looking for it for many moons. As soon as he could conveniently do so, he lay down on his back and began to howl and scream.

"The trainmen looked him over, took off his coat and vest and felt of his back, and appeared very grave and serious. The company's physician was called in, and he pronounced the case a severe wrench of the back. The supposedly injured man was in the most terrorizing agony, and strong men turned their faces away after gazing upon his writhing and agonized convulsions of feature and body.

"The doctor didn't think he would live to get him to a station, but he did. He was put to bed, and he staid there and rested for a couple of days, and meantime the claim agent arrived.

"He would lie on his back and writhe for the claim agent by the hour, and was all encased in bandages. He would talk wildly of his wife and children, and feigned delerium. The claim agent got a slight scare.

"He, the claim agent, began using his wits. He cajoled and petted the man, until he gained his confidence as he supposed, and then coaxed him to sign a release for $500, and call things square.

"Foxy William, said he didn't want to, and the claim agent had to use further inducement to get him to do it, and he finally did. I don't know whether he ever wrote and told that claim agent or not. If it had been me I would."

* * *

W. H. Reid, of Sarnia, Can., is at the Spalding hotel. Mr. Reid is in the city to secure some machinery to be used by his firm recently organized to assume contracts for vessel wrecking. It was thought he was here in connection with the raising of the steamer Thomas Wilson, but this he denies.

* * *

Edward O. Owen of Owen, Wis., is at the Spalding hotel for a brief visit.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McDowell, of Hibbing, are in the city and registered at the Spalding hotel.

* * *

The Misses Lou Wright, of Ely, and Minna Koerner, of Tower, were in the city Saturday and Sunday, and registered at the Hotel McKay. They attended the performance at the Lyceum theater and enjoyed a vacation for a day.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. McNaughton of Scanlon, were at the McKay hotel Saturday and Sunday. They came here to meet Mrs. McNaughton's brother, J. W. Lant of Star Lake, who arrived Saturday. Mr. McNaughton is the proprietor of the largest general store in Scanlon and i right properly heralled "the" prominent citizen from that settlement.

* * *

M. J. Cunningham of Burnett, a merchant at that place is at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

Walter Stressen-Reuter, of Milwaukee, is a guest at the Spalding hotel. Mr. Stressen-Reuter has been traveling into Duluth for some years, is a member of the Commercial club and widely aequainted throughout the city.

* * *

"It is conceded that the passenger train equipment on the western roads is superior to that on the eastern roads," said Conductor Thomas Sullivan, an old time railroad man, at the St. Louis hotel last night while talking to "Tom" Michaud, who has just returned from a trip to New York and Washington. "There are no trains that are finer than the trains running between the Twin Cities and Chicago, or even Duluth and Chicago, which are the same.

"The difference is in the condition of the roadbed, which is vastly better in the East. But for the trains themselves, the West has them.

"The trains are not perfected even yet," he continued. They are not heavy enough now to stand the runs that will be made in the next few years. Take those immense new engines the Great Northern has put on. They walk out of a station with twelve or fifteen coaches on like the small style of locomotives pull away with one or two. That is where the time is lost, you know, in getting under way, and when these engines are in general use up in this country the time is going to be materially reduced on all runs."

* * *

Burton Emmett, business manager for Frank Daniels' "Miss Simplicity" company which comes next week, was in town Saturday and stopped at the Spalding. He did the best he could toward preparing a warm reception for the so-called "funny little fellow," and left Saturday night to join the company at St. Paul.

* * *

S. E. Lewis, registering from Nome, arrived at the Spalding hotel this morning.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: F. F. Bolton, Grand Forks; C. E. Wenzel, Minneapolis; E. M. Alexander, St. Paul; Eugene G. Hay, F. M. Hennedy, Minneapolis; S. E. Lewis, Home; F. E. Hill, S. E. Sprague, Frank Peterson, Minneapolis; J. D. Budd, Two Harbors; R. S. Rodman, Ashland; E. H. Maneton, E. E. Webster, James Bradstreet, Minneapolis; H. Chesaro, Sheboygan, Wis.; A. F. Bertle, Hibbing; Thomas L. Taylor, St. Louis; C. B. Hoy, Minneapolis; Frank B. Poole, Cloquet; R. P. Brown, Ishpeming; Guy Nash, Grand Rapids, Wis.; G. Warrick, R. S. Farguson, Sault Ste. Marie.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: H. P. Crocker, Hudson; W. E. White, J. M. Wise, J. Mahler, C. Beckman, Lake City; George Schwartz, Wabasha; H. J. O'Neal, Stillwater; F. B. Myers, Biwabik; H. B. Fairchild, Green Bay; J. E. Young, J. B. Mason, Rat Portage; A. B. Cland, Grand Rapids; Fred Speechby, Cloquet; R. S. Watson, Marquette; Miss Henley, Ironwood; Fred W. Hing, W. E. Dunn, Scanlon; Miss Minnie L. Hundra, Eau Claire; Charles I. Glye, Two Harbors; C. C. Mecarthy, Grand Rapids; James Cogswell, Two Harbors; Downer Miller, Aitkin; Ed V. Pike, Omaha; H. Meyers and son, Burr Falls, Wis.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: A. C. Osborn, Eveleth; H. J. Carling, E. Jorstad, St. Paul; W. H. Anderson, Ishpeming; J. E. Sunsburg, Tower; E. Jorstad, St. Paul; Charles Wertle, Appleton; H. S. Johnson, Mountain Iron; John P. Gray, Bridgton, Me.; James Barbett, W. B. Stoutmeyer, J. M. Wright, Alexander Van Praag, Minneapolis; W. W. Noble, St. Paul; W. J. Jally, Tower; J. W. Lant, Star Lake, Wis.; G. A. McQueen, St. Cloud; W. Hort Yale, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Clingston, W. B. Ledridge, Chicago; Louis F. Blender, St. Paul.

The Weight of Evidence.

New York World: An issue of veracity raised between President Baer on the one hand and the Civic Federation, headed by Grover Cleveland, Bishop Potter, Archbishop Ireland and men of like prominence, is unfortunate—for somebody.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 23.—The barometer is high over the Dakotas and low over the eastern lake region. Another depression is developing over districts north of Alberta. It is warmer in the lake region and colder in the Northwest, temperatures of slightly below zero occurring in western North Dakota. Light falls of snow occurred during the past 24 hours over northern Montana, North Dakota, Minnesota and the lake region.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Bismarck	—2	Medicine Hat	8
Calgary	20	Miles City	20
Duluth	16	Milwaukee	30
Edmonton	10	Minnedosa	4
Escanaba	24	Moorhead	6
Green Bay	24	Port Arthur	6
Havre	16	Prince Albert	6
Helena	28	Qu Appelle	0
Huron	12	St. Paul	20
Kamloops	30	Swift Current	8
LaCrosse	18	Williston	—8
Marquette	22	Winnipeg	0

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday. Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair tonight. Tuesday partly cloudy with possibly snow flurries late in the day. No decided change in temperature. Fresh variable winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Minnesota—Fair tonight. Tuesday partly cloudy.

TICKLISH THOUGHTS.

Yonkers Statesman: Wright—Is your new book pure fiction?

Penman—Yes, it is.

"Well, you've made a big mistake. It's the other kind that pays."

New York Sun: First Mormon—That Elder Smudge is a widower, isn't he?

Second Mormon—Pretty much. About three-fourths.

Yonkers Statesman: He—My brother carries the brains of the family.

She—Doesn't make him round shouldered, does it?

Chicago Tribune: "Can I put up here tonight?" asked the seedy man who was signing his name in the hotel register.

"Yes, sir," said the clerk. "In advance."

Philadelphia Press: "It seems he was a gay old rake, after all. Two widows have turned up, I hear."

"Yes. Which proves that sometimes it's the 'better half' that doesn't know how the other half lives."

Washington Star: "Don't spen' all yoh money on clothes," said Uncle Eben. "It's a good deal like spendin' yoh las' dollar foh a pocket hook an' den discoverin' dat you ain' got no mo' use foh it."

Boston Transcript: "But, my dear husband, it really is unjust of you to abuse mothers-in-law so. There are good ones."

"Well—well, never mind. I havn't said anything against yours; it's only mine I'm grumbling about."

Chicago Tribune: "First of all," said Dr. Price-Price, "I shall have to take your temperature."

"See here," cried the new patient, "I was warned that you'd take purty near everything I had, but you gotter cure me before you git your pay."

Philadelphia Press: Miss Kreech—I overheard Signor Adagio remark that I had an extraordinary voice.

Miss Pepprey—Yes, he did say extraordinary, and he asked me afterward if "extra" didn't mean the same as "exceedingly."

A WORLD OF LITTLE THINGS.

A little trill of laughter, a chord in nature's song;
A little deed of righteousness to stand against the wrong;
A little duty heeded; a little honor won;
A little hill surrounded, and a little kindness done;
A little labor daily; a little prayer and praise;
A little act of kindness to gladden weary days;
And so the whole creation to its ceaseless heaven swingings,
For little man is living in a world of little things.

A little hope to cheer us, although it waiteth still;
A little fire for comfort, when winter nights are chill;
A little dream, God-given, to bless us on the way;
A little welcome waiting us at ending of the day;
A little purpose shining through every deed we do;
A little bunch of roses to overspread the rue;
A little peace surpassing to which the spirit clings,
For little man is living in a world of little things.

A little hope, a little love, a little toil and rest;
A little glimpse beyond the veil, a little problem guessed;
A little faith, a little doubt, a little blinded trust;
A little halting journey, and a little of its dust;
A little knowledge merely of little ways we wend;
A little dream of heaven awaiting at the end;
A little struggling upward, although on broken wings,
For little man is living in a world of little things.

—A. J. WATERHOUSE in New York Times.

An Appropriate Combination.

Chicago Post: A bill has been introduced in the Wisconsin senate providing for the distribution in the schools of a history of the Standard Oil company and of the United States senate. We must admit that our backwoods statesmen may be pardoned for assuming that these two things may be most appropriately studied together.

No Occasion For Surprise.

Philadelphia Record: There is no reason why the president and Secretary Root should have been surprised, as they are reported to have been, at the "interesting discovery" that the globe which stands in the cabinet room, and which was prepared from British admiralty charts, "sustains the contention of the United States in all particulars" as to the Alaskan boundary. It is an elementary part of the case of the United States that British maps, and even Canadian maps made not many years ago, show the Alaskan boundary just where the United States government has already said it was. The Canadian claim is only a dozen or fifteen years old.

Seasonable Hint.

Indianapolis News: If Queen Wilhelmina names the umpire in the Venezuelan case, it is to be hoped that she will not select any of the cognomens that are applied by the bleachers when the home team is losing.

Abolish the Grand Jury.

St. Peter Free Press: Senaotr Laybourne, of Duluth, has introduced a bill to abolish the grand jury system. The system is a relic of the middle ages and probably the only way, at that time, to meet out justice. In our enlightened age, however, there is very little excuse for its existence. Moreover, it also causes untold hardship to innocent people and is a useless expense to the taxpayers. The bill ought to pass.

Will Have Earned a Raise.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: If President Roosevelt shall succeed in settling the strike problem and regulating the trusts nobody will feel like objecting to the proposed increase of his salary to $100,000.

Promoting Good Roads.

New York Tribune: The demand for broad tires should keep pace with the active and encouraging progress of the agitation for good roads. Ruts in the highways would be comparatively few and cause comparatively little trouble were it practicable to abolish entirely narrow tires on vehicles.

A WEALTH OF GOLDEN HAIR

By Mary S. Paden.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

How still the man sits! Will he ever move again?

A light wind stirs the moonlit leaves outside the cabin window and they rustle and whisper. The patter of the mountain stream over the bowlders and its swish over the sandbar are very audible in the midnight silence. From the inner room come soft and regular, the deep breathings of the tired house mother and the trundle bed contingent.

The lamp flame flickers and moves the man's shadow on the wall, but he sits as still as if he were dead.

Well, when hope is dead—hope and energy, and days and gold all poured into an ever-gaping black mine mouth that is as hungry and empty and black as ever when the last dollar, the last hope are swallowed up in it—how much better it would be, would it not, if the man, too, were dead?

Toil, privation, danger, they had been nothing in themselves. They would be nothing now, if he had been able to come home with the golden guerdon he had striven for. But the home-coming had been hardest of all.

Cuddled on a cot in the corner, a girlish figure stirred restlessly. His eyes sought the glow of the golden hair flowing over the pillow.

Poor Golden Hair—the mine had been named for her. Was this golden-haired Millie's life to be as black a failure as the mine had proven? Was that name of hope and pride to be shunned now as a word that hurt, that was a mockery?

He turned again drearily to the paper before him—his life insurance; the last plank between the beloved little hand and the hungry sea of absolute poverty. Everything else, together with the best years of his life, the mine had swallowed. If he lived, the would probably have to go. If he died—just died, you know—

Perhaps it was the tense stillness that woke the sleeper; perhaps it was the flickering light. Perhaps it was the mystic time for her to awake from girlhood to womanhood. She had been wandering in childish dreams. Suddenly she was broad awake and her soul had seized the look on her father's face and she lay trembling with the knowledge of a man's despair. She had heard, with the lighthearted half-consciousness of youth, his few sad words, as he had announced at home-coming that the mine had "played out." She had known that mother "felt bad" over it.

Now there was revelation in the face, in the very figure of the man alone past midnight, facing despair, with failure back of him.

The girl watched him through the meshes of her shining hair. What she read she could not have voiced, but the woman heart woke in her that knows without knowledge. She could see the top of the life insurance policy as it turned backward; she knew what it was. She felt his thought.

After a little she stretched out her slim, young arms, yawned, then tossed back her hair and sat up, blinking at the light.

"Why, dad, up yet? What time o' night is it?"

Then, with her usual girlish bound, she was out and at his side, with her arms around his neck, alternately scolding and petting.

"If this is the way you have been doing, no wonder you have been growing thin and pale. The mine may play out, twenty mines may play out, your old insurance company may play out," tossing the paper aside playfully, "but we don't want you to play out. If you sit up like this you will get sick and die, and then what would we do without you?"

So she went on, talking against the fear that had clutched her heart, yet without betraying it, soothing and staying the man with the sense of their having need of him and a dim, forming hope, till she had lifted his burden for the night at least; and soon he, too, was snatching the blest respite of sleep.

But the girl lay awake, thinking, thinking, thinking—a girl's thoughts against a great, demanding, threatening new world, a world that could crush men. The stress of it was on her still next morning, and after helping the busy mother set the day's household machinery in motion, and indueing the beaten man to lie down and dream again, she ran down to the stream and laved her head in its cooling waters.

Spread out in the sun to dry, the yellow tresses shone like the heart of a mine. So thought a young man springing up the steep path and at her side before she could gather the golden masses into neat restraint.

"Why didn't you whistle? I didn't hear you coming," she said blushing.

"I opened my mouth to, but kept it open at sight of so much wealth," he answered. "What a lot of hair you have and how long it is—and beautiful!" he added admiringly, as it escaped her in her nervous haste and billowed about her shoulders and below her waist.

"Do you think so?" she asked shyly.

"I never saw lovelier hair," he affirmed emphatically. "Most girls would give a fortune for it. I know one who would," and he laughed. "She is the only one I ever saw with hair anything like yours."

"Who is that?" she queried, curiously. "Why should she want mine if hers is like it?"

"You remember my telling you that Senator Blayre's daughter was with us in our camping trip last month? Well, she has lovely golden hair, with these peculiar bronze shades in it, like red gold, something like yours, only hers is not quite so bright and beautiful. I don't think it is so fine."

"Is it long?"

"Well, it isn't now," and he laughed again. "It seems she had typhoid fever and had to have her hair cut, and, disliking short hair, she wore a—a—well, not exactly a wig—"

"A switch?"

"Yes; I guess that's what you call it. Well, in trying to cross Deer creek on some slippery bowlders one day when we were all out fishing, she and one of the other girls slipped and got into pretty deep water. We had a great time pulling them out. They were soaked from head to feet, and in trying to dry the switch at the camp fire it got burned. She said she did not mind the value entirely, but it was so hard to match; she had paid a small fortune for that one. She really looks pretty with short curls, but won't be happy till she matches her switch again. But even with the switch there wasn't such an everlasting lot of it as you seem to have, and so fine and soft." And he touched it gently, as if it were something precious.

Beyond the pleasure of his compliments Millie was recalling all the stories she had read and wept over of beautiful maidens who had sold their long locks to buy their family bread. Must she do this? It was all she had. No pretty clothes, no jewelry; tan on hands and face. Why even Roy seemed to admire it more than anything else about her. If it were cut off would he ever come all the way up here to see her again, bringing into her life the touch of young companionship and the brightness of the outside world that had been more to her than she had realized?

"But, "a small fortune!" Her father's face at midnight haunted her. At what sacrifice had he stonned? Everything had gone to "Golden Hair," the mine that was her cruel namesake. Would it not be only appropriate to give this, too?

"Roy," she said, to the enthusiastic youth, looking at her so approvingly, "wouldn't I be a fright if it wasn't just for my hair? Would you—would you like me without it?"

His eyes opened wide.

"You see, I washed it this morning because my head ached; perhaps it is too heavy. If I had it cut off, perhaps my head wouldn't ache. If I cut it off, do you think Miss Blayre would really buy it?"

When he heard how the father had come home, he understood about the headaches and the mercenary willingness to trade golden locks for greenbacks. His young heart, too, swelled with impotent desire to help.

When he met her at his sister's in Golden, to take her to the graduation exercises at the hall, he looked at her twice as if to be sure she was the same girl.

"Well, what is it?" she laughed and dimpled sauelly.

"What is it, you?" he retorted. "What has happened? What have you done to yourself? Has something happened?" he repeated eagerly, looking at her happy eyes sparkling so bewitchingly under her luxurious golden pompadour, "so that you won't need to—to—" and he touched the wonderful pompadour fearfully, with one finger.

"Well, on the principle that the condemned convict gets a square meal and his last luxury," she said mischievously, "I determined to spend my last dollar on a shampoo—not the kind I have been used to giving it up in the creek, but the regular hairdresser sort—and a 'coiffure,' as they call what I call 'fixing' it, and this is one result. Do you like it?" And she turned her head daintily as a bird, from side to side before his admiring eyes.

"You look stunning!" was his satisfactory reply.

"But here's the miracle," she went on, her eyes dancing more gladly than ever. "The girl who did my hair was the conversational kind of a female barber."

"Oh!" he groaned; "I didn't know you had them, too."

"Well, we don't mind; we don't go so often, and it was lucky for me this one was. While washing my hair, she asked politely: 'Excuse me, but don't you do something?' That wasn't very definite, and I didn't get her point. I said I did things occasionally. Then she asked me if I did not work in a frameshop. I did not understand her. It seems she comes from the East, and she went on to say that the gold-leaf had gotten into my hair and on my scalp just like it did back there in the hair of the girls that worked at gilding picture frames, but she had not heard of a frame factory in Denver. When I told her I did not know anything about such work, she asked me what I used on my hair and how I washed it. I told her the only fixings it got was a little soap and that I washed it in the creek at home, because the water was so nice and soft.

"'Oh!' she said, 'I've heard of them washing gold in the creeks; placer-mining, you call it, don't you?' And then it dawned on me!"

"'Flour gold!'" he exclaimed excitedly. "The creek gravel is probably full of it and the fine flour gold is churned up and kept floating by the force of the current. Your hair would act like an amalgam plate. The gold would be precipitated and collect among the strands of it and deposit on your scalp. Why, there is most likely a mine at your very door, while your poor father has been working so hard and putting all he had into the 'Golden Hair,' away over the mountain!"

The Golden Hair placer was pay dirt from the start, and already a half-million is a conservative estimate.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

The Main Street of Norway Is Being Shifted.

Iron Mountain—Because of the sinking of a portion of the business center of Norway, under which is a part of the Aragon mine, the main street of the city is being shifted to safe ground on the south side of the town, where the Oliver Mining company has purchased the available lots and is offering them to prospective builders on favorable terms. The buildings standing on the sinking area are owned by the mining company, having been purchased some time ago when it became known the cave-in must come. The tenants, however, have belittled the danger, and now that they are compelled to move they are finding no available buildings in which to locate. A serious feature of the affair also is that the insurance companies are cancelling their risks, even on property outside of the dangerous zone.

Sault Ste. Marie—Neil Sinclair was sentenced for life for killing Henry Keys, a camp foreman at Eckerman, on Sept. 18 last. He was the first to be convicted of murder in the first degree in this county. Others who were sentenced were Henry Dahl, for manslaughter, ten years, and I. Van Leroy, highway robbery, two and a half years. All will go to the Marquette prison.

Gladstone—Miss Cassie Adette, postmistress at Hunt's Spur, is short in her money order account $1700. Her bondsmen have agreed to settle at once and wait for her relatives to pay them. The postoffice inspector had not called on her office for two years. Her parents keep a saloon and boarding house and she says the postoffice money became mixed with her parents' money and her books did not show the exact condition of affairs until checked up this week.

Marquette—A one day's cut by George Goodenough, a sawyer in the employ of the Perronville Lumber company, operating a mill in Delta county, is said to break the shingle record, at least in the upper peninsula. In ten hours and with one machine he turned out 110,000 cedar shingles, despite that the timber used was frozen.

Menominee—Efforts are being made to secure a company of the state militia.

Bert Spooner, a lineman of the Western Union Telegraph company, fell from a telegraph pole and was severely injured.

While stealing a ride on a street car, Albert Johnson was chased off by the motorman while the car was in motion. It is thought he is injured internally.

Calumet—The National Flue Scraper company has been organized by local people for the manufacture of a patented flue scraper, the invention of Frederick Olson, of this city.

John Tappatti has become insane over religion. His mania is breaking articles when not engaged in prayer.

Sidnaw—Despite a haul on sleighs of fourteen miles from the place of cutting, the Diamond Match company is loading Pine logs on the cars at Sidnaw at the rate of 1,500,000 feet a week. It is working about 400 men and 160 horses.

Ontonagon—Robert Green, an Ontonagon county farmer, has been held for trial on a serious criminal charge preferred by his niece, aged 24. Green is 60 and has a wife and five children.

Houghton—Figures prepared by a leading timber operator show that about 225,000,000 feet of pine and other timber will be cut this season in Houghton and Ontanagon counties.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN
Both Phones 999. W. H. Keaney, Mgr.
Dick Ferris presents Ferris Comedians in
"The Man Outside"
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.
WEDNESDAY MATINEE 2:30.
Night prices, 10c, 25c and 50. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c.
Always open. New specialties. Never closed.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Ossip Gabrilowitch
Famous Russian Pianist,
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26,
PRICES—$1.50, $1.00, 75c and 50c.

CONSULT .....



A. L. Norberg

OPTICIAN and LICENSED OPTOMETRIST,

When in Need of Glasses.

Ten Years' Experience. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth.

BENEFITS RESULT

To Hawaii From Annexation to the United States.

Agricultural Industries of the Islands Are Much Benefited.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald)—The benefits to the agricultural industries of the Hawaiian Islands resulting from the closer relationship with the United States, which has come through annexation are shown by some remarkable statements recently made by a committee organized in those islands in the interest of improved agricultural operations and especially diversification of agricultural products to meet the demands of the United States for tropical products of various kinds. This committee was appointed by a public meeting recently held in the Hawaiian Islands, and in its address to the people of the islands says:

"The importance and almost necessity of an institution like the one contemplated is too evident to require exposition. For years past, the agricultural interests of these islands have been insignificant, and their pursuit unprofitable. With an uncertain and distant market—with little or no encouragement, or facilities given to foreign tillers of the soil, without proper knowledge of the soil, or sufficient capital to experiment upon its capabilities, most of the agricultural enterprises have languished or utterly failed. And with the exception of a few sugar and coffee plantations, the proprietors of which have invested too much capital to be able to abandon them without heavy loss, and who are still struggling on with doubtful prospects, the whole amount of agricultural operations at these islands consisted in the raising of fruit and vegetables for the fleet of whalerships that semi-annually touched here for supplies.

"Within the last two years, however, a great and sudden change has taken place in the prospects of this group. The extension of the territory and government of the United States to the borders of the Pacific, the wonderful discoveries in California and the consequent almost instantaneous creation of a mighty state on the western front of the American Union, has, as it were, with the wand of a magician, drawn this little group into the very focus of civilization and prosperity. We find ourselves suddenly surrounded by intelligent, enterprising neighbors, who call loudly to us to furnish our abundance and receive in exchange of theirs. Our coffee and sugar no longer remain piled in our warehouses. Our fruits and vegetables no longer decay on the spot where they were grown. We are not even compelled to seek for them a market, but clamorous purchasers come to our very doors and bear off our supplies with an eagerness that has caused us to feel a seal ity ourselves, and we are assured that not only for all these but for any other products of the soil that we will raise a ready and increasing demand may be relied on from our enterprising neighbors. The native government too, impelled by the irresistible influence and example of the Anglo-Saxon energy and progress, which it sees in every direction, is relaxing its former tenacious grasp on arable lands of the islands, and even inviting and encouraging their cultivation by foreign skill and capital."

The demand of the United States for tropical products indicated in the above statement is illustrated by the following table, which shows the value of tropical products imported into the United States in 1880 and 1902, respectively:

Articles.	1880	1902
Cane sugar and molasses	$ 87,767,063	$ 49,722,871
Coffee	59,260,779	78,962,815
Silk	17,857,900	42,935,951
Rubber and gutta percha	9,656,239	25,151,559
Fruits and nuts	14,022,502	21,130,525
Dyes	2,961,275	18,445,229
Tobacco and mfrs of	7,871,580	17,700,187
Chemicals	5,941,150	14,227,271
Tea	10,742,571	9,360,128
Vegetables	3,736,756	8,745,591
Gums	2,766,787	7,344,158
Opium and morphine	1,564,758	7,068,851
Spices	2,422,852	4,869,212
Rice	1,170,575	2,930,221
Oils	2,775,470	6,011,764
Opium	1,564,758	2,957,751
Fruits	3,736,756	5,110,028
Dyestuffs	1,564,758	1,958,701
Total	$ 227,580,570	$ 324,731,418

Total of all and specified imports in fiscal years for above-named $ 227,580,570 $ 324,731,418

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

As a result of a discussion of union men near Keswick, Cal., A. Garman, a hotel man, who was opposed to labor unions, was shot and killed by George Gallinger, a freight agent and member of a railroad union.

Three white children and a negro were drowned in the Flat woods, south of Tallahassee. Jefferson Johnson and his wife, parents of the children, were saved. The family were in a wagon and in the darkness the team lost the road and got into deep water.

Two deaths from typhoid fever occurred at Ithaca Sunday, that of Frances E. Swartz, of Marlboro, N. Y., a senior in the Cornell College of Law, the twelfth student to succumb to the disease, and the other, that of Mrs. W. C. Taber, a resident of the city.

Bishop Stephen M. Merrill, of the Methodist Episcopal church, is seriously ill at the Wesley hospital at Chicago with pneumonia.

Mary Kohland, aged 11 years, met a horrible death at Connellsville, by being buried alive in a coke oven. The little girl in running down the hill above the oven fell and rolled into one of the hot ovens. Men at work nearby broke into the oven and secured the body, but it was burned to a crisp.

Mrs. George Stave, aged 52, and her daughter, Mrs. Lemuel David, aged 27, of Schenectady, died from drinking wood alcohol. They had been accustomed to drink small quantities of hot diluted grain alcohol to relieve illness, and, during the night, neither one being well, they prepared by mistake wood alcohol and drank it. They survived several hours and died within an hour of each other.

The body of Irving Jacob, who died on the battleship Iowa, Jan. 11, in the West Indies, was buried at St. Louis Sunday with military honors. The body was originally buried on Culebra island, but at the father's request was disinterred and brought home for burial.

Peter Farrell, one of the leading local Democratic politicians, and state coal gauger, was shot and killed by his eldest son, Edward, at New Orleans, Sunday. The family claims that in a fit of ungovernable temper Farrell attempted to kill Edward and George, the eldest boy, for misconduct, and Edward wrested the pistol from him and fired three shots into his father's heart.

The house of representatives held a session Sunday to pay tribute to the memories of their deceased members, the late Representative Tongue, of Oregon; the late Representative Rumple, of Iowa, and the late Representative Moody, of North Carolina. Mr. Moody, of Oregon, presided in the absence of Speaker Henderson. The customary resolutions were adopted.

HAS CAUSED SENSATION

By Threatening to Post Names of Moral Degenerates.

Mishawaka, Ind., Feb. 23.—One of the most sensational episodes in local religious circles is furnished by the bold attempt at reform adopted by Rev. Father Charles Steur, who came here a year ago to take charge of the Fleinish portion of the Mishawaka Catholic parish. This particular class numbers hundreds of persons who form a community of their own known as "Belgian Town."

Father Steur has just issued for general distribution on "eighth-sheet" in the blackface type in which he condemns in the most vitrolic Belgian terms the scandalous acts of fathers and mothers of that nationality. They are charged with becoming horribly intoxicated and with other violations of the moral code. Officers have picked up on the public highways Belgian mothers who were in a beastly state of intoxication and led them to their homes where children to the number of nine awaited the coming of their maternal relatives.

Father Stuer says: "If these violations of the laws of morality continue for an other year 'Belgian Town' will no longer retain its name, but will be known under the more appropriate title of 'Belgian Hogpen.'" His curculur is a strong, caustic and possibly effective one, although it is denounced by respectable Belgians. The latter are called upon to ostracize the vicious persons that they may not be included in that class shunned, condemned and hated by the public.

Father Stuer says in his circular that he proposes to have the names of the moral degenerates printed on half-sheet posters, which will be placed upon the church door and in other conspicuous places in case they do not reform.

No priest in Indiana is known to have ever applied such methods in the cause of moral reform, nor in any other.

HILL TO BE CANDIDATE.

Ex-Mayor Taggart Is Organizing Indiana For Him.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 23.—Former Mayor Taggart, of this city, who attended the Tilden club banquet in New York, and announced upon his arrival home that David B. Hill would be a candidate for the presidency, and Mr. Cleveland would support him, stated today that Hill would certainly be in the race and that Indiana would send a delegation to the national convention for him.

Mr. Taggart's attention was called to the candidacy of Judge Parker, and asked if it was true that Hill was backing him. He said that he did not take any stock in that story, for he had been in communication with prominent men in New York, and it was the understanding that Hill himself would be a candidate. Mr. Taggart said that he had just returned from Washington, and he is convinced that the party is getting together, and, as long as times are as good as they are now, the money question will not be in politics.

As to what action Bryan would take, he said that he believed Bryan would support any man whom the party would nominate. Mr. Taggart does not conceal the fact that he is organizing Indiana in the interest of Hill.

A ROYAL SCANDAL.

Princess Djemil Toussoun Flees to Marry Another.

New York, Feb. 23.—Princess Djemil Toussoun, sister of the khedive and wife of Prince Djemil Toussoun, recently made an unsuccessful attempt at self-destruction by taking poison. The act is said to have been prompted by jealousy.

The princess subsequently left Egypt on board one of the royal yachts, refusing to see her husband, says the Herald's Cairo correspondent. Her highness went by way of Trieste to Vienna, where it is said she is about to wed an Austrian count.

A divorce has already been granted.

NOT A DEFINITE CHALLENGE.

London, Feb. 23.—The announcement cabled Feb. 20 that a definite challenge had been received from Harvard-Yale for an athletic meeting during the coming summer with a team representing Oxford and Cambridge, was incorrect. The cablegram received was only of a tentative nature and referred to the advisability of such a challenge being issued.

For over 50 years Ayer's Pills have been the standard family pill. Act directly on the liver, gently laxative. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

IDENTITY IS HIDDEN

But Professor Hoffman May Be Forced to Disclose It.

May Be Put In Jail For Contempt of Court.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 23.—Is Dr. C. H. Hoffman forced from home by legal process? Has he been entrapped by his enemies so that a refusal to divulge his true identity will result in committing him to prison for an indefinite sentence?

These questions are being studiously investigated by a half dozen of the best lawyers in Des Moines. Part of these attorneys are in the employ of Dr. Hoffman's enemies, and a portion of them are retained by him.

The question was raised by the announcement of Attorney Walter H. McHenry, one of the leading criminal lawyers of Iowa, through the columns of an evening paper ,that he had contrived to place the doctor in a position where to refuse to divulge his identity would constitute contempt of court. After having rendered the flight of Dr. Hoffman impossible by serving him with a subpoena to appear at the Corcoran murder trial this week, failure to comply with which itself would constitute contempt of court, the attorney outlined his plan. Dr. Hoffman had performed a chemical analysis of the murdered man's stomach. He has therefore been subpoenaed as an expert witness.

McHenry, who is the attorney for the defendant, proposes to challenge Hoffman's qualifications as an expert on the ground that the state medical record shows no certificate to such man and that no reputable college has such a name on its rolls as a graduate. He will demand of the doctor his diploma, or its equivalent, and expects to force from him a statement as to where he graduated and under what name. It is the attorney's belief that the court will rule that the question must be answered and failure to answer will land the witness in jail.

Dr. Hoffman is convinced that his enemies have used the attorney to further their own ends, and has consulted several attorneys with a view to frustrating the plan.

"If they expect me to run away to avoid this development," said he, "they will be badly fooled. I shall appear at the trial and shall testify as an expert, but I am quite sure the judge will decide that I can qualify as an expert without being compelled to tell what they seek of my past. I shall frankly state my true name is not Hoffman, but I can point to my career under that name to establish qualifications."

There is another interesting complication in the career of this man who elected to resign from the leading position in the faculty of Drake university medical department rather than tell why he has elected to travel under an alias. A woman in Camden, N. J., Mrs. Mary Brickoff, writes to the chief of police that she is convinced Dr. Hoffman is her husband, who had been missing for fifteen years. She gives a minute description of her husband, which corresponds remarkably to that of Dr. Hoffman, except that she says he had a strawberry birthmark on his wrist. Dr. Hoffman exposed his wrist far up as the sleeve and there was no sign of the birthmark. He laughs at the tale of the woman and says he never heard of her. She says her husband graduated from the medical deuartment of the University of Pennsylvania fifteen years ago and immediately disappeared.

The clash between the two factions of local medical society over Dr. Hoffman is expected to come to a climax Tuesday night, when, it is said, his enemies will make a motion to expel him. He was asked concerning this and refused to discuss it. He talked freely of the case up to a certain point, where he draws a veil that is impenetrable. He reasserted his confidence that he will soon receive word from relatives in Europe releasing him from the obligation and has sacredly observed to conceal his identity.

"I am not a member of nobility," said he, "far from it. No one can be half so anxious as I to get from under this load, and frankly discuss my past and the motive that impelled me to change my name. It has cost me more than one position with splendid universities, and unless I obtain the relief I confidently expect it may cost me more dearly."

One Minute Cough Cure gives relief in one minute, because it kills the microbe which tickles the mucous membrane, causing the cough, and at the same time clears the phlegm, draws out the inflammation and heals and soothes the affected parts. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take, harmless and good alike for young and old. Max Wirth.

HISTORIC GUNBOAT LOST.

Panama, Feb. 23.—The gunboat Chucito brought the news of the loss of the historic gunboat Boyaca while entering the narrow and dangerous channel of Port Bethsabe, about forty miles north of Agua Dulce, Feb. 18. All on board were saved. The Boyaca left last week with the bishop of Jungito, who was to visit his diocese. Before sailing a few superstitious members of the crew did not want to go because the Boyaca's main mast broke while she was coaling from the gunboat Padilla. It is reported that it will be impossible to float the Boyaca, which is sunk between the rocks at the entrance to the port. The government has sent an expedition to salvage the cannon.

FOOD FOR PASSENGERS.

St. Johns, N. F., Feb. 23.—Relief parties with food yesterday reached the trains which are snow-bound in the interior and supplied them with provisions. The nearest train was freed yesterday afternoon and started backward for St. Johns. The relief train is forcing its way forward, trying to clear the track to enable the other two blocked trains to move East also. It is impossible to say when they will be released, as the drifts are very heavy.

March 10 Story Book.

The March 10 Story Book is out under an attractive cover by Ike Morgan. The list of stories in this number is particularly strong, beginning with one by Octave Thanet, entitled "The Touch of the Vanished Hand," perhaps the strongest short story ever written by this famous author. M. Quad, the well known humorist, contributes a very funny rural story, entitled "Love and Litigation." This number also contains the story which took the first prize of $500 in the recent story contest. It is entitled "A Miracle of Madness," by Charles Eugene Banks, and is a psychological study, of wonderful strength, pathos and human interest. Ernest McGaffey, known as "The Poet Laureate of Chicago," contributes a weird tale, entitled "The Demon Fly," which has the strength of some of Poe's best work. Kennett Harris has a romance of the days of chivalry, entitled "Without Seconds." Hon. W. H. Hinrichsen, formerly member of congress and secretary of state of Illinois, and treasurer of the Democratic national committee, contributes a clever conceit, entitled "Mrs. Carew's Little Game." In the series of Short Story Masterpieces the selection for this number is "The Long Exile," by Count Leo Tolstoi, which the author considers as one of his two most artistic stories. Other stories are by William Bloss, Charles H. Robinson and Venita Seibert.

MADE LOVE TO GIRL

And the Indiana Farmer May Have to Pay $10,000.

Pretty Woman Alleges He Trifled With Her Affections.

New York, Feb. 23.—It will cost Marcus A. Kendall, farmer, of Rushville, Ind., something like $10,000 to find out that it does not pay to make love on paper. It may be all right to whisper soft nothings into the pink ear of some divine maiden and then turn her down good and hard. There is no come-back to this kind of love-making. But when you pour out your heart's wishes through the end of a pen and the maiden later holds 25 letters, all breathing love and passion—well, that is another story. Mr. Kendall thought he loved Miss Blanche Culver, of No. 139 York street, Jersey City. While he was in that state he penned many letters. He began in January, 1901. By the time that November, 1902, had rolled around Mr. Kendall's love cooled and was seeking other pastures.

But the letters remained, and now Miss Culver holds them up before a hard and critical public and asks if they have not worked harm enough on a tender and susceptible heart, such as she possesses, to enable her to recover $10,000 damages in breach of promise. Kendall has since married a Miss Zella White. The letters will, no doubt, be interesting reading for the new Mrs. Kendall.

Here are extracts from some of the soul-stirring utterances of Mr. Kendall.

"Dear Blanche: Your interesting and highly appreciated letter at hand, and I most certainly want to thank you, my dear girl, for it. Before you came into (my life) there was much gloom, but now my heart is filled with music. * * *

"I builded once wisely and well, and, my dear girl, while this need not be an eyesore to you, I fully realize that I must build anew. The truth of the whole matter is, dear Blanche, that I love you. The fondest desire of my heart now is to call you my own. As soon as I think my health is sufficiently improved I am going to ask you to be my wife. This avowal is awkward and blunt enough, but you certainly understand me, don't you sweet? How I would like to bring you into my home tonight. That sweet face of yours, it seems, I saw it away back yonder, in the sweetest, pleasantest dream, and long ago, so long ago. * * *

"After all, married life may be summed up to be a halving of life's sorrows and a doubling of its joys. Blanche, you are the only girl in all my acquaintances I would marry. It would be much more satisfactory to talk to you face to face. I suppose your folks know? How will they regard it? Now, don't write back anything to your relatives for a while at least. * * *

"Well, dearest, it is the old, old story, this story of love, the divine music of the heart. It is the basis of all the world's poetry and song; we never grow tired of it or desire any change in its main features. A man and a maid, in city or country, they meet, they speak, they love. I do yearn for the kisses of your lips and the touch of your hand. I feel I have said enough for once. So goodby, dearest.

MARCUS."

"P. S.: Write, Blanche, at once, and seize your pen as soon as you have read this and formed your conclusion. * * *

"Dear Blanche: I can come as near describing my delight in getting your letter as in describing the fragrance of the rose or the beauty of the sunset. You could not tell anyone how to fall in love, or how to enjoy his dinner; he either does or does not, and that is all there is of it. There are two things you can't conceal, they say—one is love and the other is a cough.

(a.)

"Blanche, I am so happy when I think what life may have in store for me through you. I wish I could see you, that we might discuss our future prospects together.

(a.)

"Wish I could fold you in my arms and kiss you, not once but 100 times. Just think of it, Blanche, I have never caressed you a single time. Yours, lovingly,

MARCUS."

Mr. Kendall waxes poetic in the following, in which he renews his vows of faithfulness and tells of having forwarded the engagement ring:

"Monday, March 10, 1902.

"Dear Blanche: I got the ring I told you about and expressed it from Rushville. Now, if the ring does not fit, return it and I will exchange it. Blanche, would you believe that each word you write takes on a new meaning as it drops from your pen? There clusters around the little incidents of our acquaintance the sweetest, tenderest memories. I look—I see your face; I look forward and it is there—it is entwined in every hope, wrapped up in every joy. Blanche, dear, I hope you won't be disappointed in your idol.

After all these expressions of love, devotion and passion the following was the cold, cruel blow that ended it all:

"November 28, 1902.

"Blanche: Yours at hand. Will say, considering the present state of affairs, I do not deem it wise to answer your questions. I think I can read writing, and your papa wrote just what I said he did. Hoping you will look at this in the proper light and not cause yourself further annoyance, I am,

"M. A. KENDALL."

NO END TO LITIGATIONS

For the Millions Left By Charlotte M. Hoyt.

Tiffin, O., Feb. 23.—The scramble of the heirs and legatees of the late Mrs. Charlotte H. Hoyt, the eccentric woman of wealth, who left the bulk of her fortune to her attorney and made ample provision for the maintenance of her cats and dogs, is still on.

Among other provisions of one of her five wills was a large annuity for the support of her aged father, Casper M. Guss, of this city. The two sons of Guss, who are stepbrothers of Mrs. Hoyt, and who would have inherited large fortunes under the provisions of other wills, made a motion in court to have their father declared an imbecile. The court sustained this motion. Lewis Selle was appointed guardian.

The wife of Guss, who last summer attempted to commit suicide and failed, now asks the common pleas court to reverse the decision of the probate court, alleging that Guss is capable of taking care of himself.

Guss and his wife, who were separated, have been reconciled after the death of their daughter.

PRISONER WAS DISABLED

And Judge Moved Court to Jail Cell.

Mt. Vernon, O., Feb. 23.—The unusual occurence of a criminal session of court being held in a county jail was enacted here today when Judge George Coyner sentenced Robert Green to the Ohio penitentiary to serve a term of five years for burglary and larceny. Green was discovered in the act of burglarizing a grocery store some weeks ago and was shot twice by Officer Dermody. One shot shattered the bones of his right leg.

Judge Coyner, the prosecuting attorney and the attorneys for the prisoner entered a cell at the county jail this afternoon, where the prisoner was confined, and there held a session of court. Green entered a plea of guilty and then asked the judge to show mercy. He was given five years in the penitentiary. Green will be taken to the prison at once, and it will be necessary to remove him on a cot, as one of his legs will have to be amputated. Green came to this city a few months ago from Chicago, and at one time he claimed to have worked in Cincinnati.

NEGRO WAS MAD.

Killed Woman Because She Left Window Open.

St. Louis, Feb. 23.—William Rack, colored, shot and killed Maggie McGinnis, colored, yesterday, and is under arrest on the charge of murder. It is charged that the woman left a window open in the room in which Rack was sleeping and this so angered him that he pursued her, seized her and placed the muzzle of a revolver against her breast and fired. He then shot himself in the shoulder in an endeavor to commit suicide.

NUISANCE AND SCOLD

Are the Charges Against a Philadelphia Man.

Philadelphia, Feb. 23.—For the first time in the history of Philadelphia, a man has been arrested on a warrant charging him with being a common scold. Scores of women have been arrested for this offense, but never before a man.

Several tenants of an apartment house at Broad and Cayuga streets appeared before Magistrate Fitzpatrick and testified against Thomas Mitchell as a common scold and a nuisance. Mitchell and his wife occupied a suite of rooms in the house. Their statements were backed up by Mrs. Mary Stout, the landlady. Magistrate Fitzpatrick held Mitchell under $300 bail, but told him the case would be dropped if he left the house.

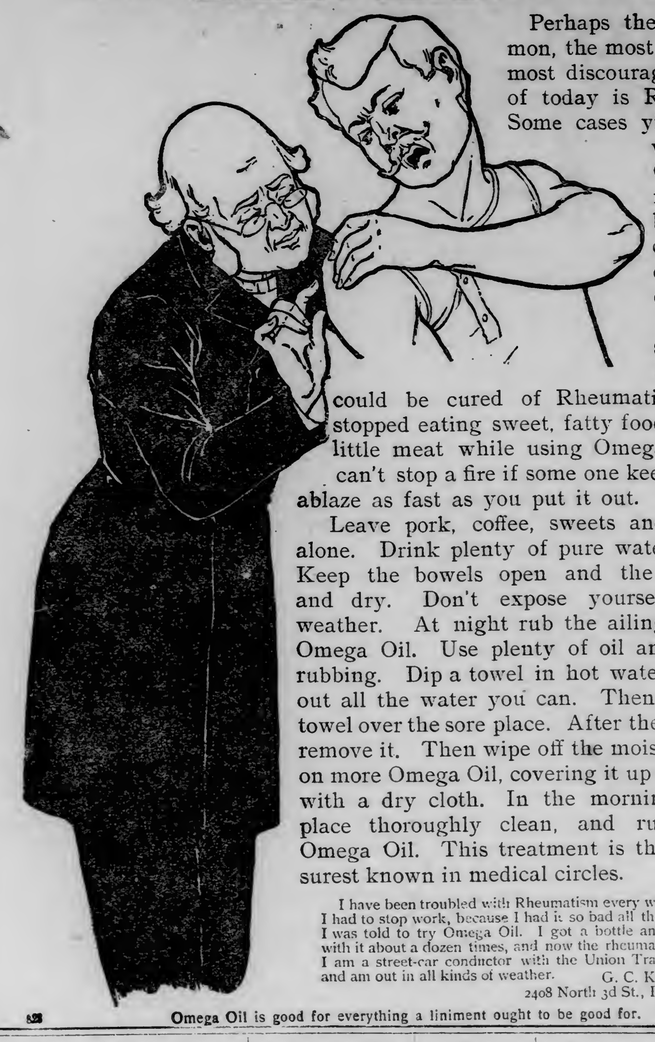
KING'S FIRST LEVEE.

London, Feb. 23.—King Edward held the first levee of the season in the throne room of Buckingham palace today. Ambassador Choate and other members of the United States embassy were among the diplomats present. The king was attended by the prince of Wales, most of the cabinet ministers and all the great officers of state. Mr. Choate presented among others D. R. Francis, commissioner of the St. Louis exposition.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

Omega Oil

FOR Rheumatism



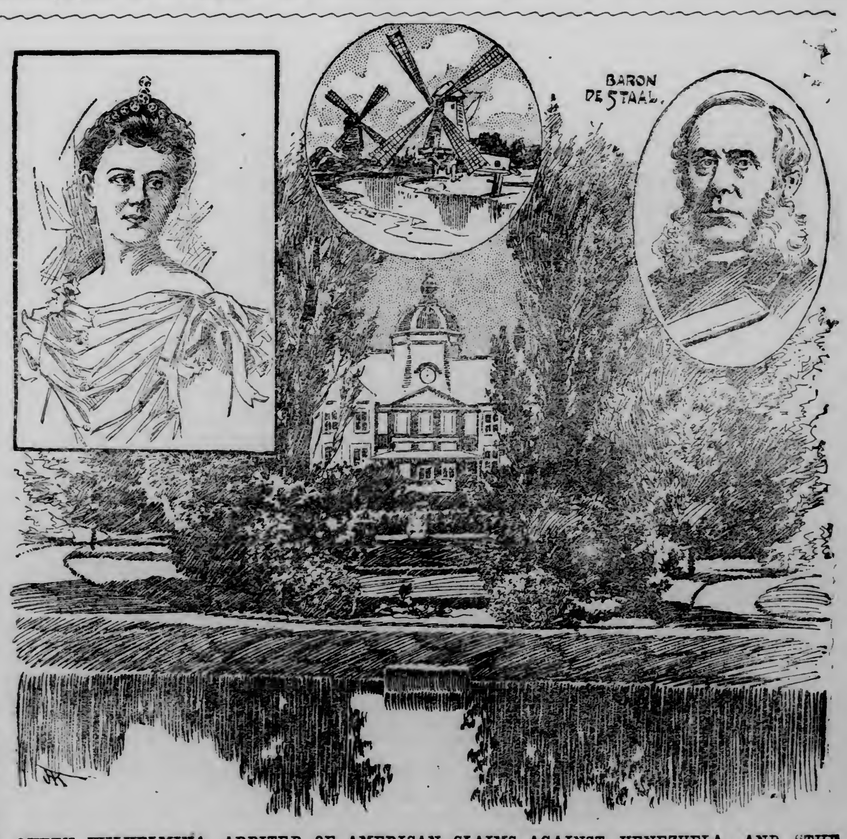
Perhaps the most common, the most painful, the most discouraging disease of today is Rheumatism. Some cases yield quickly when Omega Oil is well rubbed in, but in other cases patience is required.

It is safe to say nearly everybody could be cured of Rheumatism if they stopped eating sweet, fatty foods and very little meat while using Omega Oil. You can't stop a fire if some one keeps setting it ablaze as fast as you put it out.

Leave pork, coffee, sweets and fat things alone. Drink plenty of pure water and milk. Keep the bowels open and the feet warm and dry. Don't expose yourself in damp weather. At night rub the ailing parts with Omega Oil. Use plenty of oil and plenty of rubbing. Dip a towel in hot water and wring out all the water you can. Then tie this hot towel over the sore place. After the towel cools, remove it. Then wipe off the moisture and put on more Omega Oil, covering it up for the night with a dry cloth. In the morning wash the place thoroughly clean, and rub on more Omega Oil. This treatment is the safest and surest known in medical circles.

I have been troubled with Rheumatism every winter. Recently I had to stop work, because I had it so bad all through my body. I was told to try Omega Oil. I got a bottle and rubbed myself with it about a dozen times, and now the rheumatism is all gone. I am a street-car conductor with the Union Traction Company, and am out in all kinds of weather. G. C. KURTZ, 2408 North 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.



QUEEN WILHELMINA, ARBITER OF AMERICAN CLAIMS AGAINST VENEZUELA, AND "THE PALACE IN THE WOODS."

ONE clause of the protocol for the settlement of American claims against Venezuela provides that Queen Wilhelmina of Holland shall appoint an umpire in the event that the Venezuelan and American commissioners are unable to agree. The "Palace In the Woods" is where The Hague tribunal of arbitration meets. Baron de Staal of Russia is permanent president of the court.



A man who used to walk to save railroad fare because he was poor, walked from New York to Chicago, *as a matter of habit,* after he had a fortune left to him.



A woman who used to buy common soda crackers in a paper bag because that was the only kind she could get, kept on buying them that way *as a matter of habit,* after the advent of **Uneeda Biscuit**





NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

CRAZE FOR MINING

Coming Year Will Be Marked By Great Search For Iron.

Rush For Government Lands One Indication of This Tendency.

"This city is going to be mining mad during the coming season," said Register Culkin of the local land office.

The land office has been feeling the effect of the renewed interest in mining which mining men and explorers say is taking hold of the people throughout this section of the state. Never in the history of the office has such a rush of applicants for land, especially stone and timber claims, been experienced. Clerks, domestics, merchants, lawyers, doctors, men and women of all classes are investing their savings in claims, partly for the timber that is on them, but largely in the hope that some day evidences of the presence of iron may come to light.

Mining men say that the woods are full of explorers and prospectors, and that as soon as the spring arrives there will be a still greater rush for the woods. The reported discovery of a new range running west from Highland, rumors of which have been reaching Duluth for the past month or two, and the possibility of a continuation of the Vermilion range being found west of Tower, in the expectation of which many men have invested largely in lands in that vicinity, have aroused the interest in the iron deposits to the north to a height which has not been reached since the panic of '93.

The range towns report a period of unexcelled prosperity, the railroads entering the iron country are experiencing a rush of business, and men who have closely watched the development of the north country say that it will boom during the coming season, and that the people of Duluth and this part of the state are going to get the mining craze as they have not had it for years, or since the discovery of the Vermilion range.

RHEUMATISM

Rubbing with liniments, blistering, the application of plasters; in fact anything that will produce counter-irritation, is good for external treatment of Rheumatism, but these simple remedies do not reach the seat of the disease nor touch the real cause, and relief is therefore only temporary.

Rheumatism is due to Uric Acid and other irritant poisons in the blood, and as it circulates through the system, these acid poisons are deposited in the muscles, joints and nerves, and exposure to night air, cold east winds, or any sudden change in the weather, will bring on an attack which may last for a few days or linger on for months. Every battle with Rheumatism leaves the blood in poorer condition, while the corroding acids are gradually consuming the oils and fluids that lubricate the muscles and joints, and they become stiff and sometimes immovable.



Rheumatism, with its sharp, cutting pains, can never be conquered until the acid blood has been cleansed and purified, and all irritating substances neutralized and filtered out of the system, and nothing does this so promptly and effectually as S. S. S. Under the purifying and tonic effects of this vegetable remedy the blood is made pure, the general health is rapidly built up and the sufferer obtains happy relief from the torturing, nagging pains of Rheumatism.

SSS Get rid of Rheumatism before it makes you a nervous, peevish cripple, or pain-racked invalid.

Write for our special book on Rheumatism, which will be sent free.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

VERDICT AGAINST SURGEON.

Performed Operation Without Consent of the Subject.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Consent of the patient or of some person authorized to speak for him, must be obtained by a surgeon before he performs an operation, according to a decision handed down by Judge Murray F. Tuley. The outcome of the hearing, it is held, is not to be considered. Without express consent, the judge finds a violation or trespass on the body of the individual is committed by the surgeon in his use of the knife, and ground is thereby established for a damage suit.

The case involved in the finding was a suit brought for Mrs. Parmelia J. Davis against Dr. Edwin H. Pratt. In 1898 Dr. Pratt performed the operation of hysterectomy on Mrs. Davis in treating her for epilepsy. Mrs. Davis, it was alleged, was then in an unsound mental condition, and has since been adjudged insane.

Her husband, E. N. Davis, testifies that he had not given the physician permission to make the operation. Damages of $3,000 were awarded.

COPPER MERGER

Which Will Include Several Lake Superior Mines.

Butte, Mont.,—Feb. 23.—From Amalgamated interests is obtained the positive information that the proposed merger of the Lake Superior copper properties will go through. According to those on the inside, a lake copper company will be organized under the laws of the state of New Jersey, with a capital of $155,000,000, which act as a holding company for the Copper Range, Tamarack, Osceola, Trimountain and the Centennial mines.

The exchange of the Trimountain stock will be on the basis of one and a half shares of new for the old stock; Copper Range is stated to go in at one and a quarter. It is reported that the controlling interests in the Copper Range consolidated have already assented to the plan, which represents $125 a share for their present holdings.

Mohawk may eventually be marked for the fold. The new lake copper company will be nominally independent of the Amalgamated Copper company, but later will be merged with it.

The Calumet & Hecla is not included in the proposed merger. The Amalgamated people will not have a strong representation on the directorate of the new company.

WINNIPEG'S EXPOSITION.

This Year to Be From July 20 to 25.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 23.—July 20 to 25 inclusive will be the dates on which Winnipeg's next and thirteenth industrial exhibition will be held. The decision was come to by the new board of directors at its first meeting held Saturday afternoon.

J. T. Gordon, M. P. P., was re-elected president. This is an exceptional honor, as only once before, when Alexander McDonald, the president of the first board, was re-elected, has a citizen occupied the position for two consecutive years.

COAL FIELDS BOOMING.

Land Near Barnesville Said to Be Underlaid.

Barnesville, Feb. 23.—The coal fields near this place are developing more rapidly than ever. The local moneyed men have taken hold of the project. Banker Charles Oliver has ordered machinery, to consist of the latest drills and pumps, that will cost in the neighborhood of $1800.

Wheeler & Oliver have sunk a shaft one mile and a half from town, and are at a depth of eighty feet. They have gone through a heavy layer of slate and a vein of coal which is impregnated with oil. They have a section and a half in their name and are seeking for more.

It was thought at first that the coal would range only in the hills east of here, but prospects are better on the flat to the south.

CASS LAKERS ARE ANXIOUS

To Have Agricultural Lands on the Reservation Opened.

Cass Lake, Minn., Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The resolution sent to Congressman Page Morris and presented to congress by him from the Duluth Commercial club has given the business man here hope that something will be done at this session of congress to open the agricultural lands already classified on the reservation and put the pine on sale in March. The jobbers of St. Paul and Minneapolis have also taken the matter up with the Minnesota delegation, and Senators Nelson and Clapp have promised their support to help push matters. Congressmen Morris, Tawney, Stevens and Eddy are also at work, and A. G. Bernard, who worked so successfully to aid the passage of the bill, is in Washington doing all in his power to get early action. It is imperative that something be done at once, as business in Cass Lake is in an awful plight at present. The jobbers have at last determined to end this state of things, if possible. It is known that the government departments which have the Chippewa reservation opening in hand are congested with work; that Land Commissioner Richards has stated that the original survey is incorrect and that new surveys may have to be made, and the commissioner has sent to the surveyor general of Minnesota for all plats and surveys of the territory to be opened. Should a new survey be made, it will be impossible to open the reservation before winter, if even then, and thus logging would be delayed another year. Yet the cheering news comes from A. G. Bernard that he will be accompanied to the commissioner's office in a day or so by Senators Clapp and Nelson, Congressmen Morris, Stevens, Eddy and Tawney, when the whole matter will be laid before the commissioner, and he expects to see Secretary Hitchcock in company with Senator Nelson. Bernard thinks that the delay will soon end, and he places great confidence in Land Commissioner Richards. Cass Lake is in dire need of help, and so are the adjacent towns and the Indians. The big cities would also benefit, especially Duluth and the Twin Cities.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TOLEDO HOTEL BURNED.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 23.—The Hotel Deveaux was almost completely destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The fire was discovered by one of the guests on the third floor and had gained quite a little headway. An alarm was turned in at once, but by the time the department had arrived the flames had spread to the second and fourth floors. The guests and help were notified and all left the building in safety, many taking their personal effects with them. The cause of the fire is unknown. The loss will amount to $60,000 with $50,000 insurance. There were about fifty guests in the house.

WILL SUCCEED VANDEVANTER.

Washington, Feb. 23.—It is semi-officially announced that Melville W. Miller, of Lafayette, Ind., will be appointed assistant attorney general of the interior department to succeed Willis Vandevanter, who has been named as circuit judge of the eighth United States circuit.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

FIGHT BY MORGAN

Against Panama Canal Treaty Is Conducted With Vigor.

Is Strongly Convinced Nicaragua Route Is the Best.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The manner in which Senator Morgan, of Alabama, has carried on his fight against the Panama proposition and in favor of the Nicaragua route, is a pathetic illustration of the vigor and energy sometimes shown by an old man in the United States senate. It is now nearly thirty years since Mr. Morgan began to advocate the construction of a canal across Nicaragua by the United States. Since he began his propaganda millions of dollars have been expended by private individuals and corporations in the preliminary work of the construction of a canal from the Atlantic to the Pacific through the Nicaragua route. At various times during that period it has seemed probable that this particular plan would be endorsed by the federal government. But at last the French company owning the rights and franchises for a canal in the republic of Columbia made such a proposition that it was deemed most expedient to take up the work inaugurated by De Lesseps and carry it to completion. After the United States had once been committed to this project it seems futile for anyone to undertake to negative the action of the administration and of congress. Still Senator Morgan never abandoned the fight for a moment.

On the contrary, he has allowed no opportunity to slip by in which he might continue his contest without doing so. During the past few days the executive sessions of the senate have been devoted to the consideration of the Panama canal treaty. No one has though for a moment, from the outset of the discussion, that any possible contingency could arise which would lead the United States to recede from the action which it has already taken and to provide for a canal by the way of Lake Nicaragua. Yet Senator Morgan has talked day after day in favor of his pet project. He is an able and brilliant man and when he becomes enthusiastic upon any subject he can demonstrate his ability to discuss it to the utmost degree. There are, perhaps, a dozen senators who agree with Mr. Morgan that the Nicaragua route is by far the better of the two, and there are some who even go so far as to assert that the day will come when two canals will be necessary to accommodate the commerce which must pass from one ocean to the other. But after all the Panama canal will be the first constructed and it will, of course, be built under the auspices of the United States government. There can scarcely be a doubt that Mr. Morgan realizes this fact, but the knowledge has not prevented him from doing everything in his power to further his original proposition.

A few days ago ex-Senator Warner Miller, of New York, was in Washington and during his visit he took occasion to heartily endorse everything that Mr. Morgan has done. Mr. Miller was one of the principal promoters of the Nicaragua Canal company, which concern spent more than $1,000,000 in surveys and preliminary work. Mr. Miller did not hesitate to express himself very forcibly and he said that in his judgment, acquired from a personal knowledge of the physical condition, that the Panama canal can never be put into successful operation. Mr. Miller believes that whatever money may be paid to the French company for its rights will be virtually thrown away and that the day will come within a very few years when the world will admit that the Nicaragua route is the only feasible one.

* * *

The house of representatives has again demonstrated its faith in Elliott Woods, the superintendent of the capitol, who is the official architect of congress. "Uncle" Joe Cannon, soon to be elected speaker, who is not given to advocating extravagant appropriations, is the father of the plan to adopt Mr. Woods' idea for the erection of a great office building for the use of members of the house of representatives, and to be connected with the capitol proper by a subway. Upon Mr. Cannon's motion the house adopted an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill, authorizing the purchase of a site and the expenditure of $3,100,000 in the erection of the building upon plans drawn up by Mr. Woods. It is proposed to acquire the property facing Capitol park on the south, and to put up a modern, convenient office building which will enable members to attend to the affairs of their districts in proper manner, without being compelled to pay office rent out of their private purses. The extent to which members are subjected to this expense is not realized outside of Washington, and few people even here realize that the offices maintained for the benefit of their constituents by nearly 100 representatives must be maintained at the private expense of the member. Some of these offices cost from $1000 to $1200 a year, in addition to the cost of clerks and stenographers who occupy them. The senate, on the other hand, furnishes each of its members with a room. The majority of the senators are quartered in what is known as the senate annex, a six-story building to the north of the capitol grounds, which was erected for a hotel some fifteen years ago by a man from Baltimore. The hotel was a dismal failure from the outset. The owner of the property found that he had an elephant on his hands, and after a great deal of effort he succeeded in unloading it upon the government at a comfortable advance on its original cost. Soon afterwards it was found necessary to practically rebuild the interior in the interests of safety. Today it is a miserable substitute for a real office building, inconveniently located, badly arranged and with nothing like modern facilities for the transaction of business. The senate will undoubtedly endorse the action of the house in providing the means for the erection of an office building for the popular branch of congress. There is also a proposition pending to acquire a site and erect a similar building on the north side of the capitol, so as to balance up, as it were, the architectural aspect of the surroundings. Whether or not this may be done during the present session of congress, it is certain that a new office building for the senate will be authorized within a very few years. Such a structure is badly needed, and the need is recognized on all sides.

* * *

Within the next five years there will be several notable additions to the public buildings of the national capital. Congress has already authorized the erection of a fine new building for the use of the department of justice. It would have been constructed by this time but for the fact that the attorney general insisted upon more money and a more commodious site, which he is certain to get. The house has provided in a bill now pending in the senate for a new home for the department of agriculture and before that building is completed at least two millions will have been spent upon it. The District of Columbia is to have a new home for its officials in a building to be raised on the most sightly location along Pennsylvania avenue, and it is quite probable that the new department of congress just created will be provided with a home of its own through an appropriation before the end of the Fifty-seventh congress. Besides this, an amendment is pending to the sundry civil appropriation bill in the senate which, if it carries, will make possible the erection of an adequate and appropriate building for the national museum, now housed in a veritable fire trap of a structure. The national museum established as a result of the centennial exposition in 1877 was first looked upon as a sort of a toy, having no particular use, which might be pushed into any convenient hole large enough to accommodate it. Since it was founded, however, collections of all sorts of valuable relics and curios have been gathered together, which, should they be destroyed by fire, could never be replaced. Notable among them are the Washington and Grant relics. There are collections of precious stones and specimens of taxidermy unexcelled in any museum in the world. From a small, insignificant collection the national museum has grown year by year until it bids fair to rival the British museum within a very short period. So crowded is the building at present, however, that hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of material is packed away in boxes and is absolutely useless. It would be unwise to extend the present building, because it is constructed of material inflammable to the highest degree, and consequently the effort now being made to provide for a new structure is likely to be successful, if not by the 4th of March, at least during the first session of the next congress.

* * *

Not one visitor in a thousand that comes to Washington and who attends social functions has any idea that there is employed in the various executive departments a vast army of trained butlers, footmen and waiters, available at all times to aid Washington society in entertaining its guests. For twenty years past, and perhaps for a longer period, it has been the custom for retiring officials such as cabinet officers to provide their house servants with places in the federal service. Mr. Secretary Blank's coachman, for instance, is made a messenger in the department over which he presided. Mr. Postmaster General Brown's former footman now occupies a post as watchman in the postoffice department, while the butler of Mr. Attorney General Robinson occupies a like position in the department of justice. It is an unwritten law that these former house servants shall not be disturbed in their places because of a change in administration, and consequently there are between 300 and 400 men of this class performing service in minor capacities in the executive departments. All these men have their names registered on the books of the leading caterers of Washington. Whenever a senator or cabinet officer or anyone else in the social swim desires to give a dinner party or any other function requiring the services of extra servants, he notifies his particular caterer, who sends up the requisite amount of soups and terrapin and salads, entrees, roasts and ices, and in addition, a sufficient force of trained men, well dressed and dignified in appearance, to look after the service. In this way Washington society is furnished with a force of men who not only bear the stamp of respectability, but who thoroughly understand their duties. There is never a dearth of such employes, and during the winter season no man who has had experience as a house servant and who has the recommendation of his former employer needs to be without employment for five evenings out of seven of each week. Some of these men, the best of them, earn far more in this manner than they do from the government. Their hours in office are from 9 to 4, and their average wages are $60 a month. At night, between the hours of 8 and 1, they are frequently paid $10, and in some instances as high as $20, so that the department messenger with a good record as a house servant frequently earns at least during the winter as much or more than the chief of the bureau in which he serves.



SENATOR JOHN T. MORGAN OF ALABAMA AND HIS LONG TALK IN THE SENATE.

Senator Morgan has for weeks opposed the Panama canal treaty and has spent a great deal of time trying to talk it to death.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON your KIDNEYS.

KEEP a box of Dr. Gossom's Kidney and Bladder Cure where you may have it handy then you KEEP free from the pains, lame back and bladder troubles which KEEP you from feeling as well as you deserve and nature intended you should. The 50c boxes sold and guaranteed by

LYCEUM PHARMACY.

DR. LYON'S **French Periodical Drops**

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy. Price, $1.50 per bottle.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: John L. Lyon

Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., Wholesale Agents.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked, leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DA VOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

CONSTRUCTION OF WARSHIPS

Delay In Naval Work Is Explained By Secretary Moody.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The president has been in correspondence with Secretary Moody respecting the matter of delay in the construction of the naval vessels and the secretary in turn has called upon the chief constructor for a statement of conditions in various shipbuilding yards where naval work is going on. The secretary has submitted a letter in the nature of a report to the president inleuding with it the chief constructor's report. On the substance these letters show that "while through a number of causes the building of warships has been delayed and the dates of their completion have been and will be considerably beyond the dates orighally set, naval construction in the United States is not materially behind the naval construction of England and Germany in the matter of time."

Secretary Moody argued that it would be a mistake to offer a bonus for the completion of vessels ahead of contract time and adds that two months ago he directed that no further extension of time be permitted except by his own personal order.

The chief constructor's report shows that there are seven causes for delay in naval work, namely: Inadequate plans; changes in armor or armament, delays in the delivery of the armor and ordnance; delays in every government inspection; delays in structural steel; delays due to inadequate facilities and insufficient ability in the contractors' staff, and delays due to inadequate supply of skilled labor. All of these subjects are treated in detail in the report and the statement is made that the apparent greater speed in English shipyards is due to the fact that ships are delivered by the contractors in a very incomplete condition to the government, who spends years in many instances in equipping the ship for commission.

Is Catarrh Your Life's Cloud?—Eminent nose and throat specialists in daily practice highly recommend Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, as safe, sure, permanent, painless and harmless in all cases of cold in the head, tonsilitis, hoarseness and catarrh. It gives relief in ten minutes, and banishes the disease like magic. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

Commander Flour.

Your grocer sells it.

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PATENTS

and all matters concerning the procuring or litigation thereof

JAMES T WATSON.

P. O. Box 573, or *Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.* Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.

Call or send for information.

Contracts, Licenses. Designs.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 5, 1903. Sealed proposals for purchase of U. S. steam yacht "Picket" will be received here until 10 a. m., Feb. 25, 1903, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, captain, engineers.

Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 5-6-7-9-23-24, 1903.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.



Falcon Pancakes are health pancakes because they contain the essential elements of wheat, corn, and rye. The combination is most nourishing and easily digested (physician's statement.) And yet, for breakfast, Falcon pancakes are substantial enough for the hardest workers. These pancakes are made of

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

Self-rising means you use no yeast or baking powder, and the cakes are always the same, always excellent. To vary the fare try this recipe for

Waffles or Gems

Two cups Shannon & Mott Company's Falcon Pancake Flour, one cup milk, two eggs, one tablespoonful sugar, piece butter size of walnut. Mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the flour.

Falcon Pancake Flour at the Best Grocers'

SHANNON & MOTT COMPANY,
Millers of Falcon Pure Foods,
Des Moines, Ia.

RESERVOIRS GIVE WAY

Torrent of Water Causes Damage at Shelton, Conn.

Derby, Conn., Feb. 23.—The breaking of three reservoirs in the town of Shelton early yesterday caused damage estimated at between $75,000 and $100,000, and there were several narrow escapes from death. There are three reservoirs in the town, situated on a hill in the western part of the town. In some unknown manner a hole was broken in the largest reservoir. The rush of water soon increased the hole to immense proportions and the water flowed down to the reservoirs below. These were unable to withstand the pressure, and their walls gave way, giving the water a free path to the town.

The torrent tore a great gully 110 feet long and 30 feet wide through Howe avenue. Logs, trees and huge cakes of ice were carried along and crashed into several buildings.

The house of Walter Nichols was struck by the flood. Nichols was away, and his wife was awakened by the ice crashing against the door. A few moments later water commenced to flow into the bedrooms where six children were sleeping. Mrs. Nichols hurried to the door and held it while her children escaped to an upper floor. A few moments later she escaped just before the water and ice forced in the door and flooded the rooms. The family remained prisoners in the upper part of the house until the water receded.

Warren Willner was awakened by a cake of ice crashing through his door. He ran into the street where the water was waist high, and hurried to the nearest position of safety. Several times he was hit by ice and fallen trees and painfully injured. Ten minutes later the side of the building was swept away, and the bed in which he had been sleeping was carried along in the flood.

Street railroad tracks and telephone and telegraph poles were torn up and strewn about in confusion. The reservoirs will have to be rebuilt, and this, with the property loss, it is believed will make the loss $100,000. Several mills will remain idle until the gravel swept into the race way is removed.

GAVE HIMSELF UP.

Aided Madame La Bonta In Her Flight.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 23.—Thomas Doyle has surrendered to the police authorities, asserting he was the man who assisted Mme. La Bonta, who figured in the sensational Cayley murder, to escape from Butte.

Doyle says he has been persecuted at every turn by some unknown persons. He has been unable to hold any position since the night of the shooting, being dismissed without any known cause.

Things came to a crisis when, last Tuesday night, an unknown man called at his room in the Southern hotel and offered him free transportation and $25 to leave the city at once. From threats made by his mysterious visitor Doyle says he has reason to fear for his life, and he decided to surrender to the authorities.

Doyle says he was employed by a person, whose name he refuses to divulge, to hire a rig and drive to a certain roadhouse in the valley. There he met Mme. La Bonta and drove her to Woodville, where she took a Great Northern train for parts unknown to Doyle. Doyle says that Mme. La Bonta talked concerning her flight to him while they drove to Woodville.

E. W. Kelley, former city editor of the Inter Mountain, and the La Bonta woman, who was captured in San Francisco, are held in the county jail charged with the murder of Dr. Henry Cayley.

LADRONES ARE ACTIVE

Strong Force Under Gen. San Miguel Captures Constabulary.

Manila, Feb. 23.—A force of ladrones under Gen. San Miguel reappeared in Rizal province Saturday. They avoided an engagement with the main force in the South, but captured three small detachments of constabulary. The enemy surrounded the towns of Cainta and Taytay, eleven miles east of Manila, Saturday, and captured thirty scouts and ten men of the constabulary, whom they disarmed and set free.

Yesterday Inspector McIlwaine, at the head of ten constables, was surprised and captured near Montalban, sixteen miles northeast of Manila. The ladrones promised to release them if the constabulary would surrender their arms. While they were conferring on this point, McIlwaine made a dash for liberty and he and all the constabulary effected their escape.

When the news of the reappearance of Gen. San Miguel's force reached Manila, reinforcements of scouts and constabulary were hurried into the Rizal province. Gen. Allen and Col. Scott went to Antipolo and assumed command of the forces there. They met with small detachments of the enemy and a few skirmishes took place. They were, however, unable to locate the main body of ladrones. Gen. Allen and Col. Scott are continuing their pursuit and hope to overtake the released prisoners.

It is said that Gen. San Miguel's force consists of 300 men, armed and uniformed. The zone of ladrone activity extends from Caloocan, four miles north of Manila, eastward to the mountains of Rizal and skirting the northern limits of Manila. The Manila police co-operated in Saturday's effort to corner the enemy. Secretary Winthrop, in the absence of Gov. Taft, requested Gen. Davis to furnish additional scouts and Gen. Davis has ordered another battalion of scouts to report to Gen. Allen. It is added that additional troops will be ordered out.

Gen. San Miguel's force is small and the government is determined to speedily suppress it. San Miguel claims the insurgent leadership and fights under the Katipunan flag.

According to news from Albay, Luzon, a force of ladrones attacked a small detachment of constabulary forces. The constabulary retreated but killed eleven of the enemy. Two of the constabulary were killed.

WILL OF WATERHOUSE.

Leaves $45,000 For Various Educational Institutions.

St. Louis, Feb. 23.—The will of Professor Sylvester Waterhouse, a prominent educator of St. Louis, who died Feb. 12, 1902, has just been made public. He left $45,000, divided as follows:

Washington university, $25,000; Missouri Historical society, $5000; Philip Exeter academy, $5000; Harvard university, $5000; Dartmouth college, $5000.

The donation of $25,000 to Washington university cannot, according to the conditions of the will, be touched until the year 2000, when it is hoped the fund will have increased to $1,000,000 by reason of accumulated interest.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The only positive cure for blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, cuts, burns, bruises, eczema and all abrasions of the skin. Max Wirth.



Theoretically, the buffet-smoking-library car of the

Golden State Limited

is for men only.

Practically, it isn't. It is a favorite resort for lady passengers—a place where they go for an hour or two, while husband, brother, father or friend talks tariff revision and smokes a fragrant cigar.

The Golden State Limited leaves Kansas City daily. Only a little more than two days to Los Angeles. Through cars to Santa Barbara and San Francisco. Electric lights; electric fans; bath room; barber shop; Booklovers' library; compartment and standard sleepers; observation, dining and library cars. Runs over the El Paso-Rock Island Route and Southern Pacific Company. Daily connections from St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Tickets, berths and full information at any railroad ticket office, or by addressing R. G. Brown, G. N. W. A., 322 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis.

Rock Island System

HILL LANDS TO PASS

Under Control of Steel Corporation at Early Date.

Price About $1 a Ton For Ore In the Ground.

Cleveland, Feb. 23.—The current issue of the Iron Trade Review contains the following article on the Hill ore holdings on the Mesaba range:

Reports have been published, particularly in the past two months, of the acquisition of the Hill ore properties on the Mesaba range by the United States Steel corporation. The negotiations to that end have been a matter of general knowledge, but it is understood that the transaction has not been consummated. It seems to be taken for granted, however, that these properties, on some terms, will pass under the control of the steel corporation at an early date. This does not necessarily involve their purchase outright, nor does it involve the payment of money at the present time. The terms talked of have been rather widely discussed, and some of the current reports in this connection appear to be quite close to the facts. It is well understood, for example, that Mr. Hill is to receive for his ore what amounts to $1.80 a ton at Superior docks, which would mean $1 a ton for the ore in the ground—the valuation the steel corporation puts on its own ore, as appears from President Schwab's affidavit in the recent bond issue litigation.

The prime feature of any deal Mr. Hill makes will be tonnage for his Eastern Minnesota road, which in 1902 hauled to the Superior docks 4,180,568 tons. It is understood that in acquiring control of the Hill ore properties the steel corporation will not pay any bonuses, nor will it necessarily mine ore every year the contract is in operation. Mr. Hill requires a certain stipulated ore tonnage for the Eastern Minnesota road; if mines other than those in the proposed deal furnish that amount, the steel corporation will not be required to furnish any; but it must furnish whatever is lacking of the stipulated amount. This minimum tonnage for the Eastern Minnesota is raised year by year under the proposed contract, until it ultimately reaches 10,000,000 tons. And even then the steel corporation need not mine Hill ore, if from other sources 10,000,000 tons should be shipped over the Eastern Minnesota. The importance of the acquisition of the Hill properties by the steel corporation may be inferred from the details given below:

The J. J. Hill interests on the Mesaba range have been in process of accumulation for the past five years, during which time a consistent policy has been pursued, until these properties have reached an extent second only to the holdings of the United States Steel corporation, and are sometimes estimated as high as 400,000,000 to 500,000,000 tons. These holdings are pretty well concentrated, and while many of them are leased to operating and independent steel-making concerns, much of the land and many of the located ore bodies are still in Mr. Hill's hand for such disposition as may be desired. Up to a few months ago Mr. Hill and his companies were actively negotiating for lands east of the central and western part of the Mesaba range, going so far as to carry on negotiations for Vermilion range lands, but at that time a division of territory was agreed upon between Hill and the largest other interest in this district, and he withdrew and has since confined himself to that part of the Mesaba west of township 58, range 18.

The bulk of the Hill holdings were secured by the purchase, four years ago, of the Wright & Davis lands and the Duluth, Mississippi River & Northern railroad, a line built by Wright & Davis for carrying out a logging contract. This road reached from Hibbing to the Mississippi river and connected with the lake over the Duluth & Winnipeg road, which had an ore dock at Superior. The Wright & Davis lands, bought for their pine timber, were stretched across township 57 range 21, along the ore-bearing formation, and included both the Mahoning and Stevenson mines. At the time of the sale to Hill the Mahoning was in operation and the Stevenson had been discovered, though but comparatively little other ore was absolutely known to exist on the lands. The price paid for these mines and the railroad, as well as the enormous and very profitable logging contract held by the road, was a trifle under $4,000,000. It now seems a mere bagatelle; but at that time money was very tight and the present conditions were unexpected.

Mr. Hill did not acquire additional lands for some time. He bought the Duluth & Winnipeg road, paying par for the $1,000,000 of stock issued, which stock represented actual cash that had gone into the construction of the road, and taking up the less than $1,000,000 of the underlying bonds that had been issued by the road to pay for lands supposed to contain ore, but which were north of the ore-bearing formation. Some ore lands were gradually secured until the formation of the United States Steel corporation, with its control of the two remaining roads reaching the Mesaba range. Mr. Hill at once saw that to make his road profitable he must have ore of his own sufficient to maintain his road at a high pitch of traffic, as the corporation's road would haul its ore and as much more as it could get, and he expected the corporation to continue the acquirement of undeveloped ore lands. This, however, it did not do immediately. The field was for a time left to him and he improved the situation. With abundant funds obtainable at the lowest rates, the Eastern Minnesota road, which was the title of the Hill line, began buying leases and fee tracts by the wholesale, but very quietly. The stocks of many companies owning lands upon the ore-bearing formation were secured at low prices; State leases were bought at advances over the royalties demanded, and many tracts were taken outright. In the meantime a very considerable exploring business was carried on and tracts were examined with the drill all along the range as far east as the Mountain Iron mine, in the center of township 58, range 18. All the lands belonging to the Midway company and located on the ranges in towns 58 and 59, range 18, were bought outright, though they were not known to contain ore of value.

The Hill companies now control a strip of land six miles long on the strike and more or less continuous across the width of the ore-bearing formation in township 57, range 21. In this are the Mahoning, Stevenson, Leetonia, Burrows and several other ore bodies of importance and a large area of unexplored land of possible high value. By the advance of cash for the purchase of other lands it also controls the traffic on several additional ore bodies in the same township.

It has been a favorite method of Mr. Hill to assist intending buyers of ore mines to a part of the cash required, in return for a contract for the traffic at going rate; and this has tied up to him a large amount of ore outside of his own ownership. Another method that has had the same result has been to permit the exploration of lands of his own under the royalty basis, in return for the traffic that the intending explorers might hold in their own ownership. This has brought to him large contracts for freight.

Hill holdings west of township 57, range 21, include large fee tracts. State and private leases of more or less value. The value of the range as one passes westerly is problematic, and much of the formation there is probably worthless for ore.

To the east of township 57, range 21, there is considerable tonnage and north and east of Hibbing, in township 58, range 20, under his control. This includes the Webb, Laura and Winnifred (the last two, which are Louis Hill's properties, being recently leased to Corrigan, McKinney & Co.), the Pearce and Morrow, the Clark and Chisholm, some Alworth lands, the Jordan and Croxton, and a few other small tracts, the last of which are still held untaken by mining companies.

In township 58, range 19, the Wabigon and Wacouta Iron companies, which hold large tracts, one of fee the other of state leases, are owned by this same interest. It has the traffic of the Grant, the Sharon, the Kinney, the Maitland and other properties, and holds a large acreage of lands.

In township 58, range 18, all the Midway lands in the northwest part of the township are Hill-owned now, together with numerous other tracts, some of which are known to contain ore. It also has lands on the formation in the south part of the township north of this.

Mr. Hill owns no mines and controls no traffic east of the northwest corner of township 58, range 17, where are the Commodore and Sauntry mines, shipping over this line, and several tracts of land on which ore is known to be but which have not been leased to operators.

In addition to these holdings, Mr. Hill is practically master of the old state grat lands of the St. Paul & Duluth road, which went into possession of the Northern Pacific when that road bought the other two years ago. These lands are controlled by the Northern Securities company, and in that way are under Mr. Hill's dictation. These are probably of less value than the properties mentioned before.

BRITISH HOME FLEET

Is to Be Reorganized Early In May.

London, Feb. 23.—The admiralty announces a reorganization of the home fleet, to become operative in May. The statement is important, as the reorganization creates practically a new seagoing force for the British navy. Heretofore the only sea-going force in British and neighboring seas has been the channel squadron, which, however, is seldom in home waters. The home squadron formed in 1902 was a combination of port guardships and coast guardships, under the admiral superintendent of reserves, who was mostly occupied with shore duties. The new home fleet will have a separate admiral, who will be senior to the commander of the channel squadron, whom Lord Beresford will succeed in April. The home squadron, when Vice Admiral Sir Arthur Wilson hoists his pennant, will consist of ten battleships, four cruisers and a number of smaller vessels. Most of these are obsolete, but they will be gradually replaced by new vessels that are now being completed or in course of construction.

LUCKY ST. LOUIS MAN.

Picture Worth Thousands Bought For Ten Dollars.

St. Louis, Feb. 23.—A genuine Da Vinci Madonna, worth thousands of dollars, was sold by a second-hand dealer in Carondelet for $9 to a St. Louis man, who sold it to a friend, James Hilton, president of the Hilton Printing company, for $10. Hilton declined an offer of $15,000 for the picture a few days after he bought it, and now holds it at $60,000, which price he says he is not at all sure is as high as it ought to be.

Experts of New York and other cities, according to Mr. Hilton, have pronounced the Madonna in his possession to be a rare gem, one of those stolen from the vatican over 100 years ago. He has written to J. Pierpont Morgan and other art collectors, and also to the noted art masters of Europe, describing the Madonna in detail and asking their opinion as to its authenticity.

A weak stomach causes a weak body and invites disease. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures and strengthens the stomach, and wards off and overcomes disease. Max Wirth.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

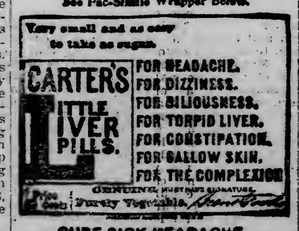
Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.



CURE SICK HEADACHE.

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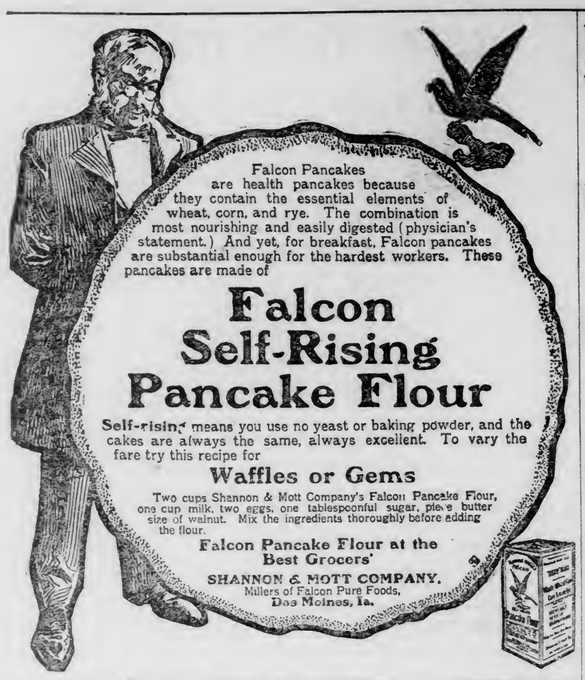
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DEFECTIVE PAGE



Falcon Pancakes are health pancakes because they contain the essential elements of wheat, corn, and rye. The combination is most nourishing and easily digested (physician's statement.) And yet, for breakfast, Falcon pancakes are substantial enough for the hardest workers. These pancakes are made of

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

Self-rising means you use no yeast or baking powder, and the cakes are always the same, always excellent. To vary the fare try this recipe for

Waffles or Gems

Two cups Shannon & Mott Company's Falcon Pancake Flour, one cup milk, two eggs, one tablespoonful sugar, piece butter size of walnut. Mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the flour.

Falcon Pancake Flour at the Best Grocers'

SHANNON & MOTT COMPANY.
Millers of Falcon Pure Foods,
Des Moines, Ia.

RESERVOIRS GIVE WAY

Torrent of Water Causes Damage at Shelton, Conn.

Derby, Conn., Feb. 23.—The breaking of three reservoirs in the town of Shelton early yesterday caused damage estimated at between $75,000 and $100,000, and there were several narrow escapes from death. There are three reservoirs in the town, situated on a hill in the western part of the town. In some unknown manner a hole was broken in the largest reservoir. The rush of water soon increased the hole to immense proportions and the water flowed down to the reservoirs below. These were unable to withstand the pressure, and their walls gave way, giving the water a free path to the town.

The torrent tore a great gully 110 feet long and 20 feet wide through Howe avenue. Logs, trees and huge cakes of ice were carried along and crashed into several buildings.

The house of Walter Nichols was struck by the flood. Nichols was away, and his wife was awakened by the ice crashing against the door. A few moments later water commenced to flow into the bedrooms where six children were sleeping. Mrs. Nichols hurried to the door and held it while her children escaped to an upper floor. A few moments later she escaped just before the water and ice forced in the door and flooded the rooms. The family remained prisoners in the upper part of the house until the water receded. Warren Wilber was awakened by a cake of ice crashing through his door. He ran into the street where the water was waist high, and hurried to the nearest position of safety. Several times he was hit by ice and fallen trees and painfully injured. Ten minutes later the side of the building was swept away, and the bed in which he had been sleeping was carried along in the flood.

Street railroad tracks and telephone and telegraph poles were torn up and strewn about in confusion. The reservoirs will have to be rebuilt, and this, with the property loss, it is believed will make the loss $100,000. Several mills will remain idle until the gravel swept into the race way is removed.

GAVE HIMSELF UP.

Aided Madame La Bonta In Her Flight.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 23.—Thomas Doyle has surrendered to the police authorities, asserting he was the man who assisted Mme. La Bonta, who figured in the sensational Cayley murder, to escape from Butte.

Doyle says he has been persecuted at every turn by some unknown persons. He has been unable to hold any position since the night of the shooting, being dismissed without any known cause.

Things came to a crisis when last Tuesday night an unknown man called at his room in the Southern hotel and offered him free transportation and $25 to leave the city at once. From threats made by the mysterious visitor Doyle says he has reason to fear for his life, and he decided to surrender to the authorities.

Doyle says he was employed by a person, whose name he refuses to divulge, to hire a rig and drive to a certain roadhouse in the valley. There he met Mme. La Bonta and drove her to Woodville, where she took a Great Northern train for parts unknown to Doyle. Doyle says that while La Bonta talked concerning her flight to him while they drove to Woodville.

E. W. Kelley, former city editor of the Inter Mountain, and the La Bonta woman, who was captured in San Francisco, are held in the county jail charged with the murder of Dr. Henry Cayley.

LADRONES ARE ACTIVE

Strong Force Under Gen. San Miguel Captures Constabulary.

Manila, Feb. 23.—A force of ladrones under Gen. San Miguel reappeared in Rizal province Saturday. They avoided an engagement with the main force in the South, but captured three small detachments of constabulary. The enemy surrounded the towns of Cainta and Taytay, eleven miles east of Manila, Saturday, and captured thirty scouts and ten men of the constabulary, whom they disarmed and set free.

Yesterday Inspector McIlwaine, at the head of ten constables, was surprised and captured near Montalban, sixteen miles northeast of Manila. The ladrones promised to release them if the constabulary would surrender their arms. While they were conferring on this point, McIlwaine made a dash for liberty and he and all the constabulary effected their escape.

When the news of the reappearance of Gen. San Miguel's force reached Manila, reinforcements of scouts and constabulary were hurried into the Rizal province. Gen. Allen and Col. Scott went to Antipolo and assumed command of the forces there. They met with small detachments of the enemy and a few skirmishes took place. They were, however, unable to locate the main body of ladrones. Gen. Allen and Col. Scott are continuing their pursuit and hope to overtake the released prisoners.

It is said that Gen. San Miguel's force consists of 200 men, armed and uniformed. The zone of ladrone activity extends from Caloocan, four miles north of Manila, eastward to the mountains of Rizal and skirting the northern limits of Manila. The Manila police co-operated in Saturday's effort to corner the enemy. Secretary Winthrop, in the absence of Gov. Taft, requested Gen. Davis to furnish additional scouts and Gen. Davis has ordered another battalion of scouts to report to Gen. Allen. It is added that additional troops will be ordered out.

Gen. San Miguel's force is small and the government is determined to speedily suppress it. San Miguel claims the insurgent leadership and rights under the Katipunan flag.

According to news from Albay, Luzon, a force of ladrones attacked a small detachment of constabulary forces. The constabulary retreated but killed eleven of the enemy. Two of the constabulary were killed.

WILL OF WATERHOUSE.

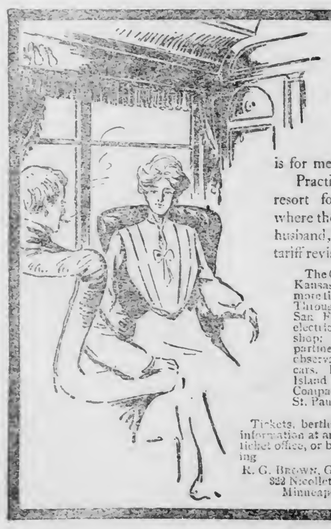
Leaves $45,000 For Various Educational Institutions.

St. Louis, Feb. 23.—The will of Professor Sylvester Waterhouse, a prominent educator of St. Louis, who died Feb. 12, 1902, has just been made public. He left $45,000, divided as follows:

Washington university, $25,000; Missouri Historical society, $5000; Philip Exeter academy, $5000; Harvard university, $5000; Dartmouth college, $5000.

The donation of $25,000 to Washington university cannot, according to the conditions of the will, be touched until the year 2000, when it is hoped the fund will have increased to $1,000,000 by reason of accumulated interest.

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HILL LANDS TO PASS

Under Control of Steel Corporation at Early Date.

Price About $1 a Ton For Ore In the Ground.

Cleveland, Feb. 23.—The current issue of the Iron Trade Review contains the following article on the Hill ore holdings on the Mesaba range:

Reports have been published, particularly in the past two months, of the acquisition of the Hill ore properties on the Mesaba range by the United States Steel corporation. The negotiations to that end have been a matter of general knowledge, but it is understood that the transaction has not been consummated. It seems to be taken for granted, however, that these properties, on some terms, will pass under the control of the steel corporation at an early date. This does not necessarily involve their purchase outright, nor does it involve the payment of money at the present time. The terms talked of have been rather widely discussed, and some of the current reports in this connection appear to be quite close to the facts. It is well understood, for example, that Mr. Hill is to receive for his ore what amounts to $1.80 a ton at Superior docks, which would mean $1 a ton for the ore in the ground—the valuation the steel corporation puts on its own ore, as appears from President Schwab's affidavit in the recent bond issue litigation.

The prime feature of any deal Mr. Hill makes will be tonnage for his Eastern Minnesota road, which in 1902 hauled to the Superior docks 4,189,568 tons. It is understood that in acquiring control of the Hill ore properties the steel corporation will not pay any bonuses, nor will it necessarily mine ore every year the contract is in operation. Mr. Hill requires a certain stipulated ore tonnage for the Eastern Minnesota road; if mines other than those in the proposed deal furnish that amount, the steel corporation will not be required to furnish any; but it must furnish whatever is lacking of the stipulated amount. This minimum tonnage for the Eastern Minnesota is raised year by year under the proposed contract, until it ultimately reaches 10,000,000 tons. And even then the steel corporation need not mine Hill ore, if from other sources 10,000,000 tons should be shipped over the Eastern Minnesota. The importance of the acquisition of the Hill properties by the steel corporation may be inferred from the details given below:

The J. J. Hill interests on the Mesaba range have been in process of accumulation for the past five years, during which time a consistent policy has been pursued, until these properties have reached an extent second only to the holdings of the United States Steel corporation, and are sometimes estimated as high as 400,000,000 to 500,000,000 tons. These holdings are pretty well concentrated, and while many of them are leased to operating and independent steel-making concerns, much of the land and many of the located ore bodies are still in Mr. Hill's hand for such disposition as may be desired. Up to a few months ago Mr. Hill and his companies were actively negotiating for lands east of the central and western part of the Mesaba range, going so far as to carry on negotiations for Vermilion range lands, but at that time a division of territory was agreed upon between Hill and the largest other interest in this district, and he withdrew and has since confined himself to that part of the Mesaba west of township 58 range 18.

The bulk of the Hill holdings were secured by the purchase, four years ago, of the Wright & Davis lands and the Duluth, Mississippi River & Northern railroad, a line built by Wright & Davis for carrying out a logging contract. This road reached from Hibbing to the Mississippi river and connected with the lake over the Duluth & Winnipeg road, which had an ore dock at Superior. The Wright & Davis lands, bought for their pine timber, were stretched across township 57 range 21, along the ore-bearing formation, and included both the Mahoning and Stevenson mines. At the time of the sale to Hill the Mahoning was in operation and the Stevenson had been discovered, though but comparatively little other ore was absolutely known to exist on the lands. The price paid for these mines and the railroad, as well as the enormous and very profitable logging contract held by the road, was a trifle under $4,000,000. It now seems a mere bagatelle; but at that time money was very tight and the present conditions were unexpected.

Mr. Hill did not acquire additional lands for some time. He bought the Duluth & Winnipeg road, paying par for the $1,000,000 of stock issued, which stock represented actual cash that had gone into the construction of the road, and taking up the less than $1,000,000 of the underlying bonds that had been issued by the road to pay for lands supposed to contain ore, but which were north of the ore-bearing formation. Some ore lands were gradually secured until the formation of the United States Steel corporation, with its control of the two remaining roads reaching the Mesaba range. Mr. Hill at once saw that to make his road profitable he must have ore of his own sufficient to maintain his road at a high pitch of traffic, as the corporation's road would haul its ore and as much more as it could get, and he expected the corporation to continue the acquirement of undeveloped ore lands. This, however, it did not do immediately. The field was for a time left to him and he improved the situation. With abundant funds obtainable at the lowest rates, the Eastern Minnesota road, which was the title of the Hill line, began buying leases and fee tracts by the wholesale, but very quietly. The stocks of many companies owning lands upon the ore-bearing formation were secured at low prices. State leases were bought at advances over the royalties demanded, and many tracts were taken outright. In the meantime a very considerable exploring business was carried on and tracts were examined with the drill all along the range as far east as the Mountain Iron mine, in the center of township 58, range 18. All the lands belonging to the Midway company and located on the ranges in towns 58 and 59, range 18, were bought outright, though they were not known to contain ore of value.

The Hill companies now control a strip of land six miles long on the strike and more or less continuous across the width of the ore-bearing formation in township 57, range 21. In this are the Mahoning, Stevenson, Leetonia, Burrows and several other ore bodies of importance and a large area of unexplored land of possible high value. By the advance of cash for the purchase of other lands it also controls the traffic on several additional ore bodies in the same township.

It has been a favorite method of Mr. Hill to assist intending buyers of ore mines to a part of the cash required, in return for a contract for the traffic at going rate; and this has tied up to him a large amount of ore outside of his own ownership. Another method that has had the same result has been to permit the exploration of lands of his own under the royalty basis, in return for the traffic that the intending explorers might hold in their own ownership. This has brought to him large contracts for freight.

Hill holdings west of township 57, range 21, include large fee tracts, State and private leases of more or less value. The value of the range as one passes westerly is problematic, and much of the formation there is probably worthless for ore.

To the east of township 57, range 21, there is considerable tonnage and north and east of Hibbing, in township 58, range 20, under his control. This includes the Webb, Laura and Winnifred (the last two, which are Louis Hill's properties, being recently leased to Corrigan, McKinney & Co.), the Pearce and Morrow, the Clark and Chisholm, some Alworth lands, the Jordan and Croxton, and a few other small tracts, the last of which are still held untaken by mining companies.

In township 58, range 19, the Wabigon and Wacouta Iron companies, which hold large tracts, one of fee the other of state leases, are owned by this same interest. It has the traffic of the Grant, the Sharon, the Kinney, the Maitland and other properties, and holds a large acreage of lands.

In township 58, range 18, all the Midway lands in the northwest part of the township are Hill-owned now, together with numerous other tracts, some of which are known to contain ore. It also has lands on the formation in the south part of the township north of this.

Mr. Hill owns no mines and controls no traffic east of the northwest corner of township 58, range 17, where are the Commodore and Sauntry mines, shipping over this line, and several tracts of land on which ore is known to be but which have not been leased to operators.

In addition to these holdings, Mr. Hill is practically master of the old state grat lands of the St. Paul & Duluth road, which went into possession of the Northern Pacific when that road bought the other two years ago. These lands are controlled by the Northern Securities company, and in that way are under Mr. Hill's dictation. These are probably of less value than the properties mentioned before.

BRITISH HOME FLEET

Is to Be Reorganized Early In May.

London, Feb. 23.—The admiralty announces a reorganization of the home fleet, to become operative in May. The statement is important, as the reorganization creates practically a new seagoing force for the British navy. Heretofore the only sea-going force in British and neighboring seas has been the channel squadron, which, however, is seldom in home waters. The home squadron formed in 1902 was a combination of port guardships and coast guardships, under the admiral superintendent of reserves, who was mostly occupied with shore duties. The new home fleet will have a separate admiral, who will be senior to the commander of the channel squadron, whom Lord Beresford will succeed in April. The home squadron, when Vice Admiral Sir Arthur Wilson hoists his pennant, will consist of ten battleships, four cruisers and a number of smaller vessels. Most of these are obsolete, but they will be gradually replaced by new vessels that are now being completed or in course of construction.

LUCKY ST. LOUIS MAN.

Picture Worth Thousands Bought For Ten Dollars.

St. Louis, Feb. 23.—A genuine Da Vinci Madonna, worth thousands of dollars, was sold by a second-hand dealer in Carondelet for $9 to a St. Louis man, who sold it to a friend, James Hilton, president of the Hilton Printing company, for $10. Hilton declined an offer of $15,000 for the picture a few days after he bought it, and now holds it at $60,000, which price he says he is not at all sure is as high as it ought to be.

Experts of New York and other cities, according to Mr. Hilton, have pronounced the Madonna in his possession to be a rare gem, one of those stolen from the vatican over 100 years ago. He has written to J. Pierpont Morgan and other art collectors, and also to the noted art masters of Europe, describing the Madonna in detail and asking their opinion as to its authenticity.

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FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG, 122 W. Mich.
KNUDSEN-FERGUSON, 212 W. Mich.
THOS THOMPSON, 126 W. Michigan.
NEWMAN MERC. CO., W. Sup., Wis.

Rubber Stamps and Stencils.
CONSOLIDATED STAMP & PRINTING CO., 323 West First.

Saxoina Cigar.
GEO. E. ROLPH CIGAR CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Steam and Plumbing Supplies.
CRANE & ORDWAY CO., 12 W. Mich.
NORTHERN SUPPLY CO., 14 W. Mich.

Towing and Wrecking Contractors.
WHITNEY BROS., W. Superior, Wis.

Vegetable Growers.
FENDEL & SWOPE, 116 W. Michigan.

Wines and Liquors.
SATTLER LIQUOR CO., 29 East Sup.
I. L. LAMM & CO., W. Superior, Wis.
J. D. ZIEN, 409 West Michigan.

Woolens.
DULUTH WOOLEN CO., 308 W. First St.

RETAIL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Candies and Ice Cream.
SMITH'S, 507 W. Sup. Zenith phone 195.

Clothing, Furnishings, Etc.
GREAT EASTERN, W. Dul., 210-55th Ave
M. A. FEDJE, 2016-2[illegible] W. Superior.

Crockery, Glassware, Housefurnishings.
N. O. NELSON, 2017 W. Superior.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.
J. GRUESEN, 23 West Superior.
O. G. HUGBERG, 1225 W. Superior.

Druggists.
S. F. BOYCE, 4th Ave. W. Superior.
WM. A. ABBETT, 202 W. Superior.
SMITH & SMITH, 251 W. Superior.
KUGLER DRUG STORE, 17 E. Superior
S. J. NYGREN, 232 56th avenue west.
C. J. TUFTE, 2015 W. Superior.

Dry Goods, Millinery, Etc.
JOHNSON & MOE, 2102-2104 W. Superior
HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO., 332-4 56th avenue west.

Dyers, French Dry Cleaners.
ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, 6 E. Sup.

Photographer.
COOK ELY, 7 East Superior.

Florist and Confectioner
VICTOR HEOT, 23 W. Superior. Cut flowers and funeral designs.

Grocers.
MILNER & EBERT, 302-304 W. Fourth.
MEEEK & MORTON, 228 W. First.
MOIR & WALKER, 2020 W. Superior.
MARKET GROCERY, 106 W. First.

Groceries, Clothing, Etc.
C. H. OPPEL & SONS, 115-117 E. Superior.

Hardware, Stoves, Etc.
BENSON & GUSTAVSON, 2022 W. Sup.

Labor Agents.
NATIONAL CO. (Richards & Birch, 431 W. Michigan.
DULUTH EMPLOYMENT CO., 429 W. Michigan.
GLOBE EMPLOYMENT CO., 425 W. Michigan.

Livery and Boarding Stables.
TOTMAN BROS., 203-205 E. Superior.
BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY, 315 W. 1st.

Manufacturing Furrier.
ROBERT KROJANKER, 12 W. Superior.

Meat Fish and Poultry.
I. G. POTEAGER, 527 E. Fourth.
MOIR BROS., 509 W. Sup. St. 109 W. 1st.

Merchant Tailors.
NELSON & SWANSON 406 W. Superior.
A. STOLTZ, 525 E. Fourth street.

Money Loaned on Jewelry.
UNCLE IKE, 324 W. Superior.

Moving and Storage.
DULUTH VAN CO., 210-410 W. Sup. St.

New and Second Hand Furniture.
BLOOM & CO., 1st St. and 1st Ave. W.
M. SHAPIRA, 12-14 First avenue west.

Newspapers and Periodicals.
J. G. SEECAMP, 215 W. Superior.

Pictures, Frames and Wall Papers
ENGELS & CO., 17-19 Third Ave. W.
H. A. HALL & CO., 16 E. Superior.

Sample Rooms.
LOUIS ANDERSON, 19 Lake avenue.

Sewing Machines and Supplies.
C. W. HOWARD, 12 W. Sup. Phone 687-2.

Upholstering and Mattress Making
BRAZEAN & THIES CO., 504 E. Fourth.

Undertaker.
DURKAN & CRAWFORD, 18 2d Ave. W.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

VIEWED BY CLEWS

Conditions In Stock Market Against Rise at Present.

Little Chance of Easy Money For Months to Come.

New York, Feb. 23.—Henry Clews' weekly financial review says: Conditions in the stock market have been against any further advance in values, for the time being at least. Prices had a fair rise in January and were high enough to discourage both investment and speculative buying. Very considerable realizing has taken place during the last few days, stimulated by unsettling rumors, and in the absence of any considerable short interest or any favorable conditions not already discounted there is little material out of which to create any bull enthusiasm. The market has, consequently, been left very largely to the tender mercies of the professional trader. Many of the big leaders are absent in the South, as usual at this season, and this fact alone is apt to postpone important deals or co-operative movements. The policy of these men is evidently to encourage moderate fluctuations and prevent extreme movements in either direction until conditions are more in favor of an active bull market. Such a policy will facilitate a wider distribution of securities and tend to re-establish confidence on a more reasonable basis. Towards the close of the week there was a rather sharp recession, due to unfavorable rumors and to a desire to realize profits before the holidays, which meant a three days' suspension of business. Apart from this consideration there are other reasons for expecting a reaction, chief of which is the monetary situation.

There is little or no chance of really easy money for months to come. Surplus reserves are much below the average of this period of the year; loans are already near the high record figure; the withdrawal of $20,000,000 for trust company reserves, though done gradually, will involve a curtailment of credit to nearly four times that amount, and the Panama canal payments, which may be called for later on, will compel either a bond issue or a withdrawal of government deposits from the banks—just which has not yet been determined, although every precaution will undoubtedly be taken to avoid monetary disturbance. There is a further consideration, and that is the large imports and consequent customs payments, which tend to accumulate funds in the treasury. The Aldrich bill, if passed, will afford some relief in this respect, but it still leaves the money market under control of a single mind in a crisis where expert local opinion is worthless. Fortunately Secretary Shaw is a man of good judgment and high personal integrity, so there is need for doubting that he will counteract the bad working of our present system as far as he may be able; but, aside from the rich bill, it must be remembered that he will not again possess the resources which he brought to the aid of the money market last autumn. Should a pinch come next fall at undesirable time, it would bring home to the business community in very practical fashion the necessity of securing an elastic bank currency. It is to be hoped such experience will not be necessary to convince congress of its plain duty.

Foreign exchange is hovering about the gold shipping point, although it seems improbable that we shall ship large amounts of the precious metal. The European money markets are all in easy condition, and the Transvaal loan is not expected now before April. The French loan has also been postponed on account of political complications. In view of the financial situation here, therefore, important gold shipments seem improbable. The most unsatisfactory feature in the foreign exchange situation is our continued large importations. Our exports are recovering from the shock of the corn crop failure in 1901, but the excess of exports or our favorable trade balance is much less striking than it was two or three years ago. In spite of this fact our obligations abroad have been much reduced—fully one-half of those of 1901, some authorities say—and to this extent our situation has been visibly strengthened.

The money market will require skillful handling until the next crop demands have been satisfied, particularly as there are a number of rag railroad corporations with new security issues, either contemplated or already announced. Needless to say, the money rates do not facilitate the placing of 3½@4 per cent bonds; and, as there promises to come, and the supply of securities is already much in excess of demand, it is difficult to see how the market can do otherwise than follow a downward drift. There is no doubt that a period of gradual liquidation and lower prices would infuse fresh life into the market, bringing in a new and stronger class of buyers whose judgment is opposed to making either temporary or permanent investments at this level. General business is active and promises to so continue; yet higher costs are lessening profits and checking new enterprises. The whole country would be in a stronger and more satisfactory condition if values were to come down to a more normal level. That process will inevitably begin just as soon as supply overtakes demand. A conservative feeling prevails in high financial circles, and this policy is likely to eventually strengthen the whole market. For the present, however, it looks as if prices would be allowed to find a lower and more substantial level.

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McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery prints	27		
Storage, creamery, tubs	25	@	26
Dairies, fancy	18		
Packing stock	14		
EGGS.			
Fresh	20		
Storage	17		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	14		
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15		
Limberger, full cream, choice	15		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	17½		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14		
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		

Main Office—332-334-335 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—306 West Superior Street.
DEALER IN GRAIN, STOCKS AND PROVISIONS.
Stocks Carried on One Point Margin—Grain One Point—Stocks Carried Without Interest.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St., Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—328 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. .....Both 'Phones.

COE
COMMISSION CO.,
(INCORPORATED)
GRAIN AND STOCKS
Members—Minneapolis Independent Grain and Stock Exchange, Chicago Open Board of Trade and West Superior Board of Trade.
Ship Us Your Cash Grain
We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.
WE BUY AND SELL
WHEAT, CORN AND OATS
for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.
We Charge No Interest For Carrying Long Stocks.
MARGINS 1c a bushel on grain $2 a share on stocks
References—106 National and State Banks.
Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and to 39 Leading Towns of the Northwest.
General Offices, Bank of Commerce Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Local Office, 225 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

Wheat	383,929
Corn	42,953
Oats	17,731
Wheat flour	4,061,823
Carriages, cars and vehicles	28,752
Railway cars	287,192
Clocks and watches	132,936
Raw cotton	182
Cotton cloths	3,323,836
Other cotton manufactures	405,395
Fertilizers	473
Fruits and nuts	79,040
Hops	1,728
Scientific instruments and apparatus	623,587
Steel	78,491
Electrical machinery	309,225
Sewing machines	405,581
Steam engines	538,324
Typewriting machines	76,116
Sole and upper leather	318,616
Boots and shoes	172,195
Rosin, tar, turpentine and pitch	481,434
Spirits of turpentine	274,547
Oil cake and oil cake meal	5,568
Mineral oils, refined	4,574,382
Vegetable oils	686,108
Paper, manufactures of	621,020
Paraffin and paraffin wax	18,925
Meat products	2,862,334
Dairy products	249,729
Seeds	5,109
Refined sugar	7,655
Leaf tobacco	123,681
Manufactured tobacco	70,817
Timber	54,660
Lumber	1,868,395

"These and a few minor items make up our miserably small total of exports to South America in 1902, of $38,000,000. While we are waiting year after year on congress to come to our relief, other nations are taking away the business of these next door neighbors of ours. Our yearly sales ought to be at least as much as we bought from South America last year, $119,000,000.

"To make matters worse, we are paying foreigners for carrying 92 per cent of the $38,000,000 and the $119,000,000. Think of the 'great American hog' being represented down there by only $391 worth! And fertilizers, another of our specialties, by only $473 worth.

"What a paradox! The United States, the greatest manufacturing nation on earth, buying $119,000,000 from a group of nonmanufacturing nations and paying out cash for all but $38,000,000 of it. In this case 'Uncle Sam pays the freight' and the bill as well.

"We ought to be as successful in keeping European goods out of South America as we are in keeping out European soldiers. We need a commercial Monroe doctrine also."

Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts, per doz	65
Brazils, per lb	11
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
FRUITS.	
Apples, per bbl	3 00 @ 4 00
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 85
California pears	2 50
Cranberries	11 00
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 50 @ 3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
Mexican oranges	2 75
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50 @ 7 00
California oranges, seedlings	2 25
California navels	2 75
VEGETABLES.	
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25
Beets, bus	50
Carrots, per bus	50
Cabbage, per cwt	90 @ 1 00
Turnips, bus	40
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
Lettuce	1 25 @ 1 50
Green onions, per doz	60 @ 75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	2 00
Cauliflower, crate	2 75
Mint, per doz	30
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65 @ 75
Potatoes	50
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00
Red cabbage	75
Squash	1 50
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	2 75
Fruit juice	4 00
Duffy cider	3 25
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, per lb	6
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Geese	14
Hens	14
Turkeys	18 @ 19
Ducks	15
Spring chickens	15
MEATS.	
Mutton	7
Lamb	9 @ 10½
Veal, good	8½@9 2½
Dressed beef	6 @ 8
Hogs	9
Pork loins	11
Pure lard	10½
Compound lard	7½

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Butter, firm, creameries, 18@23c; dairies, 14@24c. Eggs, easier, at mark, cases included, 15@15c. Cheese, steady; twins, 12½@13c; daisies, 13@13c; young Americas, 13@13c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 23.—Close: Wheat—Spot, 2 red western winter, red, steady, 6s 1½d; 1 northern spring, quiet, 6s 9d; 1 California, quiet, 6s 11d; futures, steady; March, 6s 3½d; May, 6s 2¾d; July, 6s 1½d. Corn—Spot, American mixed, new, steady, 4s 6¼d; American mixed, old, no stocks; futures, steady; March, 4s 6d; May, 4s 6d; July, 4s 3¾d. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 122,500 quarters from Atlantic ports, none from Pacific and 48,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 46,000 quarters.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that receipts of horses were large with a large attendance of buyers, both from local quarters and from out of town. Wholesale trade being the largest item of the transaction made. Values:

Drafters, extra	$170@200
Drafters, choice	140@170
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	120@145
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	90@120

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Cattle receipts, 25,000, market steady; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.75; poor to medium, $3.25@4.60; stockers and feeders, $2.35@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.10@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $2.00@4.25; calves, $3.50@8.65; Texas fed steers, $5.50@4.25. Hogs receipts today, 40,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 3501; slow, steady to 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.20@7.25; good to choice heavy, $7.25@7.50; rough heavy, $6.45@7.25; light, $6.55@6.95; bulk of sales, $6.95@7.25. Sheep receipts, 22,000; market steady; good to choice wethers, $5.00@5.75; fair to choice mixed, $4.00@5.00; Western sheep, $4.75@5.75; native lambs, $4.75@7.25; Western lambs, $4.75@7.15. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 386; hogs, 14,203; sheep, 1474. Shipments—Cattle, 776; hogs, 5762.

PLEA IS MADE

By New York Man For a Merchant Marine.

New York, Feb. 23.—Walter J. Ballard of Schenetady has sent the following communication to a local paper concerning trade with South America:

"Until we have lines of American vessels sailing frequently and regularly to all the South American ports of importance, we are not likely to make any better showing than the following, which records our entire sales of domestic merchandise to that continent for the calendar year 1902:

Agricultural implements	$2,704,042
Cattle	54,920
Hogs	391
Horses	2,145
Sheep	8,732
Books, maps, engravings, etc	227,896

INCREASED ORDERS

For Canadian Products Come From the British Empire.

Wave of Prosperity Running High In the Dominion.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 23.—Mr. Fielding, finance minister, last session warned the country that the unexampled prosperity of Canada could hardly be expected to conger without interruption. interests govern themselves accordingly.

Official returns to the close of the last month, however, show the customs and other national sources of revenue to be still growing, without a visible sign of check. For the seven months of the fiscal period ending Jan. 31 the receipts showed an increase over the same period the preceding year of only a fraction under $4,000,000, and the indications for the balance of the fiscal year leave no room to doubt expansion will show no diminution during at least the coming shipping season.

Increased orders for Canadian produce are coming in from all the British markets. The quantities of freight to be transported to the seaboard are overtaxing all the railways and the harbor facilities at Montreal will be insufficient to handle the enormous quantities of grain and other foodstuffs and fruits that will seek that outlet to the sea when navigation opens. Quebec will have to take the surplus and immense quantities of freight must be sent on past Montreal to the port below direct for shipment.

Arrangements are already in progress for putting on a number of additional steamers in addition to last year's fleets of liners between Montreal and Quebec and British ports, and for largely increased cold storage both ashore and afloat. Altogether, the present bids fair to be the banner year for Canada as far as shipments to the Brish markets are concerned.

Canada's government system of railways earned an excess of receipts over expenditures for last fiscal year. It was not a large increase, a trifle over $100,000 net, but in view of continuous yearly deficits it is an achievement Mr. Blair, minister of railways, has reason to he more than satisfied with. The gross earnings of all the Canadian railways showed an increase over the previous year exceeding $10,000,000. Only nineteen passengers were killed out of upwards of 20,000,000 passengers carried.

Imports free of duty brought into Canada from the United States for the six months ending with the last day of the past year almost equalled the dutiable imports from that country for the same period—namely: in round figures $27,000,000, against $32,000,000. From Great Britain under the preferential tariff only $16,000,000 came in, $3,000,000 paying full duty and $8,000,000 free of duty. Canada, on the other hand, duly exported $28,000,000 in value to the United States, against over $70,000,000 worth to Great Britain.

Commander Spain, chief of the Canadian fishery protection fleet of cruisers, has completed his report to the minister of marine in connection with the proposed Canadian naval brigade. He has been down in Newfoundland investigating the working of the royal naval reserve scheme in the ancient codfish colony, which has proved such a success.

The British naval authorities are more than satisfied with the manner in which the Newfoundlanders have responded to the invitation to join the reserve and with the work of the men who have volunteered for service in the navy. The colony will hereafter be one of the best important recruiting grounds. The reserve scheme put in operation by the British naval authorities in Newfoundland will, it is understood, serve as a basis for the Canadian scheme that will be recommended to the cabinet by the minister of marine and fisheries.

To remove racial differences in the separate school board, as claimed, it was recently agreed to abolish the separate French and English speaking committees and unite the two committees. It now appears this step was taken without the concurrence of the clergy, and a movement has been set on foot among the Irish supporters of the separate schools to restore the French and English speaking committees.

Father Whalen, the leading spirit in the movement, declares the union of committees will lead to dangerous consequences and end in placing the Roman Catholics here in a position similar to that in which its co-religionists find themselves in educational matters in the province of Manitoba.

The English separate school teachers are of a higher grade than those of the French section and receive correspondingly higher sdlaries, but under the union scheme the funds will be pooled and all teachers, French and English alike, placed on a footing of equality.

Father Whalen declares the union was rushed through without the leading supporters of the English schools being afforded an opportunity to making themselves heard on the fusion. The separate schools have been so managed that a deficit of $22,500 is reported, and the management has been loose, unbusiness like and unatisfactory. The public school board, on the other hand is excellently well managed, and the education received by the Protestant children is far in advance of that given the Roman Catholics, a fact which every one deplores.

LIGHT AND TRACTION

In New York Controlled By Standard Oil Company.

New York, Feb. 23.—It is learned on excellent authority that important progress has recently been made in the evolution of plans which the Standard Oil interests have long been credited with having formed for controlling the transportation and lighting business in this city. These interests have for years controlled the Consolidated Gas company, which, since its purchase of the New Amsterdam Gas company, Standard Gaslight company, and New York Gas and Electric Light, Heat, and Power company in 1900, has had a monopoly of the gas and electric lighting business of this borough.

The Brooklyn Union Gas company, which furnishes all the gas used in Brooklyn, is now dominated by Standard Oil interests. It is understood that this corporation is, within the immediate future, to take over the Kings County Electric Light and Power company, which is the consolidation of all the electric light companies of Brooklyn, and which is controlled by Anthony N. Brady, director of the Consolidated Gas company, and his friends. This transaction would make the Brooklyn Union Gas company supreme in the field.

In addition to the practical unification, under Standard Oil control, of the gas and electric interests of the two boroughs, there is also a good reason, it is declared, for believing that the Rockefeller interests are now to all intents and purposes masters of the street railway business of the borough of Manhattan.

Since the formation of the Metropolitan Securities company last spring the direction of the surface railway system of the Metropolitan Street Railway company has lain principally with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., whose relations with the Standard Oil party, as well as with the Pennsylvania railroad company, are close.

The recent transfer of the Manhattan railway company control to the interborough Rapid Transit company, it is understood on good authority, was financed with the direct cooperation of the Standard Oil group, who, it is said, furnished the money necessary to purchase the control of the elevated system from President G. J. Gould and his associates. It is now believed thye are the dominant interests in the combined subway and elevated traction system of the boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx as well as of the surface system.

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Woods's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

CHANCE FOR HONEST MAN.

"There is a fortune waiting for some shrewd but honest man," said a Washington bachelor the other day, according to the Washington Post. "I believe the makers of underclothing are in collusion with some of the matrimonial agencies. No matter what price I pay for my underclothing, the buttons are always coming off, and as I send all my washable clothes to a laundry—carelessness, I'll admit—they are never sewed on, and I have to resort to pins. All this is a gentle reminder that a fellow needs a wife, but I absolutely refuse to take the hint.

"Where is the fortune, you ask? Why, suppose, for the sake of argument, that some really honest man should go into the business of manufacturing underclothes, and make a specialty of having the buttons securely sewed on, he would reap a harvest compared with which the profits from a new brand of soap or a fake patent medicine would look like 30 cents. He could advertise his wares as the 'Bachelor's Underclothing.' He could have some catchy legend as this, 'Our Buttons Never Come Off.'

"Let me tell you, if such a thing ever is done, you will find a gang of men down at the store where the garments are sold which will make a woman's bargain counter rush seem tame as a French duel."

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

BREAKING THE BANK.

Grim Humor of Assault on Monte Carlo.

Monte eCarlo is a huge joke. Perhaps the fun is somewhat grim, but it is there, nevertheless. The very history of the place leads up by an inevitable series of humorous steps eto present culminating point of irony, says the New York Times. From the time when the genial Grimaldi first bought Monaco from Genoa o the principality has been consistent in all its ways. Grimaldi (who had cutely perceived the strategical advantage of the isolated cape and bay) levied blackmail on every vessel which passed. He figured, in fact, as the traditional bucaneer of story book and comic opera, residing in splendid safety upon his estate, and preying, by means of a flotilla of swift boats, on the wealthy coasting traders of the Mediterranean. The promintory plateau which formed his headquarters was locally known as the Speluges. The name is blunt and to the point. It means "The Plain of the Robbers." The fourteenth century sufferers who dubbed it thus probably little guessed that they were prophets. Yet such was the case. Upon this very "Plain of the Robbers" the Casino now stands in all its impregnable glory. The robbing goes on as mercilly today as it did in the first Charles Grimaldi's reign.

But the depredations of the bold, bad Charles were wholly eclipsed by those of the bolder and badder Francois Blanc. This individual first came upon the scene in 1850, having been politely but firmly invited to quit Homburg. To Blanc must unquestionably be accredited the upholding of Monaco's reputation and the development of the ill-favored rock into its present appearance of a hothouse without a glass roof. He was, indeed, the ogre of humorists, and, although he has been dead for years, his jest still succeeds in sending the echoes of its mirth in the shape of stock quotations for Casino shares) to every bourse in Europe, and even to the exchanges of America.

The atmosphere of Monaco has a peculiarly pious flavor, which adds to its comedy from the spectator's point of view. The name itself is from the Latin monachus, a monk, and two monks loom large in the state's coat-of-arms. Within the Prince's palace one of the first things which meets the tourist's eye is an inscroption on one of the walls. It reads: "The man who pretends to know God and does not keep His commandments is a liar!" Even the game from which Monaco draws its lifeblood has a remote connection with piety, for the roulette wheel—that triumph of mathematical ingenuity—was invented by Pascal during a six months' retreat to the peace of a monastery.

M. Blanc, it appears, did not forget the debt he thus owed to religion. When he first came to Monte Carlo there existed only one poor church. Today there are dozens of churches and crowning glory a cathedral whose magnificance throws into the shade every other ecclesiastical edifice for miles around. The principality, moreover, is famous for its charitable organizations. Some of these were founded by Mme. Blanc, who was the idol of the poor and the benefactress of the clergy. Others owe existence directly to the Casino company, whose purse is always open for the fostering of good works.

The great Blanc's check was immense. Conceive the diplomacy of a man who could organize an establishment for the sole object of gambling, and then calmly label it "The Sea Bathing and Strangers' Club company" (Societe Anonyme des Bains de Mer et Cercle des Etrangers). Is it not colossal? Picture the gorgeous nerve of a financier who could set himself up as a target for the ingenuity of every swindler in Europe, and serenely emerge with a profit of just a million pounds a year. Were Blanc alive now the tiny Carnegies and Pierpont Morgans would indeed have to "sing small." These shopkeepers gave something in return for their money. Francois Blanc scorned such old-fashioned methods. His customers got nothing. They immortalized this fact by a proverb still current in the principality: "Rouge perd et noir perd; c'est Blanc qui gagne toujours."

"Every man has his price," was the motto of this mathematical Napoleon. The one item that he never stinted was bribery. Hundreds of people were made rich by being paid to hold their tongues. Half the newspapers of France received subsidies for this odd form of negative advertising. Humor, of course, filtered into the question, and smart people published journals in Nice and elsewhere which existed solely on the "press subventions" falling like a cataract of crumbs from the rich Blanc's table. One unscrupulous geinus erected a huge boarding close to the Nice railway station and covered it with gory posters representing Monte Carlo suicides. He then invited the officials of the Casino to his picture gallery's unveiling, with a broad hint that the said ceremony would be abandoned on receipts of a suitable sum of money. He is disappointed to learn, however, that he overstepped himself and became bankrupt before his scheme was consummated.

The most remarkable spectacles of all at this period was M. Blanc's annual banquet to press men. The magnificence of the feast was unparalleled, but its main feature (so far as the diners were concernd) was the thousand-franc note concealed in each serviette. The scribbler who could write enthusiastically of Monte Carlo after so delightful a torn d'oeuvre must have owned a heart of steel.

Yet with all this apparently reckless lavishness of expenditure Blanc knew quite well what he was doing. Besides bringing him in colossal fortune he literally created Monaco. In 1868 there were only two hotels in the place. Now there are fifty. Thirty years ago the land was worth half a franc per square meter. Now its value is over 50 francs. Further, the principality—at one time almost desolate—is now the most thickly populated country on earth. There are 600 inhabitants to the square kilometer. They live in the loveliest, the richest, the best governed, the most peaceful, the cleanest and probably the healthiest port on the Mediterranean. The prosperity of the spot is François Blanc's monument. What can philanthropists say to this amazing object lesson? Is it a sound counsel to "do evil that good may come?" Is it gambling a blessing in disguise?

No. This is where another of M. Blanc's pokes come in. To rob his own people was not in the program. Observe that the name of the Casino means something else for all. It is the "Circle des Etrangers." Outsiders are welcome with open arms. But the door is closed to every citizen of the principality. Hence their happiness. So Monaco is not, strictly speaking, a free country. Prosperity is forced upon the inhabitants. They have no say in the matter. A fond (but by no means foolish) government protects them against themselves.

Yes, there are some disadvantages. You have no religious toleration if you are a Monegasque. Nor may you buy at a single agent's guy journal you want. A press censor and his staff see that your reading be not harmful. No book or paper which says anything against the Casino company is allowed to be put on sale within the principality's confines. By stepping a yard or two across the frontier you can get what you like, it is true. But the Monegasques don't stop. They are satisfied with their condition, and have desire to persue the envious ravings of outsiders.

Even pictorial post cards are inspected by the censor before being exhibited in the windows of the street kiosques. Judging by those he passe his taste is exceedingly catholic. The one thing he cannot stand is any fun poked at his employers. The Casino company has plenty of dry humor of its own. It is playing off its pawky jokelets on the public. But it hates being made fun of itself. Picture post cards which show a view of the Casino with a man hanging himself from a palm tree on one side and another man blowing out his brains on the other do not strike the censor as being really funny. No allusive imaginative sketches of the prince being fed with gold by devils, or cartoons of fat sheep going into one door of the gaming rooms and thin ones issuing from the other. He feels pained by the grossness of those libels; and lest his public be pained, too, he interdicts the post cards and enters their publisher on that roll of honor—the society's blacklist.

There is one publication, and only one, which deals with "systems," and is yet forbidden in Monaco. It is the unique journal Rouge et Noir. This strange sheet, issued weekly at Nice at the price of 25 centimes, exists solely for gamblers. It is full of subtle analyses of the "Organe de Defense des Jouers de Roulette et de Trente-et-Quarante." Its eight excellently printed pages are devoted to articles on mathematical "systems" (some of them wonderfully ingenious) and a list of the permanences" (winning numbers at roulette) for the preceding week. So far excellent. Why should such a useful compendium of knowledge be suppressed. Turn to page 7 of each week's issue, and the blot on the otherwise innocent pages will at once be apparent. Within a black border is a small notice in italics, stating that for each gaming table in the Casino there is correspondingly one suicide per week, and that the average number of suicides per annum is 400. Beneath this piece of information there is a sentence quoted from M. Blanc's original instructions to his employes. "L'Administration du Casino," writes the diplomatist, "doit prendre toutes les precautions imaginables, et faire tous les sacrifices possibles, pour que les suicides soinet ignores du public."

No need to seek further for the cause of the press censor's dislike of Rouge et Noir. But observe how inevitably humor dogs the steps of Monte Carlo and its people. Here is a paper published for the "defense of players," and even printing warnings of the consequences of play. Yet Saturday after Saturday it encourages innocent folk to attempt some new system—each one more complex and impossible than the last. What exquisite consistence! If the editor really believes in his own articles, why on earth does he not follow their advice and make a fortune? Surely, producing an eight-page rag like the Rouge et Noir is poor work for so great a brain as his!

As for the "400 suicides per annum," they are, it is to be hoped, greatly overestimated. Occasional suicides occur, it is true, the high-walled little suicides' cemetery testifies to this fact. But that there is one for every day is incredible. This cemetery seems little used nowadays. At one time it was full of tiny boards with numbers, each making a grave. Wreaths lay here and there. None had names upon them, and when visiting cards were attached they were always torn in half. Of late years it is said that suicides' corpses have been interred in the gardens, certainly a preferable tomb to the unkempt inclosure of weeds and shriveled grass lying full in the sun's glare on the hillide above Monaco town.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

THE WOLF'S TRACK.

By Edgar Watson Cooley.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The warm stars looked down upon a murmuring brook on the Arizona plains; a campfire lifted quivering fingers in the gloom. And by its light Tom Crawford, his face agleam with enthusiasm, his voice tremulous with the joy of success, was exhibiting to Robert Worthington the plans and drawings of his motor—the marvelous motor to which he had devoted ten years of his life.

And Worthington, grasping the tremendous value of his friend's invention, felt his temples burn with the birth of an awful, a damnable thought!

By Crawford's side Worthington rode across the far-stretching Arizona sands. The hot sun blazed above him; that scarlet thought blistering his soul; his little, beadlike eyes glittering with a deadly covetousness. And then—Crawford's horse stepped into the burrow of a prairie dog, and the animal fell.

Worthington heard the sound of breaking bones and a man's groans of pain. He felt a smile creep across his cruel lips as he calmly drew his gun and sent a bullet through the fallen animal's brain. He felt a thrill of malignant joy leap into his heart as he dragged the lifeless carcass still further upon the crushed and broken body of his comrade. He felt his lips curl in a sinister sneer at Crawford's words of vain entreaty, and he smiled contemptuously at the look of horror in his eyes. He felt his fingers tingle as he shoved them into his comrade's pocket and drew forth the plans and drawings he coveted. He felt the hot wind kiss his temples as he mounted his horse and turned for one last look at the man who had been his friend for so many years. He saw the large, reproachful eyes, whose glimmer pierced him like a knife, and heard the hissing of the voice that cried through jaws tight set:

"You wolf!"

As Worthington walked through the dust and tumult of the shops, the workmen bowed as he approached, and when he had passed, cursed him with the hatred in their eyes.

Presently he came to the motor that turned the thousand wheels, and, leaning over the railing of polished brass that surrounded it, laid his hand affectionately upon the steel casing—and shuddered.

At once a marvel and a puzzle to the scientific world was this motor; the secret of its wonderful power baffled all solution. The principle upon which it was constructed was locked in Worthington's brain. Zealously he guarded it, for it paid him well.

In his private office he found a bundle of mail awaiting tim. One by one he opened and read the letters; but when he reached the last, he stared at the envelope—stared and trembled.

He had had an idea from whom it was, yet as he held it in his hand he shivered; then he laughed—a low, tremulous laugh. Nervously he opened the envelope and removed the single sheet of paper it contained.

Upon this sheet five words were scribbled in pencil: "On track of the wolf." That was all.

Worthington's fingers closed convulsively upon the paper, crushing it in their grasp. The envelope dropped from the desk into his lap and slid off upon the floor. His face flashed red, then deathly pale, and he glanced apprehensively around the room.

He was alone. From the apartment adjoining came the click of a typewriter and the monotonous scratching of pens. A clock ticked somewhere.

And above the constant drumming of the pulleys in the shops he heard a deeper sound—thuddity-thud, thuddity-thud. It was the motor throbbing, like the pulsating of a giant's heart. It made him cringe; it made his finger tips grow cold and his temple burn.

With breadpd perspiration oozing from his forehead, he shoved the letter into his pocket and dashed from the room. Aimlessly he followed the cinder path that led from the office to the street.

The sun was shining; the sky was blue. He pushed back his hat to let the breeze fan his brow.

When he reached the fence he paused. Here he could not hear the beating of the factory's heart, the quiver of the factory's nerves.

He glanced up the street to a mansion that stood on the top of a hill. Its windows glistened in the sunlight; its towers held up burnished fingers toward the sky.

Impatiently he took the paper from his pocket, scrutinizing every letter, every mark. And when he raised his eyes he saw the writing in the air, on the fences, in the trees:

"On track of the wolf!"

Again he glanced at the mansion upon the hill. A woman walked lightly down the broad steps of the veranda. He saw the cress of her lawn to an arbor, whose walls gleamed red with roses; he saw the mellow sunlight glimmer amid the gold of her hair.

"My wife," he gasped. "She must not know!"

He tore the letter into tiny bits and tossed the fragments in the air. He watched them poise an instant above his head and then, caught by the playful breeze, flutter and dance and tumble into the grass and along the road.

And he laughed boisterously and snapped his fingers at the air.

"A damn for him!" he cried.

Worthington sat on his broad veranda. A newspaper lay, unopened, in his lap; his chin rested in his hand and his eyes were riveted upon a lone elm that stood in bold relief against the sunset sky.

The brilliant colors faded out of the West, and a mantle of misty gray fell softly over the earth. And after the gray came the black, and Worthington sat rigid, motionless, in the gloom.

The silence deepened; the stars gleamed. Then the dampness crept into the man's joints, and he shivered and saw, with a start, that it was night and that he was alone—in the darkness!

He arose and laughed—a mirthless laugh.

"Oh, pshaw!" he said. "He's dead; he must be dead. A damn for—"

A stealthy step in the grass caught his ear. He grasped a post with a trembling hand and leaned far over the railing, peering into the darkness, with wild staring eyes.

A cat, loping across the lawn, paused where the light from the window fell upon the grass in a broad, silver band. For a moment it turned its head and looked at the man; then, hearing a cricket in the grass, it crouched and went forward slowly, quietly, remorselessly—creeping and creeping.

The man filled his lungs with a sudden, loud intaking of breath and drew his hand across his forehead, wet with ice cold sweat. Then he entered the house, closed and locked the door and pulled down the blinds. From a drawer in a cabinet he took a revolver, which he examined carefully, testing the trigger and the cylinder. This he placed in his pocket and sat down in the light's bright glow, shading his eyes with his hand.

"If he should be alive!" he whispered; "if he should!"

A storm was forming in the West. The sky was inky black; lightning flashed incessantly, far off. The breeze freshened. Like a child at play it gathered leaves and dried grass and bits of paper and tossed them high in the air.

Madly, insanely, it rushed about and finally blew open the door of an office where Worthington sat at his desk.

He hurriedly arose to close the door, but a blinding flash of lightning and a heavy peal of thunder drove the color from his face. Instantly the throb of the motor and the whir of machinery ceased.

He hurried into the shops. The motor had stopped; not a wheel or lever could be moved. He examined the mechanism carefully, but he could not discover the trouble.

So he sent the workmen to their homes, and when he was positive that he was alone he touched a hidden spring and a small door on the upper side of the casing flew open. He dropped upon his knees and peered into the opening; then he stared in amazement.

A secret wheel the vital portion of the mechanism—was missing! Some one had opened the hidden door and removed it.

"Who could have done this?" he gasped.

"No one but I knew; no living man—God! has he—"

He glanced uneasily around the deserted shop. Already the twilight had faded and it was raridly growing dark. Grim figures seemed stalking through the glooms, as he reeled to the door, pushed it open and staggered out.

At intervals sheets of lightning threw a brilliant glow upon the earth as he hastened homeward.

When he turned in at the gate, a flash more vivid than common, illumined the sky for an instant, and he saw his shadow stretched upon the bricks before him. In horror he drew back, for the shadow had taken the form of a wolf. Plainly he saw the gaunt head with its pointed ears; the open jaws, with the fangs protruding; the long, slim body, and drooping tail. Then it vanished, and he hastened forward, stumbling, groping in the darkness.

All a-tremble, he dashed through the hall into the library. And there he paused suddenly.

His wife was standing in the middle of the room.

LINE UP FOR GAME

Indoor Baseball League Arranges For Copper Country Games.

The Teams as They Will Play Friday and Saturday.

At the meeting of the board of the interstate league in the Armory yesterday final arrangements for the two games of indoor baseball which are to be played here Friday and Saturday evenings with the crack Houghton team which defeated the Duluth and Superior men on the trip which they made into the copper country, were made.

Murphy, the fast pitcher who was the principal cause of the defeat of the local men, will be in the game. His main hold, according to the local men, was the small size of the Houghton diamond which made it possible for him to throw a very fast ball. Here he will play on the large regulation diamond which the Duluth men are accustomed to and the advantage these two games.

A great deal of expense will accrue from the trip and it will be necessary to slightly raise the admission price to these two games.

The teams will line up this way:

Houghton—	Duluth.
Murphy	catcher. Dash or Bennet Cummings
Murphy	pitcher. Schlipper, or Hurlbert
F. Funkey	first. Carroll
Braud	second. Whiteside
Currie	third. Rondeau
Hoons	left short. Geiselman or King
C. Murphy	left field. Kelley, Harris
C. Funkey	right field. Irwin

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parker theater, 8:30 tonight.

To have your clothes made up with style and character see J. Frank Burrows, 9 Third avenue west.

Twenty per cent sale continued for five days more. Open every night. Geo. H. Brenton, high class tailoring; high class fabrics.

Timber deeds transferring standing pine in section 4-50-19 from the Tabor Lumber company and T. Lyon to A. B. Cortes, were filed Saturday, with the register of deeds of St. Louis county. The total consideration was $5,520. Another transfer recorded Saturday was the deed for lands in 17-53-14, from Michael Eirchen to Henry Eirchen, the consideration being $4,000.

A stipulation for a further extension of the stay of proceedings for eight days after the disposition of the motion for judgment and a new trial, in the case of Julius Quade against the Minnesota and North Wisconsin Railroad company, was filed in district court this morning.

Parlor theater, Vaudeville this evening.

The evening Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club will meet Wednesday evening at Temple recital hall and C. G. Harris will speak on "Macbeth."

The concert to be given at the Armory tomorrow evening for the benefit of St. James Orphanage promises to be a great success musically and from the standpoint of attendance. Flaaten's orchestra will play, Mrs. James McAuliffe, Mrs. Leo Ball, Franz Schultz and others will sing and Bishop McGolrick will speak.

The Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, hold their second dancing party at Elks' Hall Tuesday evening Feb. 24.

The 3-hauten concert yesterday afternoon drew a fine audience and was one of the most enjoyable of the series. Master Leslie Bassett sang and displayed a soprano voice of very pleasing quality. He was assisted by some of the choir boys of St. Paul's church. Charles Hilmar gave a cornet solo and received several encores. He plays with a remarkably sweet tone. The orchestra numbers were well selected and finely rendered.

The remains of William A. Shaw, who died at Bovil, Minn., were taken to Minneapolis for burial Saturday. The deceased was 78 years of age and was well known in this city. He leaves several children, Mrs. A. L. Preston, of this city, Mrs. Lemont, of Virginia; Dr. Shaw, of Ilvil, and J. L. Shaw, of Minneapolis.

The various railroad offices were closed today in honor of Washington's birthday. The custom house closed at noon and the other offices in the federal building, with the exception of the marine inspector's, did not open their doors. There will be but one delivery of mail and the postoffice will be closed during the afternoon. The different schools will all be in session throughout the day.

Word has been received at the local custom house from Washington, authorizing the sale of the confiscated seal skin coat, and date for the sale of the notorious sacque will be sent by the local officials as soon as the former owner has been notified.

The Phi Sigma Nu fraternity house at Woodland burned last evening. This organization is one of the high school Greek letter societies. The young men were in it during the afternoon and shortly after their departure it burned. The loss was not heavy.

PURELY PERSONAL

Miss S. McFadden, formerly in the suit and cloak department of Fridmuth's, has gone to Brainerd, where she will engage in business.

Fred K. Rasmusen left for New York on the Omaha last evening.

Frank E. Parker and Hugo Kreamer sailed from New York last week for a trip to the Orient.

The following were the guests of the Commercial club yesterday and today: O. E. Olson, John Openlund, Fosston; D. O. Thing, R. A. Shearer, C. B. McCall, Howard Moore, R. H. Kreiger and F. M. Barnard, Minneapolis; C. B. Moore, Syracuse, N. Y.; Thomas Hughes, Bemidji; E. E. Torney and Fred Rising, Scanlon; Bert Hunt, Buffalo; E. F. Bradt, Hibbing; J. G. Werner, C. L. Brundage, Chicago; W. C. Black, Roy Glover, New York; E. E. Frank, Milwaukee; William J. Belet, St. Paul; C. D. Hilton, Fergus Falls.

E. D. Hilliard left last evening for Chippewa Falls, Wis., to attend the funeral of Mrs. P. McDonnell.

Representative J. D. Budd, of Two Harbors, passed through the city yesterday on his way home to St. Paul.

Miss Mehring left yesterday for the East.

Mrs. G. W. Thompson, of 627 East Third street, today received word of the death of her brother, John Moran, of Escanaba, Mich., and left to attend the funeral.

POISONED SIX PEOPLE.

Indiana Youth Gave Drugged Apples to Victims.

Columbus, Ind., Feb. 23.—Meade Barr, 19 years old, of Elizabethtown, is in jail here on the charge of poisoning six people, all of Elizabethtown. Barr was employed in a warehouse and according to the authorities took a number of apples and poured in a poisonous drug and gave the apples to the people, who became seriously ill.

Barr had a trial here today. The motive for his deed is not known.

CASTRO IS RESTIVE

Anxious For Return of His Ships From the Allies.

He Considers the Delay a Breach of Trust.

Washington, Feb. 23.—Advices were received at the state department today from Mr. Russell, the United States charge at Caracas, to the effect that none of the Venezuelan vessels captured by the blockading fleet had been returned as yet, and that there was considerable confusion in the public mind as to the reading of the protocols on this point. In the absence of the texts of the agreements, which have not arrived, President Castro does not know whether he should send his crews to Trinidad, where the ships are being held, or whether he should insist upon their return to Venezuelan waters.

Minister Bowen has received several cablegrams from President Castro regarding the action of the allies in retaining the ships, and is evidently growing restive at what he considers a breach of trust. The allies' representatives here, however, take the position that the ships will be returned as soon as the "necessary formalities" have been enacted. The British ambassador has seen Secretary Hay regarding the matter and assured him that the London government was doing everything possible to expedite the return of the ships, and that the foreign office was having the co-operation of the admiralty in this effort.

Dispatches from Trinidad and Caracas fail to note any steps toward the end on the part of the allies' fleets, and it is feared that possibly some misunderstanding of the provisions of protocol may exist in the minds of the fleet commander and that this is causing the delay.

After a lengthy conference with high officials of the Washington government this morning Mr. Bowen announced that he would call on the Italian and British ambassadors and the German minister tomorrow and inform them he was ready to proceed with the drafting of the protocols, providing for the procedure to be followed in referring the preferential question to The Hague. Mr. Bowen desires to finish his work here as promptly as possible and cannot afford to await the pleasure of the other chimant nations for the signing of their protocols. He will submit a convention to the allies' representatives here and as soon as it is signed, he will make his plans to return to Caracas. If the other creditor nations wish to arrange for the settlement of their claims they will have to show more anxiety than they have in the past few weeks.

Regarding the request of Germany that Venezuela pay to her the £5000 before March 15, which was the limit of time agreed upon in the protocol, it was said today that the question was taken up in the friendliest spirit with Mr. Bowen by the German minister her and that it was not made in the nature of a demand. German citizens in Venezuela have appealed to the Berlin government for a prompt settlement of their claims, and it was in their behalf the request was made. Mr. Bowen informed the German minister when the request was conveyed to him that having signed the peace protocol she was no longer concerned with the matter, and that if Germany wished the money the appeal must be made through her representative at Caracas. This will be done when the German minister arrives here.

NOTICE.

All members of the Carpenters' Union No. 361 will meet in Kalamazoo hall at 8 o'clock on Wednesday morning to attend the funeral of our late brother, Fred Bennett. Service will be held at his late residence, 5610 Raleigh street and the union will attend as a body.

EDWARD LOWE, President.
W. H. APPLEBY, Secretary.

WANTS NO BONUS.

Texas Philanthropist Has Designs on Duluth.

A diathetic institute, free of cost, is offered Duluth by a wild and wooly Texas philanthropic person.

Mayor Hugo has decided to turn the offer over to the Commercial club, which is a sort of clearing house for important affairs of state.

Hon. A. G. Lee, of Denton, Texas, writing the mayor on singular appearing stationary, makes the munificent offer in the following letter:

"Dear Sir: If you will organize a local club in Duluth, named after the International Political Specialists' school and the world's Diathetic institute, the two world philanthropic institutions to be erected and supported by an association of philanthropists from different parts of the world, I will present the club with a handsome building for its home on its third anniversary. I will agree to buy the most suitable lot for the purpose that I can get in Duluth, and will erect thereon as pretty a club building, of medium size, as there is in any town or city in the world, and have it ready to deliver to the people of Duluth on the day that the club becomes three years old.

"Anybody can afford to join the club, for the institutions it would represent will be for everything that is elevating, noble, grand and good and against everything that is degrading, ignoble, grovelling and bad."

For Elevator Conductor.

An examination for the position of elevator conductor in the custodian service at this city will be held in the federal building under the supervision of the civil service commission of the United States. The examination will embrace three subjects, each of twenty credits. These are age, physical condition and experience. All applicants must have had at least six months' experience in running elevators. The age limit is over 20 years. All applications for the proper blanks, form 1052, should be made at once to the United States civil service commission at Washington, D. C. The forms must be properly executed and filed with the commission at Washington by March 31.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Belgrave, Hamburg. La Champagne, Havre. The steamship St. Paul was reported off Nantucket at 7:15 a. m. today.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

BUILDING BILL

Passed By Senate Gives $300,000 For Superior's Building.

Additional Grant of $2000 For Crookston Provided For.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The omnibus public building bill, passed by the senate today, gives Crookston, Minn., $2000 additional for its new public building. The bill also provides an appropriation of $300,000 for Superior, Wis., an increase of $75,000.

By the bill the amounts of the various buildings are incerased to the following:

Fresno, Cal., $150,000; San Francisco, $1,500,000; Chicago, $1,750,000; Council Bluffs, Iowa, $253,800; Battle Creek, Mich., $110,000; Centerville, Iowa, $40,000; Janesville, Wis., $81,000; Superior, Wis., $300,000; Wausau, Wis., $57,000; Fond du Lac, Wis., $65,000; municipal building, Washington, D. C., $2,000,000.

The following new buildings are authorized to cost the amounts given: Traverse City, Mich., $40,000; Tacoma, Wash., $400,000; Spokane Falls, Wash., $400,000; Pierre, S. D., $170,000; Yankton, S. D., $80,000.

Increase of limits of costs of sites: Albert Lea, Minn., $6000; Crookston, Minn., $6000.

Additional improvements for the bureau of engraving and printing, Washington, $215,000.

Washington, Feb. 23.—In the senate today the chaplain referred to the life and character of George Washington, saying that not only in ideal, but in personal character, he embodied the elements of truth and greatness which have been wrought in our national history. The galleries were crowded, many of the occupants being visiting Daughters of the American Revolution, who listened attentively to the reading by Mr. Dubois (Ida.) of Washington's farewell address.

During the reading of the address, Reed Smoot, senator-elect from Utah, entered the chamber and took a seat beside Mr. Kerns.

The Rawlins resolution calling on the secretary of war for information concerning court-martial cases in the Philippines was favorably reported by Mr. Lodge, and adopted with an amendment limiting the reply to summaries of the records and testimony. Another amendment which was adopted excludes the case of Maj. L. W. T. Waller.

Mr. Proctor reported the agricultural appropriation bill and gave notice that he would call it up at the first chance.

Mr. Kerns (Utah) presented the credentials of Senator-elect Smoot of Utah, which were read. Mr. Smoot was sitting in the rear of the chamber when the document was read.

Mr. Burrows (Mich.) stated that a protest had been filed with his committee against Mr. Smoot's admission. The credentials and protest were filed.

Mr. Quay sought to secure a vote on the statehood bill on Thursday, Feb. 26. Mr. Kean objected, remarking that he hoped he would be permitted to conclude his remarks, begun several days since.

A house resolution was agreed to providing for the erection in Washington, D. C., of bronze equestrian statues of Count Pulaski and Baron Steuben of the Continental army, and appropriating $50,000 for each.

Mr. Mason called up the postoffice appropriation bill. Its formal reading was dispensed with, and the bill was read for amendment. The statehood amendment was passed over for the time being. Mr. Mason yielded to Mr. Fulchanks, who presented an omnibus public building bill.

A committee amendment was agreed to, increasing the limit of cost of the United States court house at Fargo, N. D., to $90,000. Consideration of the post office appropriation was then resumed.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 22.—In the house today a bill was passed to exempt from taxation the property of the Daughters of the Revolution in the District of Columbia.

The bill to amend the railroad safety appliance act was sent to conference and Mr. Underwood (Ala.) moved to instruct the conferees to recede from that portion of the house amendment which seeks to give the interstate commerce commission the power to reduce below fifty per cent, the number of cars to be handled by safety appliance brakes.

Mr. Underwood declared that all the railroad trainmen in the country were opposed to lodging this power with the interstate commerce commission.

Mr. Wanger (Pa.), opposed the motion contending that the interests of railway employes would be subserved by the house amendment.

Mr. Babcock (Wis.), supported Mr. Underwood's motion.

Mr. Ryan (N. Y.) also favored the motion. It was opposed by Messrs Richardson (Ala.); Hepburn (Iowa), and Mann. (Ill).

The motion to instruct was carried, 111 to 82. Messrs. Wanger (Pa.), Sherman, (N. Y.) and Adamson (Ga.), were appointed conferees.

The house then went into committee of the whole and entered upon the consideration of the general deficiency appropriation bill.

PINS AND BALLS.

Bowlers' Congress Fixes the Weight of Each.

Indianapolis, Feb. 23.—At the first session of the bowling congress held today a recommendation was adopted permitting the use of balls weighing 16½ points. This means a load of about a pound and a quarter. The vote was almost unanimous.

The recommendation that the minimum weight of pins shall be three pounds and two ounces was also adopted without opposition. President Bookwalter presided at the meeting in the Denison house parlors. The mayor delivered an address, welcoming the bowlers to this city. The congress, after considering some routine business, took up the task of selecting the next tournament city.

Cleveland was selected. The vote was: Cleveland, 91; Milwaukee, 85; Louisville, 49.

THE SULTAN AGREES.

Constantinople, Feb. 23.—Tewfik Pasha, the minister of foreign affairs, notified thes Austro-Hungarian and Russian ambassadors today that the sultan had agreed to adopt the scheme for reforms in Macedonia.

A GIGANTIC MERGER

Of Beef Firms Will Be Announced By April First.

May Eventually Control Meat Trade Of the World.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—The Post today says: Plans practically are completed for the merging of the interests of the firms that comprise the beef trust. Unless something unforeseen arises, April 1 will see the official announcement of the incorporation of a securities holding company, which eventually may control the meat trade of the world.

Unlike the popular idea of the packers' merger, however, for the time being, it is not to embrace everything in sight, nor is it to be capitalized at $500,000,000, as announced for the United States Packing company. Further, the plans contemplate no friction with the federal courts because of the recent decision by Judge Grosscup against the packing house combination. The nucleus of the great combination of world-wide interests is to be the merger of the smaller independent plants bought last year by the big packers preparatory to the general merger planned at that time. The securities to be held by the new corporation are those of the G. H. Hammond Packing company, the Omaha Packing company, the Anglo-American-Flower companies, the St. Louis Beef company and the United Dressed Beef company and possibly several of the outside stockyards now controlled by the Chicago interests.

Chicago will be headquarters of the combination, but as far as the public is concerned there will be no immediate change in the operation of the individual plants under the new regime. It is planned to lead the new securities company with present officials of the individual companies, instead of the big packers themselves, or those immediately associated with them in the "big six" companies.

The slate of officials for the securities company has been prepared. It is said to contain the names of J. O. Malvin and J. P. Lyman, of the Hammond company; Frederick Cowan, of the Anglo-American, and E. F. Robbins, of the Omaha Packing company.

Probably the last named will be chairman of the board of directors. It is not known definitely what will be the capital of the securities company, but it is thought the figure will be in excess of the purchase price of the companies to be combined, probably something like $50,000,000.

TRIBUTES TO TAYLOR

Rear Admiral Endorsed By President and Secretary Moody.

Indianapolis, Feb. 23.—At the presentation of the sword to Rear Admiral Taylor by the state of Indiana today, Governor Durbin received the following from the president:

"White House, Washington, Feb. 20, 1903. My Dear Governor: I am so pleased to learn that you are to present a sword to Admiral Taylor. He is one of the most efficient officers in the entire navy. His work in the war colleges was one of the chief instrumentalities in securing the preparedness of the navy which made it so effective in the Spanish war and he is doing invaluable work at the present moment as chief of the bureau of navigation, that is, practically as chief of staff.

"Faithfully yours,
"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Governor Durbin received the following telegram from Secretary of the Navy Moody:

"Washington, Feb. 23.—His Excellency, W. T. Durbin, Governor of Indiana, Indianapolis, Indiana: Permit me to express the gratification of the navy and may own as well that the state of Indiana has conferred so signal an honor upon Admiral Taylor. The high reputation he has won in war in the command of the ship which bears the name of your state, he sacks than maintains in peace. As chief of the personnel and principal advisor of the secretary upon military questions, upon him rests largely the responsibility for the efficiency of the navy for the national defense, and I welcome this occasion to bear testimony to the fidelity with which he discharges this trust.

"WILLIAM H. MOODY."

FOUR PER CENT TAX

For Railroads In Bill Providing Constitutional Amendment.

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Fryberger, of Minneapolis, will this afternoon introduce a bill for a constitutional amendment, increasing the gross earnings tax on railroads to 4 per cent and further providing that such gross earnings tax shall not exempt the railroads paying the same from their obligations to pay local assessments for local improvements.

SHOT IN THE BACK.

Brutal Murder of a South Dakota Rancher.

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—A special to the Dispatch from Pierre, S. D., says: News has just reached here of the murder, by some unknown person, of August Rich, well known on the ranges. He was lured away from his home, seventy-five miles west of here, and his body was found the next morning two miles from here, a bullet hole in the back showing the manner of death.

AN EDITOR STABBED.

Wathena, Kans., Feb. 23.—Paul Grimstead, editor of the Times, was fatally stabbed by a drunken negro named Frank Warner, and excitement is running high at Wathena and at Troy, where the negro has been placed in jail. There is talk of lynching in case Grimsteda dies. Grimstead served nearly a year in jail in 1900 for libel and edited his paper from his cell.

FALSIFIED RECORDS

In Order to Defraud the Life Insurance Companies.

European Police Are Now Searching For the Fugitives.

New York, Feb. 23.—When District Attorney Jerome lays before the grand jury the gigantic plot, recently exposed, whereby life insurance companies have been defrauded of hundreds of thousands of dollars, he will unravel the threads of a scheme which, for boldness of conception and audacity in execution, has few parallels in criminal history, says the Herald.

Indictments against seven of the alleged conspirators will be asked. Of these five are either in custody or under heavy bonds, the other two were arrested and gave bail, but they are now fugitives, and the police of Italy and other countries of Europe, as well as those of the American cities, are looking for them.

It was the essence of the conspiracy to procure insurance policies upon young and vigorous persons, who could readily pass the medical examinations, and then to collect claims by palming off the bodies of others as those of the insured.

In carrying out their plans the conspirators seemingly found little difficulty in obtaining the necessary connivance of physicians and undertakers, who were willing to falsify the certificates of death, and in one case, at least, an undertaker, who is among the prisoners, is said to have succeeded in altering the record at the city morgue.

So far there is no direct evidence that the band added murder to its lesser crimes, but the assistant district attorney, who had charge of the investigation, believes it not unlikely that evidence to that effect may be adduced.

In the case of Sarah Weber, who was in the power of certain members of the band and who was repeatedly used by them as an insurgent "dummy," it is not too much to say that the girl was persecuted and hounded and that her death was hastened by their brutalities.

In this conspiracy nearly all the principals are Italians, and they operated chiefly in the Italian colony on the East Side of Harlem. Up to the present those who were the chief actors in this strange drama of deception and crime are:

Bartolmo Cirino, barber, of Second avenue, who is accused of being leader in the plot, and in whose shop the meetings were held and the fraudulent schemes concocted. He is now a fugitive. Joseph Treapni, an undertaker, who is charged with having produced the dead bodies to be buried under the names of the insurees and with having assisted with the deception by altering the records of the dead. Michel A. Pasca, banker and notary, who is said to have collected many of the insurance claims, and is accused of complicity with Cirino and Trepani in falsifying the proof of his father's death, to whose banking business Michael succeeded. Dr. Albrecht Loewit, physician and notary, and Dr. Francesco Muccia, who are charged with having falsified the death certificates desthed for the board of health and for the insurance companies, thus abetting frauds, and with having received a share of the proceeds thereof. Fabio d'Alcessio, whose wife Maria, the beneficiary named in several of the false policies, fled before the police could arrest her, though her father is now a prisoner.

Frank B. Foster, formerly chief soliciting agent for the Union Central Life Insurance company of Cincinnati, O., has made a complete confession to the district attorney, implicating his confederates, and exposing many of the details of the conspiracy. When the Herald printed on Jan. 15 the fact that Judge Griedman had granted a permit for the disinterment of the body buried in St. Michaels Protestant Episcopal cemetery, Astoria, the public received the first inklings of what has developed since into an exposure of the most audacious system.

The body disinterred, which had been buried as that of Raffalo Trambarulo, was found to be that of a man at least twenty years older than the man who had passed the physical examination. The dead man had been a cripple and a crude effort to disguise the loss of an arm and a foot had been made by stuffing a mitten with straw and by adjusting a shoe over a shoemaker's wooden last in the place where the missing foot should have been.

Dr. Loewit had certified that the death of Trambarulo was due to apoplexy, when the autopsy showed that the man had died of pneumonia and general debility. Trepani was the undertaker who officiated at the burial of Trambarulo, and Marie D'Alcesso was the beneficiary named in several of his life insurance policies. The investigation showed that Trambarulo was insured in no less than ten different companies for amounts aggregating $12,000. Since the exposure many other similar cases have come to light.

PROGRAM BY JUNIORS.

Exercises In Honor of Washington's Birthday.

Washington's birthday exercises were given by the high school junior class at the High School this afternoon. The exercises consisted of several essays, an oration and a unique and interesting tableau representing the thirteen colonies of the American revolution.

Frank Scoble read an essay on Washington. Francis Gale Swift also read an interesting essay. The grand tableau, which consisted of members of the class gowned appropriately to represent the different states, was fine. There was the minute man from Massachusetts, the beautiful Southern girl for Virginia, the Dutch girl for New York, etc.

Both as to costuming and drilling the program was one of the best that has ever been given my high school students.

Susan Thompson read an essay and Albert Evans, a member of the debating team, gave an oration. The Misses Harrington rendered a piano and violin duet.

• • •

The list of '03 honor pupils was to have been given out at the close of school today, but from the fact that the Washington exercises ran somewhat over the usual time of dismissal, they will not be given out until tomorrow.

WINDY IN GERMANY.

Berlin, Feb. 23.—Severe gales swept over Germany Saturday and Sunday, and a series of destructive fires, spread by the wind occurred. In the village of Huertgen near Dueran, ninety-two houses were burned and at Kleinenberg, Rhenish Prussia, forty-four buildings were destroyed. Smaller fires were reported elsewhere with some casualties. At Dolima, across the frontier, in Galicia, upward of a hundred houses were destroyed.

SMART WALKING COSTUME.



New design in light-weight snow-fl ake cloth. Box platt at back of skirt, plaits each side front and at sides, invis ibly held by tapes inside. Coat is combination of Russian blouse and coffee jacket. Velvet collar; this, as also the stoles cuffs and girdle are trimmed with bands of white silk canvas embroidered with black. Black and white cord pendants. Hat of white and black straw, underlined black tulle folds. Trimming of black tulle and white coque plumes.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

New Brunswick, N. J., Feb. 23.—Miles Ross is dead at his home here from Bright's disease. Mr. Ross was one of New Jersey's delegation in every Democratic convention from 1868 to 1892. He was one of the "original Cleveland" men in 1884. He was a member of the Democratic national executive committee in 1876 and for some years thereafter. He was born in 1827.

Batavia, Ohio, Feb. 23.—The funeral of Shadrach Corbin, aged 87, and father of Maj. Gen. Henry M. Corbin, occurred here today. The adjutant general of the army was present and the occasion was attended by many old residents. Shadrach Corbin was born in this county April 4, 1816, of one of the pioneer families, and lived here all his life.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 23.—Zachariah E. Simmons, aged 78, died here last night. He was the original owner of George Wilkes and noted as a breeder of trotting horses. Until recently he owned Wilkes Place Stock Farm. His horses are at present quartered at Ashland. Newberger and Jack Dawson being the only ones in training. When he lived in New York where a Sachem in Tammany Hall. With the Morrisses, who own Morris Park, and W. C. France, deceased, he once owned the controlling stock in the famous Louisiana lottery. He married Miss Bernstein, of New York, who, with her two brothers, W. L. Simmons, of Lexington, and Chester Simmons, of Wisconsin, survive him. He leaves a large estate.

DECIDES FOR DEWEY

In Prize Cases But Against Admiral Sampson.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The United States supreme court today decided the prize money cases brought by Admiral Dewey in behalf of himself, and the officers and men of his fleet on account of the vessels sunk at Manila and afterwards reclaimed, in their favor, but the cases of Admiral Sampson, for whose name that of Admiral Taylor was substituted in his behalf and that of his officers and men on account of the Maria Theresa, sunk at the battle of Santiago were decided adversey to the claimants, he Theresa was sunk after being rescued, whereas the vessels reclaimed at Manila are still in use.

NO PERFECT SPENDTHRIFT.

Yet, economical and extravagant as we are, we have not yet developed the "perfect spendthrift," as he is to be found on the other side of the Atlantic, says Scribner's Magazine. It seems at times as if he must be a product of an older, a more "effete" civiliaztion. The man, either young or old, who runs through a large fortune quickly is a rarity with us. High as our standard of living, and of the ordinary expense of living is, our standard of what might be called profligate extravagance is by no means so high. Of course pretty large sums are wasted in various forms of dissipation, here as elsewhere. But that is not the point. To take the single item of gambling, how often do we hear of a man's being ruined by it here? No doubt we hear stories of tremendous sums lost and won; but such sums do not seem either "to make or to break" anybody. For men whose incomes are reckoned by the hundreds of thousands or millions to play hundred-dollar poker is no great recklessness. But how often do we see young men, of the small-salaried sort, punting $1000 or $2000 at a time at baccarat, as you can any day in France? We have not the instinct to save and scrape for eleven months in the year, and then shell out all our savings in a fortnight.

I once met in France a young man of old provincial family. Legitimist to the backbone, proud, and very poor; he was about 21, modest, thoroughly "correct," as good, innocent a young fellow as one would care to meet; the sort of a young man who seems to have been overlooked and left out in the cold by the French fiction, though by no means a great rarity in French real life. I happened to ask him one day if he ever played cards? He said no, he did not care for that sort of thing; and, besides, his means would not permit it. "I never go into a gambling saloon," said he, "or into the card room of a club; sometimes I may join in a little game of poker among friends, just to pass the time; but only a very small game, never more than a louis limit." I louis limit! I wonder what club man (out of the millionaire class) in New York, Boston, Philadelphia or any of our larger Eastern cities would call four-dollar poker a "very small" game!

PASSES FOR WHISKY.

The United States agents for a certain brand of Scotch whisky are pushing it by issuing to well-known gentlemanly tipplers annual passes, notwithstanding the ruling of the General Managers' association. A pass reads as follows: "1902-1903: —— Scotch Whisky: Pass Mr. Mountain Dew until Dec. 31, 1903, for a sample of —— Club Scotch Whisky; ——, General Manager; ——, President." These cards have been issued up into the thousands. The experience of the agents is that very few men abuse the privilege of demanding free drinks. Most of them accept one or two samples in the course of the year, but none become sponges. And, as all talk about the whisky, the enterprise probably pays. Incidentally the passes are in great demand. The American dearly loves two things—a lord and a pass.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Olof Nilson and Thea Anderson.

M. J. Hanley and Mary Houlihan, of Iron county, Wis.

Thomas Soniky, of Itasca county, and Cynthia O. Winegarden, of Cass county.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. G. Anderson, of 2308 West Fifth street.

McCAHILL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James McCahill, of 1531 East Third street.

JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Johnson, of 10 Lake avenue.

CARLSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Axel Carlson, of 2202 West Eighth street.

NEWMAN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Newman, of 621 Twenty-first avenue west.

SOUTHWORTH—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Southworth, of 608 West Second street.

PAAS—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Paas, of 17 Mesaba avenue.

McGUFFIN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George McGuffin, of St. John street, Park Point.

LARSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Larson, of 312 Mesaba avenue.

EDMAN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl L. Edman, of 22 West First street.

JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. L. Johnson, of 720 Twenty-third avenue west.

LARSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Larson, of 2018 West Eighth street.

If You Have ANYTHING TO SELL —THE— Want Columns of The Herald WILL SELL IT FOR YOU.

IF YOU WISH A SERVANT —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET ONE FOR YOU.

THE HERALD'S WANTS WILL SATISFY THE PEOPLE'S WANTS

IF YOU DESIRE A POSITION —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET IT FOR YOU.

If You Wish TO RENT Your Property —THE— Want Columns of The Herald. WILL RENT IT FOR YOU.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$35 10-room house on West Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Rental value $40 per month.

$2000 six-room house on East Fifth street, near Second avenue East. Water and bath.

$2750 7-room house on Fourth avenue East, near Fifth street. Water, sewer, bath, stone basement. Lot 25x100.

$5500 Brick Flat with all modern conveniences East End.

$6000 9-room house near Eleventh avenue East on First street, all modern conveniences. Good bargain.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

MUST BE SOLD!

50 feet on East Third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues east. No better property for sale today for immediate improvement.

25 by 140 feet, corner Third avenue east and First street. If this property is properly improved it will pay a handsome return on investment.

Lot well located in East End, with street improvements made and paid for. If you are interested in any of the above, see us at once.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

INSURANCE, LOANS AND REAL ESTATE

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

208 First National Bank Building.

FOR SALE.

Undivided five acres or more at $10 per acre—in sec. 20, town 55, range 10, Lake County, Minn.—on the **Highland Range.**

F. P. Swanstrom & Co., 630 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

$6300 Takes modern four flat building in East End, earning 10 per cent. A snap.

$1300 Takes fine 75-foot corner on Twenty-first avenue East. Houses and lots in all parts of city.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

HOTELS.

Below is a list of the representative hotels of Duluth, which will be found strictly first class in every particular:

St. Louis Hotel
J. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
Strictly first class in all appointments. 105 rooms and baths. DULUTH, MINN

New Building New Equipment.
RATES, $2.00 AND $2.50
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

BEST time to get Insurance is now.
Kind of Insurance to get is--BEST.
We Furnish It.
Manley-McLennan Agency
Insurance and Bonds,
Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

Will lease you a 5 acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years,

Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.

200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.

Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

REMOVAL.

We have removed to 102 and 103 Providence Building.

7-room house, No. 322 Third avenue West **$2600**

25 feet on First street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues West; lays perfect, and very cheap.

7-room house, stone foundation, within five blocks of the postoffice; easy terms; price..... **$1200**

7-room house in West Duluth; would cost $1200 to build now; good location; can be bought for cash..... **$700**

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:20	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:37
....	10:50	Ar. Sparta Lv.	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
7:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
7:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive.
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and		† 2:00 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis.		† 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.		* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana.		* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Bigelong, Virginia and the Iron Range.		*12:40 p.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hous

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

†5:45 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail (All Points East.)	Ar. *10:00 a.m.
†8:35 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL (Marquette and Copper Country.)	Ar. †7:55 p.m.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 2:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m		a 4:35 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:50 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:05 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 394 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	EAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

40 lots in West Duluth, beautiful location. You can double your money soon **$1500**

6-room house on Seventh avenue East. Lot 50x75. Water and sewer. **$2000**

50 feet on East 4th St., improved; rents $40 monthly..... **$4000**

200 feet on East 1st St., beautiful site for fine home..... **$8000**

E. D. FIELD CO., 203 Exchange Building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co

$2500 6-room house, corner lot, 100 by 140. On London Road, in Lester Park.

$2000 7-room house, stone foundation, hard wood floors, lot 50 by 140, good barn. East End.

$1800 7-room house, full 50-foot lot on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue West.

$1900 6-room house, hard wood floors, 50-foot lot, Fourth street and 22nd avenue West.

$1600 7-room house, water sewer, porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl, centrally located, easy terms.

$950 7-room house, good barn, lot 25 by 140, near Franklin school.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

PERSONAL.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., Box 267, Duluth, Minn.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND Licensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

IMPORT OF 1902, FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONAL Bank bldg. Phones, Zen., 831; Dul., 541.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old, 705-5.

THE .... **City National Bank of Duluth**

Has exceptional facilities for serving you along any of the lines of modern banking.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE—also on furniture, pianos and personal property of all kinds without removal or publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1, 5:30 to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN; ANY AMOUNT. J. P. Rossman, 712 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF, COMPLAINT FILED—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. District Court. Eleventh Judicial District.
George L. Patterson, Plaintiff,
vs.
William Patterson, Defendant.
The state of Minnesota, to the above named defendant:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh Judicial District, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office at 807-808 Torrey building, in Duluth, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated February 16th, 1903.
W. G. BONHAM,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 16-23, March 2-9-16-23, 1903.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

COMPLETE WOODS OUTFIT, CHEAP; tent, snow shoes, camp utensils, new rifle. 109 Second avenue East.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, folding beds, tables, chairs, refrigerator, clocks, range, heater, two tons coal. Call No. 14 Fourth avenue East, H. Herrick.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE ON PARK Point. Apply E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

SALE OR RENT, TO DESIRABLE family only; new house in East End; sewer, water, gas, electricity, hardwood floors and heat, sanitary plumbing; possession May 1. Also house now building; plans changed to suit purchaser or for tenant on lease for term of years. Address, Owner, W 65, Herald.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF SORREL MARES weighing 2750, harness, wagon and sleigh. Cheap if taken at once, 232 West Second street.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-FOOT WALNUT roll top desk and two blank cases. Ross L. Mahon, 414 First National Bank building.

FOR SALE—STEAM LAUNDRY. COST $3500; sell at $2500 if taken at once. Doing good business; small expenses; good location. Reason for selling, ill health. Inquire owner, lock box 502, Aitkin, Minn.

Angelus Piano Player $150—
Oak—Perfect condition. $20 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

TWENTY-FOOT SAIL BOAT, BUILT last winter. Cheap. P. Schroeder, 505 Board of Trade.

Hands'me Walnut Upright $145
Piano, slightly used; $10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE — PHAETON, AT A BARgain. 1428 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2008 West Helm street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

Mahog'ny Upright Piano $158
Large size—$10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Good Square Piano—$48.
Sweet tone—$5 cash and $3 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

FAR SALE, CHEAP—COMBINED WALnut case and roll top desk, large drawers, exquisite finish. 617 Torey Bldg

FOR SALE
LUMBER delivered to any part of city.
HARDWOOD FLOORING.
C. B. Woodruff, Lumber.
350 to 354 Garfield Ave.

Horses for Sale
Just arrived with a carload draft horses weighing from 1300 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music, Office, 10 Columbus building.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed, with no damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—POCKETBOOK CONTAINING a sum of money. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Jno. Place, 1618 Sixth avenue east.

FOUND, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, ON Lake Superior—Duluth Savings Bank bank book. Owner can have same by calling at 618 West Superior street.

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS
Now on sale via
Louisville & Nashville R.R.
TO
Florida
AND
Gulf Coast Points
Route of the Famous Florida Limited.
Finest Dining Car Service in the South.
For Rates, Folders and Descriptive Matter write to
C. E. STONE,
General Pass. Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GIRL TO CARE FOR TWO small children. Boston Restaurant.

WANTED — DISHWASHER AT THE Midland, 210 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK. 415 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 412 West Third street.

WANTED — DINING ROOM AND KITchen girl. 394 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue East.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK. 523 East Second street.

WANTED—TWO LADIES TO REPRESent mail order house, $2 per day. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. $6.50 cash deposit required. Address S 53, Herald.

WANTED — ELDERLY LADY TO ASsist in taking care of two children. Call or address 303 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 1422½ East First St.

WANTED — SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST in housework in exchange for board. Apply 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Apply mornings 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 13 Fifty-eighth avenue East, Lester Park.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMER'S EMployment office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. APPLY Hotel McKay.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED FURNIture finisher at once. Good pay and permanent job for the right man. Apply Superintendent, Panton & White Co.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Advantages of steady practice, expert instructions, lectures, etc., without limit to time. Tools, diplomas, Saturday wages and position given. Spring rush soon. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in each state to manage business of wealthy corporation; salary $18 each Thursday direct from headquarters; expense money advanced. Manager, 372 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATing oil salesman with established trade. Big inducements to men of ability. The A. G. Harbaugh Co., Cleveland, O.

A SOBER, HONEST, EXPERIENCED cook for the new hotel at Eveleth, Minn. Call on or address, E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COATMAKers. George H. Brenton, Phoenix block.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

SUMMERLAND
THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY
QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE
Has inaugurated new through service to Florida and the South, without parallel in magnificence.
Chicago & Florida Special—

Leave Chicago, Big Four Route	1:00 p m
Arrive Jacksonville, Q. & C. and Southern Railway	8:05 p m
Arrive St. Augustine, F. E. C. Railway	9:15 p m

Via Cincinnati and Atlanta, Daily except Sunday.
ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT.

The Florida Limited—

Leave Chicago, Penna. Lines	8:40 p m	Via Louisville
Leave Chicago, Monon Route	9:00 p m	Via Cincinnati
Arrive Jacksonville, Q. & C. and Southern Ry	8:30 a m	
Arrive St. Augustine, F. E. C. Ry	10:00 a m	

Via Chattanooga and Atlanta, Daily.
Note the new through route via Louisville.

These trains, the "Special" and the "Limited" carry Pullman Drawing-room sleepers, dining, cafe, composite and observation cars, and vestibuled coaches. Close connection made at Louisville and Lexington by Southern Railway trains from St. Louis. A Pullman Drawing-room sleeper is also run through from Cincinnati to Jacksonville daily, via Asheville, Hot Springs and the "Land of the Sky," leaving Cincinnati 8:05 p. m. Connections made at Cincinnati by Chicago trains daily. For our Florida booklet and other descriptive matter of the South write,
J. S. McCULLOUGH, N. W. P. A.
225 Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.
G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A.
St. Louis, Mo.

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Best Medium
The Best Medium For Advertisers Is
The Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE. 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms. 310 East Third St.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM with alcove; will allow light housekeeping. 322 West Third street. Call before 10 a. m. and after 6 p. m.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with bath. 16 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—SPACE IN STORE. 3 WEST Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 217 Second avenue East.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, $2.00 up. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, modern. 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board. 222 Third avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOM AND BOARD FOR two young men. 306 East Third street. Modern.

BOARD AND ROOM. 211 WES SECond street.

ONE LARGE FURNISHED ROOM FOR two or three, with board, 119 East Second street. Modern.

SINGLE OR DOUBLE ROOMS WITH board. 202 West Second street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD. 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED - TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—BY MAY 1, A DEsirable house in East End. G. A. French, French & Bassett.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDium, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer or office work; has some knowledge of legal papers and real estate business. Address O 61, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY THOROUGHly experienced bookkeeper. First-class references. Address O 65, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home or to go out by the day. Call at 2803½ Third avenue east.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced lady stenographer and bookkeeper. References furnished. Address O 62, Herald.

A MIDDLE-AGED, EDUCATED LADY (American), desires position as housekeeper for bachelor or widower by April 1. No objection to one or two children. Will leave city. Address N 25, Herald.

A YOUNG LADY WITH SOME EXperience would like position as stenographer. Wages no object to start with. Address D. W., Herald.

NEAT, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADY wants some kind of office work where there is little stenography work to do. Address L. S., Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS MECHANical draughtsman. S. 79, Herald.

WANTED, BY YOUNG LADY—POSItion as clerk or cashier in restaurant or confectionery; no objection to leaving city. N 82, Herald.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergoi, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RY.
TO
CHICAGO AND EAST
ROUTE OF THE
PIONEER LIMITED
FAMOUS TRAIN OF THE WORLD.
All trains from Duluth and West Superior via Northern Pacific and Great Northern Rys. make direct connections at St. Paul with trains via the Milwaukee Road.
Ask your agent for through tickets via C. M. & St. P. Ry.
W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Pass. Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1226.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

FINE LINE OF SWITCHES, MANICURing, face massage. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters. 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1002-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 211 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

AUDITING.

AUDITING DONE BY EXPERT ACcountant. Moderate rates. X 18, Herald.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Fessilt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 136, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next Meeting Feb. 23rd, 1903. Work Second Degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 25 1903. Work P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Rleheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com.. City Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKoon, G. S.; A. A. Fleder Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Social session and Ladies' night Feb. 17. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall, Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1903. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

LORD'S RESOLUTION IS LAID ON THE TABLE

Wanted Legislature to Adjourn April 2.

Anti-Vaccination Bill Is Given New Life.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—The senate this morning politely laid Senator Lord's resolution to adjourn April 2 on the table. When it was brought up by its author, Senator Lord said that if the legislature devoted half the energy to public business that its members did to their own private business it could easily get through by April 2. He said that there was no buncombe about the resolution, but it was one in which he thoroughly and firmly believed.

Senator Horton, of St. Paul, then rose and, in his most smooth, polished and suave manner drew his trusty blade and dispatched the resolution. He intimated that it was a bit too early now to tell just when the legislature could adjourn and still get its work out of the way. For his part, the only objection he had to the resolution was that it put the time limit too long. He had no doubt that it might prove that the legislature could adjourn about March 15 or 20. But in view of the fact that there was a lot of work piled up, he thought it would be better to put the resolution on the table for the present, until some of the work was put out of the way and the senate could see its way more clearly. Therefore he moved that the resolution lie on the table, and his motion was carried.

The senate had up the anti-vaccination bill, and it scored the first round, though the friends of vaccination helped to win teh victory. The bill was reported for indefinite postponement by the committee, and Senator Hiler Horton moved as a substitute for the report that the bill be printed and placed on general orders. He wanted to see the matter thoroughly discussed.

Dr. Cole, of Otter Tail, said that vaccination could stand on its own bottom and its friends had no fear of a contest, so he hoped the motion would prevail. It did prevail.

Senator Torson introduced a bill enlarging the law regulating the adulteration of dairy and food products. It adds dining cars, eating rooms, hospitals and lumber and railroad camps to the places that the food inspectors can look into. It provides that cream having less than 20 per cent of fat, or butter with more than 16 per cent of water, is to be considered as adulterated. The use of thickening or coloring substances in cream is prohibited. The dairy and food commissioner may revoke the licenses of dealers that disobey the laws. All places that sell butter substitutes must display large signs informing the public that the substitutes are sold there. An appropriation of $40,000 is carried.

Senator Calhoun introduced an amendment to the insurance laws providing that insurance companies cannot make contracts limiting the time for suing on policies to less than two years.

A bill introduced by Senator Fitzpatrick passes, people who owe no notes that fall due on Saturday need not pay them until Monday unless they are presented before noon on Saturday, as Saturday afternoon is made a bank holiday.

Senator Somerville introduced a bill providing that no person physically infirm or imbecile from age, unless dangerous, can be sent to the state insane asylums.

Senator Dart introduced a bill creating a state veterinary board of health and county veterinarians to be appointed by county boards. The bill also provides rules and regulations to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among domestic animals.

Neither branch of the legislature finished general orders this morning so both took recesses to this afternoon. In fact general orders are getting so big now that there will be few days when the day's routine can be finished up at noon, and afternoon sessions will be the rule instead of the exception from now on. The senate did not reach general orders at all and took a recess to 2:30. The house got only a little way into a long list of general orders, and adjourned to 2 o'clock.

In the house, Mr. Hugo had his bill refunding assessment for improvements to railroad property out of the state treasury put over two weeks more after a little difficulty. It was a special order for tomorrow afternoon, and he moved to have it postponed for two weeks from then. Some of those who have knives out for the bill were eager for the slaughter, and opposed the motion. Mr. Hugo explained that he wanted to get more information, and also that he wished to see what became of the Freyberger gross earnings bill as that, if it passed, would dispose of the matter that the Hugo bill covers. Only four or five voted against the postponement.

The osteopathists made their appearance in the house this morning with a bill introduced by Mr. Stevenson, of Hennepin, creating a state board of osteopathic examiners of five osteopaths, to be appointed by the governor.

Mr. Olson introduced a bill appropriating $800 to reimburse Chicago county for the expenses of convicting two murderers who killed the Paul brothers, who were non-residents of the state in 1896.

Mr. Clague introduced a bill providing that county boards can allow the bills of county attorneys for travel, stationery, telegrams and postage.

Mr. Hellwell, of Hennepin, introduced a bill appropriating $20,000 for the Soldiers' home in addition to the present annual appropriation.

The house went through the calendar passing eight bill. Among them was the Gandrud bill, prohibiting the incarceration of harmless and incurable insane patients in the state asylums. The bill dividing the cost of caring for smallpox patients between the county and the municipality was passed.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

BURGLARS AT ATCHISON.

Atchison, Kas., Feb. 24.—Burglars early today blew open the safe at the East Atchison postoffice with dynamite. The explosion set fire to the building, which, with two adjoining buildings and contents, and all the mail matter in the postoffice were destroyed. No money was secured.

NAVAL AND COALING STATIONS ON ISLE OF CUBA ARE ASSURED

President Has Signed Agreement Providing For Land at Guantanamo and Bahia Honda.

Washington, Feb. 24.—President Roosevelt has signed the agreement drawn upon the terms of the Platt amendment, providing for the acquisition by the United States of a naval station at Guantanamo and a coaling station at Bahia Honda, both in Cuba. The document had been previously signed by President Palma and was brought to Washington by Minister Squiers. It does not specify the price of the properties to be acquired by the United States and this detail is left to be settled by the usual legal condemnatory proceedings after the navy department has decided exactly the amount of land it wishes at each place.

With these two places properly fortified as naval bases, the gulf of Mexico would not be possible of occupation by a hostile fleet, and the Caribbean sea would be unsafe for an enemy. As the names of the places indicate, Guantanamo, a naval station will be the more important of the two bases and within a short time there will be erected extensive coal docks and, perhaps, a short line of railroad will connect the port with the backbone railroad, already finished by previous enterprise, Bahia Honda will for some time probably be used simply as a place for the storage of coal.

Mr. Squiers will leave Washington for New York this evening and expects to sail for Havana tomorrow. He has cleared up to the complete satisfaction of the state department, the important charges confided to him, with the single exception of the settlement of the possession of the Isle of Pines and this cannot be arranged here. He will undertake that settlement in Cuba. The indications now are that the United States government will not press strongly in this matter, although there are important American interests clamoring for a termination of the present unsatisfactory conditions in the island. The reason for the indifference is first, the unavailability of the island as a naval base, owing to the shallow water surrounding it, and, second, the really strong sentimental attachment of the Cubans for the place which would cause a feeling of resentment toward the United States in the event that the island was taken away.

FOUR MAIL CLERKS WERE BURNED TO DEATH IN CAR

Were Caught In Wreck on the Big Four Road.

Locked In Their Car and Could Not Escape.

Cleveland, Feb. 24.—As the result of a head-on collision between a westbound passenger train and an eastbound freight train a mile or two east of Berea, Ohio, on the Big Four railroad last night, four mail clerks were burned to death and several train men were more or less seriously hurt. The dead:

W. H. BLACKWELL, Cleveland.
E. W. KRISMANN, Cleveland.
T. W. SMILEY, Cleveland.
L. M. WALWORTH, Cleveland.

The fourth victim was not killed outright, but was so badly burned that he died within a short time. He was unable to make any statement, and had life long enough only to give his name.

The injured: John Ferguson, Cleveland, engineer of freight; William Fish, Cleveland, engineer of passenger; Joe Coulter, express messenger, who was pinned between express matter in the car, was saved from being burned to death by passengers of the train extinguishing the flames that were rapidly approaching him. Two firemen, names not yet learned. All the injured are in a hospital in Cleveland.

It is reported that no passengers were hurt.

The passenger train was quite heavily peopled and many of the passengers were school superintendents and teachers on their way to Cincinnati to attend a meeting of school directors and teachers in that city.

The unfortunate mail clerks were locked in their car, which immediately caught fire, and were unable to release themselves.

The scene of the wreck is but a few miles west of the city of Cleveland and relief was started out immediately on hearing of the wreck from this city.

The injuries to the train crews consisted mostly of cuts and bruises and are not considered serious. All but two of the cars of the passenger train were destroyed by a fire, which probably started from the overturning and explosion of oil lamps in the express and mail car.

The bodies of Blackwell, Smiley and Kreismann were burned to a crisp in the fire that broke out in the wrecked mail cars soon after the accident.

Walworth was so badly crushed that he died en route to the hospital. The mail cars were entirely consumed, together with a large quantity of mail, mostly destined for Columbus, Cincinnati and other Southern points. None of the passengers were injured. The accident, it is stated, was caused by a confusion of orders. Traffic on the Big Four line was blocked until early today owing to the wreck.

PRACTICALLY WORTHLESS

Was Investigation of House Committee Into Coal Situation.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The sub-committee of the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries that went to Boston to investigate the subject of coal transportation reported to the full committee yesterday the results of the hearings held.

The report of the sub-committee recited among other things:

The evidence taken satisfied the sub-committee that there was no question as to the sufficiency of tonnage for water transportation. The sub-committee invited testimony and suggestions from all persons interested. There was no evidence before the sub-committee that there was any deficiency in the matter of water transportation between the terminal coal ports and New England. Nothing appeared that would justify a favorable report on the resolution that gave rise to this inquiry, although it is true that during its pendency there had been a material change in conditions.

The committee reported also that no deficiency existed in the matter of terminal facilities.

The report reviews the conditions found from the evidence to have existed, but upon the question as to whether any understanding between the coal roads and coal operators existed the sub-committee expresses no opinion. Owing to the fact that the session is so near an end the sub-committee finds it impossible to continue the investigation.

SCHULTZ PLANT

Of the Steel Corporation Destroyed By Fire.

Pittsburg, Feb. 24.—The entire works of the Schultz plant of the American Bridge company, a part of the United States Steel company at McKees Rock near here was totally destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of four buildings, the largest known as the fitting and riveting department, being 250 feet long.

The fire started in the pattern department and its origin is unknown. About 200 men are thrown out of employment by the fire. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

FIRE IN A COLLEGE.

Female Institution at Meridan, Miss., Badly Scorched.

Meridian, Miss., Feb. 24.—Fire at 3 o'clock this morning totally destroyed the main building and laundry of the Mississippi female college, the residence of Mrs. B. F. Ormond and two dwelling houses. There were 200 girls in the building, all of whom escaped. Many lost all but their night clothing. The loss will be heavy. The college will continue its session in temporary quarters.

PENSION SYSTEM.

To Be Established By Wells-Fargo Company.

Houston, Tex., Feb. 24.—G. Taft, general superintendent in Texas and Louisiana of the Wells-Fargo company, has been asked to give the record of every employe under his jurisdiction, which information will be used by the higher officials in establishing a pension system which will be similar to that in vogue on the Harriman lines. The work will be undertaken at once. The same request has been made of other superintendents.

REPP GETS AN OFFER.

Ames, Iowa, Feb. 24.—J. J. Repp, professor of pathology in the Iowa state college, announces he has received the offer of a position as veterinarian to the superior board of health of Cuba, with headquarters at Havana with a salary of $200 a month.

STREET CARS BURNED.

St. Louis, Feb. 24.—The car sheds and sixty-seven street cars of the St. Louis and Suburban railway company at De Hodiamont were burned today, entailing a loss estimated at nearly $200,000. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is said to have started from an electric wire. For a time the four divisions of the street car system were disabled by several wires and shortage of cars.

REMOVED FOR SAFE KEEPING.

Eustis, Neb., Feb. 24.—Gus Freymer, who shot and killed Mrs. Fred Pulz and beat the woman's husband into insensibility has been removed to Stockville for safe keeping to avoid lynching.

DAUGHTERS OF REVOLUTION HAVE THEIR FIRST SKIRMISH

The Campaign For the Election of a President-General Waxes Warm, the Friends of Mrs. Fairbanks Winning Out on Amendment to Constitution.

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This amendment was designed to make Mrs. Fairbanks, the present president-general, eligible for re-election. Its acceptance was moved by Miss Miller, of the District of Columbia, and seconded by Mrs. Murphy, of Cincinnati.

Mrs. Weed, of Montana, wanted the language of the amendment made clearer and moved to amend the amendment by making the latter read: "except the president-general, who shall be eligible to this office for two terms regardless of her previous service." This move evoked loud applause.

The amendment to the amendment was adopted. The original amendment of Mrs. Verplanck, as amended by Mrs. Weed and by a subsequent amendment, was then passed by a vote of 443 to 68. It reads:

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Then the fighting began anew. A number of delegates claimed that the amendment was subject to misconstruction and that it established a dangerous precedent.

One delegate took the rostrum to explain that it was a misconception to say that women who had not held other national offices would not be eligible to the office of president-general. Instantly several delegates rose to protest. Mrs. McLean, who had not taken any part in the vote on the amendment regarding the president-general rose to a question of personal privilege.

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NEW TRIAL OF INDIANA COAL OPERATORS BEGINS AT CHICAGO

Much Difficulty Anticipated In Securing Jury---Two Hundred and Fifty Peremptory Challenges Allowed Attorneys In Addition to Those For Cause.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—The trial of the Indiana coal operators began before Judge Chetlain today. Much difficulty is anticipated in securing a jury. There being eight individual and nine corporation defendants, 250 peremptory challenges are allowed the attorneys in addition to challenges for cause. The individual defendants are A. B. Ogle, J. J. Higgins, J. Smith Talley, Joseph Martin, Edward Shirkle, H. R. McClellan and John Shirkie. The corporations to be tried are:

The Brazil Block Coal company, Oak Hill Coal and Mining company, Coal Bluff Mining company, Park County Coal and Mining company, Glenn Coal company, Nevins coal company, Indiana Fuel company, McClelan, Sons & Co., the Crescent Coal and Mining company. State Attorney Charles S. Deneen will take active charge of the prosecution when the jury has been secured.

GRETHER WILL NOT ESCAPE AGAIN

Stroudsburg, Pa., Feb. 24.—Charles Grether was hanged here at 10:54 today for the murder of Constable Strunk, in September, 1901. Strunk had gone to Grether's home to arrest him for robbery, when the latter shot the officer dead. Grether was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be hanged. Since his incarceration he has twice broken jail and the sheriff who conducted the execution today is under indictment for allowing Grether to escape.

NEGRO MURDERER IS A PUGILIST

Enid, Ok., Feb. 24.—"Black Pearl," the negro who was almost lynched here last night for having killed Jim Jones, a Kansas negro, in a saloon fight, today in a confession alleged that he is the pugilist who fought Fitzsimmons in 1891 and who fled in 1896 after having killed a man in California in a street fight. The prisoner is in abject fear of his life and stated in jail today that after committing the California crime he went to Cuba in 1896 but returned in 1900. He was supposed to have died on the Pacific coast. Two weeks ago "Black Pearl," who has been in the territory for some time, fought six rounds with a local man. All talk of lynching has subsided.

WANTS A PIECE OF AN OLD ESTATE

New York, Feb. 24.—Claiming descent from the duke of Sutherland of three generations ago, Mrs. Edmund D. Hennessey, wife of a lawyer living in Brooklyn, is planning a fight for a part of the estates of the dukedom of Sutherland, in Scotland, according to the Tribune. In investigating her claims Mrs. Hennessey wrote letters to the duchess of Sutherland, Ambassador Choate and Andrew Carnegie. The latter, she understands, has purchased a part of the estate. Neither Mr. Carnegie nor Mr. Choate replied to the letters, but the duchess of Sutherland sent a note, in which she regretted that she could furnish no information to Mrs. Hennessey.

"My great grandmother was Mary Sutherland, granddaughter of Lord Rothsay, and a niece of the then duke of Sutherland," says Mrs. Hennessey. "She married Michael Goeghan, an Irish physician, with whom she came to New York to live. Later the family went West."

NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT, AUG. 17

San Francisco, Feb. 24.—Gen. Thomas J. Stewart, commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, members of the national council of administration who are accompanying him on his tour, and the local committee in charge of preparations for the coming national encampment, have decided to hold the encampment during the week of Aug. 17. Tickets will be put on sale by the railroads Aug. 1 and will be good for stopovers both coming and going. The time limit will probably be sixty days. The executive committee will be empowered to invite President Roosevelt to attend the encampment. Gen. Stewart and party will leave for the East on Thursday by the Southern route.

DROVE NEGROES OUT OF THE TOWN

Indiana, Pa., Feb. 24.—Ten days ago Sterling Aiken, a negro, shot and wounded Welton Thomas, a bookkeeper of Webrum. Aiken escaped, but the Webrum residents ordered all the negroes in the town—about twenty—to leave the neighborhood. Failing to comply, after repeated requests, the white residents yesterday attacked the negro shack with ropes and poles and pulled it down. The negroes then took their belongings and boarded a freight train for Vintondale.

LONG SESSION OF THE HOUSE; NEW GROSS EARNINGS BILL

Increases the Tax to Four Per Cent and Also Makes Railroads Subject to Local Assessments For Improvements Abutting Railroad Property.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house held a long session yesterday afternoon, lasting more than three hours, but most of it was given up to dull, routine work, and there were no striking features about the session.

The most important matter was the new gross earnings tax bill, presented by Mr. Fryberger, of Hennepin county briefly referred to in a dispatch yesterday afternoon. As stated in that dispatch, the bill increases the tax on the gross earnings of railroads from 3 to 4 per cent, and in addition provides that while the gross earnings taxes shall be in lieu of all other taxes, they shall not operate to exempt the railroads from paying their share of local assessments for improvements on railroad property.

Should this bill become a law it would obviate the condition that has given rise to the Hugo bill providing for the repayment by the state to the municipalities of the cost of local improvements that would have been paid by the railroads if it had not been for the gross earnings tax, which at present stands in lieu of all taxes and assessments, so that the city pays the cost of improvements along railroad property, and gets nothing back at all.

The bill is quite an important measure, and as in other respects it is probably just as good as the Johnson gross earnings bill, already introduced, it may be substituted for that and passed. The country members could have no objection to the bill, as it takes nothing out of the gross earnings tax, but simply provides that the railroads must pay their share of the cost of making local improvements.

* * *

Among the bzills introduced yesterday afternoon were the following:

By Mr. Smith—Providing that liquor licenses may be revoked for cause, and

(Continued on Page 8.)

TWO LITTLE CHILDREN SUFFOCATED

Brainerd, Minn., Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire about midnight destroyed the house of August Schultz, of this city, and two of his children were suffocated. One was about 8 months and the other about 2 years old. The parents left the two children in the care of an older daughter and went to a masquerade ball given by the city fire department.

CITIZENS AFRAID OF THE ROBBERS

Pern, Ind., Feb. 24.—Five masked robbers, all heavily armed blew the safes in the post offices at Mexico and Denver, north of here early this morning. Twenty-five citizens heard the explosions which blew the safe to pieces, saw the robbers board a handcar, but were afraid to give chase. The men ran the car to Denver, three miles east of Mexico and cracked the post office safe there. They left Denver on the same car. Small amounts were taken from both offices.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1903. TWO CENTS.

LORD'S RESOLUTION IS LAID ON THE TABLE

Wanted Legislature to Adjourn April 2.

Anti-Vaccination Bill Is Given New Life.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—The senate this morning politely laid Senator Lord's resolution to adjourn April 2 on the table. When it was brought up by its author, Senator Lord said that if the legislature devoted half the energy to public business that its members did to their own private business it could easily get through by April 2. He said that there was no buncombe about the resolution, but it was one in which he thoroughly and firmly believed.

Senator Horton, of St. Paul, then rose and, in his most smooth, polished and suave manner drew his trusty blade and dispatched the resolution. He intimated that it was a bit too early now to tell just when the legislature could adjourn and still get its work out of the way. For his part, the only objection he had to the resolution was that it put the time limit too long. He had no doubt that it might prove that the legislature could adjourn about March 15 or 20. But in view of the fact that there was a lot of work piled up, he thought it would be better to put the resolution on the table for the present, until some of the work was put out of the way and the senate could see its way more clearly. Therefore he moved that the resolution lie on the table, and his motion was carried.

The senate had up the anti-vaccination bill, and it seored the first round, though the friends of vaccination helped to win teh victory. The bill was reported for indefinite postponement by the committee, and Senator Hiler Horton moved as a substitute for the report that the bill be printed and placed on general orders. He wanted to see the matter thoroughly discussed.

Dr. Cole, of Otter Tail, said that vaccination could stand on its own bottom and its friends had no fear of a contest, so he hoped the motion would prevail. It did prevail.

Senator Torson introduced a bill enlarging the law regulating the adulteration of dairy and food products. It adds dining cars, eating rooms, hospitals and lumber and railroad camps to the places that the food inspectors can look into. It provides that cream having less than 20 per cent of fat, or butter with more than 16 per cent of water, is to be considered as adulterated. The use of thickening or coloring substances in cream is prohibited. The dairy and food commissioner may revoke the licenses of dealers that disobey the laws. All places that sell butter substitutes must display large signs informing the public that the substitutes are sold there. An appropriation of $40,000 is carried.

Senator Calhoun introduced an amendment to the insurance laws providing that insurance companies cannot make contracts limiting the time for suing on policies to less than two years.

A bill introduced by Senator Fitzpatrick passes, people who owe no notes that fall due on Saturday need not pay them until Monday unless they are presented before noon on Saturday, as Saturday afternoon is made a bank holiday.

Senator Somerville introduced a bill providing that no person physically infirm or imbecile from age, unless dangerous, can be sent to the state insane asylums.

Senator Dart introduced a bill creating a state veterinary board of health and county veterinarians to be appointed by county boards. The bill also provides rules and regulations to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among domestic animals.

* * *

Neither branch of the legislature finished general orders this morning so both took recesses to this afternoon. In fact general orders are getting so big now that there will be few days when the day's routine can be finished up at noon, and afternoon sessions will be the rule instead of the exception from now on. The senate did not reach general orders at all and took a recess to 2:30. The house got only a little way into a long list of general orders, and adjourned to 2 o'clock.

* * *

In the house, Mr. Hugo had his bill refunding assessment for improvements to railroad property out of the state treasury put over two weeks more after a little difficulty. It was a special order for tomorrow afternoon, and he moved to have it postponed for two weeks from then. Some of those who have knives out for the bill were eager for the slaughter, and opposed the motion. Mr. Hugo explained that he wanted to get more information, and also that he wished to see what became of the Freyberger gross earnings bill as that, if it passed, would dispose of the matter that the Hugo bill covers. Only four or five voted against the postponement.

The osteopathists made their appearance in the house this morning with a bill introduced by Mr. Stevenson, of Hennepin, creating a state board of osteopathic examiners of five osteopaths, to be appointed by the governor.

Mr. Olson introduced a bill appropriating $600 to reimburse Chicago county for the expenses of convicting two murderers who killed the Paul brothers, who were non-residents of the state in 1898.

Mr. Clague introduced a bill providing that county boards can allow the bills of county attorneys for travel, stationery, telegrams and postage.

Mr. Hellwell, of Hennepin, introduced a bill appropriating $20,000 for the Soldiers' home in addition to the present annual appropriation.

The house went through the calendar passing eight bill. Among them was the Gandrud bill, prohibiting the incarceration of harmless and incurable insane patients in the state asylums. The bill dividing the cost of caring for small-pox patients between the county and the municipality was passed.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

BURGLARS AT ATCHISON.

Atchison, Kas., Feb. 24.—Burglars early today blew open the safe at the East Atchison postoffice with dynamite. The explosion set fire to the building, which, with two adjoining buildings and contents, and all the mail matter in the postoffice were destroyed. No money was secured.

NAVAL AND COALING STATIONS ON ISLE OF CUBA ARE ASSURED

President Has Signed Agreement Providing For Land at Guantanamo and Bahia Honda.

Washington, Feb. 24.—President Roosevelt has signed the agreement drawn upon the terms of the Platt amendment, providing for the acquisition by the United States of a naval station at Guantanamo and a coaling station at Bahia Honda, both in Cuba. The document had been previously signed by President Palma and was brought to Washington by Minister Squiers. It does not specify the price of the properties to be acquired by the United States and this detail is left to be settled by the usual legal condemnatory proceedings after the navy department has decided exactly the amount of land it wishes at each place.

With these two places properly fortified as naval bases, the gulf of Mexico would not be possible of occupation by a hostile fleet, and the Caribbean sea would be unsafe for an enemy. As the names of the places indicate, Guantanamo, a naval station will be the more important of the two bases and within a short time there will be erected extensive coal docks and, perhaps, a short line of railroad will connect the port with the backbone railroad, already finished by previous enterprise, Bahia Honda will for some time probably be used simply as a place for the storage of coal.

Mr. Squiers will leave Washington for New York this evening and expects to sail for Havana tomorrow. He has cleared up to the complete satisfaction of the state department, the important charges confided to him, with the single exception of the settlement of the possession of the Isle of Pines and this cannot be arranged here. He will undertake that settlement in Cuba. The indications now are that the United States government will not press strongly in this matter, although there are important American interests clamoring for a termination of the present unsatisfactory conditions in the island. The reason for the indifference is first, the unavailability of the island as a naval base, owing to the shallow water surrounding it, and, second, the really strong sentimental attachment of the Cubans for the place which would cause a feeling of resentment toward the United States in the event that the island was taken away.

PRACTICALLY WORTHLESS

Was Investigation of House Committee Into Coal Situation.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The sub-committee of the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries that went to Boston to investigate the subject of coal transportation reported to the full committee yesterday the results of the hearings held.

The report of the sub-committee recited among other things:

The evidence taken satisfied the sub-committee that there was no question as to the sufficiency of tonnage for water transportation. The sub-committee invited testimony and suggestions from all parties interested. There was no evidence before the sub-committee that there was any deficiency in the matter of water transportation between the terminal coal ports and New England. Nothing appeared that would justify a favorable report on the resolution that gave rise to this inquiry, although it is true that during its pendency there had been a material change in conditions.

The committee reported also that no deficiency existed in the matter of terminal facilities.

The report reviews the conditions found from the evidence to have existed, but upon the question as to whether any understanding between the coal roads and coal operators existed the sub-committee expresses no opinion. Owing to the fact that the session is so near an end the sub-committee finds it impossible to continue the investigation.

SCHULTZ PLANT

Of the Steel Corporation Destroyed By Fire.

Pittsburg, Feb. 24.—The entire works of the Schultz plant of the American Bridge company, a part of the United States Steel company at McKees Rock near here was totally destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of four buildings, the largest known as the fitting and riveting department, being 250 feet long.

The fire started in the pattern department and its origin is unknown. About 200 men are thrown out of employment by the fire. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

FIRE IN A COLLEGE.

Female Institution at Meridan, Miss., Badly Scorched.

Meridian, Miss., Feb. 24.—Fire at 3 o'clock this morning totally destroyed the main building and laundry of the Mississippi female college, the residence of Mrs. B. F. Ormond and two dwelling houses. There were 200 girls in the building, all of whom escaped. Many lost all but their night clothing. The loss will be heavy. The college will continue its session in temporary quarters.

PENSION SYSTEM.

To Be Established By Wells-Fargo Company.

Houston, Tex., Feb. 24.—G. Taft, general superintendent in Texas and Louisiana of the Wells-Fargo company, has been asked to give the record of every employe under his jurisdiction, which information will be used by the higher officials in establishing a pension system which will be similar to that in vogue on the Harriman lines. The work will be undertaken at once. The same request has been made of other superintendents.

REPP GETS AN OFFER.

Ames, Iowa, Feb. 24.—J. J. Repp, professor of pathology in the Iowa state college, announces he has received the offer of a position as veterinarian to the superior board of health of Cuba, with headquarters at Havana with a salary of $200 a month.

STREET CARS BURNED.

St. Louis, Feb. 24.—The car sheds and sixty-seven street cars of the St. Louis and Suburban railway company at De Hadiamont were burned today, entailing a loss estimated at nearly $200,000. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is said to have started from an electric wire. For a time the four divisions of the street car system were disabled by several wires and shortage of cars.

REMOVED FOR SAFE KEEPING.

Eustis, Neb., Feb. 24.—Gus Freymer, who shot and killed Mrs. Fred Pulz and beat the woman's husband into insensibility has been removed to Stockville for safe keeping to avoid lynching.

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Were Caught In Wreck on the Big Four Road.

Locked In Their Car and Could Not Escape.

Cleveland, Feb. 24.—As the result of a head-on collision between a westbound passenger train and an eastbound freight train a mile or two east of Berea, Ohio, on the Big Four railroad last night, four mail clerks were burned to death and several train men were more or less seriously hurt. The dead:

W. H. BLACKWELL, Cleveland.
E. W. KRISMANN, Cleveland.
T. W. SMILEY, Cleveland.
L. M. WALWORTH, Cleveland.

The fourth victim was not killed outright, but was so badly burned that he died within a short time. He was unable to make any statement, and had life long enough only to give his name.

The injured: John Ferguson, Cleveland, engineer of freight; William Fish, Cleveland, engineer of passenger; Joe Coulter, express messenger, who was pinned between express matter in the car, was saved from being burned to death by passengers of the train extinguishing the flames that were rapidly approaching him. Two firemen, names not yet learned. All the injured are in a hospital in Cleveland.

It is reported that no passengers were hurt.

The passenger train was quite heavily peopled and many of the passengers were school superintendents and teachers on their way to Cincinnati to attend a meeing of school directors and teachers in that city.

The unfortunate mail clerks were locked in their car, which immediately caught fire, and were unable to release themselves.

The scene of the wreck is bul a few miles west of the city of Cleveland and relief was started out immediately on hearing of the wreck from this city.

The injuries to the train crews consisted mostly of cuts and bruises and are not considered serious. All but two of the cars of the passenger train were destroyed by a fire, which probably started from the overturning and explosion of oil lamps in the express and mail car.

The bodies of Blackwell, Smiley and Kreismann were burned to a crisp in the fire that broke out in the wrecked mail cars soon after the accident.

Walworth was so badly crushed that he died en route to the hospital. The mail cars were entirely consumed, together with a large quantity of mail, mostly destined for Columbus, Cincinnati and other Southern points. None of the passengers were injured. The accident, it is stated, was caused by a confusion of orders. Traffic on the Big Four line was blocked until early today owing to the wreck.

NEW TRIAL OF INDIANA COAL OPERATORS BEGINS AT CHICAGO

Much Difficulty Anticipated In Securing Jury---Two Hundred and Fifty Peremptory Challenges Allowed Attorneys In Addition to Those For Cause.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—The trial of the Indiana coal opuerators began before Judge Chetlain today. Much difficulty is anticipated in securing a jury. There being eight individual and nine corporation defendants, 250 peremptory challenges are allowed the attorneys in addition to challenges for cause. The individual defendants are A. B. Ogle, J. J. Higgins, J. Smith Talley, Joseph Martin, Edward Shirkie, H. R. McClellan and John Shirkie. The corporations to be tried are:

The Brullets Creek Coal company, Oak Hill Coal and Mining company, Coal Bluff Mining company, Park County Coal and Mining company, Glenn Coal company, Nevins coal company, Indiana Fuel company, McClelan, Sons & Co., the Crescent Coal and Mining company. State Attorney Charles S. Deneen will take active charge of the prosecution when the jury has been secured.

GRETHER WILL NOT ESCAPE AGAIN

Stroudsburg, Pa., Feb. 24.—Charles Grether was hanged here at 10:54 today for the murder of Constable Strunk, in September, 1901. Strunk had gone to Grether's home to arrest him for robbery, when the latter shot the officer dead. Grether was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be hanged. Since his incarceration he has twice broken jail and the sheriff who conducted the execution today is under indictment for allowing Grether to escape.

NEGRO MURDERER IS A PUGILIST

Enid, Ok., Feb. 24.—"Black Pearl," the negro who was almost lynched here last night for having killed Jim Jones, a Kansas negro, in a saloon fight, today in a confession alleged that he is the pugilist who fought Fitzsimmons in 1891 and who fled in 1896 after having killed a man in California in a street fight. The prisoner is in abject fear of his life and stated in jail today that after committing the California crime he went to Cuba in 1896 but returned in 1900. He was supposed to have died on the Pacific coast. Two weeks ago "Black Pearl," who has been in the territory for some time, fought six rounds with a local man. All talk of lynching has subsided.

WANTS A PIECE OF AN OLD ESTATE

New York, Feb. 24.—Claiming descent from the duke of Sutherland of three generations ago, Mrs. Edmund D. Hennessey, wife of a lawyer living in Brooklyn, is planning a fight for a part of the estates of the dukedom of Sutherland, in Scotland, according to the Tribune. In investigating her claims Mrs. Hennessey wrote letters to the duchess of Sutherland, Ambassador Choate and Andrew Carnegie. The latter, she understands, has purchased a part of the estate. Neither Mr. Carnegie nor Mr. Choate replied to the letters, but the duchess of Sutherland sent a note, in which she regretted that she could furnish no information to Mrs. Hennessey.

"My great grandmother was Mary Sutherland, granddaughter of Lord Rothsay, and a niece of the then duke of Sutherland," says Mrs. Hennessey. "She married Michael Goeghan, an Irish physician, with whom she came to New York to live. Later the family went West."

NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT, AUG. 17

San Francisco, Feb. 24.—Gen. Thomas J. Stewart, commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, members of the national council of administration who are accompanying him on his tour, and the local committee in charge of preparations for the coming national encampment, have decided to hold the encampment during the week of Aug. 17. Tickets will be put on sale by the railroads Aug. 1 and will be good for stopovers both coming and going. The time limit will probably be sixty days. The executive committee will be empowered to invite President Roosevelt to attend the encampment. Gen. Stewart and party will leave for the East on Thursday by the Southern route.

LONG SESSION OF THE HOUSE; NEW GROSS EARNINGS BILL

Increases the Tax to Four Per Cent and Also Makes Railroads Subject to Local Assessments For Improvements Abutting Railroad Property.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house held a long session yesterday afternoon, lasting more than three hours, but most of it was given up to dull, routine work, and there were no striking features about the session.

The most important matter was the new gross earnings tax bill, presented by Mr. Fryberger, of Hennepin county briefly referred to in a dispatch yesterday afternoon. As stated in that dispatch, the bill increases the tax on the gross earnigns of railroads from 3 to 4 per cent, and in addition provides that while the gross earnings taxes shall be in lieu of all other taxes, they shall not operate to exempt the railroads from paying their share of local assessments for improvements on railroad property.

Should this bill become a law it would obviate the condition that has given rise to the Hugo bill providing for the repayment by the state to the municipalities of the cost of local improvements that would have been paid by the railroads if it had not been for the gross earnings tax, which at present stands in lieu of all taxes and assessments, so that the city pays the cost of improvements along railroad property, and gets nothing back at all.

The bill is quite an important measure, and as in other respects it is probably just as good as the Johnson gross earnings bill, already introduced, it may be substituted for that and passed. The country members could have no objection to the bill, as it takes nothing out of the gross earnings tax, but simply provides that the railroads must pay their share of the cost of making local improvements.

* * *

Among the bills introduced yesterday afternoon were the following:

By Mr. Smith—Providing that liquor licenses may be revoked for cause, and

(Continued on Page 8.)

TWO LITTLE CHILDREN SUFFOCATED

Brainerd, Minn., Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire about midnight destroyed the house of August Schultz, of this city, and two of his children were suffocated. One was about 8 months and the other about 2 years old. The parents left the two children in the care of an older daughter and went to a masquerade ball given by the city fire department.

CITIZENS AFRAID OF THE ROBBERS

Peru, Ind., Feb. 24.—Five masked robbers, all heavily armed blew the safes in the post offices at Mexico and Denver, north of here early this morning. Twenty-five citizens heard the explosions which blew the safe to pieces, saw the robbers board a handcar, but were afraid to give chase. The men ran the car to Denver, three miles east of Mexico and cracked the post office safe there. They left Denver on the same car. Small amounts were taken from both offices.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern
THE BURROWS STORE.
Superior St. 3rd Ave. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

Extra Special!

Tomorrow will be the last day we will have on exhibition in our Boys' Department the stunning collection of Boys' Washable Summer Suits. This is an advance display of the makers' original models. We have no stock of these to sell, but take orders for later delivery for special and exclusive styles. You and your friends are cordially invited to view this collection, comprising 240 different styles.

Sailor Blouse,
Peter Thompson Blouse,
Russian Blouse.

"Any man can earn money, but only the wise man saves it."

In these days of good wages is the time to begin saving for other days when you may be sick or out of work. A few hundred dollars in the bank would then be mighty handy. A few cents a day saved now will soon grow to dollars. Open an account with us for $1.00. Call for a Home Savings Bank.

Interest works day and night.

3 per cent interest paid on savings.

Ask us about our new plan of saving. It will help you and it costs nothing to make the effort.

Duluth Savings Bank,

Capital $100,000.00. 216 West Superior St.

ALLEGES DRUNKENNESS.

Jennie Nichols Seeks Separation From Her Husband.

Habitual drunkenness is the charge made as the ground for another divorce case filed in district court this morning. The plaintiff is Jennie Nichols and the defendant is George Henry Nichols, both residents of this city. In the bill of complaint it is stated that the plaintiff is 40 years of age and the defendant about as old. They were married in Superior, Wis., July 15, 1897.

The plaintiff alleges that up to within a month previous to the commencement of the action, the defendant was habitually drunk, some times for days or weeks at a time. She claims that while drunk he was ugly and vicious and on occasions had knocked her down and beaten her until she was afraid of her life to live with him any longer. She alleges that the defendant never supported her. The plaintiff asks for a decree of divorce and the privilege of assuming her maiden name of Jennie Tuedy. Alford & Hunt appear for the plaintiff.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

Makes a Change.

James A. Wharton, who has been associated with George H. Crosby as confidential clerk, for the past two years, has tendered his resignation. Thursday morning Mr. Wharton will take a similar position with the firm of Messrs. Little & Nolte in the real estate, loan and fire insurance business.

Mr. Wharton is well known to the business people of Duluth, and was formerly a newspaper man at Willmar, Minn. He conducted the Willmar Argus, and left newspaper work two years ago to enter the field of business.

The resignation of Mr. Wharton was sent to Mr. Crosby Feb. 7, and notice of its acceptance was received yesterday. Mr. Crosby is in California at present, and will not announce the successor until his return the first of the month.

ECZEMA, NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

ACCEPTS PRESIDENCY.

Cincinnati, Feb. 24.—Dr. William McKibbin, pastor of the First Walnut Hill Presbyterian church, has accepted the presidency of the board of trustees of Lane Theological seminary. His acceptance determines that the conservative will control the institution. Three trustees, known as liberals, have resigned from the board since the election of Dr. McKibbin.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

NEWS OF THE STORES

As Shown By the Bargain Advertisements In To-night's Herald.

R. R. Forward & Co.—Special discount sale on folding beds.

Duluth Music Company—Special sale of new and used pianos and organs.

M. S. Burrows—Advance display of boys' washable summer suits.

G. C. Steele Company—Big discount sale on all lines of furniture and housefurnishings.

French & Bassett—Special discount sale throughout entire stock. Bargains in every department.

Don't Forget the Last Dance Before Lent!

To be given by the M. W. A. team at Columbia Hall, Tuesday evening, Feb. 24. Tickets 50c. Stevenson, prompter.

Eveleth Divorce Case.

Alleged unfaithfulness on the part of Mrs. Jennie Tassone, of the Italian society circles at Eveleth, has caused an airing of family troubles in court. This morning Tony Tassone started an action for a divorce from Jennie Tassone, charging her with committing adultery with one Frank Giuliano, of Eveleth, and claiming that she is a woman of vicious and vulgar habits and unfit to have the custody of their two children. The complaint states that the plaintiff is 38 years old, the defendant 21 years, and that they were married in Hurley, Wis., May 1, 1896. There are two children, one 5 and the other 3 years old. The plaintiff also desires their custody. I. Grettum represents the plaintiff.

They File Answer.

The defendants' answer in the case of D. M. Gunn against Stitt & How has been filed in district court. The plaintiff, a hotel man of Grand Rapids, Minn., brought an action to recover for board and lodging alleged to have been given employes of the defendants, and for which he claimed not to have received compensation. The defendants admit that the board and lodging was furnished at their request, but allege that it was not worth more than $75. They also allege that their account was settled in full prior to the commencement of the action. M. H. McMahon appears for the defendants.

DULUTH INVENTOR.

Washington, Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for a car ventilator has been issued to Albert Fox, of Duluth.

PLUCK THE HONORS

Five Pupils Who Lead In High School Senior Class.

Will Prepare the Essays to Be Read at Commencement.

Students to grauate with honors in the 1903 senior class were announced by Principal Smith of the high school this afternoon. The honors are given the following order:

Alfred Moe.
Gertrude Schiller.
Mary Richards.
Harry Davis.
Irene Reau.

Three students who received special mention were: Edna Bjorge, Bessie Harsh and Joe Harrison.

These students have sustained a higher average of scholarship than any of their classmates during the four years which they have spent in the high school, and are chosen to best represent the educational work of which the high school is capable.

Each of the five will prepare a paper to be read on commencement evening on some topic suitable for the display of the knowledge gained in the four-year course.

The general average of the scholarship of the class which graduates this year is excellent, and the five representatives are as able students as have been graduated from the school in late years.

The list of honor pupils is frequently largely of the feminine persuasion. Last year there was only one boy. It is the general belief that girls are better students than the young men, but the ratio of two boys to three girls, as is represented in this year's list of honors, gives the young men their full share, for there is a considerably larger number of girls than boys in the high school.

For the few months which remain until graduation, the honor pupils will be very busy preparing for their graduation exercises. They will begin casting about for subjects on which to prepare their papers at once.

Students who will take part in the class night exercises, which occur on Wednesday of the graduating week, will probably be elected at the next meeting of the class of '03.

County Board Meeting.

There will be an adjourned meeting of the board of county commissioners this evening, but it is not likely that the session will be a long one. The meeting was scheduled in order that the commissioners might take such action as they deemed necessary, in case the court should file his decision in the injunctional and mandamus proceedings relative to the pay for the prisoners' meals and the occupancy of the county jail residence. The decision had not been filed up to this afternoon. The next regular meeting of the board will occur March 5.

Three Weeks More.

There is about three weeks more work on the overhauling of the ships of the Pittsburg Steamship company at the Duluth slips. The workmen, of which there are forty or fifty, came up a month ago, and it is intended to have the boats ready to be sent down to the docks at Two Harbors by April 1 at the latest. Last year the ore was being shipped at that time, but it was an exceptional year. The Steel corporation is looking for another exceptional year in 1903.

To Pump the Mines.

Amos Sheperd, who maages the Hibbing properties of the Corrigan-McKinney company, of Cleveland, is in the city, and it is likely that Price McKinney will be here tomorrow sometime, though he has not sent word positively. Mr. McKinney will come up to confer with Mr. Sheperd regarding the pumping of the company's mine this spring, and the working of the Laura and the Winnifred mines, which were recently acquired by the company from the Hill interests.

INTERNATIONAL CURRENCY.

Appropriation Recommended For President to Assist Matter.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The senate committee on finance today authorized Senator Aldrich to report to the senate an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill providing for the appropriation of $100,000 to carry into effect the recommendations of the president for an international commission to consider the relationship of the silver-using countries to the gold standard countries. The purpose of the appropriation, as set forth in the amendment, is "to enable the president to co-operate through diplomatic channels or by the appointment of a commission, or both, with the governments of Mexico, China and other countries for the purposes set forth in the message of the president."

This amendment was put on the Philippine currency act, but the nouse committee rejected it.

WITH THE BOUTERS.

Record of Tishimingos Has Not Been Broken.

Indianapolis, Feb. 24.—Ten five-men bowling teams from as many different cities bowled in the national tournament games this morning, but still the record of the Tishimingos, 2777, made last night stands. The nearest approach to this was the Columbian Knights, who bowled 2748. In this morning's game Seaburg, of the Columbvians, rolled a 22-pound ball, the heaviest ever used in this city. The best shot of the games was by Holt, of the Toledo Boers, who cleared up four 4-7-10 spares. Twenty teams bowled this afternoon and ten crack fives will go on tonight.

The Cleveland men met today and decided to put John York forward for the presidency.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles N. Wirt has been appointed postmaster at Pinetop, Itasca county, vice J. M. Sherman, resigned.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN. *Sale Closes March 1st* French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

The Discount Sale Continues

With unabated interest. The genuineness of this Discount Sale has become well known—been clearly demonstrated—by the throngs of people who have visited our store the past eight days and taken advantage of the many bargains offered at this **GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.**

The Discounts apply to everything in this enormous stock—Furniture, Floor Coverings, Draperies and House Furnishings.

If you are in need of anything whatever in Home Furnishings, it will be well for you to visit the store this week.

Other people find it profitable—why not you? Our goods are always marked in **PLAIN FIGURES**—and during this sale a colored tag is attached to the regular price tag and indicates the various discounts as follows—

RED TAG	GREEN TAG	BLUE TAG	YELLOW TAG	WHITE TAG
10% DISCOUNT.	20% DISCOUNT.	30% DISCOUNT.	40% DISCOUNT.	50% DISCOUNT.

The Discounts as Applied to
The Crockery Department

The Crockery Department has taken advantage of this sale to dispose of all odds and ends of every sort, and thereby have a thorough clean-up.

To accomplish this purpose a quantity of articles, numbering about 1000, have been placed on nine large tables—five tables with **50 per cent discount,** and four tables with **40 per cent discount.**

The following list is but an indication of what is to be found here:

40 per cent Discount

Lamps, Ink Stands, Plates, Jardenieres, Candelabra, (Dickens ware, Royal Bonn, Japanese Bronze, Beautiful Glass), Plates, Etc.

50 per cent Discount

Chop Plates, Jardenieres, Fern Dishes, Vases, Plates, Gold Vases, Vases, Venetian Glass, Gold Glass, Salad Bowls, Etc.

The Discounts as Applied to
The Drapery Department

The blue, yellow and white tags, indicating the heavier discounts, have been liberally distributed throughout this department—the Drapery Department also wishing to make this an occasion of general cleaning up of odds and ends.—The articles mentioned below serve as an indication of our liberality with the Discount Tags in this Department.

50% discount 50 pairs Lace Curtains — all grades — only one pair of a kind—Half Price.

All remnants and short lengths of Upholstery and Drapery Materials—also Art Tickings, Cretonnes, Denims, Silkolines and Muslins—Half Price.

Made-up Festoon Draperies at Half Price.

40% discount 25 pairs of Tapestry Portieres—all grades—40 off.

30% discount 100 pairs of Lace Curtains—all grades—two pair lots—30 off. All genuine Bagdad Curtaine—30 off. Crepe and Silk Over Curtains at 30 off.

Everything in this Department at Discounts from 10 to 50 Per cent.

About 150 Pieces Furniture Half Price

The demand for furniture during this sale has been enormous, and has resulted in the breaking up of many lines, leaving numerous odds and ends.

We have applied the white tag to all such as a means of quickly disposing of them.

These are all desirable pieces and form the greatest sacrifice sale ever held in Duluth.

The articles **at half price** have all been arranged on the first floor. All articles are sold as they are at the time of purchase. Prompt deliveries cannot be promised during the sale.

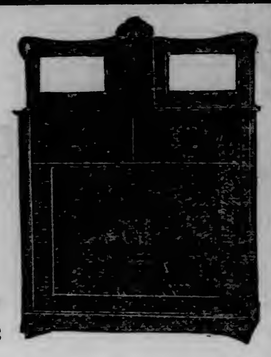
THE FOLLOWING IS ONLY A PARTIAL LIST:

$9.75 Wicker Reception Chair—upholstered seat—for	$ 4.88	$60.00 Mahogany Sofa	$30.00
$10.00 Mahogany Rococo Screen	5.00	$45.00 Mahogany Chair	22.50
$5.75 Oriental Taboret	2.88	$175.00 Mahogany Carved Sofa	87.50
$10.50 Oriental Carved Punjab Chair	5.25	$160.00 Mahogany Carved Sofa	80.00
$18.00 Brass Table—onyx top	9.00	$35.00 Parlor Set—3 pieces	17.50
$12.00 Oriental Carved Taboret	6.00	$38.50 Parlor Set—3 pieces	19.25
$16.50 Oriental Carved Taboret	8.25	$15.00 Mahogany Divan	7.50
$28.50 Oriental Carved Tea Table	14.25	$10.00 Mahogany Armchair	5.00
$15.00 Pyro Enameled Tea Table	7.50	$7.50 Mahogany Reception Chair	3.75
$23.50 Pyro Enameled Tea Table	11.75	$75.00 Mahogany Library Sofa	37.50
$9.50 Pyro Enameled Tea Table	4.75	$56.60 Mahogany Library Chair	28.00
$14.50 Pyro Enameled Smoking Table	7.25	$35.00 Mahogany Library Chair	17.50
$15.00 Flemish Oak Writing Desk	7.50	$38.50 Mahogany Library Chair	19.27
$34.00 Carved Flemish Oak Desk	17.00	$29.50 Mahogany Library Chair	14.25
$14.50 Flemish Oak Buffet	7.25	$15.00 Reclining Easy Chair	7.50
$6.50 Weathered Oak Den Chair	3.25	$14.50 Mahogany Pedestal	7.25
$6.50 Weathered Oak Den Chair	3.25	$40.00 Upholstered Sofa	20.00
$35.00 Turkish Leather Easy Chair	17.50	$28.50 Upholstered Armchair	14.25
$50.00 Parlor Set—3 pieces	25.00	$18.50 Upholstered Armchair	9.25
$8.50 Roman Upholstered Chair	4.25	$8.50 Wicker Roman Chair	4.75
$22.00 Weathered Oak Mission Chair	11.00	$2.50 Work Basket	1.25
$136.00 Mahogany Dining Room Set	68.00	$11.50 Golden Oak Serving Table	5.75
$58.00 Flemish Oak Sideboard	29.00	$14.50 Golden Oak Serving Table	7.25
$75.00 Golden Oak Sideboard	37.50	$9.50 Large Golden Oak Rocker	4.75
		$18.00 Mahogany Leather Easy Chair	9.00

The Largest Stock In the City.....

Special Reductions Now—for balance this week

Folding Beds.



In oak, with fancy veneers and fancy mirrors,. The biggest stock of folding beds in the city.

Regular $18, go for.....$14.39
Regular $18.50, go for.....$14.87
Regular $19, go for.....$15.26
Regular $19.50, go for.....$15.69

Regular $21, go for.....$16.96
Regular $22, go for.....$17.82
Regular $24, go for.....$19.61

Better quality up to $50 at 15 per cent from our regular prices.

Special prices at this time on Steel Ranges.

R. R. Forward & Co

21st Avenue West on Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

BLOCKADE IS FIERCE AS EVER

Car Situation Not at All Relieved In the West.

Some of the blockade orders sent by Eastern roads to their Western feeders have been lifted and all reports from the East tend to show that the situation is clearing in that part of the country.

The clearing up is at the expense of the Western roads, however, and the shortage of cars at Duluth and the Twin Cities is as great if not greater than at any time.

Relief is looked for the day navigation is declared open for 1903, and not before. There may be a time before that when cars are more plentiful, but at present the freight agents are doing little besides answering telephone calls and telling the shippers that it will be next to impossible to furnish cars.

A Dash to Liberty.

Leo Grasser, a "90-day" prisoner at the county jail, escaped from the working gang yesterday and has not been recaptured.

He was at work cleaning a sidewalk in the East End, and while the guard's attention was attracted by another prisoner, Grasser made his successful dash for liberty.

He was arrested on Feb. 16 for enticing a pretty 19-year-old girl away from her home. The girl was committed to the care of the matron of the Bethel refuge, and Grasser sentenced to three months at hard labor.

We Have no Specialties!

But are prepared to do any and all kinds of laundering. We recognize the fact that success depends upon ability to satisfy our customers.

The Yale Laundry,

Corner First Street and First Avenue East.

TELEPHONE 479 OR DROP A POSTAL.

(The Standard Piano-Player.)

Pianola

Piano mastery

If one could suddenly be provided with the ability to play the piano perfectly, and to retain this ability without the necessity of constant practice, would not one gladly pay $250?

THE PIANOLA will provide this wonderful ability. It will give to any one absolute control over the piano.



The Pianola is a triumph of mechanism in that it provides a means for doing that which has always been considered impossible.

The Pianola, by means of a very clever and scientific system of pneumatics, provides the technique for any given selection, and also provides simple means for introducing whatever of temperamental control of the expression the taste of the player may dictate.

The Pianola will enable any one, without having to go through the drudgery of acquiring technique to play the piano with all the modulations of tempo, the delicacy and variety of touch, and with the subtle phrasing of a master.

The Pianola's repertory at present consists of 10,931 selections, and new numbers to the amount of 200 are added every month. This music, representing the entire pianoforte literature of the world, from Bach, Beethoven and Wagner, to Sousa's marches, cake-walks and two-steps, is available through the circulating library.

Is it not worth while to consider the advisability of owning a Pianola yourself? The fear or opinion that it is capable of producing only mechanical music should not deter you from investigating the Pianola. The greatest pianists have passed judgment on this point, pronouncing the Pinalo artistic in the true sense of the word.

Visitors welcome. Catalogue F upon request.

Price $250.

May be purchased by partial payments.

Duluth Music Co.

F. H. GUTHRIE. Manager

Lake Avenue and Superior Street.

PROPERTY BOUGHT

Government Gets Land For Its Park Point Shipyard.

Will Move Buildings There and Build Pier Sometime.

The United States government at last possesses title to a shipyard on Minnesota Point. The project has been under way since last summer, and today the deeds for the Park Point property were filed with the register of deeds. The sale of the lots from the private owners to the government was made through the office of Whitney Wall, the total consideration being $6700.

The government already has its plans under way for the establishment of a boatyard and supply station and for the building of a new pier. The work outlined will not cause the expenditure of much money, but it is expected that in time the government will spend many thousand dollars on its new property in the way of improvements.

The property transferred was as follows: Lots 202, 204, 206 and 208, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, from Gertrude O. Flynn and Cornelius Flynn; lots 202, 203, 204 and 207 St. Louis avenue, Upper Duluth, from C. S. Hinchman; lot 205, St. Louis avenue, from the Western Land association; lots 206 and 208, St. Louis avenue, from Mary D. Breer, Anna P. Dorman and John B. Atwater.

The lots are located on the corner of Minnesota avenue and Olive street, and lie about a block south of the ferry boat landing on the point. There is 180 feet frontage on Minnesota avenue, and the lots run out to the dock line, a distance varying from about 600 to 700 feet.

The government has in years past been in the practice of leasing dockage at Seventh avenue west, where were located the docks for the boats and the various storehouses. The lease expires next July, and as there is an uncertainty about future leasing of the same property, the government has determined to become the owner of its own yards. The buildings will all be removed to the new location, one already being in place. A new pier will be built out toward the dock line, where the government boats will touch.

In all the world, no medicine like Rocky Mountain Tea, the system purifier and vitalizer. It builds your health from the ground up. Try it. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch.

This is a season that promises to be among the most notable Duluth has ever had in a musical way for the number of celebrities to be heard during the few months of the winter rarely falls to the lot of a place of the size of Duluth. Lillian Baluavelt has been here. Mme. Schumann-Heink is almost certain to come, and Ossip Gabrilowitsch is to be here Thursday evening of this week at the Lyceum. This young pianist, a native of Russia, is in some ways the most interesting of the group. He has taken America by storm, completely captivating the public, the musicians and the musical critics. Duluth is fortunate in receiving a visit from him, and the many admirers he made upon his former visit here will undoubtedly be increased ten-fold.

CABLE LINE PROVIDED.

Across Death's Door to Plum Island Station.

Washington, Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The sundry civil appropriation bill reported to the senate today contains the following paragraph:

For the construction of telephone, cable or telegraph lines from the mainland forming the eastern side of Green Bay, across Death's Door, to the Plum island life saving station, and from Plum Island across Washington island, Wis., thence to Rock island, terminating at the light house on that island, $8000.



SNYDER IS A FREE MAN

Supposed Slayer of Abrahamson Able to Establish Alibi.

Charles Snyder arrested on Feb. 14 charged with the murder of Abraham Abrahamson is a free man today and receiving congratulations from his friends on the Bowery.

He shook hands with the two officers that arrested him and seems highly elated that the suspicion which threatened to put him on trial for his life, has been removed.

John Lake the murdered man's companion at the time of the Mountain Iron crime, still says that Snyder is the man that shot Abrahamson when he resisted his hold-up game.

Several men familiar with the prisoner came to his rescue and succeeded in establishing an alibi for him when he could not do it for himself.

Snyder got the places right but was decidedly off as to time in his alibi stories. His friends made up for the deficiency and he was released from custody yesterday afternoon.

About the first person he met after leaving the county jail was one of the officers that arrested him out at Hogan's camp. He stepped up to the policeman, shook hands, and said he did not cherish any bad feeling over the affair, though he did think it would take a long time for him to live the affair down even though he was blameless.

Right Rev. J. J. KEANE,

Bishop of Wyoming, will speak at the ORPHANS' CONCERT at the ARMORY TONIGHT.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. J. Beslets, of 2009 Huron street, who has been seriously ill for three months, is improving.

William E. White, of Lake City, is in the city on his way to Koochiching.

A number of prominent Duluth men of the Masonic fraternity went down to St. Paul last evening, including W. A. McGonagle, S. L. Fraser, H. G. Gearhart, H. A. Hall, G. A. Eaton and S. A. Holden.

Joseph Caldwell, traveling passenger agent for the Milwaukee road, was in the city today, calling on possible travelers.

Madame Beuglet leaves tomorrow for the East.

Miss May Stevens, of Cloquet, is spending a week in town, visiting Mrs. Sidney Montgomery, of 214 East Second street.

R. R. Forward is up on the range on a business and pleasure trip.

Mrs. E. D. A. Peake has returned from a two months' visit in Eastern cities. Mr. and Mrs. Peake will be at the Spalding for the remainder of the winter.

S. L. Frazer left last evening for St. Paul over the Northern Pacific.

R. C. Haase, general Northwestern passenger agent of the Baltimore & Ohio road, is in the city.

J. B. Adams left today over the Northern Pacific for St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. L. K. Doherty were passengers on the Northern Pacific train for St. Paul last evening.

Register James Smith of the local land office spent Sunday and Monday in Milwaukee.

Charles Shiller left today for St. Paul over the Northern Pacific.

Dr. C. G. Shipman, of Ely, left for Florida this afternoon over the Omaha.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wright left today over the Great Northern for Los Angeles, Cal.

M. J. Bryan, city agent of the Wisconsin Central, returned last evening from Chicago and Milwaukee.

A. L. Kuehnow of the Boston and Duluth Farm Land company returned last evening from Chicago.

The following are guests of the Commercial club today: J. A. McGram, New York; E. E. Hay, Minneapolis; W. R. Gillett, New York; J. C. Moore, Minneapolis; A. S. Nero, Bottineau, N. D.; Leopold Hammel, Milwaukee; G. A. Forbes, Toronto; W. Donald, Ashland; William Hines, Penstrike, Minn.; T. J. Stevenson, Cornucopia, Wis.; E. B. Gardner, Galveston, Texas.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

What Postum Did There.

A well-known figure at the national capital is that of an attorney-at-law and solicitor of patents, who has been practicing before the courts and the department of the interior at Washington for more than twenty-five years. The experience of this gentleman with coffee is unusually interesting, for it proves that although the ill results from coffee are slow, they are sure. He says: "I have consumed coffee at my meals for many years, but of late years have been annoyed by deranged stomach and sleeplessness, pains in my head, nervousness and confusion of the mind. About eighteen months ago I quit coffee and commenced to use Postum Food Coffee, and have experienced the most pleasing and beneficial results therefrom.

"It has aided my digestion, increased my appetite for healthy food, appeased my stomach, invigorated my brain, cleared and quieted nerves and mind, and enabled me to sleep soundly eight hours out of the twenty-four. It has imparted buoyancy and cheerfulness to my daily life and caused me to look on the right side of things in general. It has fitted me to do more brain work than ever before, and I would consider it a calamity to be deprived of its use.

"I took on Postum as an absolute cure for the ills that coffee causes. It not only cures the ravages of coffee, but stimulates to vigor and healthy action the brain and all the organs of the human body. It has with me and with many of my friends, and this is my authority for the statement." Name furnished by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

SUITS FOR HURTS

Two Actions For Damages For Personal Injuries Are Begun.

One Against the City--- Girl Fell Over West End Bridge.

Two personal injury actions were started in district court this morning, the papers in each case being filed by John Jenswold, attorney for the plaintiffs.

Andrew Sturminski has brought an action against Alger, Smith & Co. to recover $12,000 damages for injuries which he alleges that his minor son, William, received Oct. 3, 1902, while in the employ of the mill company. In the bill of complaint it is stated that William Sturminski was carelessly and negligently ordered by the defendant to perform work at the roller table in proximity to moving and complicated machinery; that while he was moving a slab by means of a picaroon the implement slipped and he was precipitated into the gearing, receiving injuries in his right arm and shoulder that caused him much pain and which, it is alleged, permanently incapacitated him for work. The plaintiff holds that the company knew of the danger to which the boy was exposed, and that his injury is due to the lumber company's negligence in providing proper safeguards.

The other personal injury action was begun by Alex McDonald, father of Agnes McDonald, a 10-year-old girl, against the city of Duluth, for injuries which it is alleged the daughter received in falling from the bridge over a stream in the alley between First and Second streets, at the intersection with Twenty-sixth avenue west. There are really two separate actions in this connection, the first being for $72, claimed to be due for medical attendance and nursing, and the second for $1000 damages for the injuries said to have been inflicted.

In the bill of complaint the city is alleged to be responsible for the condition of the bridge in question; that May 23, 1902, while Agnes McDonald was crossing the rail or guard gave way and she was thrown into the stream below, sustaining a broken leg and divers bruises and injuries to different parts of her body. It is alleged that the rail was loose for several weeks prior to the accident, that the city knew of its unsafe condition, but carelessly and negligently neglected to repair it.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater, 8:30 tonight.

Miss Andrea Paulsen, the milliner, left today for New York and other Eastern markets to purchase her spring and summer styles.

The Garfield Republican club will meet this evening in the Hunter block hall.

The regular thimble bee of the Aid society of the First M. E. church, will be held on Wednesday afternoon, at the parsonage, 502 West Third street.

Parlor theater, Vaudeville this evening.

The Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, hold their second dancing party at Elks' Hall Tuesday evening Feb. 24.

The Omaha's Chicago-Duluth train due here at 10:55 was reported five and a half hours late at the local offices at noon time. The dispatcher's office said no reason for the delay was given when the train was turned over from the Northwestern road at Elroy this morning.

Tomorrow Madame Beuglet and her trimmers leave for the East to make selections of the latest creations in millinery for the spring season.

Tomorrow is the last day for filing on notes of issue in district court, preliminary to the issuance of the court calendar for the March term. The calendar will be ready for the printers about Thursday of this week.

Spring goods and new fashion plates now in. Make your selection early. Suits to order, $16.00. Union label. Hagberg Bros., over 218 West Superior street.

Last call. Only four days more. Twenty per cent off. Geo. H. Brenton, Phoenix block. High class fabrics, high class tailoring.

The Omaha road has recently established a new through freight service from Duluth to Ashland for the accommodation of the Duluth jobbers. The merchandise car leaves Duluth at 5:20 p. m., arriving in Ashland the following morning in time to make connections with the East.

The postponed meeting of the West Duluth W. C. T. U. will be held Wednesday at the home of Mr. LeDuc, at Fortieth avenue West and Sixth street. The subject will be, "Shall We Reform the Drunkards or Close the Saloons?" The leader will be Mrs. Ives and Rev. Harry W. Knowles and B. N. Wheeler will speak.

The Capt. Clark St. Juan Hill Gold Mining company has been organized by several Duluth men, including Sergei Mentschikoff, Harry Roberts, Colin Thomson, G. B. Heneage and C. H. Graves. The company will operate in Arizona, near the Crow King mine, and is said to have a vein on its property from four to fifty feet thick.

M. J. Fillatrault, of West Duluth, returned last evening from St. Paul, where he took the state examination for licensed embalmers. He led among fifty-six embalmers and in two of the subjects he secured the maximum of 100 marks.

The directors of the Commercial club held a meeting this morning and voted in eleven new members. The total membership of the club is now 1041.

PRESIDENT MELLEN'S SON

Studying Railroad Work and Visits Duluth.

Graham Mellen, son of C. S. Mellen, of the Northern Pacific railway, is in the city, a guest of T. E. Blanche, city agent of the Northern Pacific. Mr. Mellen is a recent graduate of Yale university and is making himself familiar with the work of the various departments of the railroad service, with the intention of ultimately entering one of the departments of the road. While in Duluth he is studying the methods used in the operating department. He will leave this week to enter one of the departments of the Minnesota & International road for a short time.

Mr. Mellen was graduated from Yale after a brilliant career, at an age when many are entering college. He has made many friends among the officials of the road since his arrival in the city.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?



Have You Rheumatism, Liver or Bladder Trouble?

To Prove What SWAMP-ROOT, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for YOU, all our Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Pain or dull ache in the back is unmistakable evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

If these danger signals are unheeded, more serious results are sure to follow; Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and the extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sample bottle free, by mail.

Backache, Uric Acid and Urinary Trouble.

DR. KILMER & CO., Binghamton, N. Y.

Gentlemen: When I wrote you last March for a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, my wife was a great sufferer from backache, rheumatism and urinary trouble, also excess of uric acid and liver trouble. After trying the sample bottle, she bought a large bottle here at the drug store. That did her so much good she bought more. The effect of Swamp Root was wonderful and almost immediate. She has felt no return of the old trouble since.

F. THOMAS,
427 Best St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lame back is only one symptom of kidney trouble—one of many. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, being obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times at night, inability to hold your urine, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, catarrh of the bladder, uric acid, constant headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, irregular heart-beating, rheumatism, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

If your water when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you free by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book of wonderful Swamp-Root testimonials. Be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Duluth Evening Herald.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

RUSSIA'S CZAR

Proposed By Bowen to Name the Three Arbitrators

Who Shall Decide Venezuelan Questions at The Hague.

Berlin, Feb. 24.—The German foreign office attches no importance to the request made to Mr. Bowen by Herr Baltazzi, the former German charge d'affaires at Caracas, for the immediate payment of the $27,500 forming the first installment of the sum to be paid to Germany by Venezuela, but which is not due until March 15. Foreign Secretary Von Richthofen sent no such instructions to Minister Von Sternburg and it is assumed that there has been a misunderstanding in the matter. The foreign office does not doubt that Veezuela will strictly carry out the terms of the protocol.

In its incomplete state the protocol which will serve as a pattern for all three, has not yet been made public, but it is understood that as one interesting feature, it probably will provide for the conduct of the proceedings at The Hague in the English language. Another feature of the protocol is that the arbitrators themselves and not the signatories to the protocols shall select the facts upon which they shall base their decision as to whether or not the preferential treatment shall be accorded.

Mr. Bowen laid copies of these protocols before the allies representatives this afternoon and they were promptly cabled by them to their respective foreign offices.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Mr. Bowen, the Venezuelan plenipotentiary, has proposed to the allies that the czar of Russia be asked to name the three arbitrators who, as The Hague tribunal, shall decide the question of preferential treatment. The suggestion has been approved by the state department.

Minister Bowen today submitted the draft of the protocols which he hopes will be signed by the allied powers, specifying the conditions under which The Hague tribunal will be called upon to settle the question of preferential treatment in the payment of Venezuela's indemnities, to Judge Penfield, the solicitor of the state department. After the latter had suggested a few changes, which were readily made, Mr. Bowen prepared to submit the document to the representatives of the allied powers.

Only 4 days more of the 20 per cent discount sale of high-grade shoes for men, women, boys and youths. Come quick. Ehle Shoe Co., Torrey Bldg, ground floor

ANOTHER IS GATHERED IN

John Brooks Arrested on Charge of Deserting His Wife.

The county authorities are after men that desert their wives and intend prosecuting strenuously.

The second able-bodied man arrested because his invalid wife is an inmate of the poor farm and a county charge, is John Brooks, a well-known bricklayer.

In the municipal court this afternoon, A. P. Cook, the superintendent of the poor, gave such strong testimony against him, that Judge Windom bound Brooks over to the grand jury on the criminal charge of non-support.

That makes two of the four unfaithful husbands that the board of county commissioners recently singled out for examples of justice.

John LaVoy, the first man arrested, will have his examination in the municipal court at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. If the evidence against him is as strong as it is said to be, he will also be bound over to the grand jury.

Ash Wednesday.

Tomorrow is Ash Wednesday and the beginning of the Lenten season. It will be observed with special ceremonies in the Roman Catholic and Episcopal churches. At St. Paul's church there will be holy communion at 10:30 o'clock and at 7:30 o'clock evening prayer. Other services during the week will be as follows: Thursday, 10 a. m., holy communion; Friday, 7:30 p. m., litany and penance offering; Saturday, 4:15 p. m., evening prayer.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MADE BIG MONEY

Duluth-Superior Traction Company Files Statement With City.

Carried More Than Ten Millions of People Last Year.

After paying all operating expenses and interest charges the Duluth-Superior Traction company cleared $73,382.36 during the past year.

This would enable the company to pay a dividend of more than 15 per cent though the actual dividend is not given in the public statement filed with the city comptroller.

It is estimated that 10,760,600 persons patronized the street railway lines in Duluth and Superior during the twelve months.

The gross earnings of the company aggregated $535,030.56 and the expenses for operating, maintenance and interest amounted to $461,648.20.

The system here and in Superior is valued at $2,750,000. This includes power generating plants, car barns, rolling stock, tracks and all other incidentals.

The indebtedness of the corporation is given at $2,200,000 and the capital stock, which is all paid up, is listed at $900,000 in this public statement.

These facts are brought out in the filing of the report of annual business required by the city charter of all public service and local franchise holding corporations.

The street railway company showed its good will by being the first of these corporations to comply with the charter requirements. Other companies have informed the city officers that they will follow suit and file their statements at the earliest opportunity. They say that there is no disposition on their part to violate or disregard section 87 of the charter, which requires them to file a statement of business with the comptroller on the first Monday in February of each year, but that failure to file within the required time was simply an oversight.

The charter also provides that these statements shall be subject to public inspection during the office hours of the city comptroller's office, and provides a penalty in the sum of $100 a day for every day that the reports are not made after the required time, a forfeiture of the franchise of the delinquent corporation if the annual statement is not filed within sixty days after the first Monday in February.

THE MATINEE MUSICALE.

Program of American Music Is Presented.

Yesterday afternoon the regular meeting of the Matinee Musicale was held at Temple Recital hall and the music of American composers was given. Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury and Mrs. Stephen H. Jones were in charge of the program which was delightful. The first three numbers were played by Marx E. Oberndorfer and were beautifully rendered. The first two, woodland sketches, by McDowell, "The Wild Rose" and "In Autumn" were particularly dainty, being played with much feeling and sympathy. Mr. Oberndorfer later in the program played two etudes composed by his brother, A. Oberndorfer, and he played as an encore his brother's first composition, "A Song Without Words."

Milton B. Griffith appeared in the program in six songs which were pleasingly sung and Mrs. G. H. Jones sang an "Irish Folk Song" very sweetly. The accompaniment by Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Bradbury added much to the song. Mr. Bradbury's violin solo, "Romance" by Mrs. H. H. Beach, was one of the most charming numbers. Mrs. Bradbury was the accompanist.

All the members of the Matinee Musicale are invited by the Commercial club to attend the reception which will be given Thursday afternoon in honor of Ossip Gabrilowitsch at the club rooms. A musical program will be given by a number of the Duluth musicians.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

I WILL CURE YOU OF RHEUMATISM

Else No Money Is Wanted.

Any honest person who suffers from Rheumatism is welcome to this offer.

I am a specialist in Rheumatism, and have treated more cases than any other physician, I think. For 16 years I made 2000 experiments with different drugs, testing all known remedies while searching the world for something better. Nine years ago I found a costly chemical in Germany which, with my previous discoveries, gives me a certain cure.

I don't mean that it can turn bony joints into flesh again; but it can cure the disease at any stage, completely and forever. I have done it fully 100,000 times.

I know this so well that I will furnish my remedy on trial. Simply write me a postal for my book on Rheumatism, and I will mail you an order on your druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure. Take it for a month at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost is only $5.50. If it fails, I will pay the druggist myself—and your mere word shall decide it.

I mean that exactly. If you say the results are not what I claim, I don't expect a penny from you.

I have no samples. Any mere sample that can affect chronic Rheumatism must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs, and it is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. It has cured the oldest cases that I ever met. And in all my experience—in all my 2,000 tests—I never found another remedy that would cure one chronic case in ten.

Write me and I will send you the order. Try my remedy for a month, as it can't harm you anyway. If it fails it is free.

Address Dr. Shoop, Box 085, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

IRMA CODY IS MARRIED

Daughter of "Buffalo Bill" Weds Lieutenant Clarence Stott.

North Platte, Neb., Feb. 24.—The marriage of Miss Irma Cody, daughter of Col. William F. Cody, and Lieut. Clarence Armstrong Stott, of the Twelfth cavalry, stationed at Fort Clark, Texas, was solemnized at noon today. In the absence of Col. Cody, the bride was given away by Dr. E. Frank Powell, of St. Paul, an intimate friend of the bride's father. The ceremony was an imposing one, and there were present persons of prominence from all parts of the country. Col. Cody, who is in England, sent a cablegram of congratulations and his blessing. Mr. and Mrs. Stott left in the afternoon on a two weeks' journey. They will make their home at Fort Clark, Texas.

Nora, don't forget my Rocky Mountain Tea tonight, felt rocky for a week, bowels and liver all out of whack. Tom says it cured and made a new man of him. S. F. Boyce.

HILL PRESENTS CREDENTIALS.

Berne, Switzerland, Feb. 24.—David J. Hill, the recently appointed United States minister to Switzerland, today presented his credentials to President Deucher.

BROKE HIS NECK.

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The dead body of Oliver Page, aged 65, a boarding house keeper, was found on the river bank, near the foot of Main street this morning. Evidence indicates he fell off the embankment last night, breaking his neck.

BURNED TO DEATH.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 24.—Mrs. Minnie Lark, aged 59 years, wife of a prominent farmer, was burned to death in her bed last night. The bedding is thought to have caught fire from a stove that was near by.

ELECTRIC DEVICE

Insures Accuracy and Rapid Transmission to Marconi System.

Messages to Girdle Earth By Cooper Hewitt's Invention.

New York, Feb. 24.—Cooper Hewitt, the electrical expert, whose recently invented devices will insure greater accuracy and rapidity of transmission of wireless telegraph messages, declares his discovery will enable Marconi to send messages around the world.

Mr. Hewitt modestly says he does not pose as a second Marconi, and that he pretends to no such knowledge of wireless telegraphy as that possessed by the Italian investigator.

"All that I have done," said he, "is to perfect a device by means of which messages can be sent rapidly and without the loss of current occasioned by the spark gap. In wireless telegraphy the trouble has been that it was difficult to keep the sending and the receiving instruments attuned. By the use of my interrupter this is easily accomplished.

"When the spark gap system is employed there is constant waste, for electricity stored in condensers is made to pass between two balls of highly polished metal. The overheating of these metal balls, their corrosion, the action of the air, and other causes interfere with the use of the current, and, as a result, the instruments are often not in harmony.

"The interrupter which I have invented has none of these defects. What practical application of it will be made I do not as yet know. I hope that Mr. Marconi will use it. I have been asked if it is possible to send currents of such intensity through the air, why it would not be practicable to transmit power in the same way.

"Power must be sent exactly where it is wanted. While it is true that by changing the number of oscillations it will be possible to insure greater secrecy in telegraphy, I do not regard secrecy as of prime importance. Few persons will take the trouble to find out what is passing through the air, for it would not interest them, and besides, there is not in telegraphy any great demand for secrecy. Messages are intended for only one person, but the sender, as a general thing, does not care how many other persons may happen to read them. It is essential that wireless telegraphy should have an accurate means of transmission."

At the office of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company it was said that the matter seemed to be of great importance, and that a copy of the Electric Review in which the discovery was announced had been sent to the engineer of the company, who is now making experiments on Long Island. Mr. Marconi, who is in England, will be advised of the discovery.

The interrupter invented by Mr. Hewitt is capable of developing 1,000,000 oscillations a second, and it may start such a disturbance in the atmosphere when applied for the purposes of wireless telegraphy that all other currents could be counteracted or destroyed.

If it should be necessary to prevent other persons from reading a message in transit, a complex cipher can be made by changing the oscillations in accordance with a code arranged before sending the messages. It would, of course, be possible for the interlopers to attune their instruments with the oscillations of the sending instrument, but it would require at least an hour for the inquisitive operators to get the right cadence, and by that time several changes could be made.

Michael I. Pupin, professor of electro-mechanics in Columbia university, says that while Mr. Hewitt's interrupter does not place wireless telegraphy on a commercial basis, it was the greatest step toward that end which had yet been made.

"Mr. Marconi," said he, "demonstrated that under certain conditions electrical waves could carry a great distance. What was needed was a perfect manner of creating those waves, and that the new mercury vapor interrupter of Mr. Hewitt does admirably. The invention is of such importance that it will place Mr. Hewitt in the front rank of scientists who have made a study of electricity."

NOTICE.

All members of the Carpenters' Union No. 361 will meet in Kalamazoo hall at 8 o'clock on Wednesday morning to attend the funeral of our late brother, Fred Bennett. Service will be held at his late residence, 5510 Raleigh street and the union will attend as a body.

EDWARD LOWE, President.
W. H. APPLEBY, Secretary.

THE STAGE.

The largest Monday night's audience since its opening greeted the Ferris Comedians at the Metropolitan last night, and enjoyed a fine performance in the droll comedy "The Man Outside." The play is a most peculiar one and keeps the audience in a study and a state of excitement throughout the four acts. The cast throughout was excellent, as were the specialties between the acts. "The Man Outside" will be the bill again tonight and no doubt will draw another crowded house.

Miss Grace Hayward, one of the best known actresses on the American stage, who for ten years has starred in many of the big Eastern productions, and is now leading lady of the Ferris Stock company at the Lyceum theater, Minneapolis, will appear here as "Sapho" with the Ferris Comedians, at the Metropolitan Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights and Saturday matinee. For two seasons Miss Hayward played the part of "Sapho."

The Smile That Won't Come Off.

The Smile that means delight and mirth,
The Smile that beams around the earth,
The Smile that smiles for all it's worth—
The Smile that Won't Come Off.

The Smile that widens in delight,
That makes all frowns fly out of sight,
The **Quaker Oats** Smile—
—**that's** all right!

The Smile that Won't Come Off.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Menominee Family Made Very Sick By Eating Sardines.

Menominee—A small can of sardines done up in mustard was the cause of the sickness of a whole family and the death of one of them. Five members of the family of Mrs. John Sheedlo partook of the sardines and about evening all were taken violently sick. A 2-year-old daughter gradually became worse and finally died.

The 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ramsey was terribly scalded by a kettle of boiling oatmeal broth, which he tipped over. He may not recover.

A crack from three to ten feet wide and extending from this city north along the bay shore, for many miles, formed suddenly in the ice of Green bay during the recent cold spell. It spoiled a road which was used by fishermen and the stage to come to Menominee and several loads of logs and fish have fallen into the water. The crack formed suddenly one night, when a loud rumbling sound was heard along the shore and the ground near the bay shook as though trembling from an earthquake.

The Milwaukee, Chicago & St. Paul road has purchased a site in this city from the Kirby-Carpenter Lumber company on which to build a handsome new freight and passenger depot. The plans have not yet been made, but the building will be put up this year.

The Menominee Oil company, which prospected out in California for a long time, has proven a failure. The well has run dry and from present reports all the money invested by Marinette and Menominee people has been lost. W. G. Curtis, of Menominee, went West a few weeks ago to investigate the business and came back with an adverse report. It was to the effect that the well was located so far away from a railroad that in the event oil was struck in considerable quantities, it would cost more than the market price to get it to the railroad.

Escanaba—Andrew Oberg, a woodsman, was instantly killed in the camp of the I. Stephenson Lumber company, near Cornell. He was felling a tree when one of the limbs struck his head. The remains were brought here for burial.

Last week the Escanaba Wooden Ware company's butter dish department commenced running day and night, and at present, within two months of the day the fire loss was adjusted, is turning out 750,000 butter dishes daily, equalling the output of the department before it was destroyed by fire. Only half the number of machines are now in operation that were used before, but more are being installed and in a short time the output will be increased to 1,000,000 daily. The new brick dry kilns are found to be a great improvement over the old wooden ones, retaining more heat and requiring less steam to operate them. In addition the danger from fire is greatly lessened. It is the company's intention to install a sprinkler system throughout the factory at once. This will alone require an expenditure of about $6000, but the management is determined to reduce the danger of another conflagration to a minimum.

A CABLE CHESS MATCH.

New York, Feb. 24.—The Oxford and Cambridge Chess clubs have suggested that an Anglo-American university cable chess match be held this year on March 27 and 28. It is likely that these dates will be accepted by the representatives of the American universities.

TO WRECK HONEYMOON.

Mother of Bride Would Arrest the Couple.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—A honeymoon may go to smash in a police court if detectives succeed in locating the elderly groom and his girl bride. The groom is Capt. William L. Selden, Montgomery, Ala. He is 58 years of age, and has five married children. The bride was Mabel Powell, whose mother, Mrs. Anna C. Powell, is a domestic in the family of George C. Clark, 470 Elm street. The girl has not reached her 18th birthday, her mother says.

Mrs. Powell opposed the match from the first, and when she learned of the marriage she hastened to ask the police to arrest Selden and her daughter. Selden and his bride are supposed to have left Chicago as soon as the ceremony was performed, however.

Selden began paying court to Miss Powell when she was in her 15th year, it is said. The mother and daughter then lived in Buffalo. The wooing was renewed in Chicago last week, a license was obtained, and the Rev. James S. Stone, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, performed the ceremony.

OFFICE SUPPLIES Everything you need at
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOK STORE

AT WEST DULUTH

Many West Duluth citizens are planning to invest their savings in the timber lands of the Golden West and are joining the party which is being organized to leave West Duluth early in May to take up claims in Washington and Oregon. Already about thirty have signified their intention of going, and it is expected that by the time the preparations are completed the number will be swelled to fifty.

When the list of those wishing to join the party has been completed it is likely that the members will hold a meeting to perfect their plans, arrange for tickets and discuss other matters in connection with the journey.

The members of the party are all very enthusiastic concerning the trip, while a number of other citizens are inclined to scoff at the plan and declare that they will return sadder and wiser men.

HAS DISAPPEARED.

Peter Sandrud, a native of Norway, residing at 2022 West Second street, left his home Saturday evening and has not been seen or heard of by his relatives since his departure.

Sandrud is employed at the Hubbard & Vincent mill. Late Saturday evening, in company with one companion, he boarded a car bound for West Duluth. That was the last seen of him by his relatives.

Yesterday afternoon they became alarmed at his long absence and made inquiries at the West Duluth police station. None of the patrolmen remembered seeing the man and nothing had been heard of him. The police are at a loss to know the reason of his disappearance, or his present whereabouts but they are conducting the search with vigor.

Sandrud is described as a tall, well-built man, between 25 and 30 years of age, with a light complexion and a clean-shaven face. He has been a resident of this country but a little over a year and speaks very broken English.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

John Blake died last evening at his home, 4715 Munro street. The cause of his death was old age. No funeral arrangements have been made as yet.

The funeral of Fred Bennett will take place tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock.

Joseph Gibson has returned from Spooner.

John Mackey is down from the range.

Arthur Thomas will leave this week for Washington and Oregon to take up his residence in that country.

George Bothwell, of Cloquet, spent Sunday in West Duluth.

Thomas H. Arthur, of Houghton, Mich., is in West Duluth today.

A daughter was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Nelson, of 124 North Fifty-third avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. James Regan were surprised last evening by a large party of their friends at their home on Fifty-eighth avenue.

John Doran returned from Blackduck yesterday.

Dr. Huntoon is expected to return from Illinois the latter part of the week.

Don't forget the fancy dress carnival at the West Duluth Rink tomorrow night.

A FARMER SUICIDES.

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—A Cumberland, Wis., special to the Dispatch, says: In a fit of temporary insanity, Emanuel Smith, aged 60, committed suicide on his farm southwest of here this morning. He leaves a widow and daughter in the insane asylum.

YACHT CLUB

Will Work Against Negro Politician at Larchmont.

New York, Feb. 24.—The candidacy of Tom Harris, the rich colored liveryman at Larchmont, who seeks nomination for tax receiver, has created such strong opposition among the wealthy residents that a movement has been started to defeat it. The Larchmont Yacht club is the base of those who seek his overthrow. Friends of Augustin Monroe, the chairman of the house committee, are urging him to head an independent movement against Village President William H. Campbell, who leads the ticket on which Harris expects to make the race.

If Mr. Monroe accepts the nomination the yachtsmen will name Julius Gerlach, the assistant chief of the fire department, to run against Harris. The people at first regarded Harris' candidacy as a joke, but when he gave his campaign dinner last week they thought he was making too much headway.

Since then they have been telephoning and writing letters to New York to insure a big vote at the convention this week. Since the dinner Harris feels his stock has gone up, and has given up any idea he may have had of retiring from the race. The publicity he has given his canvass has overwhelmed the local postoffice with letters for him. Harris says the writers must imagine he is a millionaire.

RED LAKE INDIAN TREATY.

Amendment By Senator Clapp Is Meeting Opposition.

Washington, Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The amendment offered by Senator Clapp regarding the Red Lake Indian treaty is likely to be stricken out in conference, but will be reinserted by the senate when the measure comes up for final action. Speaker Henderson and Representative Cannon have set their powers against all Indian treaties which carry appropriations, and the Red Lake treaty is among the proscribed.

No matter what the conference committees of the two houses may do in these matters, it is believed that in the final hours of this congress an agreement will be secured through which at least Senator Clapp's amendment will prevail.

LORD ROBERTS ACCEPTS.

London, Feb. 24.—Lindsay Russell called on the commander-in-chief, Lord Roberts, today in behalf of the Pilgrims' club of New York, which proposes to give a dinner in the latter's honor on his arrival at New York in the autumn. Lord Roberts' plans are uncertain, but he accepted conditionally and said he highly appreciated the honor which it was proposed to confer upon him.

BURGLARY AT LITLE FALLS.

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—A Little Falls, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The hardware store of J. W. Berg, of this city, was entered by burglars last night, who secured a half dozen revolvers and a dozen and a half razors, a dozen knives and a pair of barber's shears as their booty. The work was probably that of amateurs, and the local police believe that hobos had a hand in the job, although the parties seemed familiar with the building entered.

NO RESULT IN THIRTIETH.

Dover, Del., Feb. 24.—The thirtieth ballot for United States senator taken today resulted in no election.

"FORCE" ADDS NEW PLEASURE TO OLD DISHES

12% Discount on all goods bearing **RED TAG**

Colored Tag Sale!

Only four more days in which we offer big discounts on everything in our store.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, DRAPERIES, CHINA, PICTURES, STOVES AND HOUSEFURNISHINGS.

22% Discount on all goods bearing **WHITE TAG**

THE WHOLE HOUSE IS PROVIDED FOR IN ECONOMIES OF THE MOST DECISIVE SORT

12% to 60% discount on everything here.

See the Bargains in Our Show Window.

12% off on all carpets, rugs, oil cloths, mattings, lace curtains, fancy china, steel ranges, etc.

30% off on couches, book cases, dressers, drapery goods, sofa cushions, parlor and hanging lamps, etc

Come in and look around—all goods are marked in plain figures—each article bears both its old price tag and a tag denoting the discount.

60% Discount on all goods bearing **YELLOW TAG**

12% to 60% discount on everything here.

See the Bargains All Over the Store.

22% off on office furniture, dining room furniture, brass and iron beds, chiffoniers, bureaus, rockers, leather chairs, couches, dinner sets, etc.

45% off on fine iron beds, mahogany bed room suites, settees, chairs, dining room furniture, coal heaters, etc., etc.

60% off on miscellaneous goods of all kinds—some wonderful bargains in this lot.

TERMS OF CREDIT—¼ cash and the balance in small weekly or monthly payments.

Only 4 days more in which to procure these wonderful bargains.

Absolutely no goods sent on approval or exchanged.

33% Discount on all goods bearing **BLUE TAG**

The G. C. Steele Co

226-228 West Superior Street, Duluth.

45% Discount on all goods bearing **GREEN TAG**

CAPTURES MEDAL

Duluth Wins the Anderson Medal From Superior Players.

President and Vice President's Contest Again This week.

Duluth and Superior curlers competed for the Anderson medal yesterday afternoon and the Duluth contingent walked off with the prize hands down. The total scores of the rinks playing were: Duluth, 64; Superior, 34.

The ice was not as satisfactory as could be desired, the warm weather causing it to be damp and, while not heavy, the "borrow" was something terrific on some of the sheets. Be Superior players were many of them new curlers who had not played before this year. The Duluth rinks were those which ran second in the Manley-McLennan contest.

The rinks of the Duluth club will now play down for the medal and the club will probably put up some prizes for the winning rink.

The scores were as follows:

Duluth.	Superior.
C. A. Payne,	C. H. deForest,
E. A. Forsyth,	P. G. Stratton,
G. F. West,	C. A. Chase.
W. E. Magner, Skip—19.	R. Stephenson. Skip—8.
W. E. Richardson,	C. P. White,
M. A. McLennan,	F. A. Weed,
F. A. Day,	H. E. Rogers,
Alex Macrae. Skip—12.	L. A. Nichols. Skip—10.
F. A. Currier,	George Yale,
S. A. McPhail,	Chas. Coleman,
A. W. Frick,	C. M. Gillett,
D. W. Stocking, Skip—12.	C. Gates. Skip—10.
W. J. K. Osborne,	C. Gillett,
R. H. Draper,	P. E. Bradshaw,
W. L. McLennan,	J. E. McGrath,
G. M. Tyre, Skip—21.	P. H. Smith, Skip—6.
Total—64.	Total—34.

Three games were played in the evening in the Manley-McLennan Agency contest and the scores were as follows:

W. H. Kichlil,	W. C. Sherwood,
M. A. McLennan,	C. D. Brewer.
F. A. Day,	James Cleland.
Alex Macrae, Skip—16.	W. J. K. Osborne. Skip—9.
S. H. Jones,	W. Harris,
A. S. Hing,	S. M. Stocker,
A. H. Smith.	T. F. McGilvray,
G. F. Mackenzie. Skip—2.	P. S. Anneke. Skip—11.
E. E. Johnson,	G. Winchester,
C. F. Graff,	M. C. Holahan,
F. A. Currier,	J. C. Swan.
Elmer Whyte. Skip—7.	W. B. Dunlop. Skip—6.

Friday and Saturday there will be another contest between the sides led by President George F. Mackenzie and Vice President J. E. Catlin. Saturday evening there will be a supper served at the rink for the curlers and the losing side will pay for it. Following the spread there will be a program of an entertaining nature. These events have been a great feature of the curling year and have given to the game more of a social side than it has had since the days when the rink was at Gwen Avon. They are warmly welcomed by all of the curlers.

DOG SCARE AT HERMAN.

Two Children and Many Animals Were Bitten.

Herman, Minn., Feb. 24.—Andrew Anderson, a saloonkeeper, went to Chicago yesterday to be treated at the Pasteur institute. About Jan. 1 a dog belonging to him went mad and bit one of his horses, and it was feared Anderson may have been poisoned by caring for the horse.

Emil Boerner, who assisted Anderson in caring for the horse, will start for Chicago tonight. Both had sore hands. Besides the horse bitten by Anderson's dog, two of William B. Schmidt's children were victims. They have been treated at the Pasteur institute.

About thirty dogs have been killed as a result of the scare and all unmuzzled dogs are shot by order of the village council. E. E. Huelster, William Prince.

IT IS THE TRUSTED FRIEND OF MILLIONS

Men and Women of All Ranks of Society Point to

Paine's Celery Compound

As Their Rescuer From Disease and Death.

Millions on this North American continent know that Paine's Celery Compound "makes sick people well."

Paine's Celery Compound is today the popular medicine in the wealthy and humbler homes of our vast country. The press has given this wonder-working prescription more note, prominence and praise than has ever been given to any other remedy, and physicians of all schools prescribe it daily.

Paine's Celery Compound has become popular and trusted because its results exceed its promises. It is victorious over sickness and disease. It offers hope and cheer to those pronounced incurable by physicians: it saves such from the grave. It is the one medicine unfailing and all-powerful that promptly brings true joy and gladness to hopeless victims and their anxious relatives and friends.

It is well to remember that one or two bottles of Paine's Celery Compound will, in the majority of cases, banish tired feelings, weary and clouded brain, headaches, debility, constipation, nervousness and sleeplessness, which, if allowed to run unchecked, give rise to serious ailments and diseases. If you are rundown, overworked, have defective digestion and poor circulation, you will obtain blessed results from this grand system-building medicine. Each dose carries new life to all the weak and torpid organs of the body.

DIAMOND DYES
COLOR ANYTHING ANY COLOR.
Dresses, cloaks, suits, ribbons, coats, feathers, stockings—everything wearable, Diamond Dyes make to look like new.
Direction book and 45 dyed samples free.
DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

THE ESQUIMO

The Esquimo eats blubber. The lumbermen eat pork. These people are constantly exposed to cold and physical strain. Experience has taught them that fatty foods give warmth and nourishment.

For those who have cold and thin bodies, or are threatened with consumption or any wasting disease, there is no fat in so digestible and palatable a form as Scott's Emulsion. Physicians prescribe it.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

W. D. Brackin, T. J. Moses and S. G. Krudler have had dogs killed recently because they went mad. It is feared that many cattle and horses have been bitten.

Hints To Advertisers

Progressive Advertiser: People read advertisements to gain information, and the knowledge thus secured results in a profit to the retail merchant.

Advertisers consult their own best interests by turning in copy for Wednesday ads Tuesday morning and their Friday copy Thursday morning. Besides insuring the appearance of the ad in The Herald's iron range, Michigan and Dakota editions, the extra time allowed for the layout and setting affords an opportunity for a more attractive display.

Jed Scarboro: If advertising is worth beginning it is worth continuing. Perseverence is the only way to convince the public that you have faith in your business. To top advertising is taken as a tacit admission that your goods are not worthy of public confidence.

"Everybody in Duluth reads The Herald" has now become, "everybody in the Northwest reads The Herald." This accounts for the large mail order business done by merchants who formerly did not look for any trade outside of the city.

White's Savings: There is a lesson for advertisers in the violet—keep your ads so simple that even the most unlearned will understand.

Successful adverting: "Be natural. Be honest. Be sincere. Be all these to yourself in writing your advertisement. The public will recognize these qualities for they are human and touch all."

The Wednesday Herald is always used extensively by shrewd advertisers. Thursday has become one of the biggest trading days in Duluth, and a large percentage are guided almost entirely for their Thursday buying by the Wednesday evening announcements.

Within the past few years the advertising columns of the leading newspapers have been used by the most prominent banks everywhere. This is a most commendable advance over the former policy, which was to keep the people as far as possible in ignorance of the institution's methods and standing. Duluth banks are among the most progressive in the country.

Duluth stores are among the finest in the country. Their metropolitan appearance and large and up-to-date stocks are commented upon very favorably by every visitor who comes to the city.

Jed Scarboro: Shape your advertising talk to fit the mind of the simple, average person; make it so plain that it will reach the reason of the weakest reader. Remember you are not advertising your vocabulary but your goods, and that the dollars of a dunce are as good as those of a philosopher.

CARRIERS' BALL IS BRILLIANT

Annual Ball at the Armory Is a Huge Success.

The letter carriers of Duluth more than sustained their reputation as entertainers at the annual ball held last evening at the Armory. It was the fourth affair given under the management of the local branch of the national association, and was one of the most pleasant social parties of the winter season. The attendance was very large and all of the big floor was needed to take care of the guests.

Special features of the entertainment was the able manner in which arrangements were made and carried out for the comfort and pleasure of the guests. Every committee did its work so well there was no opportunity for any criticism. The chairmen of the various committees were: J. S. Kriz, on the general arrangements; T. G. Thompson, reception, and J. F. McConnell, floor.

Music was furnished by the Olympia orchestra, under the direction of G. W. Paul, himself a member of the Carriers' association. Several of the postoffice employes assisted in the music. Refreshments were served by the Women's Relief corps.

Conductors Dance.

The chief matter of interest in the entertainment line in railroad circles at the head of the lakes last evening was the annual ball of Superior division, No. 288, Order of Railway Conductors, held at Maryland hall, across the bay. The conductors spread themselves in the way of decorations and arrangements to entertain their friends, and the event was the largest anniversary ball that the order has yet given. There were nearly 100 guests in attendance from Duluth, and these came home on a special train furnished during the early hours of morning.

"ENEMY OF LABOR."

Omaha Unionists File Protests Against Judge McPherson.

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 21.—The Central Labor Union of Omaha, representing 12,000 men, has adopted and will forward to President Roosevelt resolutions protesting strongly against the appointment of Judge Smith McPherson Judge of the United States district court for southern Iowa, to succeed Judge Henry C. Caldwell of Arkansas, Judge of the United States circuit court of appeals.

The protest is based on the charge that McPherson "has shown himself to be a bitter enemy of labor and the rights of the masses and a firm friend of every contention made before him by the great corporations, however unjust."

PRICES ARE STIFF

Indications Point to Firmer Market For Lumber This Year.

Low Grade Stuff Is Better Sold Than Ever Before.

No local sales of lumber were reported for the past week, but it is expected that some good-sized contracts for lumber to go East will be closed before the end of the current week. One large manufacturing concern has practically closed a deal for the sale of some of the better grades of lumber at top prices.

There is not the least indication of a weakening of prices in any grade of lumber. It all sells at prices materially advanced over those of a year ago. It is claimed that there is an even better sale for some of the lower grade stuff than there was at the opening of last season. One of the local lumbermen claims that there has been more low-grade stuff sold several months ahead of the saw than during any previous season for years past.

The rail rate on lumber shipments from the head of the lakes seems to be fairly satisfactory; the drawback is still the scarcity of cars. Rail shipments this winter are quite certain to cut a figure with the opening shipments of lumber by the water route when the navigation season opens. It is generally conceded there will be no occasion for a rush of boats to care for the business during the early part of the season this year.

The presence of some of the local lumber manufacturers in the West, together with their timber experts, is said to be indicative of possible early operations in their timber holdings on the coast. There is also a rumor current that local interests will begin lumber manufacture in Southern pine providing certain deals for the acquirement of larger interests go through all right within the next few months.

During the interval preceding the opening of the spring sawing season the Cloquet Lumber company is making many improvements at its plant. Besides the repairs and alterations at the mill, the company is fitting up a handsome new office building.

D. L. McKay, who looks after the timber interests in Northern Minnesota of the Chris Mueller & Sons Lumber company, of Davenport, Iowa, says that the mill will resume sawing in about five weeks. Besides the log supply that the company will take out of this district by rail, it has several large rafts of logs stored in the harbor at Davenport which will be sawed as soon as the ice goes out of the Mississippi. The Mueller company will cut about 25,000,000 feet this year.

A change has been announced in the management of the Wisconsin Log and Timber company, of Moscow, Idaho, a concern conipriscd largely of head of the lakes interests. W. S. McCord, the manager, has retired and John Pearson, formerly secretary, has been advanced to manager.

The high prices that standing pine in the northern part of Minnesota and Wisconsin are bringing at the present time, is a matter of much comment among the logging and lumber interests.

The price which stumpage on the Bad River reservation brought was a matter of surprise to those who have not been watching the situation closely. An example of the climbing tendency of prices for well located timber in this county is being almost daily demonstrated. Within the past few days there has been reported two transfers of title to certain timber, the first at a little less than $20,000 and the second at $20,000. Scattered tracts of pine will not bring the highest prices, but there is a strong demand for stumpage where the pine adjoins or is mixed in with other timber holdings of the intending purchaser.

It is said that William Kaiser, the Stillwater lumberman, recently purchased about 50,000 feet of Norway and Jack pine of the government in the Ashland district, paying about $8 per thousand feet for the same.

There seems to be a difference in the reports as to the progress made by the logging operators in different parts of the logging districts of Northern Minnesota. Some reports indicate that they are well up with their work and some indicate that the operators are behind.

A lumberman who was recently looking over conditions about Bemidji and the headwaters of the Mississippi river, says that conditions are as nearly ideal as possible to have them. There is just enough snow in the woods, the ice roads are hard and smooth and easily kept in fine condition. The only drawback is claimed to be the character of the men secured to work in the camps. The lumberman claims that the old time practical woodsmen are getting scarcer and their places are being filled by a lot of worthless individuals mostly of foreign birth.

As to the amount of logs secured in the Bemidji district, up to the present time, some of the operators claim to be from 5 to 10 per cent behind in their work as compared with a year ago, but the majority have banked fully as many logs as they had at this time last year. The few who had to suspend operations on account of cold weather have resumed and are pushing their operations ahead with all speed. The ground is now frozen to quite a depth and it will require very warm weather to seriously interfere with logging operations. The frost coming out of the ground will help to keep the roads in good condition for hauling.

The question of holding their men is one of the greatest problems that the logger has to face in recent years and much has been said of the inducements offered in various camps, the improved bill of fare, cards, games, reading material, music boxes, etc. There is now going the rounds a story that one lumber company on the north shore has a foreman, armed with a club, and reinforced by a savage bull dog, to head off deserters.

HALF A CENTURY.

A Prominent Politician Is Convinced.

At a recent club dinner given by newspaper men at Washington, the conversation turned upon the subject of testimonials and their value in newspaper advertising. "I do not believe," said a prominent politician who was present, "that one newspaper testimonial in a hundred, is genuine."

The owner of one of the largest newspapers in the country was present and took up the subject vigorously, finally agreeing to let his opponent select any testimonial in his paper and wagering to establish its genuineness to the politician's satisfaction.

Quite by accident the case of Mr. Newton K. Young, of Penington, N. J., was selected. He had been completely cured of a case of hemorrhoids, or piles, by the use of Pyramid File Cure. The politician was especially skeptical regarding this case, as it was alleged that Mr. Young was a man over 80 years of age and had been cured of piles after fifty years of awful suffering and when all other remedies had failed. It was agreed that the politician should write to Mr. George W. Scarborough, Ph. G., a prominent resident of Pennington and that the result of the controversy should rest upon his reply. The following was Mr. Scarborough's answer:

"Dear Sir: Mr. Newton K. Young, of this town, a man nearly 80 years of age, and who has been a sufferer with piles for, perhaps, half a century, has been completely cured by the use of Pyramid Pile Cure. I felt especially interested in the case as it was upon my recommendation that Mr. Young began the use of the remedy after having used so many others. Yours respectfully,

"GEO. W. SCARBOROUGH, PH. G."

The Pyramid Drug company, of Marshall, Mich., have this letter in their possession and are willing to guarantee with a backing of $1000 the genuineness of Mr. Scarborough's testimony.

Summer 30 Hours Away

Leave Chicago today 1:00 p. m. from Dearborn Station and reach Florida tomorrow by the Chicago & Eastern Illinois new

Chicago & Florida Limited

—daily solid through Pullman train for the Land of Easter. New drawing-room sleepers for St. Augustine, Tampa and Thomasville, Ga. Library observation sleeper to St. Augustine, and dining car service all the way through. No local stops. Schedule all its own, and you may expect to arrive on time after a luxurious and comfortable journey.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS R. R.

Call on home ticket agent or address
W. H. RICHARDSON
Gen. Pass. Agent, C. & E. I. R. R., Chicago

SAVAGE GETS A NEW TRIAL

Municipal Court Reversed In Adulterated Whisky Case.

Decisions were filed by Judges Cant and Ensign, in district court yesterday afternoon, reversing the local municipal court decisions in three cases. In the matter of the state against Henry Savage, who was tried and convicted in municipal court of selling adulterated whisky, and who was fined, the order of Judge Gearhart refusing the defendant a new trial, was set aside. The motion was made on technicalities. The decision of Judge Edson in refusing a new trial in the case of A. A. Williams against K. Nelson, was also reversed, and the order was set aside.

The order of municipal court refusing a new trial in the case of C. M. Johnson and J. A. Johnson against Carl Nystrom, was also set aside by district court.

NEW ROUND HOUSE.

Schmitt Bros. Will Build Great Northern House.

Work was started today in the erection of the new round house for the Great Northern company at Allouez bay, where the engines engaged in the ore hauling traffic will be housed. The contract for the work has been awarded Schmitt Bros. of West Superior. The building must be complete by May 1. Its price will be about $20,000. Only six stalls will be provided for at the present time, but the capacity of the building will be enlarged later as may be found necessary. It is laimed that the housing of the engines at Allouez will greatly facilitate the handling of the ore traffic.

MILLION SUBSCRIBED.

Dowie Has the Money and Makes Promises.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Some time ago John Alexander Dowie called upon the faithful to give him $1,500,000 before the last of February. He reported to the meeting Sunday in the Auditorium that the financial secretary's books showed that up to last Friday night $1,200,200 had been subscribed. Then he announced a new plan, which will be launched next Wednesday at a special meeting in Zion. This is the formation of another association for the upbuilding of the city.

"We are to launch a building and manufacturers' association in Zion," he asserted, "and I want every one of you there to take stock. It will be a big thing We have done so much that we must do more, so I am going to give you something else. This will be the master stroke which will upbuild Zion according to God's plans."

MUSICALE GIVEN

At the White House to Cabinet and Congressional Sets.

One of Most Elegant Affairs of the Season.

Washington, Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Pleasures brighten as they take their flight. The past week in society was overcrowded with gaiety as the penitential season of Lent waxed near.

One of the most elegant affairs of the season was given Friday afternoon at the White House, the occasion being a musicale given by Mrs. Roosevelt to several hundred guests, including the presidential and cabinet sets and a few families of the senitorial and congressional sets. The Washington Symphony orchestra was led by Reginald de Koven, the conductor. The soloists were Clifford Alex. Wiley, barytone; Herman C. Rakemann, violinist; Mrs. Emily Gray, harpist, and Edward H. Droop at the piano, with the following program:

Overture—"Sakuntala" ..... Goldmark
Concerto, E Minor ..... Mendelssohn
(Two movements).
"Andante" .....
Allegro—"Molto Vivace" .....
Hermann Rakemann.
"Nocturne" ..... de Koven
"Danse des Gnomes" ..... de Koven
(From suite in E Flat).
Songs—
"Lend Me Thy Fillet, Love"....Brockway
"What Is Love?" ..... Owst
Clifford Alexander Wiley.
"Artist's Life Waltz" ..... Strauss

Mrs. Roosevelt received her guests in the green room and they were ushered into the East room where the musicale was given. The guests were allowed the privilege of the entire parlor suite and the White House was seen to great advantage in its handsome dress. Perhaps there is a bit too much gilt and tinsel in its decorations for our democratic tastes, but it formed a beautiful setting for the elegant toilettes worn by the women. One of the early arrivals to attend the congress of the Daugnters of the American Revolution, remarked that the red room looked like a conflagration of the revolutionary heroes. Against the bright red tapestry on the walls hung the great portraits of Washington, Jefferson and other noted men of that time. The blue room is also criticised as being on the "Prussian blue" order, and certainly cannot compare with the delicate blue satin panels with festoons of flowers and dainty bow knots selected by Mrs. McKinley for this, her favorite room. The dining room of state is most royal in its furnishings and brings to mind the great hall at old Warwick castle in England. The walls are hung with tapestries with sylvian scenes, and decorated profusely with the president's trophies of his many Western hunting trips. The doors, wall paneling and furniture is of unpolished walnut and lends a rich, but somber old English appearance to the apartment. This is, however, relieved by the great burnished silver chandelier and wall sconces.

The historic east room is perhaps the climax of imperial sumptuousness in its cloth of gold lambrequins, and gilt furniture, large mantel mirrors with gilt frames and great gilt candelabra with a thousand scintillating cut glass prisms. Taking the White House as a whole the furnishings and the extensive alterations in the state apartments must satisfy the taste of the most exacting of our national "swagger set" that is in perfection at the national capital. It, at least, presents an appearance of picturesque loveliness on these occasions.

Judge Morris, Miss Mary Morris and Miss Statham were among the favored guests at the White House musicale. Judge Morris is receiving many compliments on his recent appointment to the district federal bench of Minnesota. Hon. Adam Bede, his successor, has arrived in Washington and is already getting into the harness for his congressional work.

MARY BEAUMONT STATHAM.

REV. J. F. CANEVIN

Consecrated as Coadjutor-Bishop of Pittsburg District.

Pittsburg, Feb. 24.—With all the splendor and solemnity of the Roman Catholic church the Rev. J. F. Canevin was consecrated as coadjutor-bishop of the Pittsburg diocese this morning at 9 o'clock. The ceremony ws held in the cathedral, which has been elaborately decorated for the occasion. Archbishop P. J. Ryan of Philadelphia, officiated as consecrator and celebrant of pontificial mass, assisted by Archbishop Elder of Cincinnati, and Bishop Phelan, of Pittsburg, and Right Rev. P. J. Donohue, Bishop of Wheeling, preached the sermon.

As an evidence of high esteem in which Bishop Canevin is held, he was presented with a purse of $10,000, of which $5000 was from the congregation of St. Paul's cathedral, and $5000 from the clergy of the diocese.

All the vestments were gifts of either friends or societies.

A RUSSO-PERSIAN BANK.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 24.—The Russo-Persian bank is being organized, with branches at Moscow, Tiflis, Bakerivan, Tabriz and Teheran.

MRS. PADELFORD MARRIED.

London, Feb. 24.—Mrs. Padelford, who was a Miss McPheeter, of Baltimore, was married to Ernest Cunard at St. Andrew's church, Westminster today. Ambassador Choate gave away the bride. The groom is a cousin of Sir Bace Cunard. Many Americans were present at the ceremony.

THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer
SUCCESS
IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY.
UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING.
UNEQUALED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS...
ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD Blatz
BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
A TONIC
FOR OLD AND YOUNG.
ALL DRUGGISTS
VAL. BLATZ BRWG. CO. MILWAUKEE
Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. S. and Railroad Street. Telephone 62.

A Table Necessity.

Primus Brand Butter

Made From the Richest of Sweet Cream.

Sweet, Pure and Wholesome.

A Home Product.

Ask your grocer for it.

Manufactured by

Bridgeman & Russell,

16 W. First Street. Both Phones 352.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Accident Near Athol Much Worse Than First Reported.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—One man was killed and thirteen others more or less severely injured in the accident on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad Monday near Athol. The dead: Fred A. Bopp, vice president of a bank at Hawkeye, Iowa.

Injured: P. B. Cribs, member state legislature from Brown county, head cut and back injured, unconscious for several hours; R. H. Larribee, Chicago, hip and shoulder injured; P. Kelly, Aberdeen, injured internally; Milla Murray, De Kalb, Ill., left leg and side injured; Lillie Hilstad, Callendar, Iowa, head cut, side bruised; Charles Crow, Aberdeen, head cut, back sprained. Others less severely hurt were: T. H. Cameron, Aberdeen; Rev. H. Eby, Agra, Kan.; James Blair, Sioux City, Iowa; W. H. Oftwein, Winona; Rev. E. L. Wendall, Centerville, S. D.; J. W. Collier, Belvidere, Ill.; Bert Mosher, Milford, S. D. The smoker and one coach left the track and turned over into a ditch. Mr. Bopp was sitting in the rear car and was thrown completely out of the window and instantly killed. Those most severely injured were taken to Redfield for medical attention. The cause of the accident is supposed to have been a broken rail.

Spearfish—The suits brought by the Bank of Spearfish to recover on notes given by well-known resident of Spearfish and Spearfish Valley to Camp & Cross in consideration of rights to sell a patent flour bin have been settled, on the basis of the defendants' paying to the bank 25 cents on the dollar and the plaintiffs agreeing to pay the costs. The notes, amounting to about $4500, had been discounted by the bank for Camp & Cross, and when due payment was refused, the reason assigned being that false representations had been made concerning the rights. The cases were tried in circuit court two years ago, and the court instructed for the plaintiff on all the issues. The supreme court reversed the decision and ordered a new trial, which was to have been held at this term of court in Deadwood. The bank, by the settlement, receives a little over $1100, and the costs, amounting to $350, are to be paid out of this. These are known as the "flour bin" cases.

Summit—Two men charged with robbing the Great Northern station at Albee were discovered here by a Milwaukee detective, but fled to Marvin, eight miles east, and were arrested there. They were lodged in jail at Milbark.

The case of the town of Summit against the Milwaukee Railroad company, over the removal of its station from the middle of Main street, is up for trial at Sisseton.

Lead—A new trial is to be asked in the case of Mrs. Jane Hedglin against Lead, a suit for personal damages, in which a judgment for $2000 was awarded several days ago. The new trial is applied for on the grounds that the damages awarded were excessive.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grafton—Some time between 1 and 4 o'clock Sunday morning, the safe in the Merchants hotel was opened by some one who had a knowledge of the combination and who had evidently secured possession of the key to the money drawer, and $151.25 was secured. Charles Berg, a tailor, who worked around the hotel under a former proprietor, was arrested by Chief of Police Mickle shortly before noon yesterday on a warrant charging him with the burglary, and is in jail awaiting his preliminary hearing. Another drawer in the safe, which was pried open by the thief, contained several checks and $450 in currency, but the contents were not disturbed, as the checks completely concealed the cash, and the thief evidently did not stop to investigate closely.

Fargo—A speech here by Congressman-elect Spalding before a meeting of the Epworth league has attracted much attention in view of the position of the North Dakota senators on the omnibus statehood bill. Mr. Spalding was down for a toast along patriotic lines and referred to the efforts being made to admit a state populated with such citizens as predominate in New Mexico, just to advance the interests of one man, supposedly Quay. Both the North Dakota senators are with Quay in the fight and the remarks of Mr. Spalding are construed as criticizing the state representatives in the upper branch.

Langdon—The remains of Ole P. Johnson, who was killed while saving his company's property from fire at Milton, have been taken to Corning, Minn., for burial.

Pierre—Governor Herreid granted extradition papers to Sheriff McDonald, of Morton county, N. D., for John Barkel, wanted on a charge of grand larceny.

SECRETLY MARRIED.

Young Sioux City Swell Weds Divorced Woman.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 24.—Sioux City society is talking of the marriage of a St. Louis widow with a child 12 years old, to George A. Cleland, aged 24 years, son of former Mayor Jonas M. Cleland, of this city, and a nephew of the late Frank H. Peavey, of Minneapolis.

The Clelands were prominent here and George was a society swell. As a dresser he was John Drew, and women were impressed by his fine figure and commanding manners. A telegram from St. Louis announces his secret marriage in January to Mrs. Helen A. Yerger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Jackson, 422 North Taylor avenue, St. Louis. Mrs. Yerger was a principal in one of the most sensational divorce proceedings in the St. Louis courts. Her husband fought for the custody of their child, but the court favored the mother. Several attempts made by the father to abduct the little daughter were frustrated, but he has finally succeeded in stealing her away from her mother. It is said the search will be prosecuted under the direction of Mr. Cleland.

GRAND MASONIC LODGE.

The Annual Meeting Has Begun at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—Masons from all over the state are gathering today at Masonic hall, West Fifth street, to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the grand lodge of Minnesota.

As there are 228 lodges in the state, and each will send not less than three delegates, and many more will attend, the outlook is for an attendance of about one thousand.

The occasion is also the annual meeting of the grand lodge.

The order has prospered during the past year by the institution of eleven new lodges and a growth of 1000 in membership. The present membership is 18,550.

One of the most important subjects to be discussed is the proposed Masonic state home.

TWO-YEAR-OLD PLAINTIFF.

Iowa's Youngest Litigant Sues Liquor Men.

Clinton, Iowa, Feb. 24.—Bernard McGovern, Jr., aged two years, is the plaintiff in a suit pending in the district court for damages of $8,000. Bernard is perhaps the youngest litigant on record in the state of Iowa. The suit is brought by his father, Bernard McGovern, Sr., who sues Meyers & Hooks, liquor dealers, for selling to the plaintiff's father intoxicating liquors. It is the rare spectacle of a father prosecuting a liquor dealer for selling him intoxicants.

J. E. Wilcher, who is over 80 years of age, expects to start on foot for Kansas City as soon as the roads become settled in the spring. The distance is over 400 miles, but this will not deter Mr. Wilcher, who has already walked to Kansas City and back to Clinton four times, besides making numerous pedestrian trips to Chicago and other places 100 or more miles distant.

EMPLOYMENT FOR FINNS.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 24.—The czar has ordered the immediate construction of the proposed Idensalmi-Kayana railroad, so as to give employment to the Finns who are suffering from famine.

IT'S FOOLISH

To Ignore Such Convincing Proof as This Duluth Citizen Gives You Here.

You may differ with your neighbors in many important questions of the day. Your opinions may coincide with those of the minority or those of the majority, and still you may be in doubt. But you can hardly be sceptical about the merit of Doan's Kidney Pills when you read such emphatic local endorsement as the following:

Mr. Edward J. Hoppman, of 432 First street west, says: "I was troubled more or less with my kidneys for years, and whenever I caught cold or overtaxed myself I had a bad attack of it, so that it was painful for me to get about, and my back ached and pained me severely. The action of the kidney secretions was irregular and the secretions were unnatural. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills recommended for such troubles and thought I would try them, and procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store. They relieved me from the aches and pains right away, and regulated the action of the kidneys."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE EVENING HERALD

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Per year	$1.00
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

ONE OF THE BRIGHTEST.

Bay City, Mich., Tribune: The Duluth Herald is one of the brightest and best-edited newspapers printed in the Northwest. It covers the evening field completely in that city and gives fresh readable news up to the very minute of going to press. The Herald has just completed and taken possession of a fine new office building and in commemoration of that fact issued a forty page edition replete with interesting news containing its own history and general events of the day, with features and special stories. The Herald deserves all the success that has rewarded the efforts of its enterprising managers and is an institution of which Duluthians are justly proud.

THE CIVIL SERVICE RULES.

The civil service commission is angry at the repeated assaults made upon it and that civil service rules have not been observed in making appointments. It is well known that these charges have been of frequent occurrence and while they have invariably been denied, it would seem that where there is so much smoke there must be some fire. According to the commission, for some years past it has been the custom for a certain class of public men to indulge in reckless talk regarding the operations of the civil service rules. The commission themselves, various government officials and even the president have been, from time to time, charged with jockeying with the regulations for the benefit of a select few, and at other times with using them to freeze out of the service employes who have fallen into disfavor with the powers that be. Heretofore little attention has been paid to these assertions, which in many instances have been unjust and wholly without foundation.

The commission says it has sat silent under allegations when an investigation would have proved the statements in question to be largely false. But there is to be no more of this quiet submission. Persons who may hereafter publicly call into question the honesty of the commission, or who may make sweeping charges of irregularities in connection with the enforcement of the civil service rules, must be prepared to make good what they say, for they will be called upon to substantiate their assertions. Some time since a newspaper in Newport, R. I., published an article on the civil service rules as enfored by President Roosevelt, to which Commissioner Foulke took exception. He made reply to the article in his now famous crab letter in which he "tripped airily through the maze of light and airy persiflage" as one admiring official described the effort. In referring to the statements published by the newspaper in question, Mr. Foulke said: "The celebrated definition of the crab: 'A small red fish that walks backward' (a perfect definition except that the crab was not red and did not walk backward) was accuracy itself by the side of your allegations."

In spite of all the refutations of the commission numerous complaints are constantnly arising. Even if they are without merit, the stirring up of the commission will do no harm.

INFLUENCE OF HEREDITY.

In noticing the rapid increase of juvenile depravity in our large cities, Secretary Spaulding of the Massachusetts Prison association has been led to investigate superficially the influence of heredity in shaping human lives. A recent study of 140 persons who had found the state prison five times showed that they had had 207 children, many of whom, experience shows, are pretty sure to follow in the footsteps of their parents. It has been shown by close students of inherited tendencies that criminality pursues the offspring of ill-assorted couples where the environments remain unchanged for several generations, and ultimately the environments become by choice criminal ones. Crime is a growth, and all the more emphasizes the importance of such deterrent influences as human ingenuity and study can suggest.

Mr. Spalding notes the startling fact that more than 10,000 minors were arrested in the state of Massachusetts alone last year, and there were more than 3000 juvenile offenders under 17 in the courts for offenses so serious that they might have been punished by imprisonment. More industrial schools is the remedy suggested by Mr. Spaulding. Juvenile offenders are increasing in Minnesota also, and a bill is now before the legislature for placing children brought before the courts in the hands of a special officer to whom they are to report regularly.

THE TOBACCO MEN'S FIGHT.

The report that the independent tobacco men are opposing the Cuban treaty with all the influence they can command, seems to have good foundation. The tobacco trust, to which the independents are unalterably opposed, is said to be largely interested in the ratification of the Cuban treaty in its present shape. It is alleged by the independents that the proposed reduction of 20 per cent. in the present tariff rates in favor of cigars and tobacco coming from Cuba will not benefit the Cuban producers of tobacco, but will be of material value to the tobacco trust, which, it is alleged, controls 80 per cent. of the cigars made in Cuba. It is therefore urged that the treaty be amennded so as to provide for a uniform rate of duty on leaf tobacco, which, it is claimed, will increase the demand for the product of the Cuban grower, and at the same time put all the manufacturers in this country on an equal basis in the purchase of their raw material.

It is also urged that the treaty be further amended so that there be no reduction in the duty on cigars; first, because the whole benefit of such reduction "will go to the product of the tobacco trust, which controls the output of Cuba; secondly, the proposed 20 per cent. reduction means a reduction of $1.85 per thousand on cigars of all Havana tobacco made in this country, and of $12 per thousand on cigars imported from Cuba." The tobacco men claim that they have been vastly injured by legislative agitation for the past five years. First, the trade was called on to sacrifice its interests in the cause of Porto Rico, and ever since the war with Spain there has been talk of giving concessions to Cuba. The house the other day passed a bill providing that only 25 per cent. of the Dingley rates shall be imposed on cigars and tobaccos from the Philippine islands, which is another blow at the home trade.

Of course, it is difficult for an outsider to get at the real interests at stake, in the face of so many opposing claims, and it is certain that the general public will welcome any advantage that the independent operators may secure over that gigantic octopus, the tobacco trust.

THE SITUATION IN CHINA.

An excellent idea of the conditions in China in relation to impending war may be obtained from the utterances of Dr. Robert Coltman, Jr., as shown in Harpers' Weekly. Dr. Coltman was long connected with the Pekin court as physician to Li Hung Chang and several members of the royal family. He takes a far more extreme view of the situation than most writers. He recalls that at the beginning of June, 1900, he cabled that a foreign war in China was inevitable, and all know how swiftly his predictions were fulfilled. He tells now, with the added weight of that ominous and successful prophecy to support him, that a foreign war in China is once more inevitable unless the Powers determine to anticipate it by a rapid advance on Pekin, and the immediate deposition of the dowager empress. This, he believes, will not be done; therefore his prophecy is one of war, certain, inevitable, and immediate.

To feel the full force of his view, the steps by which he has reached it must be followed. His closeness to the center of power and to the Manchu court has given him an opportunity to follow the inner causes of things, and he tells us what he has seen. First, and most important, he asserts that the dowager empress is still absolute ruler, and that her hatred of foreigners is deep and intense. All can well believe that the armed intervention of the Powers did little to diminish that hatred. In her policy the empress is ably and enthusiastically seconded by the chief minister Yung Lu—or Jung Lu, as Dr. Coltman calls him. And both are in perfect harmony with the great fighting general, Tung Fu-Hsiang, and with the exiled Prince Tuan, now busy drilling Mongolian troops on the northern border of the Middle Kingdom. In other words Dr. Coltman tells that to the triad of Tung Fu-Hsiang, Tuan and Yung Lu the dowager empress must be added as a fourth, and that the movement under the leadership of the triad is really being carried on under the shelter of the imperial throne. China, or rather the Manchu dynasty in China, has, in fact, determined once more to try conclusions with the foreign devils, and these most formidable personages are acting with a single mind and a single will.

On Sunday, H. H. Kohlsaat announced his withdrawal from the Chicago Record-Herald, having disposed of all his stock to Frank H. Noyes, who for the past year has had the editorial management of the paper. Mr. Kohlsaat purchased the Herald eight years ago, later acquired the Times and consolidated the two, and a few years after that secured the Record and combined them under the name of the Record-Herald. Under his able management the paper advanced to the front rank of great American newspapers. His retirement is a distinct loss to journalism.

The society for the prevention of cruelty to animals at Calcutta is agitating to suppress the practice of the herders there of removing the skins of goats before killing them. The theory of the herders is that it makes the hides better, an opinion in which the goats are not consulted. But is this anything worse than the practice in this country of boiling live lobsters, skinning eels and doing many other cruel things?

A man who has just died in Saratoga at the age of 39 had studied the Bible so persistently that at a moment's notice he could repeat any chapter in it. It is worthy of note also that he was a blacksmith and a Democrat.

A Boston clergyman the other day preached a powerful sermon on the harmful influence of the billionaire in church. Of course there are no billionaires in his church—only a few ordinary millionaires.

It is stated that Mr. Cortelyou does not favor the employment of women in government departments, and the new bureau of commerce will be planned accordingly. Even the pretty typewriters will all be men.

Miss Roosevelt is evidently having the time of her life at the carnival in New Orleanns. Of course she is careful not to make reference in conversation to papa's opinions on the negro question.

Would Mr. Morgan, asks the Boston Globe, have been as successful as he has in life if his parents had named him Egbert, or Percy, or Algernon? Give it up. But is Pierpont a better name?

The municipal coal scheme in Chicago proved a failure. The city was able only to get enough coal for its own uses, and the citizens who paid in money got nothing but receipts for it.

Gen. Miles was invited to dine with the king of England, but there is no announcement that, since his return home, he has received an invitation to take dinner with the president.

The people who test all the various breakfast foods may be interested in the report that last year the American Cereal company earned nearly 15 per cent on its capital stock.

It is but just to state that Col. Bingham says it was at his own request he was put off at Buffalo. Running the expenses of the White House was too strenuous a task.

The American Humane Education society is offering a prize of $200 for the best plan of preventing strikes. Why not substitute "effective plan" for "best plan?"

An Indiana legislator has introduced a bill imposing a jail sentence on those who give tips to waiters. Perhaps such a law might cure the evil, but it is doubtful.

Office rents in Chicago are to be advanced 5 to 25 per cent on May 1. It will be a good time for Chicago business men to remove to Duluth.

"Me, und Gott" is still the kaiser's creed.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

"If these finds of ore that have been reported from the Highland range are on the square," said a state official from St. Paul, who stopped at the Spalding this morning, on a quiet trip to Two Harbors and vicinity to look after some property he has there, "there is going to be a lot of excitement there this spring as soon as the snow is off the ground.

"I wouldn't be surprised if the rush were as great as the rush at the opening of the Mesaba range. I remember when the stories from the Mesaba range about finds were discounted and laughed at and right here in Duluth, too. As a matter of fact the finds at Highland are given more credence than those used to be from the Mesaba range.

"I see yesterday men appeared in Duluth with samples of ore that runs as high as 62 per cent iron. That is the ore, and if the thing is substantiated an actual discovery of that kind is made, the search in the Highland will be something fierce when warm weather comes. I understand that the hunters for mines are even now working with feverish haste on pits and diggings to get a showing before the crowd comes in the spring."

* * *

"I see that the Frank Johnson people," he continued, "are buying up a lot more property in Cook county. I think he said that he had about 4000 acres over there, but it is vastly more than that. He or someone working for him, I understand is making purchases and acquiring titles to almost that much at the present time outside his holdings.

"Mr. Johnson, who is at the head of the Nickel company, has been working on the proposition of smelting the ore that is found over in Cook county, and has announced at last that he can smelt the ore and make the iron into a steel that is far superior to anything now being taken out of the Superior district mines.

"If the claims of Mr. Johnson are true, the rush will be more than to the Highland range, and will extend over into Cook county. The trouble with the ore found over there has been that its character was such that the heat required to smelt it would be so much more than that used to smelt the Mesaba and other ores that it would not pay. Johnson now claims he has the process and a cheap one.

"Now, remember what I said. If any of those samples are shown to be what they are claimed to be, there will be the biggest rush into that country next spring you ever saw. I understand that the men from Two Harbors who brought in the samples or someone, left last night for the South or East to show it to capital to put into companies, for developing. That is only a rumor, however."

* * *

A. B. Coates, of Virginia, was in the city yesterday on business and registered at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. H. R. Welrick, of Hibbing, are at the St. Louis hotel for a short stay.

* * *

O. R. Morse, of Charlevoix, Mich., is registered at the Hotel McKay. He is the latest recruit to the business interests of Duluth, and expects to open a drug store within a short time. He has been here several days and is looking over available sites with a view of taking a lease on one.

* * *

Right-of-Way Agent Clay, for the Great Northern, came in from St. Paul this morning and was at the Spalding. He only stopped a few hours and left this afternoon for Portland, Ore.

"I will get into Portland and vicinity just in the most delightful time of the year," he said. "The rainy season is about over and while it is not summer heat out there, it is so pleasant and invigorating that it is worth the sacrifice of business to go there and recuperate. I expect to be there about six weeks, and so will get through my work and back into the Twin Cities about the time the disagreeable weather, or the most disagreeable weather, is passed in Minnesota.

"The rainy season there is not particularly pleasant, but the people who live there say there isn't much rain at any time. I do not agree with them on that point, but I do agree that the weather at the close of that season is perfect. Minnesota is due to get some fierce weather from now on."

* * *

William Wood, of Brainerd, a lumberman with interests in this part of the state came to the St. Louis hotel yesterday and will leave for home today.

* * *

Henry Lefreniere, of Ashland, is registered at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

R. F. Beall, of Deer River, and J. F. Peterson, of Grand Rapids, are at the Hotel McKay. They are here to attend to some land business.

* * *

W. S. Marjoribanks, of Chicago, representing the United States playing cards was in the city over Sunday.

"There are playing cards manufactured now," said he, "which can be read like an open book on the backs by the person in possession of the key or the combination of the markings. The designs of card backs have always been such that they are easily marked and identified, but the industry of making cards for professional use has grown with some concerns to an immense extent in latter years.

"The old days of the card 'sharp' is gone by. If a man wants to be crooked he doesn't have to be particularly smooth, but he has to have a few dollars to start out with to get the tools to do the work with. Of course in poker the winner is the man who knows when not to plunge, and with these things he can tell when not to. The percentage with him is great, unless some one who knows a few things happens to be in the game and finds him out, and then the percentage of his getting out of the game is small—that is alive.

"There are companies which make none but the marked cards, but they are generally made by concerns which charge large prices for them and only care to do business with the trade which wants that brand of playing card.

"These marked cards are not generally used in the West, but in the East where the social barnacle thrives, they are used and consumed in great quantities."

* * *

J. L. Kimball, C. A. Kimball and John Day, of Mountain Iron, are in the city and registered at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

At the Spalding Hotel: H. F. Bertelsen, Gordon Malcolm, W. H. Sherwin, Minneapolis; I. E. Vernon, St. Paul; George G. Sanborn, Philadelphia; Ralph Wagy, Minneapolis; F. J. Chandler, Cleveland; Mr. and Mrs. J. Maulan, Washburn; C. W. Crittenden, A. M. Sheldon, C. A. Bennett, Minneapolis; W. C. Wood, Meridian; J. W. A. Redfern, Hibbing; Col. H. R. Yolten, St. Paul; C. H. Williams, Spokane; D. S. Clark, Eau Claire; O. H. Todd, N. E. Lewis, Hibbing; S. H. Hodgedin, Aitkin; George Baumgartner, Winona; M. P. Larrabie, Chippewa Falls.

* * *

Col. H. R. Yolten, formerly a resident of Duluth, but now of St. Paul, is in the city and registered at the Spalding. He is here in the interests of the Modern Samaritan lodge, with which he is connected.

* * *

At the St. Louis Hotel: Thomas Schmillen, William Lingelbach, Oelwen, Ia.; J. C. Campbell, Cloquet; A. B. Coates, Virginia; James R. Cogswell, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Wheeling, Shores Point; Dr. and Mrs. H. R. Weirick, Hibbing; Emil Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Amboles, Two Harbors; W. E. Yung bluth, Colby; J. G. Gill, Hill City; C. A. Dunn, Bismarck; Frank ... Walker, Two Harbors; W. E. Pike, Ely, Minn.; E. M. Barrett, Stillwater; Mrs. Thomas Nunlos, Peter J. Johnson, P. W. Huber, Ellsworth, Wis.; C. M. McKay, Chippewa Falls.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: L. M. Burghardt, W. H. Hesketh, L. T. Luthy, W. Busde, H. F. Patridge, A. B. Clark, Minneapolis; J. J. Small, Northcourt, Wash.; J. Ferdinand Peterson, Grand Rapids; J. P. Elleson, Jr., Bemidji; W. A. Casler, Bemidji; Charles M. Dauser, W. L. Bowler, Two Harbors; J. C. Tueker, Eau Claire; Mrs. O. H. Ormundsen, Hayward, Wis.; Louis seaman, St. Paul; S. Cohen, Ashland; E. R. Case, Floodwood; Mark Eddy, Virginia; Orris Oliver, Bonnesville; G. A. Dant, Moorhead.

Bootless Rivalry.

Philadelphia Record: What is the use of increasing our navy till it shall be as large as that of Germany, if Germany will not stand still, but is bound to have a bigger navy than we have? Is every nation to have a bigger navy than any other nation?

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 24.—Barometric pressures continue high in the central valleys and Northwest. The "high" that has been stationary over Nevada and Utah during the past week has moved to North Pacific districts while a "low" of moderate strength has appeared over Arizona and New Mexico. It is somewhat colder in the Central valleys, Southwestern Lake Region and Saskatchewan. The lowest 7 a. m. temperature was 2 degrees below zero at Bismarck. Light falls of snow or rain occurred in the Ohio valley, Southern Lake Region the Central West, Florida and Oregon.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	42	Medicine Hat	14
Battleford	2	Memphis	34
Bismarck	—6	Miles City	8
Boston	30	Milwaukee	1o
Buffalo	24	Minnedosa	0
Calgary	24	Modena	20
Charleston	46	Montgomery	56
Chicago	22	Moorhead	2
Cincinnati	32	New Orleans	46
Davenport	16	New York	32
Denver	26	North Platte	24
Detroit	20	Oklahoma	32
Dodge City	24	Omaha	20
Duluth	8	Pittsburg	34
Edmonton	24	Port Arthur	6
El Paso	40	Portland	44
Escanaba	8	Prince Albert	2
Galveston	40	Qu Appelle	10
Green Bay	12	Rapid City	18
Havre	20	San Francisco	46
Helena	24	Santa Fe	28
Houghton	16	Shreveport	42
Huron	0	Spokane	28
Jacksonville	50	St. Louis	30
Kamloops	26	St. Paul	10
Kansas City	26	S. Ste. Marie	10
Knoxville	28	Swift Current	8
LaCrosse	22	Washington	28
Lander	26	Williston	6
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	30
Marquette	16	Winnipeg	0

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Wednesday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, with probably snow flurries. Slight changes in temperature. Fresh southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Increasing cloudiness with rain or snow Wednesday and possibly in south portion late tonight. Warmer tonight.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with possibly snow flurries in east portion. Warmer in south and west portions tonight.

The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with possibly snow flurries in Eastern South Dakota tonight.

WHY FEAR CONSOLIDATION?

The Commercial West: Minnesota has taken the position that the consolidation of competing lines of railroad is opposed to public interest. The proposition in Minnesota has become a political issue, hence the danger is that plain principles of business will be overlooked and Minnesota will support the unprogressive side of the railroad question which is surely in opposition to public interest.

The Commercial West desires to discuss dispassionately the principle of railroad consolidation from the standpoint of public policy. It will base its remarks on a bill that was introduced this week in the Minnesota house of representatives by Hon. P. A. Ganrud, of Kandiyohi county, the bill having been drawn by Attorney General Douglas. It is as follows:

"The consolidation of the capital stock, lines, property, franchises, control or power of control of two or more parallel or competing lines of railroad in the hands of any corporation, trustee, agent or representative of any corporation, wheresoever situated, is hereby prohibited and made unlawful.

The good faith of this proposed measure will not be questioned. We believe that the people of Minnesota feel that railroad consolidation in this state threatens their prosperity. Political orators have aroused excitement on this point and in the excitement but little general consideration in the way of close analysis has been given the proposition.

In the first place the opponents of consolidation have this fact to meet—railroad rates in Minnesota are today the lowest they have ever been. It follows then that up to the present time rates have been reduced in proportion as railroad systems have increased in mileage and the volume of business has grown. In other words, consolidation and combination have thus far cheapened rates, so that the present agitation about consolidation in Minnesota must be based on what may happen rather than on what has happened.

Let us remind ourselves also of one or two facts. The only important recent rate trouble in Minnesota is the coal rate case against the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad. This road is one of the small, independent companies, and the people of New Ulm brought suit in the state courts to secure a change in coal rates. This fact demonstrates that the short, competing mileage of a railroad has nothing to do with insuring rate reductions. In fact the road of small mileage is handicapped in the matter of voluntary rate reductions. Because of this further railroad consolidation in Minnesota is desirable, but it is now proposed that consolidation shall be made a crime!

Some beg the question by saying that if consolidation of two roads is wise, why not consolidate all the roads? This is mere persiflage. Consolidation, instead of being a step in the direction of no competition is a step toward a greater competition. Because it is practical to consolidate two roads, or three roads, it does not follow that it is practical to consolidate five roads. Therefore Minnesota is in no danger, because of her large area, of ever having her railroad rates made by a single company, even without a law to prevent consolidations. Such a law, therefore, will operate against public policy rather than for it.

The reason for this is clear. The railroad of short mileage usually has one terminal at a country point. It is a road that must necessarily make its earnings wholly from local patronage. It receives no benefit from "through business," with the result that in order to make earnings, the tendency is, so far as its voluntary policy goes, to hold rates as near a maximum basis as possible; on the larger, or tranecontinental system, the voluntary tendency is to make rates nearer the minimum level.

It will become necessary for the railroad of small mileage to pass into the control of larger companies. The time has come already when the small line cannot be operated successfully in rate competition with "merger;" a proportion of through business is necessary to permit of rate reduction for "local traffic."

It is unpopular to suggest in Minnesota these plain principles of business; but this law of trade will compel obedience to it within a few years. The people will come to see the disadvantage of the "small, competing line" in comparison with the advantages of "consolidated" roads.

In making this argument, the Commercial West is not defending the interests of railroads—it is suggesting the plain principle of business that "size" brings with it advantages. The "merged" railroad carries advantages with it, just as the "scrub" railroad is an advantage over the stage-coach that it displaced. Minneapolis and St. Paul are larger cities because railroads run from their terminals to the Pacific coast, than they would be did the railroads that radiate from their center stop on the prairies of Dakota. The towns on the "large" systems receive better voluntary freight rates and better railroad facilities than do the communities on the "competitive" lines of small mileage. It may serve the demands of "good politics" in Minnesota to propose an anti-merger railroad law, but it will not serve the interests of the people to adopt it. It is the "big road" that can give the larger advantages to a community, not the little road.

A Tussle For First Place.

Atlanta Constitution: It were indeed sad if President Eliot has started in to make Dr. Benjamin Andrews feel that he is not in his class, loquaciously speaking.

Increasing the Load.

Indianapolis News: Coal freight rates have been advanced. Just as if we didn't have troubles enough! Of course, it doesn't make any difference to the dealers, as it will be the consumer who pays the freight—and then some.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Yonkers Statesman: She—Have you seen the new dance called "The Automobile?"

He—No; sort of a breakdown, I suppose?

Chicago Tribune: Customer—I see the high French heels are coming in again. What do you suppose is the reason for that?

Salesman—It is being done, I suppose, at the demand of the chiropodists union.

Washington Star: "I want to see everybody contented," said Senator Sorghum.

"Have you found a way to manage it?"

"Yes. When discontented people call to see me I send word that I am not in."

Judge: "To whom do you attribute the curative powers of your springs?" asked a visitor at a health resort.

"Well," answered the proprietor, thoughtfully, "I guess the advertising I've done has had something to do with it."

Detroit Free Press: Mr. Krusty (her employer—"Miss Uglimugg, you are late this morning. What detained you?"

Miss Uglimugg—"My clock stopped, sir."

Mr. Krusty—"I guess you looked at it."

Philadelphia Press: Towne—Met Gabble and Perkins at a smoked last night, and introduced them to each other.

Browne—O, say, it's a shame to introduce a hore like Gabble to anybody.

Towne—It's evident you don't know Perkins, or you'd see the humor of it.

Adam had been reading history, when he came to the cherry tree episode.

"What a fool that fellow Washington was to own up!" he exclaimed. "Why didn't he say 'The woman tempted me?'"

With an increased estimate of his own ability he went indoors to complain of day before-yesterday's coffee.

MR. DOOLEY AS AN EDITOR.

The name of Finley Peter Dunne is associated in the minds of the public entirely with the "Mr. Dooley" stories. It will surprise people to learn that he is considerable of an editor, and is writing "heavy" editorials on Collier's Weekly, in New York city. Despite the seriousness of his topics, however, his humor is bound to make itself known, as the following specimen in the issue of February 21 shows:

A question of great moment to the nation has been decided by the joint action of the secretary of state, the ambassador of the United States to Russia and a tailor. While Mr. Charlemagne Tower was at St. Petersburg, he suffered inconvenience, loss of dignity and disturbance of temper by reason of the fact that he was obliged by democratic traditions to appear at court in the simple evening costume of the American gentleman or the French waiter. Mr. Tower was subjected to many annoyances. Although he was a representative of one of the great world powers and bore a name that in itself conveyed the impression of irresistible dignity, he was frequently mistaken for a waiter. Russian noblemen tapped him on the shoulder and bade him order their carriages. Sometimes he was forced to stand outside the door of the palace waiting for some one to identify him to the satisfaction of the flunky. The entire court appeared to be in a conspiracy to force Mr. Tower into gold-braided pantaloons. Eventually he succumbed and devised a uniform which is vagnely described as "neat but impressive." When Mr. McCormick went up to St. Petersburg he was forced to decide whether he, too, should garb himself in gilt and broadcloth. The matter was left to the state department, which pondered it long, debated it with the White House and finally decided that while our army and navy and the power of our triumphant democracy were prepared to defend an American ambassador if he chose to attend a levee in a cardigan jacket and overalls, it would perhaps be better if in this one respect the ambassador should bow to the prejudices of the Russian court. And so the tailor has been set to work. The question has attracted attention from an austere democratic press. But if the ambassador can perform his slight duties with greater satisfaction to himself in a busby and Zouave pantaloons, we are in favor of permitting him to occupy that attractive uniform. Mr. Choate we understand, has so far departed from the severe sartorial traditions of his office as to appear at court in silk kneebreeches.

A CLOSE CORPORATION.

"I'm afraid," I remarked to the fairest of fair,
"That your heart is a joint-stock company, where
Every man that you know has at least one share."

"Perhaps so," she answered; "but have you not heard
How in such corporations some stock is preferred?"

"Very true," I said eagerly; "still, you forget
That I've not received any dividends yet."

"Stand back!" she retorted. "Suppose I should choose
To retire your stock; don't you think you would lose?"

"Not at all; you are welcome to do that," I said.
"In such case you know, I would get bonds instead."

"But the others," she cried, "they'll object beyond doubt!"
"Let us haste, then, before they know what we're about."
So we held a board meeting and froze them all out.

—Puck.

"Business Before Pleasure."

Philadelphia Record: John Mitchell told at the Clover club dinner the other night a story not altogether humorous. Mr. Mitchell looked well in his first suit of evening clothes. He had said that life was a serious problem to him—that he saw little that was not serious. The story, which he gave later on, bore out that view. He said there were two sisters, seamstresses, who lived in a little room and earned their bread by sewing. They were young and pretty, but they seldom laughed; they never wore comely clothes; they did nothing but sit in a stooped attitude, sewing all day, and a good part of the evening. One night, when she was quite worn out with labor, the younger said to the older sister: "Oh, dear, I wish we were both dead." The older sister's mouth took on a grim smile as she returned: "Be still and work hard. Business before pleasure."

He Knows the Whole Book.

Kansas City Journal: Hon. Joe Cannon ranks as the champion pie-eater of the lower house of congress. He also stands well in Illinois as a pie-distributer.

Never Affected His Head.

St. Paul Globe: Expansion as a slogan finds favor with Mr. Cortelyou—who will get the position in the expanded cabinet of President Roosevelt.

He Has No Regrets.

Washington Post: And then Colonel Bingham will not find the pink-tea-pouring artists quite so numerous on the Buffalo breakwater.

A Story Without Words.

Detroit Journal: Every time we look at the thermometer these days, we cannot help speculating on the future of President Baer.

More Sackcloth and Ashes.

Baltimore American: According to Henry Watterson, England and the smart set stand about an equal chance for a happy future.

With a Station at the Capitol.

Detroit Tribune: Mr. Rockefeller is now ready to indorse both Marconi and a messageless system of sending dispatches.

The Drop Will Come Naturally.

Atlanta Constitution: Apropos of shirt-sleeve diplomacy, it behooves Emperor William to wear his mustache at half mast.

No Chance of Getting It Back.

Buffalo News: Mr. Carnegie must want to get rid of his money. He offered to lend Venezuela enough to pay Germany.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

ACROSS THE STREET.

Across the street the bright lights flashed and gleamed,
And fortune's favored ones were gathered there.
The merry music of the dance outstreamed upon the air.

Across the street—it seemed so far away,
That joyous world, from my unhappy sphere,
Made up of weary toil, day after day,
And year by year.

I turned from my window, with a sigh,
"Thou mak'st life differences, Oh, God, so wide."
I could not conquer that ungrateful cry,
Tho' hard I tried.

Across the street, next night, across the street,
Death's grim insignia from the door was hung.
I heard the passers-by, low-voiced, repeat,
"So fair, so young."

Across the street—ah, surely 'twas not so,
That they were mourning who last night were gay
That yonder mansion was a house of woe,
Where death held sway?

Across the street, beside a single light,
A cheerless company a sad watch kept,
And she, the homaged one of yesternight,
Forever slept.

—DEAN RICE in Boston Journal.

Dangerous Contrivance.

Brooklyn Eagle: To prevent the burial of the living they have, in certain German towns, mortuary chambers in which a bell rope is placed in the hands of each corpse. It seems like a good idea. Will some kindly disposed person please place a bell rope in David B. Hill's hands? We can't be too careful in such cases.

Let's Pretend.

Let's pretend that you and I
Have no real cause to cry
At the stones that bruise us so
In the pathway we are treading—
Tired, tired feet are treading—
We are dancing as we go,
Like we used to long ago,
Let's pretend.

But can you and I rejoice
With the echo of that voice,
With its mournful rise and fall,
Calling, calling, calling, calling?
Hope is dead—can it be calling?
'Tis no voice we hear at all,
'Tis a lonely bittern's call,
Let's pretend.

Does it matter, when 'tis done,
If the race be lost or won?
We have gained something, say I,
If we've just been trying—
Though our heart burst trying—
I can look you in the eye!
It will come right by and by,
Let's pretend. —St. Louis Star.

Something Doing.

Indianapolis Journal: A 400-room office building for members of congress, connected with the capitol by a subway, all of which is to cost $3,800,000, and the enlargement and beautifying of the main wing of the capitol at an expense of $2,500,000, and Cannon, the economical, behind the movement to secure these things? Surely things are doing in Washington!

An Important Amendment.

St. Louis Republic: That Missouri legislature resolution providing for the taxation, branding and licensing of foreign and noble men, both real and genuine, bogus and fraudulent, should be so amended as merely to require that these gentry submit their credentials for approval at the secretary of state's office and pay a specified license tax before being permitted to do business in the state. The branding of such folk would raise such a smell.

Progress of the Torrence System.

Philadelphia Ledger: The Chicago real estate board has adopted resolutions declaring for an amendment to the Torrens law, by which it is believed all the real estate in the county will come within the operation of the act within twenty-five years. The resolutions recite that Torrens certificates of title are now received in place of abstracts and guaranty policies by the real estate board, the railroad companies, building and loan associations and mortgage creditors in Cook county generally. The registrar of titles describing the operation of the Torrens system, reports that since its installation in 1899 about 9000 parcels of land of the value of $15,000,000, have been registered, and that the system has been sufficiently tested to justify action that will gradually bring all the remaining real estate in the county under it.

Shakespeare Class.

The Evening Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club will hold a meeting Wednesday evening in Temple Recital hall. This class has had a most interesting year. The plan of work followed has been the discussion of one of the plays for one evening. "Much Ado About Nothing," "Shakespeare's Men of Action," and "Richard III" have been given by some of the best Shakespeare students the town affords. For Wednesday evening "Macbeth", which is perhaps as interesting and fascinating as any of the plays, will be discussed and portions of it read. L. C. Harris will be the leader. Any one interested in the work is incited to attend this meeting.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN
Both 'Phone 969. W. H. Reaney, Mgr.
Dick Ferris presents Ferris Comedians in
"The Man Outside"
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, WEDNESDAY MATINEE 2:30.
Night prices, 10c, 25c and 50. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c.
Always open. New specialties. Never closed.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Ossip Gabrilowitch
Famous Russian Pianist,
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26,
PRICES—$1.50, $1.00, 75c and 50c.

Ask Your Grocer
about the copies of
Famous Paintings Absolutely Free
to purchasers of
Pillsbury's Vitos,
the ideal Wheat Food for breakfast, dinner and supper. Ask to see them.
Pillsbury's Vitos is made by the millers of Pillsbury's Best Flour.

IS AGAINST DELAY

Council Is For Speed In East Superior Street Paving.

Action Again Deferred on New Duluth Street Railway Franchise.

Declared in favor of speedy levy and collecting of East Superior street asphalt paving assessment.

Discussed the proposed street railway franchise designed to furnish rapid transit between West Duluth and New Duluth.

Declared that proposed expenditure of $257,000 by the street railway company in improvements, was necessary.

Decided to grant Duluth Employment agency permission to transfer from Lake avenue to Michigan street.

Deferred action on two important condemnation resolutions providing for street extensions.

Decided that work on the new East End fire hall should begin immediately.

The last session of the twenty-second council is now a matter of municipal history.

The aldermen made a determined effort to clean up all old business but despite these efforts they left the Volk street railway franchise and several other important matters a legacy for the twenty-third council.

The most important action of this closing was the adoption of a resolution unanimously declaring against any delay in the East Superior street asphalt paving assessment and improvement.

There has been considerable talk from an apparently authorative source, to the effect that the Barber Asphalt company which has the contract to pave between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues east, would seek another delay in contract.

Recently President Maritz, of the board of public works, called the councils attention to the fact that delay in this improvement was tying up something over $50,000 in the permanent improvement revolving fund which should be available for other improvements of a very necessary character. He further urged the council to grant authority to go ahead with the assessment which has been held up since last fall at the request of property owners.

In its action last evening the council virtually served notice that it would stand back of the board of public works in its desire to keep the revolving fund from lapsing into a state of unsoundness, particularly when so many property owners from all parts of the city were urgently petitioning for so many necessary minor improvements.

In taking the stand it did last evening, the council came out with a flat-footed declaration that no more filibustering for time on the part of paving contractors would be tolerated, and declared that the East Superior street assessment should be made as soon as possible under the charter provisions.

The ordinance granting A. C. Volk & Co. the right to build and operate a street railway between West Duluth and New Duluth was discussed at considerable length.

Up to the present time the failure to pass this franchise ordinance has been due to difficulty in establishing an eastern terminating point. But last night the trouble was in establishing a western terminus.

It is generally understood now that the Duluth-Superior Traction company will extend its West Duluth line to Fairmount Park, and in that case there would be no necessity in having the New Duluth line extend eastward of Seventy-first avenue west. That settled the first point of dispute.

Alderman Cullum then desired a clause inserted by which the company getting the franchise could be compelled to extend its line from New Duluth to Fond du Lac just as soon as public traffic would warrant such an extension.

There was a long argument over this and as a result the city attorney was instructed to draft a suitable amendment to the franchise ordinance embodying Mr. Cullum's ideas.

* * *

The recent communication from the Duluth-Superior Traction company relative to expending $257,000 in track improvements during the coming summer was discussed and a committee report was endorsed expressing the opinion that the proposed improvements were very necessary and if carried out within a reasonable time would be of great benefit to the citizens of Duluth.

* * *

The Duluth Employment company was granted permission to transfer its Lake avenue agency to West Michigan street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

This permission was denied a week ago on the ground that the name was so similar to that of the Duluthin Free Employment bureau that it would likely cause a confusion in business.

The officer of the Duluth Employment company made a fight for the name and transfer on the ground that the first was theirs by right of discovery and the transfer would not in any way interfere with the municipal bureau.

* * *

Work of building the new No. 4 fire hall in the East End may now begin. The council has approved the contract awarded to J. A. Roberts, by the board of fire commissioners, and after a steady four-year fight the new station will soon be a fact instead of a desire.

* * *

No action was taken in the proposed condemnation for the extension of Gosnold street in West Duluth or for the extension of Minnesota avenue across the Clark property near Oatka beach. Both matters will be taken up by the new council which will be inaugurated next Monday.

RESPECTED CITIZENS

Enter Into Revolver Fight With Fatal Results.

Spruger, N. M., Feb. 24.—I. N. Shook, a carpenter at Cimarron, twenty-two miles west of here, was shot and killed by B. S. Payne, a liveryman, as the result of a quarrel between the children of the two men. The fathers took up the quarrel with fatal results. Both men had large families and were highly respected.

HAS HEARD NOTHING

Concerning Carnegie's Proposal to Erect Peace Palace.

New York, Feb. 24.—Stanford Newel, United States minister at The Hague, when asked respecting Mr. Carnegie's proposals for providing a permanent headquarters for the international arbitration tribunal, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune, remarked that he had no official information on the subject. The Dutch ministers and the representatives of the powers have been deeply interested in the scheme for a "palace of peace," but the United States minister has been forced to tell them that he had not been consulted and knew nothing about it except from irresponsible sources.

British Cruiser a Record Breaker.

The new armored cruiser recently built for the British government is a record breaker, having developed the fastest speed of any vessel in their navy. In medicine, however, we have the record breaker in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Introduced over fifty years ago it has forged ahead until today finds it occupying the foremost position as a family remedy, and is used largely to the exclusion of all others. Don't fail to try a bottle, especially if you are weak and run down or suffer from poor appetite, heartburn, belching, nausea, headache, indigestion, dyspepsia or constipation. It cannot help but do you good, and if taken regularly will surely restore you to perfect health. The genuine must have our Private Stamp over the neck of the bottle. Refuse all imitations.

Constipation Cured



Those who have used salts, castor oil, and the many home and manufactured purgatives, know that in such treatment there is no possibility of cure from constipation. These remedies are at most physics and do absolutely no good. In fact they frequently provoke piles, fistula, female disorders and many cases of appendicitis are traceable to their use. Soon the ordinary doses of these physics fail to have any effect upon the bowels.

There never was a case of temporary or obstinate constipation that

Mull's Grape Tonic

would not cure. First, Mull's Grape Tonic is unlike any other treatment for constipation. It is the greatest and most positive laxative known. But that isn't what cures. It is the tonic properties of the grape and other fruits that strengthens the worn-out muscles of the intestinal tract. Mull's Grape Tonic builds flesh, makes strength and creates rich, red blood. Mull's Grape Tonic is the finest thing ever known for constipation. It is guaranteed to cure you. Large sample bottle sent free to any address on receipt of 10 cts. for postage by Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ill. Send your druggist's name.

All druggists sell Mull's Grape Tonic at 50 cents a bottle.

UNABLE TO SPELL

Sad Deficiency Is Found In Pupils of High School.

Spelling Lessons Twice a Week Are to Be Inaugurated.

High school students are very bad spellers. The faculty has been unable to solve the problem of bad spelling. Many believe that it is due to a defect of the system in the graded schools which can not be corrected, or only corrected with difficulty in the high schools. In an endeavor to correct this fault, Principal Smith has set Tuesday and Thursday mornings apart for public spelling lessons, in which the whole school will take part. These will take place during the morning exercises in the Assembly hall.

Many of the high school students are bright along various lines of education in which they are interested. Some are good Englist students, having an excellent elementary knowledge of composition and literature, but they cannot spell.

They misspell words in their examinations. Simple words are murdered even more than unusual ones. This is the way some of the most ordinary words are written at the high school: "Recieve," "seperate," "adress," "interest," "excelent," "amature," "maintainence," "judgement," "reccomend," "acomodate" and even "gass." These are a few specimens that offend the eyes of the hard-working instructors in their periodical grind through examination papers.

The inability to spell affects good and poor students alike. A young woman who was an honor pupil at a recent graduation of a class of high school students—and who took almost first honors at that—wrote a letter a week after the commencement exercises and spelled both "address" and "receive" wrongly.

Principal Smith told a story to the school the other morning about a young man who had finished high school and, though he was satisfactory in other lines, his lack of knowledge of orthography kept him from securing a good position.

Penmanship akin to the noted scroll of Horace Greely is the affliction of some of the students, but spelling is the most general failing. Every effort is being made for that matter has been made by the authorities to remedy the failing. The new scheme of general spelling lessons twice a week will be helpful if the students take hold of it earnestly, as they probably will.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The seniors of the Cloquet high school entertained the juniors at a social held in the high school room on Washington's building. Refreshments were served and program rendered and all attending reported a most enjoyable time.

Dalles lodge, A. F. & A. M., celebrated the final payment of their lodge building on Saturday evening last. About sixty members attended the banquet which was quite elaborate and was gotten up by the ladies of the Methodist Episcopal church. The table decorations were orchids and roses. Speeches were delivered by Rev. F. C. Coolbaugh, Dr. H. B. Allen, Prof. Cobb, and Judge Skemp, interspersed with music and a very pleasant evening was spent.

Mrs. T. Melville and daughters Jennie left yesterday for Chicago where Mrs. Melville will purchase her spring stock of millinery goods.

C. L. Dixon made a business trip to Minneapolis on Monday.

M. H. Schuster, of Floodwood, was in the city yesterday.

John Holmes returned to the city on Saturday after an extended visit with friends in Paspelia, Canada.

Monday was observed as Washington's birthday by the postoffice and banks of this city. The postoffice was open until 3 o'clock while the banks were closed all day.

Mrs. J. W. Campbell entertained the ladies of St. Andrew's guild today while Mrs. Bennett entertained the Ladies auxiliary of the Presbyterian church.

A surprise party was given Mr. and Mrs. Paul Lavoie on Saturday night. About twenty-five couples attended. The evening was spent at cards and other amusements and a glorious thue is reported by all present.

J. B. McLeran, of Duluth, transacted business in the city yesterday.

The members of the W. C. O. O. H., French court, pleasantly surprised their chief ranger, Mrs. P. Pelletier last Friday evening and presented her with a beautiful silver platter. Progressive euchre was played and lunch was served by Mrs. Pelletier.

I. M. Peterman, banker of the M. W. O. A., recently received a check for $2,000, payable to Mrs. Seguin, whose husband died about two months ago, and of which lodge he was a member. The money was immediately turned over to Mrs. Seguin.

Mrs. E. Garvin, of St. Paul, is in the city the guest of her brother, Bob. Pollard.

SAY LEVY WANTED MONEY.

Charges Against Chairman of Printing Committee.

Olympia, Wash., Feb. 24.—Three firms holding printing contracts with the state have filed a written statement charging that Chairman Louis Levy, of the printing committee appointed by the legislature, has solicited from them $1500 as consideration for giving favorable report on the letting of printing contracts last July.

The charges were filed with the committee, and pending their investigation Levy was retired from the chairmanship. Levy, who is a member of the house from Seattle, claims that the charges are made to discredit his investigation which he alleges has unearthed corruption and he claims that two of the firms will recede from the charges when called upon to testify.

OVERLAND TO NOME.

First Party This Winter Starts From Seattle.

Seattle, Feb. 24.—The first persons to leave this or any other port for an overland trip to Nome for the winter of 1902-03 started yesterday. They are Frank A. Shaw and Edwin Englestadt. From Seattle to Skagway they proceed by steamer, thence by train to White Horse, down the Yukon to Nulato, across the portage to Norton bay and around the shore of the sea to Nome.

Shaw is manager of the Wild Goose Mining company's Golovin bay property.

No higher Standard than that of
Gorham Silver
implied by the trade-mark, the Lion, the Anchor, and the G, is known to the trade. The bulk of silverware other than Gorham falls appreciably below the standard, yet costs as much.
STERLING
All responsible jewelers keep it

EDUCATORS

Begin a Three Days Session at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Feb. 24.—The department of superintendents of the National Educational association met here today with representatives from all the states and cities for a session of three days. In addition to the superintendents of instruction in cities, Dr. W. G. Harris, United States commissioner of education, and many state school commissioners are present, while very many college presidents and professors are here. Charles W. Elliot, president of Harvard, and also president of the National Educational association, speaks tomorrow night on "How to Utilize Fully the Plant of a City School System.' At different halls the National Society for Scientific Study, the National Educational Press association, the National Association of College Teachers and kindred organizations will also be in session here this week.

MRS. VAN VORST'S VIEW.

Says No Spinster Has Ever Achieved Distinction.

New York, Feb. 24.—Miss Marie Van Vorst who, with her sister-in-law, Mrs. John Van Vorst, wrote "The Woman Who Toils," has given her views of what President Roosevelt calls "race suicide." Speaking at the home of Dr. W. C. Lusk, at 47 East Thirty-fourth street, she said:

"Tell me where you will find an old maid in the history of the world who achieved distinction.

"Jeanne D'Arc is the only unmarried woman to my knowledge whose deeds are historic. Yet the fact must be admitted that she may have been married. We really know little about her life.

"Marriage develops character and widens experiences as nothing else will. Considered therefore, from the point of view of its good influence on the individual it is to be desired.

"Every woman should marry and have a family around her. You may talk of the responsibilities and worries of a woman's life if left alone penniless with a family. But even this experience is for her good.

"The tendency of the American girl of today to remain single is one of the signs of the times to be deplored. Marriage is the last thing of which she thinks.

"The love of independence is so strong in us that we postpone a choice until we have grown difficult to please, exacting and fond of our own liberty. It is not necessary that woman is forced to remain single. It is that she wants to.

"The fact remains that the world's celebrated women have all married.

"Love, not duty should be the basis of home life if it is to be ideal, and if our homes are to build up the ideal people —the great American nation of the future.

"This love should consist of the love of husband and wife and of child. That forms a chain no outside influence is strong enough to break."

STUDENTS FAIL

To Pass In English Studies at Northwestern.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Eighty of 250 students who took the entrance examination in English at Northwestern university, failed to pass the test. The examination was held the last week, the words being taken from papers written by former students in the English classes, and the results made known Saturday. The report was given by Dr. J. Scott Clark, and, as he sometimes fails to place an "n" in words he uses when hastily writing bulletins, many of the students thought he might possibly overlook ome of their shortcomings. But he did not.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

A New, Effectual and Convenient Cure For Catarrh.

Of catarrh remedies there is no end, but of catarrh cures there has always been a great scarcity. There are many remedies to relieve, but very few that really cure.

The old practice of snuffing salt water through the nose would often relieve, and the washes, douches, powders and enhalers in common use are very little, if any, better than the old-fashioned salt water douche.

The use of inhalers and the application of salves, washes and powders to the nose and throat to cure catarrh is no more reasonable than to rub the back to cure kidney disease. Catarrh is just as much a blood disease as kidney trouble or rheumatism, and it can not be cured by local treatment any more than they can be.

To cure catarrh, whether in the head, throat or stomach, an internal antiseptic treatment is necessary to drive the catarrhal poison out of the blood and system, and the new catarrh cure is designed on this plan, and the remarkable success of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is because, being used internally, it drives out catarrhal infection through action upon the stomach, liver and bowels.

William Zimmerman, of St. Joseph, relates an experience with catarrh which is of value to millions of catarrh sufferers everywhere. He says: "I neglected a slight nasal catarrh until it gradually extended to my throat and bronchial tubes, and finally even my stomach and liver become affected, but as I was able to keep up and do a day's work I let it run along until my hearing began to fail me, and then I realized that I must get rid of catarrh or lose my position, as I was a clerk, and my hearing was absolutely necessary.

"Some of my friends recommended an inhaler, another a catarrh salve, but they were no good in my case, no, was anything else until I heard of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and bought a package at my drug store. They benefited me from the start, and in less than four months I was completely cured of catarrh, although I had suffered nearly all my life from it.

"They are pleasant to take and so much more convenient to use than other catarrh remedies that I feel I cannot say enough in favor of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets."

DRILL TO BE PUT ON

Quodenaw Company Will Increase Its Exploration Facilities.

Expect to Have Car of Coal In Duluth By June 1.

"We expect to have a steam drill on our property within two weeks," said one of the officers of the Quodenaw Development company, which is exploring not far from Grand Rapids for bituminous coal. "The snow would, of course, not interfere with the work of exploration when conducted with a steam drill, as it does at present. We have been greatly handicapped in our work of exploration by our lack of proper machinery to carry it on, but when we get the steam drill installed we can soon gain some idea of the extent and value of the deposits, which we know are there.

"We expect to have a sample car of coal in Duluth by the first day of June. Of course we have no railroad facilities as yet, and the coal will have to be taken to the railroad in wagons. It will merely be a sample car and will be in the nature of an experiment.

"The cost of developing the property will be great and we have not as yet discussed this phase of the matter. Our company is merely a development company. When we find the extent and value of our deposit, the question of mining it will be easily solved.

"The land in that vicinity has been greatly enhanced in value since the announcement of our discovery. We have secured leases for all the state lands which were available, and the farmers in the district refuse to sell their lands. The company attempted to purchase land from some of the farmers, but the offer to buy coming when they knew there was exploration being carried on made them suspicious, and they refused to sell under exorbitant figures."

HETTY GREEN LECTURED

By Chicago Pastor For Foreclosing Mortgage on Church.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Hetty Green was scored Sunday evening by Rev. Frederick E. Hopkins from the pulpit of the Pilgrim Congregational church, Harvard avenue and Sixty-fourth street, for her action in foreclosing the mortgage on the Fifth Presbyterian church. He chose for the subject of his sermon, "Is the Church a Failure, or the Difference Between Hetty Green and Jesus' Friends, Mary and Martha."

"Poor Hetty Green, God bless her dear old heart," began the pastor, in referring to the mortgage. This so-called richest woman of the world, has foreclosed a mortgage on a poor little church, to which her husband lent money.

"On the name of this husband she cast a reflection because he loaned money in the cause of Christianity. It is said he was henpecked in life, and now he is getting it in death. She says the church which does not meet its obligations is no good. This may be so, but it is not right for her to say it in view of what the church has done for womankind. What this richest woman of the world should have done, now that she is tottering on the brink of the grave, would have been to telegraph her attorneys in Chicago to cancel the mortgage on the church and let the congregation sing "Praise God, From Whom All Blessings Flow."

"Mrs. Green should remember that Christianity has done more for women than any other agency in the world. What was woman before the era of Christ? A slave. She washed the feet and hands of her master, father, brother—and waited on him, fed him, and if there was anything left she and the dogs got it. Christianity changed the entire relations of man and woman. Who were the best friends of Jesus? Mary and Martha. He put the stamp of approval upon womanhood, until the fairest flower of the world today is Christian womanhood. The very last person in the world today to say a thing against the church should be a woman, for two-thirds of the church is composed of women. In spite of all forces combined against the Christian church, it remains the most successful institution in the world today."

ILL-BRED CHILDREN.

Miss Vining Complains of Children of Rich.

Boston Mass., Feb. 24.—Miss Floretta Vining a well-known club woman and general censor of morals, has started a new crusade. Her last theme was that of the evil of intemperance among women, and that went the country over. Now she complains of the ill-breeding and poor manners of the children of the rich and well-to-do and her caustic criticism, based upon visits to the first families of this and other states will be read by them with becoming humility.

According to Miss Vining, the modern child is a mighty poor specimen. She hurls imprecations against the coming race, calling them "ill bred" and without manners. She wants a change made in the present method of dealing with children and wants thrashing handed out liberally.

Children are ruined in these days by kindness, thinks Miss Vining and softened by the lack of a good whipping occasionally. The vice of extravagance among children also is growing, and also the fault of avarice which impels the children constantly to tease their parents for money.

The mothers come in for criticism from Miss Vining, and she bewails the fact that the mothers leave the care and teaching of children to servant girls with the result that the children acquire shockingly ill-bred manners.

ART EXHIBIT

At World's Fair Will Be Beyond Expectations.

New York, Feb. 24.—Halsey Cooley Ives, who has come to London with Vittoria Zeggio, Hawkins Taylor and Palmer L. Bowen, to consult with ex-Governor Francis respecting art interests at the St. Louis exposition, gives most encouraging accounts of the work here and on the continent, according to the Tribune's London correspondent. There has been some friction in Sweden and Italy, but those governments will join with England, France, Holland, Belgium and Germany in contributing art exhibits of a comprehensive nature. He has received word at Mesdag would be at the head of the movement in Holland to provide suitable representation of Dutch art. Sir Edward Poynter is taking the lead in the English movement. Negotiations with the governments have been virtually closed, and Mr. Ives is now working successfully with the artists themselves. He asserts with confidence that the art exhibit at St. Louis will be brilliant and satisfactory beyond expectations.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

The Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits (which exceed **one million dollars**) of **The First National Bank of Duluth** is the security back of your deposit in the **Savings Department.** SAVINGS ACCOUNTS are the most satisfactory means of accumulating small or large amounts of money for any desired object. Interest is added to the principal every six months. Deposits of ONE DOLLAR or more are received, and books given showing the exact state of your account at all times. The Department is opened every business day during the regular banking hours, and on Saturday evening from six to eight o'clock.

SLAVES OF THE TEACUP

How Boston Women Ruin Health and Brain Power.

Boston, Feb. 24.—According to Dr. Mark Blake, a Boston physician, there are 35,000 women in the Hub who are slaves to the tea cup, or, as Dr. Blake puts it, politely, "drink tea to excess."

"Three out of every five women in Boston drink tea," said Dr. Blake, "and one of each three to excess, making 100,000 women in the whole city addicted to the habit and 20,000 who have become slaves to it. Everywhere one goes one will find the omnipresent kettle and tea cups. The habit has spread to high school girls, and it is ruining not only their complexions but their health, digestion and brain power."

DUFFY'S STRANGE STORY.

Took Drink In Iowa and Awoke In Moorhead.

Moorhead, Minn., Feb. 24.—Thomas Duffy, until recently an agent for the Milwaukee railroad at Portland, Iowa, tells a remarkable story of how he was placed in a stupor by the influence of a drink given him by an unknown person in Mason City, and how he lost all consciousness and could not remember anything from that time until he awoke in Moorhead.

According to his statement he was discharged from his position pending an investigation of a hold-up of which he had been the victim while in his office. Accompanied by an attorney, he went to Mason City, visiting several gambling places in hopes of obtaining some clue relative to the hold-up. During one of their visits the place they were in was raided by the police, and the following day Duffy was fined $10, although, according to his statement, the gamblers were allowed to go free. As he left the police court he was accosted by a man whom he recognized as one of the gamblers and who offered him a drink to which he ascribes such remarkable effects.

Octave Thanet
M. Quad
Charles Eugene Banks
Hon. W. H. Hinrichsen
Ernest McGaffey
Kennett Harris
Leo Tolstoi

Are among the ten contributors

To the

March Number

10 Story Book

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Pleasant to Take.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. W. L. Roderick, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect." For sale by Boyce's drug store.

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Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years.
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The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.



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WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at B. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This preparation is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza and has become famous for its cures of these diseases over a large part of the civilized world.

It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

It not only cures colds and influenza, (grip) but counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia.

It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given to a baby as confidently as to an adult.

LONG SESSION OF THE HOUSE

(Continued from Page One.)

that when they are, if the authorities deem it proper, the unearned balance of the license fee shall be repaid.

By Mr. Morley—Appropriating $1000 for the use of the Butter and Cheesemakers' association in disseminating literature and other information about the dairy business in this state.

By Mr. Stevenson—Requiring county auditors to give statements of taxes on all property for 25 cents per statement, such statements to be conclusive evidence against the county of the condition of the taxes.

By Mr. Stevenson—Giving sheriffs the same fees for making a sale of real estate under execution that they now get for selling under mortgage foreclosure.

By J. D. Schroeder—Providing for the survey and taxation of dried up lake beds suitable for hay or farming.

By Mr. Dowling—Permitting county boards to give county superintendents, whose salaries does not exceed $1800 a year not more than $400 a year for traveling expenses.

By Mr. Dowling—Providing that voters in cities of 50,000 or over must keep out of the vote on county superintendents, and that the latter must not live in such cities. This and the preceding bills are substitutes for a former bill covering the same points.

By Mr. Wilson—Providing that summonses and subpoenaes may be served by reading them over the telephone.

By Mr. Helliwell—Appropriating $1600 for the relief of Charles Larson, a workman who was injured at the state agricultural college in 1900, and who has been unable to work since.

By Capt. Lewis—Providing that United States court judgments must be filed in the counties in which the property is located before they become a lien.

By Mr. Sheve—Giving the state what it has not now, a uniform standard of weights and measures.

By Mr. Erickson—Increasing the limit of damages for death by personal injuries from $5000 to $15,000. There is already a bill in making it $10,000.

By Mr. Anderegg—Appropriating $75,000 to build a livestock amphitheater at the state fair grounds.

* * *

The house waded through a calendar of six bills and passed them all. One of them was the bill providing that gasoline and benzine must not be sold in quantities of less than ten gallons, except in cans painted a bright red and conspicuously labeled with a notice of their contents.

Another bill that passed was introduced by Capt. Randall, of Duluth, permitting the deposit of wills in the probate court during the life of the makers.

There was a very long general order of twenty-six bills, and the house also ploughed through this list. The Laybourn bill increasing salaries of the Duluth district judges to $5000 a year, of which $1500 is to be paid by the county, was on general orders, but progress was reported upon it at the request of Mr. Tighe, of Ramsey county, who wanted to make sure that it did not affect the conditions in his county. There will be no opposition to it.

The Fust bill providing for the punishment of minors who make saloonkeepers believe they are of lawful age and thus obtain liquor was killed by the house in committee of the whole, on the ground that it might work to destroy the effect of the present law punishing saloonkeepers for selling liquor to minors.

The Mork bill, which provided that dealers had to color all kerosene used for illuminating purposes a deep red, was recommended for indefinite postponement on motion of its author.

The bill providing that the expense of caring for smallpox patients shall be divided equally between the county and the municipality was recommended to pass. So was the Gandrud bill prohibiting the incarceration of harmless and incurable lunatics in the state asylums.

The bill to prevent compulsory vaccination and to prevent vaccination being made a precedent to school attendance, was expected to stir up a row, but its author asked for progress and did not bring it up.

* * *

The house labor committee yesterday recommended for passage the bill limiting the hours that railroad engineers and firemen shall work. The bill provides they shall not be compelled to work more than fourteen hours on a stretch, and that they shall have eight hours' rest between shifts.

* * *

An attempt to have the anti-vaccination bill made a special order for March 3 was lost by a decisive vote. The anti-vaccinationists are putting up a very hard fight in behalf of the bill, and it would not be surprising if the measure passed the house, though the vote is likely to be rather close. There are a number of physicians in the house and they form a solid phalanx against which the antis try in vain to make headway.

* * *

Senator Laybourn's bill, introduced by him in the senate yesterday, by request, providing for a gross earnings tax upon fraternal, co-operative and assessment insurance companies, in lieu of all other taxes, is intended to permit the companies to hold bonds without being taxed more than the interest amounts to. The bill originated with the Modern Samaritans.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Big Reduction in Electric Light Rates

Commencing January 1, 1903, the rates for electric current used after that date will be reduced from a basis rate of twenty cents per kilo watt to fifteen cents per kilo watt, with increased reductions for current use.

The New Rates Are As Follows:

1 to 20 thousand watts	15 cents per thousand watts
20 to 60 thousand watts	14 cents per thousand watts
60 to 100 thousand watts	12½ cents per thousand watts
100 to 200 thousand watts	10 cents per thousand watts
All over 200 thousand watts	8 cents per thousand watts

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on all bills paid before the 12th of the month.

—Note—1000 watts equal one kilo watt.—

EXAMPLE OF REDUCTION:

20,000 watts at 20c per kilo watt amounts to $4 00, less 15 per cent discount, net.....$3.40
New rates—20,000 watts at 14 cents per kilo watts amounts to $2.80, less 10 per cent, net.....$2.52

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A full set of the best artificial teeth... **$10**
And no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns (22 K)	$7.00
Porcelain Crowns	$5.00
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QUESTION OF MINERAL LANDS

The Supreme Court Holds That Granite Is Included.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The case of the Northern Pacific Railway company against John A. Soderberg, involving the question as to what constitutes mineral lands, as used in the act of July 2, 1864, was decided yesterday by the supreme court of the United States in favor of Soderberg. The railway company sought to enjoin him from removing or disposing of granite from a quarter section of land in Washington state of which he had taken possession under a mineral location. Justice Shiras delivered the opinion for Justice Brown. The court said:

"We are of the opinion that this legislation consists with, rather than opposes, the overwhelming weight of authority to the effect that mineral lands include not merely metalliferous, but all such as are chiefly valuable for their deposits of a mineral character, which are useful in the arts or valuable for purposes of manufacture."

The decree of the lower court dismissing the company's bill was affirmed. Justices Brewer and Peckham dissented.

SIX FROZEN TO DEATH.

Three Mexican Women and Three Children Dead.

Gallad, Texas, Feb. 24.—The bodies of six Mexicans, three women and three children, who had frozen to death, were found yesterday in the river, eight miles above here.

The bodies were found lying close together, their positions showing that the women had tried to protect the children. They were with friends on the south side of the river Wednesday and were put across in a skiff by Tomas Vasquez, husband of Helen Vasquez, after which they started for a camp on the north side of the river, two or three miles distant. It is supposed they were lost and frozen that night.

OLD SOL A BALL OF FIRE

Encircled By a Shell, Says Harvard Astronomer.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 24.—Prof. Edward C. Pickering, the head of Harvard Observatory, declares that Alexander Young, the Indiana astronomer who claims to have discovered that the sun is inhabited, "is a crank, whose assertions are nothing short of ridiculous."

"The only solution I can give to the evident mistake of Mr. Young, of Laporte," says he, "is that he must have confused the sun and the moon. The moon, as has been stated by astronomers who have made observations of it, and also taken photographs of it, is thickly strewn with vegetation and quite a number of volcanoes, but this could not possibly exist in the sun, as the sun is hotter than the hottest electric furnace that was ever manufactured upon the earth. The sun is a ball of fire, which is encircled by a shell that generates the heat."

WIFE WAS CRUEL.

Because She Shoved Him Into Box of Butter.

Zanesville, Ohio, Feb. 24.—Thomas Bichard filed a divorce petition with peculiar allegations against Cynthia Bichard, to whom he was married in Kalkaska, Mich. in January, two years ago. He is a grocer, and stated that six months following his wedding, while he was stooping over into a refrigerator to get butter for a customer, his wife slipped up behind him, pushed him head first into numerous rolls of butter and slammed the refrigerator down upon him.

MRS. DOWIE GETS DIVORCE.

Clarinda, Iowa, Feb. 24.—Mrs. Elizabeth J. North-Dowie was yesterday granted a divorce from John Murray Dowie, father of the "healer," of Chicago. They had been married less than two years. She deserted her husband, alleging that he was repulsive, overbearing and cruel. She went to Colorado to live with a daughter and later brought suit for a divorce in the courts of Page county, Iowa. One of the stipulations was that she was to allow her husband $5000, which was paid to him yesterday in gold. Mrs. North was probably worth $100,000 at the time of her marriage with Mr. Dowie. Mr. Dowie will continue to make his home at Essex, Iowa.

PULLMAN COMPANY MUST PAY.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 24.—In the United States court here, a jury awarded $500 damages to Rev. Henry P. Johnston, of Camden, a colored man, who sued the Pullman Car company for $10,000. Johnston is editor of the Christian Advocate and on March 25 last, while riding in a Pullman car between Richmond, Va., and Washington, sought service in the dining car. He claimed that he was refused food by different subterfuges, notwithstanding he applied three times. Finally, when all the passengers had been served and the employes were eating he said he was offered food.

ARE BEING CURED

Cases of Tuberculosis Successfully Treated In New York.

Sufferers Come to Sanitarium Only as a Last Resort.

New York, Feb. 24—In spite of alarming reports of the ravages of tuberculosis in New York there is hope for the afflicted. Science is demonstrating that the dread disease can be cured. But money must be provided for the work—sanatoria, medical treatment, proper food and fresh air.

It is safe to say that New York's greatest menace from disease is tuberculosis—consumption, pneumonia, grip, and diseases arising from pulmonary bacterial complications in throat, blood and lungs. According to officials of the board of health, experts of the charity organization, with the ablest physicians and scientific authorities in the world, tuberculosis is the most prevalent of all the fatal diseases.

Statistics prepared by the board of health show that New York has 30,000 persons afflicted with consumption. At least two-thirds of this number are too poor to pay even a moderate amount for board and medical attendance. There are, at the most liberal estimate, fewer than a thousand beds which are available for the use of the consumptives for whom the city should care. This leaves 19,000 of these sufferers without a chance to combat the disease.

The problem of caring for 19,000 tuberculosis patients in hospitals and sanatoria seems appalling. According to the figures of Dr. Trudeau, at the head of the institution in the Adirondacks for the cure of consumption, it costs $2 a day for each patient. New York board of health experts believe that this expense can be reduced to $1 a day. Even this reduction, however, would mean a total cost of $19,000 a day or $3,000,000 a year, for caring for poor patients afflicted with tuberculosis—simply to protect the city from the menace of consumption.

Interesting detailed statements on tuberculosis in the various New York hospitals are as follows, giving a list of homeless cases of tuberculosis that have died in hospitals and various places for the years 1901 and 1902:

Cases that have died in hospitals and found to be "not known" at addresses given	950
Cases where no addresses were given	456
Cases where addresses given were lodging houses	275
Cases where addresses given were outside of Manhattan	106
Total cases	1,787

In an interview with Dr. Lederle, president of the board of health, it is learned that he is in favor of immediate action in the campaign against tuberculosis. He proposes to have a sanitarium in the city, but separated from the penal institutions of the islands, that the patients and their friends may not come in contact with the atmosphere and surroundings of the prisons. Such an institution would be for the immediate use of tuberculosis patients too far advanced to be sent to the country. It is admitted by all the experts that there is urgent necessity for such an institution. The one in Boston has long been pronounced a success. Dr. Lederle makes the following statement of the situation:

"The whole civilized world is aroused over the question of what can be done to check the disease that has come to be known as the white plague tuberculosis.

"This committee of tuberculosis of the Charity Organization society has made an urgent appeal to our health board to take the initiative in the matter of the establishment of out-of-town sanatoria for tuberculosis patients, which the laws of 1900 empower it to do. This act authorizes cities of the first class, through their health boards, to establish such institutions outside of their coroporate limits.

"This should at once be supplemented by the establishment of similar institutions by private funds, and extraordinary efforts should be made to raise them. I cannot imagine a more noble or humane use for money to be put to. Fresh air, sunlight and abundant good, wholesome food are foes to tuberculosis.

"Every person who attempts to influence legislation which would result in the reduction of light and air in those dwellings where the poor are housed is an enemy to modern civilization, and should be treated as such by the public and by the press.

The department of health, even with very limited means at hand, was able to reduce deaths from tuberculosis 10 per cent last year, and is planning to increase its efficiency in this direction by the distribution of literature, having in preparation 75,000 circulars in various languages, including Chinese. We are also planning a tuberculosis dispensary in connection with our main office. Our bacteriological laboratories are equipped to examine rapidly and free of charge for physicians samples of sputum, for diagnosis and for the watching of the progress of the disease. Special physicians are visiting the sick who cannot have private medical attention, and a small corps of trained nurses is being established to augment this service.

"The anti-spitting ordinance is being enforced more strictly, and the recent ordinance against spitting on sidewalks will be likewise enforced.

"In the meantime, something should be done to stop the carrying into the homes of the filth collected from cars, elevated stations, platforms, stairs and sidewalks by the trailing dresses of women. It has often been demonstrated that the dry sputum of those sick with tuberculosis contains the germs of that disease, and requires only a suitable soil for their propagation. In conclusion, it may be said briefly that to check tuberculosis requires:

"First—Sufficient air and light in tenements. Second—Out-of-town sanatoria in salubrious localities. Third—More hospital facilities in the city, preferably in its suburban sections. Fourth—The extension of the work of the department of health method of visiting cases by its physicians and nurses. Fifth—The liberal distribution of literature on the subject, including the aid of the press. Sixth—Prevention of promiscuous spitting. Seventh—Keeping of streets and sidewalks free from dust and dirt.

"Through the energy of Homer Folks, the commissioner of public charities, the treatment of consumptive patients in local sanatoria has passed the experimental stage. The first year's work of the sanatorium on Blackwell's island, closed a few weeks ago, with a record of many consumptives discharged either as cured or greatly improved.

"No institution began its existence under more discouraging circumstances than did the tuberculosis infirmary on Blackwell's island. Practically all it had was a plot of ground and two dilapidated structures, which had been left vacant by the moving of the insane to Ward's island. The cost of baking the places habitable was estimated at $60,000. The commissioner could not obtain that amount, but, with pauper labor, he succeeded at a comparatively trifling cost in fitting up quarters for 370 patients. Of these, 250 were men and the others women.

The institution is a part of the Metropolitan hospital, under the supervision of William B. O'Rourke, who has had many years' experience in hospital management. The infirmary itself is under the control of Christopher Easton, a graduate of Princeton university in the class of 1900, who made studies in sociology under Professor Walter Wyckoff to fit him for the task which he has undertaken.

"Patients admitted to this institution," said Mr. Easton, "have usually reached such a state that many persons would regard their cases as hopeless. Most of them are workingmen, originally of sober and industrial habits, who, on account of the disease, were gradually forced from steady employment and compelled to earn scanty livings by doing odd jobs. As a result they had insufficient food at the very time their systems required that they should be well nourished in order to resist the ravages of consumption.

"We find upon questioning the patients that most of them came here as a last resort. Many in saloons, living on the fragments of free lunch, sleeping in cellars or under counters, and thereby subjecting themselves to the most unfavorable conditions imaginable. Others had expended their savings upon various cures, and, forced by starvation and weakness, they at last came to the tuberculosis infirmary.

"Patients upon their arrival here first have a complete rest of several days. Then they are questioned with regard to their former habits of life, and their occupations and all data available with regard to each case are preserved as a guide for treatment. Fresh air, abundant food and sufficient clothing work wonders. They are greatly benefited by following the daily regimen of the infirmary. They rise at 5:30 o'clock in the morning, and at 6 o'clock they have breakfast, consisting of cereals, bread and butter, coffee, and often of eggs and beefsteak.

"At 8 o'clock cod liver oil, with whisky or sherry, is dispensed, and two hours later all hands are summoned for the morning egg-nog. A substantial dinner, consisting of soup, either beef or mutton and vegetables, is served at noon. Two o'clock again brings the dose of cod liver oil and whisky; 3 o'clock is beef tea time, and at 4 o'clock they again have their egg-nog. They take kindly to this mixture of eggs and milk and spirits. Five o'clock is supper time, and at 8 o'clock, just before going to bed, the patients have either hot or cold milk.

"This diet is of great value, and it may be provided, owing to the economical purchasing of supplies by the department in large quantities, at about 30 cents a day for each patient.

"The temperature of the wards is kept at about 60 degrees, for fresh air is constantly admitted. Those who are officially classified as 'walking patients' by the physicians are required to spend half an hour out of doors in the morning and the same period in the afternoon. They must report themselves on these occasions to the outdoor orderly, and if anyone is absent he is again examined, and if his condition warrants it he is compelled to take his daily constitutionals.

"Now, then, suppose the improved patient is discharged and returns to work for himself and for the good of society. He is provided with a book of rules on leaving the infirmary, which serves to guide him in caring for himself and in preventing his disease from being communicated to others. He will destroy his sputum, he will take out-of-door exercise, and if he can, he will find healthful employment. If he has a family he will insist that his home is well ventilated. He is a sermon in himself wherever he goes, and with proper care he may live many years beyond the time which he would have survived had he not been a patient in a sanitarium."

Drunkards Cured Secretly

A Home Cure Which Any Lady Can Give Secretly That Will Positively Stop Drinking.

TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE.

An odorless and tasteless remedy when put in the drunkard's coffee or food will destroy all desire for drink. This remedy is so simple that anyone can use it and the drunkard need never know why he quit drinking intoxicating liquors.



MISS MARY ROBERTS.

Miss Mary Roberts says the terrible evil of drunkenness has at last found a conqueror in Golden Specific. She saved her brother from ruin and her words burn with new hope to every woman who would rescue a son, brother or husband from the scourge of drunkenness.

It is a physical impossibility for anyone to drink intoxicating liquors and take this medicine.

If anyone desires to try this marvelous remedy, Dr. J. W. Haines, 425 Glenn building, Cincinnati, Ohio, will gladly send a free trial package that they may see how easily it is to be used and how positive is its effect.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

K Bruises, bumps, wounds, cuts, gashes and all other flesh injuries are kept healthy and healed quickly by Kickapoo Indian Oil, the wonderful family liniment. Rub a bruise or a bump and bandage a cut or a gash with the Oil and the soreness and pain will soon disappear. A bottle at hand saves pain, worry and loss of time.

Kickapoo Oil

STOPPED ALDERMAN HUDSON'S SUFFERINGS

"Accept a grateful man's thanks for what your wonderful Kickapoo Indian Oil has done for me. About a year ago, while out driving, my horse ran away. I was dragged nearly 100 yards by the horse, with parts of the buggy on top of me. I was so bruised and sore all over my body that it seemed as if there was not a place that did not ache. A neighbor sent for a couple of bottles of Kickapoo Indian Oil and this was rubbed over my entire body; then linen was wrapped around me, and the Oil was applied every four to six hours. I have never known anything like it. It soothed the pain and took out the soreness in a couple of days. Everyone said that I ought to be glad if I could walk in a month, but within ten days I was entirely recovered; every pain gone, and the bruises and black spots soon disappeared. I used five bottles altogether, but they were worth $100 to me, and more. Since that time I have advised a number of friends to use it, and all who have tried it are enthusiastic in its praise."—F. L. Hudson.



HON. FRANK L. HUDSON
ALDERMAN 38TH WARD
CHICAGO, ILL.

25 cents a Bottle at all Druggists

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN.' MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO



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Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate. Imparts vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. **Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.**

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Varicocele,
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Don't let these night coughs deceive you. Some day you may wake up to the fact that your boy is thin, pale, weak, even seriously ill. You can't safely trifle with any throat or lung trouble. Cure the cough quickly with

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It's the same medicine your old doctor gave you when you were a child. The young doctors indorse it now, too, for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, consumption.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

"I have the greatest confidence in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I have used it for a number of years and I never knew it to fail to break up a cold." — CHARLES PREVOST, Plattsburg, N. Y.

BARRED BY COLOR

Is the White Man's Widow, Attorney Ewing Asserts.

The Strangest Case In the Annals of Tennessee.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 24.—Declaring that Eliza Massey, of Corona, Tenn., is a negress, Attorney Ewing has instituted the most remarkable countercharge to a suit ever filed in an American court.

Eliza Massey, in her suit against the H. C. Williamson Land Investment company, of this city, alleges that the late William Massey, of Corona, Tenn., was her husband, and seeks to recover property transferred to the Williamson company, which was conveyed without her joint signature.

The sole defense put forward by the attorney for the Williamson company is that the petitioner is not of pure white blood, and that the alleged marriage was, therefore, null and void.

It is understood that Eliza Massey, through her attorneys, will fight the charge bitterly, and that revelations of a most sensational character will be made in the litigation.

The legal aspect of the case is as follows:

On Sept. 13 last, Mrs. E. W. Massey, presumably and generally considered a white woman, drew up a petition in the law office of Smith & Smith, of Covington, Tenn., setting forth that before the death of her alleged husband, E. W. Massey, on April 3, 1901, the latter sold and transferred to Armistead Bros., of Memphis, a large tract of land in Tipton county, Tenn. The conveyance, she alleges, was made without her signature. Later Armistead Bros. sold the property to the H. C. Williamson Land Investment company.

Now this petition sets forth that under the homestead laws of Tennessee the first transfer was illegal, owing to the absence of her signed consent, and she seeks to recover the property on behalf of her 18-year-old boy, James D. Massey, and herself.

Caruthers Ewing, the attorney for the Williamson company, investigated the matter thoroughly, and in behalf of his client sent the answer to the suit to Chancellor John S. Cooper.

The sole defense in this answer is that Mrs. Massey is not a white woman, but is a negress. According to the law of Tennessee, he declares, the marriage was illegal and will be declared null and void if the allegation is proved.

In support of this claim J. F. Kenton, a well-known planter of Tipton county, has sworn that Eliza Massey is the daughter of Dr. Williams, now dead, who lived at Corona, and Charity Williams, a negress.

Sam Williams, a negro living near Corona, has sworn that Mrs. Massey is his sister.

Jake Mitchell, a negro of Tipton county, has sworn that he knows Mrs. Massey.

William Smithers, also of Corona, has made an affidavit that when he was a clerk on the steamboat Ora Lee, some few years ago, he ejected Mrs. Massey from a cabin in his boat because he knew that she was a negress and not a white woman. "She was as white as any Caucasian," he said, "but her hair was kinky." Capt. O. K. Joplin and C. A. Stockley, both of Tipton county, have verified these statements.

Mrs. Massey is said to be a remarkably handsome woman and has a perfectly white complexion. Her hair is described as wavy. Her son, by E. W. Massey, is 18 years old. He is is also said to be pure Caucasian in appearance. He has always regarded himself as white and associates with white boys.

From the wording of Mrs. Massey's petition those locally interested in the matter are of the opinion that she was actually married to Massey about twenty years ago, and that she lived with him until his death.

Mrs. Massey has been given an intimation of the nature of the countercharge to her petition.

The matter will be brought up in the chancery court of Covington in a few weeks.

The hearing will, undoubtedly, create a sensation throughout the South. Massey was a wealthy land holder and was well connected in Tennessee. The case is the only one of its kind ever tried in an American court, according to the belief of local lawyers, and the constitutionality of the statute forbidding intermarriage of the races may be carried to the supreme court.

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It is pure.
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FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

PLANTING OF PINE

And Cedar Trees on the Sand Hills of Nebraska.

Bureau of Forestry Will Begin Work In the Spring.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The task of growing valuable forests on the barren sand hills of Nebraska will begin this spring, when the bureau of forestry will seed about 100 acres of the Dismal river forest reserve near Halsey with red cedar and jack pine. If the seeding succeeds and is done with economy, the bureau will seed and plant the following year probably 1000 acres in cedar and pines, and will ultimately extend the forest by gradual plantings over a large part of the 208,000 acres in the Dismal River and Niobrara reserves.

A nursery has been established at Halsey, in the valley of the Middle Loup river, with a half-acre seed bed protected by laths. A tool house and office building have been built. Nearly 600 pounds of seed, principally Western yellow pine, red cedar and jack pine, has been collected for planting in the spring.

The sand hills are unfit for agriculture. If large forests can be grown on them, the timber will be of very great value to a country now without trees, where lumber brings high prices. The attempt of the bureau has every chance of success.

* * *

Many acres of burned land in the San Gabriel and San Bernardino mountains, Southern California, have been planted with pines and incense cedar this winter by the bureau of forestry. Heavy rains have helped the planters; the seeds of the November planting have already germinated.

This work has commanded the interest and the help of the country which is affected. The Los Angeles County Forest and Water association has subscribed $266, and the board of trade of Pasadena $600, to help in the expense of the planting. The country is alarmed by the steadily-decreasing water supply; the growing of trees on the burned mountain sides, which conserves and regulates the flow of water, is a vital matter to the inhabitants. Hence the popular interest in the planting. A squad of ten to fifteen men under T. P. Lukens, of Pasadena, has been planting seeds for three months. Knobcone pine has been planted on the dry, burned spots; incense cedar and sugar pine on the moister, cooler places, and Western yellow pine on all situations. The work gives promise of excellent results.

* * *

The Sharon biological observatory, a summer school for teachers at Sharon, Mass., will experiment in forestry on a tract of 300 acres of woodland, which it purposes making into a model forest. Application has been made to the bureau of forestry for a working plan. The director of the school, Dr. George W. Field, is an instructor in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

* * *

A manual of forestry, written especially for the farmers and other landowners of Southern New England, will be published in a few weeks by the bureau of forestry. It is to be called "The Woodlot," and it will tell so simply and clearly how to treat the forest land of the three states with which it deals—Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island—that even the landowner with no knowledge of forestry will be able to learn from it enough to improve his timber.

The bureau of forestry for several years has given personal assistance in the field to timber-land owners who wished to manage their forests conservatively. Agents of the bureau have made plans for the management of many thousands of acres, a good part of which was in the Southern New England states. "The Woodlot" is a result of these field studies of Southern New England timber lands. The various kinds of forest growth in Massachusetts, Connecticut and Rhode Island have been reduced to a few simple types, so clearly described that an owner who knows the names of his trees and the conditions under which they are growing will be able easily to place his timber lot under one of the types described. For each type of forest a plan of management is prescribed, illustrated by diagrams.

"The Woodlot" was written by Professor Henry S. Graves, director of the Yale forest school, and R. T. Fisher, of the bureau of forestry.

HE DISTURBS WORSHIPPERS

And Cannot Shout If He Attends Revival Meetings.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 24.—Several days ago the United Ertheren church near Mt. Gilead held a revival, and among those who attended was Isaac Tenant. When the revivalist would tell of the sins that all men are heir to, and the remedy for leading a better life, Isaac, who was at ways seated close to the front, would loudly shout "Amen."

His loud shouts seemed to grind on the ears of the other members of the flock, or possibly awakened them from their slumbers, and they proceeded to put a stop to it by the injunction route.

The court allowed a restraining order, but modified it in such a manner that Tenant was given the privilege of attending the meetings, but he had to worship in silence.



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Mothers!

Protect your dear little ones from the dangers of Croup, Sore Throat, Sore Chest AND Pneumonia by using the Magical, Soothing Remedy,

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Gives instant relief by removing the Congestion, Swelling and Inflammation, and Soothes to restful sleep the suffering one. Best remedy for chapped hands and face.

25c., 50c. and $1.00 Bottles. At all Druggists.

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Corner Fifth Avenue West and Superior St.

MILLIONS FOR FLOWERS

New York Spends Vast Sums For Pretty Posies.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Enough money was spent in New York city last year for roses and carnations alone to build a cruiser for the navy. The flowers wholesaled there for $2,750,000, according to figures prepared by B. T. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry of the agricultural department. Florists usually try to make at least 50 per cent on their wares, and it is reasonable to suppose that the flowers used in New York in one year cost more than $5,000,000.

Because of the great commercial value of roses and carnations the department of agriculture is experimenting on a larger scale than ever before with these two. The carnation is the flower of commerce, according to the department experts. Because of its hardiness and keeping qualities it is more in demand than any other single bloom with the possible exception of roses. Even then more carnations are sold annually than any other flower, because of their showiness and cheapness.

New methods are tried by the department to secure larger, earlier and more abundant blooms. The department also is endeavoring to propagate new species of the carnation. Easter lilies are also gone into with great detail by the department. It is estimated that $250,000 annually is expended in the purchase and forcing of the Easter or Bermuda lily. This amount is spent for the bloom, which is only in demand at one season of the year. Growers have complained to the department of the lack of profit in the business because of the failure of the bulbs to produce a satisfactory bloom. As high as 40 per cent loss has been reported to the department and about 20 per cent is the average. Notwithstanding the great loss, the demand for the lilies forces the grower to cultivate them in order to hold his trade. The department is experimenting in an effort to produce a hardier plant and one which will produce satisfactory bloom.

Violets are attempted by nearly every person interested in the growing of flowers. The department is conducting a series of tests with the view to ascertaining the varieties of violets best suited to commercial use.

WIFE FIRED BIRD SHOT

At Husband and Another Woman In a Grocery Store.

Marion, Ind., Feb. 24.—Mrs. Sadie Fleming, wife of Henry Fleming, armed with a shotgun, followed her husband to the home of Robert Jones, where she alleged he had frequently called. Mrs. Fleming saw her husband sitting in the grocery owned and conducted by Jones, and which is situated in front of the residence. Mrs. Jones was talking to Fleming. No other persons were in the place of business. Mrs. Fleming fired through the window. The shot hit her husband and Mrs. Jones in the face and shoulders.

With a groan from Fleming and a shriek from Mrs. Jones the couple bolted through the residence part of the building. Mrs. Fleming fired the second time and sent a shower of bird shot into their backs. Mrs. Fleming then demolished the interior of the store by using the gun as a club. The gun was broken into pieces and bent into a worthless mass. Mrs. Fleming then returned to her home.

Fleming came home a short time later and was met at the door by Mrs. Fleming, who asked him how seriously he was injured. He replied by drawing a revolver and threatening to shoot her. She grasped his arms and they struggled through the house to the kitchen, where Fleming dropped the revolver. He then struck Mrs. Fleming on the head and felled her. He then kicked her and left her unconscious on the floor. He returned later, however, called a doctor and placed his wife in his care and left again. The police were notified, but have not captured him.

Mrs. Fleming is in a serious condition and has not been aroused. Mrs. Jones is suffering from the wounds in her face, but is not seriously injured.

WHITE BOYS OBJECTED

To Colored Teacher—Are Charged With Misconduct.

New York, Feb. 24.—Charges of gross misconduct and incompetence will be preferred against John S. Brown, Jr., a negro teacher in public school No. 88, in West Fifty-second street, before the board of education. Behind the charge is a story of race prejudice which disrupted the school work. Brown is now under suspension.

Brown was assigned to the school a little more tha ntwo weeks ago, and he had hardly been placed in charge of a class of ten boys when the trouble started. The white boys objected to a negro teacher, and it is said they adopted every method intended to give him trouble.

It is charged that he struck one white boy on the cheek in an effort to maintain discipline, and that the blow cut the child's cheek. This is strongly denied by the teacher.

OLD FOLKS WAITING

For Sanction of Children to Be Married.

Dublin, Ind., Feb. 24.—"I think that we are old enough to know our own minds, and if nothing happens the wedding will be held in about a week if the license will keep that long," said Mrs. Rosetta Dronberger, the seventy-six-year-old bride-to-be of William J. Parker, a prosperous farmer near Castleton. Parker himself is 76. The two old lovers have lived at Castleton for a number of years, and have been thrown together a great deal in church work. A license was secured, but when it came to having the marriage ceremony performed the would-be bride and groom encountered some unlooked-for opposition from their children, who were opposed to the union on account of their advanced ages. After much persuasion the old people consented to a postponement in the hope of getting the sanction of their children, as Mrs. Dronberger put it.

SHROUDED IN MYSTERY

Is Rich Woman's Whereabouts---Insurance Policies Have Lapsed.

Laporte, Ind., Feb. 24.—Great anxiety prevails here over the whereabouts and probable fate of Mrs. Sarah Wilkinson Martin, who was recently granted a divorce from Isaac W. Martin.

A few days after the decree had been recorded a well-dressed man, alleged by Mrs. Martin to be a relative, appeared. His advent was followed in a few days by the execution of deeds to him covering all of her realty interests, which were extensive and valuable.

Mrs. Martin said that her relative would invest her fortune in mining stock which would make her immensely wealthy. She then left the city, ostensibly for Mexico. This was four months ago, since which time every effort to find some trace of her has proven futile.

Life insurance policies have been lapsed, actions brought against Mrs. Martin in the circuit court have failed to serve any purpose and members of the family will soon mourn her as dead unless the mystery is speedily solved.

THEIR ORANGE IS A LEMON

An Experience of the Department of Agriculture Scientists.

Washington, Feb. 24.—In an effort to secure a hardy orange, one impervious to frost, the scientists of the department of agriculture labored for years and have produced—a lemon. The orange growers of Florida complained to the department that the orange growing industry was unprofitable because of the destruction of fruit by frost.

"We'll produce an orange that will grow with icicles hanging to the trees," declared the scientists of the department. They went to work to secure a frost-resisting plant which could be grown as far north as South Carolina, the fruit of which could be used in the manufacture of marmalade.

Plant breeding was begun and hybride obtained which would grow almost at the north pole. Money was appropriated by congress for the carrying on of this work despite the protests of the orange growers of California, who insisted that they had more oranges than they could sell and that if the Florida crops were had they would get more for their product. The advocates of the Florida orange triumphed. They told the committee on agriculture of the house that they did not want to abandon their business simply because the orange growers of California had more oranges than they wanted. They told of the accidents to the business, how they had to build bonfires to keep off the frost, cover their plants, spray water and do other things. The hearts of the committeemen were touched for about $10,000. The scientists were much impressed with even this appropriation and declared that unless a frost-resisting orange could be produced the principal industry of Florida would disappear. The scientists worked and worked for four years. Finally they reported progress and when they asked for an additional appropriation to continue the work, the committee asked:

"What is the quality of this frost-resisting orange you have produced?"

"Well, it is not exactly an orange," replied the scientists. "It is nearer a lemon."

"Then it will not take the place of the orange?" was asked.

"If we get the money it will," was the answer. "From the hybrid we now have we expect to produce the real orange."

The scientists got the money.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

In the case of William Samuel Bigby of New York, the United States supreme court has decided that the United States is not liable for damages sustained by an accident in a government elevator. Justice Harlan who delivered the opinion of the court said the government is under no form of contract to maintain its elevators for the accommodation of the public.

Wylie C. Grant of the New York lawn tennis club won the national indoor lawn tennis championship in the singles Monday on the board courts of the Seventh Regiment armory. Fabrel with Robert Leroy of Columbia University, Grant also won the championship honors in the doubles.

By a decision of the Wisconsin supreme court, the entire issue of the bonds of Janesville, amounting to $80,000 is declared illegal and unless satisfied by an act of the legislature will be a loss to the holders.

Jack McCormick, of Philadelphia, stayed six rounds with "Kid" McCoy Monday night. The bout was something of a farce as McCormick was entirely outclassed. He took the count ten times, and only once succeeded in landing on McCoy. McCormick was on the defensive throughout.

Rather than go to the Philippines, to which his troop had been ordered, Private McDonald of the Thirteen cavalry committed suicide Monday by shooting himself through the heart with a revolver. The deed was committed in the barracks at Fort Keogh, Mont.

Martin Gardner, 70 years of age, was struck and killed by a trolley car on the Buffalo & Hamburg line, seven miles from Buffalo Monday evening. Gardner had a mania for walking on the car tracks and several times narowly escaped being struck. On Jan. 23, after Gardner had experienced a close call, the company went into court and obtained an order restraining him from walking on the tracks.

The struggle of the special order clothing makers against amalgamation with the United Garment Workers of America, which has demoralized the manufacturing clothing trade in Chicago and other cities for more than six weeks, and which it is estimated has cost upward of $1,000,000, was ended Monday through the efforts of Samuel Gompers.

ALICE CASTLEMAN

Engaged to Marry Nephew of August Belmont.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 24.—The engagement of Miss Alice Castleman and Augustus C. Hone was formally announced at a dinner given by Gen. and Mrs. John B. Castleman at the Pendennis club. Miss Castleman is the second daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Castleman, and is not only Kentucky belle, but has a reputation a one of the most beautiful women in America.

Mr. Hone came to Louisville from New York. He is the assistant master mechanic of the Louisville & Nashville railroad company here, and a nephew of Mr. August Belomnt. The date for the wedding has not been fixed.

What His Wife Says.

"My wife says: 'Nothing will do but Chamberlain's Cough Remedy,'" says H. W. Dockham, publisher of the Gazette, Lindsay, Cal. There is many another good wife of the same opinion. The quick relief which this remedy affords in cases of coughs, colds and croup, and the fact that it is pleasant and safe to take makes it a favorite everywhere. For sale by Boyce's drug store.

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Contagious blood poison is a cruel and imperious master; it heeds not the cry for mercy or the voice of prayer; the peasant and the king alike succumb to its withering touch. You may have just recently contracted Blood Poison, or its lingering taint you may have had for years. It is safe to say that you are not cured. You know that you are not. The only symptoms and troubles return every now and then. These are sores in your mouth, sores on your tongue, your hair is falling out; there are copper-colored spots on your back and shoulders, cudgels on your shin bones, sharp, cutting pains in your joints. There is only one positively guaranteed cure in the world today for Blood Poison in any stage, and that is MEDERINE. It searches out the impurities, cleanses and purifies the system strengthens and invigorates the whole constitution. MEDERINE is not only a forceful purifier, but a system builder. It eliminates every trace of the poisonous virus, clears and beautifies the complexion, and renders the skin soft and velvety. We have thousands of testimonials from people in all walks of life, who have been cured after trying all other treatments. An absolute guarantee goes with every bottle that if MEDERINE fails to cure you to stay cured every dollar paid for the full course of treatment will be promptly refunded. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing cures mailed free.

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Our asylums are full of poor devils sent there by the ravages of Blood Poison and the deleterious effects of Mercury, Iodine of Potash, which induce Insanity, Locomotor Ataxia, Paralysis, Consumption, and other dreadful diseases. Many are raving maniacs with their blood and brains on fire.

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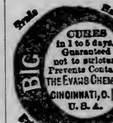
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ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 16th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elijah C. Gridley, deceased:

Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Elijah C. Gridley, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Emma E. Gridley, Eby G. Gridley and William D. Bailey have filed herewith their petition, representing among other things, that said Elijah C. Gridley died in said county, on the seventh day of February, 1903, testate, and that said petitioners are the executors named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Emma E. Gridley, Eby G. Gridley and William D. Bailey;

It is ordered, That the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court at the probate office in the city of Duluth in said county, on Monday, the 16th day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 16th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court St. Louis County, Minnesota.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb-17-24—Mar-3—1903.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 16th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of William P. Martin Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of William P. Martin deceased, late of the County of Stark, State of Ohio, being granted to Kate B. Martin.

It is ordered, that six months be and from people in all walks of life, who the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, That the 24th day of August 1903 at 10 o'clock A. M., at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the city of Duluth in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the City of Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 14th day of February A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 17-24, March 3-1903.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Strong Early In Session But Loses Its Support.

May Flax Breaks Through $1.16 Mark, Held For So Long.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 24.—The wheat market was strong at the opening today and during the first couple of hours of the session held well. After that it fell off and closed lower than on Saturday. The early strength was due to higher cables from Liverpool and light Northwestern receipts. Trading was slow, however, and even a decrease in the visible failed to stimulate the market.

The Liverpool market closed ¼@½d higher and Antwerp unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 824,000 bus. for two days, last year 461,000 bus. for one day. Shipments, 94,000 bus., last year 257,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 259,000 bus. The world's wheat shipments last week were 9,177,000 bus., against 9,056,000 bus., the previous week, and 6,881,000 bus. last year. The amount on passage increased 1,961,000 bus. The visible supply last week decreased 16,000 bus., and is now 48,954,000 bus. against 54,385,000 bus., last year.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 691 cars, and at Chicago 21, a total of 722 cars, against 498 last week and 484 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¾ to ⅞d higher. May corn in the Chicago market closed ⅛c lower and May oats ⅝c lower.

Primary receipts of corn were 1,393,600 bus., last year 483,000 bus. Shipments, 332,000 bus., last year 307,000 bus. Clearances 140,000 bus. The world's shipments of corn last week were 4,868,000 bus., against 2,916,000 bus., the week previous and 2,100,000 bus. last year. The amount on passage increased 2,497,000 bus. The visible supply decreased 9,000 bus., last week and is now 10,481,000 bus., against 10,789,000 bus. last week.

Trading in wheat was light on the Duluth board. May opened a shade firmer at 77⅝c, sold at 78c at 9:32, at 77⅞c at 10:04 and 77⅝c a few moments later and afterward held steady at that price for an hour or more. It fell off after the noon hour to 77⅜-½c at 12:25, rallied to 77⅝c a few moments later and then declined to 77¼c at 1 o'clock and closed there. This was a decline of ⅝-⅞c and Minneapolis declined the same while Chicago was off ½-⅝c.

The price of wheat to arrive advanced today to the May price. This was ½c higher than prevailed last week. Wheat to arrive in Duluth is now selling at the same price as in Minneapolis, 77¼c, but the price here is really almost ½c better for the commission in Minneapolis is ½c higher and the switch charge is about ⅝c. Notwithstanding this sales to arrive at Duluth are light. Wheat in store is quoted nominally at 1¼c under May but there is so little trading in it that the price is practically meaningless. No. 2 northern sells at 2c under No. 1 and No. 3 at 5c under.

May flax, which has maintained $1.16 as the bottom price for a week or more today went through that mark and sold down to $1.15. After that it rallied to $1.15¾ but at the close again made the lower level.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 northern, 76c; No. 2 northern, 74c; No. 3 spring, 71c; to arrive, No. 1 northern, 77¼c; May, 77¼; July, 76c. Oats, to arrive, 35c; on track, 33c; May, 34c. Rye, May, 50½c; on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c. Barley, 256@55c. Flax, cash, $1.13¾; on track, $1.14; to arrive, $1.14; May, $1.15½; July, $1.16¾.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 209; last year, 370; corn, 2; oats, 84; rye, 1; barley, 41; flax, 63.

Receipts—Wheat, 82,648; oats, 18,199; rye, 571; barley, 2482; flax, 25,808.

Shipments—Oats, 3234; flax, 19,365.

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REFERENCES:
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American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat—1 car	$0 77¼
No. 1 northern wheat—3,000 bus	77⅜
No. 1 northern wheat—1 car	77⅜
No. 1 northern wheat—15,000 bus	77¼
No. 1 northern wheat—1 car	77¼
No. 2 northern—1 car	76⅝
No. 3 spring—1 car	75¼
Rejected—1 car	74⅞
Rejected—1 car	75¼
Rejected—3 cars	75½
Rejected—1 car	75
Oats—1 car	33¾
Oats—3 cars	34
Oats—1 car	33½
Barley—1 car	48½
Flax—3,500 bus, cash	1.14⅞
Flax—2 cars, cash	1.14¾
Flax—2 cars, cash	1.14½
Flax—1 car, cash	1.13½
Flax—1 car, cash	1.14½
Flax—1 car, no grade	1.12¾
Flax—1 car, no grade	1.10
Flax—1 car, no grade	1.11½
Flax—3,500 bus	1.14

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opening Prices Strong But Trading Light.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—There was only a light trade in wheat during the early part of the day, but opening prices were strong and higher. May being up ⅛c to ⅜c at 78c to 78⅛c. Higher prices at Liverpool were the main cause for the upturn here, although small offerings combined with a good demand from commission houses also contributed to the strength. The small Northwest receipts were somewhat of a help to better prices. After selling up to 78⅜@⅝c, May declined to 77⅞@78c and held steady around 78c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts for the three days of 691 cars, which, with local receipts of 31 cars, one of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 722 cars, against 498 cars last week and 484 cars a year ago.

Weakness developed during the latter half of the session on heavy liquidation and May declined to 77⅝c and closed ½@⅝c lower at 77½@¾c.

There was a decidedly bullish sentiment in corn and the opening was strong, with May ⅛c to ¼c higher at 46 to 46⅛c. The strength at Liverpool was the principal strengthening influence, the market there being up almost a cent. Good buying orders came in from scattered sources and May held firm around 46⅛c. Local receipts were small at 262 cars, with one of contract grade.

The close was steady with May ⅛c lower, at 45¾c.

Oats opened strong on the strength in other grains, but trading was only moderate, the offerings being light. May was a shade to ⅛@¼c higher at the start, opening at 35¾c to 36, and on covering by shorts the market advanced. May selling up to 36⅜c, where it held steady the first hour. Local receipts were 262 cars.

Provisions were dull and easier, liberal receipts of hogs and lower prices at the yards causing the decline. The market received some support on buying by packers and a slight advance made, early loss being nearly all regained. May pork opened 10c lower at $17.57½. May lard was off 2½c at $9.55, while ribs were down 5 to 7½c at $9.69 to $9.62½.

Close: Wheat—May, 77¾@⅞c; July, 73⅞@¾c. Corn—February, 45¾@⅞c; September, 71⅞c. Corn—February, 44c; May, 45¾c; July, 44⅝c; September, 43¾@⅞c. Oats—February, 33½c; May, 35½@¾c; July, 32⅝c; September, 29½c. Pork—May, $17.55; July, $17.05; September, $16.67½. Lard—February, $9.57½c; May, $9.57½@9.60; July, $9.45. Ribs—May, 9.62½; July, $9.45; September, $9.40. Rye—May, 51c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.18; S. W., $1.13; May, $1.20. Timothy—February, $4.06. Clover—February, $11.75. Barley—Cash, 44@56c. Cash wheat—2 red, 75@76c; 3 red, 71@75c; 2 hard winter, 74@75c; 3 hard winter, 66@72c; 1 northern spring, 79@80c; 2 northern spring, 78@80c; 3 spring, 72@79c. Cash corn—2, 44@44½c; 3, 42½@43c. Cash oats—2, 34½@35c; 3, 34½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago—Wheat—The Liverpool cable was construed as fairly strong and caused higher markets here early. Later the market turned heavy and sold off sharply on a dull speculative trade and poor cash business. Exporters here and at the seaboard reported bids hardly so favorable as on Saturday and very little business was accomplished. The pressure here came mainly from the liquidation of local long wheat bought on Saturday. Northwest markets continue strong relatively and the feeling there seems bullish, but practically no support from the seaboard or Southwest markets. The whole situation is dull and there seems nothing at the moment to stimulate speculative activity. Estimated cars, 35.

Corn—The market was strong early on the cables. The advance, however, brought free offerings of long stuff and the improvement was less. Armour brokers were free sellers on the advance, but were apparently taking back stuff on the break. Receipts are more liberal and it looks as though the week would show an improvement in that direction. Bids from the seaboard were hardly so favorable. Some reaction in corn may follow, but the speculative long interest in this market is on the whole a strong one and we think on the weak spots corn may be safely bought. Estimated cars, 590.

Oats—The market here was heavy and receipts show an increasing tendency and the active long local interest which was supporting prices a few days ago has largely liquidated and withdrawn its support. The cash situation is a moderate one at the moment. Estimated cars, 205.

• • •

Broomhall cables that India, Bombay and Calcutta are expected to commence shipping new wheat in March, also that a generally bullish feeling is prevalent in Liverpool and millers are commencing to buy.

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: "I remember that most people were sleeping under blankets last summer," said J. O. Armour, "and I am doubtful consequently as to the last corn crop being the largest ever raised. It was a poor quality yield, and for some reason, an excess of moisture possibly, the feeder is compelled to use more of it. There is no old corn left to supplement the new. That makes an important difference. There is no contract grain coming because of this lack of an old crop surplus and it will be some time before much of the corn will be dry enough to grade contract. It is necessary in these days to keep continually in mind the enlarged requirements and also to take into account the price surrounding it."

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	77¾B	76¾	78-¼	81¼-⅝
High	...78	78⅛-¼	78⅛-¼	81⅝
Low	...77¼	76¾-⅞	77⅛	81
Close	...77¼B	76¾-⅞	77⅛-¼	81B
July—				
Open	...	77	74-¼	78¾B
High	...	77	74¾	78¾-⅞
Low	...	76⅝-½	73⅝	78⅛
Close	...77B	76⅝-½	73⅞-¼	78⅛A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	35¾@⅞	46@46⅛	$17.57
High	36⅛	46⅜	$17.62-65
Low	35⅛	45⅜	$17.05
Close	35⅛-¼	46⅛B	$17.55

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 24.—Close: Wheat, May, 81c; July, 78⅛c. Corn, May, 52⅝c; July, 56⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 24.—Close: Wheat, May, 76¾@⅞c; July, 76¾@½c. On track, No. 1 hard, 78¼c; No. 1 northern, 77¼c; No. 2 northern, 76@¼c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 24.—Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 188,600 centals, including 61,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 236,000 centals. Weather showery.

Wheat—Spot, 2 red western winter, steady, 6s 1½d; 1 northern spring, quiet, 6s 8¾d; 1 California, quiet, 6s 11d; futures, quiet; March, 6s 3¼d; May, 6s 2¼d; July, 6s 1¾d. Corn—Spot, American mixed, new, steady, 4s 6½d; American mixed, old, no stock; futures, steady; March, 4s 6⅝d; May, 4s 4½d.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluthh, Saturday, Feb. 21, 1903:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	550,888
No. 1 northern	2,424,595
No. 2 northern	219,413
No. 3 spring	15,284
No grade	41,465
Rejected	18,421
Special bin	1,743,188
Macaroni and Western	121,930
Total	5,165,135
Increase during week	490,210
Total last year	12,012,552
Coarse grain stocks—	
Corn	1,245
Unchanged	
Oats	989,436
Increase	167,552
Rye	69,497
Increase	64,497
Barley	426,268
Increase	22,342
Flax	3,347,212
Increase	8,601

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—There was a fair show of strength in the early wheat market when the May price was up to 78⅜ @⅝c, but it did not hold. Late in the day, the early buyers became sellers and offerings of long wheat far exceeded the demand. Liverpool cables at the opening were ½d higher on futures and London ¼ to ½d advanced. It reports that Minneapolis was making further sales of No. 2 northern to go to country millers, at one cent over the May price, there was some little buying in a local way and also Southwestern account. Wheat began coming out freely around noon, sentiment being all on the selling side. World's visible tomorrow is expected to show an increase of from 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 bus. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 35 cars.

Corn was strong early, but failed to hold its strength, weakening towards the close of the session. There was more July corn on tap from various sources, and demand for either the May or the July was not quite as pronounced as formerly. A slight decrease is reported in Liverpool stocks. Early pit offerings were liberal, but corn came out with more freedom later. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 250 cars.

The oats situation was firm early, the May up to 36¼c, but the market weakened with corn, and closed soft at declines all around. The recent bull interests appeared to have oats for sale around 36c. There was, however, better buying by commission houses and local scalping interests. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 265 cars.

Provisions—There was an easing off in pork prices, and ribs were also slightly easier. Lard about holding its own. A decline of 10 cents in hogs at the yards made opening prices easy. Hog receipts were 32,000 against 45,000 a year ago. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 30,000 hogs.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis wheat—
Puts, May wheat, 76c.
Calls, May wheat, 76¾c.
Curb, May wheat, 76¼c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Cattle receipts, 4500; steady; good to prime steers, $5.50@5.75; poor to medium, $3.25@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.00; cows, $1.80@4.50; heifers, $2.00@4.75; canners, $1.40@2.60; bulls, $2.25@4.50; calves, $3.25@8.00; Texas fed steers, $3.50@4.25. Hogs receipts today, 28,000; tomorrow, 35,000; left over, 10,629; slow, 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $6.80 @7.15; good to choice heavy, $7.15@7.35; rough heavy, $6.85@7.15; light, $6.45@6.80; bulk of sales, $6.90@7.15. Sheep receipts, 12,000; sheep, steady; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $5.60@5.75; fair to choice mixed, $4.00@5.00; Western sheep, $4.75@5.75; native lambs, $4.75@7.25; Western lambs, $4.75@7.25. Official receipts yesterday—Cattle, 25,803; hogs, 42,792; sheep, 25,059. Shipments—Cattle, 5576; hogs, 9678; sheep, 1692.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Feb. 24.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the market showed activity in all classes of horses, especially farm mares for the northwestern countries. Arrivals of horses large, adding a stronger tone to the trade. Wholesale trade constituting the principal movement on the market. Values:

Drafters extra	$175@210
Drafters choice	140@175
Drafters com. to good	120@140
Farm mares extra	135@150
Farm mares, choice	120@125
Farm mares, com. to good	100@120

A PLEA FOR CORRIVEAU.

Commutation of Sentence Asked of Governor.

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—An application for the commutation of the sentence of Louis Corriveau was received at the governor's office this morning. Corriveau, who was sentenced to hang, asks the board of pardons to make his sentence life imprisonment instead. The application will probably be acted upon as soon as the governor returns from Washington, which will be about next Monday.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

WILL ASK FOR EXAMINER.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Representative Cushman today gave notice that on next Monday he would present a petition for the appointment of an examiner to take testimony in the case of the state of Washington against the Northern Securities company, the merger case.

SILVER SERVICE FOR ALABAMA.

Mobile, Feb. 24.—The exercises in connection with the presentation of the silver service given by the people of Alabama to the United States battleship Alabama were held in the theater here today. The orator of the day was Hon. E. M. Robinson. The service was accepted on behalf of the officers of the Alabama by Capt. H. C. Davis, commander of the vessel. The silver service consists of seven pieces, and cost about $3500.

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Local Office, 220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

OPENING IS WEAK

In Stocks But Prices Hardened During the Final Hour.

Some Losses Largely Recovered and Closing Was Firm.

New York, Feb. 24.—The weak opening in the stock market today was the effect of the poor bank statement of Saturday and the selling of Americans in London yesterday, while the local stock exchange was closed. Opening losses ran from a fraction to more than a point, the losses of a point or over being made by Metropolitan street railway, Reading, Pennsylvania, Southern Pacific, a number of the Gould stocks and Tennessee coal. St. Louis & San Francisco jumped 6 points on a large absorption and the second preferred rose 2.

Buying orders appeared on the decline and carried leading stocks a good fraction above their opening level. Amalgamated, Wabash preferred and New York Central made full recoveries. Meanwhile the St. Louis & San Francisco stocks reacted steadily, the common breaking from 30½ to 28½ and the second preferred losing its 2 point rise. When fresh selling orders appeared in the Pennsylvania and Transcontinental group, forcing them to the lowest, trading became more active and the general decline was renewed. Consolidated Gas advanced 2½. Laclede gas 3½ and Sloss-Sheffield Steel, Virginia Iron and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred 1 to 1¼.

Wabash preferred came into demand in very large blocks, carrying it up to 54⅛. This steadied the general market but rallies were fractional and the buying light. There were declines of about a point in Erie second preferred, General Electric and Locomotive and of 2 in New Haven and Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg. St. Louis and San Francisco funding 4s and Wabash debenture Bs were features of the bond market in which the general tone was irregular at noon.

The furious buying of Wabash preferred did not abate until the price touched 55, at which figure a block of 5000 shares changed hands. The demand ceased as abruptly as it started and the stock became quiet and easier. The general market outside of the Gould group gained but little by the movement and soon became nearly stagnant.

Prices declined persistently during the afternoon and many speculative favorites sold well under their morning low point, including St. Paul, Manhattan and Metropolitan Street Railway. In general the market was distinctly heavy and unresponsive to special movements. Metropolitan Street Railway lost 2½, Metropolitan Securities, 1¾, Manhattan, 1¼ and St. Paul, 1¾. Before 2 o'clock Wabash preferred rallied to above 55.

Prices hardened during the final hour. The consideration by the senate of the Aldrich financial bill was regarded as a favorable influence and bears were disposed to cover shorts. Some losses were largely recovered. Amalgamated rose 1¼, Sugar 1⅝ and Anaconda and Colorado Southern about a point over Friday and Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred 1¼. United States Steel and Southern Pacific were established fractional gains. Illinois Central lost 1, Louisville 1⅜ and Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg 2¼. The closing was moderately active and firm.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	74½	72½	74¼
American Sugar	132¾	130¾	132¾
Anaconda	123	119	122
Atch., Top & S. Fe	87¼	86½	87½
do pfd	100¼	100¼	100¼
Baltimore & Ohio	93¾	91¾	93¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	69¼	68⅝	69⅞
Canadian Pacific	137⅝	136¾	137½
Chesapeake & Ohio	51	50¼	50⅜
Chicago & Alton	35⅜	35	35
Chicago Great Western	27	26¾	26¾
Chi., Mil. & St. P	177⅜	176¾	177⅛
Chi., Rock Island & P	49¼	48⅜	49¼
R. I. pfd	81¼	80⅜	81
Colorado Fuel and Iron	76	75	75
D. S. S. & A. pfd	27¼	27¼	27¼
Erie, common	38⅞	38⅜	38⅝
General Electric	199½	198	198½
Illinois Central	145	144	144
Iowa Central	44⅜	43¼	44⅜
Louisville & Nashville	129½	128⅝	129¼
Manhattan Elevated	142⅝	141¼	141½
Metropolitan Street Ry	139¼	137¼	137⅝
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M	77½	77	77⅜
do pfd	128¾	127	127
Missouri Pacific	113¾	112⅛	113⅛
New York Central	148	147⅜	147⅞
Norfolk & Western	74	73⅜	74
Pennsylvania	149	148	148⅜
People's Gas	104⅜	104⅛	104⅜
Reading	62⅝	62	62⅛
Republic Steel and Iron	22¼	21¼	21⅜
Southern Pacific	65⅝	62⅝	63½
Southern Railway	35½	34⅝	35⅜
Tenn. Coal & Iron	96	95	95⅜
Union Pacific	99¼	98¾	99¼
United States Leather	13⅞	13¾	13⅞
U. S. Steel	39⅝	38⅝	39⅛
do pfd	88⅝	88	88⅜
Wabash	32½	31	31¾
Western Union	89⅞	87¾	88
Wisconsin Central	28	27¾	27¾
do pfd	53¾	53	53

Northern Securities, 111¾ bid; 112 asked.

The total sales were 581,200 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.—The opening was rather weak and sentiment influenced by lower London prices for Americans and Saturdays poor bank statement. Notwithstanding the dullness which ruled pretty nearly all morning it was observed that the market received excellent support and the selling emanated from the traders principally. There was some marked advance scored in the first hour. Among specialties such as St. Louis & San Francisco, a number of rumors were current about some combination of this company with the Morgan lines. The Wabash issues continue to advance on purchases by the Gould interests. The feature in the afternoon was the heavy buying of Amalgamated Copper. In the last hour the market became more active and the general list advanced under the buying of Standard Oil interests of copper. It is a market of specialties for the time being, but indications point to its broadening and the close gives evidence of the quality of buying which, if continued, will result in a broader and higher market.

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Walker Bros. to Paint, Webber & Co.: With exception of marked strength in St. Louis & Southwestern, the market opened with prices off about a point from close on Friday. There was no news with regard to Frisco which warranted the sharp advance and the movement flavored with manipulation. The market continued somewhat feverish throughout the day, the bulk of the transactions being by traders among whom a bearish sentiment appeared to prevail. The Wabash issues were strong and we think they will do better in the near future. Amalgamated Copper was also strong on buying by brokers, supposed to represent the metal interests. Toward the close the general list strengthened up on good buying by commission houses, and belief that the Aldrich bill will probably be passed tomorrow, the market closing firm with prices at about best of the day. There would appear nothing in the situation at moment to depress stocks generally and we are of the opinion that we should see rather better prices during the coming week.

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Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is irregular. Copper, Sugar, Frisco and the Wabash issues are higher and show some activity. The rest of the list had a tendency to drag early. But has rallied toward the close. It looks to be nothing more than a scalping market for the list generally. Sterling exchange keeps at the export point for gold, but nothing has cleared so far. The Aldrich currency bill is in doubt, Saturday's bank statement was extremely unfavorable, but as usual Wall street is hopeful. The outlook seems to us still a dull one and the outcome uncertain.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14¾	15¼
Arcadian	6¼	6¾
Allouez	6	6⅛
Atlantic	12¾	13
Anaconda	30	30½
Amalgamated	74⅜	74½
Calumet and Hecla	520	530
Centennial	31¼	31½
Copper Range	73½	73¾
Franklin	11¾	12½
Isle Royale	13	13½
Bingham	36½	36¾
Mass	15	15½
May Flower	2	2¼
National	1	1½
Mohawk	55½	56
Michigan	10½	11
Old Colony	1¾	2
Old Dominion	21½	22
Osceola	75	75½
Parrot	32½	33
Phoenix	6½	7
Quincy	118	120
Rock Island	3¾	3¼
Tennessee Copper	29	30
Santa Fe	2½	3
Tamarack	184	185
Tecumseh	1	1½
Tri-Mountain	105	106
Utah	31½	32
Victoria	8	8¼
Winona	8½	8⅝
Wolverine	69½	70
Wyandotte	1⅝	1⅞
Elm River	3¼	3½
Trinity	13	13½
Dominion Coal	..	129
Daly West	39	40
Greene	25¾	26
United Copper	31¼	31½
U. S. M.	25¾	26
U. S. Oil	15	15¼
L. S. & Pittsburg	84	85
Calumet & Pittsburg	106	110
Calumet & Arizona	125	..

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 24.—The cotton market opened easy at a decline of 5 to 9 points under a renewal of the liquidation noted toward the close of Saturday's trading and following the call ruled quiet with prices showing no decided tendency either in the one direction or the other. The initial decline was encouraged by the rather disappointing Liverpool cables. The closing of New Orleans operated against Southern business, but Europe was a buyer of July at the lower level in the local market, while such Southern orders as did drift through seemed to be largely sales of the summer months. Local sentiment seemed mixed. The weather through the belt was favorable to movement.

Cotton spot closed steady; middling uplands, 10.05; middling gulf, 10.30; sales, 6722 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; February, 9.89; March, 9.84; April, 9.85; May, 9.82; June, 9.61; July, 9.61; August, 9.30; September, 8.74; October, 8.47; November, 8.40; December, 8.39.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $223,337,122; gold, $103,632,701; silver, $19,696,265; United States notes, $10,967,647; treasury notes of 1890, $106,577; national bank notes, $117,656,026; total receipts this day, $2,557,592; total receipts this month, $35,648,777; total receipts this year, $376,378,564; total expenditures this day, $1,060,000; total expenditures this month, $33,360,000; total expenditures this year, $329,885,840; deposits in national banks, $150,758,069.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 24.—Close: Money on call steady at 2@3 per cent; closing 2@3 per cent; time money firm, 60 days 4@5 per cent; 90 days 4½@5; 6 months 4½@5; prime mercantile paper 4¾@5¼ per cent. Sterling exchange easier at $4.87.65 for demand and $4.84.50 for 60 days; posted rates $4.85½@4.86; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84¾. Bar silver 48¼c. Mexican dollars 37¾c. Government bonds firm; railroad bonds irregular.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market or from store in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery prints	27		
Storage, creamery, tubs	25	@	26
Dairies, fancy	18		
Packing stock	14		
EGGS.			
Fresh	20		
Storage	17		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	14		
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15		
Limberger, full cream, choice	15		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	17½		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14		
Goldenrod	14		
Buckwheat (poor)	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
2-lb. cans, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75		
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	65		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 85
California pears	2 50		
Cranberries	11 00		
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 35		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
Mexican oranges	2 75		
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50	@	7 00
California oranges, seedlings	2 25		
California navels	2 75		
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25		
Beets, bus	50		
Carrots, per bus	50		
Cabbage, per cwt	90	@	1 00
Turnips, bus	40		
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50		
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce	1 25	@	1 50
Green onions, per doz	65	@	75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	2 00		
Cauliflower, crate	2 75		
Mint, per doz	30		
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65	@	75
Potatoes	50		
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00		
Red cabbage	75		
Squash	1 50		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	4 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Geese	14		
Hens	14		
Turkeys	18	@	19
Ducks	16		
Spring chickens	15		
MEATS.			
Mutton	9	@	10½
Lamb	8½@9		9½
Veal, good	6	@	8
Dressed beef	5		
Hogs	11		
Pork loins	10¼		
Pure lard	7½		
Compound lard			

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Butter, firm, creameries, 18@27c; dairies, 14@24c. Eggs, easy, at mark, cases included, 15c; Cheese, steady, twins, 12¼@13c; daisies, 13@13½c; young Americas, 13@13½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 24.—Butter receipts, 7,381 packages, firm. State dairy, 15@25c; extra creamery, 26c; held creamery, 18@25c; creamery, common to choice, 18@27c. Cheese receipts, 11,927 packages, firm. State full cream fancy, small and large, colored and white, fall made, 14¼@14½c; do late made, 13½@14c. Eggs receipts, 11,367 packages, steady. State and Pennsylvania, average best, 17c; Western fancy, 16½c; Southern, 16c; refrigerated, 8@13c.

SPECIAL!
$2,600 will buy a good house in best location in the East End; has seven rooms, electric lights, bath, fire place, hardwood floor in kitchen, and is in first-class condition throughout; the house alone cost more to build than we are asking for the property. Would be glad to show it to you.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

EAST END RESIDENCE FOR SALE.
Nine rooms, hard wood floors in most of the rooms, hard wood finish, grates, heating plant unsurpassed, all modern conveniences. Beautiful shade trees, barn and either fifty or one hundred feet frontage in a desirable location. A delightful home. Price given on application. Terms reasonable.
OTHER ATTRACTIVE HOUSES FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.
N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

TWO STATE PROPOSITION

Submitted By Republicans Has Been Rejected By Democrats.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The Democratic senatorial caucus has rejected the two-state proposition of the admission of new states submitted by the Republicans. The matter of further negotiations was left wit hthe Democratic members of the committee on postoffices, which has charge of the appropriation bill with the statehood rider. The object is to ascertain whether there is a majority of the senate willing to vote the rider upon the bill. Unless there is an assurance of success the Democrats will not vote for the rider. The Democrats will not accept anything on a basis of two states.

Later—It has been agreed to withdraw the omnibus statehood bill as an amendment to the postoffice and



Interesting Piano Argument for the Duluth Music Co.



We sell New Pianos on Easy Monthly Payments!

$10 down and $5 each month. **Your Credit is Good!**

We control more world-famous makes of pianos than any other house in the United States. Note:

STEINWAY,
KNABE,
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IVERS & POND,
KRANICH & BACH,
MASON & HAMLIN,
ERNEST GABLER & BRO.
W. J. DYER & BRO.,
SMITH & BARNES,
WILLARD,
BRADFORD & CO.,
RICHMOND,
REMINGTON,
LELAND.

$198 Buys a beautiful new upright Piano in any fancy wood case.

Bargains In Used Organs.

50 Organs taken in exchange on new upright and grand pianos. A few samples—

One Wilcox & White	$15.00
One Packard	$18.00
One Pelton & Pomeroy	$15.00
One Pelton	$10.00
One Bay State	$15.00
One $100 Estey, beautiful	$48.00
One Elegant Oak Crown, good as new	$45.00

Out of town buyers write us today, we give special attention to mail orders. Will guarantee you satisfaction.



Beautiful Grand Pianos—Steinway, Knabe and Ivers & Pond, mahogany, walnut and ebonized cases.

Bargains In Used Pianos.

Square grand pianos from	$42.00 to $60.00
Good upright piano, walnut case,	$100.00
Gardner, upright, modern, oak case	$148.00
Schubert, upright, fancy curl wal., worth $450	$150.00
Two $350 Richmond pianos, elegant cases	$237.00 and $265.00
Three $400 Willard pianos, returned from rental	$168, $175 and $190.00
One $375 Dyer Bros', Hungarian ash case, snap,	$185.00
One $385 Colby piano, walnut case, good condition	$150.00
One $750 Chickering grand, rosewood case	$125.00

Visit our Pianola Department — you can play by the hour and are welcome to do so. Try new music.

We sell more pianos than any other piano selling concern in the Northwest, hence we must buy in large quantities. This in itself is proof to the merchant that we make a saving of $50 to $100 over our competitor in the same quality of goods. Our purchases amount to 6000 pianos yearly and over 1000 organs. We carry every dollar's worth of piano notes in our own safety vaults. You can always find your note with us.

We are exclusive agents for the wonderful Pianola

—New Pianola music coming in all the time.



$128 buys a new piano—Modern in every respect—large size, fancy case, triple strung throughout, double cross band, veneered cases, full composite metal plate, nickel plated tuning pinos, rock maple veneered pin-block—This is special for ten days only. Cash must accompany your order. We furnish scarf and stool, and absolutely warrant you complete satisfaction.



Duluth Music Co.

Cor. Lake Ave. and Superior St.
F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.

We Rent Pianos—$3.50 to $10 a month. We apply the rent on your purchase when you buy.

HOWARD IS HELD

Minneapolis Big Mitt Man Must Answer to Grand Jury.

Forgery Is the Serious Charge Which Hangs Over Him.

Charlie Howard, the Minneapolis big mitt man, was given a preliminary examination in the municipal court this afternoon, charged with forgery.

He was bound over to the grand jury. Joseph Benning, the young boy that went against Howard's game of graft and lost $8, and who was given a forged check for $200 as security as a steer to keep him from telling the police, was the leading witness.

He told about the draw poker game in the private room of a local hotel, in which he was presented with four queens and encouraged to bet on a hand that contained four kings, and in regard to receiving the $200.

He was a somewhat poorer witness than the authorities had figured on. In his testimony he admitted that he had traced over the name "Charles Wilson" endorsed on the back of the forged check, but denied having endorsed it himself, saying that he could not write.

THE DOINGS OF CONGRESS

House Agrees on Senate Substitute of Philippines Bill.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Under the order made on Saturday the house today, without preliminary business, proceeded to the consideration of the senate amendments to the Philippine currency bill. It was agreed that there should be one hour of debate on each side.

Mr. Cooper (Wis.) in explaining the bill read a cablegram from Governor Taft saying that the failure of Philippine currency legislation would create consternation in the islands.

After the debate closed, the two amendments recommended by the house committee were agreed to and the vote was taken on the adoption of the senate substitute as amended. It was agreed to, 135 to 100.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Feb. 24.—During the consideration of morning business in the senate today, a house bill was passed creating a new division of the Eastern district of Texas and providing for the holding of sessions of court at Texarkana.

A bill was passed authorizing the secretary of the treasury to issue a number of souvenir medallions for the benefit of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial association of the United States.

A resolution was adopted calling on the postmaster general to furnish information regarding the effect on the revenue of the postoffice department in the event of the adoption of the amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill giving all periodicals the same rate and terms as those now given weekly periodicals. A resolution also was agreed to accepting the invitation of the Louisiana Purchase exposition to attend the dedicatory ceremonies at St. Louis April 30 and May 1 and 2 next, and providing for the appointment of a committee of ten senators to represent that body.

Mr. Quay speaking to his resolution declaring it to be the sense of the senate that a vote should be taken on the statehood bill prior to March 2, said that the occasion for it had passed but he desired a test vote on the question of cloture in the senate "for future reference."

Mr. Aldrich thought the resolution should go to the committee on rules whereupon Mr. Quay remarked that if the senators who were so vociferous the other day, in opposing cloture, declined to go on record he was willing the resolution should be referred. The resolution was then sent to the committee.

Upon motion of Mr. Proctor, the agricultural appropriation bill was taken up. The statehood amendment which was put on as a rider was passed over by unanimous consent.

The committee amendments with the exception of the statehood amendment were agreed to, and the bill was informally laid aside. Mr. Aldrich called up the bill amending the revised statutes to further provide for the safe keeping of public money and several amendments were adopted.

The bill then went over. Mr. Quay sought to secure a vote on the statehood bill tomorrow, but Mr. Nelson objected. Mr. Tillman then resumed his remarks, begun yesterday in reference to the Indianola, Miss., postoffice case.

Right Rev. J. J. KEANE,

Bishop of Wyoming, will speak at the ORPHANS' CONCERT at the ARMORY TONIGHT.

THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL

Senate Committee Recommends Increases In Appropriations.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The senate committee on appropriations today concluded its consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. The committee recommends increases over the appropriations made by the bill as it passed the house, amounting to $3,279,701, bringing the total up to $85,279,650.

The following are the principal items of increase: Quarantine stations, $65,000; light houses, beacons and fog signals, $1,175,100; revenue cutter service, $200,000; for payment to Queen Lilluokalani, of Hawaii, $200,000; armories and arsenals, $233,000; for military posts, $750,000; soldiers' homes, $126,500; beginning of new building for the agricultural department, $250,000.

The committee struck out the house appropriation of $500,000 for the extension of the capitol and that of $750,000 for the construction of an office building for the members of the house of representatives, together with the provisions for the completion of these works at a total cost of $2,500,000 for the capitol and $3,100,000 for the office building exclusive of the site.

The following is the text of the provision for payment to Lilluokalani:

"For payment to Lilluokalani, formerly queen of the kingdom of Hawaii, in full satisfaction and discharge of all claims legal and equitable, $200,000; and no part of this sum shall be paid by the United States to attorneys or agents, but the treasury warrant for said sum shall be issued to said Lilluokalani and shall be delivered to her in person upon her personal receipt for the same."

CONTAINED NO MONEY.

St. Louis, Feb. 24.—Armed with a writ of attachment, Sheriff Dickman today opened the two safes of the National Securities company and found they contained only books and papers. The affairs of this co-operative investment company are now under investigation. The writ of attachment was secured by Mrs. N. C. Kuhlman on a claim for $7798.

Merchants and Business Men.

When they feel fagged out and jaded from the cares, responsibilities, anxieties, worries, etc., find a benefactor in Ben Bros.' Cascarin. It is not a stimulant but a tasteless laxative tonic and cathartic. At druggists, 50 cents, or sample sent free. Ben Bros.' & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

HUNGER IS KEEN

In Swedish Parish 140 Miles Beyond Arctic Circle.

Cut Off From World By Snow and Bitter Cold.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Under date of Karesuando, Sweden, Jan. 28, Guy Cramer, special correspondent of the Tribune, writes: In Karesuando parish, the most northerly of all church districts of Sweden, taking its name from this village lying 140 miles above the arctic circle, the famine has spread the extreme of desolation. In this small parish 1283 people, most of them Lapps, who have given up their roving ways and become permanent settlers, or a mixed race of Lapps, Finns and Swedes, are trying to fight off starvation, practically cut off from the world by snow, ice and bitter cold and by lack of roads and the trackless mountain reaches from the hands of charity in Stockholm and at Lulea, which are trying in every possible way to reach them.

Though the population is not so heavy in this district, nevertheless it presents one of the most difficult problems which relief committees are striving to solve in this famine-stricken northland. To increase the burdens of the starving peasants here, hundreds of natives of Finland, who represent only the dregs of the worst poverty, are crossing the boundary and begging relief. The condition of these people is pitiable.

We reached Karesuando, with its desolate environs, its hillocks of ice and snow and its forests, where even the trees are stunted by the bitter cold, only after a trip of seventy-four miles in the pulkas, or canoe-shaped sleds, of the Laplanders, using reindeer instead of horses. The entire way has been marked with the suffering of the famine. It is as if some unseen power had swept a blight over the entire intervening country, for the suffering can be seen only in the faces of the starving peasants as the inundated fields, where the crops of last summer and this year are lying, are coated under tons of ice.

Everywhere the people are slowly starving to death, praying for relief, wondering how to get to the railway station at Kurina, more than eighty miles away, to get a handful of the food that is piled on the platforms there, and, everywhere, hoping against hope that some miracle will be wrought by the government and the relief organizations to keep them alive. If the people of this extreme north are to be saved it would seem that the government must turn its regular army in here at once and form its many hands into a distributing agency. If this is not done the relief organizations will need organized volunteers to distribute supplies, this body using the few hundred head of horses that still survive the knife in these districts, and which are becoming skeletons of skin and bone because of lack of fodder.

Skeptics Turn Believers and are Cured.—"When I read that Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder could relieve catarrh in ten minutes I was far from being convinced. I tried it—a single puff through the blower afforded instant relief, stopped pain over the eyes and cleansed the nasal passages. Today I am free from catarrh." B. L. Egan, Easton, Pa. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

In Karesuando the first group we met were Finns fleeing from their home land. They had begged and received all that could be given them. They found shelter in one little hut, where poverty had stamped its worst. They were making a black, thin bread which is the chief weapon with which life fights for existence up here. A portion of Iceland moss, the crush of a sort of mountain ash berry, a bit of ground bark and a smattering of flour were the ingredients which formed this unwholesome, bitter mass. But they were thankful that they had even that, though begging piteously and showing extreme gratitude when they were given something better from the supplies of the Tribune expedition.

Two of the older people of this group had fought through the famine of 1867, and they claimed its horrors never exceeded the suffering now in Finland and in the Swedish northland, and, they added, the present suffering has no hope until next fall except charity's assistance.

As our pulkas turned off the Lainio river and into the nest of huts marking Karesuando in the snow, we found a party of boys actually tearing a hole through the ice with their numbed hands, hoping to catch a fish. They had nothing with which to bait the rude hook except the hope inspired by hunger. Two weeks before a fish had been caught, they said, as they eagerly ate the food we gave them.

In Karesuando parish practically all the cows have been killed. The minister of the little church had just taken charge and had not yet gathered the statistics.

"I am not wrong in saying," said he, "that at least 70 per cent of the cows have been killed, and their number was scarce even in the best of years. Deprived of the food which they made from cow's milk and from the milk of goats, the one source of food has been exhausted. There is nothing here to provide work for the people, except their small crops and hunting or fishing."

All that has saved the village and parish thus far has been the generous aid of a few roving Lapps. Exclusive of the 1283 settlers, there are probably 900 roving Lapps in this district now. But only a few of their number have awakened to the need. The Lapps, who have become "settlers," wear the name of "nyebegare." The families of the Lapps, Swedes and Finns may have intermingled 100 years ago, but this term is still applied to all. The roving Lapps follow their reindeer to the mountains of Norway each May and spend the summer there, coming down again to the Swedish northland in the late September or October. The rovers in this district own approximately 25,000 reindeer. Until the famine came they have been enabled to sell their deer at a price as high as thirty kroner, or $8.10 a head. Now many have refused even to sell at a lower price to starving families.

A number of the Lapps, hardy, short statured, and able to withstand the hardships encountered, have made trips to Kurina and even down to Mojary, more than 151 miles away by the river beds, and have brought back the few handfuls of food which now sustain the life of the parish. Such trips mean days and nights in the cold; mean exposure and extreme labor in circumventing a number of the waterfalls and in striving to find the most open way that will bear a pulka and a reindeer, involve bodily injury at times if a reindeer proves stubborn and willful.

TO BUILD A THEATER.

Berlin, Feb. 24.—Isadora Duncan, the California dancer, has been supplied with $250,000 by subscriptions from her admirers, with which to build a theater to be called by her name.

BOUGHT BY MORGAN.

New York, Feb. 24.—The recent activity in St. Louis & San Francisco shares caused a general belief that control of the road has changed hands and the opinion in the street was that J. P. Morgan & Co. were the new owners. No official confirmation of these reports was obtainable, however, at the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co.

JOHN QUINN DEAD.

New York, Feb. 24.—John Quinn, a former representative in congress, is dead of pneumonia after a week's illness, at his home in this city. He was 63 years old and is survived by a widow, daughters and two sons. He was born in Ireland and came to New York as a stone cutter thirty-five years ago. As a member of the Fifty-first congress he helped to defeat a bill for the removal of the body of Gen. Grant from New York to Arlington cemetery.

EXECUTORS SECURE

Verdict In Case of Huntington vs. Kneeland.

White Plains, N. Y., Feb. 24.—Judgment for $23,283 was entered today in the supreme court for Mrs. Arabella D. Huntington and Charles H. Tweed, as executors of the will of the late Collins P. Huntington, in a suit brought by them against Sylvester R. Kneeland, Isaac H. Gates, et al. Suit was brought on an agreement between Kneeland and Huntington by which a large tract of land in Yonkers, Fordham and Greenburg was to be held as security for $700,000 loaned by Huntington to Kneeland.

In 1881, Kneeland executed a deed to Gates and others for the land. Mrs. Huntington brought suit to recover the amount with interest.

Beautiful Water colors
Call in and see them.
Engels' Art Store,
17 and 19 Third Avenue west.

FURS WERE CHANGED.

Fraud Practiced on Goods of Mrs. Fair.

Paris, Feb. 24.—The investigation into the mysterious change of the furs of the late Mrs. Charles Fair was resumed before consul general Gowdy today. Four affidavits from San Francisco witnesses were read.

The investigation, which is still in progress has already fully established the substitution and has shown that the American consulate never had possession of the articles, thus vindicating the American officials. Mr. Gowdy also considers that the evidence also vindicates the forwarding companies.

STATUE FOR MISS WILLARD.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 24.—The Brundage bill appropriating $9000 for a statue of Miss Frances E. Willard to be placed in statuary hall in Washington, D. C., was passed by both houses of the state legislature today. The appropriation was made officially in 1898, but before the work was completed the appropriation lapsed. The bill today reapportioned the amount.

MEETING OF CABINET.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Discussion of the Panama canal situation consumed a large portion of the time of President Roosevelt and the cabinet at today's meeting. Just prior to the meeting Attorney General Knox had a conference with Attorney Cromwell, who represents the Panama Canal company in this country. The details of the conference were not disclosed. It was announced at the meeting that an agreement or convention had been concluded with Cuba providing for United States coaling stations on the island.

COURT-MARTIAL FOR WORTMAN.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Secretary Moody today ordered a general court-martial to convene at the navy yard, Pensacola, Fla., on or about March 6, for the trial of Ensign Ward K. Wortman, on the charge of neglect of duty, growing out of the recent explosion in the eight-inch turret of the battleship Massachusetts, which resulted in the death of the nine members of the gun crew.

KILLED BY TRAIN.

Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 24.—Dr. W. E. B. Davis, one of the most prominent physicians in the Southern states, was run over by a passenger train this afternoon and instantly killed. He was out making calls and reaching a crossing found it blocked. He left his buggy to hold his horse by the reins and stumbled and fell under the train.

The Saturday Evening Post
is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.
Write for our offer.
THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

FIRE IN A CIRCUS.

Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 24.—A second alarm was rung in this afternoon at 3:45 for a fire in the extensive set of buildings occupied as winter headquarters by the Barnum & Bailey circus. The menageries and entire paraphernalia of the show were in the building.

BROKE HER PROPELLER.

Newport, R. I., Feb. 24.—The Russian steamer Erika, from Barry for Providence, was towed into the harbor today by the British steamer Boston City, bound from Barry to New York. The Erika's propeller is broken.

SAW CHINAMAN'S GHOST.

Lights shone dimly in the wide old-fashioned fo'c'sle of the British four-masted bark, Craigerne, from Rio, at the foot of Richards street, Erie Basin, says the New York World. Aft of the windlass a fire crackled in a little stove. The men were smoking, reading, playing cards, and one was washing his togs in a large kid of suds.

"I never give ear to ghost stories nor took much faith in 'em till this 'ere trip," said Able Seaman Daly, "but may be I'll shift me views. I dunno. They tell me as how there be men with education and money and away aloft in sciences and philosophy and such, as believes in 'em, and why shouldn't a sailor, 'specially one as has seen them things through his own binnacle lamps?

"In the middle watch in the trades, under a full moon and all the stars, I turns in all standin' under the lee of a spare spar lashed along the bulwarks. I wakes up, may be in an hour's time, and what do I see?

"I see as how the slack of the main topmast stays'l downhaul, as had been properly and shipshape coiled on a pin, was thrown off the pin and a flowin' free.

"Bill Daly, able seaman, wouldn't be found dead alongside of a downhaul all gone like that, and so I, cursing a bit, coils her up again and turns over me other side to. Maybe I had winked for another hour when I rolls again and opens me eye.

"The slack was off again and the end trailing as before. None of the hands had been nigh the downhaul, as I proved later. I was astonished like, but coiled the slack again and hanged it on the pin. The trade wind was drawin' steady, and no natural agency and no hand human throwed off the slack from the belayin' pin.

"Well, the same thing happened agin, and then I couldn't stand it no longer, and I shifted to another part of the deck.

"The next day I learns as how on a previous voyage the Chink steward of the ship had committed suicide by hangin' of hisself with that 'ere very main topmast stays'l downhaul. In the humble opinion of a sailor it was that 'ere Chink's ghost that was a throwin' off the slack that night.

"A few nights afterward I turns in to me bunk and three times the Tam O'Shanter was thrown from her head by invisible hands. O, I think I'll be joinin' the ghost club yet."

"We lost Sailor Apprentice Campbell in a strange way," said McNamara. A. B. he of the soap suds and the ringlets. "The lad had been ashore at Rio with Captain Loades. When the boat returned at night a line was thrown over and Campbell threw back the line ,supposing it was the boat's painter.

"When he saw the boat drifting away from the ship the boy foolishly jumped from the ladder into the bay and tried to swim for it ,but the tide was too strong, or a stingaree ,a fish like a snake with a poisonous sting in its tail, pricked him. The boy's body was found 14 days later, a rare find at Rio, for mostly a drowned hand's body is never seen again on account of the tides and the sharks."

MILITARY RED TAPE.

The pathetic case of Juan Gatan, a native of Isabela province, Philippine islands, stands a recent example of national circumlocution, says the New York Tribune. He once owned a horse, to him a priceless animal, which was seized in November, 1900, by an army officer, who was gathering horses for a raid into Ilagan. Gatan was told that his loss would be made good in money, and he patiently awaited reimbursement for the horse, which was ultimately lost by the United States. Gatan awoke to the necessity of doing something to stimulate his indifferent creditor in April, 1901, and then began a system of inquiry and an attempt at restitution which occupied the intervening period, engaged the labor of numerous officers in two hemispheres and required documentary productions of volume and formalities in two languages. The claim of honest and confiding Juan Gatan started at Aparri, bearing the proof of the claimant's loss to the extent of $62.50. The acting inspector general of the Second district, department of Northern Luzon, sent it to his senior, the acting adjutant general, who sent it to the commanding officer at Taguegarao, who sent it to Cabagan Nuevo, whence it went back to Taguegarao, and thence to the adjutant of the Second district, who sent it to Echague. From this place it went to an officer of the Sixteenth infantry, who returned it to Echague, whence it went to Dagupan, then back to Aparri, thence once more to Dagupan and then to Manila, when Gen. Wheaton sent it ohis chief quartermaster, who gave it to the local adjutant general, who sent it again to Dagupan, whence it went to Aparri, and so to a board which handed it back to Aparri. From this place it was shipped to Dagupan, then back to Manila to the adjutant of the department, who handed it to the adjutant general of the division, who handed it in turn to two subordinates, who gave it back for shipment to Washington, where the adjutant general of the army submitted it to the secretary of war. The secretary referred it to the quartermaster general, who gave it to a deputy, who handed it to the auditor, who found the claim was not legal. Every one of the other twenty-eight officials who had the case acknowledged the justice of the claim, but the auditor found nothing could be done except through congress. So the auditor sent it back to the deputy quartermaster general, who handed it to his chief, who sent it to the secretary of war, who sent it to the speaker of the house, who referred it to the committee on war claims, which must report on it favorably before congress will authorize Juan Gatan to proceed in the court of claims.

Probably Juan Gatan sees no humor in the affair, and if he is an ignorant and prejudiced native he no doubt entertains a curious idea of the justice of government. As a matter of fact, he is today no nearer getting his 125 pesos than he was more than two years ago, when he involuntarily contributed a horse to the cause of liberty.

A CHICKEN MYSTERY.

"It is curious how things can disappear off the face of the earth and leave no sign," musingly observed a Brooklyn lawyer the other day, says the Brooklyn Citizen.

"How do you mean?" was asked.

"Well, I own a small farm in Suffolk county. Last September, when I was down there, I counted up 360 chickens. The other day I could count but 80. Two hundred and eighty fowls had vanished off the face of the earth and left no sign."

"And how did your farmer account for it?" was asked.

"Oh, he couldn't account for it, and that was the reason I gave him the bounce."

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones.—The Advisor.

"FORCE" ADDS NEW PLEASURE TO OLD DISHES

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Alexander McRae and Sarah Jane Hea.

DEATHS.

MacDONALD—Mrs. Barbara MacDonald, age 75 years, died last night at the home of her son Daniel MacDonald, at Hunter's Park. Four of her six surviving sons reside here. They are: Daniel, John, Duncan, and Alexander MacDonald. Miss Annie MacDonald, her only daughter, is also a resident of Duluth. The funeral announcement will be published later.

CARD OF THANKS.

THE FAMILY OF THE LATE MR. EDward McCue wish to thank their many friends for the kindness and sympathy shown at their recent bereavement, also the Masonic fraternity for their kind assistance in performing the last rites to their beloved husband and father.

If You Have ANYTHING TO SELL —THE— Want Columns of The Herald WILL SELL IT FOR YOU.

IF YOU WISH A SERVANT —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET ONE FOR YOU.

THE HERALD'S WANTS WILL SATISFY THE PEOPLE'S WANTS

IF YOU DESIRE A POSITION —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET IT FOR YOU.

If You Wish TO RENT Your Property —THE— Want Columns of The Herald. WILL RENT IT FOR YOU.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

Undivided five acres or more at $10 per acre—in sec. 20, town 55, range 10, Lake County, Minn.—on the **Highland Range.**

F. P. Swanstrom & Co., 630 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

$6300 Takes modern four flat building in East End, earning 1b per cent. A snap.

$1300 Takes fine 75-foot corner on Twenty-first avenue East. Houses and lots in all parts of city.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

4½ PER CENT and 5 PER CENT **Money to Loan** "On or Before" **R. M. Newport,** 302 Lonsdale Building.

REMOVAL.

We have removed to 102 and 103 Providence Building.

Two 50-foot lots on Sixth street. level. For both..... **$700**

7-room house. First class condition, one block off Central Ave., West Duluth. One-half its value..... **$1000**

7-room house, No. 322 Third avenue West..... **$2600**

25 feet on First street, between twentieth and Twenty-first avenues West; lays perfect, and very cheap.

7-room house, stone foundation, within five blocks of the postoffice; easy terms; price..... **$1200**

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO. Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

More Real Estate Bargains:

$1700 Eight large rooms, fine condition, for one family or two; stone foundation, good cellar; lot 75x90 feet. Only three blocks from court house.

$1000 New five-room house, city water, good barn; lot 40x125 feet. Near street car barn, West End.

$1500 Good six-room house, city water; all street improvements made; good barn. West End.

$1250 Nine rooms; city water; large lot. West End.

$500 Ten acres choice land; all improved; near city.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg. 'Phone 789.

Marquette & Arizona Mining Company.

A Great Proposition put before the public. Its like has not been offered since the flotation of the famous Calumet & Arizona property, on the trend of the ore body of the Warren Mining District, Arizona

READ EXPERT TESTIMONY:

Bisbee, Arizona, Jan. 13, 1903.
Emil Marks, Esq., Bisbee, Arizona.

Dear Sir:—Regarding the thirty-seven claims lately acquired by the Marquette and Arizona Mining company, will say that I am familiar with the property, having been over the ground a great many times, and I consider the property a valuable one, and it certainly merits the expenditures necessary to put it on a paying basis. The fact is conceded that you are directly in the trend of the ore bodies in the Bisbee District, I have myself been over the ground from Bisbee, for 30 miles south, and have found, not only the best of indications, but good copper ore, with very little intermission the entire distance.

through the Marquette property and

To reiterate, I think you have a good thing, and I certainly wish you the success which I am sure will follow the development work. Very truly yours. GEO. C. CLARK, E. M.

Bisbee, Arizona, Dec. 20, 1902.
Mr. Emil Marks, Bisbee, Arizona.

Dear Sir:—I am pleased to note by the papers, that you have been instrumental in organizing the Marquette and Arizona Mining Company, which I understand will develop a group of claims just south of those owned by the Copper Glance company.

I consider these claims very choice property, as the formations, together with the surface showing you have, are almost identical with those of our Copper Glance Company.

I believe with sufficient development your property will develop into a paying mine. Wishing you the best of success I am, Yours truly,

S. W. CLAWSON.

Mr. Clawson is underground superintendent of the Copper Queen Mining Company of Bisbee, Arizona.

EMIL MARKS, President, Bisbee, Arizona.
JOS. J. WIRTZ, Secretary, Marquette, Mich.
LOUIS GRABOWER, Treasurer, Marquette, Mich.
LUTHER L. LINDAUER, Kaukauna, Wis.
ALBERT HORNSTEIN, Marquette, Mich.
SHELLEY B. JONES, Marquette, Mich.
LAWRENCE CHRISTIANSON, Bisbee, Arizona.

References:—First National Bank, Marquette; Marquette County Savings Bank; Bank of Bisbee, Bisbee, Arizona; Miners & Merchants Bank, Bisbee, Ariz.

A Limited Amount of Treasury Stock Will Be Sold at $1.50 Per Share

—BY—

The William Kaiser Co.,

106 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

Call, Write, Phone or Wire.

Accident and Liability Department.

Aetna Life Insurance Co.

Hartford, Conn.

53rd ANNUAL STATEMENT.

Assets.....$63,493,546 Surplus.....$7,694,434

Wendell P. Mosher Co., General Agent. Minnesota, Northern Wisconsin, Northern Michigan. Manley-McLennan Agency, District Agents.

First Floor Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

Will lease you a 5 acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years,

Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.

200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.

Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,

REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co

$2500 6-room house, corner lot, 100 by 140. On London Road, in Lester Park.

$2000 7-room house, stone foundation, hard wood floors, lot 50 by 140, good barn. East End.

$1800 7-room house, full 50-foot lot on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue West.

$1900 6-room house, hard wood floors, 50-foot lot, Fourth street and 22nd avenue West.

$1600 7-room house, water sewer, porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl, centrally located, easy terms.

$950 7-room house, good barn, lot 25 by 140, near Franklin school.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO., Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.

ECHO MINING CO.

DERRIG & GUNNISS

409-410 Torrey Bldg. BOTH 'PHONES.

Bakers, Attention!

We will equip a store for a modern bakery in a new flat building about to be erected in a centrally located residence district.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

1 Exchange Building.

STORE FOR RENT

Good brick building, No. 515 E. Fourth st.

PULFORD, HOW & CO., 309 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

We have the stock

LOOK OUT! LOOK OUT!
Crooked River is liable to take a very sudden rise when the snow begins to melt in Idaho. For latest reports sec. write, phone or wire

THE WILLIAM KAISER COMPANY 106 Palladio Building.

$1100 Buys full lot with small building, Jefferson street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues East.

Ten-room house on Pittsburgh avenue, near Second avenue West, on easy terms. Cheap acre property.

J. W. SHELLENBERGER, 107 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE OR LEASE!

Three-story basement brick building, known as 14, 16 and 18 East Michigan street; 75 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Steam heat, two elevators, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Each floor has carrying capacity of 180 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession.

J. D. HOWARD & CO., Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St

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HOUSES AND LOTS.

We have several good homes at Lakeside and Lester Park that are to be sold CHEAP, and on easy terms. Also some BIG BARGAINS in building lots on graded streets. With water, and sewer. See us for lots on Park Point.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co

303 Lonsdale Building.

AN OPPORTUNITY

of a life time. How often do you hear people say, "I could have bought this or that at such and such a price," naming a few dollars, for properties now immensely valuable. Some man did do it, and today is counting his wealth by tens and perhaps hundreds of thousands.

$30 cash and $5 a month, without interest, for fifty-four months, will buy five acres of land near Woodland. There is no better land for market garden purposes in St. Louis county, is comparatively level and free from rock and has a nice spring brook running through it. Can be cleared and made ready for cultivation at a very small expense.

We give you immediate possession of the land with permission to go on and improve and use it. You can raise enough on one acre, in one season, to pay for the whole five acres.

We can sell you a ten acre tract for $60 cash, and $10 a month on the same terms.

Here is a rare opportunity for a small and safe investment. An opportunity to save and invest a few dollars every month which in a short time, will provide you with a home, where you can live in ease and comfort. Let us show you this land.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO., Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St

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No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—I WILL sell all my household furniture, including, range and heating stoves, organ, sewing machine, rocking chairs, carpets, books, etc., at 218 Twelfth avenue east, from 1 to 6 p. m., Wednesday, 25th inst. Mrs. A. C. Barlow.

FOR SALE—A SNAP! HOME BAKERY on an improved plan, with an established trade, at a bargain. Bell 'phone, 970—3, or address, "Bakery", care Herald.

FOR SALE — COMBINED WALNUT bookcase and roll top desk with large drawers; exquisite finish. 617 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE; one bedroom suite, child's bed, chair, tables, delfe, cook stove, heater, carpet and oilcloth. Sell very cheap if all taken in bunch. 27 First alley east, rear Lowell block.

SPRING GOODS AND NEW FASHION plates now in. Make your selection early. Suits to order, $25. Union steel. Hagberg Bros., over 218 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—TWO GO-CARTS AND ONE baby cutter for sale cheap. 218 East Fifth street.

MAPS OF HIGHLAND IRON DISTRICT and Isle Royale, $1.00 each. C. G. Krelwitz, 321 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ON EASY TERMS. Three nice, level building lots, size 25x140 on Seventh street near Eleventh avenue east. Call at Arlington hotel, any time this week. T. F. Whelan.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, folding beds, tables, chairs, refrigerator, clocks, range, heater, two tons coal. Call No. 14 Fourth avenue East, 11. Herrick.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ON EASY TERMS this week only, three level building lots, size 25x140, on Ninth street and Eleventh avenue east. Corner lots. Apply this week to T. F. Whelan, Arlington Hotel.

GASOLINE Engines with **BRONZE BEARINGS** throughout. "Beats them all." Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake Avenue South.

SALE OR RENT, TO DESIRABLE family only; new house in East End; sewer, water, gas, electricity, hardwood floors and heat, sanitary plumbing; possession May 1. Also house now building; plans changed to suit purchaser or for tenant on lease for term of years. Address, Owner, W 65, Herald.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-FOOT WALNUT roll top desk and two blank cases. Ross L. Mahon, 414 First National Bank building.

Angelus Piano Player $150— Oak--Perfect condition. $20 cash and $8 a month. FRENCH & BASSETT.

Hands'me Waln't Upright $145 Piano, slightly used; $10 cash and $5 a month. FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE — PHAETON, AT A BARgain. 1425 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2008 West Helm street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1215 East Seventh street.

Mahog'ny Upright Piano $158 Large size—$10 cash and $6 a month. FRENCH & BASSETT.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1200 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Good Square Piano—$48. Sweet tone—$5 cash and $3 a month. FRENCH & BASSETT.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

FAR SALE CHEAP—COMBINED WALnut case and roll top desk, large drawers, exquisite finish, 617 Torey Bldg

Horses for Sale

Just arrived with a carload draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,

Opposite P. O., Duluth. Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WOMAN WANTS ANY KIND OF work by the day. Address 621 West First street, upstairs.

A YOUNG LADY WITH EXPERIENCE desires a position as clerk in store. O. 66, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, AGE 18, WOULD LIKE position as timekeeper or clerk in a lumber camp; has experience; will work for a reasonable salary. O. 61, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man of excellent character as salesman, collector or any position of trust. W. Williams, 660 Third street west, city.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer or office work; has some knowledge of legal papers and real estate business. Address O 64, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY THOROUGHly experienced bookkeeper. First-class references. Address O 65, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home or to go out by the day. Call at 2801½ Third avenue east.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced lady stenographer and bookkeeper. References furnished. Address O 62, Herald.

PERSONAL.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist.

Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., Box 267, Duluth, Minn.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 721 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 23 Mesaba avenue.

TO AN A1 GENERAL HOUSE GIRL will pay $20 a month; also nurse maid (with reference), $12 month. Mrs. Douglass, 2327 East First street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL, 315 EAST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; no children. 307 West Second street.

WANTED — NEAT, COMPETENT GIRL for general housework, in small family; one who likes children preferred. 1815 Piedmont avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 125 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK, 432 West Second street.

WANTED—ENGLISH-SPEAKING KITchen girl, also new comer. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—A BRIGHT FINISH GIRL that speaks good English and has experience as saleslady in dry goods. J. I. Mandel, Biwabik, Minn.

WANTED—A GIRL THAT CAN MAKE a good pie. A good position and good wages to the girl that can. Apply to Chas. H. Hall, Branch Bethel.

WANTED—GIRL TO CARE FOR TWO small children. Boston Restaurant.

WANTED — DISHWASHER AT THE Midland, 210 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK. 413 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 412 West Third street.

WANTED — DINING ROOM AND KITchen girl. 394 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue East.

WANTED—TWO LADIES TO REPRESent mail order house, $2 per day. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. $6.50 cash deposit required. Address S 53, Herald.

WANTED — ELDERLY LADY TO ASsist in taking care of two children. Call or address 303 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 1422½ East First St.

WANTED — SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST in housework in exchange for board. Apply 229 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Apply mornings 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 2321 East First street.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — BOY. NORTH-LAND Printery.

WANTED—A GOOD SOLICITOR. CALL 116 West Superior street, between 11 and 12 a. m.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLEbodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. APPLY Hotel McKay.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Advantages of steady practice, expert instructions, lectures, etc., without limit to time. Tools, diplomas. Saturday wages and position given. Spring rush soon. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

A SOBER, HONEST, EXPERIENCED cook for the new hotel at Eveleth, Minn. Call on or address, E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONal Bank bldg. Phones. Zen., 831; Dul., 544.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1, SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 335 West Michigan street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old, 705-5.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

IMPORT OF 1902, FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — ISABELLA FOX TAIL either in Duluth or West Duluth. Finder please leave same at Herald office.

THE PARTY WHO STOLE THE BLACK marten scarf and pair of gloves from the Armory, Monday night is known, and will avoid trouble by returning same to Herald office. No questions asked.

LOST — LADY'S OPEN FACE GOLD watch, probably between Twenty-sixth or Nineteenth avenues west on Superior street. Finder please return to Flat 10, U. S. block, for reward.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed. with no damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE. 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms; light housekeeping permitted. Only respectable parties need apply. 106 East Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE PLEASANT front room on first floor, with electric light, bath and heat. Six dollars per month at 518 Third avenue East.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. 7 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms with water suitable for housekeeping. Particulars at 501 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room, modern convenience, 309 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms; city water; $8 per week, 803 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM with alcove; will allow light housekeeping. 322 West Third street. Call before 10 a. m. and after 6 p. m.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with bath. 16 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—SPACE IN STORE. 3 WEST Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 217 Second avenue East.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, $2.00 up. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOM AND BOARD FOR two young men. 305 East Third street. Modern.

BOARD AND ROOM. 211 WES Second street.

SINGLE OR DOUBLE ROOMS WITH board. 202 West Second street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD. 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

CLAIRVOYANT.

RETURNED! RETURNED!
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REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

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SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 229 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 23rd, 1903. Work Second Degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 25 1903. Work P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com., City Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Social session and Ladies' night Feb. 17; J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES. DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett J. Pleyer, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp. No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1903. TWO CENTS.

TO MEET IN PARIS

Anarchists From All Over World Will Hold Convention.

To Devise Plans Which Will Affect Crowned Heads.

New York, Feb. 25.—The Evening Telegram today prints a story to the effect that anarchists from all over the world are about to meet in a secret convention at Paris to devise plans that may radically affect the crowned heads of Europe. All preparations for the convention were carefully guarded, but the plans became known, through the boastful talk of a youthful delegate to the convention from this city. This man, an Italian, known as "Angelo" and "Rudolph," gave up his place on Saturday, declaring that he had been selected as one of five delegates from the United States to the convention. The Evening Telegram says:

"Far-reaching anarchistic plans are to be discussed and perfected at this world's convention, it is said, and it is even whispered that, ere an adjournment is taken, a meeting of anarchy in most cabal will have been held and lots will have been drawn assigning men to deeds the full accomplishment of which may shape the destinies of the reigning houses of Europe."

EMIGRANTS ARRIVE FAST

Nearly Four Thousand Reached New York On Monday.

New York, Feb. 25.—The immigration officials report today that their books show yesterday (Tuesday) to have been one of the busiest days Ellis island has known in some time. Owing to the holiday Monday following on the heels of Sunday there was an unusually large number of steerage passengers arriving in port who had to be taken care of at the island. Six ships arrived Monday, bringing altogether 3,878 steerage passengers. They were not landed until yesterday.

NOMINATIONS

Sent By the President To the Senate.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Nelson F. Handy, surveyor of customs, Denver, Col.; Frank L. Campbell, Ohio, assistant attorney general; Melville W. Miller, Indiana, assistant secretary of the interior; Lucius Wright, agent for the Indians of the Mission Tulle River agency in California.

Navy—Passed assistant paymaster, William T. Gray, to be a paymaster; Medican Inspector James R. Waggener, to be a medical director.

Postmasters—Iowa, James L. Carl, Lone Tree; John C. Campaign, Bellevue. Michigan, Sidney E. Lawrence, Hudson. South Dakota, Evan J. Edwards, Bowdle. Wisconsin, Thomas Hughes, Beaver Dam; Charles Kinnach, Cudahy.

FREIGHT DEPOT BURNED.

Santa Fe Structure at Kansas City Destroyed.

Kansas City, Feb. 25.—The extensive freight depot of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe at Fourteenth and Hickory streets in west bottoms, and ninety freight cars with contents were destroyed by fire today. The damage is estimated at over $100,000. Many of the cars were loaded with merchandise on which it was difficult to place a loss.

BOOTH PACKING COMPANY

Takes Control of Canning Plant at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 25.—The Booth Packing company perfected its organization at a meeting of the stockholders, and these officers were elected: George N. Numsen, president; Gen. T. J. Shryock, vice president; H. S. Oren, secretary and treasurer. The capital stock of the company is $200,000, all paid up. Fred Booth thus explained the forming of the new company:

"I have decided to retire from active business, after a career of thirty years. I feel that I have worked long enough. Because of my retirement A. Booth & Co. have sold to the Booth Packing company, the new concern, its Baltimore plant for canned goods. Possession of the plant will be given to the new company April 1. I have a large interest in the Booth Packing company.

"A. Booth & Co.'s principal business is dealing in fish and oysters and it has houses all over the world. The general offices are in Chicago. The firm has $5,000,000 capital and will continue just as before."

The stock of A. Booth & Co. and of the A. Booth Packing company, is held by the same men and the two corporations are practically the same. T. A. Decker, agent for the packing company, said he was not familiar with the finances of the companies, but supposed that the new incorporation and the retirement of Fred Booth were merely to consolidate the management of the interests. A. Booth & Co. is the title of the original house and in Baltimore has largely dealt in canned goods, under the management of Fred Booth. The Chicago concern started in chiefly with fresh fish. Fred Booth is a brother of W. Vernon Booth, of Chicago, president of the companies.

STATE AID FOR THE STARVING

House Votes $5000 For the Scandinavians.

Members on Visits to the State Institutions.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house this morning passed a bill appropriating $5000 for the relief of the famine-stricken people of the Scandinavian peninsula. This bill was introduced by Mr. Deming, of Hennepin county, and on his motion it was immediately passed under suspension of the rules. There was but one negative vote, that of Mr. Shearer, of Hennepin county, who thought it was establishing a bad precedent. The bill was immediately taken into the senate, and Senator Wilson moved that the rules be suspended and the measure passed at once. Senator McGill, of Ramsey county, however, thought there was no occasion for rushing it through. He thought it was of doubtful propriety to appropriate public money for foreign charity and he feared it was establishing a dangerous precedent.

Senator Laybourn, of Duluth, moved that the rules be so far suspended as to give the bill its first reading and have it referred to the finance committee, which motion prevailed.

* * *

The sessions of both houses were tame this morning, as a large number of the members were away visiting state institutions and little could be done. In the house the judiciary committee reported Dr. Dorsey's bill permitting the beet sugar company to bring a suit to test the validity of its claim for bounties, was recommended for indefinite postponement. Dr. Dorsey moved as a substitute that the bill be printed and placed on general orders, and he won his point. He said he realized that he was up against it, as the judiciary committee was composed entirely of lawyers, and the chairman had not given him a fair deal, having promised to let him appear before the committee when his bill was up and failed to do so. The motion was opposed by the friends of the beet sugar company, but it carried.

Mr. Dowling, Mr. Minnette and others on the extreme right of the floor sent up a resolution saying that as the

(Continued on page 4).

SALARIES TO BE INCREASED DISTRICT JUDGE BILL TO PASS

Reported Favorably By House Committee of the Whole---Absence of Governor During Session of the Legislature Is Being Criticised.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Both house and senate put in yesterday afternoon's session in committee of the whole, and thus got out of the way a large amount of business, recommending some bills for passage and turning others down.

The feature of particular interest to Duluth and vicinity was the bill increasing the salaries of the district judges of the Eleventh judicial district from $3500 to $5000, which was recommended to pass in committee of the whole by the house. It has already passed the senate, so it will become a law within a few days.

Though the bill has been before the house for several days, and on general orders for two days, it looked for a few moments yesterday afternoon that it might go over again. Some of the Hennepin county members got up and wanted to find out about it, fearing that it might affect their judges. It was explained to them, however, by Mr. Hugo, who moved a favorable report on the bill, which motion was adopted.

* * *

The senate almost unanimously voted to recommend the corrupt practices act to pass. Senator Wilson, of Hennepin county, the author of the bill repealing it, referred to the law as "the notorious corrupt practices act, which was a vain and inglorious attempt to correct the politics and politicians of the state. It is full of the direst penalties," he continued, "for violations of the law, yet it has not shown the slightest tendency to accomplish its purpose. So far from being an agent for the improvement of the political morals of the state, it is a standing menace to the morals of the people. I presume there are few mem-

(Continued on Page 8.)

FREIGHT TRAIN RAN AWAY DOWN SLOPE OF ALLEGHENY

Crashed Into Another Train at Foot of Grade, Killing a Flagman and Seriously Injuring Four Others, Some of Whom Will Die.

Altoona, Pa., Feb. 25.—One man was killed, one fatally injured and four others more or less seriously hurt in a freight wreck on the Pennsylvania road at Kittaning Point, seven miles west of here, today.

The dead:

J. H. COX, aged 32 years, a flagman.

Injured: R. E. Cooney, aged 29 years, an extra engineer, was fatally injured; H. M. Storr, fireman; W. E. Leech, conductor; T. L. Gill, brakeman; John T. Rouse.

The wreck was caused by a freight train of thirty-six loaded cars running wild down the eastern slope of the Allegheny mountain and colliding with another freight which was standing on the same track. Thirty cars were demolished, blocking traffic for several hours. The injured were brought to a hospital here.

NEW YORK HAS A GRIP EPIDEMIC

New York, Feb. 25.—Crowded to its utmost capacity, Bellevue hospital is hardly able to care for its patients. An epidemic of grip has brought the number of patients in the institution up to 920. When the limit had been reached, in order to turn no one away attendants made efforts to set up spring mattresses at temporary beds, and every inch of available space was used in this way.

So serious has the epidemic of grip in Brooklyn become that the health department has sent out a special warning to all keepers and janitors of public buildings, instructing them to use extraordinary care in keeping the buildings properly ventilated. Corps of inspectors and their assistants have started in to disinfect all of the court rooms in the borough. This treatment may be extended to the school houses. Twelve deaths from the grip were reported last week. Since January there have been forty-six deaths from the disease in Brooklyn, which the health officials consider an alarming record, in view of the fact that only fifty-three deaths from the grip occurred in the twelve months in 1902.

PORTAGE LAKE WINS TWELFTH

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—With only three men each playing and two decorating the fence toward the end of the second half, the timekeeper's whistle was blown and Portage Lake added its twelfth consecutive victory by defeating the Pittsburg Athletic club by a score 3 to 1 last night. From every view point the game was incomparable and the crowd of 2000 went wild over the spectacular plays made both by the visitors and the home men. The first half was played with only six men each, the second with only five. Two Pittsburg men were injured, and two Portage men were dropped to even up. Ten minutes before time was called Shields for Pittsburg and Stephens for Portage were ruled off the ice because they wouldn't face off fairly and squarely. Shields, with only one eye that did treble duty, played the most brilliant game for the visitors and by a pass from him to Stein tallied the Pittsburg Athletic club's only goal. Portage Lake was invincible on team, combination and individual play.

THE ALLIES AT WORK

On The Hague Protocol Draft Submitted By Bowen.

Negotiations Are Proceeding Rapidly With Other Claimants.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Great Britain, German and Italy are still considering the rough draft of The Hague protocol, submitted to their representatives here yesterday by Mr. Bowen, in which it is provided that the czar of Russia shall select the personnel of the court to pass on the preferential contention of the allies. Meanwhile, Mr. Bowen is carrying on negotiations with the other claimants and hopes to finish up the French protocol this week. There is a slight delay in the drawing of this convention, owing to the activity of the French consul at Caracas, who has made certain proposals to President Castro and thereby interfered somewhat with the work of the French embassador here. The latter has been empowered to draw up the protocol with Mr. Bowen and as soon as President Castro can be made to understand the situation, Mr. Bowen and Mr. Jusserand will proceed with their task.

Mexico's protocal is being engrossed at the state department and will be signed by Senor De Aspiroz, the Mexican ambassador, and Mr. Bowen, for Venezuela, probably tomorrow. In substance it is the same as that of the United States, the main point of difference being that the Mexican convention provides that the king of Spain, instead of the queen of Holland, shall be invited to name the umpire for the Venezuelan-Mexican commission in the event of its disagreement.

DISPLAYED HIS MONEY

Foolish Deed at Dance Caused Assault and Robbery.

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—An Appleton, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Held up by highwaymen, assaulted, beaten into insensibility and robbed, is the record of a crime that came to the knowledge of the police through Richard Wagner, the victim of the attack. Returning home from a dance, at 2 o'clock this morning, Wagner claims to have been struck over the head so that he became unconscious. There were two of the highwaymen, and after striking him to the ground, Wagner claims they robbed him of a roll of bills which he carried in his vest pocket, and escaping in the darkness before he recovered sensibility. Another roll of bills, which the man carried concealed on his person, amounting to about $30 was not secured by the robbers. The young man's face is badly cut where he was struck. He says that he displayed his roll at a dance, and that the thugs followed him on his homeward route.

CONDITIONS ARE SERIOUS

Shortage of Cars at Mines the Worst In History.

Pittsburg, Feb. 25.—While the car situation at the mines in the Pittsburg district has not been good for several months, the conditions just at present are pronounced by coal operators the worst in history. Outside of the river mines and those along the Pittsburg & Lake Erie and the Monongahela division of the Pennsylvania railroad fully seventy per cent are idle. Of the twenty-eight mines of the Pittsburg Coal company on the Pan Handle road, sixteen are shut down today and the others have but a fair supply of cars. Six of the largest mines on the Baltimore & Ohio road out of fifteen owned by the combination are idle. This is said to be a good showing compared with the conditions at the mines of the Independent producers.

FIREMEN KILLED.

One Dead, Another Fatally Injured at Baraboo.

Baraboo, Wis., Feb. 25.—A freight train crashed into a switch engine in the Northwestern yards today instantly killing Fireman John Donahue of Baraboo and fatally injuring Fireman Lawrence Malloy of Escanaba, both of whom were on the switch engine.

KNITTING WORKS BURNED.

Heavy Loss By Fire at St. Joseph, Mich.

St. Joseph, Mich., Feb. 25.—The Cooper-Wells knitting works were destroyed by fire early today, throwing 360 employes out of work. The loss is estimated at $250,000. The fire originated from an electric light wire in the carding department and spread rapidly. In thirty minutes the plant was in ruins. Several of the night force were burned and had narrow escapes from death by an explosion which occurred with the outbreak of the fire.

OFFICERS KILL EIGHT MINERS

Furious Battle Waged at Virginia Coal Works.

Posse Was Met By Strikers Armed With Rifles.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 25.—A pitched battle took place at Wright's coal works in Raleigh county yesterday evening, between one hundred United States deputy marshals and deputy sheriffs under Chief Deputy Cunningham, of Charleston, and Sheriff Cook, of Raleigh county, and 250 striking miners who refused to permit federal officers to serve injunction papers. The posse met with a mob, armed with Winchesters ,who defied arrest and service of the papers. They followed defiance with hostilities, opening fire on the deputies at once. The deputies responded and the battle raged furiously for several minutes. Eight striking miners were killed, twelve wounded, two mortally, one colored deputy marshal was killed, two wounded and Special Officer Howard Smith, of the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad, was shot in the arm. A striker slipped upon him and fired. Smith dodged the bullet intended for his heart and received it in his arm. He then killed the striker with a pistol. After the posse had repulsed the miners they followed up this advantage and secured the arrest of over one hundred who were brought to Beckley under guard. Cunningham and posse have gone back to the scene and will arrest every one implicated. An ugly strike in progress there is the cause of the trouble. Most of the mob are foreigners.

THE SURVIVOR OF ST. PIERRE TELLS STORY OF EXPERIENCE

Joseph Scibarace, Who Was Buried Four Days In Dungeon During the Eruption of Mont Pelee, Describes His Sufferings Before Being Rescued.

New York, Feb. 25.—Joseph Scibarace, the St. Pierre survivor, who has arrived here, tells an interesting story of his experiences at the time of the eruption of Mont Pelee, he being at that time a prisoner. Scibarace says he was placed in jail for slashing a man with a knife. Then he was put in the dungeon for fighting with a prisoner. His story continues:

"On the next day it got very warm. I heard the sound of explosions, but thought it was only thunder. Shrieks and cries followed the great noise, then all was still and it began to grow hot. I thought the prison was on fire. Ashes and burning stuff began to sift through the bars.

"The pile of straw I used for a bed took fire, but I stamped it out. Hot ashes sifted on my head, arms and back. I was stripped to the waist, and every spark left a scar. After a long time ashes stopped falling. I was sore and hungry. I did not know how long I stayed in the dungeon.

"Finally I went to sleep and knew nothing more until I found myself in the arms of the priest, who had been my friend in the prison. The father had remembered that I was in jail, and after the fire went out he came to save me and had me dug from the ruins. I was told that I was buried four days without food and little air."

FUNERAL OF CHINESE BRIDE WAS MOST GORGEOUS AFFAIR

Tinkling Bells Kept at Bay the Horde of Devils, While Chickens and Coins Were Furnished For Use of the Deceased In the Other World.

New York, Feb. 25.—The funeral of May Llyn, bride of Sung Fung, an actor in the Chinese theater in Doyers street, has been held with pomp and circumstance unusual even for New York's Chinese colony. The body was dressed in gorgeously embroidered Oriental garments, golden dragoons winding their protecting folds about the slight form. No ray of sunshine was admitted to the mourning room, but the decorations of the death robe glittered in the light of innumerable candles, which, with tinkling bells, kept at bay the horde of devils ever ready to rush in and bear away one so young and fair. The close air was burdened with the perfume of burning Eastern incense. A wreath of wax flowers lay on the coffin, the tribute of an Occidental mourner. As the time for the funeral services drew near, the room became filled with Chinamen, friends, actors, of the bereft husband, who chanted the story of his grief and eulogized the virtues of his bride. Chickens and rice balls were placed conveniently near the coffin. Coins were placed in the folds of the garments for use in the outer world.

When the body of May Llyn was borne to the grave, presents were placed beside the coffin again to serve her spirit until that time when her bones shall be disinterred and taken back to China, when her ghostly tribulations will be at an end.

ASTRONOMERS GO TO SOUTH AMERICA TO STUDY STARS

The D. O. Mills Expedition Will Leave For Chile Saturday to Spend Two Years In Finding Out Things Concerning the Solar System.

Berkeley, Cal., Feb. 25.—The D. O. Mills astronomical expedition to the southern hemisphere, after two years of preparatory work, will sail from San Francisco for Chile next Saturday. The observations will be conducted by university of California astronomists headed by William H. Wright, of the Lick observatory. Owing to an injury recently received, Director Campbell will be unable to go with the party, which expects to remain about two years, at least. The mission of the expedition is to throw additional light on the motion of the solar system through space. Since 1895 the line-of-sight velocities of some four hundred of the brightest stars have been measured at the Lick observatory by means of the spectograph presented by D. O. Mills. The results so far obtained indicate that the solar system is moving approximately toward the southern part of the constellation of the lyre with a speed of 12½ miles a second. This conclusion, however, cannot be considered conclusive for the stars of the southern hemisphere are not presented in the calculations, and for the purpose of observing them the Mills expedition is being sent to Santiago, Chile. The spectroscopic photographs obtained by the party will be sent to the Lick observatory for measurement and comparison. All the expenses will be borne by D. O. Mills, of New York.

GONE TO FRANCE TO INVESTIGATE

New York, Feb. 25.—It is learned that Reuben H. Lloyd, for many years the chief counsel of the Fair estate in San Francisco, and Dr. Dudley Tate, the Fairs family physician, quietly sailed for France a few days ago, presumably to thoroughly look into the claim that Mr. Charles Fair survived her husband in the fatal automobile accident last summer by thirty minutes, says the Herald today. This is the contention of Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. Fair's mother, who is suing for a larger share of the estate. Messrs. Jay and Candeler last Saturday notified the counsel for Mrs. Nelson that they represented Mrs. Oelrichs and Mrs. Vanderbilt, sisters of Charles Fair. Consequently the voluminous summons and complaint in the action seeking to obtain a larger part of the Charles Fair estate for Mrs. Nelson were served on them.

WILL NOT RENEW

Option, French Panama Canal Company Has Given Notice.

President Urging Friends In Senate to Ratify Treaty.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The option for the purchase of the Panama canal property from the French company expires next Wednesday. Within the past twenty-four hours the administration has been advised that this option will not be renewed. The French company, it seems, has been approached by a syndicate of bankers of Paris and Berlin who offer to take over the property upon terms much more favorable than those offered by the United States, and to guarantee the old stockholders against all loss. It is further asserted that these bankers have been led to make this offer as a result of the report of the United States engineers, who have made a careful examination into the physical conditions and the engineering problems to be solved. Until that report was made public, the bankers would never have thought of advancing a dollar.

In view of this new development it is asserted that the president is today urging his friends in the senate to use every possible effort to secure the ratification of the Panama treaty and that he goes so far as to recommend that the omnibus statehood bill be passed, with a provision added which will deprive the three new states of representation in the electoral college until 1908. It is believed now that an arrangement may be made whereby the treaty can be ratified and three new states provided for by the end of the session next Wednesday.

IS NO USE TO SEND FOOLS

To College, Says Professor Perrin of Boston University.

Boston, Feb. 25.—The students of Boston university are discussing a talk which Professor Marshall L. Perrin of the university gave to his class on the subject of indiscriminately sending boys and girls to college. According to the noted educator, a great mistake is made by those parents who, knowing that their children lack brains, still think that they can have them trained to lives of usefulness by packing them off to a university. Dr. Perrin declared that careful judgment should be used in choosing between practical instruction and higher education. Among other things he said: "Many a boy would do better to stick to the blacksmith shop and many a girl to the millinery trade. Too many feel that going to college is going to redeem their lives. It sometimes ruins them. Some people are no good in college, but all right in other lines. It is much better to be a successful laborer than a tenth-rate minister, a fiftieth-rate lawyer or a petty school marm."

TROLLEY CARS COLLIDE

In a Fog and Fifteen People Injured.

Peoria, Feb. 25.—During a dense fog this morning three interurban cars, crowded with workingmen, collided at Acme, a small station five miles from here, and fifteen people were injured, of whom six are serious. The injured were brought to the city and placed in hospitals as soon as possible, and the work of clearing away the debris began. Five cars are scheduled to pass at this point, and it is thought that the accident was due to the fog, which was so heavy as to be impenetrable at five feet.

VOLCANO SOLD

And Its Sulphur Deposits to Be Worked.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Gen. Gasper Ochoa, who owns the Popocatapeti volcano, including the immense sulphur deposits in its crater, is reported to have sold that property to an American syndicate in which the Standard Oil interests are largely represented, says a dispatch to the Tribune from Mexico City. The purchase price is said to be $5,000,000. The purchasers intend to build a cog wheel railroad up the mountain and operate the sulphur deposits on an extensive scale.

FARMER FATALLY SHOT

Because He Did Not Have More Money.

Le Sueur, Minn., Feb. 25.—William Ratliff, aged 22 years, for whom a reward of $50 was offered for housebreaking, appeared last night at the home of Lewis Ballman, a farmer, and demanded money. Ballman gave him $10, all he had. Ratliff, enraged at getting so little, fired twice upon Ballman, shooting him under the right eye and in the breast. The farmer then knocked his assailant down with an ax and with the help of his wife and hired man bound him. Ballman can live but a few hours. Ratliff is in jail here.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1903. TWO CENTS.

TO MEET IN PARIS

Anarchists From All Over World Will Hold Convention.

To Devise Plans Which Will Affect Crowned Heads.

New York, Feb. 25.—The Evening Telegram today prints a story to the effect that anarchists from all over the world are about to meet in a secret convention at Paris to devise plans that may radically affect the crowned heads of Europe. All preparations for the convention were carefully guarded, but the plans became known, through the boastful talk of a youthful delegate to the convention from this city. This man, an Italian, known as "Angelo" and "Rudolph," gave up his place on Saturday, declaring that he had been selected as one of five delegates from the United States to the convention. The Evening Telegram says:

"Far-reaching anarchistic plans are to be discussed and perfected at this world's convention, it is said, and it is even whispered that, ere an adjournment is taken, a meeting of anarchy in most cabal will have been held and lots will have been drawn assigning men to deeds the full accomplishment of which may shape the destinies of the reigning houses of Europe."

EMIGRANTS ARRIVE FAST

Nearly Four Thousand Reached New York On Monday.

New York, Feb. 25.—The immigration officials report today that their books show yesterday (Tuesday) to have been one of the busiest days Ellis island has known in some time. Owing to the holiday Monday following on the heels of Sunday there was an unusually large number of steerage passengers arriving in port who had to be taken care of at the island. Six ships arrived Monday, bringing altogether 2,878 steerage passengers. They were not landed until yesterday.

NOMINATIONS

Sent By the President To the Senate.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Nelson P. Handy, surveyor of customs, Denver, Col.; Frank L. Campbell, Ohio, assistant attorney general; Melville W. Miller, Indiana, assistant secretary of the interior; Lucius Wright, agent for the Indians of the Mission Tulle River agency in California.

Navy—Passed assistant paymaster, William T. Gray, to be a paymaster; Medican Inspector James R. Waggener, to be a medical director.

Postmasters—Iowa, James L. Carl, Lone Tree; John C. Campaign, Bellevue, Michigan, Sidney E. Lawrence, Hudson, South Dakota, Evan J. Edwards, Bowdle, Wisconsin, Thomas Hughes, Beaver Dam; Charles Kinnach, Cudahy.

FREIGHT DEPOT BURNED.

Santa Fe Structure at Kansas City Destroyed.

Kansas City, Feb. 25.—The extensive freight depot of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe at Fourteenth and Hickory streets in west bottoms, and ninety freight cars with contents were destroyed by fire today. The damage is estimated at over $100,000. Many of the cars were loaded with merchandise on which it was difficult to place a loss.

BOOTH PACKING COMPANY

Takes Control of Canning Plant at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 25.—The Booth Packing company perfected its organization at a meeting of the stockholders, and these officers were elected: George N. Nunsen, president; Gen. T. J. Shryock, vice president; H. S. Oren, secretary and treasurer. The capital stock of the company is $30,000, all paid up. Fred Booth thus explained the forming of the new company:

"I have decided to retire from active business, after a career of thirty years. I feel that I have worked long enough. Because of my retirement A. Booth & Co. have sold to the Booth Packing company, the new concern, its Baltimore plant for canned goods. Possession of the plant will be given to the new company April 1. I have a large interest in the Booth Packing company.

"A. Booth & Co.'s principal business is dealing in fish and oysters and it has houses all over the world. The general offices are in Chicago. The firm has $5,000,000 capital and will continue just as before."

The stock of A. Booth & Co. and of the A. Booth Packing company, is held by the same men and the two corporations are practically the same. T. A. Decker, agent for the packing company, said he was not familiar with the finances of the companies, but supposed that the new incorporation and the retirement of Fred Booth were merely to consolidate the management of the interests. A. Booth & Co. is the title of the original house and in Baltimore has largely dealt in canned goods, under the management of Fred Booth. The Chicago concern started in chiefly with fresh fish. Fred Booth is a brother of W. Vernon Booth, of Chicago, president of the companies.

STATE AID FOR THE STARVING

House Votes $5000 For the Scandinavians.

Members on Visits to the State Institutions.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house this morning passed a bill appropriating $5000 for the relief of the famine-stricken people of the Scandinavian peninsula. This bill was introduced by Mr. Deming, of Hennepin county, and on his motion it was immediately passed under suspension of the rules. There was but one negative vote, that of Mr. Shearer, of Hennepin county, who thought it was establishing a bad precedent. The bill was immediately taken into the senate, and Senator Wilson moved that the rules be suspended and the measure passed at once. Senator McGill, of Ramsey county, however, thought there was no occasion for rushing it through. He thought it was of doubtful propriety to appropriate public money for foreign charity and he feared it was establishing a dangerous precedent.

Senator Laybourn, of Duluth, moved that the rules be so far suspended as to give the bill its first reading and have it referred to the finance committee, which motion prevailed.

* * *

The sessions of both houses were tame this morning, as a large number of the members were away visiting state institutions and little could be done. In the house the judiciary committee reported Dr. Dorsey's bill permitting the beet sugar company to bring a suit to test the validity of its claim for bounties, was recommended for indefinite postponement. Dr. Dorsey moved as a substitute that the bill be printed and placed on general orders, and he won his point. He said he realized that he was up against it, as the judiciary committee was composed entirely of lawyers, and the chairman had not given him a fair deal, having promised to let him appear before the committee when his bill was up and failed to do so. The motion was opposed by the friends of the beet sugar company, but it carried.

Mr. Dowling, Mr. Minnett and others on the extreme right of the floor sent up a resolution saying that as the

(Continued on page 4).

SALARIES TO BE INCREASED DISTRICT JUDGE BILL TO PASS

Reported Favorably By House Committee of the Whole---Absence of Governor During Session of the Legislature Is Being Criticised.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Both house and senate put in yesterday afternoon's session in committee of the whole, and thus got out of the way a large amount of business, recommending some bills for passage and turning others down.

The feature of particular interest to Duluth and vicinity was the bill increasing the salaries of the district judges of the Eleventh judicial district from $3500 to $5000, which was recommended to pass in committee of the whole by the house. It has already passed the senate, so it will become a law within a few days.

Though the bill has been before the house for several days, and on general orders for two days, it looked for a few moments yesterday afternoon that it might go over again. Some of the Hennepin county members got up and wanted to find out about it, fearing that it might affect their judges. It was explained to them, however, by Mr. Hugo, who moved a favorable report on the bill, which motion was adopted.

* * *

The senate almost unanimously voted to recommend the corrupt practices act to pass. Senator Wilson, of Hennepin county, the author of the bill repealing it, referred to the law as "the notorious corrupt practices act, which was a vain and inglorious attempt to correct the politics and politicians of the state. It is full of its direst penalties," he continued, "for violations of the law, yet it has not shown the slightest tendency to accomplish its purpose. So far from being an agent for the improvement of the political morals of the state, it is a standing menace to the morals of the people. I presume there are few mem-

(Continued on Page 8.)

FREIGHT TRAIN RAN AWAY DOWN SLOPE OF ALLEGHENY

Crashed Into Another Train at Foot of Grade, Killing a Flagman and Seriously Injuring Four Others, Some of Whom Will Die.

Altoona, Pa., Feb. 25.—One man was killed, one fatally injured and four others more or less seriously hurt in a freight wreck on the Pennsylvania road at Kittaning Point, seven miles west of here, today.

The dead:

J. H. COX, aged 32 years, a flagman.

Injured: R. E. Cooney, aged 2[illegible] years, an extra engineer, was fatally injured; H. M. Storr, fireman; W. E. Lecch, conductor; T. L. Gill, brakeman; John T. Rouse.

The wreck was caused by a freight train of thirty-six loaded cars running wild down the eastern slope of the Allegheny mountain and colliding with another freight which was standing on the same track. Thirty cars were demolished, blocking traffic for several hours. The injured were brought to a hospital here.

NEW YORK HAS A GRIP EPIDEMIC

New York, Feb. 25.—Crowded to its utmost capacity, Bellevue hospital is hardly able to care for its patients. An epidemic of grip has brought the number of patients in the institution up to 920. When the limit had been reached, in order to turn no one away attendants made efforts to set up spring mattresses at temporary beds, and every inch of available space was used in this way.

So serious has the epidemic of grip in Brooklyn become that the health department has sent out a special warning to all keepers and janitors of public buildings, instructing them to use extraordinary care in keeping the buildings properly ventilated. Corps of inspectors and their assistants have started in to disinfect all of the court rooms in the borough. This treatment may be extended to the school houses. Twelve deaths from the grip were reported last week. Since January there have been forty-six deaths from the disease in Brooklyn, which the health officials consider an alarming record, in view of the fact that only fifty-three deaths from the grip occurred in the twelve months in 1902.

PORTAGE LAKE WINS TWELFTH

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—With only three men each playing and two decorating the fence toward the end of the second half, the timekeeper's whistle was blown and Portage Lake added its twelfth consecutive victory by defeating the Pittsburg Athletic club by a score 3 to 1 last night. From every view point the game was incomparable and the crowd of 2000 went wild over the spectacular plays made both by the visitors and the home men. The first half was played with only six men each, the second with only five. Two Pittsburg men were injured, and two Portage men were dropped to even up. Ten minutes before time was called Shields for Pittsburg and Stephens for Portage were ruled off the ice because they wouldn't face off fairly and squarely. Shields, with only one eye that did treble duty, played the most brilliant game for the visitors and by a pass from him to Stein tallied the Pittsburg Athletic club's only goal. Portage Lake was invincible on team, combination and individual play.

THE ALLIES AT WORK

On The Hague Protocol Draft Submitted By Bowen.

Negotiations Are Proceeding Rapidly With Other Claimants.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Great Britain, German and Italy are still considering the rough draft of The Hague protocol, submitted to their representatives here yesterday by Mr. Bowen, in which it is provided that the czar of Russia shall select the personnel of the court to pass on the preferential contention of the allies. Meanwhile, Mr. Bowen is carrying on negotiations with the other claimants and hopes to finish up the French protocol this week. There is a slight delay in the drawing of this convention, owing to the activity of the French consul at Caracas, who has made certain proposals to President Castro and thereby interfered somewhat with the work of the French embassador here. The latter has been empowered to draw up the protocol with Mr. Bowen and as soon as President Castro can be made to understand the situation, Mr. Bowen and Mr. Jusserand will proceed with their task.

Mexico's protocal is being engrossed at the state department and will be signed by Senor De Aspiroz, the Mexican ambassador, and Mr. Bowen, for Venezuela, probably tomorrow. In substance it is the same as that of the United States, the main point of difference being that the Mexican convention provides that the king of Spain, instead of the queen of Holland, shall be invited to name the umpire for the Venezuelan-Mexican commission in the event of its disagreement.

DISPLAYED HIS MONEY

Foolish Deed at Dance Caused Assault and Robbery.

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—An Appleton, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Held up by highwaymen, assaulted, beaten into insensibility and robbed, is the record of a crime that came to the knowledge of the police through Richard Wagner, the victim of the attack. Returning home from a dance, at 2 o'clock this morning, Wagner claims to have been struck over the head so that he became unconscious. There were two of the highwaymen, and after striking him to the ground, Wagner claims they robbed him of a roll of bills which he carried in his vest pocket, and escaping in the darkness before he recovered sensibility. Another roll of bills, which the man carried concealed on his person, amounting to about $30 was not secured by the robbers. The young man's face is badly cut where he was struck. He says that he displayed his roll at a dance, and that the thugs followed him on his homeward route.

CONDITIONS ARE SERIOUS

Shortage of Cars at Mines the Worst In History.

Pittsburg, Feb. 25.—While the car situation at the mines in the Pittsburg district has not been good for several months, the conditions just at present are pronounced by coal operators the worst in history. Outside of the river mines and those along the Pittsburg & Lake Erie and the Monongahela division of the Pennsylvania railroad fully seventy per cent are idle. Of the twenty-eight mines of the Pittsburg Coal company on the Pan Handle road, sixteen are shut down today and the others have but a fair supply of cars. Six of the largest mines on the Baltimore & Ohio road out of fifteen owned by the combination are idle. This is said to be a good showing compared with the conditions at the mines of the independent producers.

FIREMEN KILLED.

One Dead, Another Fatally Injured at Baraboo.

Baraboo, Wis., Feb. 25.—A freight train crashed into a switch engine in the Northwestern yards today instantly killing Fireman John Donahue of Baraboo and fatally injuring Fireman Lawrence Malloy of Escanaba, both of whom were on the switch engine.

KNITTING WORKS BURNED.

Heavy Loss By Fire at St. Joseph, Mich.

St. Joseph, Mich., Feb. 25.—The Cooper-Wells knitting works were destroyed by fire early today, throwing 360 employes out of work. The loss is estimated at $250,000. The fire originated from an electric light wire in the carding department and spread rapidly. In thirty minutes the plant was in ruins. Several of the night force were burned and had narrow escapes from death by an explosion which occurred with the outbreak of the fire.

OFFICERS KILL EIGHT MINERS

Furious Battle Waged at Virginia Coal Works.

Posse Was Met By Strikers Armed With Rifles.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 25.—A pitched battle took place at Wright's coal works in Raleigh county yesterday evening, between one hundred United States deputy marshals and deputy sheriffs under Chief Deputy Cunningham, of Charleston, and Sheriff Cook, of Raleigh county, and 250 striking miners who refused to permit federal officers to serve injunction papers. The posse met with a mob, armed with Winchesters ,who defied arrest and service of the papers. They followed defiance with hostilities, opening fire on the deputies at once. The deputies responded and the battle raged furiously for several minutes. Eight striking miners were killed, twelve wounded, two mortally, one colored deputy marshal was killed, two wounded and Special Officer Howard Smith, of the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad, was shot in the arm. A striker slipped upon him and fired. Smith dodged the bullet intended for his heart and received it in his arm. He then killed the striker with a pistol. After the posse had repulsed the miners they followed up this advantage and secured the arrest of over one hundred who were brought to Beckley under guard. Cunningham and posse have gone back to the scene and will arrest every one implicated. An ugly strike in progress there is the cause of the trouble. Most of the mob are foreigners.

THE SURVIVOR OF ST. PIERRE TELLS STORY OF EXPERIENCE

Joseph Scibarace, Who Was Buried Four Days In Dungeon During the Eruption of Mont Pelee, Describes His Sufferings Before Being Rescued.

New York, Feb. 25.—Joseph Scibaracee, the St. Pierre survivor, who has arrived here, tells an interesting story of his experiences at the time of the eruption of Mont Pelee, he being at that time a prisoner. Scibarace says he was placed in jail for slashing a man with a knife. Then he was put in the dungeon for fighting with a prisoner. His story continues:

"On the next day it got very warm. I heard the sound of explosions, but thought it was only thunder. Shrieks and cries followed the great noise, then all was still and it began to grow hot. I thought the prison was on fire. Ashes and burning stuff began to sift through the bars.

"The pile of straw I used for a bed took fire, but I stamped it out. Hot ashes sifted on my head, arms and back. I was stripped to the waist, and every spark left a scar. After a long time ashes stopped falling. I was sore and hungry. I did not know how long I stayed in the dungeon.

"Finally I went to sleep and knew nothing more until I found myself in the arms of the priest, who had been my friend in the prison. The father had remembered that I was in jail, and after the fire went out he came to save me and had me dug from the ruins. I was told that I was buried four days without food and little air."

FUNERAL OF CHINESE BRIDE WAS MOST GORGEOUS AFFAIR

Tinkling Bells Kept at Bay the Horde of Devils, While Chickens and Coins Were Furnished For Use of the Deceased In the Other World.

New York, Feb. 25.—The funeral of May Llyn, bride of Sung Fung, an actor in the Chinese theater in Doyers street, has been held with pomp and circumstance unusual even for New York's Chinese colony. The body was dressed in gorgeously embroidered Oriental garments, golden dragoons winding their protecting folds about the slight form. No ray of sunshine was admitted to the mourning room, but the decorations of the death robe glittered in the light of innumerable candles, which, with tinkling bells, kept at bay the horde of devils ever ready to rush in and bear away one so young and fair. The close air was burdened with the perfume of burning Eastern incense. A wreath of wax flowers lay on the coffin, the tribute of an Occidental mourner. As the time for the funeral services drew near, the room became filled with Chinamen, friends, actors, of the bereft husband, who chanted the story of his grief and eulogized the virtues of his bride. Chickens and rice balls were placed conveniently near the coffin. Coins were placed in the folds of the garments for use in the other world.

When the body of May Llyn was borne to the grave, presents were placed beside the coffin again to serve her spirit until that time when her bones shall be disinterred and taken back to China, when her ghostly tribulations will be at an end.

ASTRONOMERS GO TO SOUTH AMERICA TO STUDY STARS

The D. O. Mills Expedition Will Leave For Chile Saturday to Spend Two Years In Finding Out Things Concerning the Solar System.

Berkeley, Cal., Feb. 25.—The D. O. Mills astronomical expedition to the southern hemisphere, after two years of preparatory work, will sail from San Francisco for Chile next Saturday. The observations will be conducted by university of California astronomists headed by William H. Wright, of the Lick observatory. Owing to an injury recently received, Director Campbell will be unable to go with the party, which expects to remain about two years, at least. The mission of the expedition is to throw additional light on the motion of the solar system through space. Since 1895 the line-of-sight velocities of some four hundred of the brightest stars have been measured at the Lick observatory by means of the spectograph presented by D. O. Mills. The results so far obtained indicate that the solar system is moving approximately toward the southern part of the constellation of the lyre with a speed of 12½ miles a second. This conclusion, however, cannot be considered conclusive for the stars of the southern hemisphere are not presented in the calculations, and for the purpose of observing them the Mills expedition is being sent to Santiago, Chile. The spectroscopic photographs obtained by the party will be sent to the Lick observatory for measurement and comparison. All the expenses will be borne by D. O. Mills, of New York.

GONE TO FRANCE TO INVESTIGATE

New York, Feb. 25.—It is learned that Reuben H. Lloyd, for many years the chief counsel of the Fair estate in San Francisco, and Dr. Dudley Tate, the Fairs family physician, quietly sailed for France a few days ago, presumably to thoroughly look into the claim that Mr. Charles Fair survived her husband in the fatal automobile accident last summer by thirty minutes. says the Herald today. This is the contention of Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. Fair's mother, who is suing for a larger share of the estate. Messrs. Jay and Candeler last Saturday notified the counsel for Mrs. Nelson that they represented Mrs. Oelrichs and Mrs. Vanderbilt, sisters of Charles Fair. Consequently the voluminous summons and complaint in the action seeking to obtain a larger part of the Charles Fair estate for Mrs. Nelson were served on them.

WILL NOT RENEW

Option, French Panama Canal Company Has Given Notice.

President Urging Friends In Senate to Ratify Treaty.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The option for the purchase of the Panama canal property from the French company expires next Wednesday. Within the past twenty-four hours the administration has been advised that this option will not be renewed. The French company, it seems, has been approached by a syndicate of bankers of Paris and Berlin who offer to take over the property upon terms much more favorable than those offered by the United States, and to guarantee the old stockholders against all loss. It is further asserted that these bankers have been led to make this offer as a result of the report of the United States engineers, who have made a careful examination into the physical conditions and the engineering problems to be solved. Until that report was made public, the bankers would never have thought of advancing a dollar.

In view of this new development it is asserted that the president is today urging his friends in the senate to use every possible effort to secure the ratification of the Panama treaty and that he goes so far as to recommend that the omnibus statehood bill be passed, with a provision added which will deprive the three new states of representation in the electoral college until 1908. It is believed now that an arrangement may be made whereby the treaty can be ratified and three new states provided for by the end of the session next Wednesday.

IS NO USE TO SEND FOOLS

To College, Says Professor Perrin of Boston University.

Boston, Feb. 25.—The students of Boston university are discussing a talk which Professor Marshall L. Perrin of the university gave to his class on the subject of indiscriminately sending boys and girls to college. According to the noted educator, a great mistake is made by those parents who, knowing that their children lack brains, still think that they can have them trained to lives of usefulness by packing them off to a university. Dr. Perrin declared that careful judgment should be used in choosing between practical instruction and higher education. Among other things he said: "Many a boy would do better to stick to the blacksmith shop and many a girl to the millinery trade. Too many feel that going to college is going to redeem their lives. It sometimes ruins them. Some people are no good in college, but all right in other lines. It is much better to be a successful laborer than a tenth-rate minister, a fifteenth-rate lawyer or a petty school marm."

TROLLEY CARS COLLIDE

In a Fog and Fifteen People Injured.

Peoria, Feb. 25.—During a dense fog this morning three interurban cars, crowded with workingmen, collided at Acme, a small station five miles from here, and fifteen people were injured, of whom six are serious. The injured were brought to the city and placed in hospitals as soon as possible, and the work of clearing away the debris began. Five cars are scheduled to pass at this point, and it is thought that the accident was due to the fog, which was so heavy as to be impenetrable at five feet.

VOLCANO SOLD

And Its Sulphur Deposits to Be Worked.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Gen. Gasper Ochoa, who owns the Popocatapetl volcano, including the immense sulphur deposits in its crater, is reported to have sold that property to an American syndicate in which the Standard Oil interests are largely represented, says a dispatch to the Tribune from Mexico City. The purchase price is said to be $5,000,000. The purchasers intend to build a cog wheel railroad up the mountain and operate the sulphur deposits on an extensive scale.

FARMER FATALLY SHOT

Because He Did Not Have More Money.

Le Sueur, Minn., Feb. 25.—William Ratliff, aged 22 years, for whom a reward of $50 was offered for housebreaking, appeared last night at the home of Lewis Ballman, a farmer, and demanded money. Ballman gave him $10, all he had. Ratliff, enraged at getting so little, fired twice upon Ballman, shooting him under the right eye and in the breast. The farmer then knocked his assailant down with an ax and with the help of his wife and hired man bound him. Ballman can live but a few hours. Ratliff is in jail here.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE GREATEST CLOTHING CHANCE EVER OFFERED!

Last Days of the Sale!



Last Days of the Sale!

M. S. BURROWS.

Positively the Last Week of This Great Sale!

The date is fixed—the end is near—only three days more and all will be over. Positively the last chance! Tomorrow starts the last three days of this great half price sale, and we want this last effort to go down in history as the greatest crowd-bringer on record. We want to test the full capacity of each department, and every department manager has received orders to put forth his best efforts.

Suits, Overcoats, Ulsters, HALF PRICE!

Boys' Manly Suits, HALF PRICE!

Boys' Two-piece Suits, HALF PRICE!

Boys' Three-piece Suits, HALF PRICE!

Boys' Overcoats and Reefers, HALF PRICE!

MEN'S FINE UNDERWEAR AT HALF PRICE!

TO FORM A TOWN

Little Fork Settlers In 68-13 Would Organize a Township.

Is Coming to Front as an Agricultural Community.

A movement is under way to establish a school district, a civil township and a voting precinct in the unorganized township of 68-13. John Joyce, deputy sheriff for that district, storekeeper, land locator and logger, was in the city today in the interest of the settlers in 68-13 and was looking for information as to the necessary steps to be taken, at the county court house. He has retained Adams & Miller as legal advisers for the settlers and to have charge of the legal process of securing an organized district.

Mr. Joyce says there are about 100 voters in the district, which is known as the Little Fork settlement. It is located thirty-five miles north of Virginia and thirty-two miles northwest of Tower. The nearest school is ten miles from the settlement and the voters have to go to Tower to cast their votes, a distance which they consider as practically prohibitive.

Last fall none of the settlers had an opportunity of voting. They wrote to the county attorney previous to the fall election. He referred them to the governor, and that official referred them back to the board of county commissioners. It was then too late to get any action in time for the election. The petition of the legally qualified voters in the district will be prepared immediately and presented at the next meeting of the county board. It is likely that the board will set the date for a hearing and will direct the posting of the proper notices, so that by April an election of school and town officers can be held, and a voting precinct afterward established.

Mr. Joyce is very enthusiastic over the possibilities offered by that comparatively new agricultural district, and is bending every energy toward having it made an organized township. He says that there are many children in the community that should be sent to school, and the settlers desire to have a good building for the purpose, and every facility in connection for the education of their children.

The valuation of the township, 68-13, is shown to be $85,000 and on the basis of a 1 per cent tax for school purposes the district, when organized, could raise about $2800 for school purposes.

"The Little Fork country," said Mr. Joyce, this morning, "is being settled up rapidly. I do not think there are any claims available now in our township. There is quite a quantity of pine in the district and stumpage is bringing $4 per thousand feet, a remarkably good price considering what it used to bring a few years ago. I am doing some logging on my own account. Dan Haley has been logging in that vicinity for some time as has the Tower Lumber company. We have a good road, the county road, in from Tower, and a tote road is being built in from Virginia. In view of the timber possibilities of the country a spur road is certain to be put in by the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River company within the next year.

"I believe that the Little Fork country is the greatest country in the world for raising hay and stock. We can grow hay as high as a man's head and that product alone is becoming a source of considerable revenue to the settlers. The Waitly Brothers, three of them, have been in that country for years and they ship out a lot of hay eevery year."

Mr. Joyce has been in the Little Fork country for over a year and he has established what is familiarly known as Joyce's Landing, on Vermilion lake. During the past year he has built a large store, a dock, a warehouse and barn and has spent considerable money in other improvements. He says there is quite an influx of visitors during the summer season for fishing and hunting, the steamer touching at his place twice a week.

BETTER THAN GOLD.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by William A. Abbett, druggist.

NEW GRINDING PLANT.

Supplies Long Needed Want In the City.

The most complete cutlery-grinding plant in the city has been installed by F. L. Stoddard, dealer in barbers' supplies and cutlery, 7 Lake avenue south. The machinery is run by an electric motor, and the facilities for the grinding of razors, shears, surgical instruments, pocket knives, butchers' and printers' knives, etc., are of the most modern and approved order. This is the only plant of its kind at the head of the lakes and supplies a long-needed want to those who were formerly compelled to send all their work of this class out of the city.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The only positive cure for blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, cuts, burns, bruises, eczeme and all abrasions of the skin. Max Wirth.

Twelve Hundred

Pairs of boys' knee pants to select from at 35c, 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50. All sizes from age 3 to 16 years. These are splendid values.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

AFTER FORTY YEARS

John H. Potter Seeks Separation From Wife.

It has taken John H. Potter forty-one years to discover that marriage in his case was a failure. Yesterday afternoon the papers in a divorce action, in which Paulina Potter was named as the defendant, were filed in district court, by N. H. Wilson, plaintiff's attorney.

In the bill of complaint it is alleged that the couple were married in Whitefield, Me., in March, 1862, and that the defendant deserted the plaintiff August 27, 1897. The defendant is now a resident of Whitefield, while the plaintiff is practicing law in Duluth. The plaintiff is 65 years of age and the defendant is 58 years old.

In all the world, no medicine like Rocky Mountain Tea, the system purifier and vitalizer. It builds your health from the ground up. Try it. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

Buy Brockton shoes. The prices are $2.50 and $3.50. 311 West Superior street.

TESTING OF MILK

Health Department Establishes a Laboratory For That Purpose.

Quality of Milk Furnished By Dairies to Be Watched.

The health department has established a chemical milk testing laboratory in the basement of the city hall.

It is not as complete an equipment as desired, nor is it in keeping with the needs of a city the size of Duluth, but the innovation is a preliminary step toward better things.

In the future the municipal milk inspections will be much more thorough than they have been in the past, so far as quality and condition of the milk is concerned.

Since Commissioner Robinson's crusade against unsanitary dairies there has been a vast improvement in the care of cattle and cleanliness of stables, but up to the present time the department has been unable to detect diseased or inferior milk without sending samples out of the city for analysis.

The milk testing laboratory, which has been quietly installed in the city hall basement, is not a very pretentious affair, but it is the nucleus for a laboratory which the department expects to establish a little later on.

One of the most interesting pieces of mechanism in the new departure of the health department is a centrifugal separator, used in measuring the fat extracted from the milk samples by a whirling process.

The fat is forced from the milk up into a narrow graduated glass tube, and the amount of fat thus extracted indicates the richness of the milk, or its lack of food qualities.

In searching for germs in milk a microscopic test is necessary. It is expected that milk with traces of tuberculosis or other disease germs in it can easily be discovered with the present apparatus.

Milk Inspector Langslow is in charge of the new department, and has been busily at work for several days getting it in shape.

DAY OF PRAYER.

Gospel Committee Asks That It Be Kept.

New York, Feb. 25.—The twentieth century national gospel campaign legislation committee, composed of prominent ministers and laymen of the different evangelical denominations, has issued an appeal to the ministers and Christian public asking that today be kept as a day of humiliation and prayer. Various topics are enumerated for which at the present time, the appeal says, there is a pressing call for prayer. The first on the list is "for a return to absolute faith in the Bible as the inspired and authoritative word of God, and as furnishing the churches their only credentials and messages; and for an immediate revival of earnest and systematic study of that word in order to learn what God would have done in the present conditions." This appeal of prayer is one phase of the movement in opposition to the revision of the Westminster confession of faith. The changes in the confession were approved by the general assembly and by a majority of presbyteries last year, and cannot formally be incorporated into the confession until the next general assembly. Meanwhile those opposed to the changes are active.

IS WRONG IN PRINCIPLE

Says H. H. Phelps Regarding Bill Introduced In Senate.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Recent dispatches report that Senator Laybourn has introduced a bill in the state senate to tax fraternal insurance companies upon their gross earnings, the rate proposed being three per cent.

I think this is a measure that should be closely scrutinized by the members of the legislature and the people of the state in general. It is wrong in principle. That is, it is wrong under our system of taxation. All property in the state should be taxed in the same way. It is wrong to levy taxes against the land owner, or the banker, or the merchant, based upon the actual value of his property, and let his neighbor escape by paying a percentage of his income. Our constitution says: "All taxes to be raised in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be." But these two systems, side by side, will not work out equality of taxation. To illustrate: Take any piece of real estate today in the city of Duluth and compute the percentage of tax that it is paying upon the gross income of the property. Much of our real estate is producing no income at all. A computation will show that what is income-producing is paying a tax of from 15 to 20 per cent upon the gross amount received from the property. I have a piece of property in mind now, centrally located, in this city, and fairly well improved. It produces from rents, $840 per year. The 1902 tax is $155. This, as will be seen, is over 16 per cent of the gross earnings of the property.

The fraternal insurance official will argue that his company has its accumulations invested in low rate securities and that it cannot afford to pay taxes based upon the total value of such accumulations. But the widow whose husband has left her a few thousand dollars and who has it deposited in the bank for safe keeping, where she gets, possibly, two per cent interest, or, may be, none at all, is not allowed to pay taxes upon the gross income of her money. Neither is that other widow, whose husband left her no money but only a little home, and who has to toil for her daily bread, allowed to pay upon her income. No, her home is taxed at its market value, regardless of whether she has any income at all or not.

The banker is assessed upon the stock, surplus and undivided profits of his bank. The merchant and other tradesmen are assessed in the same way. No exception should be made in the case of any class or institutions. We very foolishly, as it seems to me, made an exception, years ago, in the case of railroads and telegraph companies. We have seen what injustice that exception has worked out to the other taxpayers of the state. Personally, I believe in an income tax. But when we have that system there should be a re-adjustment of the entire taxing system and everybody be allowed to pay under it and not a favored few.

H. H. PHELPS.

Duluth, Feb. 25.

Seeks to Recover.

Regina B. Brown has started an action in district court to recover $500 from former Sheriff W. C. Sargent. She claims the money was received by the former sheriff from the sale of 650 bushels of wheat which the plaintiff shipped to McCarthy Bros. & Company of this city and which was attached in the case of the Piano Manufacturing company against Alexander Brown and was sold. In her bill of complaint the plaintiff says she "is informed and believes that he converted the proceeds to his own use." This is simply a case against Former Sheriff Sargent in his official capacity. The money was turned over to the representatives of the company attaching and he holds a bond which protects him.

MURDER IS CHARGED AT WEST DULUTH

Hamilton, O., Man Taken Away From Fourth Bride.

It Is Believed That He Killed the Three Others.

Indianapolis, Feb. 25.—Albert A. Knapp, of Hamilton, Ohio, formerly of this city, was routed from his bed at the home of his bride, formerly Anna May Gamble, at 630 Indiana avenue, this morning by the police and taken to Hamilton on the charge of murder. The police say that Anna May Gamble is his last and surviving wife. Knapp was taken away in irons. Knapp, although only 41 years old, has had four wives. Mrs. Knapp No. 4 became the wife of the prisoner about two weeks ago.

The other wives of Knapp were: Emma Stubbs, Jennie Connors and Hanna Goddard. The Hamilton police do not know what has become of Emma Stubbs, the first wife; or Hanna Goddard, Mrs. Knapp No. 3. An uncle of Hanna Goddard reported to the Hamilton police that his niece had disappeared, Dec. 22, 1902, and that Knapp had married an Indianapolis girl.

An investigation began and it was learned that Mrs. Knapp was last seen Dec. 21. The following day the husband got a horse and wagon at a livery stable and was seen to load a large box in the wagon and carry it away. Further inquiry was made, followed by an examination of the records, and it was found that a few years ago the dead body of Jennie Connors, who was Mrs. Knapp No. 2, had been found in a canal at Hamilton. A coroner's inquest was held at the time, but little evidence was found to substantiate any theory.

At police headquarters Knapp was questioned concerning the whereabouts of his second wife.

He said she disappeared from her home Dec. 21, and that he did not know what became of her. When asked what he had in the box which he carted from his home the day after his wife was last seen, Knapp seemed confused, but finally admitted that he disposed of a box of old clothes. In his confusion he said he had thrown the box away about two miles from his home. Knapp was reared in the city. He has served time in the penitentiary.

Three Curling Games.

Three games were played in the Manley-McLennan event at the curling rink last evening and the scores were as follows:

N. L. Leach,	E. C. Maxfield,
J. H. Upham, Jr.,	M. A. McLennan.
G. H. Spencer,	F. A. Day,
W. L. McLennan, Skip—19.	Alex Macrae, Skip—14.
A. C. Willcutts,	C. Brewer,
C. L. Frederick,	S. A. McPhail,
Alex Milne,	F. A. Currier,
Dr. Cleland, Skip—15.	D. W. Stocking, Skip—14.
W. E. Magner,	T. F. McGilvary,
W. B. Silvey,	T. F. McGilvary,
D. G. Cutler,	R. H. Draper,
C. B. Woodruff, Skip—16.	Ron Smith, Skip—4.

AT WEST DULUTH

The body of Peter Sundrud, who disappeared from his home at 2024 West Second street Saturday evening, was found this morning near the hot pond at the Red Cliff Lumber company's mill.

Sundrud was a single man and had no relatives in this country. He was boarding with friends from his native town in Norway, with whom he was on very intimate terms, having lived with them since his arrival in this country, nearly two years ago. Sndrud left their house late Saturday evening and boarded a car bound for West Duluth. That was the last seen of him by his friends.

On Monday they became alarmed at his continued absence, and made inquiries at the West Duluth police station. Lieut. Briggs and his assistants made a thorough search, but no clew as to his whereabouts could be found.

Upon reading an account of his disappearance in The Herald last evening, some of the men working at the Red Cliff mill remembered seeing the man in the vicinity of the mill late Saturday night. Lieut. Briggs was summoned, and a search was instituted. The body was found near the hot pond and was identified by some of the men who knew him.

The friends with whom Sundrud was boarding say when he left the house Saturday evening he was somewhat under the influence of liquor, although he was not strongly addicted to drinking. It is thought that he was wandering about the docks in a slightly intoxicated condition and fell into the water.

The coroner has been summoned to determine the cause of his death.

SKATING RACE.

The skating race at the West Duluth rink last evening was won by Alruth, of Superior, who defeated Johnson, of the same city, by a small margin. Three races were skated, a two-mile, a mile and a half mile. The former and the latter were won by Alruth. In the mile race Alruth fell and Johnson secured a lead which his opponent was unable to overcome.

The contest virtually decides the championship of the head of the lakes, which Johnson has held for a number of years.

The attendance was small but enthusiastic.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

S. J. Nygren left last evening to attend the golden wedding of his parents, near Fergus Falls.

John O'Donnell is in the city from Hibbing.

Lawrence Gilley has returned to the range after a short visit in West Duluth.

Paul Sheff and George Tupper, of New Duluth, are in the city. Mr. Tupper has but recently recovered from a severe attack of heart disease.

Mr. and Mrs. George Macier, of the Randall house, entertained a number of their friends last evening. There were about thirty couples present. Refreshments were served shortly before midnight. The Olympia orchestra furnished the music for the dancing which followed.

A large number of the members of the Carpenters' union attended the funeral of Fred Barrett, held this morning at 9:30 o'clock. The services were held in St. James' Catholic church, Rev. Father Feehely reading the mass.

Found, sum of money. Owner can have same by calling 220 North Fifty-first avenue west and paying charges.

W. C. Gray, who during the past five years has conducted an undertaking establishment at Fifty-fifth avenue, has rented rooms in the Masonic Temple and will move his business to Duluth.

Excellent ice and music ot the Fancy Dress Carnival, given by the Maccabee ladies at West Duluth Covered Rink tonight.

Oswell G. Buckman returned yesterday from St. Paul.

John Holin and Eric Lysen left yesterday for Montana, where they expect to remain during the summer.

Miss Elsie Hallock and Edward Hallock returned yesterday from Braham, where they have been visiting relatives.

Frank L. Smith left yesterday for Oshkosh.

R. L. Grant will leave today for Lancaster, Iowa, having been called there by the illness of his sister.

Lost, souvenier spoon, between Gilley's hall and Gosnold street. Return to Gilley's hall.

Card of Thanks.

The family of the late John Larson wish to express their thanks to their friends and to the Lumber Pilers Union and the D. S. H. and L. F. of A. for their kindness and assistance in their great sorrow of the loss of a loving and kind husband and father. MRS. ANNA LARSON.
6116 Cody street, West Duluth.

QUITS NO. 10 JOHN PLACE

A Chicago Counterpart of the London Tale Is Real.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—If the author of "No. 5 John Street" had made his experiment in Chicago he might have come to different conclusions from those reached in London. He might have found serious domestic discord among the toilers on the street named John.

The nature of this discord is suggested by an advertisement in a morning paper, as follows:

PERSONAL.—MY WIFE LEFT ME AND I ain't going to be responsible for anything she takes anywhere.
FRANK POPECK.

Frank Popeck lives at 10 John place, Chicago. The street is one block long. It begins in a boiler shop on Halsted street and ends a few hundred feet west, in a dilapidated dock on the river.

The door of the frame house at 10 John place was locked yesterday. A mild uproar on the front porch brought a head to a neighboring window with the information that Popeck worked in the adjoining boiler shop. Popeck was found.

"That's straight. She's left me and I won't stand for anything she may appropriate," he said, speaking of the notice, after he had emerged from a ten-foot boiler.

"She went last Wednesday and I have no idea where she is. When I got home that day for my dinner I found her dressed out in all her best. She said she was going to the store to buy me a pair of overalls, but I knew she hadn't put on all those things for such an errand.

"This is not the first time she has left me," continued Popeck, who is 25 years of age. "She seems to have a mania for it and this is her fourth disappearance. Where does she go? I don't know. Too busy to find out. But it isn't pleasant to go home at night and find the dinner dishes unwashed on the table and no supper cooked, and not even a fire in the place. I never read 'No. 5 John street,' but if it tells of any pleasant and rosy condition of things I can say it is not anywhere near No. 10."

"Why did you give the warning that you would not be responsible for 'anything she takes, anywhere?'" he was asked.

"The last time she concluded to migrate she went through my pockets, and all that she overlooked was one nickel. It's bad enough to have to cook your own meals—and wash the dishes—but think of having to run the house on 5 cents until next pay day. Then I feared she might order some furniture at a store I have patronized. She could get what she wanted there, and I don't want to pay any such bills."

Men's 50 cent winter caps at 25 cents. Big assortment to select from.
C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

MAIN TOO SMALL

Fifth Avenue West District Is Not Sufficiently Protected.

Communication Has Been Sent to the Fire Board.

The board of fire commissioners will take up a communication Friday night from the property owners in the wholesale district, on South Fifth avenue west, asking urgent measures to provide adequate fire protection.

The communication was received from Mayor Hugo and has been transmitted to the fire commission. It will probably be referred to the board of water and light commissioners and some favorable action taken, as the district is notoriously unprotected from fire through the water system.

The fire at the Northwestern boiler works last week, which it was believed could have been extinguished if a sufficient water supply had been available, was what inspired the protest against present conditions in this wholesale district.

In case of fire in the South Fifth avenue west wholesale district, the engines and fire apparatus would have to be supplied through the six-inch main, which is the sole water supply, and comes to a dead end at the extreme end of the avenue. It is held that the amount of water that could be sent through this pipe would be utterly insufficient to put out even a small blaze.

"To make the change from a six to a ten-inch pipe on South Fifth avenue," said Manager Leverette N. Case of the water and light department this morning, "would entail an expenditure of about $2500. I am not prepared to say anything as to what recommendation I would make, though it seems that the larger pipe down there is essential. The concerns do not use much water, in fact the six-inch main is far more than adequate for carrying all the water used by the consumers, which are few and economical.

"I understand the mayor has received a communication from some of the wholesalers asking for better fire protection in this regard, and he telephoned me to that effect some days ago. I understand the board of fire commissioners will take it up Friday night and probably refer it to the water and light department for consideration.

"I am inclined to believe that the enlargement of the pipe on Fifth avenue would be a good thing, as the city is growing, and especially that district, and the day will come when it is necessary for the consumers. The putting in of a 10-inch main would cost not much more than $2500.

"In case of a fire down there the engines could use the Michigan street hydrants and the bay. The laying of hose to the Michigan street hydrants would necessitate putting the line over the Omaha tracks, which would make it bad.

"As to the Garfield avenue fire and the results of a main too small to furnish sufficient water, I confess there is a grave problem. That main is three or four miles long, and to enlarge it would cost large sums of money. Now there are but few consumers along the line of the pipe, and as for factories or valuable buildings which need fire protection at present, they are few and far between. We have not considered the enlarging of the pipe there, officially, but casually observing, I do not see where the department would be justified in ordering the change. It is our endeavor to give the best service we can for the smallest amount of money, but we cannot expend large amounts of money, which must come out of the department, to favor any particular locality, unless the returns will justify it."

Burrows' Half Price Sale

This sale, which has created so much talk in this city for the past ten days, will come to an end Saturday night. Suits, overcoats and ulsters at half price has saved to the buyers thousands of dollars and given Mr. Burrows an opportunity to adjust his stocks. There will be three more days of the sale and any one needing a new suit or overcoat should take advantage of it. The garments are of the latest styles and made by the best manufacturers in the land.

PAPER BY L. N. CASE

To Be Read at Municipal Ownership Meeting.

At the national meeting of exponents of the plan of municipal ownership of public utilities in New York today or tomorrow, there will be read a paper written by L. N. Case, manager of the Duluth water and light department.

Mr. Case was invited to attend the meeting and make an address on the subject of his experiences as a manager of municipal departments, but he could not get away. His long experience in this work caused the managers of the meeting to request a paper, which he sent, and it is to be read today or tomorrow.

Mr. Case's paper deals with his experiences in Detroit, where he had charge of the water department, and some interesting incidents are spoken of, showing the difficulties of operating a public business while political cliques and circles exist.

SATURDAY LAST DAY.

Personal Property Taxes Must Be Paid By Then.

Saturday of this week is the last date for the payment of the personal taxes for 1902 before the 10 per cent penalty attaches. There is now and has been for the past several days a great rush of personal property taxpayers to the county treasurer's office, and at times there have been many persons waiting their turn. It is estimated that a large percentage of the personal property taxes have been, or will be, paid by Saturday evening, a larger percentage in fact than last year, when the penalty attached to delinquent taxes.

SARTORIS RESIGNS.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The president has accepted the resignation of Second Lieut. Algernon T. Sartoris, Tenth infantry, to take effect April 1 next.

The 20 per cent discount sale on high-grade Shoes will last but 3 days more. Take advantage of it. EHLE SHOE CO., TORREY BUILDING, Ground Floor.

NEWS OF THE STORES

As Shown By the Bargain Advertisements In Tonight's Herald.

Freimuth's—Sale on rubbers, hosiery and various other items of interest to women.

Gray-Tallant—Many bargain items for Tuursday.

Panton & White—Special hour sales. Arrival of new spring goods in many lines.

M. S. Burrows—Half price sale on suits, overcoats, ulsters and reefers for men and boys. Men's fine underwear at half.

Heavy Discount On All

Winter overcoats. It will pay you to get our prices.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

For $3.50 you can buy the best shoes made in all leathers. Brocktop Shoe company, 311 West Superior street.

FISH TUGS IMPRISONED

Caught In Ice Fields Three Miles Off Grand Haven.

Grand Haven, Mich., Feb. 25.—The fish tugs Dornbos and Bos, which left this port yesterday to lift nets, are imprisoned in an ice field three miles off the harbor piers. They have been unable to move since late yesterday and are constantly sounding distress signals. There is an open channel between the ice field and the shore, preventing the crews communicating with the land. Tugs left port this morning to try to release the Dornbos and Bos. There are seven men on each of the imprisoned tugs. A slight movement of the ice will, it is feared, crush the small craft and sink them.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

Are Heavily Fined and Ousted From Illinois.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—A fine of $10,000 was today imposed by Judge Haney on the Washington Fire and Marine Insurance company and the Minneapolis Fire and Marine Insurance company for alleged non-compliance with the state insurance law. The judge furthermore directed that both companies be ousted from exercising corporate privileges in this state. The suits were brought by James B. Van Cleave during his term as insurance commissioner of Illinois.

FOR GABRILOWITSCH.

Reception Expected to Be Handsome Affair.

Tomorrow afternoon the Commercial club will hold a reception in the club rooms from 3 to 5 o'clock, in honor of the celebrated Russian pianist, Ossip Gabrilowitsch. It is expected that the function will be largely attended by the members and their ladies. A large number of invitations are out, including those to all of Duluth's musicians. The arrangements for the reception have been made under the direction of A. A. Farrington and a fine musical program has been prepared, the numbers on which will be rendered by some of the city's best local talent. Light refreshments will be served during the entertainment.

A FEELING.

Good Food Makes It.

No one so well knows the delicious feeling that comes from being well fed as the one who has suffered and then found food that really would digest and nourish.

Feed the body arighi and see the change. A lady of Latrobe, Pa., writes: "Some years ago I had an attack of nervous prostration and my vocation of music teacher being very trying, the nervousness affected my digestive organs so much that food could not be eaten without great distress.

"This had been my condition for years. About four years ago I had a heavy cold that went to the weak parts and caused catarrh of the stomach. I took bottle after bottle of medicine but nothing seemed to help.

"I was always hungry and unsatisfied, but nothing gave me strength, and finally I could not even take a sip of cold water without pain and vomiting. Food distressed me so that I would throw up mouthfuls of slime and mucous.

"Well, I had reached that stage of not caring much to live and still not quite sick enough to die, when I finally was induced to try Grape-Nuts. The food worked like a charm. There was no distress after eating and I felt as if I had a little hold on life. That was the beginning of the end of my sickness. The nervousness gradually left me and I became entirely cured of that dreadful disease, nervous prostration. I soon regained my usual weight and more, and have more color in my cheeks than I have had in years, and I give Grape-Nuts the credit. I could eat them three times a day. They are invaluable to me.

"With a breakfast of Grape-Nuts and cream, a roll, some fruit and a cup of Postum Coffee I feel better and stronger than on any other food and am better able to stand my work." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

SMALL BIDS MADE

Government Finds the Yacht Picket In Poor Demand.

John Roswell's Bid of $550 Is the Highest Received.

Proposals for the purchase of the government steam yacht Picket were opened today in the office of Capt. D. D. Gaillard, government engineer for this district. Contrary to expectations there was not much of a demand for the former pleasure boat. There were only three bidders, and the highest bid was but $550.

The bidders were G. W. Power, president of the Duluth Hardware company, $500; John Rosswell, of Lake avenue, $550, and Con O. Flynn, $250. The bids have been taken under advisement.

The government bought the steam yacht a few years ago for use about the harbor and the district, paying $4000. The original owners were George Barnum, C. H. Graves and others, and they are said to have bought the yacht for about $10,000.

Last season the Picket was very little used, and in view of the fact that it is no longer required, the government gave Capt. Gaillaird permission to sell it.

CHOSEN SIDES WILL CONTEST

Curling Games Between President and Vice President's Cohorts.

Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon the curlers will play in the contest between the sides led by the president and vice president. There are now twenty-four rinks registered, and therefore twelve games must be played. In the evening a supper will be served at the club house, for which the losers are to pay.

The drawing of games for the contest is as follows:

FRIDAY EVENING.

President— Vice President—
W. L. McLennan vs. D. W. Stocking.
W. E. Magner vs. G. H. Letteau.
C. L. Frederick vs. S. L. Reichert.
P. S. Anneke vs. R. N. Hoople.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

C. B. Woodruff vs. R. J. Macleod.
D. Morrison vs. F. A. Greene.
G. K. Taylor vs. Gilbert Cutler.
Dr. Cleland vs. J. C. Hunter.

SATURDAY EVENING.

W. J. K. Osborne vs. F. W. Hargreaves.
G. F. McKenzie vs. C. A. Duncan.
G. C. Tyre vs. W. B. Dunlop.
Alex Macrae vs. Ron Smith.

ESCAPED AN AWFUL FATE.

Mr. H. Hagens, of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases, by William A. Abbett, druggist. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

ASKS HIGH PRICE.

Elmer Kibbe Wants $25,000 For Loss of Foot.

Elmer A. Kibbe has entered suit in the United States district court, through his guardian, Theodore Bunker, against the Stevenson Iron Mining company to recover $25,000 for the loss of his foot and other injuries sustained while in the pursuit of his duty. Kibbe, who is 18 years of age, was employed as a switchman and brakeman on ore cars running into the Stevenson mine. In the bill of complaint he states that he was riding on one of the cars when the engine gave a sudden and violent start, throwing him under the wheels of the car.

LaVoy Bound Over.

John LaVoy, charged with deserting his family, was examined in the municipal court this morning and bound over to await the action of the next grand jury.

LaVoy was arrested Monday. His wife is very ill at the Red Cross hospital, where she is a county charge, and he was enticed to the hospital in order to give an officer a chance to get him.

WORK BEGINS

On Pennsylvania's Great Tunnel Under New York.

New York, Feb. 25.—The first blow was struck today on the work of constructing the Pennsylvania tunnel under the East and North rivers and through New York city. The destruction of buildings, at the foot of West Thirty-second street, at the North river, was begun to clear ground for sinking a shaft and establishing a basis of operations for what the engineers have named "The North River Section" of the tunnel. The section extends from a point in the center of the North river to the site of the terminal station at Seventh and Eighth avenues and Thirty-second streets to Thirty-fourth streets. The work on the great undertaking, which will eventually cost the Pennsylvania Railroad company about $50,000,000 was actually begun at 10:30 o'clock.

KILLED AT CARNIVAL.

Vigo, Spain, Feb. 25.—Two persons were killed and four were wounded here yesterday, in a conflict between municipal guards and people taking part in the carnival, growing out of the ill-treatment of a masquerader by some of the guards.

GARFIELD TAKES OATH.

Washington, Feb. 25.—James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporation of the new department of commerce and labor, took the oath of office today.

BRIER CITY NEWS

Dakota land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater, 8:30 tonight.

S. L. Frazer, of this city, has been chosen marshal of the Minnesota Masonic Veterans' association, a branch of the Masonic fraternity to which only Masons that have been members for twenty-one years are eligible.

Mayor Hugo is in St. Paul looking after important legislation for bettering local municipal conditions, and also attending the fifteenth annual session of the Masonic Grand lodge of Minnesota. He expects to return on Thursday, and during his absence President Haven of the council is acting mayor.

In amended articles of incorporation filed with the register of deeds, the Sharon Ore company has increased its capital stock to $5,000,000, and the Donora Mining company has increased its stock to $5,000,000.

Mads Madsen, Charles Bloomquist and Mike Madsen took out second citizenship papers in district court yesterday.

Two building permits have been issued. Mrs. E. M. Clark has secured a permit to build a $4000 brick dwelling on Jefferson street near Twenty-first avenue east. The Scott-Graff company has secured the permit for its factory improvement of an additional story, to cost about $2000.

A deed was filed yesterday transferring title of block 74, Rice's Point, from the Northern Pacific Railway company to the Providence Steel company, the consideration being $408.33. It is said that the Pioneer Elevator company, which is controlled by Van Dusen, Harrington & Co., of Minneapolis and Duluth, will build a steel elevator on the site, though not right away.

William Luby, of Hurley, Wis., and Peter Trnax, of Chippewa Falls, who were joint owners of the Keystone block which burned in West Superior a few weeks ago, are preparing plans for rebuilding the corner. It is said the plans contemplate a two-story brick structure 50 by 100 feet.

The Great Northern road has just completed litigation out of court and secured good title from the owners of the land in the vicinity of the approach of the interstate bridge on the Superior side of the bay.

The Boulder Mountain Iron company has bought from Henry Wheeler and wife an undivided one-sixth interest in the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 15-58-15. The sale does not include stumpage. The Boulder Mountain Iron company has also bought from the Wheeler-Marble Iron company, for $900, a half interest in the west half of the northeast quarter section 15-58-18.

Last call. Only three days more. Twenty per cent off. Geo. H. Brenton, Phoenix block. High-class fabrics. High-class tailoring.

For fancy dyeing, French dry cleaning, call at Zenith City Dye works, 6 East Superior street. Superior office 915 Tower avenue. Both phones.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville this evening.

Robert P. Fitzgerald has started an action in district court against George R. Stuntz and Mary Jane Stuntz, to quiet title to lot 124 Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth.

A. L. Mueller, of Quinnesec, Mich., will arrive in the city today to take the position of real estate and insurance solleitor with the firm of George H. Crosby & Co. Mr. Mueller will relieve L. A. Larsen of some of the detail work of the firm.

The Women's Missionary society of Hope church will meet at the home of Mrs. Kehtel, 419 East Eighth street tomorrow afternoon.

Joseph Wimmer, a farmer of Pine county, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, claiming assets of $1245, and liabilities of $1292.

James Everett Lees, an insurance solicitor of Duluth, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with assets of $50, and liabilities of $1794.85.

The meeting of the evening Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club this evening at Temple hall is developing much interest and promises to be largely attended. L. C. Harris will discuss "Macbeth."

D. A. Reed, assistant chief engineer of the Great Northern Power company, left last evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Houghton, Mich.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: A. M. Crittenden, L. A. Melvor, E. L. Harkness, A. Warrington, Minneapolis; W. E. Lawrence, Two Harbors; N. W. Shaw, Buhl, P. E. Hamlin, Chicago; R. A. Seeber, Champion, Mich.; D. G. Galvin, G. G. Mellen, E. M. Alexander, St. Paul; H. G. Chandler, Cleveland; G. F. Grove, Chicago.

PURELY PERSONAL

Elihu Jones returned to New York by the Omaha last evening after a few days visit with friends in Duluth.

A. L. Eldemilller, traveling passenger agent of the Burlington road, is in the city.

Mrs. Layden will leave this evening over the Great Northern for Seattle.

Mrs. J. D. Howard will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for San Francisco.

W. L. Wyand, northwestern passenger agent of the Michigan Central road is in the city.

Mrs. D. R. Black and children will leave this evening for Portland over the Northern Pacific.

Mrs. Reidy will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Pasadena and other points in California.

Frank E. House, president of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, returned last evening from California.

E. J. McMartin, ticket agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, has returned from New Orleans where he attended the Mardi Gras festival.

IT WAS HIS LOST GAFF.

The man with the gamecock, who has been winning all colors of money from the other man with the gamecock, has at last come to grief, and so has his wonderful gamecock. It is a sad, sad story, for the gamecock will never fight again, and his master will never again rake in the shekels from his opponents' jackpots, says the Anaconda Standard.

Every time this proud owner of the wonderful gamecock heard of a man who owned a fast gamecock and thought he could whip any other gamecock in the country he sought out this man and challenged him for a contest, and the friends of both men usually witnessed a cracking good fight in the pit. These mattiness came off with regularity, and every time the man with the wonderful gamecock waxed fat in the pit and his money bags grew in weight and he became positively defiant. He thought that his bird was the only bird that ever roosted high.

One day one of the men who had lost much money and whose birds had been whipped every time they went against the wonderful gamecock, went into the moutains and there ran into a nest of eagles. He captured one of the young eagles and took it home with him. He raised the wild bird and fed it on the best in the land, and one day the eagle grew to be a powerful bird.

The owner of the eagle clipped its wings and cropped its tail and trained it to wear artificial spurs. Then he called upon the man with the wonderful gamecock and challenged him with a proposition that he had at last secured a bird that he thought could whip the gamecock.

"Bring on your bird," said the gamecock man. "I will meet all comers with my gamecock."

At the appointed time a large crowd of friends of both parties gathered around the improvised pit and the gamecock was brought out amid cheers. He was a beautiful and game bird, but how little did he realize that his doom was so close at hand.

The other man soon appeared in the pit with his bird. Diamond dyes and paint had been judiciously applied until the eagle looked for all the world like a gamecock.

The wonderful gamecock eyed his adversary, while the painted eagle merely blinked in wonderment.

At the signal the gamecock sprang at the gaudily bedecked bird of the forest and sought out his solar plexus for the knockout blow. But it was his last gaff. The eagle awkwardly reached for his adversary's left leg and with that member fast in his claws he grasped the neck of the gamecock with his other claw and literally tore the head from the body, and that was the last of the wonderfully gamecock.

This is a true story of the wonderful gamecock, the vanquished gamecock owner and the majestic bird of the lofty crags.

STORIES OF LOST MINES

Deserts Hold Secrets of Location of Untold Wealth.

Seems as Though They Would Never Be Known.

The rediscovery of the famous Lost Cabin mine a few days ago, after a search lasting over a quarter of a century, has recalled to many old miners in the West the many other instances of lost mines, some of which have never been rediscovered, so that their golden treasure still remains hidden from man, writes the Sioux Falls correspondent of the N. Y. Sun. The history of the West and Southwest is full of stories of the discovery of rich mines, which from one reason or another were lost afterward. In a few cases the mines have been rediscovered by men who were able to work them, and who became millionaires as the result of their fortunate discoveries.

The Lost Cabin mine is on Otto creek, in the Big Horn mountains of Wyoming. It is said that a great stampede to the scene has begun, and that the wealth of the mine is more fabulous than was ever imagined by any of the hundreds of fortune hunters who for nearly three decades had searched in vain for the golden crevice in the perpendicular cliff, described by old braves who said they had been with the Indian war party which massacred the whites who originally discovered the mine.

It is about sixty miles from Fort Washakie. In 1874 five men set out from the fort to prospect. A few weeks later one of the miners, with a few small nuggets in his pocket, wandered back to the fort, his mind completely gone. All he could murmur was "plenty of gold in Lost Cabin."

Expeditions were sent out at once, but no trace was found of the mine or the missing men. The theory generally accepted was that they had been killed by hostile Indians, who constantly raided throughout the region about that period.

In 1884 a cowboy rode into Fort Washakie and announced that he had found the Lost Cabin mine by accident. As everyone believed that the mine was fabulously rich, a crowd of eager miners were soon ready to start with the discoverer. They found a decaying log cabin, with four skeletons in or near it, and a tunnel sunk in the hillside. The ore found in the tunnel was black and heavy.

After a while the excitement died out and the mine was deserted, the discoverers fully believing that the original Lost Cabin mine, where the nuggets were found in 1874, was in some other locality. Since that time the search for it has continued, till at last it has been found.

Somewhere in the wilds of Northeastern Utah, protected from the general knowledge of white men by the fact that it is within the confines of the Uintah Indian reservation, is another wonderful gold mine. Perhaps it might better be termed a deposit of a series of deposits, for it has never been mined to any depth, and the entire surrounding region is believed to be a treasure house.

For many years the existence of this place was known only to the Indians. The Uintah and White River Utes, driven from their old home in Colorado to this vast territory, which had been set aside for them in Utah, picked up a little knowledge of minerals from their contact with white men. They learned something of the value of gold, and when one day a brave brought in from a hunting trip a few specimens of beautiful quartz with tiny globules and wires if pure gold sticking out on all sides the Indians promptly termed the specimen "money rock."

This is the name by which the gold-bearing quartz has been known among the Indians ever since. Many attempts have been made to induce the Indians to reveal the location of the mine, but to this day they have declined to tell their secret to a white man, and the treasure of the mine remains hidden.

There is an interesting story connected with the famous Lost Dutchman of Arizona, futile efforts to find which have been made from time to time. This mine was on the south side of Salt river, near Weaver's Needle. A German about thirty-five years ago met a Mexican who had worked the mine in the old days when Arizona was a part of Sonora. His operations were interrupted by attacks made on his employes by Indians, and he abandoned the enterprise, taking home with him rich gold ore.

The Mexican was a man of means. Not caring to undergo the risk of a second attempt he gave the mine to his German friend, and with a map of the country and a fully detailed description of the property the old German went to Tucson. There he enlisted the aid of a fellow countryman in searching for the lost mine. Following their written directions they succeeded in finding the trail designated on the map. This led them across the mountains, down a long ridge past Weaver's Needle into a deep canyon and thence up a side canyon where the mine was situated.

The undergrowth was so dense that they were concealed from view until they had reached their destination. As the ydrew near they heard sounds that seemed to indicate that the mine was still being worked, and approaching cautiously they saw three men, whom they took to be Indians.

Without stopping to investigate the Germans opened fire and killed all three. A closer examination showed that they had acted too hastily and had killed former employes of their their Mexican friend, who were endeavoring to work the mine for themselves.

Fearing the consequences of the rash deed, the eGrmans gathered up the ore already taken out and retreated. A party of Apaches attracted to the spot by the firing, made a furious attack upon them, and in the desperate running fight that followed, the men became separated ,on eturning off through the mountainh toward Pima villages and the other making his way to the settlement that has since become the City of Phoenix. Each supposed the other to have been killed, and it is not known that they ever met after their narrow escape.

Living with the Pimas at that time was the late John Walker. One of the fugitives staggered into his camp, exhausted, and in spite of all Walker's efforts to resuscitate him he died. Before his death he gave Walker instructions how to reach the mine and turned over to him the ore he had brought away.

The map and written description of the property had been carried off by the other German, who had reached the settlement on the north side of the Salt river. Being too busy at that time to investigate the story Walker allowed the matter to rest for several years. It was not until 1881 that he made it public. He has never had time to investigate the supposed location of the mine himself, as he was fully occupied in looking after the affairs of the Yekoi mine.

In 1805 it was found that the second fugitive had been living in Mesa, Ariz., and that he made occasional excursions into the Superstition mountains, bringing back with him large gold nuggets. Two years later, when he was at the point of death, he made an attempt to reveal the secret, but died before he could tell the story.

He gasped the name "Weaver," by which he probably intended to convey that old John Weaver, the hermit of the Superstition mountains, knew the secret of the Lost Dutchman mine. But if Weaver knew he died with the secret untold. ew ventured to visit the ald recluse, who, in the heart of the Apache country, lived in a cave, the opening of which was festooned by thes calps of Heseveclero's braves. Weaver, disappointed in love in St. Louis, spent thirty years in a lonely canyon in the mountains, caring little for worldly matters, and less for gold.

He picked off many an Apache who endeavored to invade the sanctity of his cave, until the terrified Indians avoided him. Importunities of his friends to induce him to return to the world were as unavailing as their efforts to learn from him the location of the gold ledges with which he undoubtedly was familiar. Repeated efforts have been made at intervals since he died to find the Lost Dutchman mine, and a number of lives have been sacrificed.

One day in the summer of 1877 an aged berrypicker found a piece of rich gold float in a canyon in the northern part of the Black Hills. The piece of rock was assayed by Henry Leppia and Frank Bryant. It did not weigh more than one-fourth of a pound and yielded fully six grains of free gold. The two assayers were much excited and wanted to see the old berrypicker at once, but he was not to be found that day.

The next morning at daylight the assayers were up and on the lookout for a party which was said to be going out with the old man who had found the ore, but they were too late—the party had already gone. The day was foggy. This party hunted all day, but could not find the place. In fact, the old man became so bewildered that he would have lost himself had the others not kept the bearings. In the evening the party returned after riding thirty miles up and down and over the hills, tired and much disgusted. The old man was taken sick and remained so for some time. When he recovered he departed for his former home in the East.

The two assayers spent several years looking for the old berrypicker's mine, but without success. Others have taken up the search at intervals, but the location of the mine to this day remains one of the unsolved mysteries of the Black Hills.

With "Bill" Gay, a noted Black Hills desperado who was hanged at Helena, Mont., last year for murder, died the secret of a rich gold mine. In the spring of 1876 an old, gray-haired man went to Gay's home in the Black Hills and in the course of his visit told Gay and other miners that he was in that region for the purpose of locating a rich gold mine. He exhibited a rough diagram or map, and said that it was the route traveled in 1865 by Lieut. Walker, who commanded the body of troops which formed one of the divisions of the great Powder River Indian expedition.

Col. Dunkley was the old man's name. His story was that while Walker's command was forcing its way through the country the troops camped one evening on a small creek on the slope of the Powder river. Two civilians were with the company, and just as the troops were going into camp they killed a bear, which rushed out of a plum thicket. It was then about the first of October. On the following morning the command set out, but had traveled only a mile or two when it was attacked by Indians in large force, and the troops were forced to retreat to the creek, where they again went into camp.

Here the two civilians saw indications of gold, and, after washing out a pan of the gravel, were astonished to find a large quantity of the yellow metal in the pan. They at once reported the discovery to Lieut. Walker. By this time the troopers were on half rations and had no forage for their horses except prairie grass, which was scarce enough.

The weather was cold and stormy. The men were much dissatisfied and talked of deserting. For this reason Walker cautioned the two civilians to keep the discovery quiet and not pan out any more dirt, for, he argued, should the troopers discover that gold was there in such quantities it would be a good excuse for them to desert and that would certainly result in disaster to the entire command.

After the party had returned to Fort McKinney, fighting as they went, the two civilians proceeded to Fort Laramie, where they sold the gold to Col. Bullock, the post trader, for $17.50.

Gay spent several years trying to discover the mine. The two civilians had intended to aid in the search as soon as it was safe to do so, but one of them died in 1872, and the other was killed in a drunken brawl at Abilene, Kan., in 1873.

It was perhaps the irony of fate that Gay, only a short time before, getting into the trouble which resulted in his being hanged, was able to secure information which would have enabled him to have found the lost mine without difficulty. This information was contained in the records of the Powder river campaign, as kept by an officer of high rank in the command, who was informed of the discovery of the civilians, and made a memorandum of the exact location of the camp.

The officer had intended returning to the spot himself, but not until 1878 was it safe to enter the country owing to the large number of hostile Indians who were constantly raiding through it, and he died before that time. By chance Gay secured possession of the memorandum. He was arrested for murder before he could again resume his search, and during the period preceding his death on the gallows he stoutly refused to reveal his secret. What became of the memorandum is not known, but it is probable that he hid or destroyed it when he realized that all hope of a new trial or pardon was in vain. With him died the secret of the location of a mine which may contain millions of gold.

Since the beginning of civilized history in the Black Hills the prospectors of that region have regaled each other with fables about untold riches hidden in Bear gulch and adjacent territory, and there is hardly an old timer living here today who does not know by heart some cherished version of famous lost mines. The versions usually vary widely in texture, but they all have the same trend—the most striking recounting the invasion of Bear gulch by gold seekers before the Black Hills country was known to the country at large; the finding of gold in stores absolutely unprecedented: the extraction by invaders of more wealth than they could carry, and the forced abandonment of the region on account of Indian raids.

The Indians, after making the party leave all its gold, exterminated every member but one. He succeeded in securing a stone tablet, upon which he left a brief history of the exploits of the party for the benefit of coming generations. According to the legend, this historian of the party finally died of starvation. Other legends equally thrilling have been related, and many, believing them, have spent years in striving to find the elusive gold fields.

The Devil's Tower, a remarkable rock of gigantic size on the Belle Fourche river in Eastern Wyoming, is not without its legend of hidden treasure. While at Yankton several years ago a man who lived near the rock met several old Sioux Indians with whom he was acquainted. Having a photograph of the Devil's Tower with him, he thought they would like to see it. When it was shown to them they appeared greatly excited and asked him if any underground passage had been found underneath the rock. Of course no such passage has been discovered by the people living near it, but after a great deal of urging the Indians told what they knew of the tower and an underground passage.

The story was that years ago, while three warriors of their tribe were hunting near there, they discovered an opening which led directly under the tower, and with the aid of torches they proceeded to explore it. After following the passage a great distance they found a number of bones, apparently of human beings. They then proceeded until they came to a lake of clear water, which they said was about 50 feet wide by 75 feet long.

Here they discovered more bones, and among them a great quantity of gold. They were afraid to take this treasure away with them, and, on getting outside the cave, they determined on blocking the entrance so effectually that it could not be discovered by anyone else, intending to return at some future time and carry away the treasure.

This tale the Indians vowed they had received from one of the trio who made the discovery, and who was on his deathbed when telling them of it. But since.



ABDUL HAMID II., SULTAN OF TURKEY, PRINCE FERDINAND AND THE MACEDONIAN CRISIS.

THE European powers have taken a hand in the Macedonian difficulty, and are insisting that the sultan carry out the reforms promised by him and ameliorate the condition of the Christians in Macedonia and other Turkish provinces. Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria is permitting the Macedonian insurgents to use his territory as a base of operations against Turkey, and this fact has led the sultan to concentrate the bulk of his army on the Bulgarian frontier.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

OPENED TO PUBLIC

Mrs. Gardner's Art Palace Was Thrown Open On Sunday.

Art Treasures That Have Made Mrs. Gardner Conspicuous.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 25.—For the first time the Boston public was admitted to the Isabella Stewart Gardner museum in the Fenway Sunday. The 200 tickets available for the occasion were long ago disposed of at $2 each.

The building itself—Fenway Court it is now called—was originally an Italian palace. It was brought over almost stone by stone and set up in its present site with great care. The result is a thing of beauty.

Outwardly the buildings are not at all imposing—high and long, plain walls broken by the simplest possible windows and surmounted by a slant, red-tiled roof, pitched barely enough to let the rain flow off. But within, the courtyard is beauty itself, and all the rooms are of palatial proportion and mediaeval magnificence.

Running around the courtyard is a narrow path or promenade in which tall palms and ferns are interspersed with old Italian statuary, with busts and broken columns at intervals. On either side of the entrance are panels representing scriptural scenes, and on the left is a niche where a collection of stucco figures show the crucifixion.

The structural decorations around the courtyard are marble and brick Two figures in ancient Roman armour, with poised battleaxe and shield stand near the entrance.

In the main part of the house are a Dutch room, a Persian room, a Japanese room and an Italian room, each furnished in the style of the country whose art it is supposed to represent. And the Dutch room is really Dutch, the furniture consisting of a rare collection of such household furnishings as were used in mediaeval domestic economy.

The walls and tables are draped in old dark green hangings. The ceiling, all in hewn wood, now darkened with age and many years of smoke, was secured entire from a banquet room in which many a toast has doubtless been drunk. The beams are at least 6 by 10 inches and on the walls are some of Mrs. Gardner's examples of Dutch art.

Immediately over the Dutch room of the third floor is the Gothic room, made to follow carefully requirements of Gothic canons in art. The music room is the largest of all the rooms in the palace, being two stories high, and it is said also to be the largest apartment in any private house in this country. It is fitted with a stage and its acoustics are practically perfect.

Fine specimens of Roman seats are about the walls and Cleopatra's dais here has a prominent place. In this room doubtless will be held the more important social functions given by Mrs. Gardner, and here Mrs. Gardner's favorite musician, George Proctor, will have accommodations worthy of his skill and Mrs. Gardner's expenditure upon his artistic training.

A Chinese room, replete with treasures of the Orient, a feather room, in which the "Crowning of Hebe" is done in colors of wonderful softness, many living rooms for the accommodation of Mrs. Gardner and her guests are other features of the palace. In the chapel, which was dedicated by a high church clergyman of Boston at a midnight mass which set the whole city by the ears, Crahach's "Adam and Eve" is conspicuous, as is also the Botticelli "Madonna," which cost its present owner $63,000, the Italian government no end of trouble and Prince Chigi very many uncomfortable half hours.

Other famous pictures hung about this room are Botticelli's "Death of Lucretia," Zorn's "The Omnibus," Romney's "Mrs. Moody," Fra Lippi's "Mother and Child," Raphael's "Cardinal Tomasso Inghirami" and Velasquez's "Philip IV of Spain." All these will be seen by the public tomorrow for the first time in the palace. A year or two ago the Home for Crippled Children of Boston was enriched by the receipts of an exhibition of these treasures at Mrs. Gardner's Beacon street home, which she threw open for the occasion, charging an admission to the public of $2.

The museum venture is the only one of the many extraordinary episodes in Mrs. Gardner's career. Ever since she came to Boston a bride, forty-two years ago, she has been attracting attention.

Mrs. Gardener makes no confidences. No more self-contained woman lives. She plays a big part in the social world, but she plays it alone. Even the proteges who have been most near her are not really of her life.

Proctor, musician, has been the subject of her constant attention ever since she first saw him a sweet-faced choir boy in the Church of the Advent at Sunday morning service. She sent him to Europe to receive a musical education, she rushed across the continent to launch him properly at Chicago musicale, but she remains ever the same mysterious woman she seemed to him that first time she saw him at the Church of the Advent, when she asked him what his hopes for the future were.

Yet this is the same Mrs. Gardner who personally inspected Sandow's muscles, hired a Chinese theater in which to entertain her guests, fondled lion cubs in the Zoo before a huge crowd and once rode in an engine cab when there was no other way of reaching her destination. The latter is a characteristic story.

She was to arrive at Gloucester at a certain hour to take a ride on the new coach then running between that city and Beverly. The train came, but there were no signs of Mrs. Gardner or her escort, so the coach driver started to depart.

Suddenly cries to stop were heard, and Mrs. Gardner was discovered snugly tucked up in the cab of the engine beside the engineer. Her escort was clinging to the tender looking very ill at ease and uncomfortable.

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THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO.,
Philadelphia, Pa.



PROPOSED TO NIECE

And Was Rejected and Then Courted the Aunt.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 25.—It is now asserted here that the reason the Earl of Yarmouth is to marry Miss Alice Thaw is that he was refused by her niece, Miss Elizabeth Thaw, familiarly known among her friends as "Burd" Thaw.

Miss Elizabeth Thaw, who is four years younger than her aunt, the future countess, is also rich in her own right and is engaged to be married to a typical American, Henry Collins.

It is asserted the earl came to the United States especially to win Miss Elizabeth.

For a long time the earl of Yarmouth and Harry Kendall Thaw, brother of Miss Alice, have been close friends. About the middle of last December the earl came here as the guest of Harry Thaw and was lavishly entertained at the Thaw residence. It was only natural that at the entertainments in his honor he should meet Miss Burd Thaw, daughter of the late William Thaw Jr., herself a millionaress in her own right through the estate of her father.

It was apparently a case of love at first sight on the part of the earl. He made violent love to the wealthy young heiress, who has just passed her twenty-first birthday. But he made no impression on the young American girl, and his proposal of marriage met with a prompt refusal. A few days later announcement was made that Miss Elizabeth Thaw would marry Henry Collins, the son of Mrs. Henry E. Collins of this city, a graduate of the Annapolis naval academy and a young man who had won laurels in the service of the United States during the Spanish American war.

When the earl of Yarmouth discovered that he could not secure the hand and fortune of the granddaughter of the original William Thaw, his eyes fell upon Miss Alice Thaw, aunt of the girl who had refused him.

Again it was a case of love at first sight on the part of the earl. When Miss Thaw went to Washington the earl followed her there and was constantly in her company.

Mrs. William Thaw, mother of Alice, opposed the match, but when she saw that it was useless to make further opposition, as her daughter was of age, and could do as she pleased, she accepted the inevitable.

Mrs. Thaw, it is said, regrets deeply the step her daughter has taken, but the latter seems deeply in love with the earl, and could not be dissuaded from her course.

Miss Alice Thaw is about 25 years of age, tall and stately, and considered one of the most beautiful women in Pittsburg. Her private fortune amounts to over a million dollars, which is judiciously invested, and her personal income is over $85,000 a year.

SUPERINTENDENTS

Of National Educational Association Elect Officers.

Cincinnati, Feb. 25.—The department of superintendents of the National Educational association today elected the following officers: President, Henry R. Emerson, Buffalo; vice presidents, Edwin B. Cox, Xenia, Ohio, and John W. Abercrombie, of Tuscaloosa; secretary, J. H. Hineman, Little Rock, Ark.

Alfred Bayliss, state superintendent of instruction for Illinois, read a paper on "Industrial Education in Rural Schools," which was discussed by L. D. Harvey, former superintendent of public instruction for Wisconsin, and W. A. Stetson, state superintendent of instruction for Maine, and others.

Mrs. Alice Cooley, of Grand Forks, and teacher in the university of North Dakota, read a paper on "Literature in the Grades and How to Use It," which was discussed by Mrs. Josephine Hermans, of Kansas City; Miss Florence Holbrook, of Chicago, and others.

MUST SHUN

Cruel Husband or Give Up Her Children.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—"I think your husband is serving God better by breaking stone at the bridewell than acting in the manner he has toward his family," declared Judge Tuthill to Mrs. Mary J. Wigren. Then he continued:

"I will allow you to take your children home, but if you have anything to do with this man until he shows that he intends to do what is right I will take the children away from you. You can pray for him, but don't live with him."

Mrs. Wigren and her four children were in the Juvenile court because the probation officers found them living in wretched quarters at 45 Lowell place. The father and husband, Edward S. Wigren, it was said, did not support his family, but abused his wife.

At present he is serving a six months' bridewell sentence.

Mrs. Wigren wept when called to testify. She said that, although her husband had beaten and abused her, she would forgive and forget if she thought he could be induced to embrace religion.

"I think it my duty as wife and mother to plead for him," she sobbed.

"Do you want to live with this man again?" inquired Judge Tuthill.

"I want to ask your advice about that," said Mrs. Wigren.

"I would not advise any woman to stay with a man who brutally beats her," declared the court. "There is no law requiring her to do that. Would you care to get a divorce from him?"

"I don't believe in divorces, Judge," replied Mrs. Wigren. "I will forgive him for everything he has done if he would only serve God and seek salvation."

Thereupon the judge told her to go home but to shun her husband.

PLANS PREPARED

For the Benefit to Miss Clara Morris.

New York, Feb. 25.—Plans for the benefit for Miss Clara Morris, the actress, to be given shortly, have taken definite shape. The performance will be given under the auspices of the theatrical profession. The Rev. A. F. Underhill, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church in Yonkers, of which Miss Morris is a member, will act as treasurer of the funds raised. Amelia Bingham, the actress, has agreed to manage the benefit, but the exact date has not been fixed. Among the patrons, many of whom have contributed money, are Bishop Potter, W. C. Whitney, J. P. Morgan, George J. Gould, H. O. Havemeyer, John D. Crimmins, and John G. Carlisle.

DR. GAINES' BET

That He Will Get Into Congressional Record Daily.

McCreary's Story of Kentucky Campaigning---Clark's Speech.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Dr. John Wesley Gaines, member of the house of representatives for the Nashville district of Tennessee, has managed to get his name into the Congressional Record in the last four years more times by far than any other member of either branch of the national legislative body.

Although named for the founder and great expounder of Methodist doctrine, Dr. Gaines is not a doctor of divinity He was graduated in medicine from Vanderbilt university in 1882, and immediately took up the study of law, and has ever since followed that profession.

Few members attend the sessions of the house so regularly as Dr. Gaines. If he is not heard from anywhere from four to twenty-four times a day, it is because the speaker has designated him as a member of a funeral committee to accompany the remains of some statesman to his last resting place, or else the doctor has to go to Tennessee to look after his political fences.

Dr. Gaines is now serving his third term in the house and has been elected to the next congress. During his first term he was not a bit backward about plunging into the debates, but he had not then conceived the idea of getting his name into the Record at every session attended by him.

It is freely admitted by the leading Republicans that Dr. Gaines is no slouch of a debater if he has full swing; and his smooth face, cleancut countenance and luxuriant gray hair give him the appearance from the galleries of being a much older man than he looks, for he will not be 42 until next August.

"What does Gaines mean by jumping up every day?" is a question that has been asked by members of all parties during this congress.

"Every day?" said one member. "You mean forty times a day."

Speaker Henderson must like Dr. Gaines very much or he would not recognize him so often. Some people intimate that the presiding officer sits in his chair and chuckles over the plight of other Southern Democrats who are unable to catch the eye or ear of the speaker. Dr. Gaines enjoys the great privileges given him and appears to gloat over the favor extended him over the average Southern congressmen burning to hop into the discussion.

As the Hon. "Slim Jim" Richardson, of the same state, is going to quit congress at the expiration of his next term, many friends of Dr. Gaines think he ought to come out for minority leader. He blushes when the subject is mentioned, and, even in the face of the fact he is having a newspaper boom for the honor, declares that his heart is true to John Sharpe Williams, of Mississippi, for leader.

In view of all the guessing as to what Dr. Gaines means by putting himself so much in evidence in the house debates, Senator Chauncey M. Depew was asked the other day what his opinion of the matter was. Quick as a flash he recpied:

"It's simple enough. Dr. Gaines has made a bet with posterity that he will get his name in the Congressional Record every day while he is in congress."

* * *

Among the United States senators-elect who dropped into Washington in the last ten days or so to receive congratulations and pre-empt seats in the chamber are William J. Stone, of Missouri, and James B. McCreary, of Kentucky.

"Permit me to congratulate and welcome you, 'Gum Shoe Bill,'" said McCreary to Stone when they met.

"Certainly, 'Sly Jim,'" was Governor Stone's reply. "I'm glad you will be with us in the next congress. You got through pretty easy considering that Charlie Wheeler and so many other Kentuckians were after the place. How in the world did you manage it?"

"Just a way I have."

"But," remarked Stone, "I remember when you were in the house you had considerable trouble carrying your district. You live in the Blue Grass section and the fellows up in the mountain counties were supposed to be for another man."

"Ah," answered McCreary, "I did up my competitors in the smoothest and cheapest way imaginable. You see, in most of these mountain county towns the councils, in order to help the livery stable keepers, passed ordinances denying to the farmers the privilege of tying horses to fences—in other words, they wanted to force them to send their horses to the stables, when they came to town. I rented lots and put up free hitching posts and invited all the yaps to tie their nags at my expense. It was cheap electioneering and I remained in the house as long as I cared to."

* * *

Congressman Champ Clark of Missouri has a very bright and precocious son named Bennett, who is about 12 years of age. The boy, like many other sons of members of the house, is apt to be on the floor when it is announced that his father will speak.

One day Champ Clark made a set speech, and it was quite a creditable effort, winning for him praise from both sides of the house. But Bennett wasn't there that day. The next time he showed up he was asked to explain his absence.

"Oh, pshaw," replied the lad, "I heard that speech no less than three times when mamma was teaching it to him at home. What did I want to hear it again for?"

All of which goes to show that statesmen will occasionally rehearse at home.



For Rheumatism Apply freely to the parts affected, and bandage with flannel, keep the bandage moist by frequent applications of Liniment, and take internally a small teaspoonful twice a day in half a cup of hot water.

For Inflamation It acts like magic, and there is no doubt of the immediate relief. For fifty years this grand old medicine has been the cure for every pain wherever and whenever it has been used. Should be in every home. Sold everywhere, 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle.

A GOLDEN CALF

By Martha McCulloch Williams

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When one is sweet and 20, with roseleaf skin, baby dimples, pale gold hair and velvet dark eyes, is light on foot, and further arrayed in filmy white blotched and splotched with cream pink roses, one can do pretty much as one pleases with the world masculine.

Polly Trevor was proving that at the Lawson's garden party. The Lawsons were new people, summer people, and very rich, who, having discovered Firmont and duly annexed it, proceeded most ungratefully to upset all its traditions of sleepy aristocratic quiet. Polly aided and abetted them nobly—she was born with quicksilver in her veins and was even suspected of dancing in her sleep. Otherwise she would never have kept her youthful spirits, in the face of genteel poverty and Aunt Maria. That good lady held it the duty of all poor folk to be miserable, and refused to rejoice in the sunshine, because she had not gold enough to match the rays.

If Polly had been a belle in limp and skimpy frocks and slippers mainly of her own contriving, judge her estate, all fresh, and crisp, and dainty, from her rose-wreathed hat to the silver buckles on her shoes. All the strange young fellows, friends of the Lawsons, swarmed about her, eager for a word or a smile, until Mrs. Lawson, who, like England, expected every man to do his duty, hauled or rated all but one of them away.

That one, Bruce MacRae by name, drew Polly's arm within his arm authoritatively and led her to a seat partly sequestered. "You are my prisoner," he said. "I shall not let you go until you tell me the secret of happiness—your eyes say you have found it."

"Indeed I have!" Polly returned. "It is to be perfectly well dressed after years of sacrificing a fine feeling for clothes."

MacRae laughed heartily. "Suppose one lacks the fine feeling," he asked. "I want something a little more general."

"Then you must worship the god, henceforth, of my idolatry," Polly said, her eyes dancing. MacRae faced her, his eyes preternaturally grave, and asked: "Indeed! Only tell me the divinity's name—I never knew until today my capacity for idolatry."

"I dare say you mean that for a pretty speech—but confess!—wasn't it rather clumsy?" Polly retorted, dimpling deliciously, then falling to sudden confidence: "If you won't laugh, I'll tell you all about it—I must tell somebody—my divinity is a golden calf—or rather two golden calves."

"I don't understand," MacRae began, looking carefully over Polly's head.

"Of course you don't 'goosey' Reckon I'd tell you if you did?" that lawless young person retorted. "It really isn't a story—only the beginning of one. You don't know it, but I live out on the west road, that runs smooth and straight and level for miles and miles—say, do you ever ride in automobiles?"

"O—demi-semi-occasionally," MacRae answered, still keeping his eyes high. Polly nodded sagely: "Then you'll understand about the road—the temptation of it, and all that. I don't blame the men who own those devil wagons for going over it like sin—"

"M-m-m! Are you permitted to say such things as 'devil wagons?'" MacRae asked severely. Polly giggled.

"No—if I were I should never care to do it. But Aunty 'Riah would have a fit if she heard me—but unless you keep quiet you'll never hear the rest."

"Then—I should die of unsatisfied curiosity," MacRae answered. "The strain is something awful—roads, automobiles, golden calves—however ill you make them hang together?"

"Just you wait and see!" Polly said, airily. "That's what I do when I hear the dev—the motor-cars, I mean. Our pasture bars, you must know, open out on the road—when the cows are driven home to be milked, there is always the chance of things happening. We haven't got many cows, but they stand to us for a lot—and the best of the herd was my calf, Blossom—"

"Light begins to break," MacRae said, dreamily. Polly pursed her lips. "You seem bent on darkening counsel," she said, sticking out her chin. "Poor Bloss was a Jersey, eligible to registry. Of course we never would have registered her—still one can take the fact into account in reckoning with one's conscience."

"I don't see what conscience has to do with it," MacRae asserted, perversely. Polly looked at him sidewise. "I am not cut out for missionary work," he said. "Still I begin to perceive that I must have your misunderstanding before this is done. Not everyone can be wise—but anybody can be good. Lay the fact to heart while I go on—"

"Let me see—you broke off at Blossom's pedigree," MacRae said, blinking solemnly. Polly held up a warning finger. "Poor dear! Her ancestry and life are out of place here—I could tell you many interesting things—but must hurry on to her death—"

"Why! Is she dead? You cannot expect me to worship a dead calf—even if she was the idol!" MacRae interjected. Polly smiled sprightly. "But the other calf, the real truly golden calf, is alive," she said. "I know—because he owns a devil-wagon—the devil-wagon that ran down my poor pet. It was a tragedy—I saw it myself from the piazza. You can't think how hideous the truly golden calf is—he stood up in a long, dusty coat, with goggles where his face should have been—and a nose as red as murder breaking through. Still I love him dearly—you won't wonder, when you hear the sequel. He murdered and rode away—but the very next day a man from the Country club, twenty miles away, left a letter for me—a letter which said the writer was horribly penitent over killing somebody's calf—wouldn't the owner please accept the inclosure as some slight reparation? And the inclosure was nothing less than a span-new hundred-dollar bill. I cried at the sight—for joy—and ran right off to spend it before Aunty 'Riah could devote it to taxes, or mending the roof, or putting up a monument to Blossy. She would have done any of them, rather than let me waste it on clothes—she had almost persuaded me not to come here, because I had nothing fit to wear."

"The fellow was a cad—he should have sent you a thousand, at least," MacRae said, judicially. Polly faced him with a lovely flush.

"He was nothing of the sort," she said. "I am more grateful to him than I can say for his delicate kindness. If he had let me know his name, I must have sent him back the money—I am not the sort that pockets damages with a smirk. And I did need the money dreadfully; it's hard enough to be plain poor white folks, but poor with traditions and standards—ah! that is the real pinch!"

"Don't say any more, or I shall rush to find and murder him," MacRae said, presiding to frown. Polly smiled at him infantinely.

"When you find him," she said, "tell him I pray for him every night—as the gentleman who gave me a chance for a perfectly happy afternoon."

Six weeks later Polly, with a big diamond blazing upon her engagement finger, nestled her head comfortably against MacRae's shoulder, looked up at him and said: "Bruce, you must burn incense to my golden calf. I'm sure you would never have looked at me the second time if he had not bought me that precious white gown. I wish he knew—I wish, still more, we could have him at the wedding."

"He will be there, sweetheart—and I shall not be the least jealous of him," MacRae said, slipping his hand under her chin. "But you are all wrong about the frock. You can never look sweeter, more angelic than you did in that faded blue print you had on the day poor Blossom perished."

"Why! How do you know? Were you—?" Polly began, sitting suddenly upright. MacRae chuckled, drew her close, and said: "I was that 'riderous, truly golden calf,' darling—you took my heart by storm then and there, and made me swear to strive mightily for the privilege of providing henceforth all your frocks and frills."

"You deceitful wretch!" Polly said. But somehow MacRae's heart leaped to hear her.

adds a new delight to pastry
(better than flour)
PRESTO

STATE AID FOR THE STARVING

(Continued from page 1).

construction of the house made it difficult for them to secure recognition from the chair, they would like to have the rules so far suspended as to let them speak from other places in the house and their plea was referred to the committee on rules.

W. A. Nolan, of Mower county, offered a resolution prohibiting junketing committees from going out to visit state institutions without the consent of the speaker, and prohibiting more than one committee from being absent in any one day. Mr. Burns gave notice of debate and the resolution went over.

Mr. Deming succeeded in getting his bill giving cemetery companies the right of eminent domain, back on general orders again, in spite of the fact that the committee of the whole killed it yesterday. He raised a skeptical laugh by saying that Hennepin county had got together on the measure.

Two bills were introduced, one by Mr. Klein and the other by J. D. Schroeder, providing that telephone companies must receive and transmit messages of other companies and persons whenever asked to do so, and tendered a reasonable compensation. Failure to comply with this in the Klein bill brings a fine of $25 to $100, and in the Schroeder bill it brings that and, in addition, the company failing to give the service may be enjoined from continuing in business. Both bills require telephone companies to make connections with any telephone lines when asked to do so, providing that the cost of connection must be paid by the applicant.

Mr. Morley introduced a bill giving the dairy and food commissioner an increase to $2500 a year.

Mr. Hawley introduced a bill giving the state library commission an annual appropriation of $10,000.

The house passed the calendar up altogether because of the slim attendance and little was done on general orders.

The anti-trust bill, introduced by the railroad company, was made a special order for next Thursday morning, at 11 o'clock.

* * *

A bill introduced in the senate this morning by Senator Somerville is designed to shift a part of the cost of caring for insane patients from the state to the counties in which the cases originate, and then to the relatives of the patients. It provides that the counties must pay $78 a year toward the support of all inmates of the state hospitals for the insane and feeble-minded, and that the county attorney may recover this sum from the near relatives on bringing suit. The relatives may voluntarily pay the amount named if they desire, without being subjected to suit.

A bill introduced by Senator W. A. Smith creates a bad outlook for habitual criminals in this state. It provides that any criminal who has been twice imprisoned in penitentiaries in this or other states, when the terms were for not less than three years each, shall be deemed a habitual criminal, and upon a third conviction shall be sentenced to twenty-five years in the state prison, unless his offense is subject to a higher punishment, when the greater punishment provided by the statute shall govern.

Appropriation bills for providing a representation of the resources of the state at the Louisiana purchase exposition at St. Louis next year were introduced in both houses, in the senate by Senator Ward and in the house by W. A. Nolan. Each provides for a total appropriation of $100,000 and repeals the $50,000 appropriation passed last winter. The bill provides for a board of three managers who are to be appointed by the governor and are to serve without pay. Their expense accounts are limited to $1000 each.

Senator McNamee introduced a bill permitting city councils in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants to set apart streets or avenues as parkways, to turn them over to the park boards and to provide rules governing traffic upon them.

Senator Hawkins introduced a bill validating sales of real estate heretofore made under license from probate courts.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

FRENCH CRUISER SAILS.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 25.—The French cruiser Tage, which has been in this port for twenty days, sailed at 11 o'clock for Jamaica. She was given a noisy farewell.

COMING VANDERBILT WEDDING.

New York, Feb. 25.—It is reported that the wedding of Miss Catheline Nelsen, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Nelsen to Reginald C. Vanderbilt, is to be celebrated on Saturday in Easter week, April 18, says the Herald today, at the bride's home, No. 100 Fifth avenue. No details have been given out, nor is the date admitted by the relatives of the couple. Mr. Vanderbilt and his bride will pass the early part of their honeymoon at his new farm at Sands Point, near Newport, and later they will go to Europe, returning to Newport to reside.

KAISER'S LETTER PLEASES.

New York, Feb. 25.—The Rome correspondent of the Berlin Tageblatt telegraphs, according to a Herald dispatch from Berlin, that the kaiser's letter to Admiral Hollmans has been received with much satisfaction in the Vatican. A cardinal told the correspondent that "even in biblical regions the kaiser and the pope have at last met."

Buy Brockton shoes and your feet will be comfortable. 311 West Superior street.

CUTLERY GRINDING

We grind everything in the way of cutlery—knives, shears, razors, surgical instruments, clippers, etc.

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Barbers' Supplies and Cutlery.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Toilet Specials.

Rice Face Powder—a 50c box Thursday ---------- 35c

Colgate's Perfumes — regular price 50c an oz., Thursday ---- 23c

Toilet Specials.

Petroleum Jelly (Vaseline) regular 10c size—Thursday ---------- 5c

Tooth Brushes—fine French bristles—regular price 10c, Thursday 7c

Metal Print Velvets.

A splendid fabric for waists—a good selection of polka dot and small figures on grounds of black and blue—always sold for $1.00—special for Thursday—per yard------ 69c

Dress Sateens.

32-inch Sateens, in fancy figures, floral designs and polka dots—a splendid assortment of colorings—regular price 35c—while they last, Thursday—per yard---------- 12½c
(Limit, 2 dress patterns to a customer)

Belt Special.

An assorted lot of black and fancy belts—of moire, taffeta silk and velvet—also folded satins and stitched silk belts—65c and 75c value—special for Thursday----- 49c

34-Inch Lawn.

Perfect weave—just right for aprons; regular price 12½c—Thursday, per yard---------- 9c

Women's Girdles.

Of web tape, in pink, blue and white; regular price $1—Thursday special at, each ---------- 69c

Women's Muslin Drawers.

Umbrella shape, hemstitched and embroidery trimmed—regular price 35c—special for Thursday—each---------- 23c

44-Inch Cheviot Serge.

All wool, newest coloring—a splendid value at 75c—for Thursday only, per yard---------- 50c

20-Inch Black Peau de Soie.

Lustrous finish—regular price $1.00—special for Thursday—per yard---------- 75c

A sensational rubber sale

39 CASES OF HIGH GRADE RUBBERS AT ABOUT HALF PRICE.

Two big down-East manufacturers were rushed with orders—failed to deliver certain lots in time—cancelations followed, and the makers, anxious to "make good," sold to us at unusual prices. They arrived yesterday. For tomorrow you get the benefit of this lucky purchase, and coming right now when rubbers are needed most—it's a rare opportunity—read the splendid savings—the reductions are just as quoted.

50c Rubbers 25c—Women's low rubbers for spring wear—good wearing quality—regular price 50c—Thursday's price---------- 25c

Women's Storm Rubbers 35c—High grade—standard goods—regular price 60c—sale price Thursday at only---------- 35c

Misses' High Grade Storm Rubbers—regular price is 50c—Thursday's sale price while they last—per pair---------- 30c

Children's High Grade Storm Rubbers—regular 35c quality everywhere—Thursday's sale price, per pair only---------- 25c

Boys' Heavy Sole Rubbers—high grade—excellent for wear—regular 60c quality—Thursday's sale price, per pair ---------- 40c

Youth's Heavy Sole Rubbers—high grade, good wearing quality—regular 50c value—Thursday reduced to, per pair---------- 30c

Hosiery Specials Thursday.

Women's Fleeced Stockings—fast and stainless black—very elastic tops—spliced heel and toe—regular 18c quality, for Thursday—per pair---------- 12½c

Women's Cotton Hose—full fashioned, high spliced heel and toe—regular price is 29c a pair—and are always sold at that, Thursday's special price---------- 19c

Women's Wool Cashmere Hose—fast black, natural color heel and toe, regular price 35c—special Thursday, per pair 25c

Women's Fancy Hose—assorted patterns, neat stripes—broken checks—regular 18c values—special price for Thursday—3 pairs for 25c—or per pair---------- 10c

Women's Wrappers.

100 dozen of well made perfect fitting wrappers—dark and medium coloring—a peerless assortment—all sizes—the regular $1.25 kind—Special for Thursday------ 89c

Children's Coats at Half Price.

$ 5.00 Coats---------- $2.50
$10.00 Coats---------- $5.00
$12.00 Coats---------- $6.00
$15.00 Coats---------- $7.50
$20.00 Coats---------- $10

Dress Ginghams.

50 pieces of fancy Dress Ginghams—27 inches wide—latest patterns, such as checks, stripes and fancy plaids—also seersucker ginghams in assorted stripes, always sells for 12½c choice of any in the lot at—per yard—Thursday ---------- 10c

Plaid Ribbons.

25 pieces of Taffeta Silk Ribbon—4½ inches wide—pretty color blending—very appropriate for neck ribbons—regular price 50c—at special sales 38c—for tomorrow only at—per yard ---------- 25c

Handkerchiefs.

50 dozen all linen and Swiss handkerchiefs — an assorted lot — some scalloped edge — others plain hem—and lace edging—values 18c and 20c—special Thursday---- 8c

Embroideries.

A special offer new patterns—assorted widths of from 1½ to 5 inches—inserting to match—two specials for Thursday—the regular
12½c quality---------- 8c
15c quality---------- 10c

New Torchon Laces.

100 pieces of new and dainty patterns different widths—in ecru and white—a peerless assortment—regular price 5c—special Thursday---- 3c
Also the 8c and 10c kinds for Thursday---------- 5c

Glove Specials.

Women's genuine lamb kid in black only—2 clasp and 7 hook—regular price $1.00—special Thursday---------- 59c

Golf Gloves—of cashmere wool in plain and fancy—a splendid assortment—regular price 50c-- 39c

THE COPPER MARKET

Metal Continues to Gain In Strength and Healthily.

Walker Discusses Formation of the Lake Copper Company.

George L. Walker in his last copper letter says:

Copper continues to gain in strength. Lake is selling at 13¼ cents, electrolytic at 13, and casting at 12¾. Trade reports state that there is no flurry or excitement, consumers being buyers in the normal way; but there is not enough copper to go around, and consequently prices are advancing. London quotations are working steadily higher, being up the equivalent of ¼ cent per pound since a week ago, and foreign consumptive demand is making wonderful strides. During the first half of this month the foreign visible supply of copper was reduced by 1544 long tons, the total in sight now being only 13,587 tons, which is considerably below the lowest former figures in many years. This reflects a remarkably strong situation on the foreign end of the copper market.

One who discusses the copper situation frequently, and at present from a bearish standpoint, has repeatedly stated that the surplus supply of copper accumulated by Amalgamated interests while copper sold at 17 cents, amounting to 200,000,000 pounds or more a year ago, has not gone into consumption since the decline in prices occurred, but into the empty bins of the manufacturers. This is equivalent to an admission that the high valent to an admission that the high prices did not diminish consumption, but caused manufacturers to use up all their supplies in stock while waiting for a lower market upon which to buy. In other words, the 17-cent market simply caused manufacturers to delay purchases as long as they possibly could, nothing more. Follow this line of reasoning out and it becomes a flat contradiction to every bearish argument that has been put forward; for if the manufacturers' stocks were depleted to an equivalent of the entire surplus accumulated by the selling agencies it must naturally follow that consumption kept full pace with production during the three years of 17-cent copper. Therefore, had the price been heir at 17 cents the accumulated surplus was not in a way to increase to appreciably larger proportions. This matter is referred to simply for the purpose of pointing out the illogical position the person in question has gotten himself into by reasoning from a false premise. Of course consumption really was relatively smaller on 17-cent copper and is relatively greater at present prices.

The action of the Amalgamated and affiliated companies in withdrawing from the Copper Producers' association was not prompted by sourness of disposition or a spirit of revenge. Amalgamated people do not beleive in giving buyers of copper full information as to the exact available supply that is coming into the market. To do so is to put manufacturers in a position to take advantage of the sellers every time there is a temporary weakness in the metal situation. There is no particular advantage that the producing interests can gain by giving such publicity to their business affairs, and after all it is not surprising that Amalgamated interests have refused to continue it. The Amalgamated plan is to hold the market firmly and steadily around 13 to 14 cents, and the plan promises to succeed.

COPPER SHARE MARKET.

Coppers continues to work steadily higher during the early part of the week; but on Thursday the long expected reaction began. On the advance the public had not been a large buyer of stocks. Commission brokers state that their customers, as a rule, sold as many or more coppers than they bought. The market acted all along as though strong interests were accumulating coppers, and were not ready to encourage general public buying. It would also appear that these same strong interests are responsible for the reaction, and that speculative selling on the decline will be taken advantage of to add to their holdings at more satisfactory prices.

There is not a straw in sight that points to a continuation of the decline in copper share prices. There are almost no weakly held copper stocks that could be shaken out by forcing prices downward. On the other hand, the metal market is extremely strong and likely to continue so for a long time to come. Its effect on the stock market will be to generate buying demand, and higher prices for stocks must naturally result. All of the chances are favorable to those who have the courage to buy copper stocks on this reaction.

LAKE COPPER COMPANY.

The Lake Copper company will be organized, report says, to take over and hold a controlling interest in Trimountain, Copper Range, Tamarack, Osceola and several other Lake mining companies. No definite details are as yet obtainable in regard to this plan; so the readers of this letter will be given the story as it is heard on the "Street."

A broker who keeps close watch of all that occurs on the floor of the exchange, and who gets information from Amalgamated sources, says: "Some time ago it was settled by Amalgamated and other interests that a number of Lake companies should be put into a holding company, preliminary to a merger with the Amalgamated. The number of companies to be consolidated may be eight or ten or more as conditions warrant. I think I know that Copper Range, Trimountain, Osceola, Tamarack, Centennial and the St. Mary's half of the Champion are in the deal hard and fast. Mr. Lawson has had nothing to say about these coppers for months past, but he has unquestionably been by far the largest buyer and seller of all of them from day to day.

"This means to me that the most important part of the deal has been the steady buying and absorption of the stocks that are to be consolidated, and that Lawson is conducting the buying. That is the reason he does not advise his friends to buy coppers. His brokers on several occasions have discouraged the buying demand for the more active and strongest of these stocks by offering blocks of 1,000 to 10,000 shares at a time. This prevented fireworks and has in that way kept the public out of the market.

"The grist of denials thatare coming out are easily explained. The St. Mary's company will not sell its half of Champion stock at any price, because it is going to exchange it for stock in another company. The present Copper Range management have not sold control of the company in bulk, but I believe that the Amalgamated and affiliated interests have bought control of it in the open market and hold it today. The same is true, I believe, of other companies."

The other side of the story is that St. Mary's will not dispose of their Champion stock at any price; and Copper Range interests are very confident that they have now and will continue to have full and undisputed control of their company. As to the control of Tamarack, Osceola and Centennial, it is not at all impossible that they could be taken over by the new company at any time.

There is another point from which to view this matter. An inability to secure absolute control need not necessarily prevent the organization of a holding company. "Community of interest," as it is called by the railroad financiers, does not go to such a limit. Why should not a holding company be formed that will buy an interest in those Lake properties that are believed to be desirable, and, developments continuing favorable, increase its holdings when conditions warrant? This thing is being done by the railroad companies, and there are good reasons for the belief that something similar may be done in mining stocks.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Popular Young Aberdeen Student Succumbs to Operation.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Edward Meyer, one of the most popular young men of Aberdeen, died Monday as the result of appendicitis, for which an operation was performed on Saturday night. He was 19 years old and a student at the Northern normal and industrial school, being a member of the football team. When the announcement of his death reached the normal the students were in the midst of a Washington memorial service. It was changed to a memorial service and at its close the school closed for the day.

The latest reports indicate that Charles I. Crow of this city, hurt in the North-Western wreck near Athol is less seriously injured than was at first thought. He is still at Redfield. Fred A. Dopp, who was killed, was a member of the firm of Dopp Bros., bankers of Hawkeye, Iowa, and was in this region on business for the firm, which has the general agency of the Buffalo Safe company.

Mitchell, S. D., Feb. 24.—The fifteenth annual oratorical contest was held Monday evening for the purpose of selecting an orator to represent Dakota university at the state oratorical contest to be held at Huron in May. There were but three orators competing at this time, a less number than ever before. The names of the orators and their subjects are as follows: "The Unmaking of an American," Gustavus Loevinger; "Triumph in Defeat," Alfred Wenz; "Society and Revenge," Roscoe Satterlee. Alfred Wenz won first place; Gustavus Loevinger, second.

Lead—The Black Hills Mining Men's association has had make a golden invitation to be presented to President Roosevelt asking him to be the guest of the association during the session of the American Mining congress at Lead and Deadwood, Sept. 7 to 11 inclusive. The invitation is engraved on a slab of eighteen-karat gold, five inches long by two and three-fourths inches wide, the gold for which was produced in the Hills and the plate rolled here. It has been forwarded to the South Dakota delegation at Washington, by whom it will be delivered to the president. The American Mining congress, by its executive committee, has invited the president to attend the coming session.

Wahpeton—At the preliminary oratorical contest held Monday evening by the students of Wahpeton university, H. E. Miller won first place and L. N. Nix second. About 200 were present. The seven orations were interspersed with music by the glee clubs and by piano selections. Dr. Robertson, in closing his remarks, awarding the prize to Mr. Miller, announced the receipt of a message from five university alumni who are at present doing post-graduate work in Boston, sending greeting and offering an annual prize to winner of the oratorical contest preliminary to the state contest. This created great enthusiasm.

Belle Fourche—Ranchmen and others in this vicinity are somewhat alarmed over a recent bulletin issued by the department of agriculture that eastern Montana, northeastern Wyoming and western South Dakota are threatened with a plague of grasshoppers. The insects were thick in Montana last summer, and it is feared they may multiply to such an extent as to menace vegetation another summer.

The tongue disease seems to have been arrested among the cattle of this range. It appeared in only two or three herds, and thre have not been any deaths for three weeks. It was feared for a time that the hoof and mouth disease was making its appearance, but this apprehension has been allayed.

So far there has not been any trading in southern cattle by the cattlemen of this range. At this time last year fully 100,000 head had been contracted for by northern cattlemen in Texas, New Mexico and Arizona. Stock men of the southern ranges are holding their cattle at a price that is considered excessive by the northerners. The Dakotas and Montana do not need as many cattle this year as last, and the probabilities are the purchases will be small.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—The roommate of Representative Maddox, one of the house clerks named Gillahan, was sent to the pesthouse suffering from smallpox. The house and senate chambers have been fumigated.

BADLY DAMAGED.

Camille Poirier's Residence Must Be Rebuilt.

The home of Camille Poirier, at 2128 East Second street, was more seriously damaged by fire Monday afternoon than was at first supposed.

It will take at least two months before the residence can be properly repaired, and in the meantime the family has moved to 117 West Fourth street.

The fire is supposed to have been the indirect result of burning soft coal in a hot air furnace. There was an explosion in the basement, presumably from gases generated by the burning of soft coal, and the flames quickly burned their way to the front of the house. The interior of the house was almost completely burned out or wrecked by the chopping made necessary, and the furnishings are a total loss.

The damage is partially covered by $2560 insurance on the house and $1000 on the furniture.

RACE HORSES BURNED.

Cambridge City, Ind., Feb. 25.—A large barn belonging to John S. Lackey was destroyed by fire this morning and fourteen fine race horses, being held for next week's sale, were burned to death. All had good records. The loss is $10,000, with no insurance. Among the horses burned were Logan Boy, Mexican Boy, La Fontaine and Jonah Boy.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

100 Doses For One Dollar

Economy in medicine must be measured by two things—cost and effect. It cannot be measured by either alone. It is greatest in that medicine that does the most for the money—that radically and permanently cures at the least expense. That medicine is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, cures pimples, eczema and all eruptions, tired, languid feelings, loss of appetite and general debility.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it reliable and giving perfect satisfaction. It takes away that tired feeling, gives energy and puts the blood in good condition." Miss EFFIE COLONNE, 1535 10th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

VIGOROUS SPORT

President Roosevelt's Bouts at Singlestick With Gen. Wood.

Just What He Needs to Keep Up Physical Condition.

Washington, Feb. 25.—For nearly two months now President Roosevelt has entered with great zest every afternoon upon a contest at the sport of singlestick with Gen. Leonard Wood. At first the president received some hard knocks from his opponent, but he is becoming skilled in the play and Gen. Wood now has hard work to escape becoming the recipient of the knocks.

When the president began practising singlestick he had an understanding with Gen. Wood that there should be no mitigation of the vigor of the game because of his inexperience. He wanted something strenuous in this as in everything else of an athletic nature he enters into.

The result was that in a short time the president had received a number of minor bruises and a few painful ones. At one time Gen. Wood's weapon struck the president's forehead a severe blow. Notwithstanding the heavy mask worn by him, the blow left a large blue spot.

Several weeks later the president had another lively bout with Gen. Wood and the two mixed it up so furiously that Mr. Roosevelt got a blow on his right hand that prevented his shaking hands with his guests at one of the big receptions in January. He was even threatened with periostitis, a disease of the bone membrane, but in a short time he was all right again.

He lost no time in continuing the play with Gen. Wood. The latter will leave this country for the Philippines before many weeks and if the president is not then satisfied that he has had all the fun with singlesticks that he desires, he will secure the services of a fencing master and will continue the game, which he regards as healthful to an unusual degree and just what he needs to keep his physical condition in satisfactory trim.

Singlestick is a combination of rapier and broadsword plays. It includes both styles of fencing. With the rapier the point is the deadly portion of the weapon, while with the broadsword the cut is to be dreaded. Both the thrust and the cut are used in singlestick and the master of that exercise comes very near being able to take care of himself in any encounter he may have with an enemy armed with a sword. Every muscle in the body is in play during the singlestick exercise and the eyes must be as quick as the muscles.

The president and Gen. Wood have their game of singlestick every afternoon about 3 o'clock and devote at least an hour to the exercise, that the president may be in condition to enjoy his dinner at 7:30 o'clock. The president was little more than a beginner when he asked Gen. Wood to become his adversary in the game.

In Harvard the president had acquired some skill in foil play. This is the science of using the point only. The Frenchman and the Italian are the world's adepts in this kind if play. Beyond foil play, the president had had little exercise and this accounted for the ability of Gen. Wood to worst him in their early encounters. Gen. Wood, who is an all-round athlete, had picked up more details of the various styles of fencing.

The contests do not take place in any particular room in the White House. Any spare room is used, and there are no spectators. The Roosevelt boys are excluded and Mr. Roosevelt starts right in to get all the experience and exercise Gen. Wood can give him.

The president and his opponent attire themselves in flannel suits of the tennis order and wear rubber-soled tennis shoes, so as to admit of quick leg work. Their heads and necks are protected by heavy masks of wire and leather, so as to minimize the danger of injury. Their chests are covered with heavy quilled jackets, and the right arm likewise protected. A heavily padded glove is worn on the right hand and the right arm to the elbow receives additional protection from a heavy sole leather cuff.

The heavy encasements of the upper part of the body are warnings that a single-stick player must be prepared to stand some vicious thrusts and cuts. Physical deterioration, at least of the muscular parts of the body, is almost impossible with a daily round of singlestick, and the president's recent ventures account, he believes, for his continued good health and his ability to stand the strain of an office that tells on the most robust constitution because of its confinement and constant work. Although President McKinley was a man of ordinary good health, the auttopsy on his body revealed that his physical condition was much run down, owing to overwork and the exactions of a position that gave little time for exercise of any kind.

The president has not in years found anything else so agreeable and useful to his physical being as singlestick, and he is becoming decidedly proficient in the game. If he does secure a fencing master the teacher will have to be wary of his pupil.

The president is as active on his feet as were the mountain lions that he failed to bag while out in Colorado a few years ago. His eye is alert and there is power to his thrust and cut.

In singlestick the player is taught to use the point when he can do so effectively. At the same time he must remember that the wooden stick represents a broadsword, and that there are times when it may accomplish his purpose in slashing or cutting the other man.

The game is valuable in more ways than in hardening muscles and tuning up a sluggish system. Self-control is necessary if one is to succeed at it and the sport involves sufficient danger to a sport-loving man to key him up to the highest notch. Nerve, endurance and temper are as necessary as strength and agility. Singlestick was always considered in England, its home, as especially adapted to the middle-aged.

One of the first lessons of the game, if a man wants to learn it quickly, is to do as the president did with Gen. Wood—issue orders that he must not be spared and that the game must be one to the finish. After a few blows have been received from the curling piece of ash the beginner soon acquires an accurate guard. When he has been rapped in lively fashion in the same place several times he learns to guard against a repetition of the blow, and thereby acquires a knowledge of defence before he realizes that he is learning.

There are various rules for the hits, but the best school is that which permits all hits, in other words, allows a rough and tumble affair. Hard, indiscriminate hitting was discountenanced by the English teachers of the game.

A complete outfit for singlestick play costs considerable. In the old English days two stout ash plants were the weapons. The helmet is made of stout wire, with a top of hide, completely covering the head, with padded ear pieces to take off the effect of a slashing cut.

The jacket ought to be of stout leather and loose-fitting that it may afford ample protection. A leather apron, extending from the waist to the knee, is frequently worn, and some men wear a pad on the right leg, which is advanced when position is taken. The sleeves are of stout leather.

The sticks used by the president and Gen. Wood are of ash and not so heavy as those used in the days when the sport flourished in England and this country more generally than now. They somewhat resemble a heavy sword. They are about forty inches in length and as thick as a man's thumb, without knots.

To preserve the sticks they ought to be kept in a trough of water until wanted. Unless this is done eager players like the president and his opponent will destroy a number of sticks during a game. They have destroyed many. The stick must not be used if the point be broken, as it is dangerous, much like a buttonless foil.

The first position is the one from which every attack, feint or guard begins. This position requires that the right foot shall be pointing to your front, your left foot to your left, the stick in your right hand, loosely grasped and extended to your opponent, your left hand behind your back out of harm's way. Both legs are bent at the knee. The position is a severe one on the muscles at first, but they soon get used to it.

From the original position there are numberless changes in guard, attack, feint, etc. If the arm is unduly bent the elbow will be exposed. The chief object of the player is to make his attack in as few motions as possible. To draw back the hand too far and too slowly means to give your adversary a dangerous opening. The upright guard is classed as safer and better than the hanging one, because it saves time.

The principal hits in the game are four, as follows: (1) a cut at your opponent's left cheek; (2) a cut at his right cheek; (3) a cut at his left ribs; (4) a cut at his right ribs. Almost every cut is a lunge. There are various thrusts.

The president is studying all the fine points of the game, and is learning more from experience than from instructions in the textbook he uses.

All bright housewives say it's best in every way.

ELECTRO SilverPolish SILICON

Its use by owners of valuable Plate for more than a quarter of a century is evidence of its merit. It's unlike all others.

"SILICON," 80 Cliff Street, New York.



One Hour— 9 to 10 A. M.

5c For 12½c golden fleece yarn.

For one hour Thursday morning—9 to 10 o'clock—we will sell white Shetland floss Golden Fleece yarns, actual worth 12½c a skein, for the great bargain price of 5c a skein.



One Hour— 10 to 11 A. M.

59c for wine sets worth $1.25.

In the glassware department—basement—Set containing decanter and 6 glasses, all rich engraved—complete with glass tray, and worth $1.25. Will sell for one hour—10 to 11 a. m.—Thursday, at only 59c a set.



One Hour— 1 to 2 P. M.

5c sale at the jewelry counter.

Hundreds of odds and ends of shell combs and hair ornaments, back and sidecombs, belt buckles, ear rings, cuff links, shirt waist sets, glove buttoners, stick pins, book marks, worth from 10c up to 50c, all jumbled together and on sale for one hour—1 to 2 o'clock—Thursday, at choice for 5c.



One Hour— 2 to 3 P. M.

$1.49 for ladies' $4.50 hats

Every trimmed hat in the millinery department, second floor, worth up to $4.50—felt hats trimmed with feathers, ribbons, wings, motifs, velvets—regular prices $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50—will go Thursday for one hour—2 to 3 p. m.—at choice for $1.49 each.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Watch and wait! for the opening of our **FURNITURE** department. Think of it! Glass Block prices on furniture!

New goods from the East daily

are now arriving. All the buyers are in the Eastern markets, and the express companies are kept busy with the big packages of special values, which are being hurried out to the Glass Block store on every train. **New suits for ladies, new waists, new dress goods, new wash goods, new white goods, new trimmings, new veils, new gloves, new underwear, new shoes, new neckwear, new laces, new embroideries, new buttons, new hosiery, new jewelry and belts, new carpets and rugs, new furniture** — are arriving, or are on the way.

Come in as often as you can and keep track of the hundreds of novelties for wear or for the home, which a dozen expert buyers are gathering for your satisfaction. Hardly a day now passes without the addition of some interesting new goods to the Glass Block assortments.

New silk waists Exquisite new Monte Carlo silk waists, exclusive here; also all the other new ideas in puff sleeves, hemstitched plaits, lace insertion and trimming—whites, creams and all colors as well as black, in the correct styles for the coming season—of taffeta and peau de soie—$4.75, $5.98, $6.50 and $8.75.

New laces, veils New German torchon laces for trimming the new wash dresses and wash waists, are now on exhibition, 1 to 3½ inches wide, at—3c, 4c, 5c, 6c, 7c, 8c and 10c.

New pattern veils, with the new contrasting borders and embroidery, at 69c, 89c, 95c and $1.25.

New dress goods New silk Voiles, Mohairs, Mohairs du Chine, Etamines, Mistrals, Sicilians, basket weaves, crashes, Melrose, Camelots, Rhodesas, Thibetans, Twines, Scotches, hopsackings, broadcloths—all colors—all the latest ideas in mixtures—per yard—50c, 75c, $1.00 and up to $3.00.

New wash fabrics Exclusive patterns in every stylish washable material—French and Scotch ginghams, mousselines de soie, palmetto cords, tnla stripes, peau fancomes, crystallines, new mdras, jacquard Swisses, splash crashes, cheviots, heavy for now, sheer for later wear—per yard—19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 69c and up to $1.19.

New embroidered waistings Embroidered white linen waist patterns, in exquisite designs—no two alike. The very latest and most fascinating production for white waists. Glass Block prices much less than all others. Sold four patterns within an hour after they were placed on sale. Will be a great demand—come early. Prices from $3.68 to $4.98 per pattern.

New dollar gloves Better gloves for a dollar than ever before. Bought more and got them a little better. No values to equal our dollar gloves in Duluth. Ireland Bros.' new mocha gloves, with two clasps and Paris point stitching—all colors. The new Marlboroughs with backs of narrow embroidery rows—white and colored stitching—gloves in all colors—all at $1.00 per pair.

New silks The first of the season's new dress silks are here—Louisines in polka dots and plaids, plain and fancy and pongees, some with neat new embroidered dot effects—75c to $2.25. New Princess Crepes for entire dresses at 75c. New crepe du chines in all shades—at 98c. BLACK SILKS, complete new line of taffetas, peau de soies and peau de Cygnes, 19 inches to 54 inches wide, at—75c to $2.50 the yard.

Swell new shoes —We are now showing the swellest line of women's and children's shoes outside New York city. Strictly up to the minute in Oxfords, slippers and boots. No trouble nor expense has been spared to bring to the Glass block second floor the finest line of shoes ever shown in this city. Fastidious women who have seen the new line are in ecstasies.

Box writing paper

Special bargain for Thursday—"Parisian Vellum" correspondence paper, in handsome box, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes—choice of white or blue tint. Regular price is 20c a box. Will sell it Thursday, at—per box..... 12c

Toilet specialties.

Rexolcum, the popular vaseline—regular price 5c a bottle—Thursday ..... Two for 5c

Woodworth's 50c perfumes—Special Thursday, per ounce..... 35c

La Blache face powder; white, cream, pink and flesh, regular price 50c—on sale Thursday at—per box..... 35c

Underwear.

Fleece-lined union suits, medium weight, gray and ecru, button across the chest. We have all sizes and have reduced the price from 75c to..... 50c

The same styles of union suits as the above, in small sizes for boys and girls, cut to.. 25c

Knit petticoats, good merino in dark gray, with colored border—stripes around bottom—were $1, Thursday special. 50c

Stockings.

Ladies' new fast black cotton hose, double sole, high-spliced heel, white feet—just opened the new spring line and find a splendid value at—per pair..... 25c

Ladies' fancy colored and open-work lisle hose, solid colors and fancy patterns, originally priced at 75c a pair—now closing out at—per pair..... 35c

Leggings.

Children's fast black all-wool ribbed leggings—the same as we have sold all season for 50c, are now offered to close out the lot, at—per pair..... 25c

NEW LAND DISTRICTS.

Boundaries Are Left to the Congressmen.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Senator Nelson has conferred with Land Commissioner Richards relative to the changes in boundaries of Minnesota land districts.

The senator has made no specific recommendations, and stated that he would leave the matter with the new congressmen from the Sixth, Eighth and Ninth districts, Buckman, Bede and Steenerson.

Congressman Buckman is expected this week, and the matter will then be disposed of.

Congressman Steenerson has requested that a portion of the land in the Boudinot country be left in the Crookston district, and not placed in the new consolidated Cass Lake district. This will be granted.

All the other members have agreed to the change, as it is admitted that it will be for the best interest of the settlers.

Land Commissioner Richards has authorized Ed L. Warren, chief estimator on the Chippewa reservation, to appoint six additional assistants to classify the lands.

Are You Constipated?

It causes more than half the sickness in the world, especially of women. It can be prevented if Beecham's Pills are taken whenever nature calls for assistance. Comfort and happiness follow the use of

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

PANAMA CANAL

Company Has No Objection to Changes In Agreement.

Paris, Feb. 25.—It is reported in responsible quarters that the chief officials of the Panama Canal company have informed American officials here that the former had no objection to the two changes in the agreement suggested in the recent dispatch from Attorney General Knox, which proposed the acceptance of the company's tender subject to two modifications and to the United States senate's ratification. It is assumed among the American officials that this willingness on the part of the company has been communicated to the authorities at Washington. As Mr. Knox's proposition is understood to refer to the ratification of the treaty before March 4, the officials say that the attitude which the company will assume after that date is still undisclosed.

A weak stomach causes a weak body and invites disease. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures and strengthens the stomach, and wards off and overcomes disease. Max Wirth.

KING INTERESTED.

Promises His Influence Towards World's Fair Exhibit.

London, Feb. 25.—D. R. Francis, president of the St. Louis exposition, accompanied by Ambassador Choate, was received in audience by King Edward at Buckingham palace today. The king was most cordial in his reception of Mr. Francis and evinced much interest in the exposition. Mr. Francis was more than satisfied with the king's promises to lend all possible influence towards providing for a full representation of Great Britain at St. Louis. The appointment of a royal commission to this end doubtless will be announced in a few days.

FOR AN IRRIGATION PROJECT.

Great Falls, Mint., Feb. 25.—The local land office has received word from Washington, D. C., of the return of about 1,000,000 acres of land in Northern Montana to enter under the general land laws. This land has been withdrawn under the provisions of the irrigation act apparently for an irrigation project.

ASSURANCE IS WANTED

By Redmond of the Sincerity of Government Action.

London, Feb. 25.—The Irish leader, John Redmond, in the house of commons today, moved an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne on the subject of the Irish land question. Mr. Redmond's speech was most conciliatory. He said the amendment was not intended as a hostile demonstration against the government, but as a "friendly warning" to the ministers that he and his friends believed the government was engaged in framing a great measure of justice and appeasement for Ireland, which, in the words of the king's speech, would "complete the abolition of the dual ownership of land." All he, Mr. Redmond wanted, was an assurance from the chief secretary for Ireland, Mr. Wyndham, that the government was engaged in an honest attempt to solve the problem on the lines suggested by the report of the recent land conference, which, the speaker added, offered an unexampled opportunity to end the agrarian troubles and conflicts between classes in Ireland.

NEARLY FORFEITS HIS LIFE.

A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25 cents at Abbett's drug store.

MAY BE A MURDERER.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 25.—Chief of Police Travis has under arrest a man named John Jackson, who, it is believed, is wanted in Washington, D. C., for a murder committed last December. He will serve a all sentence on a charge of vagrancy until the Washington authorities are heard from. He tallies exactly with a description sent from Washington.

Have You Catarrh Yet? Here's strong evidence of the quickness and sureness of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder: "For years I was a victim of chronic catarrh—tried many remedies, but no cure was effected until I had procured and used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. First application gave me instant relief, and in an incredibly short while I was absolutely cured."—James Headley, Dundee, N. Y. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

IT WAS A DAISY.

Duluth Labor World: The Evening Herald has decidedly improved in appearance since moving into its new and handsome home on First street. We sold The Herald on the streets of Duluth nearly twenty years ago when it was a struggling four-page daily, and when every newsboy was obliged to fold his own papers. We could not help but note the difference in papers when we received a copy of its mammoth 40-page "New Home" edition last week. It was a daisy.

CUBAN NAVAL STATIONS.

The action of President Roosevelt yesterday in signing an agreement with Cuba for naval and coaling stations on the Pearl of the Antilles practically assures two good ports to the United States, which will prove invaluable to this country, especially if war should exist. At one time the navy desired four stations in Cuba, Havana being one, but there was determined opposition by the Cubans and the government has done well in getting Guantanamo and Bahia Honda. At one period there was pressure for a coaling station at Cienfuegos, on the south coast. Mr. Estevez, the vice president of Cuba, who comes from the province of Santa Clara, in which Cienfuegos is located, was strongly opposed to this concession, and his objections were convincing enough to cause President Palma to ask the United States to waive that port, which was done. It was urged that the naval station, Guantanamo, was sufficient not only for the control of the Windward Passage, but for the whole of the shores of the Caribbean. Of the advantage of Guantanamo, situated as it is on the southeast coast of Cuba on a magnificent bay, there can be no doubt. No better base of naval operations can be found in the West Indies. It is likely that the land which is to be leased to the United States for naval purposes is not of great value as a source of agriculture, but miles farther back, beyond the hills and in the Guantanamo Valley there are fine forests and virgin soil which are going to be exploited and developed by railroad building and other means.

Apparently little is known in this country about Bahia Honda. It lies forty to forty-five miles west of Havana and is larger than Mariel, which once was thought of in connection with the coaling stations. Bahia Honda probably is better for naval uses. The name means "deep water," and the bay is larger than at Mariel. There is a hamlet on the coast, but is hardly a town, and it is reached from the interior by a road which was built during the American military occupation. Bahia Honda will be useful from its proximity to the Yucatan passage and as a complement to Key West and the gulf ports, such as Mobile and New Orleans. With these two ports well stocked with supplies and coal the United States will be far better off from a naval standpoint than ever before.

LESS ARMY POSTS.

From present indications it seems probable that in the course of time, and a not very long time, at that, Forts Snelling and Riley, and likely Leavenworth, because it is a military prison, will be the only army posts of importance in the Middle West. The necessity of so many posts is constantly decreasing and with the elaborate system of sea coast defenses requiring an enormous outlay of money, the appropriations for the interior posts will be greatly cut down. What is true as to army posts is true also as to arsenals. There are entirely too many of these, and the public business would be more economically and expeditiously transacted if it were possible to reduce their number. With the end of the Indian troubles, and with the passing of the need for so many interior army posts, the need for so many small arsenals will also disappear, and no more are likely to be created or existing ones enlarged.

A few recruiting and training stations for the regular army in time of peace, will be retained, but the expensive post seems to be doomed. This is understood to be the plan of the army officials, but they will have to reckon on a little fight in congress before their scheme is evolved, no matter how meritorious.

CURING DIPSOMANIA.

It will undoubtedly be a surprise to many to know that there are about 300 dipsomaniacs, or drunkards, confined in the insane asylums of Iowa. This condition is brought about by a law passed a year ago by the legislature of that state. There was much antagonism to the measure from certain quarters and many efforts were made to break it, but the court's decision just rendered, that it is no infringement of constitutional rights to confine a drunkard in an insane asylum, has practically silenced all opposition as far as the constitutionality of the law is concerned. The number of dipsomaniacs is increasing so rapidly that the state board of control announces that more asylums must be built or else an institution especially for dipsomaniacs.

Patients are being committed at the rate of about fifty a month. A patient recently committed from Des Moines sued for a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that he could not be deprived of liberty for what was neither a crime nor a deficiency. The court held that the law was not penitive, but philanthropic, and that it was a proper exercise of power for the state to care for drunkards, as a class, precisely as it is proper to care for insane, blind and other unfortunates. The case will go to supreme courts, but lawyers say it will not be reversed. The treatment has generally satisfactory results. No special treatment is given. Patients are denied all liquor, are required to work on the farms, and encouraged to good habits. About seventy-five have thus far been discharged as cured, and most of them have so far abstained from liquor after getting freedom.

If a man be cured of the drink habit by such simple treatment, the law will prove a Godsend, and will be adopted by every state in the Union. It is doubtful, however, if the cure will prove lasting, although it is sincerely hoped that it will.

FREE HIDES AND SHOES.

The Boston Commercial Bulletin has wonderfully enlightened the people at large on the question of a duty on hides, by gathering the opinions of New England tanners and shoe manufacturers respecting this tax, and coupled with it, the proposition that in event of its repeal, the tariff on leather and shoes be taken off also. The answers received after a canvass has been made of every shoe factory and tannery in New England, numbered 415, representing as many firms and corporations, or within, say, a hundred of the total number. Of the shoe manufacturers, 311 are willing to accept free shoes if, hides are made free, 64 being opposed. Of the tanners, 29 declare their willingness to face free leather, provided the duty is removed from hides, while 11 were opposed. This showing of 82 per cent of the shoe manufacturers and leather-makers as in favor of free hides, even under such conditions as would follow the repeal of the present tariff on their products, will prove a revelation to those who have claimed that New England's interest in tariff reform is so entirely selfish as to comprise only the free entry or raw materials used by her workers or of commodities in the making of which she has no hand.

One Haverhill firm, in replying to the Bulletin's query, says: "We are exporting $75,000 to $100,000 this year to Great Britain at prices very much above home prices. No need of duty shown by this, is there?"

Another firm is quoted as follows: "We do not care for any duties on shoes whatever. We do not believe that the manufacturers of New England fear any European competition on the basis of free hides and free shoes. We certainly should welcome such a condition, for we believe we can put shoes into any part of Europe or the British empire in competition with any country in the world of the same grade. We have within three months placed our shoes in Paris and Germany. We certainly would like, if the West will give us free hides, to give them free shoes."

Such evidence as this is indisputable. The shoe and leather interests of New England have placed themselves on record in favor of free hides and free shoes and leather. It is now up to the opponents of free hides, on the ground that they could not have free shoes and free leather, to act in the matter. After all, there is but little hope that they will do it.

It has developed that the terrible accident at Newark, N. J., recently, in which so many school children were killed or injured, was a direct result of the custom of permitting street cars to be packed with passengers—a custom which makes travel in many cities disagreeable and dangerous. The school authorities at Newark say that they have frequently remonstrated with the street railway managers against permitting the cars to be overcrowded, dreading just such an accident as occurred. On this occasion, the car, which had a seating capacity of 80, was so overweighted with the 125 well-grown children crowding into it, that with the wheels clamped by the brakes, it could not be stopped at the crossing, its momentum and overweight forcing it along the icy tracks in front of the coming locomotive. Is it not time to regulate the number of passengers that should be carried in a car?

One of the rarest of Americana is Bryant's "Embargo" of 1808, written when the poet was 13. One of the four copies of it known to exist has now come upon the market, and it will be interesting to see what price it brings. Only one copy has ever been sold at auction, and that, in 1887, brought only $41.50. The copy lately sold to Dodd, Mead & Co., and now held by them, is probably the best of the four. It was at one time owned by the Boston Athenæum, which sold it, retaining an inferior "cut-down" copy.

The attention called to the deplorable poverty of superannuated preachers of the Methodist Episcopal church, whose meager pensions are rather charitable doles than tributes of honor for faithful service, has compelled the increase of the contribution from the profits of the book concern from $50,000 to $75,000 this year. This is giving a penny or so more in charity. It is the opinion of many Methodists that the big Methodist denomination, which raises $20,000,000 to glorify the new century, ought to be ashamed of itself.

Mr. Balfour's statement that the Monroe doctrine has no enemies in England is equivalent to saying that the Saturday Review does not count. The Review fairly hops with indignation over the doctrine and the way the Yankees interpret it. The trouble some foreigners have with "Monroeism" is, of course, easily understood, says the Springfield Republican. They are so made that they cannot appreciate a good thing when someone else has a monopoly of it.

When Senator Mason's 10-year-old boy learned that Mr. Hopkins had won the Mason seat in the United States senate he did a lot of thinking. When bedtime came he went to his room still in thoughtful mood. Just before retiring he called for his mother. "Say, ma," said he, "has that man Hopkins got a boy about my size?"

The old story about the man who told President Roosevelt that his name would go down to posterity joined with that of Washington, and then added "Booker T.," was worked over by Bishop Coleman for the dinner of the Delaware society in New York last week.

During a basketball game in one of the New York high schools the girl contestants mussed each others' hair, indulged in knockdowns and scratched faces in a shocking manner. Accounts of the fracas neglected to state that the girls had a "perfect lovely time."

The bald-headed paragrapher of the Omaha Bee sadly remarks that the man who caresses his nude dome as he reads of the wonders wrought by hair restoratives may be pardoned if he entertains a doubt or two about truth abiding with medicine.

Right upon top of the scarcity and high price of coal, coupled with other increased expenses for the householder, the De Beers mining syndicate has raised the price of diamonds 5 per cent. Soon no one will be able to buy the necessaries of life.

The San Francisco Chronicle has ceased asserting that there have been no bubonic plague cases in that city, and is now claiming that Europeans and all well-fed people are immune from it.

The population of New York alone has increased 300,000 since 1900. President Roosevelt should not be alarmed about a human scarcity in this country.

Down in St. Louis they are filtering water in order to purify it. Filtered water is all right when it is boiled.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

"That bad debt collecting agency which I see is being started in New York and which is going to use yellow automobiles to make calls," said Harry Wiley, of St. Paul, who was at the Spalding this morning, "reminds me of an experience I had along that line.

"It must have been fifteen years ago when I went to Jersey City with a great deal of ambition and very little money. In fact I was worth about $4 in cash. I hustled out but couldn't get anything to do, and had to begin living on a credit system.

"It wasn't long before the creditors began to feel that it was time I was paying something here or there, and they sent bills around. I had no way of paying them, and then came the collectors. I have spent many a pleasant afternoon with the collectors, and sometimes they would so keenly appreciate my position that they would take me out to dine, and we would talk it over.

"I was the only real friend of these men on their lists and we used to talk over the ethics of owing money and being unable to pay. They were a bright lot of lads and we always had an enjoyable time when two or more got me at once.

"It went along that way for some time, the collectors making good reports, I suppose, and my credit being worked all the time, until the end came, and matters began to look serious.

"It was then that I called the collectors of my acquaintance together at a little banquet one night I told them my plans. I explained that I had observed the weaknesses of a human collector, and had a scheme for something better, and they could get together and raise the money to start it. The scheme was to have the red and yellow wagons with a picture on each side of the 'Bad Debt Agency' holding a bad debtor by the heels and large amounts of coin and bills falling from his pocket.

"The plan of operation was not to drive up in front of a man's house or place of business and stand there, but to come tearing down the street with plenty of noise and collect a crowd, the collector to jump out and make a hurried call on the man he was after. By this time there would be a big crowd. Then off the wagon would dash and come tearing up to the house again from another direction, keeping the first crowd and gathering a new one. The driver would run to the door ask for the debt, be refused and rush away to repeat the operation several times an hour.

* * *

"The collectors were delighted and they worked the thing through well, the wagons began to be wrecked. The collectors returned beaten up. Two, suits or so were started every week and debtors called to 'talk things over.' Oh, it was a success. But one's life was in constant danger. We cleaned up several thousand dollars before a legislator secured the passage of a bill prohibiting the use of such devices in collecting bad debts.

"Of course it wasn't a very edifying line of business, but it served to give three men a good start, and we figured something high in political circles for awhile, and all the ward politicians of the town were coming around to see us every day."

* * *

Attorney W. W. Browne, of Biwabik, is in Duluth on business, and is registered at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

A. G. Korh, a prominent merchant of Ely, is registered at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

B. Levin, who conducts one of the large stores at Virginia, is stopping at the St. Louis hotel while in the city.

* * *

R. M. Weyerhaeuser, of Cloquet, is attending to business in Duluth, and is registered at the Spalding hotel.

* * *

"The hotel registers have been getting worse every year, and it is only a case of time now, before the names of cities are never written at all upon these interesting sheets," said Winfield Scott, the night clerk at the Spalding, last night.

"Now look at this page. Start at the top and read the names of the cities all the way down. Who on earth would ever be able to decipher half of those if they were not looking for them every day. It is hard for the ordinary citizen to discover the residences of these persons now, and it is getting worse."

The page of the register, with two or three exceptions was a mass of abbreviations. They ran like this: "Chgo," "Chg," Do," "Esag," "Sag," "Phg," "Mpls," "Mll," "Cin," "Do," "Bkn," and "Kzoo."

"Now there is a list of towns," he continued, "extending from Brooklyn to Minneapolis and they are a very small portion of the cities which are always abbreviated. It used to be that only the large towns were abbreviated, but now it is Kalamazoo, East Saginaw, and a lot of little places that no one has heard much about even if they were spelt out. Of course it doesn't bother many people excepting the newspaper men and the clerks, and they are on, but sometime a fire will show a list of people from a lot of names of towns like that and they will never be able to identify the folks at all."

At the bottom of the page was the name "H. D. Final, Duluth," the name was written in a bold hand, and the next man who came along was H. H. Wilkenson of St. Paul, a traveling man. He looked over the page, and his eye fell on the name, "Final." He hesitated some before signing.

"Is that all?" he asked the clerk.

"What's that?" was the reply.

"It says final," he said.

"That is funny, ain't it. Go ahead," said the clerk.

Mr. Wilkenson reluctantly registered, and the final name was not Final.

* * *

Mrs. C. E. Pope of Holoyoke, Mass., and W. Park of Fargo, met yesterday at the Spalding hotel. They came from different parts of the country, and were to separate to go to their homes.

* * *

A. O. Wilder, Henry Hughes, G. Wilson and A. C. Bond of Grand Rapids are registered at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

D. McLeod of Rat Portage, is in the city on business and at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

S. F. Pierce, a partner of Frank Johnson, the man who is picking up Cook country ore land and will operate a Swedish steel plant here, is in the city and at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: Thomas H. Williams, E. O. Kreuner, Dave Larson, Grantsburg; Charles Brown, A. S. Bailey, O. F. Symons, S. W. Merritt, Minneapolis; C. A. Pond, T. W. Gebhardt, St. Paul; John Stevenson, Washburn; Frank Skinner, Hibbing; George Lammers, Stillwater; B. Schroeder, Iron River; A. J. Mussell, Bayfield; W. J. Dunn, Boise, Idaho; A. A. Gun, Spokane; H. Merriam, Ashland; A. L. Hearn, Virginia; P. Lovell, Marquette; T. E. Miller, Ely; G. H. Wilkes, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Atkinson, Grand Rapids; J. J. Foisam, Hinckley; F. Lundern, Biwabik; W. J. Cowan, Hibbing; F. B. Rossom, Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. James Cardie, Cass Lake.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: J. E. Lobdell, St. Paul; J. H. Morsell, Chicago; Charles Harris, Floodwood; G. D. LaHar, Brainerd; B. H. Smith, Wausau; H. C. Hornby, Cloquet; J. S. Lates, H. B. Seeley, Biwabik; Amos Shepherd, Hibbing; A. G. Nero, Battineau; W. D. Lowry, W. A. Tanner, W. R. Donnell, Levi B. Seligman, S. L. Snyder, John F. Stafford, George C. Main, E. A. Davis, Minneapolis; R. C. Hause, R. L. Hawkins, W. G. Wyand, St. Paul; G. S. Ellicott, Minneapolis; James L. Kelly, Boston; Harry R. Wright, St. Louis.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: C. O. Brownell, Hibbing; J. W. Osborne, Ely; J. H. Resich, Detroit; C. O. Eskern, Broberg, New London; C. H. Sherman, Tower; P. O. Tinckler, Hart, Mich.; E. T. Garthier, M. P. Hunt, St. Paul; H. Meier, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. John Lindley, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. H. Eurem, K. Burem, Cloquet; Mrs. Charles Cotter, Mrs. James Shea, Two Harbors; A. R. Miller, Jr., A. M. Gordon, Minneapolis; Louis J. Blender, St. Paul; L. W. Wilson, St. Cloud; F. J. Van Buskirk, St. Louis; John Small, Wichita, Kas.; R. J. Root, Bemidji.

Downward Pitch of the Pole.

St. Louis Republic: At the lowest estimate it will cost $200,000 to reach the North Pole, according to Lieut. Peary, who ought to know, if anybody knows, but Medicine Hat may be reached by tourist car and side accommodations for a fraction of that sum.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 25.—Barometric pressures continue high in the Central valleys and the Northwest. The Southwestern "low" remained stationary, but increased in strength while the depression central yesterday morning north of Alberta has moved to the region north of Manitoba. Rain or snow fell throughout the Southwest. It is warmer in the Dakotas and Manitoba, and colder in Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and Northeastern states. As a rule temperatures are moderate.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	42	Memphis	30
Battleford	12	Miles City	6
Bismarck	0	Milwaukee	22
Boston	24	Minnedosa	10
Buffalo	20	Modena	20
Calgary	24	Montgomery	42
Charleston	40	Moorhead	6
Chicago	26	New Orleans	48
Cincinnati	24	New York	26
Davenport	18	North Platte	24
Denver	16	Oklahoma	24
Detroit	20	Omaha	23
Dodge City	24	Pittsburg	22
Duluth	12	Porth Arthur	2
El Paso	38	Portland	44
Escanaba	14	Prince Albert	12
Galveston	54	Qu'Appelle	14
Green Bay	14	Rapid City	20
Havre	16	San Francisco	44
Helena	24	Santa Fe	22
Houghton	14	Shreveport	42
Huron	0	Spokane	28
Jacksonville	46	St. Louis	26
Kamloops	26	St. Paul	18
Kansas City	26	Sault Ste. Marie	2
Knoxville	32	Swift Current	14
La Crosse	12	Washington	28
Landeer	14	Williston	8
Los Angeles	40	Winnemucca	30
Marquette	18	Winnipeg	14
Medicine Hat	16		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Thursday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably snow flurries tonight. Generally fair Thursday. Slight changes in temperature. Fresh and brisk southerly to northwest winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Thursday, except possibly rain or snow in south portion Thursday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Thursday, except possibly snow flurries near Lake Superior tonight.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday.

MODERN (DULUTH) PATHOLOGY.

A sketch in one sentence adapted from The Parables of the Police. All dealers, 5mo, $5, or costs.

DRAMATIS PERSONAE.

The Judge .....By himself
The Officer .....The Same
The Prisoner.....Ditto
The spectator.....Also Ditto

Scene—Any old court room.
Time—Ten o'clock.

(Enter The Judge, r. u. e.; seats himself.)
The Judge: Ah! Hi, ho, hum.
(Enter Prisoner, Bowery booze entrance; stands.)

The Prisoner.
(Enter officer; same route as prisoner.)
The Judge: Officer, what is the charge against this man?
The Officer: Twelve-fifty (coughing) I mean drunk and disorderly.
The Prisoner: Allow me to say—
The Judge: What have you to say for yourself? (Prepares for nap).
The Prisoner: I was neither drunk nor disorderly. I was simply engaged in scientific research when this person interrupted me—
The Judge: How about this?
The Officer: Yer 'onner, I found this bum grovellin' around in Super'r steet at tree 'clock this mornin', down on his mits and knees and barkin' like a dog.
The Judge: Now go ahead, prisoner. (Falls to sleep.)
The Prisoner: Your honor, while engaged in research I was rudely assailed by this person, and he dragged me up here without any cause.
The Officer: What were you doing down on your knees?
The Prisoner: Looking for the path home. You see I am a student of pathology and was putting it to a practical test.
The Judge: (Loud Snores).
The Prisoner: And I appeal to your honor the court to give me a word or two of encouragement in my studies.
The Judge: (Wakes up): You want a word? I'll give you a whole sentence. What were you studying?
The Prisoner: Pathology.
The Judge: I'll encourage art and let you study pathology at the expense of the city for twenty days.
The Prisoner: Thank you.
The Judge: Have him put on that gang shoveling snow in the East End where he can study skied. There's your pathology and there's your encouraging words—I mean sentence. Next!
(All Exit).

NO MIRACLES IN THIS DAY.

Not while there's per diem and mileage still in the treasury.

Foolish (Senator) Lord.

Even with that nine the legislature will sit till it's forced to go.

The legislature is no respector of names.

Whenever the Minnesota legislature adjourns before the time limit; it can safely be called a miracle.

It defeats the Resolution of the Lord (in the senate) the same s anywhere else or anyone else, with impunity.

Senator Lord must have thought he heard somebody call his name," when he asked an adjournment.

He certainly heard many sigh "Lord help us" when his idea was being squelched.

HETTY WANTS THE "GOODS."

There's no "Praise God from whom all blessings flow" goes with Hetty Green.

She has to see the goods; the color of the money.

Does Hetty feel bad because the Chicago minister toasted her for foreclosing the mortgage on his church?

Oh, yes.

But she stands the same show of heaven either way.

If there's any salvation going to be offered to liquidate Hetty's mortgages, it'll have to come from above; or else a note and mortgage on it from that place.

Not from the servants of the Almighty, acting as agent or having power of attorney.

Hetty won't take silver money because there is a "trust" clause on it.

When a congregation owes Hetty money they will either have to put up the good old long green or produce a contract for board and room for Hetty and Mr. Hetty through eternity and signed by the Almighty.

Hetty might propose a discount on that.

PURSUING WRONG TACTICS.

The authorities who are trying to remedy the evil coal operators, instead of spending so much time on their trials, should use some in which to camp on their trails.

WANTED—A sober and honest young man to take an indoor position, and assume all responsibilities upon my departure. Must have (ball) money. Situation is dead easy; entire charge of quarters and all inside work. Good money to right party if he won't take checks. Reason for retirement: have spent so much time in the business that I want a change. Apply Charlie (alias Big Mitt) Howard, county jail.

F. P. H.

The Moonshiner's Betrayal

By Charles Sloan Reid.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

You get huffy too darned easy for your own good, Mag. You ought to curb that temper."

"Temper! I'm proud o' my temper, Bill Burl! I wouldn't give a copper for a woman, or a man either, without temper. They'd about as well be stumps a-settin' off in the deep woods."

The dark eyes of the little woman flashed a gleam of defiance into the face of her big husband, who was standing in the doorway with his back to the road, which lay only a few feet from the cabin.

"Bill Burl, air you goin' to take me to Ann Baxter's party?" asked Mag in a tone which was meant to be calm, but which was, nevertheless, wavering just a little from the throbbings of her pent-up anger.

"I've told you once, Mag," answered Bill, in a half severe tone, "that I can't take you to Ann Baxter's party. Business come 'fore frollickin', an' them singlin's has to be worked off tonight."

He turned his head and glanced up the road. The setting sun was flashing its last rays through the doorway.

"Then I can tell you, you'll regret it 'fore another night, Bill Burl," declared Mag spitefully.

"I've heard you talk that way afore," replied Bill, stepping out into the yard.

The big moonshiner sent one swift glance over the hollow below the cabin, which was already immersed in the gray shadow; then crossed the road and turned his footsteps along a narrow hillside trail. But as he made his way among the dense timber, which clothed the mountain-side, he began to reflect. He loved the girl-wife back in the cabin with all the strength of his big, rugged heart, but he thought it wise not to give way before the outbursts of her quick temper. It was true that on the present occasion she had asked for only a trifle, merely that he should accompany her to Ann Baxter's party; and he had refused rather curtly, because he felt that she must have known the necessity of his having to work off without too much delay the singlings left over from the last night's work, in the well-concealed distillery not more than a mile and a half over the mountain from the public highway. But Bill's quick step soon slackened to a much slower pace, as his thoughts dwelt upon the subject of his girl-wife's burst of passion, and the cause of it.

"Yes, I reckon I'd ought to go back," repeated Bill, with his fingers still twirling his brown locks. "Who knows, a revenue bullet might git into me this very night, an'—an' I'd die without Mag's forgiveness. An' twarn't but a little thing she asked, either; an' I could ha' got Ben Downs to work off them singlin's."

"I—I—wish I could kiss her jest once, anyhow," he stammered to himself. "I know I'd feel better about it. But she's too 'tarnal mad right now," he added a moment later, and with a shake of the head as he arose from the log and stepped across the stream.

Meanwhile, Mag, with her cheeks still glowing from the heat of her late passionate outburst, had left the cabin and gone down the road in an almost opposite direction from that taken by her husband; and Bill would have found only an empty cabin had he returned on the impulse of his half-formed resolution.

A hazy moon reclined in the lap of the western sky, its dim rays stealing softly through the tops of the scrubby trees on the mountain side and casting faint, weird shadows on the ground. It was scarcely lighter than bright starlight, yet it seemed not dark enough for the purpose of the three men, who had cautiously entered the woods from the highway in front of Bill Burl's cabin, for they looked at each other doubtfully, and two of them shook their heads. They were following the same trail which Bill Burl had followed only a few hours before, and several yards in advance of them glided a young woman. Two hours before, this girl had appeared at the temporary headquarters of Deputy Marshal John Higgins, four miles distant, on the road leading to Dillsboro, and had brought the information that she could lead the officer and his associates to the very door of the still-house, where the man they were most anxious to capture could be found employed at his illegal business.

But as the men had entered the woods, the doubt seemed to strike each mind at the same time. Possibly they were to be the victims of a decoy plan. But they did not turn about. With firm grip on their weapons, and with strained ears and eyes, the three kept steadily forward in the wake of their guide. There was a determined step in the movement of the girlish figure in front and her pace was not slackened for more than a mile after the party had entered the woods. But at last she began to move more slowly, frequently clasping her hands above her head, and almost stopping. Evidently, she was puzzled about the way, or was tugging at some mental question. The officers suited their pace to that of the girl, and sometimes were only creeping along the trail.

Finally, the girl stopped and stood motionless for a moment. Then she turned to the officers, who were waiting in uncertainty near her.

"I—I don't reckon I'm doin' ezactly right in leadin' you uns to Bill's place," she said in a low tone, then paused.

The officers waited. An owl hooted far down the hollow, the solemn tones of his weird call breaking dismally upon the silence of the woods.

"But Bill hadn't ought to treated me the way he did about goin' to Ann Baxter's party. I told him he'd regret it—an' he'll regret it in a way he ain't a countin' on, I reckon."

The girl again started forward at a quick pace, her last few sentences having been uttered in a tone which betokened a return of the feeling of resentment, which she had nourished with a determination until after the party had entered the trail, which they had been following.

Mag had gone only a few hundred yards further when she again began to walk more slowly and at last a second time stopped and turned about in the trail.

"Bill Burl is my husband," she said, "an' I reckon a wife ain't got no business a-gittin' her husband into trouble; an' maybe I ought not to got so mad at him for sech a little thing."

The last part of the speech Mag had addressed more particularly to herself. But Higgins caught the girl's wavering words, and hastened to suggest:

"But you told him that he would regret it, did you not?"

"That's what I did, an' I must keep my word, too," answered the girl, with another slight return of her resentment expressed in the tone of her voice, as she started forward again.

"But thar's one thing, afore we go another step," she said stopping again; "you've got to promise me right here 'at you'll capture Bill Burl without hurtin' him airy single bit, do you hear?"

She was facing the officers now, her bright, black eyes looking squarely into the face of Higgins.

"We promise faithfully," said Higgins, without hesitation, and the others echoed his words.

Once more she led the way, and a hundred yards farther on stopped against a tall, granite bowlder, beyond whose edge could be seen the faint glow of a fire-light.

"Hit's jest about ten steps on t'other side o' this rock," said Mag—and the next moment she would have given the world to have been able to undo her night's work of betrayal.

Higgins now took the lead, and the officers filed cautiously around the edge of the rock and came in full view of the furnace fires inside of the rude still-house. Mag crept slowly after the men, keeping within the shadow of the barrel which bound the little pocket of the mountains. And suddenly a cry of warning rang out from Mag's lips, a cry she could not withhold when the whole possible consequences of her act came rushing upon her.

"Run, Bill, run," were the words which rang out on the stillness of the night in Mag's clear, shrill tones.

The officers were startled; and three gleaming revolvers leaped from their holsters, just as the wizard of the Cullowhees sprang through the doorway of the still-house. One swift glance around and Bill Burl realized the full peril of his situation. With a dexterous and desperate movement he snatched his own revolver from a belt about his waist. But before he could bring it to a level with the breast of the foremost officer, the report of Higgins' pistol rang out through the night.

But the bullet intended for the moonshiner's breast pierced another form. Mag had sprung from the shadow of the laurel and shielded her husband's body with her own; and Bill's head reeled as he listened to the dying words which were whispered into his ear. "It is all my fault, Bill," whispered Mag. "I was so mad; but I know you will forgive me, you are so good."

The man's arms closed about the form of his wife in a frenzied embrace, and he strained her to his breast. Lower, lower, lower sank the little head upon his shoulder; and closer, closer, closer clung the thin arms about the moonshiner's neck, until at last he could no longer feel the faint heart-beat against his own.

For a few moments there was deep silence in the vale. The moonshiner stood in the glare of his furnace fire with his dead wife clasped to his breast; and the officers looked upon the scene with awe. At last, tenderly as he would have handled an infant, Bill laid the body of Mag upon the moss-covered earth at his feet; and once more faced the marshals.

"Defend yourselves," he shouted and quickly raised his revolver. Two reports rang out in quick succession—and the wizard of Cullowhees sank to the ground beside his wife.

"Higgins," said one of the officers as the three stood looking upon the two forms at their feet. "Bill Burl fired his pistol straight up into the air, and his went off before yours did, too."

A PRICELESS PARADISE.

If some weird gnome should seek my home,
Some genie, fairy, which,
To blink my eyes with every prize
Of life, and ask me, "Which?"
I think I'd choose in half a trice,
This boon: to never ask the price.

I would not claim a gilded name,
Or be financier,
Nor w I hold the wide world's gold;
And I somewhat fear
I'd ask just sufficient slice
That might never ask the price.

A coat-of-arms has meagre charms
To men of modern views,
Yet were it mine to make design,
I know which one I'd choose;
An open purse, with this device,
"He never, never asks the price."

Is heaven a state, a place, a fete,
A rapture, or a rest?
The question's old and each may hold
His own opinion best:
But my idea of paradise
Is where one need not ask the price!
—EDMUND V. COOKE in Saturday Evening Post.

Worth Rightly Rewarded.

St. Louis Republic: Mr. Cortelyou's confirmation as secretary of commerce is a cause of general satisfaction to the nation, which formed a strong friendship for him during several years of capable service.

A Pointed Illustration.

Kansas City Journal: By way of emphasizing his statements in regard to the dwindling of families, President Eliot might point out that the democratic family has shrunk frightfully in recent years and that the Populist family has become wholly extinct.

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded
Highest Honors World's Fair
Highest tests U.S. Gov't Chemists

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO



AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN
Both Phones 969 W. H. Reaney, Mgr.
Dick Ferris presents Ferris Comedians in
"The Man Outside"
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
WEDNESDAY MATINEE 2:30.
Night prices, 10c, 25c and 50. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c.
Always open. New specialties. Never closed.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall, Manager
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Ossip Gabrilowitch
Famous Russian Pianist,
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26,
PRICES—$1.50, $1.00, 75c and 50c.

TO TAKE UP LAND

Great Rush to the West Is Expected to Increase.

Large Numbers Will Make Their Home on Government Land.

"From present indications," said a local ticket agent, "the rush of settlers to the West this spring will be unprecedented. Already they are going out in large numbers, singly and often in parties of from two or three to twenty to thirty. Many of them are going merely to file on timber claims and have no intention of making that country their home, but the great majority are going with the idea of taking up their residence in that country. With this business and the winter visitors to the South the railroad offices of the city have been very busy during the past month and when the spring rush to the West commences in earnest we will have all the traffic we can handle.

"A noticeable feature about the exodus is that very few of the settlers are stopping off at intermediate points in the middle West, nearly all of them being booked through to the coast. Washington and Oregon are getting the majority of them, although a large number are going to California.

"The class of men who are going out to that country, is good. They are chiefly young Scandinavians, hard working and industrious. Many of them have wives and children, and believe they can better their condition by leaving their work in the woods and saw mills and settling on the cheap land of the West. They belong to the more ambitious class of woodsmen who have saved their money and are going to invest it in a home for themselves. This may in part explain the extreme shortage of woodsmen about which there has been so much complaint from the loggers."

The dominion to the north is also getting its share of settlers from the vicinity of Duluth. The Canadian government immigration officials at Duluth report a great number of inquiries concerning Western Canada and they expect a heavy influx of settlers as soon as their cheap rates go into effect. They claim that the lands in the Canadian Northwest will prove even a greater inducement than last year to American settlers.

THE STAGE.

The Ferris comedians at the Metropolitan night the largest Monday and Tuesday night houses since they began their engagement here eight weeks ago. The play now being presented appeals strongly to all classes of theater-goers. "The Man Outside" It is a problem within a problem to witness it and study its peculiar nature. "The Man Outside" will be given its last presentation tonight. Beginning tomorrow night Mr. Ferris will present for the first time in this city Miss Grace Hayward, the leading lady of the Lyceum Theater Stock company, of Minneapolis, in a production of Olga Nethersole's version of "Sapho," Miss Hayward appearing as Sapho.

MRS. POTTER PALMER

Will Leave Chicago to Live In Paris.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Chicago and Chicago society are to lose Mrs. Potter Palmer. Chicago's loss is to be Europe's gain.

Mrs. Palmer will leave the magnificent palace on the Lake Shore drive within two months. She has leased one of the finest houses in Paris, near the Bois. This is to become the new Palmer castle.

This leader of society and representative American woman has taken temporary possession there for a period of six months. It may be longer, at her will, but that her permanent home is to be elsewhere than in Chicago she has declared positively.

Chicago, in the future, may see Mrs. Palmer occasionally, perhaps once a year, for a brief time. Paris, London, European watering places will get most of her time. Even Newport, her favorite place in America, will enjoy her visits very rarely.

FLESH TURNED TO STONE.

Body Buried In Wells, Minn., Becomes Petrified.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 25.—People who have loved ones buried in the cemetery at Wells, Minn., are wondering if their bodies are petrified and as there is sufficient cause for the wonderment it is not at all unlikely that an investigation will be made of the bodies that have been buried there for several years or more. The cause of the agitation is the discovery, just made, that a body shipped from that place to this city and reburied in the Catholic cemetery at this place, is a solid mass of tone. The secret has been guarded because the relatives of the deceased are in fear of the body being dug up by ghouls and hawked about the country as a freak. The body weighed 1500 pounds.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE

Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

The result of years of experiment

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Does not cake or fill up interstices
Cleans as well as polishes

All responsible jewelers keep it — 25 cents a package

CHILDREN IN SLAVERY

Startling Discoveries By Committee of New York Citizens.

New York, Feb. 25.—Startling revelations, the result of a secret investigation of child slavery in this city, will be made at Albany by a notable delegation of men and women. Photographs and the sensational stories of the investigators, citing typical cases of mere infants at work, will be placed before the assembly committee on labor and industries in support of four bills radically reforming the child labor laws.

For six months a systematic investigation has been carried on under the direction of Fred S. Hall, secretary of the child labor committee. Investigators made a canvass of the candy, pencil, paper box and tin foil factories, stores and places where children under 14 years of age are employed.

Secretary Hall said: "The evidence we have gathered is overwhelming. There is one case of a little chap of 13 who was found sewing on buttons from 7:30 in the morning until 7 at night. Some of the cases show that children are kept at work as late as 9 o'clock at night. Dr. Louis Fiske Bryson declares that tuberculosis is bred by this species of slavery.

'We found many children not much more than 10 at work in stores as messenger boys, office boys or selling papers at night. In all these cases the parents had lied about their ages."

ATTENTION, HIBERNIANS!

You are requested to meet at 1109 Garfield Ave., Thursday morning, Feb 26, at 9 o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of our late brother, Arthur Furlong, from St. Clement's parish, West End. Bring uniform.

F. L. RYAN, Pres.

THE DEAR OLD COMMODORE

Having the Time of His Life With the "Chaperons."

Chicago, Feb. 25.—The Inter-Ocean publishes the following: Diamonds and dress for dimples and smiles and smiles is a bargain the members of the "Chaperons" company are finding very profitable. And the Havemeyer millions are paying the bill. Although it is costing him thousands of dollars, "Commodore" F. C. Havemeyer of New York, who is in Chicago chaperoning the "Chaperons," said last evening that he was having the time of his life.

The commodore is 71 years old, but now and then visions of good times of his youth impel him to cut loose from restraint, and when the feeling comes over him he starts out and covers part of the route with the "Chaperons." For the past three months he has followed the company. Starting in New York he followed the company to Philadelphia, Washington, Buffalo, Toronto and Pittsburg. Last week he came here from the eastern metropolis and, passing through Niagara Falls, he bought sixty pairs of moccasins, one for each girl in the company.

From moccasins to diamond rings worth $500 has thus far been the range of the millionaire's generosity. Before Trixie Friganza left the company last month she received a squirrel overcoat and a sapphire ring from the commodore. Last Sunday he gave Eva Tanguay a watch studded with diamonds, and Genevieve Day is displaying a beautiful opal set in diamonds that came from Tiffany's but a few days ago. Even the property man, Garrie Davidson, and the treasurer, Al Morgan, are among his beneficiaries. The girls have affectionately termed him "Santa Claus," and he makes good the appellation by handing out Christmas presents every once in a while.

"Am I in love with any one of the company?" repeated Commodore Havemeyer when the question was asked him last evening. "No, but I am in love with every one of them. I have no favorites. I know every member of the company by his or her first name and think as much of them as if they were my brothers and sisters—maybe more. I never enjoy myself so much as when I am traveling with them. Certainly I make them little presents whenever I feel like it, as I do with all my friends.

"I'm old, but I'm not going to die just yet, and while I live I'm going to get the best out of life. A good part of the public misunderstands the stage. I know that the majority of the girls are good, hard working little women. If I can make it easier for them I'm going to do it. Women like little trinkets so I hand out a few now and then."

PRETTY WOMEN

From America In Majority at Monte Carlo.

Monte Carlo, Feb. 25.—American women are more in evidence here this year than are the women of all other nationalities taken together. This is particularly noticeable at the Casino, at Cyro's and other fashionable and foolish resorts.

The tall blonde, Mrs. Helen Dinsmore, of Chicago, never misses an opportunity to display her attractions. Mrs. Whitmore, of Philadelphia, is hardly less keen about her powers of fascination. She has the additional halo of having been much admired last season by the King of Greece. Mrs. Maud Lowell, of San Francisco, completes a fashionable trio.

Maud Durkee, of New York, whose blonde beauty is as well known in the Bois de Boulogne as at Monte Carlo, is the cynosure of all eyes. Miss Ruth Lamlert is the best tennis player of the season.

Lady Bowyer is set down as the prettiest American in the principality who has married into the aristocracy.

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

TAKE MUCH GROUND

Leases Secured By Duluthians In Highland Iron District.

Extend Over Many Miles of Territory Near Range.

Duluth men have secured two unusual sets of state mineral leases in Lake county.

C. W. Elston, of the St. Louis county bank, has secured fifteen leases, extending in a line about thirty-five miles in length and directly west of the new Highland range.

The other set of leases issued by the state runs to George E. Gibson, and consists of eight claims. These extend in a direct line southwest from Highland to a point in town 52, range 18, where iron is known to exist.

In each instance Mr. Elson and Mr. Gibson are said to represent separate syndicates of prospectors that will vigorously push explorations as soon as the weather will permit.

Both sets of leases extend over very barren country, practically usless for timber or agricultural purposes.

The Highland find is beginning to interest people outside Duluth, and hundreds of letters of inquiry are being received each day from different parts of Minnesota and adjoining states.

It is understood that applications are in for several other sets of state leases by Duluth men, who intend doing a little haphazard exploration in the hope of striking the Highland range extension either to the west and southwest or southeast.

The high grade ore brought in by Andrew Nelson on Monday from 1, 55-11 has only helped to stimulate the general interest in the newly discovered deposits.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, the famous young Russian pianist, who appears at the Lyceum tomorrow evening will give the following program:

Toccata and Fugue, D Minor.....Bach
.....Tausig
.....Schumann
Perambule—Pierrot—Arlequin—Valse noble—
Eusebius—Florestan—Coquette—
Replique—
Sphinxes—Papillons—Lettres dansantes—
Chiarina—Chopin—Estrella—Reconnaissance—
Pantalon et Colombine—Valse allemande—
Paganini—Aveu—Pmomenade—
Pause—
Marches des Davidsbuendler contre les Philistins.
"Nocturne G Major" .....
"Etude C Major" ..... Chopin
"Polonaise A Flat Major" .....
"Nuits de Mai" (Nocturne).Tschaikowsky
"Gavotte" ..... Gabrilowitsch
"Barcarolle G Minor"..... Rubenstein
"Si oiseau j'etais" ..... Henselt
"Marche militaric" ..... Schubert-Tausig

Tomorrow afternoon between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock there will be a reception at the Commercial club for Gabrilowitsch to which all of the musical people of the city and of course members of the club and their ladies have been invited. An opportunity will be given to meet personally this remarkable young man who has been charming the musicians of two continents during the past few years.

WEDDING AT ASHLAND.

Mayor Williams and Miss Maud Brower Married.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 25.—Mayor Burt Williams, of this city, was married yesterday to Miss Maud Brower, daughter of Captain and Mrs. F. R. Brower, of Ashland. The ceremony was performed in the Presbyterian church which was beautifully decorated.

Miss Brower was attended by her father, her sister, Miss Charlotte, acting as maid of honor, and the Misses Tryphena Mitchell, Minnie Warren, Edith Rae, Mollie Chesley, Wilhelmina Doe and Agnes Merrill being the bridesmaids.

Mayor Williams was attended by Mayor Truesdale, of Berlin, and City Attorney M. E. Dillon, Irving Garnish, Henry Donnelly, Boulden Mongeau, George Sanders and Ronald Rodman. A reception was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Garnish. Mayor Williams and bride left last evening for California, for a month's stay.

The Early Pill. DeWitt's Little Early Risers do not gripe nor weaken the system. They cure biliousness, jaundice, constipation and inactive livers. These famous little pills exert a decided tonic effect upon the organs involved, and if their use is continued for a few days there will be no return of the trouble. Max Wirth.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 25.—A falling porch yesterday crushed the life out of a five-year-old boy named Sylvester Monson. The porch which was over 100 feet in length fell from a height of sixty feet. The unfortunate boy was underneath picking up a load of wood when the accident happened.

Her Atonement

For the sin of neglecting her health came too late. She put off taking something for that distressing backache, until this first symptom of a diseased condition of her kidneys had fully developed and had thrown her entire system out of order.

YOU HOUSEWIFE!

Do you know WHY you are cross and out of sorts? WHY the children irritate you? WHY your husband's attempt at cheerfulness jars upon your nerves? WHY you start at any sudden sound? WHY, when you stand before your mirror, in close communion with yourself, you are startled and grieved at what you see there? That once beautiful complexion, now so sallow; that once round, rosy face, now so pinched and haggard; those deep circles under those once beautiful eyes; those wrinkles and crow's feet, that mar that once smooth and creamy skin? Don't you know what has caused all these conditions? It is because your kidneys are out of order; because you have neglected them, until they have deranged your entire system. It is time for YOUR ATONEMENT.

Dr. Gossom's Kidney and Bladder Cure will remedy all of these evils and restore your former self; will bring back golden hope and thankfulness for life.

Do not delay. Make your atonement NOW.

LYCEUM PHARMACY.

Attend Benefit Concert for Famine Stricken March 2.

Gray-Tallant Co

Attend Benefit Concert for Famine Stricken March 2.

Thursday, a Day of Bargains.

Our values for last Thursday called forth a crowd that exceeded even our highest expectations. The values were great but they were no greater than we offer for tomorrow. We've something else to talk about next time; secure these while they are possible.

15c Curtain Swiss 9c.
36-inch Curtain Swiss, fancy open stripes—the 15c kind—Thursday our special price only 9c.

Trimming Furs ¼ Off.
All trimming fur of all kinds—none reserved—tomorrow we place them on sale at ¼ off.

39c Cambric Drawers 29c.
A value exceptional—tucked and hemmed drawers, nicely made—value 39c, tomorrow 29c.

Elastic Remnants 5c.
¾-yard lengths of plain and frilled elastics, worth 8c, 10c and 15c the yard—tomorrow 2 pieces for 5c.

Fur Heads ½ Off.
½ off of the price of all fur trimming heads—a good assortment remains—tomorrow ½ off.

69c Women's Knee Skirt 50c
Women's knee skirt of fine cambric—tucked and hemstitched flounce—tomorrow 50c.

12½c Turkish Towels 7½c.
19x41 heavy cream Turkish Towels, their regular value is 12½c—tomorrow's price only 7½c.

50c Fascinators at 39c.
Our best Fascinators, selling regularly at 50c—on sale tomorrow at only 39 each.

Women's $1.25 Vests at 89c
Women's $1.25 Camel's hair vest—a quality selling at $1.25 each—tomorrow the price 89c.

50c White Waistings 35c.
A splendid lot of fancy white waistings — 50c the yard their value—tomorrow's price 35c.

$1.25 Cambric Gown at 98c.
Cambric gown make with tucked yoke and reveres—lace trimmed—98c.

20c Fancy Oilcloth at 15c.
Your choice of our Table Oilcloths selling regularly at 20c the yard—tomorrow at only 15c.

25c Golf Gloves at 15c.
Three dozen fancy Golf Gloves, selling regularly at 25c the pair. Your choice of the lot tomorrow for only 19c a pair.

$1.50 Table Damask at 89c.
3 pieces 72-inch best Irish Linen, bleached double satin Table Damask—the actual selling price is $1.50—Thursday's special price 89c.

25c and 35c Purses 19c.
We have several dozen Ladies' Purses, which have become *slightly* shop-worn, but you would scarcely note the fact—the price 19c each.

18c-20c White Goods 12½c.
15 new patterns of fancy Leno striped white goods for waists and children's dresses—splendid values at 18c and 20c—tomorrow 12½c.

25c and 35c Belts at 15c.
A splendid value for Thursday—Silk and Satin Belts with fancy buckles, selling regularly at 25c and 39c—tomorrow at 15c.

32c Colgate's Perfumes 19c.
Colgate's Perfumes in bulk—always sell at 32c an ounce—we furnish the bottle and offer them Thursday at only 19c an ounce.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Old Resident of Copper District Has His Coffin Ready.

Eagle Harbor—Satisfied with his coffin and with it at his side, William Northey, one of the oldest residents of the Lake Superior copper district, is peacefully awaiting death at Eagle Harbor, Keweenaw county, knowing that he has but a short time longer to live. When taken seriously ill recently and informed by his physician that he had only a few days more to live, Northey manifested uneasiness and requested that an undertaker be sent for. He informed the latter that he had been saving for many years that he might be buried properly. He said he wanted a good coffin, one with a little dove and a cross on the top and nicely trimmed. The coffin was prepared at Calumet and sent to Eagle Harbor. Northey examined it and declared it satisfactory. He was content to die, he said, knowing that his last resting place was prepared according to his desires, and he is now quietly awaiting the end.

Marquette—Charles Woodcock, in charge of the logging operations of the Silverthorne Lumber company in the west end of Marquette company, has hit upon a plan which he thinks will put an end to the ravages of the pest that has caused serious loss to upper peninsula lumbermen. A semall bug that lays its eggs on the bark of dry logs makes the trouble. The eggs soon hatch and the resulting larvae develop into worms that burrow their way into the timber, frequently honeycombing the logs until they are practically worthless or fit for an inferior grade of lumber only. Woodcock's scheme is to strip the logs of their bark, which he has found prevents the flies from finding a lodging place for their eggs. Last summer he had 1,000,000 feet of logs stripped, and when operations were resumed this winter the timber was found entirely free from the ravages of the worms.

Houghton—The upper peninsula is being discriminated against in the matter of telegraph and express charges, and to put it on the same basis as Lower Michigan, Senator Moriarity has introduced a bill in the legislature providing that there be no difference in the rates.

Jackson—The Woman's Relief corps put on the play "Districk Skule" at the opera house Friday and Saturday evenings and had full houses. The proceeds of the last night will be sent to the famine-stricken Scandinavian countries.

Newberry—Municipal lighting has proved so successful that the city council has placed orders for a second engine and electric generator at a cost of about $6000. The dynamo will be a 2500-light machine.

Escanaba—An explosion of the kitchen range, due to the water front having frozen, came near resulting seriously to Miss Zella Cox, of Escanaba. She was hurled across the room, while the stove was completely shattered.

Thompson—An offer of $4,000,000 for a tract of pine in the south has been made Thomas Friant and has been refused.

DEATH ROLL AT CORNELL

Growing Rapidly and Many Students Have Fled.

Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 25.—The death roll among the students of Cornell university from the scourge of typhoid fever has reached alarming proportions and there are no less than fifty-four cases, the outcome of which is uncertain. Fourteen students in the hospital have recovered within sixteen days. Every day brings forth new cases and the physicians of Ithaca are toiling night and day in the effort to stamp out the epidemic. More than half of the 2900 students have fled from this pest-ridden city.

WOODSMAN TRIES SUICIDE.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 25.—A man named Sorenson attempted to commit suicide in the Stockholm last night by shooting himself in the head with a 32-caliber revolver. He was found in a dying condition by friends and he cannot live. Sorenson is a woodsman who came to town this week.

INTERESTING, IF TRUE.

You Can Try It For Yourself and Prove It.

One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3000 grains of meat, eggs or other wholesome food, and this claim has been proven by actual experiment which anyone can perform for himself in the following manner: Cut hard-boiled eggs into very small pieces, as it would be if masticated, place the egg and two or three of the tablets in a bottle or jar containing warm water heated to 98 degrees (the temperature of the body) and keep it at this temperature for three and one-half hours, at the end of which time the egg will be as completely digested as it would have been in the healthy stomach of a hungry boy.

The point of this experiment is that what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will do to the egg in the bottle it will do to the egg or meat in the stomach and nothing else will rest and invigorate the stomach so safely and effectually. Even a little child can take Stuart's Tablets with safety and benefit if its digestion is weak and the thousands of cures accomplished by their regular daily use are easily explained when it is understood that they are composed of vegetable essences, asceptic pepsin, diastase and Golden Seal, which mingles with the food and digest it thoroughly, giving the overworked stomach a chance to recuperate.

Dieting never cures dyspepsia, neither do pills and cathartic medicines, which simply irritate and inflame the intestines.

When enough food is eaten and promptly digested there will be no constipation, nor in fact will there be disease of any kind because good digestion means good health in every organ.

The merit and success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are world wide and they are sold at the moderate price of 50 cents for full sized package in every drug store in the United States and Canada, as well as in Europe.

THE P. M.'S REQUIEM.

Stamp Slasher at Giblin Closes His Account.

Washington, Feb. 25.—In surrendering the paraphernalia and princely salary of $66.69 per annum attached to the office of postmaster of Giblin, Ill., the late occupant of that position, in a letter to the postoffice department, gives a graphic decription of the ceremonies which attended that event. Giblin is a metropolis of the prairie, the usefulness of which, as a postoffice station is, in the opinion of the department, doubtful, to say the least. It is on record that at least five letters reached the residents of the vicinity within the month prior to its demise. Says the deposed official in his communication:

"Enclosed find the remains of the once beloved Giblin postoffice, whose execution was ordered on Feb. 14 by the fourth assistant postmaster general. The sad day will be long remembered. Early in the morning the country folk gathered in the building to witness the last rites and ceremonies, and when we drove the last nail in the tiny coffin tears unbidden sprang into the eyes that long had known no tears. When finally the casket was delivered to the rural carriers for conveyance to the nearest railroad station the wild expressions of grief on the part of the inhabitants could be heard far out on the prairie, and the prairie dogs took up the cry in their burrow homes. In conclusion we beg to state that we have served Uncle Sam for ten long years, in which time our whiskers have become tinged with silver. Deprived of our princely income in our declining years, we think a pension would be both merciful and appropriate."

IT BEGGARS DESCRIPTION.

Misery of London Tenement Houses and Flats.

London, Feb. 25.—Every American dissatisfied with the size or lack of size of his city flat should undertake a trip to this city and inspect the apartment houses here, and he would go back home and live happy ever after. While the rent in London is continually going up the flats are getting steadily smaller.

The average sitting room in flats that rent for $75 to $100 a month, is only about nine by eight feet, and the dining rooms are so small that only four persons can be seated comfostably. In cheaper flats you can no more speak of rooms, they are simply compartments. Still, London is not nearly as bad as Glasgow.

The municipal committee on housing the poor, which is investigating tenement house conditions, is finding conditions that defy description. In several apartments they found two tiers of people in one bed, one tier on the slats with the mattress as cover, and another tier on top of this. In one case a son of 22, a daughter of 20 and another of 16, between the bed and the mattress, and the father and two younger girls were on top of the mattress.

CHURCH NOT DYING.

Bishop McCabe Takes Issue With Dr. Buckley.

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 25.—Bishop C. C. McCabe declares that the Methodist Episcopal church leads all the churches of the United States in membership and takes occasion to contradict the remark imputed to Dr. Buckley, of New York, to the effect that the church was decaying.

Dr. McCabe gives figures to back up his assertions. He says if all the branches of the church are counted and the figures based upon families, after the census method of the Roman Catholics, the Methodist church will show a membership of 12,000,000 in the United States or 4,000,000 more than the Roman Catholics.

Since 1884, Bishop McCabe asserts, the increase in the membership of the Methodist church has been nearly 1,200,000, after making up for the absent and dead. The total membership of the Presbyterian church, north, is 1,024,396; the regular Baptists, north, 1,012,276; Protestant Episcopal, north and south, 653,324. The only churches that the Methodists exceed in total membership since 1881 are the Roman Catholics, the regular Baptist in the south and the Methodist Episcopal church, south.

ARE YOU NERVOUS?

Dr. Jaques Loeb's Great Discovery of Salts.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—The discovery of Dr. Jacques Loeb in regard to the good effect of calcium salts on patients suffering with nervous diseases is attracting much attention amongst physicians. Among those who commented on the announcement were the following:

Dr. D. A. K. Steele—I regard the discovery as rather experiental as yet and one that that may need a year or two in actual practice to demonstrate its value.

Dr. W. H. Davis, professor of therapeautics in the Illinois Medical college—I think Dr. Loeb claims too much for his discovery. Like many new discoverers he is a little to enthusiastic and I believe that a little further on he will become more conservative.

Dr. Harold N. Meier—Dr. Loeb has certainly found out something about muscular action in some of the lower animals, but I think it would be hasty to assume that it was of equal value to human beings, and I do not think that he makes any such contention.

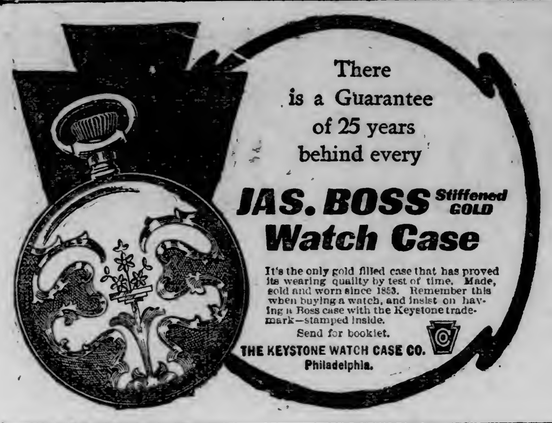
OWES COAL BILL

But Governor Davis Made No Agreement.

Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 25.—The committee investigating the charges against Governor Davis examined only one witness, S. H. McNair, manager of the T. H. Bunch Coal company. He admitted that coal had been furnished to Governor Davis at a reduced rate. He denied that there had been an agreement that the company would furnish the governor with free coal in thee vent that the firm secured the contract for supplying the state institutions, but admitted that the coal the governor received that year (1902), was still unpaid for, although coal bought subsequently had been paid for. He testified that the governor still owed for between fifteen and twenty tons of coal.

adds a new delight to pastry (better than flour)

PRESTO



DISCIPLINE BROKER

Cameille Wiedenfield Suspended By New York Stock Exchange.

Was Concerned In Peter Power-Northern Pacific Case.

New York, Feb. 25.—Cameille Wiedenfield, a member of the Stock Exchange since 1890, was yesterday found guilty of acts "detrimental to the welfare and interest of the exchange," and was suspended for one year. This decision was reached unanimously by the governing committee after an executive session which lasted almost six hours, during the greater part of which time Mr. Wiedenfield was under examination.

The other witnesses before the committee were M. H. Boutelle, of Minneapolis; Parker C. Chandler, of Boston, and Herbert R. Limburger, of this city, all of whom appeared as counsel or attorneys in the Peter Power-Northern Pacific litigation, and of which today's proceedings were the outgrowth.

The nominal complainant at the trial was William McClure, secretary of the exchange. The exact character of the "charges and specifications" against Mr. Wiedenfield were not disclosed, but it was accepted as a matter of fact that Mr. Wiedenfield was regarded as the author and instigator of the Peter Power suits, and that the stock exchange believed these suits to be conceived in bad faith.

Following the decision of the governing committee Mr. Limburger, speaking for Mr. Wiedenfield, said: "We had information beforehand that the proceedings would take this course, irrespective of any evidence that might be presented. We prepared accordingly and have served Mr. McClure with a copy of complaint for adjudication in a court where Mr. Widenfield probably will have a fair hearing. Action will be brought in Nassau county where Mr. Wiedenfield resides, so as to be reached more speedily for trial.

"Mr. McClure was the only witness against Mr. Wiedenfield and the governors of the exchange, so Mr. Widenfield declares, produced no papers or documents—no proof of any kind, so far as I can learn—against him. Mr. Widenfield appeared before the law committee of the exchange last October, and nothing, so far as we know, was done by that committee. The finding of that committee was not given to the defense. We will bring other actions against the exchange and men back of McClure. The Northern Pacific litigation will go on as before and the appeal will be argued next day."

Mr. Limburger declined to specify the nature of the "other actions," or to disclose the identity of "the men back of Mr. McClure."

The complaint served on Mr. McClure as defendant says in part: "On or about the 14th day of January, 1903, the defendant in writing published and charged the plaintiff with having entered into a combination or conspiracy with one George Alfred Lamb, and one or more other persons: (1), to vex and harass, by means of legal proceedings, the persons who were interested in having the corporation known as the Northern Securities company acquire more than a majority of the common stock of the Northern Pacific railway company and of the preferred stock of the Great Northern Railway company."

The complaint goes on to say that "said charges were made and published by the defendant dishonestly, wilfully, maliciously, recklessly, and in bad faith. Thereby the plaintiff was injured in his good name, reputation, credit, business and otherwise to his damage to the sum of $500,000, for which he demands judgment, together with the costs and disbursements of this action."

Mr. Wiedenfield was formerly a partner in the brokerage firm of Lawson, Wiedenfield & Co., the senior member being Thomas W. Lawson, the copper magnate of Boston. Reports also connect Mr. Wiedenfield with close association with J. Edward Addicks, now of Delaware.

LAKESIDERS TO MEET.

Will Confer as to Representation on Park Board.

There will be a mass meeting of Lakeside residents in Harmonic hall this evening to consider matters of interest to that residence suburb.

Among the most desired objects of this meeting is a Lakeside representative on the board of park commissioners.

The Lakesiders are objecting to taxation without representation, and the meeting this evening promises to be something more than a tea party.

On the present board West Duluth, the West End, central part of the city and East End are represented.

Damages For Injuries.

Matthew Barns has started an action in district court to recover from the Northern Pacific Railway company $1000, which he alleges is due him for injuries sustained last July by the plaintiff, while he was employed by the company in driving piles at Hugo station, Washington county. The complaint states that while the plaintiff was placing a ring at the top of one of the timbers, the hammer fell suddenly and smashed his hand. He claims the engineer operating the pile driver was not competent.

AN EXTENDED TROLLEY LINE

Proposed For Southern New York and Western Pennsylvania.

Jamestown, Pa., Feb. 25.—A big trolley railway scheme is on foot in Southern New York and Western Pennsylvania. The purpose of the company, which has been formed, is to build trolley lines between Erie, Cambridge Springs, Union City and Corry, Pa., and from Corry to build a connecting line with the proposed Warren & Jamestown lines, thus giving connections with Jamestown, Chautauqua, Lakewood, Mayville and Frewsburg, in this state.

Eventually, it is claimed, the lines will be extended as far south as Pittsburg, west to Cleveland and east to Buffalo.

Formal franchises already have been asked for in some of the towns and cities, and the promoters give promise that the work shall be commenced within a year.

CAPTAIN OF THE MADIANA

Returns to New York Suffering From His Experiences.

New York, Feb. 25.—On the steamer Trinidad, in port just from the Bermudas, was Capt. Frazer of the ill-starred Madiana, wrecked on the Bermuda reefs, and with him arrived Chief Engineer Nelson and three assistant engineers, Chief Officer Williams, two officers and five sailors of the wrecked ship, as well as a number of the Madiana's passengers. The captain, it is said, is suffering greatly from the effects of his experience. On the Trinidad's arrival he was confined to his state room and could see no one. At the office of the Quebec Steamship company it was denied that Capt. Frazer's connection with the line had been severed, although it was stated that the company had no steamer to offer Capt. Frazer at present. The officials were unable to say whether or not the captain would lose his license in consequence of the wreck, as they had not yet received the official reports of the findings of the Bermuda court.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

BOOM FOR HEARST

At Jefferson Day Banquet at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 25.—New and startling significance has been given to the Jefferson day banquet, which will be held here April 2 by the announcement that William Randolph Hearst is to have a place of honor at the festival board and to take part in the program. It is believed here that it is purposed to do nothing less than launch the boom of Hearst for the presidency.

Charles E. Russell, of Chicago, came to Des Moines and spent much time in conference with a few leading Democrats. Russell is a son of Ed Russell, of the old Davenport Gazette, and an Iowa product himself. He is publisher of Hearst's Chicago American and one of Hearst's confidential friends and advisers. It is understood he came for the purpose of looking over the ground in Iowa and meeting some of the leaders to talk over national politics and help along the movement for Hearst for the presidency.

Russell's departure was followed shortly by the announcement that Hearst would attend the banquet. Russell while here advocated a dropping of factionalism, and took the ground Bryan was not available for a renomination.

Judge Arthur Van Wagenen, of Sioux City, has consented to attend the banquet and will be called on for an address. Additional speakers announced were Senator Claude Porter of Appanoose county, one of the ablest orators in Iowa, and Charles Walsh, secretary of the Democratic national committee.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
Stops falling hair. Makes hair grow. Restores color. Cures dandruff. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

PROFIT FOR ORPHANS

Fine Entertainment at Armory Draws a Large Audience.

Bishop Keane of Wyoming Delivers Fine Address On "Charity."

The concert given last evening, at the Armory, for the benefit of the St. James orphanage, at the West End, was a very successful affair. It was given under the auspices of Duluth council of the Knights of Columbus and will net a neat sum for the benefit of the institution.

The evening's program opened with the overture "St. Cecilia," by Flaaten's orchestra, the rendition of which was so pleasing to the audience, that the orchestra responded to an encore. Mrs. James McAuliffe gave a vocal solo, "A May Morning," which was finely sung and for an encore sang "Rosaline." Franz Schultz gave a solo from the "Messiah" and had to respond to an encore. Flaaten's orchestra played a selection of sacred fantasia, "Providence," closing with "The Holy City." It was received in a most appreciative manner by the audience and an encore was responded to.

Owing to the illness of Bishop McGolrick, he was unable to make the address of the evening. Bishop J. J. Keane, of Wyoming, the recently ordained bishop of that diocese, arrived in the city yesterday and was requested to take the place of Bishop McGolrick on the program last evening, which he very kindly consented to do.

M. H. McMahon announced the change of speakers for the evening and the cause and in a few remarks introduced Right Rev. J. J. Keane.

Bishop Keane is well known in this city, having been heard here on several occasions, but this was his first visit since being elevated to the dignity of a bishop. When he stepped on the platform he was accorded a most enthusiastic reception and thanked all present for their kindly greeting, but said that he wished to repudiate the statement of the chairman that he would take Bishop McGolrick's place on the program. He said such a thing would be impossible for him, but that he regretted the indisposition of the bishop to be present as he would rather listen to such an able and wise man.

Bishop Keane chose for the subject of his address "Charity," and it was a most eloquent and learned discourse. He quoted the celebrated words of Cardinal Manning on the subject at the outset of his remarks and then reviewed the history of the world from the Pagan times to the present day, showing that the greatest good in the world has been accomplished by charity. Before Christianity came the great Roman empire was deep in crime, but when the new command of the Savior was given to them, "Love one another as I have loved you," charity changed all and man was more kind to his fellow man.

He congratulated the city of Duluth on being able to furnish an institution for the orphan and a home for the homeless, as charity was its foundation and charity has changed the world and made it better. Bishop Keane thanked the audience very kindly for its attention and received great applause at the close of his remarks.

Mrs. Leo A. Ball gave a vocal solo, "Spring Has Come," and had to give a second number.

Flaaten's orchestra closed the evening's entertainment with a selection from the "Prince of Pilsen."

FILES A MORTGAGE.

Iron Company Puts Large One on Record.

A supplemental mortgage for $3,000,000 on the St. Louis county lands of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Iron company was filed yesterday afternoon with the register of deeds. The mortgage runs to the New York Security & Trust company and supplements the first five-per-cent gold mortgage issued by the company. The iron company's property is located in the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 6-57-20. The lease was purchased by the company less than a year ago, the consideration being in the neighborhood of $300,000. It was claimed then that the property showed a possibility of 15,000,000 tons of iron ore. The Buffalo & Susquehanna company is building a new furnace at Buffalo that will cost $3,000,000.

STRUCK BY TRAIN.

Northern Pacific Kills Man Near Sturgeon Lake.

The Northern Pacific passenger train from St. Paul last evening killed a man a few miles east of Sturgeon lake.

The unfortunate is supposed to be John Betner. He was walking along the track with his back turned to the approaching train. Engineer Heller whistled the warning in plenty of time for him to get off, and did everything possible under the circumstances to avoid the accident, but the man paid no attention to the warning and was struck before the train could be stopped.

The body was removed to Sturgeon lake and turned over to the coroner of Pine county.

FORM A STATE BODY.

Association of Building Exchanges of Minnesota.

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—A meeting was held in this city yesterday, at the Builders' exchange, when the State Association of Builders' Exchanges of Minnesota was organized. The first set of officers are:

President—J. W. L. Corning, of St. Paul.

First vice president—G. W. Higgins, Minneapolis.

Second vice president—C. E. Evens, Duluth.

Third vice president—J. W. Nelson, Minneapolis.

Secretary and treasurer—A. V. Williams, St. Paul.

An executive committee was selected as follows: G. J. Grant, St. Paul; W. F. Porter, Minneapolis; A. F. Peckham, Minneapolis; G. H. Lounsberry, Duluth; H. D. Bullard, Duluth.

The state organization was entertained last evening by the St. Paul exchange at a dinner given at the Commercial club.

SALARIES TO BE INCREASED

(Continued from Page One.)

bers, in making up and swearing to their campaign expenses, that did not approach close to the danger line."

"I take exception to the statement of the senator from Hennepin," said Senator Coller, of Shakopee. "I think it more likely that every senator that had opposition went beyond the danger line."

Senator Thompson made a plea for the law, which he said was in substance now in force in England. He thought it was on the right principle, but he could not vote to repeal it altogether. He did not vote that way, but he was the only one that didn't.

The bill providing that at the state conventions the delegates from the different congressional districts shall get together and get up platforms on which their congressional candidates can run came up in general orders, and its author, Senator Thorpe, wanted it recommended for passage. Senator Lord thought that as there were bills in cutting the congressional nominations out of the primary election system, this bill had better wait until it was seen how the others were coming out, for if they passed there would be no need of it. So the bill went over.

Senator Schaln's bill, which prohibits electors who have voted at the primaries from signing the petitions of independent candidates, was recommended to pass, though an attempt was made to put that off until the primary election bills had been considered.

The normal school bills that are pending in the senate were made a special order for Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The house has the same matter up for a special order Friday afternoon of this week. There will be a pretty close fight on the bills cutting the educational institutions out from the board of control's province, and the outlook is that it will be one of the most interesting of the session.

The published financial statements of counties will be much abridged if a bill by Senator Buck, which came up on general orders in the senate yesterday and was recommended to pass, should prevail. It provides that instead of publishing detailed statements of receipts and expenditures, county auditors may give only totals, cutting out the details.

Senator Stevens' bill providing for plowing up fields infected with grasshopper eggs met with favorable consideration by the senate and was recommended to pass. So was Senator Dunn's bill allowing church societies the same privileges and powers as concerns that own private cemeteries.

* * *

In the house the bill allowing creameries and hardware dealers to organize mutual fire insurance companies was recommended to pass. So was a bill giving the Fifteenth judicial district an additional judge. The bill allowing husbands to make conveyances of real estate direct to their wives, instead of through a third party, was also favorably acted upon.

The bill cutting down the interest on sales of state lands made on time from 5 to 4 per cent was killed in committee of the whole.

* * *

While both houses are passing bills, the governor of the state is away, and under the constitutional provisions bills are becoming laws without undergoing the examination of his eagle eye.

As fast as bills pass both houses they are sent to the governor, and if he does not return them with his signature or his veto within three days, they become laws. As the governor is in Washington, all bills that go up are becoming laws in this manner.

There is some criticism of the governor's action in remaining away from the state during a session of the legislature. If the legislature were one he had organized and had implicit faith in it might be different. But in this case the house at least was organized in a manner directly opposed to his wishes, and his friends early in the session were prophecying that the legislature would do all sorts of things that were bad and against the principles on which the governor fought and bled and won at the late election.

* * *

The constitutionality of the Fryberger gross earnings bill is one of the leading subjects of discussion about the house just at present. If it is constitutional it can probably be passed, and it would do all that the Hugo bill aims to do in a manner more pleasing to the country members, as it would take the pay for local improvements out of the railroads, in addition to the gross earnings tax, instead of out of the state's revenue from that source.

Mr. Fryberger says that he has an implicit belief in the constitutionality of the bill. The constitutional amendment of 1871 only defined the gross earnings law then in existence, and provided for a method of voting any amendments, and his bill is an amendment to this system.

The constitution, however, says that the gross earnings tax shall be "in lieu of all other taxes and assessments," and the legal authorities, who say the Fryberger bill is unconstitutional think there is no way to get around this phrase.

* * *

If the osteopath bill introduced in the house yesterday by Mr. Stevenson, of Minneapolis, becomes a law the followers of that school of healing will have the same standing before the law, and the same protection from it, that the recognized schools of medicine have now. The board of five examiners is to be composed of graduates of a legally chartered school of osteopathy and a resident, practicing osteopath, of good standing. No member of the board is to be interested in any osteopathic school. This board is to issue licenses to osteopathic practitioners, and is to hold examinations to pass upon the eligibility of applicants. The practice of osteopathy without a license is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $50 to $100, or imprisonment for thirty days to six months, or both. The license does not authorize practitioners to prescribe drugs for internal use, nor to perform major surgical operations.

* * *

The vital question of whether or not the veterans at the state soldiers' home shall be allowed to retain their pension money will come up next Tuesday afternoon before the house as a special order. Both branches of the legislature have received many communications on the subject, both for and against, and opinion is divided.

* * *

Mr. Nyquist, of Blue Earth, the man who gained fame as the champion of dogs at the special session last winter, showed some of the members of the house this morning that he was not so funny as they thought, by settling a controversy and killing off a bill in about thirty seconds. The bill was one granting cemetery associations the right of eminent domain, and when it came up on special orders it led to a long argument, mostly between members of the Hennepin county delegation. After the argument had been on for more than half an hour, Mr. Nyquist struggled to his feet and launched out.

"When this bill came up," he said, "a man came to me and asked me to do what I could to defeat it. I told him he did not need to be alarmed: the Hennepin county delegation would kill it if they had time enough. This is a woodchuck, and it is a bad bill. I move as a substitute for all previous motions that when this committee rise the bill be recommended for indefinite postponement."

Amid laughter the motion carried with a whoop, clearing the decks of all the arguments and amendments from Hennepin county and killing the bill.

* * *

While the Gandrud bill, providing that harmless incurables cannot be sent to the insane asylums passed without much objection yesterday, there is a difference of opinion about it. It is designed to prevent the relatives of harmless lunatics, who have grown tired of their care, shipping them off to be provided for at the expense of the state.

"While that is all right," said a physician yesterday afternoon, "the one trouble about it is that often lunatics that are supposed to be harmless take a turn to the dangerous class quite suddenly and do mischief."

* * *

The joint committee on forestry and fire protection was to have met this afternoon to discuss the bill revising the fire warden laws of the state, but the meeting has been put off one week. One provision of the new matter in the bill is that lumbermen must burn all tops and boughs and rubbish at the close of their winter's logging, and must keep the chief fire warden posted on the work. Some of the lumbermen of the state want to be heard before the committee on this point.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

TO WORKING GIRLS



FREE MEDICAL ADVICE

Every working girl who is not well is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice; it is freely given, and has restored thousands to health.

Miss Paine's Experience.

"I want to thank you for what you have done for me, and recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet in the store. The doctor said I must stop work; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor, I could not sleep, and menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and found that it helped me. I continued its use, and soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; everyone is surprised at the change in me, and I am well, and cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—Miss Janet Paine, 530 West 125th St., New York City.—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Take no substitute, for it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that cures.

FIRE AT RACINE, WIS.

Racine, Wis., Feb. 25.—Fire last night in the plant of the J. I. Case Plow company did damage to the extent of $100,000 before it was gotten under control. The loss is covered by insurance. The fire department prevented the spread of the fire to the machine shops in the eastern half of the same building and by hard work was able to prevent the flames from spreading to the warehouse across the narrow passageway. The plant employed 500 men.

PUPILS LOCKED OUT.

Ballston, N. Y., Feb. 25.—The Ballston high school class of 1903, fourteen girls and boys, were refused admission to the school yesterday. They became insubordinate Monday afternoon because there was no observance of Washington's birthday, and giving the class yell and shouting "Washington," left the school room. The board of education ordered the suspension of the entire class and the refusal to admit them this morning followed, pending further action by the board.

What You Do Know and Don't Know.

That sense of satisfaction in eating **Uneeda Biscuit** comes from knowing what you don't know about ordinary crackers—there is no mystery about **Uneeda Biscuit.**

You know they are baked in a bakery scrupulously clean.

You know they are put up there in an air-tight package—the In-er-seal Package—which protects them on their journey to you.

You know they have not been handled by anyone but the man whose great interest in life is to make them good. **Uneeda Biscuit** appeal to all lovers of good, clean food.

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.
For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Dullness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.
The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circulars and testimonials.
Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

ELEPHANTS WERE SCARED

Fire In Circus Barns Alarmed the Big Brutes.

Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 25.—Fire partially destroyed the new brick car barns at the new winter quarters of the Barnum & Bailey circus here yesterday and burned a number of cars belonging to the circus. The loss is estimated at $100,000, on which there is an insurance of $33,000. The fire was caused by a lamp falling to the floor in the midst of a quantity of benzine and other inflammable material. While the fire was at its height a cornice fell, carrying to the ground with it twelve firemen who were at work on the roof. The men were considerably bruised, but were not otherwise injured. Considerable excitement was occasioned during the removal of fourteen elephants which were quartered in a building adjoining the car barn. It was necessary to remove the elephants through a door facing the burning building, and across the tracks between rows of burning and smoking cars. In order to accomplish this safely the four keepers took one animal out at a time until the entire herd was removed. The loud trumpeting of the elephants gave rise to a rumor that the animals had broken loose. This rumor rapidly spread around the city and occasioned much alarm. The other animals, however, were at no time in danger. The fire was under control in about half an hour.

Six new Pullman cars valued at $12,000 each and two new flat cars valued at $4000, were entirely destroyed. More than 150 feet of the barns were burned to the ground and ten stock cars which were standing outside the barn were considerably damaged.

DEED OF AN INSANE BOY

Kills Father, Wounds Mother and Sister and Suicides.

Frankfort, Ind., Feb. 25.—Edward Woods, the 17-year-old son of a prominent farmer, several miles north of here, killed his father, shot and fatally wounded his mother and sister and then committed suicide last night. The motive for the crime is not known. After the shooting the young man went to the home of a neighbor and said that robbers had entered the Woods home and killed his father, mother and sister and that he escaped after a running battle with the desperadoes. He was, apparently, greatly excited and said he was organizing a posse to pursue his father's slayers. The boy then continued on his way toward this city and stopping at the next house told the same story. Young Woods said he had no time for further words as he had to run down the robbers and he started toward the barnyard at the farmer's home. After the boy disappeared behind the barn, a shot was heard and the farmer to whom the boy had been talking but a moment before, hastened to the barn to find the youth with a bullet through his breast.

TRANSPORTS TO SAIL.

Kilpatrick and Logan Leave Soon For Philippines.

San Francisco, Feb. 25.—One battalion of the Fourteenth infantry, which is to depart for the Philippines on the transport Kilpatrick, has arrived here from the East. The Kilpatrick will sail Feb. 28 and will carry the troops direct to the island of Samar. The Logan will sail for Manila on the same day, carrying 286 men of the Thirteenth infantry, thirty casuals and 180 cabin passengers. The Logan's cargo amounts to 3000 tons.

BARONESS GETS DIVORCE.

New York, Feb. 25.—It has just been learned, says the Paris representative of the American, that the Baroness de Fontenillart, who is an aunt of the Duchess of Marlborough, and a sister of Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, has obtained a divorce from the Baron. The baroness has been ordered by the judge to resume her maiden name of Miss Millie Stevens. Baron de Fontenillart, with Count Fitz-James, secured some notoriety by reason of a thrilling boat adventure at the time of the Martinique disaster, while attempting to explore the devastated shores of St. Pierre.

LADY GORDON OSTRACISED.

New York, Feb. 25.—A most extraordinary notice has been awarded to Lady Granville Gordon, says the American's London representative, by the official notification issued in the London Gazette, from the lord chamberlain's office, o fthe cancellation of her presentation to Queen Victoria at the drawing room held on March 13, 1891. This notification is due to Lady Gordon's confession while on the witness stand of a divorce court.

HURRICANE AT SAMOA.

Honolulu, Feb. 25.—(By Pacific cable.)—The island of Tutuila and the Samoan group generally were visited by a hurricane on Feb. 12. The fury of the wind, both on land and on sea, was terrific. Much damage was done.

SENT FREE TO MEN

A Most Remarkable Remedy That Quickly Restores Lost Vigor to Men.

A Free Trial Package Sent By Mail to All Who Write.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood, that the Institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness, resulting from youthful folly, premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.



"No Man Is Lost—There Is a Cure for Every Man."—Dr. Robinson.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 2739 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in a plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.



The trip there is the best part of a winter in California —that is, it is if you take the

Golden State Limited

It is a veritable hotel on wheels—a flying palace, where you can sleep, dine, smoke, read, and chat with all sorts of people whose one idea is to pass time pleasantly.

Leaves Kansas City daily via the El Paso-Rock Island route and Southern Pacific Company. Only a little more than two days to Los Angeles. Through cars to Santa Barbara and San Francisco. Daily connections from St. Paul and Minneapolis. Electric lights; electric fans; barber shop; bath room; Booklovers' Library; compartment and standard sleepers; observation, dining and buffet-smoking-library cars.

Tickets, berths and full information at any railroad ticket office, or by addressing

R. G. BROWN, G. N. W. A.,
322 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis.

Rock Island System

IS CUT OFF BY ICE

Little Connection Save By Cable With Prince Edward Island.

People Might as Well Be In the Arctic Region.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 25.—At the most, Prince Edward Island is only about twenty miles from the mainland of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. Jutting capes on either side reduce the distance in some places to six or seven miles. But under present conditions the people that live on that island—there are about 120,000 of them—might as well be in the Arctic regions, so far as their relation with the world outside is concerned. For weeks the cable under Northumberland Straits has been the only regular means of communication.

For the Straits from end to end are packed as never before with fields of floating ice from the river and Gulf of St. Lawrence, the monotony of whose level is broken by piled-up bergs of blue Arctic ice that has drifted down on the northern current through the Straits of Belle Isle, and by varying open spaces of water which make crossing on foot or in sleds impossible.

The Dominion government has a couple of heavy ice-breaking steamers of the strongest type, the Stanley and the Minto, which are used on the island service in the winter, but these are worse than useless now. The Minto is locked hopelessly near the mouth of Pictou Harbor on the Nova Scotia side, and the Stanley, in the grip of a huge field of pack ice, has been for over a month drifting helplessly up and down the Straits at the mercy of winds and tides. She has not touched land on either side since Jan. 9.

But the islanders are not worrying much. They are chamish people. "In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth and Prince Edward Island," they say, only they don't call it Prince Edward Island. It is "The Island," with an expression that indicates that other bodies of land surrounded by water have no business on the map.

But even they like to hear from the rest of the world sometimes and occasionally there is an islander on the mainland who wants to go home. So for their convenience and the carriage of mails, men are found to risk their lives on fine days by crossing the Straits between Capes Tormentine and Traverse, a distance of about six miles, in ice boats.

These craft are big row boats fitted for sails and having small steel-shod runners along the bottom instead of a keel.

When conditions are suitable and a start is made from either shore both the crew about ten to each boat—and the passengers are fitted with water tight rubber suits from neck to heels, for seldom is a man lucky enough to get across without one or two slips through the treacherous cracks into the icy water. These duckings have their advantages, though, on a bitter day, for the water quickly freezes over the rubber suit and makes a cold proof coat which a polar bear might envy.

From the shore solid or board ice runs out generally for a mile or so, and from the outer edge of this the boats begin their passage. The endeavor is to proceed by rowing along the channels between the floating masses of ice. Progress is very slow.

The lanes of clear water are tortuous and constantly changing. Frequently a lead the boats have been following for miles ends abruptly in an unbroken wall of ice. Then the crew and the men among the passengers climb out and lift the heavy boat upon the field and drag it laboriously over hummock and crevice and deep snow, around bergs and ice-bound lakes, until another channel is reached.

What the ice-boatmen dread more than anything else is running into a stretch of "lolly," a mixture of snow and water as sticky as mortar and unstable as soft soap. Through this it is next to impossible to force a passage. It will not bear any weight and the oars are of but little use. Cases have been known where hours were spent in crossing only a few yards of lolly.

With good luck, plenty of open water and smooth ice, the crossing may be made in two or three hours. Sometimes it takes a day. Once this winter, on account of lolly and contrary currents, the boats crossing to the island were out nearly twelve hours, and the crew almost perished from exposure.

Sometimes they never get across. A few years ago thirty men with three boats started one fine morning from the New Brunswick side. It came on to snow and a gale followed.

On the island men waited all day. The next day a searching party was sent out, but it was three days before the lost men were found huddled under one of the boats with the ashes of a fire showing what had become of the other two. Most of them were frozen and dead.

The fare for passengers across at the capes is $2. The experience is cheap at the price. But the ice-boatmen earn all they make.

EXPERIMENTS FORBIDDEN.

Doctors Not Allowed to Inoculate Condemned Murderers.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 25.—The statement that the consent of the county officials had been secured by Dr. Walter Bullock, of this city, and Dr. W. B. Blue, of Louisville, to the inoculation of Earl Whitney and Claude O'Brien, the condemned boy murderers, with some kind of disease germs for the benefit of science, is denied by these officials. Mrs. C. M. Hagans, of Nashville, an aunt of Earl Whitney, sent Jailor Wallace a telegram in which she said: "I forbid the inoculation of Earl Whitney for science."

Wallace says no such request has been made and that should it be, it would not be granted. It was rumored that the Louisville doctor proposed to give the boys each a large sum of money to allow the experiment. Dr. Bullock said it was a disease of which little is known and for which Dr. Blue thinks he has a cure.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny. William A. Abbett.

A famous name famous whiskey

PICKWICK RYE



Well Fed, Well Groomed, And Bright of Eye, His Daily Drink is Pickwick Rye.

Served at all the leading Clubs, Hotels and Buffets.

GEO BENZ & SONS.
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
DISTILLERIES AT EMINENCE, KY. BALTIMORE, MD.

KID M'COY SUES

Wife Again and Ralph Thompson For $100,000 Damages.

The Pugilist Has Thrice Married the Same Woman.

New York, Feb. 25.—Kid McCoy (Norman Selby), of pugilistic and matrimonial notoriety, is suing the wife he has three times married for an absolute divorce, and at the same time is bringing an action for $100,000 damages for alienation of her affections against Ralph Thompson, the co-respondent.

Papers were served on the pair last week at the Rossmore hotel. They returned on Thursday from a six-months' trip to Japan. The marriage and divorce complications of Mr. and Mrs. Selby are best understood in tabulated form.

Norman Selby married Julia E. Crosclmeyer in Mount Vernon in June, 1897. She was then a divorced woman.

Three years later, in September, 1900, he brought suit for an absolute divorce, naming Joseph Kinney as co-respondent, but withdrew the suit, as he states in his affidavit, "because of the solicitations of mutual friends who urged him not to cast such a stigma upon her as a woman." He then allowed her to obtain a decree against himself and paid her $5000 in lieu of allmony.

On Jan. 7, 1901, they were remarried in Boston and went on a honeymoon trip to the Mediterranean.

The following fall, while Selby was abroad, his wife sued him for divorce in Saratoga and got the decree by default, with allmony of $500 a month.

As soon as Selby heard of it he came back to New York and met his wife and a reconciliation took place. This time they were remarried in Hoboken in April, 1902, and went to Selby's roadhouse and farm at the Saratoga Country club.

Here in the following month Mrs. Selby first met Thompson, who, her husband says, he brought to Saratoga to put him through a course of treatment for alcoholism. In July Selby and Thompson sailed for Europe together, leaving Mrs. Selby behind. Thompson left the steamer at Queenstown and took the first boat back to America, while Selby kept on to Liverpool.

According to the affidavits of the Selby servants at Saratoga, Thompson went directly to Saratoga, spent a week with Mrs. Selby at the roadhouse and then went to Japan with Mrs. Selby, who left a message for her husband to the effect that she had found somebody with plenty of money and was going away to have a good time.

Selby says that when he returned to America he learned that his wife had sailed from San Francisco on Aug. 12, 1902, with Thompson.

Thompson's father was a banker in Schenectady and his mother was the daughter of a wealthy locomotive manufacturer named Ellis.

KIDNAPED THE FARMER

Man Who Stole and Robbed Him Goes to Jail.

Danbury, Conn., Feb. 25.—For kidnaping and robbing Christopher Lovely, of Redding, who is 60 years old, and two minutes after impersonating a detective to get his victim out of the way before he could report the robbery to the police, Mortimer Deloughery, of Newark, N. J., was sentenced to not less than one nor more than three years' imprisonment at Wethersfield.

The crime of which Deloughery was convicted was one of the most daring ever known in this city. Lovely, who is a typical old New England farmer, came to town to dispose of a load of produce. He stopped at a saloon to get, as he expressed it, "a nip o' suthin' to keep the cold out," and met an affable stranger who got into his wagon with him when he was ready to start for home. Although the streets were filled with people, the farmer's companion seized the reins from his hands and before the old man could expostulate, turned the horse into a dark lane, throttled the farmer, rifled his pockets, jumped from the wagon and disappeared in the darkness.

While the farmer was trying to collect his scattered wits a man ran up to him and said: "You've been robbed."

"Well, I'll be darned; how did you know that?" was the surprised answer of the Redding man.

"I'm a detective," replied the man, "and I'm after the man that robbed you. Get into your wagon and drive home as fast as you can and come back on Monday and report to Capt. Ginty at police headquarters. I'll have your man before that."

The farmer did as he was directed and at court hour on Monday morning he appeared at the police station and demanded to know if the robber had been caught. The police listened to his story and after a little work arrested Deloughery, who denied that he knew anything about the robbery. Lovely identified the prisoner, however, and persons who had seen the couple in the saloon said that Deloughery was the man who left the place with the farmer. The jury believed the farmer's story.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The United States battleship Maine arrived at Newport News, Tuesday. She was coaled and provisioned preparatory to joining the North Atlantic squadron.

Captain Francis A. Cook, the senior captain in the navy, was today granted six months' sick leave, which he will employ in an effort to regain his health. Capt. Cook was in command of the armored cruiser Brooklyn during the war with Spain.

While a dance was in progress at the home of Sarah Anderson in Covington, Ky., Tuesday night, a fight arose among the guests present and James England was fatally shot. Two others were slightly wounded.

Jim Parr, the champion English wrestler, undertook to throw Charles Conkle four times in an hour at Hamilton, Ont., Tuesday night. He secured the first fall in eight minutes and fifty seconds and the second in twenty-seven minutes and twenty-seven seconds. In the third bout the referee cautioned Parr for using the strangle and then disqualified him for an alleged third offense.

Yale defeated Columbia at hockey Tuesday night at St. Nicholas rink by the score of three goals to two. Yale's victory concluded the preliminary round of the intercollegiate hockey league series and now Yale will play Harvard, who has not yet been defeated for the intercollegiate championship.

George Cole, the alleged train robber, faced eight different counts in as many bills of information filed against him at Butte, Tuesday. There is one count of robbery, in which the man with the guns is accused of taking seventy-three cents from the person of V. M. Bell. Most of the other charges are for assult, in the first degree, on the persons of George Ott and other members of the train crew, who, it is charged, were shot by Cole.

LICENSE FOR VACANT LOT

People Take Proceedings to Annul Liquor Tax Certificate.

Nyack, N. Y., Feb. 25.—A Rockland county liquor case, different from any on record in this state, has been taken to the supreme court for settlement. Arthur Hujus, a well-known resident of Suffern, last December, obtained an excise certificate to sell liquor at the junction of Washington and Orange avenues in Suffern, a short distance from the New Jersey state line. He purposed building a hotel, but had not dug a spadeful of dirt for the cellar when he secured the license. In other words, he obtained a license to sell liquor in a building which did not exist. No liquor saloons are in the vicinity, but there are a number of handsome cottages, occupied by highly respected people, who object to the sale of liquor there.

Edward H. Suffern, who owns land on the opposite side of Washington avenue, erected a small cottage within 200 feet of the proposed hotel, had it occupied and then employed Lawyer Frank Comisky to take proceedings to have the liquor tax certificate annulled. His first act was to ask the consent of State Excise Commissioner Cullinan to institute the proceedings and the application was argued on Jan. 5. The question presented by Mr. Comisky was "Can a liquor tax certificate be granted for a vacant lot?" Mr. Comisky received the consent of the state commissioner to bring the desired proceedings. He secured an order from Judge Mallon, returnable before the supreme court in Brooklyn on Feb. 27, to show cause why the certificate should not be revoked.

A SOCIETY MAN ASKED

To Pay Fifty Thousand For Breach of Promise.

Boston, Feb. 25.—Miss Bessie L. Haley, daughter of Charles Haley, who kept a riding academy at Roxbury for several years, has brought suit against George O. Curtis, one of the well-known Curtis family, of Boston, for $50,000 for breach of promise. The suit is entered in the files of the Suffolk county court as an action of contract.

Mr. Curtis is wealthy and moves in the best social circles of the city. He is heir to a large estate, said to be worth in all about $2,000,000. It has been said that his share is something like $300,000. He lives in Roxbury, and is said to have quite a stable and kennel of valuable dogs. He is about 30 years old.

The first meeting of Miss Haley and Mr. Curtis occurred about four years ago at the riding academy of the young woman's father. Their friendship was continued for three years, and then something occurred to disrupt it. What it was is not made known. Since then Miss Haley has resided with her father in Allston.

For three years of her acquaintanceship with Mr. Curtis she is said to have lived at 32 Kempton street, Brookline, and this fact, together with the circumstances of her living there, is expected to furnish a most important piece of evidence in support of the young woman's suit against Mr. Curtis. She was known in Brookline as "Mrs." Haley.

BABY'S FUTURE

Something for Mothers to Think About.

Lives of Suffering and Sorrow Averted

And Happiness and Prosperity Assured by

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills When All Else Fails.

Every child born into the world with an inherited or early developed tendency to distressing, disfiguring humours of the skin, scalp and blood, becomes an object of the most tender solicitude, not only because of its suffering, but because of the dreadful fear that the disfiguration is to be lifelong and mar its future happiness and prosperity. Hence it becomes the duty of mothers of such afflicted children to acquaint themselves with the best, the purest and most effective treatment available, viz., The Cuticura Treatment.

Warm baths with Cuticura Soap to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent Pills, to cool the blood in the severer cases, are all that can be desired for the alleviation of the suffering of skin tortured infants and children, and the comfort of worn-out parents.

Millions of women use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, in the form of washes for annoying irritations and inflammations, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves.

CARNIVAL IS ENDED

Mardi Gras at New Orleans Comes to Successful Close.

New Orleans, Feb. 25.—The carnival closed last night in a blaze of glory. In point of attendance of strangers it has been the most successful ever held, while the pageants were on a scale of great artistic splendor. The parade last night was by the Mystic Krewe of Comus. Its title was "A Leaf from the Mahabarata," and it illustrated in twenty superb floats the great epic poem of the Hindus.

The culminating society event of the season was the ball of Comus at the French opera, he curtain rose upon a picturesque tableau revealing Comus on a throne of light and the masked Krewe grouped on either side. Comus chose for his queen, Miss Myrtle Stauffer. Miss Alice Roosevelt was present and was again the object of much attention. Admiral and Mrs. Schley and Gen. Joseph Wheeler and his daughters were among the guests. Rex held his ball, which was really a democratic reception in Washington artillery hall, temporarily converted into a carnival palace. There was a great crush of the king's subjects. Miss Ingersoll Mingo was chosen queen of the carnival and several society girls served as her attendants. After midnight there was an exchange of visits between Comus and Rex and their courts.

The French cruiser age which has been here for several weeks leaves today for Jamaica, going thence to Martinique.

Admiral Rivert and his officers were attendants at the Comus ball last night. The battleship Texas which was brilliantly illuminated last night in honor of the king also is expected to sail this week.

BAD BOY M'LAUGHLIN.

Had a Criminal Career In the North.

Holyoke, Mass., Feb. 25.—Martin McLaughlin, the 17-year-old boy who was shot and injured mortally while breaking into a hardware store at El Paso, Texas, last week, was well known here. When McLaughlin was 14 years old he was arrested on the charge of breaking and entering and sent to the Lyman school for boys. He escaped from this institution and, under the name of Matie Welch went to stealing in Tioga county, N. Y. He was called the "Young Claude Duval" by the Binghamton authorities.

At that time McLaughlin made what was considered a daring escape from the county jail in Waverly. He was the only person who ever escaped from the jail. He was caught in the act of robbing a store in Waverly, where he was leader of a gang of boy burglars.

After being in jail a short time he secreted a spoon, and with the handle dug the cement and plaster away from a large stone in the prison wall, and, lowering himself into the yard with a sheet, escaped over a high fence. He was caught here and returned to the reform school, but again escaped and went to Texas.

One Minute Cough Cure gives relief in one minute, because it kills the microbe which tickles the mucous membrane, causing the cough, and at the same time clears the phlegm, draws out the inflammation and heals and soothes the affected parts. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take, harmless and good alike for young and old. Max Wirth.

TRAINS STILL SNOWBOUND

No Cause For Anxiety as Passengers Have Sufficient Food.

St. Johns, N. F., Feb. 25.—The belated express trains are again snowbound. One train after making sixty miles in the direction of St. Johns Monday found further progress impossible and was sent back ten miles to a divisional point where supplies of food and coal are stored which will enable it to remain a long period without causing anxiety.

The other train on the western side of the plateau in the middle interior was unable to retreat to the settlement of the Bay of Islands as had been planned. A work train of two engines and a crew of fifty men carrying a month's supply of provisions started Monday night in an attempt to cut the express clear and keep those aboard in provisions.

Meanwhile the other sections of the road are also blocked, but as no trains are moving on them there is no cause for anxiety except in the fact that the greater part of the island is cut off from St. Johns. The first mail into the colony for nearly a fortnight consisting of 400 bags of British, United States and Canadian mail, reached here last night by the steamer Damara from Halifax. The mails lay at Sydney for a week awaiting the steamer Bruce, which, however, was frozen in the ice floes in the gulf of St. Lawrence. They were then sent to Halifax and brought here by the Damara.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Neglect of a Cough or Sore Throat may result in an Incurable Throat Trouble or Consumption. For relief use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Nothing excels this simple remedy. Sold only in boxes.

BROU'S INJECTION

CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT.

Sold by all Druggists.

THE BLOOD The MAINSPRING of HEALTH



The most wonderful part of our being is the blood. It is the fountain of life, the vital life-sustaining fluid, containing everything needful for the growth and development of the body, and as it circulates through the system carries material for the making of bone and muscle and nourishment for the nerves and tissues. Every atom of the body is dependent upon the blood for its existence. The bones would decay, muscles shrink and the skin become parched and shriveled but for the nutriment they draw from the blood, and so long as it remains uncontaminated and pure we are fortified against disease and health is assured. But the blood is constantly exposed to poisonous elements from a thousand sources; we come in contact with infectious diseases almost every day; we breathe into our lungs the germs of Malaria; the water we drink is teeming with millions of microbes, the dust of the streets is filled with bacteria, and when these gain access to the blood are distributed to all parts of the system and the blood becomes a carrier of disease instead of health. Deadly poisons are generated within the body itself, which pollute and vitiate the blood, from which serious and often fatal maladies result.

There is scarcely a disease that cannot be traced to a bad condition of the blood. Rheumatism, Scrofula, Catarrh, Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Contagious Blood Poison and many other equally as distressing ailments are due to a depraved condition of the blood, for which there is no cure except through the purification of the entire blood system. Sores and skin eruptions of the most frightful character, ugly splotches upon the skin, blackheads, pimples and the red disfiguring bumps so often seen upon the face and neck are also evidences of diseased blood. The use of cosmetics, face bleaches, soaps and lotions hide the blemishes and conceal for a time the roughness and redness of the skin, but do not reach the cause, which is hidden deep down in the blood and beyond the reach of external treatment.

The blood is the main spring of health, the life current that strengthens and refreshes the body, and upon its purity depends your health and happiness. If disease has already entered and you are suffering from some malady for which an impure blood is responsible, a blood purifier and tonic is what you need, and none is so good as S. S. S., which for nearly fifty years has been recognized as the standard remedy in all blood and skin diseases. It is

SSS

guaranteed purely vegetable and can be taken by old and young without fear of any harmful after-effects. S. S. S. is a perfect blood medicine; it destroys and eradicates germs and poisons of every description and restores to the weak and innutritious blood its lost properties, makes it rich and strong again, and under the vitalizing effects of good blood the system rallies, and the patient enjoys again the blessings of perfect health.

If you have Rheumatism, Scrofula, a Sore or Ulcer, Catarrh, Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Contagious Blood Poison, or blood trouble of any kind, write us and our physicians will advise you without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

The Best Blood Purifier, Tonic and Appetizer.

I had about as severe a case of Eczema as falls to the lot of suffering mortals, but am exceedingly glad to inform you that I am now as sound as a dollar, not a vestige or sign of the disease remains. Four bottles of S. S. S. drove it out of my system and I believe effected a permanent cure. I shall continue to take S. S. S. for some time in decreased doses because I consider it a great blood purifier, tonic and appetizer. Yours truly, N. A. RANDALL.
3125 East 10th street, Indianapolis, Ind.

Unfitted for Work.

Gentlemen: For over two years I suffered greatly from impure blood, causing me to feel debilitated and unfit for work, had no appetite and could get no relief from doctors or medicines of any kind, until finally I was persuaded to try S. S. S. I soon noticed a change in my health for the better, I continued its use, and at the end of three months was completely well, and my appetite has been good ever since, and I now weigh 250 pounds.

I consider S. S. S. the best blood medicine to be found anywhere. Yours truly,
R. SIDEBOTTOM.
610 S. Market st., Nashville, Tenn.

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DECLINE IS SUDDEN

Flax Developes a Sudden Weakness at Market's Close.

Wheat Is Very Dull and Closes With Prices Unchanged.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 25.—The feature of the Duluth market today was the break in the May flax price, not because of the size of the decline, but because of the suddenness with which it came. The May price which has been dragging for several days, yesterday broke through $1.16, which seemed to be its bottom, and at which point there was considerable buying and closed ½c below that price. Today it opened at $1.13½ and there was considerable trading, the price gradually working off to $1.15. At that point it hunk steadily until after 1 o'clock. Then the last ten minutes of the session it dropped off a cent and closed weak at $1.14, a decline of 2½c for the day. Stop loss orders seemed to be hit at that price. The sentiment is very bearish and large margins are being required from holders of flax. The July price was off 1½c.

Wheat market was very dull and closed without any change in price although during most of the morning it was somewhat higher. The statistics were bearish and the cables unsatisfactory, and this caused the opening to be weaker, but it firmed up soon afterward. New York reported ten loads of wheat taken for export and a feeling that the United Kingdom must have considerable wheat still. The Bradstreet report showing an increase in the world's visible caused some selling, and it was this which broke the market from the high point. The Liverpool market closed ¼d higher to ¼d lower, Paris ¾c higher to ½c lower, Antwerp and Berlin unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 532,000 bus, last year 573,000 bus. Shipments, 240,000 bus, last year 164,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 134,000 bushels. Bradstreet reported an increase of 1,360,000 bus in the world's visible as compared with an increase of 360,000 bus the week previous.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 220 cars, and at Chicago 25, a total of 245 cars, against 276 cars last week and 582 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼@¼d lower. May corn in the Chicago market closed ¼-¾c higher, and May oats ⅛-¼c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 906,000 bus, last year 465,000 bus. Shipments 642,000 bus, last year 190,000 bus. Clearances 820,000 bus. Bradstreet reported an increase of 298,000 bus in the world's visible supply of corn.

Trading in wheat was very dull. The market opened slightly weaker. May being ⅛c off at 77⅛c, but it sold up to 77⅛@c at 10:30. It reacted to 77⅝c at 11:10, sold between 77⅝c and 77⅛c up to 12:30, and then dropped to 77¼c and closed there. Chicago and Minneapolis also closed unchanged.

Cash prices continued at May price for No. 1 northern to arrive, 2c under for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3. Sales were 20,000 bus.

There was an advance of ½c in oats to arrive and on track.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 northern, 76c; No. 2 northern, 74c; No. 3 spring, 77c; to arrive, No. 1 northern, 77¼c. May, 77¼c; July, 76c. Oats, to arrive, 34½c; on track, 33½c; May, 34c. Rye, May, 50½c; on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c. Barley, 35@51c. Flax, cash, $1.11¾; on track, $1.12¾; to arrive, $1.12½; May, $1.14; July, $1.15; September, $1.10.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 47; last year, 234; oats, 6; barley, 15; flax, 26.

Receipts—Wheat, 119,978; oats, 98,911; barley, 6795; flax, 34,111.

Shipments—None.

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McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car.....$0.78½
No. 1 hard, 1 car 78
No. 1 northern, 1300 bus 77½
No. 1 northern, 9 cars..... 77⅜
No. 1 northern, 3 cars..... 77½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 77½
No. 2 northern, 1 car 76½
No. 2 northern, 1 car 76¾
No. 1 car, in store..... 1.13
Flax, 1 car, on track 1.14
Flax, 2000 bus 1.13½
Flax, 2000 bus 1.14
Flax, 500 bus 1.13½
Flax, 500 bus 1.13⅝

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Favorable Weather Had Depressing Influence on Wheat.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Wheat opened easier on lower cables and generally bearish statistics, and May was off ¼ to ⅜, at 76⅞ to 77. Favorable weather for the crop was also a depressing influence. The early trading was dull and the volume of business was light. Later a better demand developed from commission houses supposed to be for St. Louis account and with light offerings the market became firmer. May selling up to 77¼. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 220 cars, which with local receipts of 25 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 245 cars against 276 cars last week and 582 cars a year ago.

Under the influence of light offerings May advanced to 77⅝c, but later reacted on realizing. The close was firm with May unchanged at 77⅜@¼c.

The weakness in wheat and lower cables caused an easier opening in corn and May was ⅛ to ⅜@¼ lower, at 46½@46⅝ to 46⅝. There was only a moderate trade and it was confined largely to local traders. The market became steadier later on the scarcity of contract corn for March contracts and May held firm around 46⅞. Receipts are on the increase, there being 655 cars estimated for today, none of which were of contract grade.

The close was strong with May ⅛@⅜c higher at 46½@46⅝c.

There was only a small trade in oats and prices were lower in sympathy with other grains. May opened unchanged to ¼ lower, at 35 to 35¼ and under the influence of a poor demand the market sagged still further, May touching 34⅞@35. Local receipts were 181 cars.

In the face of a decline of from 5 to 10 in the price of hogs at the yards provisions opened steady, but the trading was dull and without any feature. A fair demand from brokers was the main source of steadiness. May pork was unchanged to 2½ higher, at $17.55 to $17.60. May lard was unchanged at $9.60, but ribs were 5c higher at $9.67½.

Close: Wheat—May, 77¼@¼c; July, 78⅜c; September, 71⅞c. Corn—February, 44¼c; May, 46@4¼c; July, 44⅝c; September, 41⅝c. Oats—February, 34c; May, 35¼c; July, 32½c; September, 29⅝c. Pork—May, $17.72½; July, $18.20; September, $16.75. Lard—February, $9.65; May, $9.65; July, $9.55; September, $9.55. Ribs—May, $9.75@9.75; July, $9.57½; September, $9.50. Flax—May, 51c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.17; S. W., $1.13; May, $1.18. Timothy—February, $3.95. Clover—February, $11.75. Barley—Cash, 44@56c. Cash wheat—2 red, 75@76c; 3 red, 74@75c; 2 hard winter, 77@78c; 3 hard winter, 68@71c; 1 northern spring, 79@80c; 2 northern spring, 78@79c; 3 spring, 76@76c. Corn—2, 46c; 3, 42@42½c. Oats—2, 34½c; 3, 34c.

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We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.
WE BUY AND SELL
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for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.
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Local Office, 220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOUCH, Local Manager.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: What—The market here was dull. There is nothing in the cables and the cash situation is still slow and unencouraging. The firmness in corn made some local scalping buying and Patton was supposed to be covering shorts, but in the main the volume of trade is small and featureless. The failure of our visible decrease at this season is a discouraging factor. There seems to be only a moderate demand for flour and the whole situation seems to indicate nothing better than a dragging market with prices probably tending lower. Estimated cars 15.

Corn—Market here was active and irregular, but on the whole strong, there is no particular change in the cash situation, but there is an active local speculative trade. The previous interests headed by Cudahy seemed to be the large buyers. The Armour interest is also supposed to be long corn. We see no reason to change our views which have been that May corn will ultimately sell higher. Estimated cars 220.

Oats—Market was fairly active and firm in sympathy with the strength in corn. There is a pretty fair cash demand all the time for oats and the off grades are selling up pretty well towards the May price. Patten has evidently liquidated his large line and has been absorbed by scattered commission house buying. Bradstreet makes the visible increase 1,409,000 bushels. Estimated cads 100.

Broomhall: Our Argentine agents estimate the wheat shipments for the week ending Friday next will be about 1,600,000 bushels and corn about 80,000 bushels. The quality of wheat arriving from the interior continues satisfactory.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	....77⅛B	76¾-¼	76⅞-77⅛	80¾-⅞
High	.... 77⅛	76⅝-½	77⅞	81⅜-½
Low	.... 77⅛B	76⅜	76⅞	80⅝-⅞
Close	.... 77⅛B	76¾-⅜	77⅜-¼A	81B
July—				
Open	....	76¾-⅜	73½-⅝	78⅛A
High	....	76⅝	73½	78¼
Low	....	76¾-⅜	73¼	78-⅛
Close	.... 77B	76½	73⅝B	78⅛A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	....35¾@35	45⅝@45¼-⅜	$17.62
High	.... 35¼	46¼	$17.72
Low	.... 35-½	45½	$17.60
Close	.... 35½	46-⅛	$17.72

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 25.—Close: Wheat—May 81c; July, 78¼c. Corn—May, 52⅝c; July, 50¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 25.—Close: Wheat—May, 76¼@76¾c; July, 76¾c. On track—1 hard, 78¾c; 1 northern, 77¾@78c; 2 northern, 76¾@76c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.—Wheat spot quiet, 2 red western winter 6s 11½d; 1 northern spring 6s 8¾d; 1 Calif 6s 11d. Futures quiet: March 6s 3¾d; May 6s 2d; July 6s 1½d. Corn spot American mixed new steady 4s 0¼d; American mixed old no stock. Futures quiet; March 4s 0¼d; May 4s 3⅞d.

PITS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 76¼c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 76¾c asked.
Curb, May wheat, 76¼-⅜c bid.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Bakeman & Co., grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—There was a soft spot in wheat at the opening when the May price was down to 75⅝c, largely because of weak and indifferent cables, but shorts took advantage of the price and stayed the advance which gradually took the price up ½c higher than the early low point. The principal fear of the session was this covering on the break. Crop conditions continue altogether favorable and we see nothing in the general market situation on which what might consistently be bulled. Under these conditions we consider it a sale on all rallies. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 15 cars.

Corn showed a fairly steady tone, the May price picking up fractionally on steady buying by some of the large traders, and the story campaign might possibly be under way against the May delivery. A large substantial short interest is believed to exist. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 220 cars.

There was a fairly active trade in oats at prices generally better than yesterday's closing prices. The two sides were represented by the larger commission houses. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 100 cars.

The day's market in provisions was firm and steady, at prices 10 to 12½c higher than yesterday. Demand for lard was on a larger scale. Hog receipts, 35,000; prices 5 cents lower. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 27,000 hogs.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery prints	27		
Storage, creamery, tubs	25	@	26
Dairies, fancy	18		
Packing stock	14		
EGGS.			
Fresh	20		
Storage	17		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	14		
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15		
Limberger, full cream, choice	15		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	17½		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14		
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	10		
HAND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75		
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	65		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 85
California pears	2 50		
Cranberries	11 00		
Bananas, per bunch	2 00	@	2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 00	@	3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
Mexican oranges	2 75		
Malaga grapes, per keg	5 00	@	7 00
California oranges, seedlings	2 25		
California navels	2 75		
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25		
Beets, bus	50		
Carrots, per bus	50		
Cabbage, per cwt	90	@	1 00
Turnips, bus	40		
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50		
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce	1 25	@	1 50
Green onions, per doz	65	@	75
Cucumbers, bothouse, per doz	2 00		
Cauliflower, crate	2 75		
Mint, per doz	30		
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65	@	75
Potatoes	50		
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00		
Red cabbage	75		
Squash	1 50		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	3 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Geese	14		
Hens	14		
Turkeys	18	@	19
Ducks	15		
Spring chickens	15		
MEATS.			
Mutton	7		
Lamb	9	@	10½
Veal, good	8½@9		2½
Dressed beef	6	@	8
Hogs	9		
Pork loins	11		
Pure lard	10½		
Compound lard	7½		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Butter, firm; creameries, 18@27½c; dairies, 14@24c. Eggs, easy, at mark, cases included, 14½@15c. Cheese steady; twins, 12½@13c; daisies, 13@13c; Young Americas, 13@13c.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 25.—Butter receipts, 7108 packages, firm; state dairy, 15@25c; extra creamery, 26c; held creamery, 18@25c; creamery, common to choice, 18@27c. Cheese receipts, 1109 packages, firm; state full cream fancy and small, colored and white fall made, 14¼@14¾c; fall made, 13½@13c. Eggs receipts, 18,652 packages, easier; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 16½c. Western fancy, 16c. Southern, 15½c; refrigerated, 8@13c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 21,000; market slow; good to prime steers, $5.25@5.75; poor to medium, $3.25@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.35@4.60; cows, $1.40@4.50; heifers, $2@4.75; canners, $1.40@2.60; bulls, $2.25@4.25; calves, $3.25@7.75; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 36,000; tomorrow, 35,000; left over 3,555; 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers', $5.80@7.10; good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.30; rough heavy, $6.80@7.05; light, $6.00@6.70; bulk of sales, $6.90@7.05. Sheep—Receipts, 22,000; steady; lambs, lower; good to choice wethers, $5@5.75; fair to choice mixed, $4@5; western sheep, $4.75@5.75; native lambs, $4.75@6.90; western lambs, $4.75@7. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 5,827; hogs, 28,869; sheep, 13,056. Shipments—Cattle, 3,451; hogs, 6,272; sheep, 1,624.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a strong demand from North Dakota for farm horses. Prices, however, held somewhat lower than yesterday on common to good quality horses, but maintained firm on all prime offerings. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@220
Drafters, choice	150@180
Drafters, common to good	120@150
Farm mares, extra	125@140
Farm mares, choice	115@125
Farm mares, common to good	90@115

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 25.—The Cotton market opened weak at a decline of 5 points, receipts being forcasted for higher figures, cables offering no support and the weather being a favorable average. After the first call, the market became nervous with a downward tendency whenever left to itself. Evidences of clique support were not lacking and in these there were numerous bear rebbbs, rallies. Commission houses sold more or less freely on stop orders and some of the more important "wire houses" were also selling. Later cables were quite satisfactory. The official estimate on receipts for the day points to a total of 18,000 bales at the ports, against 23,030 last year, the small figures being accounted for by bad weather, although the latter showed improving conditions.

Cotton snot opened steady; middling uplands, 10.05; middling gulf, 10.30; sales, 500 bales. Cotton futures very steady; February, 9.83; March, 9.83; April, 9.82; May, 9.82; June, 9.62; July, 9.63; August, 9.31; September, 8.78; October, 8.48; November, 8.38; December, 8.38.

TRADING IN STOCKS

Showed Some Sharp Fractional Advances at the Opening.

Free Offerings Caused Prices to Decline and Closing Dull.

New York, Feb. 25.—Prices generally advanced a sharp fraction at the opening. The exceptions were among the Gould stocks and Metropolitan street railway and Pennsylvania. St. Louis & San Francisco, after opening up ⅝, reached a point and there was a reactionary tendency elsewhere after the opening. There were heavy dealings in Copper and the Pacifics and Anaconda rose 2 points in sympathy with Copper.

When the opening demonstration of strength failed to increase the demand for stocks, traders took profits and put out short lines of specialties. Liquidation of Metropolitan Street railway which fell below 136 accentuated the selling at other points. The U. S. Leather stocks were sold freely; the preferred losing 1⅜. St. Louis & San Francisco lost a point net, but the movement other wise was unimportant in the railroads. U. S. Realty stocks and the Detroit Southern preferred gained 1¼ each.

Heavy orders came into the market for Rock Island and it carried it up over a point and the market made a general rally to the best. The Gould group hung back. Rock Island preferred, St. Paul, Delaware & Hudson, Sugar, North American and Tenn. Coal gained 1 to 2. Leather preferred recovered its loss. There were losses of about a point in Pump, Butterick and American Hide preferred. The market eased off again before noon. he bond market was easier at noon.

Renewed selling orders appeared in Metropolitan when it had recovered to near 137. The appearance encouraged more free offerings by the bears and the stock broke to 125, a loss over last night of 2¼. Metropolitan securities fell 1¼ and the other traction stocks weakened decidedly. Reactions occurred elsewhere reaching about a point in Copper, Sugar, St. Paul, Rock Island and Wabash pfd.

A rally of over a point in Metropolitan and a rise to the best in Copper steadied the market, but prices reacted again later. There were gains of 8 in general chemical, 1⅝ in Steel preferred, 1¾ in Sloss-Sheffield steel preferred and 1¼ in biscuit preferred. Linseed and St. Louis & San Francisco first preferred lost 2 each.

Prices showed a further settling tendency except for advances of a point in C. C. C. & St. Louis and Pere Marquette, and a momentary stiffening to the best of the Copper & Tennessee Coal stocks. St. Louis & San Francisco fell 2¼, the first preferred 6, the second preferred 1½ and Wabash preferred 2. Rock Island, Copper, Sugar and Metropolitan was among the weakest and was heavily sold by insiders. The action of the stock gives evidence of inside selling. The selling in the last hour by traders did not bring out much long stock and we still think on any recession the market should be bought. There are no indications of any gold shipments this week

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Marshall to Paine, Webber & Co.: Conspicuous weakness in Metropolitan revives talk about it, with nothing else against it. I hear it is hardly earning its seven per cent now, and next April it has to begin payment of the Third avenue guarantee, which amounts to about $800,000. The market acts badly.

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Dick to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has been very irregular and weak today. Fears of tight money were influential. Renewed heavy selling of Metropolitan and weakness in the Wabash issues because of the strike, hurt the general market. Traders were ranged on the bear side. At times copper and Sugar were strong, but they lost their gains before the close. Frisco stocks declined on denials of the rumors of a deal. A strong feature was Tennessee Coal & Iron, on which bull talk was heard. There was no news of importance. Sterling was quite weak and gold exports were postponed indefinitely.

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Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today at the opening was steady and dull, and with a better tone. There was a drive at Metropolitan Street Railway, and it became very weak and with a great deal of stock for sale. There was no principal news on it, but the support seemed to have been withdrawn. The rest of the market sold off with it. During the middle of the day there was little going on, but before the close there was further liquidation and prices closed at about the lowest. Time money was a little harder and not a great deal in sight.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14½	15
Areadian	5¼	5½
Allouez	6	6⅝
Atlantic	13	13½
Anaconda	30½	31½
Amalgamated	73¾	74
Calumet and Hecla	525	530
Centennial	31	31½
Copper Range	73	74
Franklin	11¾	12
Isle Royale	12½	13
Bingham	36¼	37
Mass	15	16
May Flower	2	2½
National	1	1½
Mohawk	54½	55
Michigan	10½	11
Old Colony	1¾	2
Old Dominion	21½	22
Osceola	74½	75
Parrot	32½	33
Phoenix	7	7½
Quincy	118	125
Rock Island	2¾	3
Tennessee Copper	29	30
Santa Fe	2¼	2½
Tamarack	185	190
Tecumseh	1	1½
Tri-Mountain	106	107
Utah	31	32
Victoria	8	8½
Winona	8¼	8½
Wolverine	69	70
Wyandotte	1½	2
Elm River	24	24½
Trinity	13	13½
Dominion Coal	..	129
Daly West	40	41
Greene Con	26½	26⅝
United Copper	31¼	32
U. S. M.	25⅞	26
United States Oil	15	15¼
L. S. & Pittsburg	90	..
Calumet and Pittsburg	110	..
Calumet and Arizona	125	..

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Copper advanced another ⅛ today and Lake is reported 13¾ to 13⅞ tonight. Coppers lost a firm day but were only moderately active. Amalgamated Copper was very strong during the greater portion of the day but weak just before the close. Basic conditions seem to warrant a continuation of the advance in coppers to a considerably higher level of prices. We think the best of them should be bought on all weak spots.

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Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: John Stanton, secretary of the Copper Producers association and a director of the Copper Range Consolidated company, president of the Baltic Copper company and interested in other copper properties of the Lake district, is skeptical as to the rumored consolidation of the Copper Range, Tri-Mountain and the Champion. He is quoted in an interview as declaring that he knows nothing of such a plan and believes the directors of the Copper Range do not and is positive there is no truth in the report.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance $221,164,913; gold, $104,614,260; silver, $19,612,857; U. S., $5,099,542; treasury notes of 1890, $75,728; national bank notes, $17,148,288; total receipts this month, $36,838,278; total receipts this year, $371,468,065; total expenditures this day $366,600; total expenditures this month $54,459,000; total expenditures this year, $340,790,840; deposits in national banks, $150,980,790.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 25.—Close: Prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5¼ per cent. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.50@4.87.55 for demand and at $4.85.25@4.85.50 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.83¼@4.84. Bar silver, 48¾c; Mexican dollars, 37c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds irregular. Money on call, steady, 2½@3 per cent; closing, 2 per cent; time money, firm; all periods, 4¾@5 per cent.

WORK OF CLARA BARTON.

The recent flurry in the Red Cross Society, occasioned by the action of the president having his name withdrawn from the members of the board of consultation of this society, recalls the fact that Miss Clara Barton first became interested in large charitable enterprises while living in Washington, before the Civil war, writes the correspondent of the Brooklyn Eagle. Miss Barton was a school teacher at Bordentown, N. J., in the early fifties, but her health became impaired and she went to Washington in the hope that the mildness of the capital's climate might restore her to her usual nervous condition. Here she secured a clerkship in the patent office, the first governmental department open to women, but two or three years before the civil war she was removed because of her anti-slavery views. Then she returned to Massachusetts, where she engaged in study, but when the war broke out she went back to Washington and made the remarkable offer to the commissioner of patents that she would perform the duties of any two disloyal men in the office below the grade of examiners, providing they should be dismissed and their salaries covered into the United States treasury. Of course, the offer was refused and the refusal made it possible for Miss Barton to enter upon a bigger undertaking.

Not long after this she visited one of the overcrowded hospitals near Washington and seeing the suffering there she determined to at once enter upon the work of caring for the wounded heroes of the struggle. From that time until the fateful day of Appomattox she was faithful to her self imposed task, and more than any other of the brave women who sacrificed themselves to the noble work of succoring wounded and dying soldiers, she was trusted and respected by the authorities. Although there was then no Red Cross society she did what she would do now in case of war in other lands.

Her fame grew as the years passed, and she soon became known throughout the civilized world as "The American Florence Nightengale." When the war was over she undertook to furnish information to friends and relatives concerning the prisoners who died at Andersonville, acting under authority of President Lincoln. Then she aided the government at the request of Secretary Stanton in identifying the graves of the dead soldiers at Andersonville, and with the assistance of the death register that had been kept by Dorrance Atwater, name tablets were placed over the resting places of 12,920 men, and "unknown" tablets over the graves of 400 more.

When this great work was completed she lectured on her experiences during the struggle until 1869, and then went to Switzerland for a much needed period of rest. While at Geneva she was visited by a committee of the International Red Cross and asked to be present at its meeting and when in July, 1870, war broke out between Germany and France she was asked to join in the humane work of the organization. Miss Barton did good work among the wounded and everywhere distinguished herself. At the surrender of Metz she rendered invaluable services and at Strasburg as well. When Paris fell she took part in the relief work, and at the close of the Commune's regime she returned to the French capital. Later she returned, and after working for several years, secured government recognition of the Red Cross Convention of Geneva. This was in 1881 and Miss Barton was chosen as the first president of the Red Cross, and has since held the same position.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS

Discussed at Convention of Municipal Ownership and Franchises.

Papers of Much Interest Are Read to Many Delegates.

New York, Feb. 25.—The convention on municipal ownership and franchises, which is to continue for three days, opened here today. There was a good attendance and the program gives promise of some interesting discussions on municipal topics. John G. Agar, in his welcoming address, held that the conditions in American cities are such as to make the thoughtful and patriotic seek some method of improvement.

The first paper read, "Recent History of Municipal Ownership in the United States," was prepared under the direction of the late Charles Waldo Haskins, dean of the university school of commerce of New York, and was read by Joseph E. Johnson, the present dean of the school.

Clinton Rogers Woodruff, of Philadelphia, made the next address.

Mr. Woodruff said in part: "What is the cause of the undeniable growth of popular interest in the municipal ownership of public service franchises? I reply that the movement is primarily due to the popular indignation felt at the corruptness and degradation incident to the policy of private ownership. The people are awakening to an appreciation of the dangers lurking in the shadows of such relationships as now exist between city governments and private corporations. There is an ethical reaction against such practice as I have briefly mentioned and it is manifesting itself in a demand for municipal ownership.

"As yet, I doubt whether there is any very general feeling on the essential impropriety and immorality of a policy which permits private concerns to enjoy public privileges for their private profit.

"What inherent right has any individual to become rich through the grant of a municipal franchise or privilege?

"I have used the term municipal ownership throughout my remarks as distinguished from private ownership. I have not used it to include or imply municipal operation.

"In other words the compensation of private concerns must be limited to a fair return for the services rendered and no more."

Mayor Urquhart, of Toronto,, in a discussion, referred to the success of municipal ownership of the waterworks in his city.

The paper on "Comparisons of European and American Methods and Results," prepared by Robert P. Porter, receiver of the eleventh census of the United States, was read by John P. Martin, secretary of the convention. It was in part, as follows:

"The establishment of enormous bureaucracies and the creation of a privileged class of employes constitute a menace to the public weal. Reflect for a moment what such organization like Tammany would become if, in addition to the present force of officials, an army of industrial employes should be added. We read the following in the London Daily News in relation to a recent municipal election in Birmingham: 'It was not dignified to see leading corporation officials marshaling bands of corporation workmen into the polling area and expitedity instructing them how to vote in favor of the bill.'

"The town clerk of Birmingham said recently he would like to see all corporation employes disfranchised.

"Whatever selfish interests first prompted the campaign against municipal trading, the movement is rapidly gaining ground and the attitude of municipal officials throughout England has undergone a decided change.

"Besides the numerous industries at present being carried on by British municipalities we find among the powers applied for are the manufactures of steam engines, dynamos, gas and electric fittings, paving materials, cold air storage, ice-making, concert rooms, milk supply, cycle tracks, etc. Tramcar fairies have been established, municipal telephones are being undertaken and municipal banks and bank notes, pawnbroking, bakeries and public houses have been suggested.

"In America we find that the time and ability of those willing to take part in such work fully absorbed in performing the regular functions of municipal government. They have not yet entered into trade. When one realizes how strong is the temptation to jobbery under existing conditions it is perhaps fortunate for the taxpayer that the constitutional debt limit, together with the American dislike for paternal government, has kept out municipalities from venturing far along the dangerous pathway of municipal socialism.

"While the local indebtedness in the United Kingdom shows an increase since 1875 of $20 to $50 per capita, the aggregate per capita debt of the 187 largest cities of the United States shows a decrease from $56 in 1880 to $48 in 1902. From this examination it seems evident that municipal trading in England is greatly increased debt. The profits of such enterprises are largely mythical and disappear when stern business tests are applied to them. Far from reducing rates there is every reason to believe that rates have been enormously increased by this epidemic of municipal trading.

"Having considered the cost and meagerness of profits of municipal trading it may not be worth while to see how the service compares with that furnished by private enterprise in the United States.

"The tramways of the United Kingdom are about equally divided between the local authorities and companies, the former owning seven hundred miles of lines and the latter about six hundred and twenty. With a few exceptions these tramways are not comparable either in equipment or service with 20,000 or more miles developed in the United States by private enterprise. The United Kingdom should have had by this time 4000 or 500 miles of first class electric railways and it would have had this mileage had it not been for the stifling effect of municipal trading."

An address was made by Robert Donald on "Municipal Ownership of Tramways in British Towns."

Mr. Donald said in part:

Almost all the large cities (Great Britain) not only own but operate their own tramways. The London county council is operating 72½ miles and is building 100 miles. Glasgow owns and operates 103 miles. Liverpool 90. Edinburgh owns lines and a company operates them. Companies are confined to the smaller towns in England and Scotland. One of the elements which helped forward the municipalization movement was the bad management of companies which allowed their undertakings to become dilapidated towards the latter end of their leases. They paid their workmen so disgracefully that there were serious strikes. Cars were dirty; horses bad, service irregular.

The advantages of municipal ownership are considerable. It regulates fares, provides for workingmen's cars and fair wages and a Strasburg as well. When Paris fell she took part in the relief work, and at the close of the Commune's regime she returned to the French capital. Later she returned, and after working for several years, secured government recognition of the Red Cross Convention of Geneva. This was in 1881 and Miss Barton was chosen as the first president of the Red Cross, and has since held the same position.

street railways is likely to be extended. The scope for private enterprise will be confined chiefly to linking towns together and opening up rural districts.

INCREASE FOR SUPERIOR

Public Building Cut Out By House Committee.

Washington, Feb. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house committee on public buildings today considered the omnibus public building bill passed by the senate. The house committee restored all the paragraphs providing for sites, and cut out the increase the senate provided for Superior, leaving the limit of the cost of the building in that city at $100,000. Representative Mercer expects to get his amended bill up for consideration this afternoon.

BUSTED SPORTS GOT HOME.

Railroad Transportation Was No Obstacle.

It is out of the question nowadays for any one to ride very far on a passenger train without having a ticket. But less than 10 years ago 16 men rode from New Orleans to Memphis on four coupon tickets, and had chicken sandwiches, pie and coffee thrown in, says the New York Telegraph.

About two weeks before the wind up of the racing season in New Orleans in the spring of '94 there were twenty sports in town who had to reach Memphis in some way or other before the meeting opened. Part of the crowd consisted of bookmakers' clerks with prospective jobs in sight at Memphis, and the others were good fellows, but "in bad" at the time. They were all well acquainted, and while a few of them had money enough to pay fares two-thirds were "all in," and borrowing was almost out of the question. The unlooked for relief happened during the week.

The Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Railroad, the only direct route to Memphis, announced that by purchasing a coupon ticket, which was good for two persons, a greatly reduced rate would be made to

WITNESS IS CAUGHT

John Halm Arrested As He Was Leaving For Europe.

Is to Testify Against Richard Hannon For Shooting Nass.

The police made an important arrest this afternoon.

The principal state's witness in the Nass manslaughter case was caught in West Superior as he was leaving for Europe.

He had the transportation and European tickets in his possession and told a friend that he was getting out of the way of the authorities in order not to be present at the approaching trial of Richard Hannon.

The man in custody gives the name of John Halm, and at a late hour this afternoon the police and county authorities were in conference trying to decide what best to do with him.

Last November Charles Nass was shot by Richard Hannon in a Hibbing saloon. The shooting was the result of a quarrel over a glass of whisky, which Nass insisted that he had ordered. Hannon, the saloon proprietor, insisted that he had ordered beer.

Hanon struck Nass over the head with a bottle, partially knocking him down. When he was getting steady on his feet again Hannon is said to have reached over the bar and fired. The bullet lodged near the knee cap and would not have been serious but for the fact that blood poisoning set in.

Mr. Nass died at St. Mary's hospital in this city on Jan. 14, and Hannon was promptly taken in custody.

Friends of Hannon say that they do not believe he was getting Halm out of the country and are inclined to think that Mr. Halm was talking too much.

THE PLAY IS CAST.

Those Who Will Present Senior Drama In April.

The cast for the play "A Regular Fix" which the high school seniors are to give as part of their annual entertainment has been chosen by A. F. M. Custance and is as follows:

Hugh De Brass; who has unpaid bills .....Frank G. Kane
Mr. Surplus, a lawyer.....William Steiner
Charles Surplus, his nephew.....
.....Worth Andrews
Abel Quick, clerk of Surplus.....
.....Oren Safford
Mrs. Surplus.....Mary Richards
Emily .....Katherine Watterworth
Deborah Carter, housekeeper of Surplus.....Olive Colbrath
Matilda Jane.....Genevieve Washburn

Mr. Custance will train the high school histrions for the production and he will begin rehearsals as soon as the players begin to get an understanding of their parts.

The piece is a very amusing farce when well done and with A. F. M. Custance to direct it the cast selected will be able to give a very good amateur rendition of the little play.

The class shows great interest in the production and the enthusiasm put into it is sure to make it a success. It will be given after Lent. The date set is April 17.

Heavy Discount On All

Boys' overcoats and reefers. These are bargains you don't find at the beginning of the season.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

LEPROSY CURED.

American Physician Meets With Success In Canton.

Washington, Feb. 25.—According to United States Consul McWade at Canton, it has remained for an American physician, Dr. Adolph Razlag, to discover a means of curing and exterminating leprosy. In a report to the state department the consul says that wonderful success has attended the efforts of this physician and his work has attracted the attention of the highest Manchu and Chinese officials. This work began in June, 1902, in a leper village, six miles from Canton. Of four cases treated, three have been discharged completely cured, and the last is making a partial recovery. The physician urges strongly the adoption of his method for the treatment of lepers in the Philippines and in Hawaii. The main features of the treatment, which is shown in detail in consul's report, appears to consist of minute and prolonged sanitation and the use of highly antiseptic drugs.

Buy Brockton shoes. Your feet will look stylish. 311 West Superior street.

M'GRAW A BANKRUPT.

One of Detroit Bankers Goes Into Insolvency.

Detroit, Feb. 25.—Homer McGraw, one of the directors of the wrecked City Savings bank of this city, today filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court. His liabilities are $86,000 and his assets, beside real estate, the value of which is not given in the petition, is $6,68. Mr. McGraw's bankruptcy was contributed to largely by the recent decision of the circuit court, holding the suretie of Cashier Andrews, of the bank, who was also treasurer of the school board, liable for $444,73 of school funds that were on deposit in the bank when it suspended. Mr. McGraw was one of the sureties.

The principal creditors are: The Detroit board of education, $444,731; State Treasurer Daniel McCoy, $78,856; county of Wayne, $127,885; and the Detroit library committee, $40,655. All of these liabilities were incurred directly through Mr. McGraw's connection with the City Savings bank.

ARCHITECT MEYERS WINS.

Scranton, Pa., Feb. 25.—Architect Elijah Meyers, of Detroit, was given a verdict for $14,750 in the United States court today in his action against Luzerne county, Pa. Architect Meyers prepared plans for a new courthouse in Wilkesburre seven years ago. The plans were accepted, but the commissioners were afterwards enjoined from erecting the building by the taxpayers. Today's verdict includes the cost of the plans, which was $10,000, with interest and costs.

AND STILL NO ELECTION.

Dover, Del., Feb. 25.—The thirty-first joint ballot for United States senator resulted in no election.

HORRIBLE PLACES

Some Bowery Lodging Houses Reek With Stench and Filth.

Run of Contagious Disease Traceable to One of These.

Odors and miasmatic mists emanating from rendering tanks of garbage crematories are less offensive and dangerous than the stench and unsanitary conditions of certain Bowery lodging houses.

The pestilential and offensively filthy state of these disease-promoting institutions is a disgrace to Duluth.

A current epidemic of contagious disease which has kept health inspectors working overtime fumigating and vaccinating is traced directly to one of these houses.

The conditions which prevail are held to be inexcusable for all of these lodging houses are admittedly good investments for those operating them and that they should be allowed to be in the condition they are now in is more negligence than anything else.

One of Duluth's leading physicians was summoned into one of these places recently to attend a case. He said he could not begin to describe the scene of dirt and germ-breeding matter that met his eyes on all sides.

He termed it criminal negligence on the part of the city executive department that such places should be allowed and indicated his intention of calling the matter to the attention of the next grand jury.

Only the other day a woodsman was found dead in a dirty, dingy little cubbyhole of a room in one of these bed houses. The authorities viewing the remains, the horrible condition of the bed on which he lay and the general environments, concluded that if he had to be in that particular place he was better off dead than alive—at least a dead man would not find anything to offend him as one in full possession of his senses of smell, sight and hearing.

A small-sized epidemic of contagious disease generated in one of these houses has, within the past few days put several people in the county pest house.

The ventilation in most of these houses is as bad as the care taking. Some of the rooms are not over 8 feet long, have a thick layer of dust over everything and usually there are a dozen or so of empty beer and whisky bottles lying around.

Duluth merchants are complaining because the woodsman trade is going to Minneapolis and St. Paul, and are inclined to blame the Bowery saloonkeepers for driving this trade away, but at present there is said to be a very straight bit of saloon proprietors in that district, and the principal trouble is said to be the intolerable odors of the grog shops, because of the terrible condition of the cheap lodging houses. The Bowery saloon men feel this loss of trade as much as the clothing merchant, and they, too, are interested in the proposed campaign against the unsanitary bed-houses.

It is said that there are one or two houses in this district that are kept neat and clean, but they are hard to find.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Milwaukee, Feb. 25.—Rene Hilbert, aged 33 years, died today after a protracted illness, of heart trouble. Mr. Hilbert was a son of H. J. Hilbert, a well known manufacturer. He was a prominent clubman and well known in yachting circles throughout the Northwest.

New York, Feb. 25.—Henry Farrer, one of the best known water color painters in America, is dead. He was born in London in 1843. He came to this country in 1863. For many years Mr. Farrer was secretary of the American Water Color society and was a constant and prolific contributor to its exhibitions.

Middletown, Conn., Feb. 25.—Louis Hubbard, a student at Cornell university, died today of typhoid fever at his home here. He was 23 years old. Young Hubbard left Cornell two weeks ago, on account of the typhoid epidemic in Ithaca and was taken sick shortly after his arrival here.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 25.—Helen Loder Jones, a toe dancer, known on the stage as Elcita, is dead from heart disease, superinduced by excessive dancing. Miss Jones had been following the specialty of toe dancing since she was 5 years old. She was obliged to cancel her performances owing to her illness, which the physicians diagnosed as "athletic heart."

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Thomas Vaughan Baker, assistant transportation agent, department of the lakes, U. S. A., was killed last night in attempting to alight from a moving suburban train. Mr. Baker was 62 years old and had been connected with the United States army for thirty-five years.

New Orleans, Feb. 25.—A telegram from Hot Springs announces the death of John O. Bigelow, a prominent broker and treasurer of the local stock exchange and consul in New Orleans for the Argentine Republic. Mr. Bigelow's body will be taken to Milwaukee for interment.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—The funeral of Miss Cora Dean, better known as "Koradine" who had achieved renown locally as a writer of short stories, occurred here today.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

TO WEIGH MAILS.

Extra Clerks to Be Put on Next Month.

On March 1 extra clerks will be placed on all the mail cars in Minnesota for the purpose of weighing the mail.

"This process is gone through every four years," said Postmaster Fisher. "It is for the purpose of determining the amount of money which shall be paid by the government to the railroads for the transportation of mail. The mail is weighed daily for thirty-five days, a fair average being thus obtained."

It is expected that the amount paid to the railroads will be very largely increased, as the last weighing took place in 1898, and since that time the postoffice business in Minnesota has made great strides, that of the Duluth office being more than doubled.

C. & N. W. TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

New York, Feb. 25.—The annual meeting of the Chicago & Northwestern Telegraph company was held here today. William T. Noonan, of Minneapolis, was elected president president and A. P. Brewer, of New York, secretary and treasurer. George B. Manning, of New York, was elected a director in place of A. P. Brewer.

STATEHOOD RIDERS

Withdrawn and Agricultural and Postoffice Appropriation Bills Pass.

Senators Angry at Introduction of Letter By Spooner.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The senate met at 11 o'clock today. Immediately Mr. Quay asked for unanimous consent for a vote on the statehood bill today.

Mr. Kean (N. J.) objected.

A bill to incorporate the American National Institute in Paris excited some discussion. Its object is to permit the acceptance of a tract of land from France and the reception of a number of art gifts from that country. Mr. Tillman (S. C.) objected, and the bill went over.

A resolution by Mr. Dubois calling on the civil service committee for information regarding the dismissal of Elmer E. Foreshay as an employe of the surveyor general's office, was laid before the senate. Mr. Spooner sent to the desk and had read a letter from Commissioner Foulke, of the civil service commission, criticising certain statements made by Mr. Dubois and giving some reasons for Foreshay's removal.

Mr. Dubois expressed his surprise at the presentation of such a letter, which, he said, was ex-parte, when his resolution was under consideration by the senate.

Mr. Bacon (Ga.) questioned the propriety of the matter being brought to the notice of the senate in the way Mr. Foulke had done. It was an act of supreme effrontery and an indignity to the senate for such a letter to be written while the resolution was pending.

Mr. Teller (Col.) said it was an unheard of performance and a gross breach of the privilege of the senate.

Mr. Spooner (Wis.) said he could see no act of effrontery in the matter. If there was any breach or effrontery, Mr. Spooner said he thought he was personally chargeable with it, but he thought it proper to have read a statement of the facts.

The conference report, with a partial agreement on the army appropriation bill, was agreed to.

Mr. Lodge moved that the senate agree to the amendments of the house to the Philippine currency bill. After a speech by Mr. Rawlins (Utah), the motion prevailed, which passes the bill, and the sundry civil appropriation bill was taken up.

Mr. Allison introduced for consideration the postoffice appropriation bill. Mr. Mason, in charge of the bill, explained that he was instructed to withdraw the statehood rider, which was accordingly done.

The agricultural appropriation bill was taken up. Mr. Proctor announced that he was authorized to withdraw the statehood amendment, which was done. An amendment appropriating $500,000 to stamp out the foot and mouth disease was agreed to. The bill then was passed.

An amendment by Mr. McConas, providing for the payment of tolls on toll roads incurred by rural free delivery carriers, was agreed to.

After some discussion the bill was passed.

Consideration of the sundry civil bill was then begun.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 25.—In the house today the senate amendments to the house joint resolution, accepting the invitation of the Louisiana purchase exposition, which increased the members of the committee to be appointed to attend the exposition from seven to ten members of the senate and from eleven to fifteen members of the house, was agreed to.

Mr. Babcock called up the conference report on the bill for a union station in Washington, which was adopted. He moved the house further insist upon its disagreement, whereupon Mr. Morrell (Pa.) made a motion, which took precedence, to concur in the senate amendments, which proposed to give the railroads $3,000,000 instead of $2,000,000, proposed by the house bill.

OMNIBUS BUILDING BILL

Will Be Favorably Reported By House Committee.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The house committee on public buildings and grounds today considered the omnibus public building bill, which passed the senate, and ordered it reported with amendments which will make it conform in the more important features to the bill introduced in the house. The committee restored the provisions for sites, which were omitted from the senate bill, and where the senate increased appropriations for buildings the committee substituted the figures of the house bill. The appropriation for Chicago was increased to $790,000.

FIRE AT MOUNT AIRY, MD.

Frederick, Md., Feb. 25.—Fire of an unknown origin early this morning practically destroyed the business section of Mt. Airy, a thriving town of 3,500 population twenty miles east of Frederick, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. The loss is between $80,000 and $100,000, with small insurance. The town had no fire protection and aid was sent from Frederick.

Buy Brockton shoes and your feet will not be wet. 311 West Superior street.

ANTI-DUELLING LEAGUE.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—The anti-duelling league, under the presidency of Prince Zu Locwenstein, is specially active at present, organizing branches in the principal cities. One has just been formed in Berlin under the chairmanship of Count Von Bernstein.

MURDERERS RESPITED.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 25.—Governor Dockery today respited until April 14 the following murderers sentenced to be hanged: James Gartell, St. Louis; Charles May, St. Joseph, and Bud Taylor, Kansas City.

Four Thousand Pairs

Of men's pants to select from; perfect fitters and neat patterns, at $1.50, $2, $3, $4, $5, $6, $7 and up to $8.50.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

DAUGHTERS ELECT

Regents and Vice Regents For the Several States.

Mrs. Rising and Mrs. Liggett Chosen For Minnesota.

Washington, Feb. 25.—When today's session of the continental congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution was called to order, every seat on the floor was filled and the galleries were crowded. There was a long debate over the mode of procedure in the consideration of the proposed amendments. A greeting was extended by Mrs. Horton, who urged a hearty co-operation of the daughters in the St. Louis exposition.

The daughters from the states included in the Louisana purchase, it is announced, expect to celebrate with appropriate ceremonies the anniversary of flag day and the surrender at Yorktown, Oct. 19, 1904.

Mrs. Blair, the president of the board of lady managers, responded. The Connecticut delegates moved a formal acceptanee, and it looked for a moment as if each state would respond, but Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York, offered an amendment making the formal acceptance by Connecticut that of the congress as a body, which was agreed to.

The state delegations have elected state regents and vice regents, among them the following:

Minnesota—Mrs. Franklin A. Rising, regent; Mrs. William Liggett, vice regent.

Iowa—Mrs. Maria Purdy Peck, regent; Mrs. George W. Ogilvie, vice regent.

Michigan—Mrs. W. : Chittenden, regent; Mrs. E. S. Brayton, vice regent.

New York—Mrs. H. Little, regent; Mrs. Charles H. Terry, vice regent.

Massachusetts—Mrs. Charles N. Masury, regent.

Vermont—Mrs. F. L. Stewart, regent; E. J. Ormsby, vice regent.

THE MASONS CELEBRATE

Fiftieth Anniversary of Founding of the Grand Lodge.

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—Grand Master A. D. Countryman opened the fiftieth annual session of the Minnesota Masonic grand lodge in the Masonic Temple in St. Paul at noon yesterday.

Over five hundred delegates were in attendance, the largest number ever assembled at an annual communication of the order in Minnesota.

The temple was decorated in honor of the occasion. Over the platform, white and blue bunting was tastefully festooned. An inscription in gold letters announced the fact that the meeting was in honor of the golden jubilee, 1853-1903.

Around the hall in front of the boxes in the gallery runs the roll of honor bearing the names of the forty-nine who have successfully occupied the position of grand master for the state. The list of original grand officers follows:

A. E. Ames, grand master.
A. Goodrich, deputy grand master.
D. F. Brawley, grand senior warden.
A. Von Vorhes, grand junior warden.
E. Chase, grand secretary.
J. G. Lennon, grand secretary.
Rev. Mr. Chamberlain, grand chaplain.
D. W. C. Dunwell, grand senior deacon.
D. B. Loomis, grand junior deacon.
S. Partridge, grand sword bearer.
A. T. C. Pierson, grand marshal.
H. N. Setzer, grand pursuivant.
Lott Moffett, grand steward.
William Hartshorn, grand tyler.

Committee on foreign correspondence, J. G. Lennon, St. Anthony; Aaron Goodrich, St. Paul; D. B. Loomis, Stillwater.

Following the grand master's report that of the grand secretary was presented. It was largely statistical, showing in detail the increase in the membership since the last annual meeting. There are 239 active lodges, of which 228 are chartered, and the remainder will receive their charters before the grand lodge adjourns. This shows an increase of eighteen lodges during the year. The total membership in the state exceeds 18,000.

Over seven hundred Masons attended the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the grand lodge in Minnesota in the Masonic hall last evening.

Dr. George R. Metcalf, of St. Paul, reviewed the history of the lodge, George H. Davis, of Mankato, Minn., delivered an address on the "Duties of Masonry." The grand master, A. D. Countryman, delivered the address of welcome.

Prominent Masons occupied seats on the platform during the evening's proceedings.

Nora, don't forget my Rocky Mountain Tea tonight, felt rocky for a week, bowels and liver all out of whack. Tom says it cured and made a new man of him. S. F. Boyce.

RUSSELL TO ACT

For Germany at Venezuela Until Minister Arrives.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Baron Von Sternburg, the German minister here, called upon Secretary Hay today to request that Mr. Russell, the United States charge at Caracas be authorized to care for German interests at that capital, pending the arrival of Herr Peldram, the newly appointed minister to Venezuela who is now hastening to his post. Mr. Russell already is looking after German interests in Venezuela as a neutral minister looks after the interests of one of the parties to hostilities in war. But this new function is considerably enlarged owing to the resumption of diplomatic relations between Germany and Venezuela. Secretary Hay at once assented to the request and proper instructions were forwarded to Mr. Russell.

Not long ago Sir Richard Powell, a famous London physician, was called to treat King Edward. The king's regular physician, Sir Francis Laking, was present. After examining his august patient, Sir Richard said in his characteristic brusque way: "You have eaten and drunk too much. I will send you a prescription that will put you right." Then he hurried out to see other patients, when Sir Francis followed and protetsed against his abrupt way of treating the king. "My dear Laking," said Powell, "if there is any squirming to do you return and attend to it. I really haven't the time."

THE "ZENANA" COAT



Coat of black peau de soie, cut in two tabulated circular pieces, mounted on white taffeta, which hangs loosely within the lower piece. The sleeves are made to match, the wide cuff showing the lining. The tabs are trimmed with white silk passementerie. The deep cape is trimmed with rich grape lace; white silk cord medallions and pendants trim front. The hat is of white Irish lace with brim of black tulle folds, black and white aigrettes held by black velvet bow on top.

WAS A FAMOUS TURFMAN.

General Jackson's Many Attempts to Secure a Horse.

John Bell Peyton, of Gallatin, son of the late Colonel Balle Peyton, member of congress, minister to Chile and one of the picturesque national figures in ante-bellum days, was in the city recently, and being in a reminiscent mood, told a number of interesting stories of his father and the latter's many associations with General Andrew Jackson. He brought out a side of their political and turf careers not recorded in the histories, writes the Nashville, Tenn., correspondent of the New York Sun.

Colonel Peyton, though a Whig, had borne a conspicuous part in the Mexican war. Jackson was a Democrat, but they were good friends, drawn together probably by their love of a thoroughbred horse.

Some of Jackson's historians would have it that he was a stern moralist, and in one sense of the word he was; but he bred horses, trained, raced and bet on them, and Tennessee tradition has it that it was a race mare called Haynie's Maria, unquestionably one of the greatest horses that ever ran a four-mile heat, that kept the old hero of the Hermitage in financial straits, so far as his turf expenditures went, for many years.

For long periods he was busy trying to beat Maria, a feat he never accomplished, and finally he became such an enthusiastic admirer of her that he offered to be a party to a wager of $50,000 that she could beat any animal in "God's whole creation."

In his latter years, in the early seventies, Colonel Peyton wrote a description of this famous horse and a few paragraphs from this letter may be interesting. He said:

"Haynie's Maria was a most extraordinary race mare at all distances, probably not inferior to any which has appeared in America since her day. She was bred by Bennett Goodrum, of Virginia, who moved to North Carolina with her, where she was foaled in the spring of 1808; from there he removed to Tennessee, and in the fall of 1808 sold Maria to Captain Jesse Haynie, of Sumner county.

"She was by the imported Diomed, one of the last of his get when 30 years of age. She was a dark chestnut, exactly 15 hands high, possessing great strength, muscular power and symmetry; the perfect model of a race horse.

"Maria commenced her turf career at 3, and ran at all distances from a quarter of a mile to four miles, without losing a race or heat until she was 9 years old.

"In the fall of 1811 she ran a sweepstake over the Nashville course, beating General Jackson's Decatur and others. This deeply aroused the fire and combative spirit of General Jackson as much as did his defat by Mr. Adams for the presidency, and he swore 'by the Eternal' he would beat her if a horse could be found in the United States able to do so. But, although the general conquered the Indians, defeated Packenham, beat Adams and Clay, crushed the monster bank under the heel of his military boot, he could not beat Maria in the hands of Uncle Berry.'

Uncle Berry Williams was a famous trainer of his day. Again in the fall of 1812 over the same course Maria won a sweepstakes, four mile heats, beating among other good horses Dungannon, in which horse General Jackson was interested.

Colonel Peyton says that after this second defeat General Jackson became terribly in earnest, and before he gave up the effort to beat Maria he ransacked Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia and Kentucky. He was almost as clamorous for a horse as was Richard in the battle of Bosworth Field.

He first wrote to Colonel William R. Johnson to send him the best four-mile horse in Virginia without regard to price, expressing a preference for the famous Bel-Air mare, old Favorite. Colonel Johnson sent him at a very high price the celebrated Peacolet, by imported Citizen, who had greatly distinguished himself as a four-miler in Virginia.

In the fall of 1813 at Nashville, Maria won a sweepstake, $1000 entrance, $500 forfeit, four-mile heats, beating Pacolet with ease, two paying forfeit. It was said that Pacolet had received an injury in one of his fore ankles.

The general being anything but satisfied with the result, made a match on Pacolet against Maria for $1000 a side, $500 forfeit, four-mile heats, to come off over the same course in the fall of 1814, but Pacolet being still lame he paid forfeit.

These repeated failures only made the general more inflexible in his purpose, and in conjunction with James Jackson, who then resided in the vicinity of Nashville, he sent to South Carolina and bought Tam O'Shanter, a horse distinguished in that state.

In the fall of 1814 Maria won over the same course a club purse of $275, two mile heats, beating Tam O'Shanter and others. A few days after, over the same course, she won a proprietor's purse of $350, only one starting against her.

About this time General Jackson sent to Georgia and purchased of Colonel Alston, Stump the Dealer, but for some cause did not match him against Maria. The general then sent to Kentucky and induced Mr. Dewett to come to the Hermitage with a nag reputed to be the swiftest in the United States, with a view of matching her against Maria. Mr. Dewett trained his mare at Clover Bottom, near the Hermitage. Maria beat his mare for $1,000 a side, dash of a mile.

In the fall of 1815, General Jackson and Mr. Dewett ran the same mare against Maria, dash of half a mile, for $1500 a side $500 on the first quarter, $500 on the 900 yards, and $500 on the half mile, all of which bets were won by Maria—the last by 100 feet. This race was run at Nashville.

The next week, over the same course, she won a match, $1000 a side, mile heats, made with General Jackson and Colonel Ed Ward, beating the Colonel's horse, Western Light.

Soon after this race, says Colonel Peyton, she was again matched against her old competitor, Dewett's mare, for $1000 a side over the same course, Maria giving 120 yards in a dash of two miles. Colonel Lynch, of Virginia, had been induced to come and bring his famous colored rider, Dick, to ride Dewett's mare.

Before the last start, Uncle Berry directed his rider (also colored) to put the spurs to Maria from the tap of the drum. But to his amazement, they went off at a moderate gait. Dewett's mare in the lead, making the first mile in exactly two minutes.

As they passed the stand Uncle Berry again ordered his boy to go on, but the mare continued at the same rate until after they entered the back stretch. Maria still a little in the rear, when the rider gave her the spurs and she beat her competitor 180 yards, making the last mile in 1:48. All who saw her race declared she made the most extraordinary display of speed they ever witnessed.

When Uncle Berry demanded an explanation from his rider he learned that Dick, who professed to be a conjurer, or spiritualist, had frightened the boy by threatening him that if he attempted to pass ahead of him until after they ran a mile and a quarter he would hit him out of his saddle or throw down his mare by a mere motion of his whip, and the boy fully believed Dick's ability to carry out his threat.

It was after this race that some Virginians who were present said that there were horses in Virginia that could beat Maria. Captain Haynie offered to match her against any horse in the world for from one to four-mile heats for $5000. Shortly after this conversation, meeting General Jackson, Captain Haynie informed him what had passed, and the general, in his impressive manner, replied:

"Make the race for $50,000 and consider me in with you. She can beat any animal in God's made creation."

Maria won many races after this. The only time she was ever beaten was at Charleston, when she had passed from the hands of her trainer, Uncle Berry. It was a four-mile heat race, she was nine years old, carried over weight and ran under many disadvantages and lost the race by only a few feet.

Colonel Peyton tells of inquiring of the famous Uncle Berry how he accounted for the faster time made by horses (in the seventies) as compared to the days when Maria was racing, 1809-17. The trainer's explanation was the improvement in training and the condition of race tracks.

He thought that if the horses of the present day were galloped in sweeps 16 or 20 miles under eight or ten Mackinaw blankets and every morning and evening galloped four miles and repeat under two or three blankets and ran their races on deep, heavy tracks as formerly, they would make slow time and very few of them would be seen on the turf at the age of nine years.

"One of the characters of that day on the turf of whom I have often heard my father talk," continued Mr. Peyton, after showing these letters of his father's, "was Monkey Simon, a famous jockey of the day. Peyton said he would like to take period. He was the most accomplished race rider in this section between New Orleans and Nashville and was quite a remarkable negro.

"He is said to have been a king among his own people when captured by salve traders and brought to this country, and when he rode his best races was an old man. He was very bright, and had quite a vein of humor and repartee, and on this account was allowed considerable latitude by his owner and by gentlemen who came in contact with him on the turf.

"It is related as a fact that he is the only man that ever sassed General Jackson. The general had complained that Monkey spit tobacco juice in his jockey's eye when on the back stretch, thus incapacitating him from making his best efforts. Monkey quickly retorted:

"'I never heard you say anything about me spitting tobacco in boy's eyes when I was riding your horses, General.'

"Another time he was being autioned off, 'not sold,' as he told the bidders, 'just being loaned out.'

"'Hold you tongue, boy,' said Senator Ephraim H. Foster, who was standing near and who had just been disastrously defeated for governor. Monkey, as usual, talked back, and Senator Foster said shrilly:

"'Look here, I don't suppose you know who I am.'

"'Oh, yes, I do, master,' said Monkey; 'you is one gemmen that made the little speriment for governor a while back.'" this opportunity to contradict the story which went the rounds of the press a number of years ago entitled "An American Minister in Pigskin," referring to an alleged race ridden by his father when minister to Chile.

"Of course, no man who knew my father would for a moment believe he would so demean his office, which was a first class mission," said Mr. Peyton. "The circumstances are these:

"After leaving home for his post, Valparaiso, he purchased when passing through New York or Pennsylvania a pair of carriage horses. There were few better judges of a horse, and the animals he bought were good ones.

"One of them he used for his riding horse after he reached Chile and found him to be very speedy. One evening at dinner the English consul boasted of a race pling he had brought from England.

"My father remarked that he had seen him, but did not think much of him, and that he had a carriage horse that could outfoot him. A wager was made, accordingly, and the day set for the contest. The news got abroad and created intense excitment among the sport-loving and warm-blooded Spaniards and Chileans.

"A horse race was something never seen in Valparaiso. My father hired a Mexican to ride the race, and taught him how to ride, to hold in his mount until toward the end of the course and then to run him. The rascal, however, did not obey instructions, and ran him at the top of his speed all the way.

"There was an immense crowd present, and among them a number of officers and sailors from one of our ships anchored in the harbor. There were also there, ostensibly to witness the sport, a body of Indians, brought in from the mountains, as my father afterward learned, by the English consul, for the purpose of interfering with the horses.

"As they came down the improvised track for the first heat our horse was leading. The Indians rushed out waving blankets and shouting, frightening the animal and causing him to swerve, but although compelled to run around them he won the heat.

"My father was incensed and demanded that the course be kept clear, and a young lieutenant in our navy, McCreary by name said he would see that it was kept clear and called on the English consul to have the Indians forced back.

"But the next heat they acted as at the first, only going so far this time as to strike our horse with clubs, bringing him to his knees, but he was a game animal, although not a thoroughbred, I believe, and got up and won the race. McCreary immediately denounced the English consul, as he was confident the Indians acted under his orders, and challenged him to fight, the fellow proved a craven as well as a rascal.

"There were immense sums of money wagered on the race, for the Spaniards are all gamblers, and to this day the story of that race, I am told, is a tradition in Valparaiso."

REBUKE WAS EFFECTIVE.

A tall young man with a mottled face and sharp knees, who had a middle orchestra seat at one of the theaters the other night, got up after the first act to go out, says the Washington Post. He had to squirm by about nine people, men and women, to make the aisle, but he remained cheerful and didn't appear to be bothered over the anguish he caused to those whose feet he trod upon or whose hair he mussed. He seemed to think that he was getting away with it all right merely by ejaculating at intervals, "Pardon me," "So sorry, you know," "Hate to disurb you, ma'am," and so on. Everybody made miserable and dejected by the tall youth with the sharp knees hated him, of course, and secretly rooted that he would come to a horrible end, but nobody said anything to him, even when, after the curtain had risen on the second act, he came plowing back, chewing on coffee kernels, and driving his pointed knees into the persons of the unfortunates whom he had to pass to get back to his seat.

But when he rose, upon the falling of the curtain on the second act, to repeat the grueilling performance, the man next to him, an elderly, bald individual who was accompanied by a couple of young women, leaned over to the mottled-faced youth and gently caught him by the lapel of his coat.

"Son," said the bald man, amiably, "did you ever see 'The Climbers?'"

"No," was the surprised reply of the sharp-kneed young man.

"Well," said the bald man, letting go of the young man's lapel, "you don't need to—it couldn't teach you anything. You're pretty good over the jumps yourself."

The young man thought it over for about a quarter of a minute, and then he plumped himself back into his seat, trying to look wrathful and fierce. But he didn't leave his seat any more until the curtain had descended on the last act.

Nickel coins similar to those used in Belgium, Germany and the United States are shortly to be introduced in France. The value of the coin will be 25 centimes, equal to 5 cents. It will weigh six grams. The new coin will be of considerable utility, as at present there is no intermediate money between the 10 centime and the half-franc.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A. H. Marshall and Margaret Goodwin Peterson, of Barnes county, N. D.

Tony Ingburtson, of Washburn county, Wis., and Edna Anderson, of Douglas county, Wis.

Casper Henry Stang and Barbara M. Kriz.

BIRTHS.

SIMONS—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Simons, of Colbyville.

DEATHS.

FURLONG—Arthur Furlong died yesterday at St. Mary's hospital. He was a foreman for the Alger-Smith Logging company, was 28 years of age and unmarried. The funeral service will be held in St. Clement's Catholic church at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. Division No. 1, A. O. H., of which the deceased was a member, will attend the funeral in a body. The division will meet at 1109 Garfield avenue at 9 o'clock in the morning.

FORD—Mrs. Julia A. Ford, aged 75 years, died last evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Darling, 522 West Third street. Mrs. Ford has not been in good health for some time and her death was suddenly hastened by a complication of diseases. The decedent was an old resident of Duluth, having made her home here for the past fifteen years. She has taken a prominent part in the affairs of the First Methodist Episcopal church, the order of Eastern Star and Daughters of the American Revolution. Mrs. Ford leaves three children, Mrs. Darling, of this city; Mrs. E. A. Putnam, of Tecumseh, Mich., who is expected to arrive today, and Albert Ford, who resides at Milford, Mich. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed, but it is probable that interment will be made in Southern Michigan.

The funeral will be held Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the home.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED— COMPETENT SALESMEN for men's furnishing and boys' clothing departments. Apply at once; permanent jobs and good salaries to right ones. Superintendent. Panton & White.

If You Have ANYTHING TO SELL —THE— Want Columns of The Herald WILL SELL IT FOR YOU.

IF YOU WISH A SERVANT —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET ONE FOR YOU.

THE HERALD'S WANTS WILL SATISFY THE PEOPLE'S WANTS

IF YOU DESIRE A POSITION —THE— WANT COLUMNS OF THE HERALD WILL GET IT FOR YOU.

If You Wish TO RENT Your Property —THE— Want Columns of The Herald, WILL RENT IT FOR YOU.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$3500 10-room house on West Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Rental value $40 per month.

$2000 six-room house on East Fifth street, near Second avenue East. Water and bath.

$2750 7-room house on Fourth avenue East, near Fifth street. Water, sewer, bath, stone basement. Lot 35x100.

$5500 Brick Flat with all modern conveniences East End.

$6000 9-room house near Eleventh avenue East on First street, all modern conveniences. Good bargain.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

INSURANCE, LOANS AND REAL ESTATE

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

208 First National Bank Building.

THREE GREAT BARGAINS!

First—A seven-room house at 1702 New street. Nice warm house, newly painted and new roof. Price with 50 foot lot $1200 or with two lots.... **$1400**

Street improved. House alone cost and worth more than price asked.

Second—Eight-room house and two lots 100x150 feet at Hunter's Park, the most desirable residence part of Duluth. Hardwood finish downstairs, furnace, etc, also barn. Price..... **$2000**

On monthly payments if desired. House alone cost over $3000.

Third—New building with two flats of 5 rooms each. Modern, good plumbing, stone foundation. Upper side Fifth street overlooking Portland Square. Beautiful location, will always rent to pay big interest. Price..... **$3550**

Building alone cost price asked.

INVESTIGATE THE ABOVE. WE HAVE OTHERS. MONEY TO LOAN.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

The Rent of Moderate Priced Property Is Going to be Higher

Because houses that are renting for from $6 to $15 a month cannot be built and pay on the cost, taxes, insurance, repairs and a profit to the owner, to say nothing of an allowance for time, buildings are vacant and a natural depreciation of value. An increasing population will reqnire more room and the rent will be pushed up to a price that will be an incentive for some one to build more of that class of houses.

We have about 30 houses of moderate value which have been thoroughly repaired from the ground up by first-class workmen, with first-class material, which we are willing to sell with a small cash payment down and the balance on easy payments. You cannot afford to put off beginning to get a home any longer. Call at the office for further particulars.

CHAN. SMITH, Secretary,
100 Torrey Building.

40 lots in West Duluth, beautiful location. You can double your money soon **$1500**

6-room house on Seventh avenue East. Lot 50x75. Water and sewer..... **$2000**

50 feet on East 4th St., improved; rents $40 monthly..... **$4000**

200 feet on East 1st St., beautiful site for fine home..... **$8000**

E. D. FIELD CO., 203 Exchange Building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

REMOVAL.

We have removed to 102 and 103 Providence Building.

Two 50-foot lots on Sixth street. level. For both..... **$700**

7-room house. First class condition, one block off Central Ave., West Duluth. One-half its value..... **$1000**

7-room house, No. 322 Third avenue West..... **$2600**

25 feet on First street, between twentieth and Twenty-first avenues West; lays perfect, and very cheap.

7-room house, stone foundation, within five blocks of the postoffice; easy terms; price..... **$1200**

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

FOR SALE.

Undivided five acres or more at $10 per acre—in sec. 20, town 55, range 10, Lake County, Minn.—on the Highland Range.

F. P. Swanstrom & Co.,
630 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

$6300 Takes modern four flat building in East End, earning 15 per cent. A snap.

$1300 Takes fine 75-foot corner on Twenty-first avenue East. Houses and lots in all parts of city.

A. C. VOLK & CO.. 202-203 Palladio.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:20	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
1:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.		* 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast, Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana, Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 3:30 p.m.		* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.		*12:40 p.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 14. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p.m. Lv.—North Country Mail—Ar. *10:00 a.m. All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv. ..... LOCAL ..... Ar. †7:55 p.m. Marquette and Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	..	b 6:55 p m
a 3:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m		a 4:50 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 p m
a 1:55 p m		b 10:10 p m
a 11:30 p m		a 7:05 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday. Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co

$2500 6-room house, corner lot, 100 by 140. On London Road, in Lester Park.

$2000 7-room house, stone foundation, hard wood floors, lot 50 by 140, good barn. East End.

$1800 7-room house, full 50-foot lot on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue West.

$1900 6-room house, hard wood floors, 50-foot lot, Fourth street and 22nd avenue West.

$1600 7-room house, water sewer, porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl, centrally located, easy terms.

$950 7-room house, good barn, lot 25 by 140, near Franklin school.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

Little & Nolte

Offer a fine BARGAIN located four blocks from Spalding Hotel; 10-room house; furnace; hardwood finish; grand view with five fifty-foot lots. A No. 1 location for flats. Must be sold. Can be bought for one-third its value. Small amount of cash will handle it. Investigate. Act.

LITTLE & NOLTE,
Under American Exchange Bank.

We have the stock

Marquette, Mich., Feb. 25, 1903.
WM. KAISER, Duluth, Minn.
Price of stock $2 per share Monday, March 2.
Marquette & Arizona Mining Co.
THE WILLIAM KAISER COMPANY
106 Palladio Building.

PERSONAL.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 267, Duluth, Minn.

THE .... **City National Bank of Duluth**

Has exceptional facilities for serving you along any of the lines of modern banking.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED —PLACE BY COMPETENT girl to do housework. Address 16 Twenty-second avenue west.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING; SHIRT waist suit. Moderate prices and neat work. 218 East Second street.

TRUSTY LADY WOULD LIKE CARE of rooms, chamber work, or work of any kind, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. W. 89, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS ANY KIND OF work by the day. Address 621 West First street, upstairs.

A YOUNG LADY WITH EXPERIENCE desires a position as clerk in store. O. 63, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, AGE 18, WOULD LIKE position as timekeeper or clerk in a lumber camp; has experience; will work for a reasonable salary. O, 61, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man of excellent character as salesman, collector or any position of trust. W. Williams, 999 Third street west, city.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER or office work; has some knowledge of legal papers and real estate business. Address O 64, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY THOROUGHly experienced bookkeeper. First-class references. Address O 65, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home or to go out by the day. Call at 2801½ Third avenue east.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR THE AMERican Annuity company; something entirely new. Good commission. Chas. Boerner, general agent, 2 West First St.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SATURDAY EVENING, LADY'S pocketbook containing $12.00. Name of owner on cards inside. Finder return to Herald. Reward.

FOUND—SUM OF MONEY. OWNER can have same by calling at 220 North Fifty-first avenue West and paying charges.

FOUND—SORREL PONY. CALL 2012 West Second street and get same by paying feed.

LOST—ISABELLA FOX TAIL. EITHER in Duluth or West Duluth. Finder please return to Herald office.

BIG REWARD FOR RETURN OF LOST dog, yellow, back, white breast and legs, swelling on neck, weight 85 pounds. Return to 511 West Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

THE MAN IN ROOM 12,

Spalding hotel, has photographs of his beautiful southern home on the Gulf, Tampa, Fla. Pineapple crop sells for $3000. Come and see me if you want a winter home completely furnished cheap. I leave Thursday night.

FOR SALE — MUST SELL ON ACcount of leaving town, new furniture at 40 cents on dollar. O 70, Herald.

FOR SALE—TOP WAGON, BRAND new, cheap. Call Sunday Tea Co., 18.5 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL 100 SHARES Crooked River Mining & Milling Co.'s stock for $150. Address W 80, Herald.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—I WILL Sell all my household furniture, including, range and heating stoves, organ, sewing machine, rocking chairs, carpets, books, etc., at 218 Twelfth avenue east, from 1 to 6 p. m., Wednesday, 25th inst. Mrs. A. C. Barlow.

FOR SALE — COMBINED WALNUT bookcase and roll top desk with large drawers; exquisite finish. 617 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture; one bedroom suite, child's bed, chair, tables, delfe, cook stove, heater, carpet and oilcloth. Sell very cheap if all taken in bunch. 27 First alley east, rear Lowell block.

SPRING GOODS AND NEW FASHION plates now in. Make your selection early. Suits to order, $16. Union label. Hagberg Bros., over 218 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—TWO GO-CARTS AND ONE baby cutter for sale cheap. 218 East Fifth street.

MAPS OF HIGHLAND IRON DISTRICT and Isle Royale, $1.00 each. C. G. Kreiwitz, 321 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ON EASY TERMS. Three nice, level building lots, size 25x140 on Seventh street near Eleventh avenue east. Call at Arlington hotel, any time this week. T. F. Whelan.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, folding beds, tables, chairs, refrigerator, clocks, range, heater, two tons coal. Call No. 14 Fourth avenue East, H. Herrick.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ON EASY TERMS this week only, three level building lots, size 25x140, on Ninth street and Eleventh avenue east. Corner lots. Apply this week to T. F. Whelan, Arlington Hotel.

SALE OR RENT, TO DESIRABLE family only; new house in East End; sewer, water, gas, electricity, hardwood floors and heat, sanitary plumbing; possession May 1. Also house now building; plans changed to suit purchaser or for tenant on lease for term of years. Address, Owner, W 65, Herald.

Angelus Piano Player $150—
Oak—Perfect condition. $20 cash and $8 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

SODA WATER PAYS LARGE PROFITS —new and second-hand fountains; large line; low prices; easy payments; full instructions to purchasers. Catalogue free. Robert M. Green & Sons., Philadelphia, Pa.

Hands'meWain't Upright $145
Piano, slightly used; $10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

Mahog'ny Upright Piano $158
Large size—$10 cash and $6 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Good Square Piano—$48.
Sweet tone—$5 cash and $3 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

OREGON TIMBER LAND.

Homestead and Timber and Stone claims located. Fees $100. Estimate runs from three to five million per claim. For references as to our ability and honesty, call or write John Schroeder Lumber Co., Milwaukee, or Burrows block, Duluth; R. G. Anchutz, of Alger-Smith Co., Duluth. For homestead and timber claims call on Clement & King, 310 Woodward street, Roseburg, Ore.

FOR SALE

White Oak Timbers,
Hardwood Flooring.
C. B. Woodruff, Lumber,
800 to 951 Garfield Ave.

Horses for Sale

Just arrived with a carload draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU HAVE AN ARTICLE OF MERit and need money to push it, write today. Promoter, 703 Omaha building, Chicago.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONal Bank bldg. 'Phones, Zen., 881; Dul., 541.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework, 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD SEAMSTRESS AND one apprentice. Room 4, over Big Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO ASSIST with general housework. Apply at 414 West Fourth street.

WANTED—AT 2016 EAST SECOND street, a young girl to help with housework.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework with recommendation. Enquire 407 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—NURSE MAID, WITH REFerences; wages, $12.00 a month. Mrs. Douglass, 2327 East First street.

WANTED — AT ONCE, A GOOD EXperienced chamber maid. No other need apply. 210 West Second street.

WANTED—CHAMBER GIRL; ONE NOT afraid of work. $5 per week. Call after 6 p. m. 10 East Superior street, up stairs.

WANTED—DINING ROOM, AND KITchen girl, who understands plain cooking. 394 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY BUSIness; good location in the city. W. 88, Herald.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl. Apply 1431 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERal housework. Small family. 1422½ East First street.

WANTED, AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl for general housework. Apply 16 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 721 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 23 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL, 315 EAST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; no children. 307 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 125 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK, 432 West Second street.

WANTED—ENGLISH-SPEAKING KITchen girl, also new comer. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—A BRIGHT FINISH GIRL that speaks good English and has experience as saleslady in dry goods. J. I. Mandel, Biwabik, Minn.

WANTED—A GIRL THAT CAN MAKE a good pie. A good position and good wages to the girl that can. Apply to Chas. H. Hall, Branch Bethel.

WANTED—GIRL TO CARE FOR TWO small children. Boston Restaurant.

WANTED — DISHWASHER AT THE Midland, 210 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 412 West Third street.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 1422½ East First St.

WANTED — SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST in housework in exchange for board. Apply 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Apply mornings 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—ERRAND BOY—GOOD BEginning for bright boy. Duluth Lithograph & Printing Company.

WANTED — BOY. NORTH-LAND Printery.

WANTED—A GOOD SOLICITOR. CALL 116 West Superior street, between 11 and 12 a. m.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. APPLY Hotel McKay.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Advantages of steady practice, expert instructions, lectures, etc., without limit to time. Tools, diplomas, Saturday wages and position given. Spring rush soon. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

A SOBER, HONEST, EXPERIENCED cook for the new hotel at Eveleth, Minn. Call on or address, E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old, 705-5.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

IMPORT OF 1902, FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed, with no damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—PAIR OF HORSES, harness and sleigh, complete, to work at the mines. Call at 403 Palladio bldg.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE, 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NICE LARGE FRONT room, suitable for two; board if desired. Also one large unfurnished room. 231 West Second street.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS AND large alcove on Nineteenth avenue east and Jefferson street; heated, city water, sewer, $13 per month. E. J. McLaughlan, Room F, Palladio building.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms; city water; $8 per month. 803 East Second street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms; light housekeeping permitted. Only respectable parties need apply. 106 East Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE PLEASANT front room on first floor, with electric light, bath and heat. Six dollars per month at 518 Third avenue East.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. 7 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms with water suitable for housekeeping. Particulars at 501 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room, modern convenience, 309 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms; city water; $8 per week, 803 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM with alcove; will allow light housekeeping. 322 West Third street. Call before 10 a. m. and after 6 p. m.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with bath. 16 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—SPACE IN STORE. 3 WEST Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, $2.00 up. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOM AND BOARD FOR two young men. 305 East Third street. Modern.

BOARD AND ROOM. 211 WES SECond street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD. 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

CLAIRVOYANT.

RETURNED! RETURNED!
PROF. LE ROY, CLAIRVOYANT AND Psychic Palmist, tells the object of your call and full name without asking a question. Gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic affairs, and in fact all affairs of life. Parlors 508 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours 9 to 9 daily and Sunday.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDium, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—ROOM FOR lady, on Second street between First and Fourth avenue West. "Boarder," Herald.

WANTED — TO RENT — COTTAGE ON Park Point. Address W. G. H., 309 Board of Trade.

WANTED TO RENT—COTTAGE ON Minnesota Point, near pavilion, for summer. Address 25 West Fourth street.

WANTED TO RENT—TEN OR TWENTY acre improved farm near city. O 67 Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—BY MAY 1, A DEsirable house in East End. G. A French, French & Bassett.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE —also on furniture, pianos and personal property of all kinds without removal or publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1, 5:30 to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN; ANY AMOUNT. J. P. Rossman, 712 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1226.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

FINE LINE OF SWITCHES, MANICURing, face massage. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henriksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city, 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Kanuf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

AUDITING.

T. H. HOWARD, CHARTERED ACcountant. 311 West Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next Meeting Feb. 23rd, 1903. Work Second Degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 29, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 25 1903. Work P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com., City Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 251 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Social session and Ladies' night Feb. 17; J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

Will lease you a 5 acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years,

Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.

200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.

Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

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REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
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